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DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL AFFAIRS

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PREFACE

The *2017 International Trade Statistics Yearbook* (2017 ITSY) is the sixty-sixth edition of this yearbook. Its objective is to inform about the detailed merchandise and services imports and exports of individual countries (areas) by commodity and service categories and by partner countries (volume I), the world trade in individual commodities (3-digit SITC groups and 11 main EBOPS categories) (volume II) and total world merchandise trade up to the year 2017. The two volumes are prepared at different points in time: *Volume I - Trade by Country* is made electronically available in June-July, and *Volume II - Trade by Commodity*, in December, as the preparation of the tables in Volume II requires additional country statistics which, normally, become available later in the year.

Beginning with 2017 edition, part 1 of the yearbook was completely redesigned to consider new additions of graphs, tables and analytical text for global, regional and selected trade or economic groupings. The data used in the tables and graphs in both volumes of the yearbook were taken at a specific time (October 2018) from the publicly available UN Comtrade database¹. Users are advised to visit the database for additional and more current information as it is continuously updated.

This *International Trade Statistics Yearbook* has been prepared by the Economic Statistics Branch of the Statistics Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, under the general supervision of the Chief of Branch, Ivo Havinga. The team consists of Markie Muryawan as the programme manager, Vysaul Nyirongo as the chief editor, assisted by Melissa Paca and Marjorie Imperial-Damaso, Bekuretsion Amdemariam and Htu Aung (as supervisors of the processing of merchandise trade and trade in services statistics respectively) and Aida Diawara, Daniel Buenavad Mendez, Edem Kludza, Govindaraj Rangaraj, Jing Zhang, Lingyan Hu, Lubov Zeifman, Nancy Snyder, Shirly Ang, Swe Winn Mar, Su Thant and Tewabe Mihret Kebede (contributed to the processing and validation of the collected trade data and the review of the yearbook). The IT manager was Govindaraj Rangaraj, assisted by Daniel Buenavad Mendez and Melissa Paca. Aida Diawara, Loïc Coënt and Lubov Zeifman provided valuable contribution in the re-design of part 1.

Comments and feedback on the yearbook are welcome. They may be sent to tradestat@un.org or to United Nations Statistics Division, Economic Statistics Branch, New York, New York 10017, USA.

¹ <https://comtrade.un.org>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	vii
Concepts and definitions of International Merchandise Trade Statistics	viii
Concepts and definitions of Statistics of International Trade in Services	x
Description of world, regional and selected trade or economic groupings profiles in part 1	xiv
Description of tables and graphs of country profiles in part 2	xv
Sources	xvii
Method of estimation	xvii
Conversion of classifications	xviii
Currency conversion and period	xix
Country nomenclature and regional groupings	xix
Abbreviations and Explanation of Symbols	xxiii
Disclaimer	xxiv
Contact	xxiv
Part 1: World, Regional and Selected Trade or Economic Groupings Profiles	1
World merchandise trade profile	2
SDG regional groupings merchandise trade profiles	4
Selected trade or economic groupings merchandise trade profiles	15
Part 2: Country Trade Profiles	31
Countries (or areas)	32
European Union	372

Part 1: WORLD AND REGIONAL TRADE PROFILES

World	2	Trade or Economic Groupings	
SDG regional groupings		Asia-Pacific Trade Agreement (APTA)	15
Central Asia	4	Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN)	16
Eastern Asia	5	Central American Common Market (CACM)	17
Europe	6	Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM)	18
Latin American and the Caribbean	7	Central European Free Trade Agreement (CEFTA)	19
Northern America	8	Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	20
Oceania: Australia and New Zealand	9	East African Community (EAC)	21
Oceania: excluding Australia and New Zealand	10	Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS)	22
South-Eastern Asia	11	Economic and Monetary Community of Central Africa (EMCCA)	23
Southern Asia	12	European Union 28 (EU-28)	24
Sub-Saharan Africa	13	The Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf (GCC)	25
Western Asia and Northern Africa	14	Latin American Integration Association (LAIA)	26
		League of Arab States (LAS)	27
		Mercado Común del Sur (MERCOSUR)	28
		Northern American Free Trade Area (NAFTA)	29
		Southern African Development Community (SADC)	30

Part 2: COUNTRY TRADE PROFILES

Afghanistan	32	Benin	70	Colombia	108
Albania	34	Bermuda	72	Comoros	110
Algeria	36	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	74	Congo	112
Andorra	38	Bosnia and Herzegovina	76	Costa Rica	114
Angola	40	Botswana	78	Côte d'Ivoire	116
Antigua and Barbuda	42	Brazil	80	Croatia	118
Argentina	44	Brunei Darussalam	82	Cyprus	120
Armenia	46	Bulgaria	84	Czechia	122
Aruba	48	Burkina Faso	86	Denmark	124
Australia	50	Burundi	88	Dominican Republic	126
Austria	52	Cabo Verde	90	Ecuador	128
Azerbaijan	54	Cambodia	92	Egypt	130
Bahamas	56	Cameroon	94	El Salvador	132
Bahrain	58	Canada	96	Estonia	134
Bangladesh	60	Central African Republic	98	Ethiopia	136
Barbados	62	Chile	100	Fiji	138
Belarus	64	China	102	Finland	140
Belgium	66	China, Hong Kong SAR	104	France including Monaco	142
Belize	68	China, Macao SAR	106	French Polynesia	144

Gambia	146			Sierra Leone	306
Georgia	148	Micronesia	228	Singapore	308
		(Federated States of)			
Germany	150	Mongolia	230	Slovakia	310
Ghana	152	Montenegro	232	Slovenia	312
Greece	154	Montserrat	234	Solomon Islands	314
Greenland	156	Morocco	236	South Africa	316
Guatemala	158	Mozambique	238	Spain	318
Guinea	160	Myanmar	240	Sri Lanka	320
Guyana	162	Namibia	242	State of Palestine	322
Honduras	164	Nepal	244	Sudan	324
Hungary	166	Netherlands	246	Suriname	326
Iceland	168	New Caledonia	248	Sweden	328
India	170	New Zealand	250	Switzerland-	330
Indonesia	172	Nicaragua	252	Liechtenstein	
Iraq	174	Niger	254	Thailand	332
Ireland	176	Nigeria	256		
Israel	178	Norway, including	258	The former Yugoslav	334
Italy	180	Svalbard and Jan		Republic of	
		Mayen Islands		Macedonia	
Jamaica	182	Oman	260		
Japan	184	Pakistan	262	Timor-Leste	336
Jordan	186	Palau	264	Togo	338
Kazakhstan	188	Panama	266	Tonga	340
Kenya	190	Paraguay	268	Trinidad and Tobago	342
Kiribati	192	Peru	270	Tunisia	344
Korea, Republic of	194	Philippines	272	Turkey	346
Kuwait	196	Poland	274	Uganda	348
Kyrgyzstan	198	Portugal	276		
				Ukraine	350
Lao People's	200	Qatar	278		
Democratic Republic				United Arab Emirates	352
Latvia	202	Republic of Moldova	280	United Kingdom	354
Lebanon	204	Romania	282	United Republic of	356
Lithuania	206	Russian Federation	284	Tanzania	
				United States of	358
Luxembourg	208	Rwanda	286	America, including	
				Puerto Rico and US	
Madagascar	210	Saint Kitts and Nevis	288	Virgin Islands	
Malawi	212	Saint Lucia	290	Uruguay	360
Malaysia	214	Saint Vincent and the	292	Venezuela	362
		Grenadines		(Bolivarian Republic	
Maldives	216	Samoa	294	of)	
Mali	218	Sao Tome and	296		
		Principe		Viet Nam	364
Malta	220	Saudi Arabia	298		
Mauritania	222	Senegal	300	Yemen	366
Mauritius	224	Serbia	302	Zambia	368
Mexico	226	Seychelles	304	Zimbabwe	370
				European Union	372

INTRODUCTION

1. The *International Trade Statistics Yearbook: Volume I - Trade by Country*, provides an overview of the latest trends of trade in goods and services of most countries and areas in the world. The publication is aimed at both specialist and general trade statistics users from government, academic and business sectors.
2. The main content of the yearbook is divided into two parts. Part 1 consists of merchandise trade profiles for the world, regional and selected trade or economic groupings. The profiles offer an insight into the merchandise trade performance, composition and structure of the global, regional and selected trade or economic groupings by means of infographics and brief descriptive text, using latest available statistics. Part 2 contains the country trade profiles for most countries and areas in the world. The profiles offer an insight into the trade performance in goods and services of individual countries and areas by means of brief descriptive texts and statistics in concise tables and charts using latest available data. For further information on data availability, please see the sources section of this Introduction.
3. The yearbook is also made available online at the publications repository of the UN Statistics Division². For more detailed and latest available data, please visit UN Comtrade, which is the source of the information presented in the yearbook and is continuously updated.

² <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publications>

Concepts and definitions of International Merchandise Trade Statistics

4. The merchandise trade data used in this Yearbook have been compiled by national statistical authorities largely complying with the United Nations recommended *International Merchandise Trade Statistics, Concepts and Definitions 2010* (IMTS 2010).³ The main elements of the concepts and definitions are:

i. Coverage: As a general guideline, it is recommended that international merchandise trade statistics record all goods which add to or subtract from the stock of material resources of a country by entering (imports) or leaving (exports) its economic territory. The general guideline is subject to the clarifications provided in IMTS 2010, in particular, to the specific guidelines in chapter 1 concerning the inclusion or exclusion of certain categories of goods.

ii. Time of recording of transactions: As a general guideline, it is recommended that goods be recorded at the time when they enter or leave the economic territory of a country.

iii. Statistical territory: The statistical territory of a country is the territory with respect to which trade statistics are being compiled. The definition of the statistical territory may or may not coincide with the economic territory of a country or its customs territory, depending on the availability of data sources and other considerations. It follows that when the statistical territory of a country and its economic territory differ, international merchandise trade statistics do not provide a complete record of inward and outward flows of goods.

iv. Trade systems: Depending on what parts of the economic territory are included in the statistical territory, the trade data-compilation system adopted by a country (its trade system) may be referred to as general or special.

- a) The general trade system is in use when the statistical territory coincides with the economic territory. Consequently, it is recommended that the statistical territory of a country applying the general trade system comprises all applicable territorial elements. In this case, imports include goods entering the free circulation area, premises for inward processing, industrial free zones, premises for customs warehousing or commercial free zones and exports include goods leaving those territorial elements;
- b) The special trade system is in use when the statistical territory comprises only a particular part of the economic territory, so that certain flows of goods which are in the scope of IMTS 2010 are not included in either import or export statistics of the compiling country. The strict definition of the special trade system is in use when the statistical territory comprises only the free circulation area, that is, the part within which goods “may be disposed of without customs restriction”. Consequently, in such a case, imports include

³ At its forty-first session, held from 23 to 26 February 2010, the Statistical Commission adopted the revised recommendations “International merchandise trade statistics: concepts and definitions 2010” (IMTS 2010) which provide very important amendments while retaining the existing conceptual framework contained in the previous recommendations. The publication is available under Statistical Papers, Series M No. 52, Rev.3 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.10.XVII.13) and electronically at: <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publications/catalogue/>.

only goods entering the free circulation area of a compiling country and exports include only goods leaving the free circulation area of a compiling country.

- c) The relaxed definition of the special trade system is in use when (a) goods that enter a country for, or leave it after, inward processing, as well as (b) goods that enter or leave an industrial free zone, are also recorded and included in international merchandise trade statistics

v. Classifications: It is recommended that countries use the *Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System* (HS) for the collection, compilation and dissemination of international merchandise trade statistics as suggested by the Statistical Commission at its twenty-seventh session (22 February to 3 March 1993).⁴ The Harmonized System was adopted by the Customs Co-operation Council in June 1983, and the International Convention on the Harmonized System (HS Convention) entered into force on 1 January 1988 (HS 1988).⁵ In accordance with the preamble to the HS Convention, which recognized the importance of ensuring that the HS be kept up to date in the light of changes in technology or in patterns of international trade, the HS is regularly reviewed and revised. The sixth edition, HS 2017, came into effect 1 January 2017.⁶ The *Standard International Trade Classification (SITC)*⁷, which was in the past used by countries in data compilation and reporting, has been recognized for its continued use in analysis.⁸

vi. Valuation: At its fifteenth session, in 1953, the Economic and Social Council, taking the view that trade statistics must reflect economic realities, recommended that the Governments of Member States of the United Nations, wherever possible, use transaction values in the compilation of their national statistics of external trade or, when national practices are based on other values, endeavour to provide supplementary statistical data based on transaction values (Economic and Social Council resolution 469 B (XV)). To promote the comparability of international merchandise trade statistics and taking into account the commercial and data reporting practices of the majority of countries, it is recommended that: (a) The statistical value of imported goods be a CIF-type value; (b) The statistical value of exported goods be an FOB-type value; however, countries are encouraged to compile FOB-type value of imported goods as supplementary information. FOB-type values include the transaction value of the goods and the value of services performed to deliver goods to the border of the exporting country. CIF-type values include the transaction value of the goods, the value of services performed to deliver goods to the border of the exporting country and the value of the services performed to deliver the goods from the border of the exporting country to the border of the importing country.

⁴ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1993, Supplement No. 6 (E/1993/26), para. 162 (d).

⁵ See Customs Co-operation Council, *The Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System*, Brussels, 1989.

⁶ See World Customs Organization, *Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Sixth Edition* (2017), Brussels 2017.

⁷ *Standard International Trade Classification, Original*, Statistical Papers, Series M No.10, Second Edition, 1951 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.51.XVII.1); subsequent editions are published as United Nations publications under Series M No.34.

⁸ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1999, Supplement No. 4 (E/1993/24), para. 24 (c).

vii. **Partner country:** It is recommended that in the case of imports, the country of origin be recorded; and that in the case of exports, the country of last known destination be recorded. The country of origin of a good (for imports) is determined by rules of origin established by each country. The country of last known destination is the last country - as far as it is known at the time of exportation - to which goods are to be delivered, irrespective of where they have been initially dispatched to and whether or not, on their way to that last country, they are subject to any commercial transactions or other operations which change their legal status. Further, it is recommended that country of consignment be recorded for imports as the second partner country attribution, alongside country of origin; the compilation of export statistics on the country of consignment basis is only encouraged, depending on a country's needs and circumstances.

5. The pages containing the country profiles (Part 2 of this publication) indicate the trade system, valuation and partner attribution each country is following. For more detailed information on national practices in the compilation and dissemination of international merchandise trade statistics please go to website of IMTS National Compilation and Dissemination Practices Survey⁹.

Concepts and definitions of Statistics of International Trade in Services

6. The trade in services statistics in this Yearbook have been compiled by national statistical authorities or central banks largely complying with the *Manual on Statistics of International Trade in Services 2010* (MSITS 2010).¹⁰ In particular, MSITS 2010 recommends that the Sixth Edition of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6) recommendations on the principles of recording (regarding residence, valuation, time of recording, currency of recording and conversion) should be followed for compiling international trade in services statistics.¹¹

7. The main elements of the concepts and definitions of MSITS 2010 are:

i. **Definitions:** In general, MSITS 2010 respects the 2008 SNA use of the term services, which is defined as follows (2008 SNA, para. 6.17):

a) Services are the result of a production activity that changes the conditions of the consuming units, or facilitates the exchange of products or financial assets. These types of service may be described as change-effecting services and margin services, respectively. Change-effecting services are outputs produced to order and typically

⁹ <https://comtrade.un.org/survey/Reports/byCountry>

¹⁰ At its forty-first session, held from 23 to 26 February 2010, the Statistical Commission adopted the revised "Manual on Statistics of International Trade in Services" (MSITS 2010), which sets out an internationally agreed framework for the compilation and reporting of statistics of international trade in services and align with the revisions of well-established revised international statistical standards. The publication is available under Statistical Papers, Series M No. 86, Rev.1 (United Nations publication, Sales No.E.10.XVII.14) and electronically at <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade>.

¹¹ International Monetary Fund. Sixth Edition of the Balance of Payments Manual (BPM6). 2009. <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/pdf/bpm6.pdf>. The previous edition of this manual was the Fifth Edition of the Balance of Payments Manual (BPM5), which was published in 1992.

consist of changes in the conditions of the consuming units realized by the activities of producers at the demand of the consumers. They can also be referred to as “transformation services”. Change-effecting services are not separate entities over which ownership rights can be established. They cannot be traded separately from their production. By the time their production is completed, they must have been provided to the consumers.

- b) MSITS 2010 defines “international trade in services” as trade in services between residents and non-residents of an economy, as well as the supply of services through foreign affiliates established abroad and the supply of services through the presence of foreign individuals, either as foreign service suppliers themselves or as employees of a foreign service supplier.

Importantly, trade in services statistics included in this Yearbook only reflect trade in services between resident and non-resident institutional units.

ii. Coverage: The coverage in this Yearbook only include trade in services between resident and non-resident institutional units. The residence of an institutional unit is the economic territory with which it has the strongest connection, constituting its centre of predominant economic interest. Each institutional unit is a resident of one and only one economic territory, as determined by its centre of predominant economic interest. An institutional unit is resident in an economic territory when there exists, within the economic territory, some location, dwelling, place of production, or other premises on which or from which the unit engages and intends to continue engaging, either indefinitely or over a finite but long period of time, in economic activities and transactions on a significant scale. The location need not be fixed as long as it remains within the economic territory. Actual or intended location for one year or more is used as an operational criterion. While the choice of one year as a specific period is somewhat arbitrary, it is adopted to eliminate uncertainty and facilitate international consistency. More specific criteria for determining residence are given in the MSITS 2010.

iii. Time of recording of transactions: The appropriate time for recording transactions in services is when they are delivered or received (the “accruals basis”). Some services, such as certain transport or hotel services are provided within a discrete period, in which case there is no problem in determining the time of recording. Other services are supplied or take place on a continuous basis, for example, construction, operating leasing and insurance services. When construction takes place with a prior contract of sale, the ownership of the structure is effectively transferred progressively as the work proceeds. When services are provided over a period of time (such as freight, insurance and construction), there may be advance payments or settlements at later dates for such services. The provision of services should be recorded on an accrual basis in each accounting period, that is to say it should be recorded when the service is rendered and not when the payment occurs.

iv. Classifications: In 1996, OECD and Eurostat, in consultation with IMF, developed for use by their members a more detailed classification than that presented in the IMF's Balance of Payments Manual (BPM5) for international trade in services between residents and non-residents, by breaking down a number of the BPM5 service items. This more detailed classification is termed the Extended Balance of Payments Services Classification (EBOPS). The EBOPS classification was published in 2002 in the MSITS 2002 and was subsequently revised to the EBOPS 2010 classification, as published in the MSITS 2010. All trade in services statistics in this Yearbook are presented according to the EBOPS 2002 classification rather than EBOPS 2010 classification (see para 31-32 below).

The 11 main EBOPS 2002 standard services components (as presented in the MSITS 2002) are:¹²

- a) **Transportation**: covers all transportation services that are performed by residents of one economy for those of another and that involve the carriage of passengers, the movement of goods (freight), rentals (charters) of carriers with crew, and related supporting and auxiliary services. Some related items that are excluded from transportation services are freight insurance (included in insurance services); goods procured in ports by non-resident carriers and repairs of transportation equipment (both are treated as goods, not services); repairs of railway facilities, harbours and airfield facilities (included in construction services); and rentals or charters of carriers without crew (included in operational leasing services).
- b) **Travel**: covers primarily the goods and services acquired from an economy by travelers during visits of less than one year to that economy. Includes business and personal travel, which includes health-related expenditure (total expenditure by those travelling for medical reasons), education-related expenditure (i.e., total expenditure by students), and all other personal travel expenditure.
- c) **Communications services**: covers postal and courier services (which cover the pick-up, transport and delivery of letters, newspapers, periodicals, brochures, other printed matter, parcels and packages, including post office counter and mailbox rental services) and telecommunications services (which cover the transmission of sound, images or other information by telephone, telex, telegram, radio and television cable and broadcasting, satellite, electronic mail, facsimile services etc., including business network services, teleconferencing and support services). It does not include the value of the information transported. Also included are cellular telephone services, Internet backbone services and on-line access services, including provision of access to the Internet.
- d) **Construction services**: covers work performed on construction projects and installation by employees of an enterprise in locations outside the territory of an enterprise.
- e) **Insurance services**: covers the provision of various types of insurance to non-residents by resident insurance enterprises, and vice versa. These services are estimated or valued by

¹² The full detailed EBOPS 2002 classification is available as an on-line annex to the MSITS 2002. <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/tradekb/Knowledgebase/EBOPS-2002>

the service charges included in total premiums rather than by the total value of the premiums.

- f) Financial services: covers financial intermediation and auxiliary services, except those of life insurance enterprises and pension funds (which are included in life insurance and pension funding) and other insurance services that are conducted between residents and non-residents. Such services may be provided by banks, stock exchanges, factoring enterprises, credit card enterprises and other enterprises.
- g) Computer and information services: covers hardware and software-related services and data-processing services; news agency services include the provision of news, photographs, and feature articles to the media; and database services and web search portals (search engine services that find internet addresses for clients who input keyword queries).
- h) Royalties and license fees: covers international payments and receipts of franchising fees and the royalties paid for the use of registered trademarks and international payments and receipts for the authorised use of intangible, non-produced, non-financial assets and proprietary rights (such as patents, copyrights and industrial processes and designs) and with the use, through licensing agreements, of produced originals or prototypes (such as manuscripts, computer programs, and cinematographic works and sound recordings).
- i) Other business services: covers merchanting, other trade-related services, operational leasing services, legal services, accounting, auditing, bookkeeping and tax consulting services, business and management consulting and public relations services, advertising, market research and public opinion polling, research and development, architectural, engineering and other technical services, waste treatment and de-pollution, agricultural, mining, and other on-site processing services, other business services, and services between related enterprises, not included elsewhere (n.i.e.).
- j) Personal, cultural, and recreational services: covers services and associated fees related to the production of motion pictures (on film or videotape), radio and television programmes (live or on tape) and musical recordings services, as well as those services associated with museums, libraries, archives and other cultural, sporting and recreational activities.
- k) Government services, not included elsewhere (n.i.e.): covers government transactions (including those of international organizations) not contained in the other components of EBOPS as defined above. Included are all transactions (in both goods and services) by embassies, consulates, military units and defence agencies with residents of economies in which the embassies, consulates, military units and defence agencies are located and all transactions with other economies. Excluded are transactions with residents of the home economies represented by the embassies, consulates, military units and defence agencies, and transactions in the commissaries, post exchanges and these embassies and consulates.

v. **Valuation:** The market price is used as the basis for valuation of transactions in international trade in services. Market prices for transactions are defined as amounts of money that willing buyers pay to acquire something from willing sellers. The exchanges are made between independent parties and based on commercial considerations only and are sometimes called “at arm’s length” transactions. These transactions will generally be valued at the actual price agreed between the supplier and the consumer.

vi. **Partner country:** It is recommended that the breakdown by partner economy for services transactions between residents and non-residents be recorded, the aim being to report partner detail, first, at the level of services trade as a whole and, second, for each of the main types of services in EBOPS and (as a longer-term goal) for the more detailed EBOPS items. Partner country information for trade in services is not included in this publication, as most countries do not currently compile these statistics by partner country.

Description of world, regional and selected trade or economic groupings profiles in part 1

8. In the world profile, information about global trade trends, composition and structure is presented. These include a) trade growth per economic grouping, year-on-year percentage change; i.e., total of imports and exports value change as a percentage from the previous year; b) trade openness (Trade-to-GDP percentage) by economic grouping over the period 2004-2017; c) total trade levels, per capita and as GDP percentage by regional groupings; d) share of world’s exports by regional groupings; e) top export commodity categories according to SITC Rev.3 sections by regional groupings; and f) exports provenance and destination by SDG regional groupings. Throughout this Yearbook, regional country groupings closely follow those used for the monitoring and evaluation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).¹³ Henceforth these country groupings are termed “SDG regional groupings”.

9. Subsequently, trade profiles for SDG regional groupings and selected trade or economic groupings are presented. These include a) yearly value of merchandise exports, imports and the trade balance over the period 2004-2017; b) values of exports, imports and the trade balance with other SDG regional groupings as partners; and c) top export commodity categories of the regional groupings, according to SITC Rev.3 sections. Similar analyses are presented for selected trade or economic groupings – please see the section “Country Nomenclature and Country Grouping” of this Introduction (especially para 36-37). The category "other" for trading partners includes data whereby the partner country or region cannot be specified, including movement of merchandise to free zones, bunkers or involving special categories of merchandise.

¹³ <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups/>

Description of tables and graphs of country profiles in part 2

10. Part 2 contains detailed statistics for individual countries or areas. In addition, given the economic importance of the European Union (EU), separate pages have been included for the external trade of the EU (with its 28 members) as a whole.

11. Not all countries have data up to 2017 and not all countries have data for imports and exports for all years. The inclusion of a country (or area) in part 2 requires that at least some data are available for any year from 2013 onwards. Depending on the availability of data, the following tables and graphs usually appear for each country or area:

12. Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value: This graph presents the trend of merchandise imports, exports and trade balance over the last 14 years.

13. Graph 2: Total services trade, by value: This graph presents the trend of services imports, exports and trade balance over the last 14 years.

14. Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category: This graph presents the shares of total exports of services accounted for by each service category for the latest year such statistics are available.

15. Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance by SDG Regions: This graph presents, in the most recent year for which information on exports and imports are available, the trade balance by regions.

16. Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade: This graph shows the partner concentration of imports and exports for the latest available year. Graph presents the top 25 partners which usually account for a very large share of exports or imports for most countries. On the horizontal axis from the center to the right are the cumulative percent of exports and from the center to the left the cumulative percent of imports. On the vertical axis is the cumulative number of partners ranked by total value of exports and imports in a decreasing order. So, on each side, the first bar represents share accounted for by the largest partner; second bar represents share accounted for by the largest two partners and so on.

17. Graph 5 also presents the Herfindahl-Hirschman (HH) Index for imports and exports which is a measure of concentration. In the case of exports (imports), the HH index is the sum of squares of the partner's share of total exports (imports):

$$HH\ Index = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{X_i}{X} \right)^2$$

n is the number of trading partners for exports (imports) and X_i is the value of exports (imports) to partner country i and X is the total value of exports (imports). The lower the HH index, the lower the partner concentration, and vice versa. If there is only one trading partner the HH index would equal 1.¹⁴

18. It should be noted that the HH index for a given country's exports (imports) depends on the distribution of share of exports (imports) among its partners. Hence a country with few major partners might have a lower HH index value, indicating low concentration, than a country with more partners if the former has its trade more evenly distributed among its partners than the latter.

19. Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category: This graph presents the shares of total imports of services accounted for by each service category for the latest year such statistics are available.

20. Table 1 and table 4: Top 10 export and import commodities: These tables present the top 10 commodities in terms of 4-digit HS headings for exports and imports, respectively, using the aggregate of trade values for the last three reporting years as available. It should be noted that exports contain re-exports and imports contain re-imports. That is, one or more top exports of a country may be commodities which the country does not actually produce. Data on re-exports and re-imports can be found in UN Comtrade. For countries which reported the last three years of data in HS 2012 the statistics in these tables follow HS 2012. For other countries the statistics in these tables may be presented in earlier or later HS editions. For the convenience of the users the last column shows the SITC group (3 digits) that corresponds to the HS heading. The SITC group is identified based on the correlation and conversion tables between HS and SITC, Rev 3.¹⁵

21. In addition to trade values, the table 1 and table 4 also present unit values. Unit values are expressed in U.S. dollars (US\$) per unit (kg, unit, Megawatt-hours (Mwh), pair, litre, carat etc). The calculation of unit values on the heading level requires the availability of value and quantity information for all the underlying detailed statistics (6-digit subheadings). In some cases, the quantity information for some sub-headings was estimated (see paragraph 29) and the unit value for the heading appears in italics. If quantity information appears incorrect it is not shown.

22. Table 2 and table 3: Merchandise Exports and Imports by SITC sections: These tables show the structure of exports and imports in the latest available year by SITC sections in terms of value, share of the total, growth in comparison with the previous year and annual average growth for the last four years which is calculated as the geometric mean.

¹⁴ For the application of HH index to measure partner concentration in merchandise trade, no thresholds are known to be established. Users might wish to define a specific limit of the HH index to indicate low concentration and a limit to indicate high concentration. However, based on the analyses of the data presented in the yearbook, following thresholds were applied to determine level of concentration of merchandise trade, both exports and imports: $HH < 0.15 \rightarrow$ Diversified; $0.15 < HH < 0.25 \rightarrow$ Moderately concentrated; $HH > 0.25 \rightarrow$ Highly concentrated.

¹⁵ The conversion tables are available on the website of UNSD at <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade/classifications/correspondence-tables.asp>.

Sources

23. Statistics in part 1 (world and regional trade profiles) consists of data as reported by UN Comtrade and estimated data for missing reporters. When not reported, statistics on the total merchandise imports and exports of countries (or areas) presented in part 1 are mainly derived from the International Financial Statistics (IFS) published monthly by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). They are supplemented with statistics from other sources such as national publications and websites and the United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics Questionnaire.

24. The statistics in the country profiles in part 2 of the publication (country trade profiles) are obtained from data directly submitted by countries to the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). All statistics published in the country profiles are available in UN Comtrade.

25. In some cases, original country data are received via international and regional partner organizations, such as the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the International Trade Centre (ITC), the Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, the Common Market of Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA), the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) and the UN regional commissions such as the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC) and the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA). Data for the European Union (EU-28) is received from the Statistical Office of the European Union (Eurostat).

26. Part 1 shows statistics as available by the end of October 2018. Also, the country tables and graphs in part 2 contain statistics available in UN Comtrade by the end of October 2018.

Method of estimation

27. Missing data are estimated to arrive at aggregates in part 1. The estimation process is automated using quarterly year-on-year growth rates for the extrapolation of missing quarterly statistics, unless quarterly statistics can be estimated using available monthly statistics within the quarter. Estimates are reviewed and adjusted where necessary.

28. Statistics by partner and commodity for missing reporters are estimated either through the extrapolation of the statistics for the two adjacent years, or, if this is not possible, through the use of the statistics reported by the trading partners; i.e., mirror statistics. Mirror statistics are also used in cases in which the reported data must be adjusted due to partner distribution or confidential data. All estimates are reviewed and adjusted where necessary.

29. For part 2, the country trade profiles, modifications to the received data are only made in cases where the provided data are obviously incomplete, in particular in the case of unreported petroleum oils exports in merchandise data. Quantity information that is missing or does not comply with the World Customs Organization's recommendations are estimated and flagged in UN Comtrade accordingly. Some quantity information that were identified as 'extreme' – meaning far outside a pre-defined 'normal' range – were replaced in UN Comtrade with estimates, if applicable. The estimation of quantities is either based on the country's own data or

uses standard unit values (SUVs) which are derived from the available information for all countries in the previous year.

Conversion of classifications

30. Conversion of classification for merchandise trade statistics: All countries follow recommendation to report their detailed merchandise trade data according to the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (HS) (see paragraph 4.C.v). In order to provide comparable time series statistics in UN Comtrade for all countries, the data reported in the latest HS classification is converted into earlier editions of the HS, and to corresponding or earlier versions of the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC).¹⁶ The latest edition of the HS classification was its sixth and was released in 2017. The commodities in this publication are mostly presented according to the one-digit sections of SITC, Rev.3 as the SITC sections provide a limited set of economically meaningful main categories.¹⁷ In addition, statistics according to SITC, Rev.3 is available for long time series. In two tables, commodities are presented in terms of four-digit headings of the HS, often according to the 2012 edition of HS but in some cases also in earlier or later HS editions.¹⁸ The HS headings provide a meaningful description of traded commodities at a relatively detailed level and also allow the presentation of quantity information.

31. Conversion of classification for trade in services statistics: Many countries have progressively been transitioning from EBOPS 2002 to EBOPS 2010 classification (corresponding to the BPM5 and BPM6 recommendations, respectively), however, **to present longer time series (covering the period 2004-2016) and comparable statistics across countries and period, all trade in services statistics in this Yearbook are presented according to the EBOPS 2002 classification.** For the cases in which a country has transitioned to the EBOPS 2010 classification (as presented in MSTIS 2010) and did not provide UNSD with data based on EBOPS 2002, and for those countries for which the IMF is the only data source,¹⁹ the data were converted to the EBOPS 2002 classification. The conversion was based on the IMF's BPM5-to-BPM6 Conversion Matrix (available at <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2008/08-10b.pdf>).²⁰

¹⁶ Detailed information on the data conversions used for UN Comtrade can be found on the website of the United Nations Statistics Division at: <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade/classifications/correspondence-tables.asp>.

¹⁷ Standard International Trade Classification, Revision 3, Statistical Papers, Series M No.34/Rev.3, (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.86.XVII.12). SITC, Revision 4 was accepted by the United Nations Statistical Commission at its thirty-seventh session in March 2006 (see Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2006, Supplement No. 4, (E/CN.3/2006/32), chapter III, para. 26 (b)). Yet, it will require several years until a time series of data according to SITC, Revision 4 will be sufficiently long for publication.

¹⁸ World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Sixth Edition (2017) (HS 2017); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Fifth Edition (2012) (HS 2012); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Fourth Edition (2007) (HS 2007); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Third Edition (2002) (HS 2002); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Second Edition (1996) (HS 1996); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (1992) (HS 1992).

¹⁹ The IMF is only presenting data on a BPM6 basis (which corresponds to the EBOPS 2010 classification) for data from 2009 onwards.

²⁰ Due to data limitations for some countries and for some periods, conversion from EBOPS2010 classification to EBOPS2002 classification may not always be complete, which may result in a break in series. Such instances are noted in footnotes on the individual country pages.

32. Although countries have progressively been transitioning from EBOPS 2002 to the EBOPS 2010 classification, backcasting the series is the main challenge. Converting data from EBOPS 2010 to EBOPS 2002 is feasible in most cases since the EBOPS 2010 has a wider scope and is more detailed compared to the EBOPS 2002 classification (many correspondences from EBOPS 2002 to EBOPS 2010 are one-to-many). However, conversion from EBOPS 2010 to EBOPS 2002 may be imperfect depending on reported level of detail by country. The main changes in classification of services includes the treatment of manufacturing services, merchanting and Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM).²¹

Currency conversion and period

33. Currency conversion: For both merchandise and trade in services statistics in this publication, conversion of values from national currencies into United States dollars is done by means of currency conversion factors based on official exchange rates. Values in currencies subject to fluctuation are converted into United States dollars using weighted average exchange rates specially calculated for this purpose. The weighted average exchange rate for a given currency for a given year is the component monthly factors, furnished by the International Monetary Fund in its IFS publication, weighted by the value of the relevant trade in each month; a monthly factor is the exchange rate (or the simple average rate) in effect during that month. These factors are applied to total imports and exports and to the trade in individual commodities with individual countries. The conversion factors applied to the data presented in parts 1 and 2 are published quarterly in the *UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics: External trade conversion factors*²² and also made available in a country's metadata on UN Comtrade.

34. Period: Generally, statistics refer to calendar years; however, for those countries which report according to some other reference year, the statistics are presented in the calendar year which covers the majority of the reference year used by the country.

Country nomenclature and regional groupings

35. Country nomenclature: The naming of countries (or areas) in this publication follows in general the *United Nations Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use*.²³ The names and composition of countries as reporter are changing over time. Also, countries rarely follow the identical nomenclature in the recording of partner information. For example, when former geographical entities commonly referred to in national statistics have changed, countries may introduce the corresponding changes in their statistics at different times. In this publication, wherever possible, areas of the world have been designated the names they currently bear.

²¹ <https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/bpm6faq.pdf>

²² See <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade/data/tables.asp#quarterlyconversion>.

²³ Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use, Series M No. 49, Rev.4, (United Nations publication, Sales No. M.98.XVII.9). The latest information is available online at: <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/methodology/m49/>.

It should be noted that, in this publication:

i. Statistics published for China exclude those for Taiwan Province of China. Data representing the trade with Taiwan Province, which may have been reported by any reporting country or area, are included in the grouping Asia, nes. For statistical purposes, statistics for China also do not include those for Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and Macao Special Administrative Region.

ii. Beginning 1 January 2000, Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, South Africa and Eswatini (formerly Swaziland) provide their international trade statistics separately.

iii. On 4 February 2003, the official name of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia has been changed to Serbia and Montenegro.

iv. On 3 June 2006, Serbia and Montenegro formally dissolved into two independent countries: Montenegro and Serbia.

v. On 10 October 2010 the federation of the Netherlands Antilles was formally dissolved. The former Dutch Caribbean dependency ceased to exist with a change of the five islands' constitutional status. Under the new political structure, Curaçao and Sint Maarten (Dutch part) have become autonomous countries within the Kingdom of the Netherlands, joining Aruba, which gained the status in 1986. The islands of the remaining territorial grouping, alternately known as Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba or the BES islands, are special municipalities and part of the country of the Netherlands and overseas territories of the European Union. For statistical purposes, the data for the Netherlands do not include the BES islands. Statistics referring to Netherlands Antilles (as a partner) prior to 2011 refer to the former territory which included Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba.

vi. On 9 July 2011, Sudan formally dissolved into two independent countries: Sudan and South Sudan. Statistics provided for Sudan prior to 1 January 2012 refer to the former Sudan (including South Sudan). Statistics referring to Sudan (as a partner) for 2012 are attributed to Sudan excluding South Sudan.

vii. From January 2013 onwards, Saint Barthélemy is no longer part of the customs territory of France. Therefore, it is recognised as a separate statistical area both as reporter and partner. Whereas from January 2014 onwards, Mayotte became part of statistical area of France and it is no longer shown as a reporter or a partner.

vii. In 2016, Czechia was adopted as the short country name for the Czech Republic.

viii. In 2018, Kingdom of Swaziland was renamed as Kingdom of Eswatini. Therefore, there is no longer reference to Swaziland in this publication.

36. Aggregations are calculated as the sum of country or area components. This includes the regional and world totals presented in parts 1.

37. Regional groupings: This publication uses a more detailed version of regional country groupings used for monitoring and evaluation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)²⁴.

38. Additional country groupings: The composition of additional country groupings according to trade or economic integration agreements, used in part 1 are as follows²⁵:

APTA – Asia-Pacific Trade Agreement

Bangladesh, China, India, Korea (Republic of), Lao People's Democratic Republic, Mongolia and Sri Lanka

ASEAN – Association of South-East Asian Nations

Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam

CACM – Central American Common Market

Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua

CARICOM – Caribbean Community and Common Market

Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas (member of the Community only), Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, Montserrat, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago

CEFTA – Central European Free Trade Agreement)

Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Republic of Moldova, Serbia and The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

CIS – Commonwealth of Independent States

Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan

EAC – East African Community

Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, South Sudan, Uganda and United Republic of Tanzania

ECOWAS – Economic Community of West African States

Benin, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Cote d'Ivoire, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone and Togo

EMCCA – Economic and Monetary Community of Central Africa

Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Equatorial Guinea and Gabon

EU-28 – European Union 28

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Spain, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden and United Kingdom.

GCC – The Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf

Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates

LAIA – Latin American Integration Association

Argentina, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador, Mexico, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

²⁴ For the composition of the regions, see <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups>.

²⁵ Note that a few countries belong to multiple trade or economic integration agreements.

LAS – League of Arab States

Algeria, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, State of Palestine, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and Yemen

MERCOSUR – Mercado Comun Sud-Americano

Argentina, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela

NAFTA-Northern American Free Trade Area

Canada, Mexico and United States of America, including Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands

SADC – Southern African Development Community

Angola, Botswana, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Eswatini, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Seychelles, South Africa, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Abbreviations and Explanation of symbols

Names of some countries (or areas) or groups of countries (or areas) and of some commodities or groups of commodities have been abbreviated. Exact titles of countries or commodities can be found in various editions of the following publications:

- (i) Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use
- (ii) Standard International Trade Classification (SITC)
- (iii) Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (HS)

In addition, the following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

Not available	(na)
Not available	blank
Not available .....	...
Not applicable	—
Not applicable .....	.
Magnitude of less than half the unit used	0 or 0.0
More than 100,000 percent	>
Thousand	thsd
Million	mln
Billion	bln
Weight (kilograms)	kg
Megawatt-hours	Mwh
Average	Avg.
Not elsewhere specified	nes
U.S. dollar	US\$
Imports	Imp
Exports	Exp
Balance	Bal
General trade system	G
Special trade system	S
Cost, insurance and freight	CIF
Free on board	FOB
Not included elsewhere	n.i.e.
(Royalties and) license (fees)	lic.

Disclaimer

The tables, infographics and text contained in this publication are provided only for illustration and despite all efforts might contain errors. When using these statistics users are advised to verify with the latest information available at UN Comtrade which is the source of these statistics.

Contact

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<https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade>

2017
INTERNATIONAL TRADE
STATISTICS YEARBOOK

VOLUME I
TRADE BY COUNTRY

PART 1
WORLD AND REGIONAL TRADE PROFILES

World merchandise trade profile

SDG regional groupings merchandise trade profiles

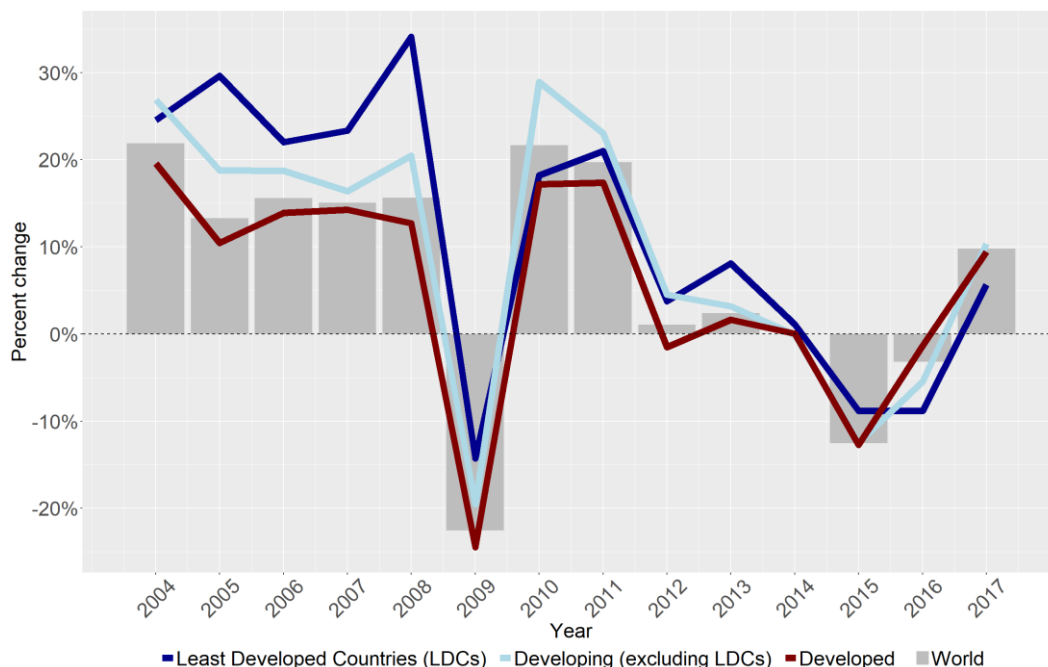
Selected trade or economic groupings merchandise trade profiles

World

Overview:

In 2017, the world economy registered growth in total merchandise trade (sum of imports and exports) of 9.8 percent over the previous year, the first year-over-year positive growth since 2013. More specifically, total merchandise was 34.9 trillion US\$ in 2017 compared to 31.8 trillion US\$ in 2016. In terms of total trade by SDG regions, Europe had the biggest share (37.0 percent of total trade), followed by Eastern Asia (23.7 percent), and Northern America (13.8 percent).

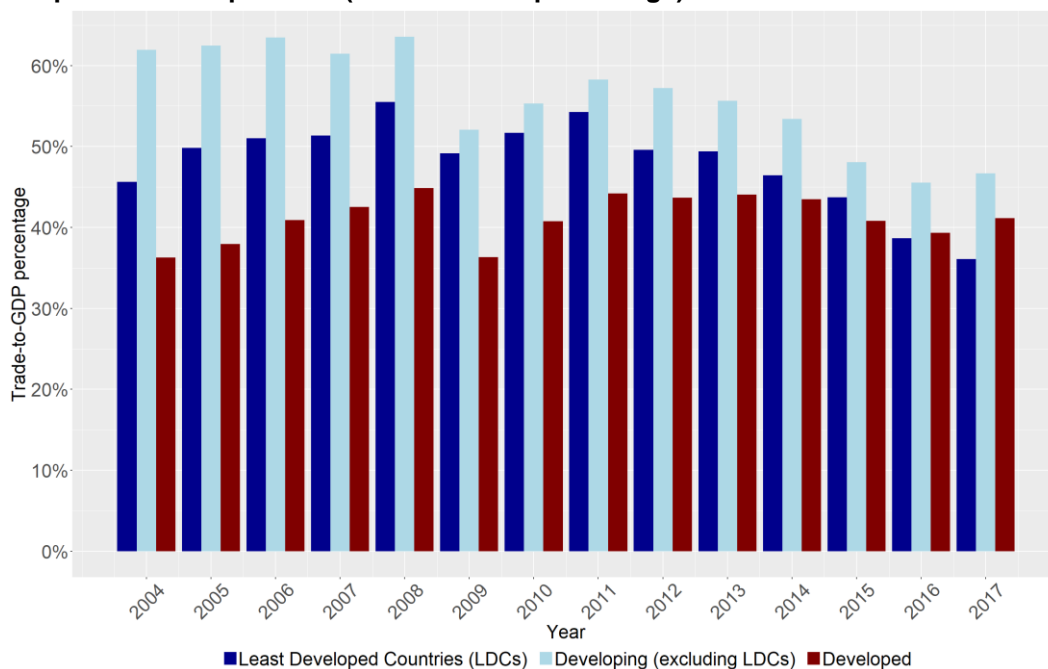
Graph 1: Trade growth per economic grouping, year-on-year percentage change



From 2016 to 2017 total merchandise trade increased by **9.8 %**

Total trade increased for the first time in 2017 since 2013.

Graph 2: Trade openness (Trade-to-GDP percentage)

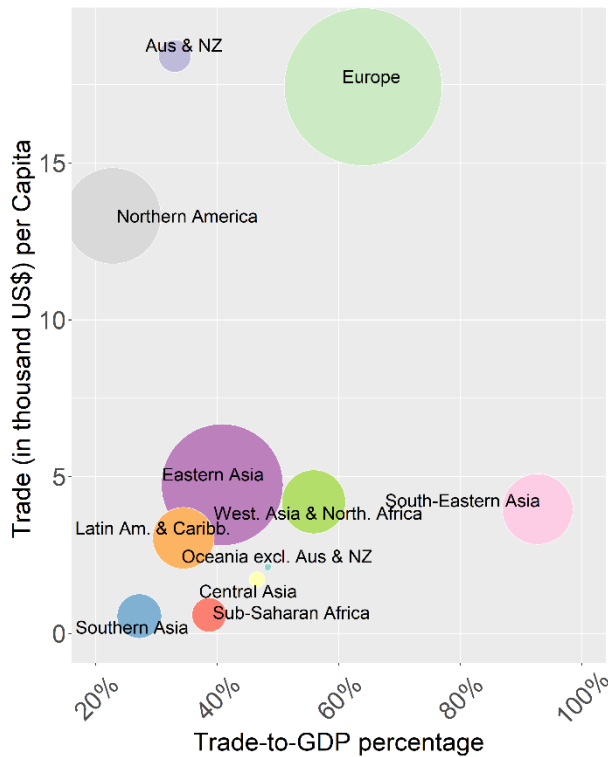


For the world, in 2017 trade-to-GDP percentage was **43.2 %**

Developing countries (excluding LDCs) have the highest trade-to-GDP percentage over the period 2004-2017.

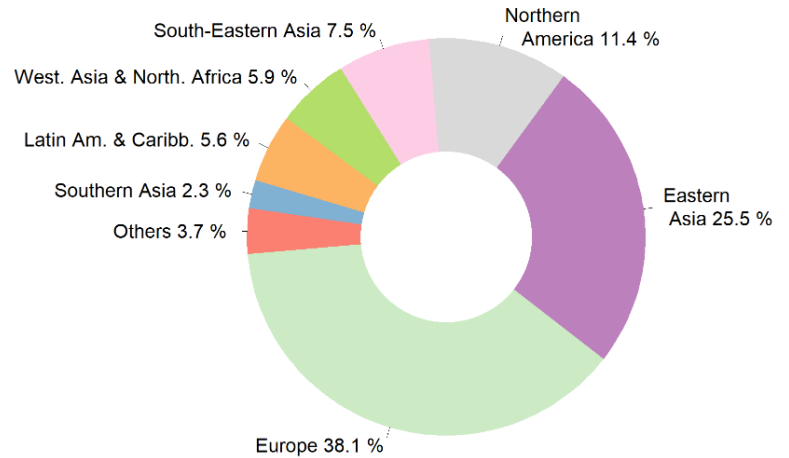
World trade snapshot in 2017, by SDG regional groupings

Graph 3: Total trade levels, per capita and as GDP percentage in 2017 by SDG regional groupings



South-Eastern Asia had the highest total trade GDP percentage at 92.7 percent in 2017.

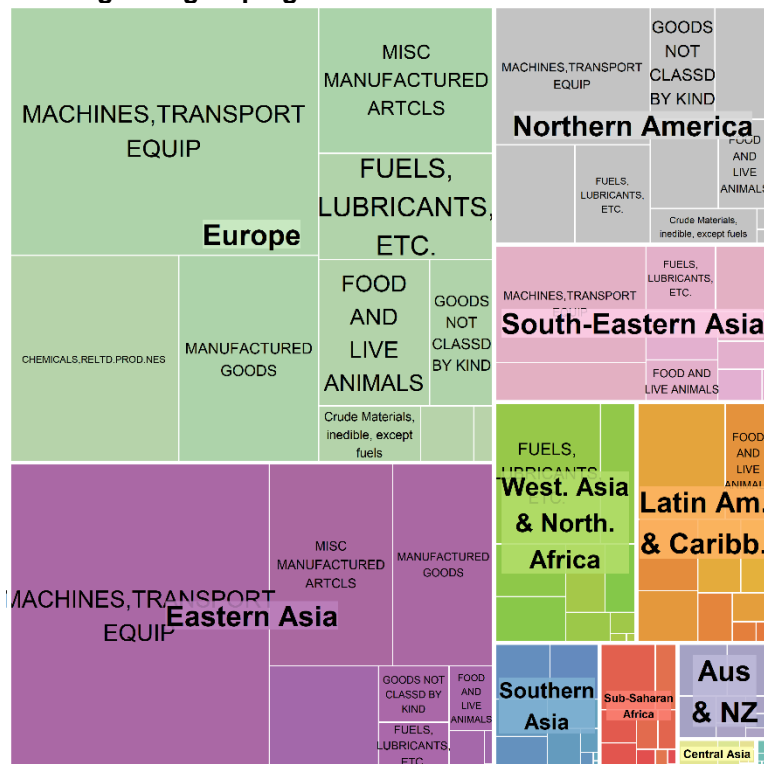
Graph 4: SDG regional groupings share of total world exports in 2017



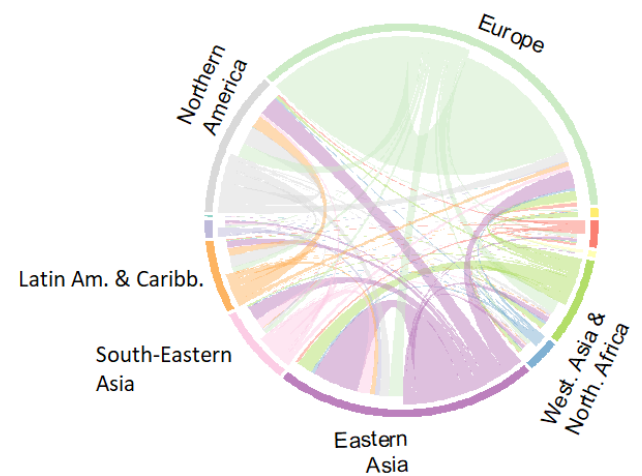
Others include Sub-Saharan Africa (1.7 percent), Aus & NZ (1.6 percent), Central Asia (0.4 percent) and Oceania excl. Aus & NZ (0.1 percent).

Europe has the biggest share of exports accounting for 38.1 percent of total exports followed by Eastern Asia at 25.5 percent.

Graph 5: Top export commodity categories in 2017 by SDG regional groupings



Graph 6: Exports provenance and destination in 2017 by SDG regional groupings



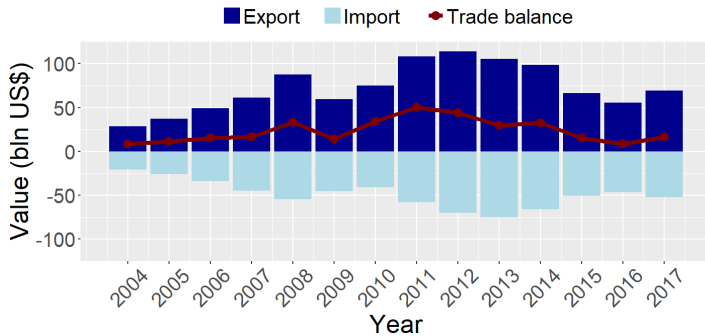
For the world, the top export category was machinery and transport equipment, representing **37.1 %**

Central Asia

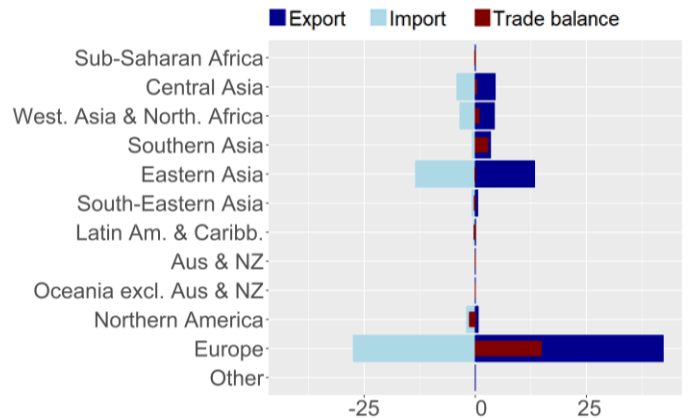
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Central Asia increased by 24.6 percent to reach 69 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 11.8 percent to reach 52.3 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 16.8 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 8.6 bln US\$ in 2016. Central Asia's internal trade represented 4.1 bln US\$, that is 6.5 percent of total exports and 7.9 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (61.2 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (19.3 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (6.2 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (52.4 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (25.7 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (6.6 percent).

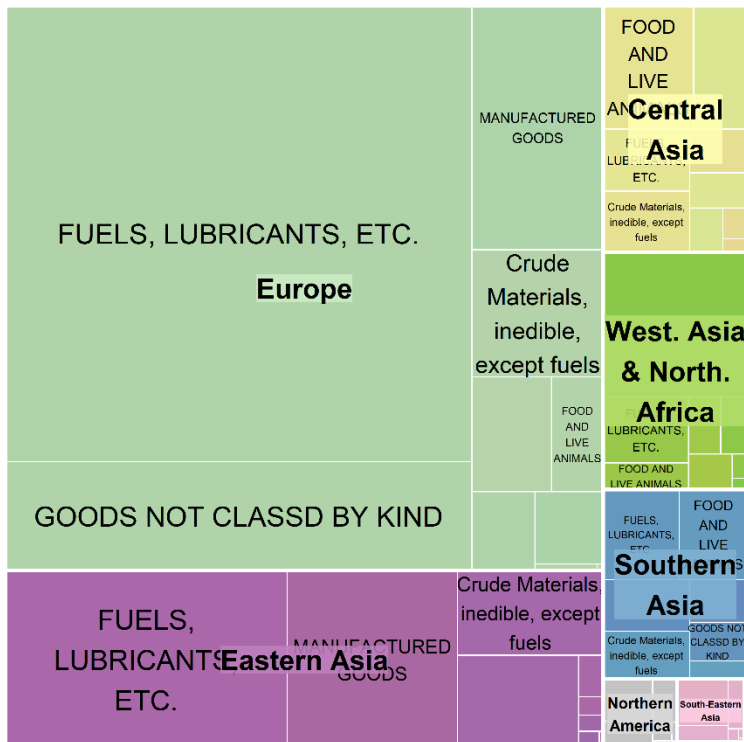
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:



Total trade increased by (year-on-year)

18.7 %



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was

33.0%



Intra-regional trade was

7.1 % of total trade.



Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for

51.3 % of total exports.



Trade surplus increased from

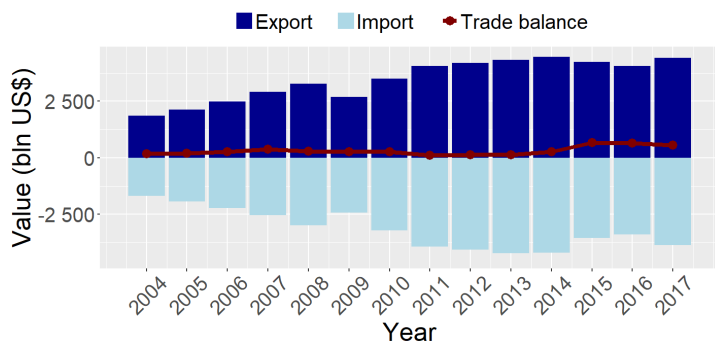
8.6 bln US\$ to 16.8 bln US\$.

Eastern Asia

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Eastern Asia increased by 9.1 percent to reach 4411.6 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 13.7 percent to reach 3860.1 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 551.4 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 648.1 bln US\$ in 2016, representing a decrease of 14.9 percent over 2016. Eastern Asia's internal trade represented 1536.2 bln US\$, that is 35.5 percent of total exports and 39.8 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (17.4 percent of total exports), Europe (15.4 percent), and South-Eastern Asia (13.3 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (15.4 percent of total imports), South-Eastern Asia (13.2 percent), and Northern America (9.9 percent).

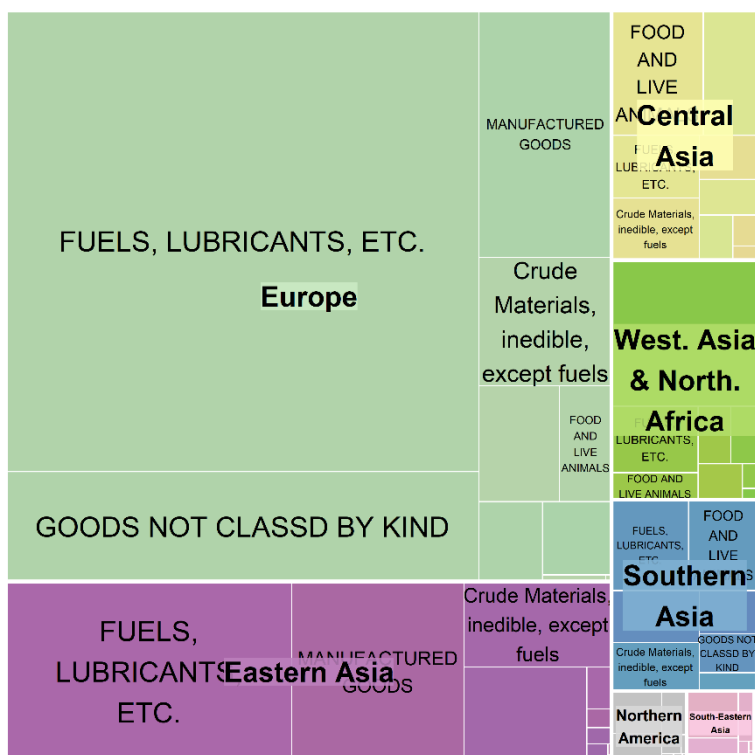
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

- 

Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **11.2 %**
- 

Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **40.8 %**
- 

Intra-regional trade was **37.5 %** of total trade.
- 

Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **53.7 %** of total exports.
- 

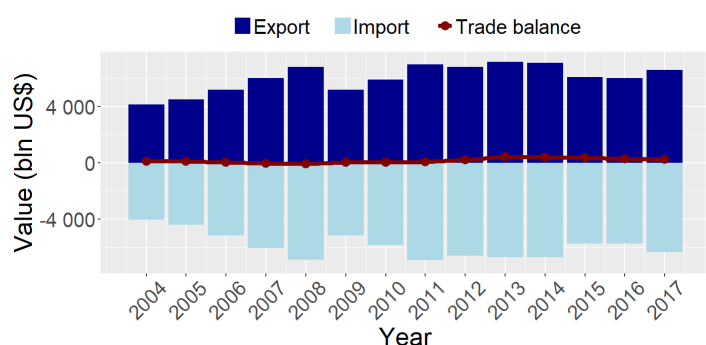
Trade surplus decreased by **14.9 %**

Europe

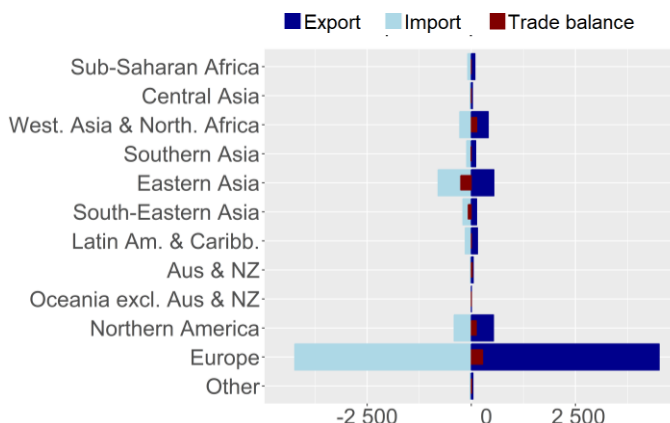
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Europe increased by 9.5 percent to reach 6584.3 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 10.5 percent to reach 6353 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 231.3 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 266.1 bln US\$ in 2016, representing a decrease of 13.1 percent over 2016. Europe's internal trade represented 4238.1 bln US\$, that is 68.5 percent of total exports and 66.7 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (8.3 percent of total exports), Northern America (8.1 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (6.2 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (12.6 percent of total imports), Northern America (6.5 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (4.4 percent).

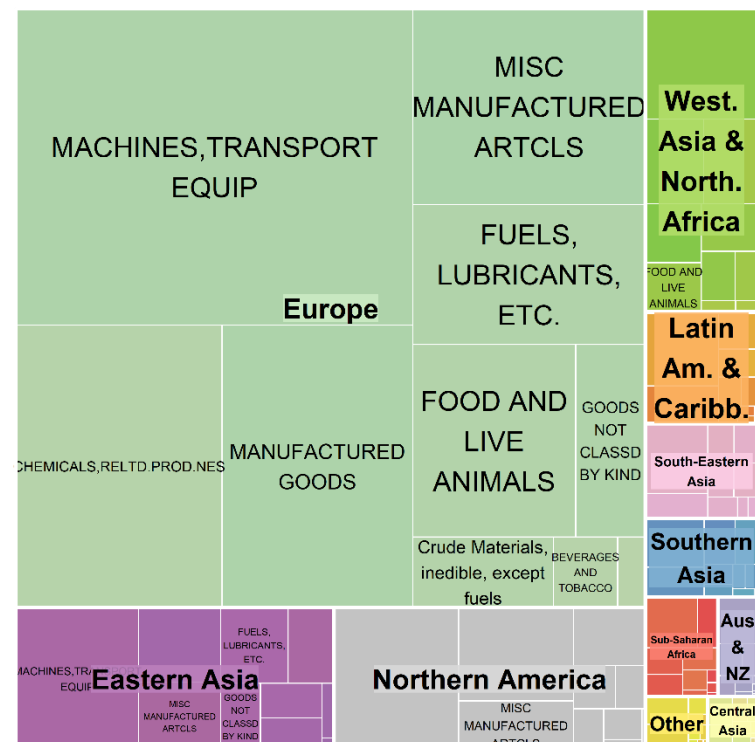
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

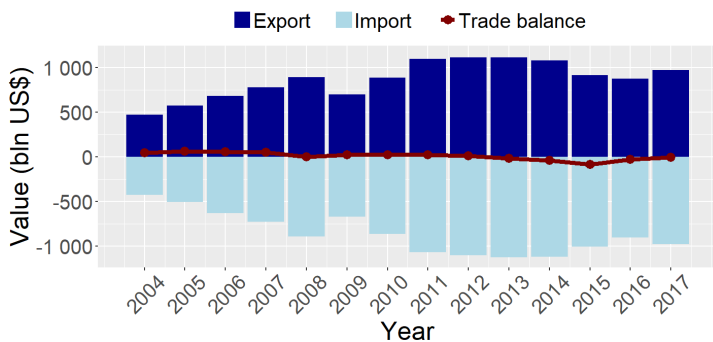
- 
 Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **10.0 %**
- 
 Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **33.0%**
- 
 Intra-regional trade was **67.6 %** of total trade.
- 
 Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **35.0 %** of total exports.
- 
 Trade surplus decreased by **13.1 %**

Latin American and the Caribbean

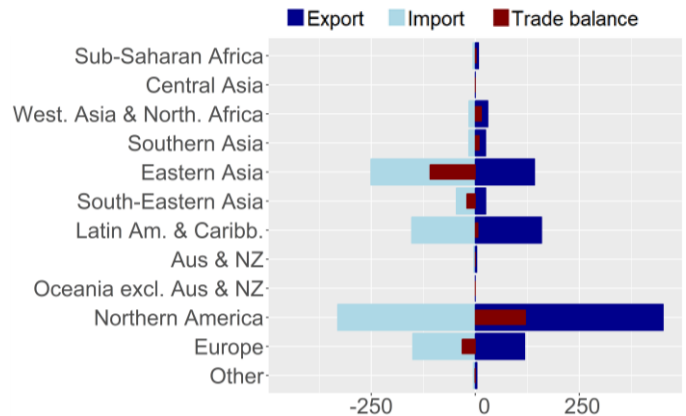
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Latin America and the Caribbean increased by 10.5 percent to reach 967.6 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 7.8 percent to reach 975.9 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 8.3 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 29.6 bln US\$ in 2016. Latin America and the Caribbean's internal trade represented 152.9 bln US\$, that is 16.5 percent of total exports and 15.7 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (46.7 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (14.7 percent), and Europe (12.3 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (33.9 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (25.7 percent), and Europe (15.4 percent).

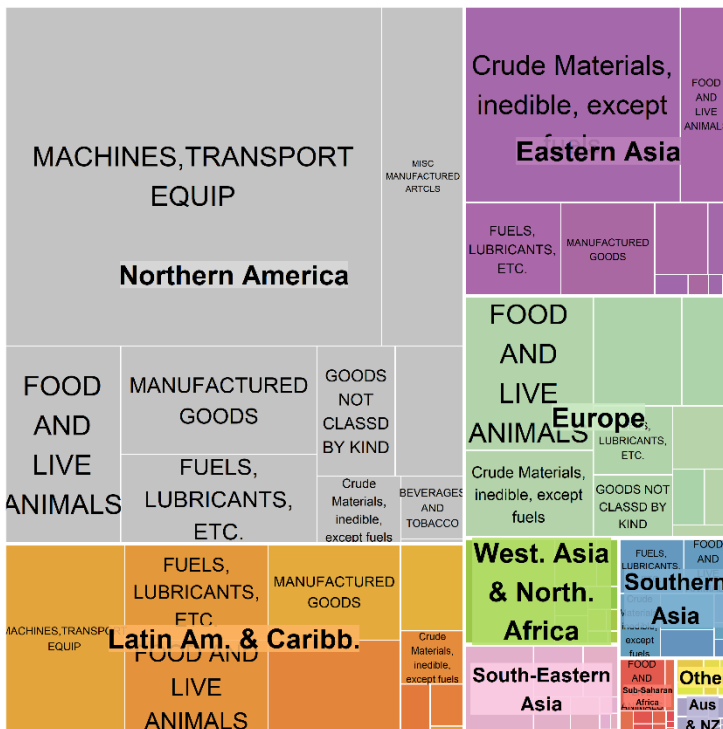
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:



Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **9.1 %**



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **33.0%**



Intra-regional trade was **16.1 %** of total trade.



Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **32.4 %** of total exports.



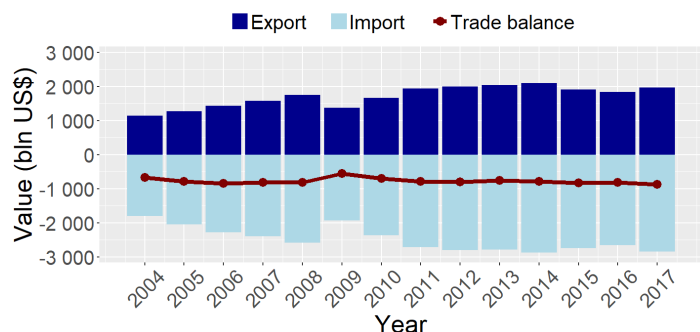
Trade deficit decreased from 29.6 bln US\$ to 8.3 bln US\$.

Northern America

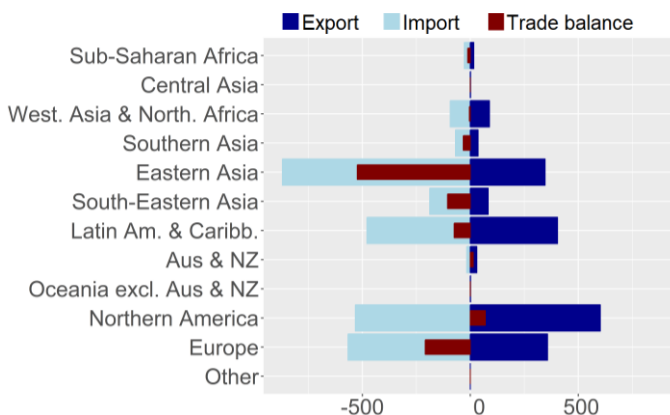
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Northern America increased by 6.9 percent to reach 1967.6 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 7.1 percent to reach 2844.6 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 877 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 814.7 bln US\$ in 2016, representing an increase of 7.7 percent over 2016. Northern America's internal trade represented 532.9 bln US\$, that is 30.6 percent of total exports and 18.7 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Latin America and the Caribbean (20.5 percent of total exports), Europe (18.2 percent), and Eastern Asia (17.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (30.6 percent of total imports), Europe (19.9 percent), and Latin America and the Caribbean (16.8 percent).

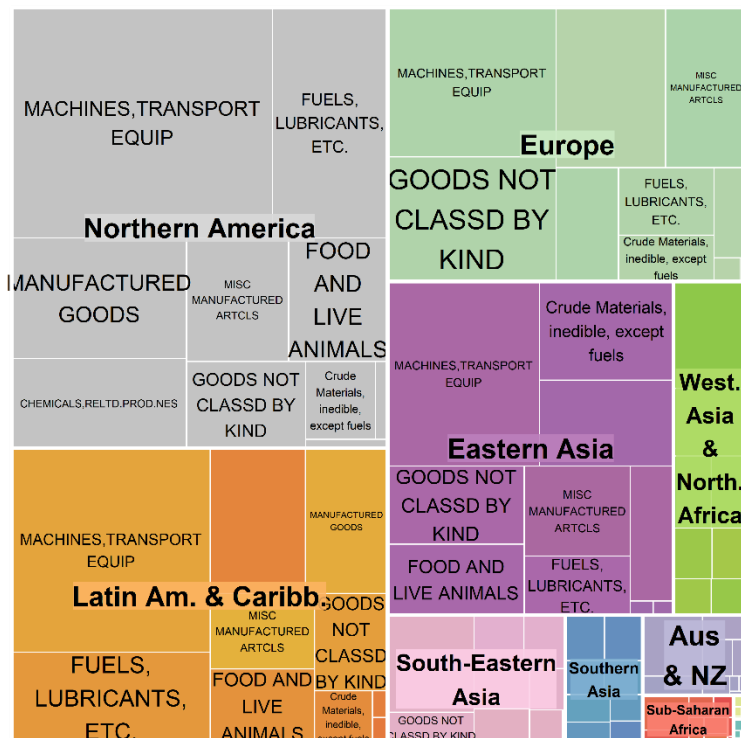
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

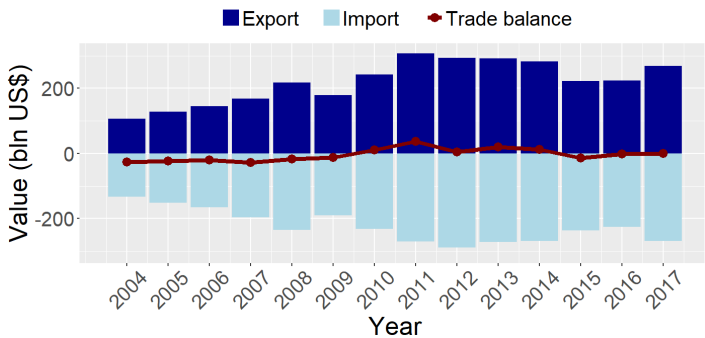
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **7.0 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **22.8 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **23.6 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **32.9 %** of total exports.
- Trade deficit increased by **7.7 %**

Oceania: Australia and New Zealand

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Australia and New Zealand increased by 20 percent to reach 268.2 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 19 percent to reach 268.6 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 0.4 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 2.1 bln US\$ in 2016. Australia and New Zealand's internal trade represented 11.9 bln US\$, that is 5 percent of total exports and 4.4 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (57.4 percent of total exports), South-Eastern Asia (9.8 percent), and Europe (6.8 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (37.8 percent of total imports), Europe (19.2 percent), and South-Eastern Asia (15.2 percent).

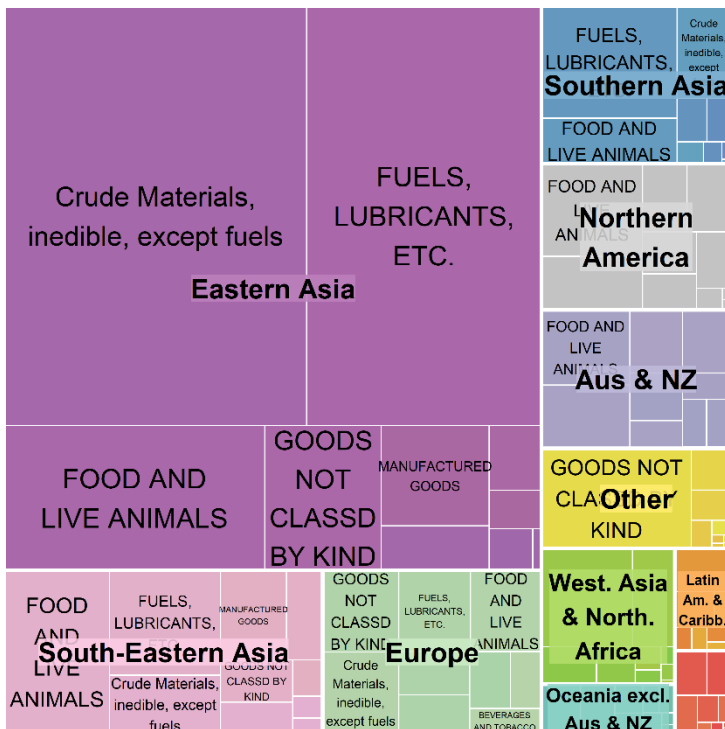
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:



Total trade increased by (year-on-year)

19.5 %



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was

33.0 %



Intra-regional trade was

4.7 % of total trade.



Top export category was crude materials, inedible, except fuels, and accounted for

29.2 % of total exports.



Trade deficit decreased from

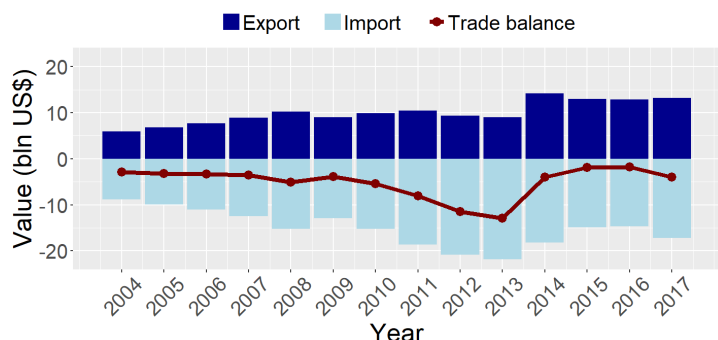
2.1 bln US\$ to 0.4 bln US\$.

Oceania excluding Australia and New Zealand

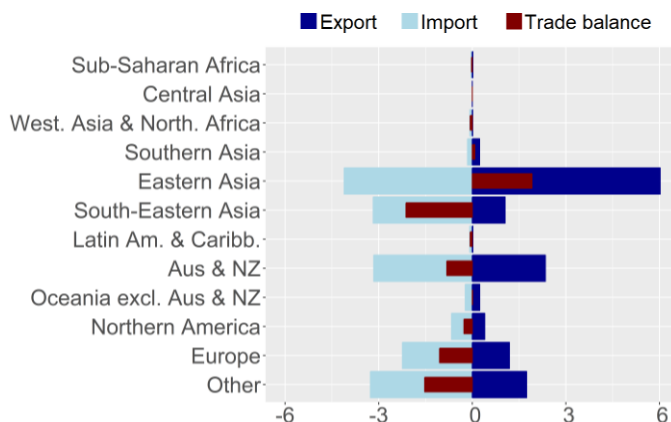
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Oceania excluding Australia and New Zealand increased by 2.8 percent to reach 13.3 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 17 percent to reach 17.2 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 3.9 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 1.8 bln US\$ in 2016. Oceania excluding Australia and New Zealand's internal trade represented 0.2 bln US\$, that is 1.8 percent of total exports and 1.3 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (45.4 percent of total exports), Australia and New Zealand (17.7 percent), and Other (13.1 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (23.9 percent of total imports), Other (19 percent), and South-Eastern Asia (18.5 percent).

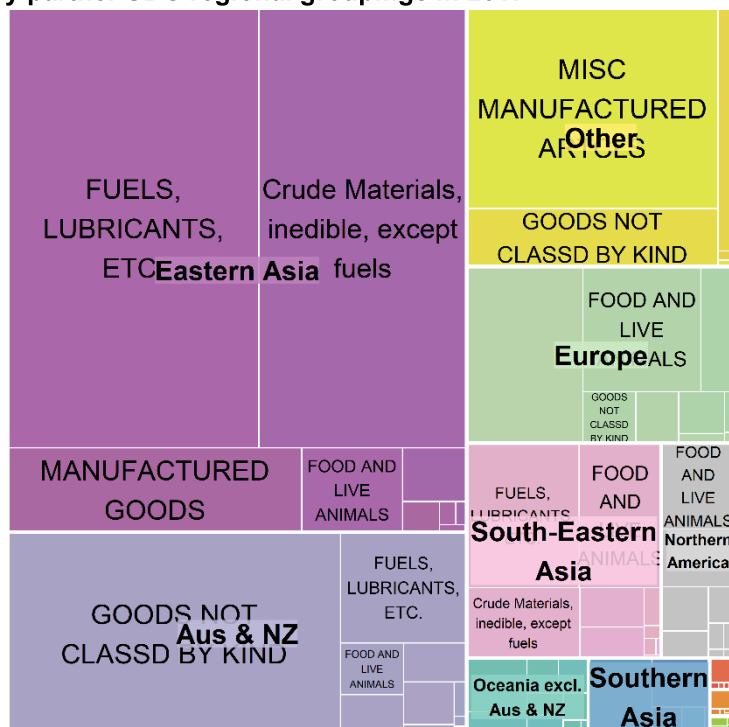
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:



Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **10.4 %**



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **48.3 %**



Intra-regional trade was of total trade **1.5 %**



Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **42.5 %** of total exports.



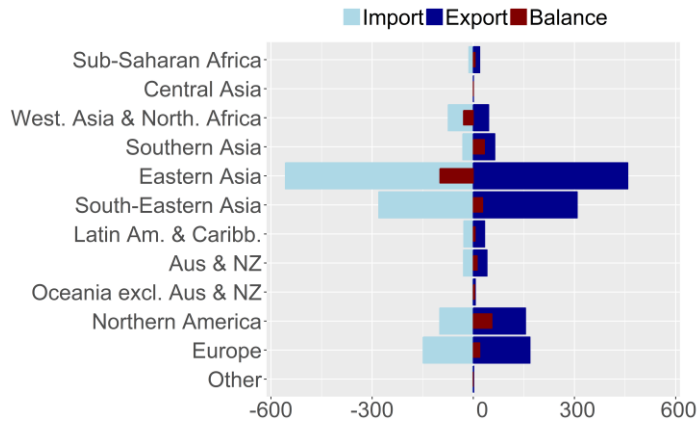
Trade deficit increased from 1.8 bln US\$ to 3.9 bln US\$.

South-Eastern Asia

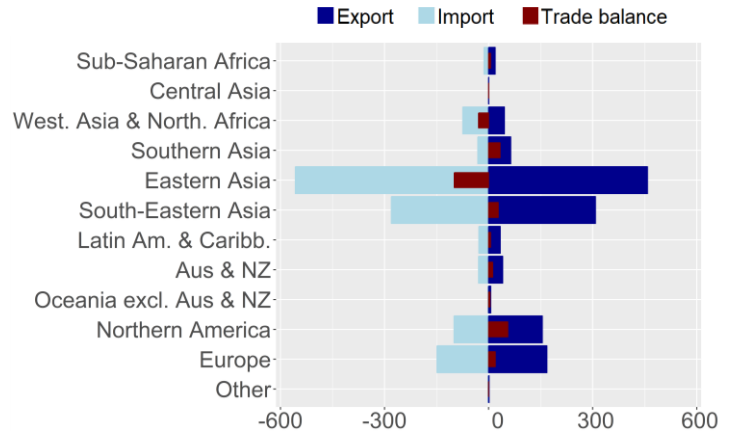
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of South-Eastern Asia increased by 13.2 percent to reach 1299.9 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 16.3 percent to reach 1265.7 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 34.1 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 60.5 bln US\$ in 2016. South-Eastern Asia's internal trade represented 280.4 bln US\$, that is 23.7 percent of total exports and 22.1 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (35.2 percent of total exports), Europe (12.9 percent), and Northern America (11.9 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (44 percent of total imports), Europe (11.7 percent), and Northern America (7.9 percent).

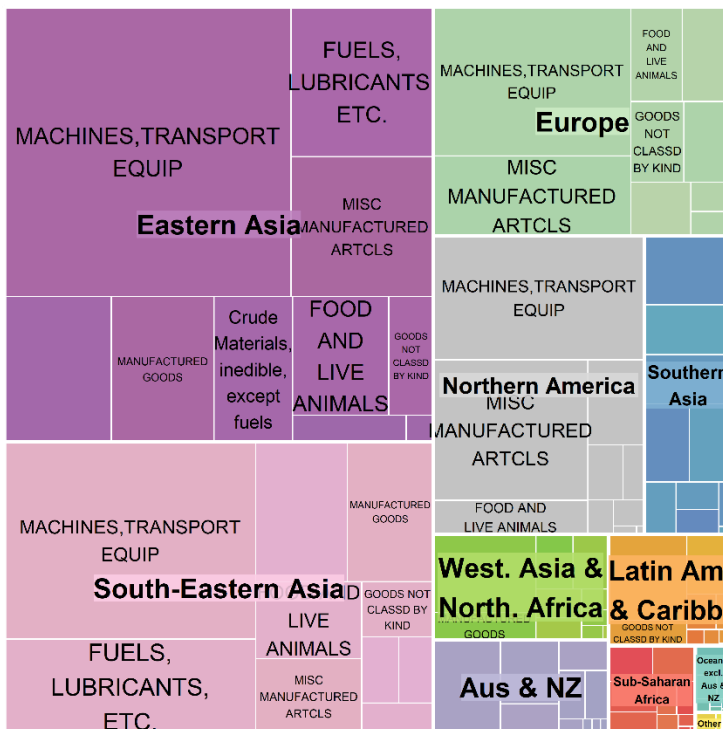
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

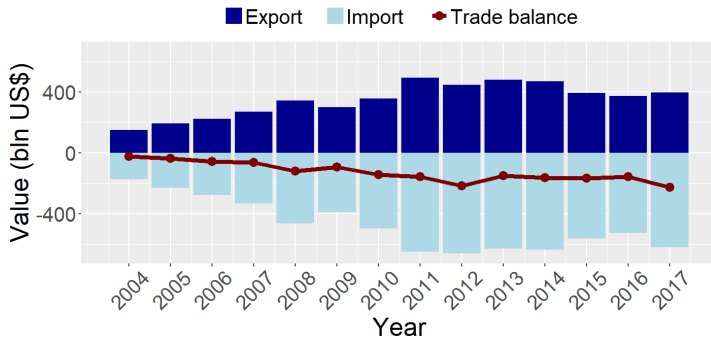
-  Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **14.7 %**
-  Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **92.7 %**
-  Intra-regional trade was **22.9%** of total trade.
-  Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **42.5%** of total exports.
-  Trade surplus decreased from 60.5 bln US\$ to 34.1 bln US\$.

Southern Asia

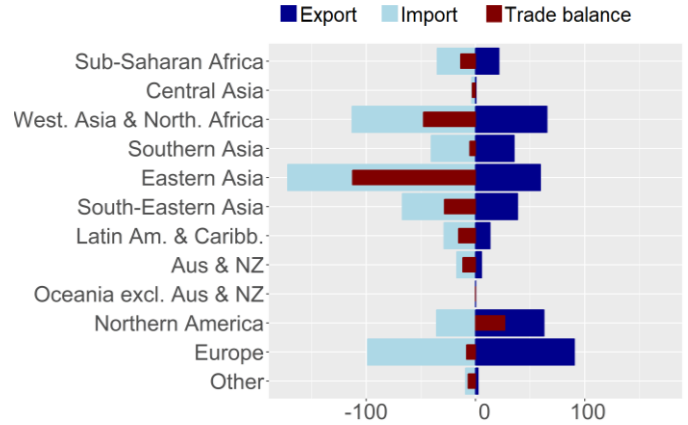
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Southern Asia increased by 6.4 percent to reach 394.6 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 17.7 percent to reach 620.9 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 226.2 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 156.3 bln US\$ in 2016. Southern Asia's internal trade represented 40.5 bln US\$, that is 8.9 percent of total exports and 6.5 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (22.9 percent of total exports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (16.5 percent), and Northern America (15.9 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (27.7 percent of total imports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (18.2 percent), and Europe (15.9 percent).

Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

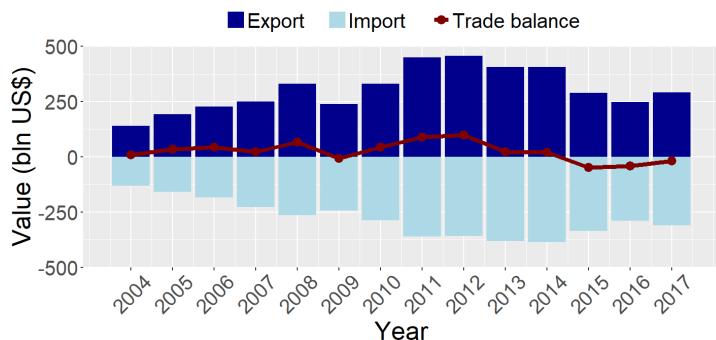
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **13 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **%**
- Intra-regional trade was **7.5 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was manufactured goods, and accounted for **23.8 %** of total exports.
- Trade deficit decreased from 2 bln US\$ to 0.4 bln US\$.

Sub-Saharan Africa

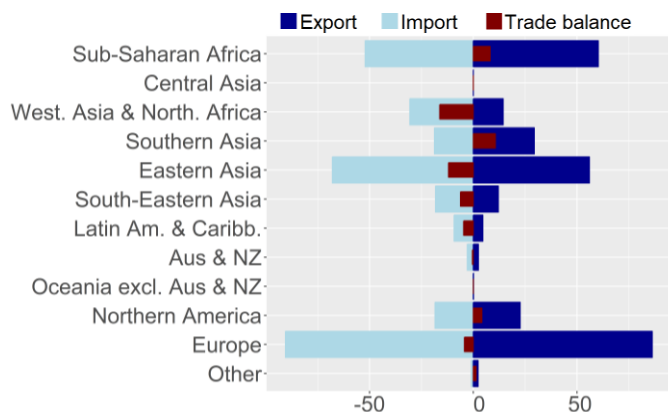
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Sub-Saharan Africa increased by 17.4 percent to reach 290.6 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 6.9 percent to reach 310 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 19.4 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 42.6 bln US\$ in 2016. Sub-Saharan Africa's internal trade represented 52.1 bln US\$, that is 20.7 percent of total exports and 16.8 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (29.7 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (19.3 percent), and Southern Asia (10.1 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (29.2 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (21.9 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (9.9 percent)

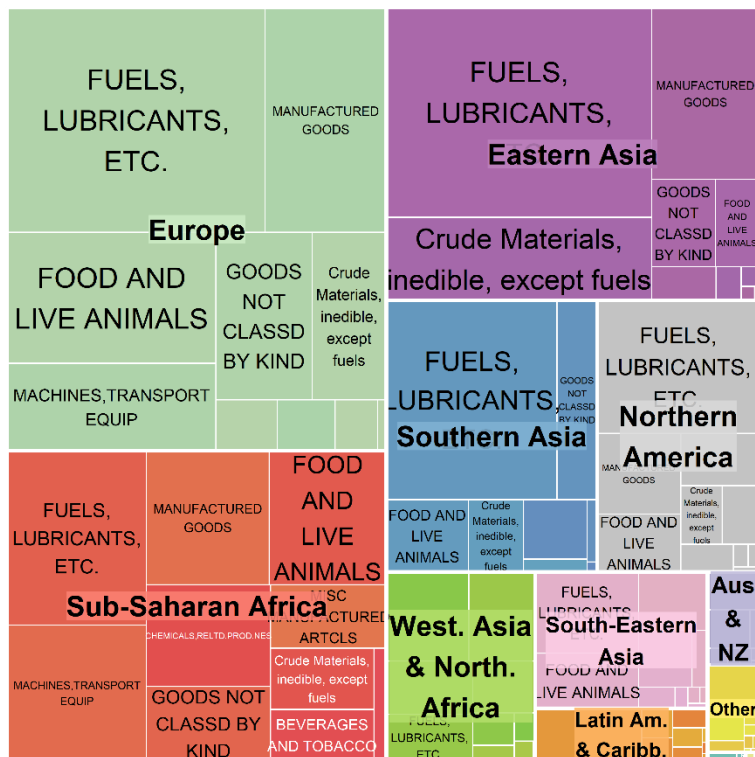
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



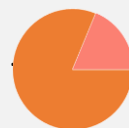
Highlights for 2017:



Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **11.7 %**



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **38.6 %**



Intra-regional trade was of total trade **18.7 %**



Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **38.2 %** of total exports.



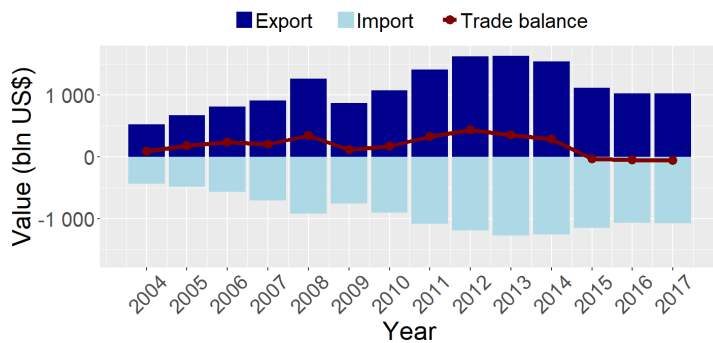
Trade deficit decreased from 42.6 bln US\$ to 19.4 bln US\$.

Western Asia and Northern Africa

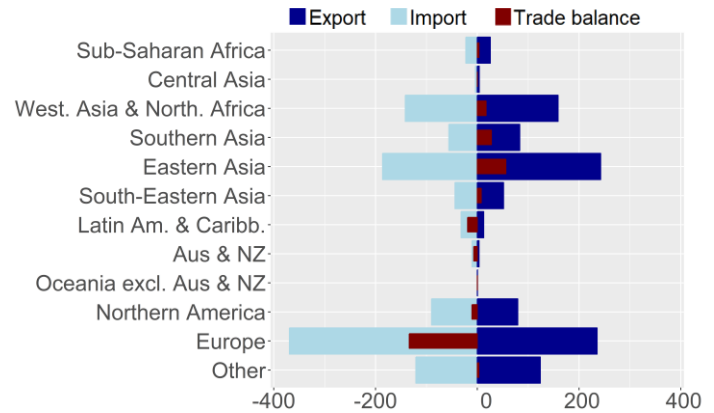
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Western Asia and Northern Africa increased by 0.1 percent to reach 1021.5 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 0.7 percent to reach 1076.3 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 54.9 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 47.9 bln US\$ in 2016, representing an increase of 14.4 percent over 2016. Western Asia and Northern Africa's internal trade represented 141.6 bln US\$, that is 15.5 percent of total exports and 13.2 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (23.7 percent of total exports), Europe (23.1 percent), and Other (12.1 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (34.3 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (17.3 percent), and Other (11.2 percent).

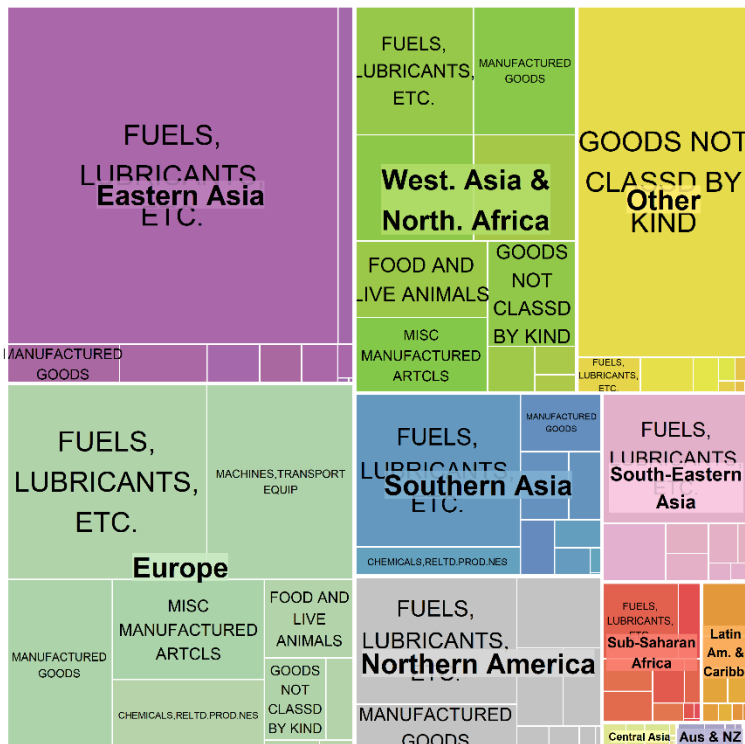
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:



Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **0.4 %**



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **55.9 %**



Intra-regional trade was **14.3 %** of total trade.



Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **44.1 %** of total exports.



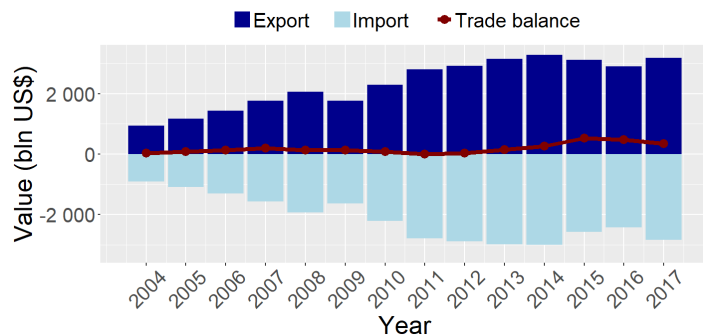
Trade deficit increased by **14.4 %**

Asia-Pacific Trade Agreement (APTA)

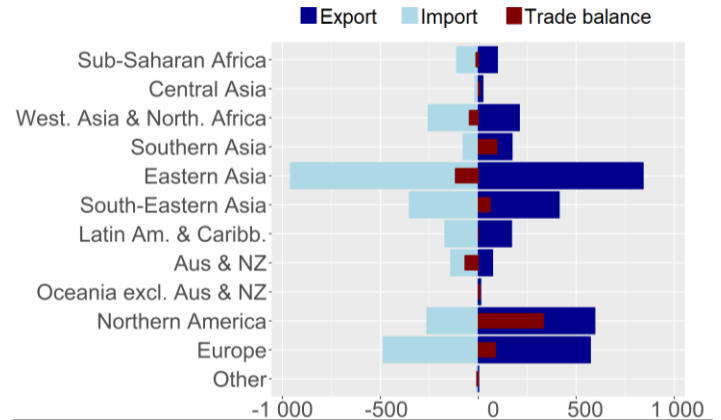
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of APTA increased by 9.6 percent to reach 3183.4 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 17.2 percent to reach 2844.5 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 338.9 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 476 bln US\$ in 2016. APTA's internal trade represented 556.4 bln US\$, that is 12.2 percent of total exports and 19.6 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (26.4 percent of total exports), Northern America (18.7 percent), and Europe (18 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (33.7 percent of total imports), Europe (17.1 percent), and South-Eastern Asia (12.4 percent).

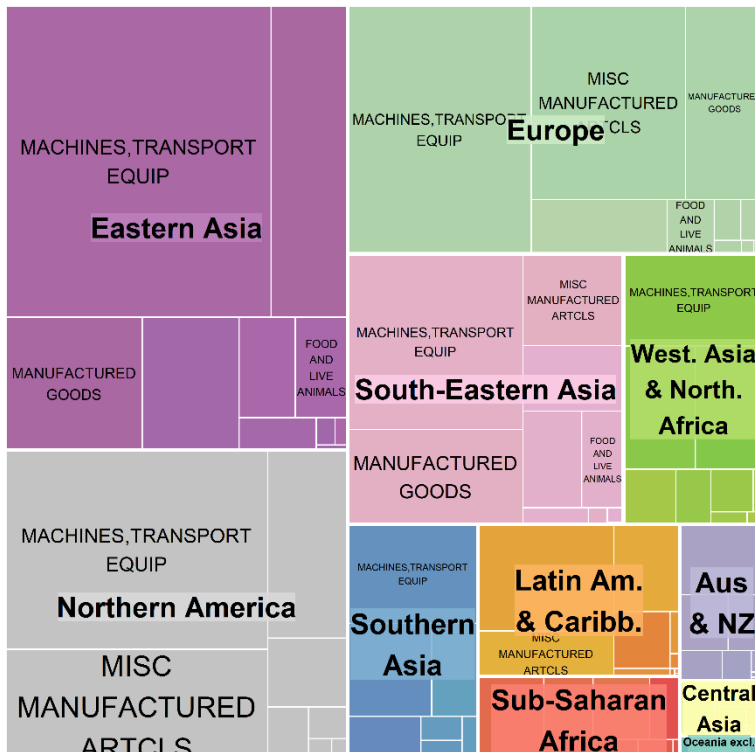
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



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Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

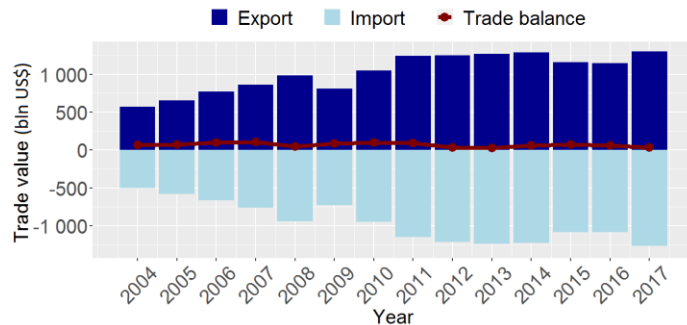
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **13.1 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **36.6 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **15.7 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **46.4 %** of total exports.
- Trade surplus decreased from 476 bln US\$ to 338.9 bln US\$

Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN)

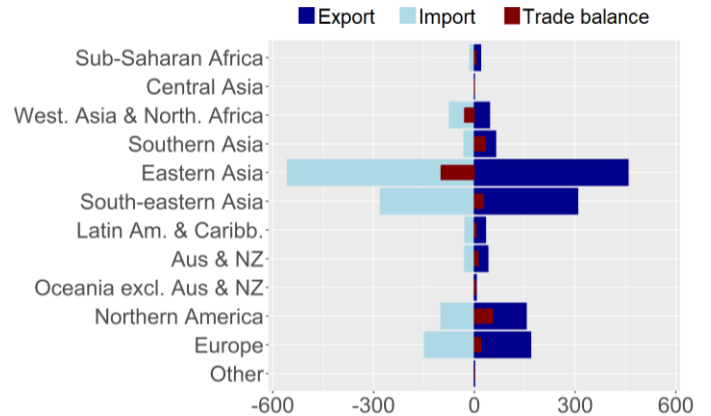
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of ASEAN increased by 13.2 percent to reach 1299.8 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 16.3 percent to reach 1265.2 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 34.7 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 60.8 bln US\$ in 2016. ASEAN's internal trade represented 279.9 bln US\$, that is 23.7 percent of total exports and 22.1 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (35.2 percent of total exports), South-Eastern Asia (23.7 percent), and Europe (12.9 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (44 percent of total imports), South-Eastern Asia (22.1 percent), and Europe (11.8 percent).

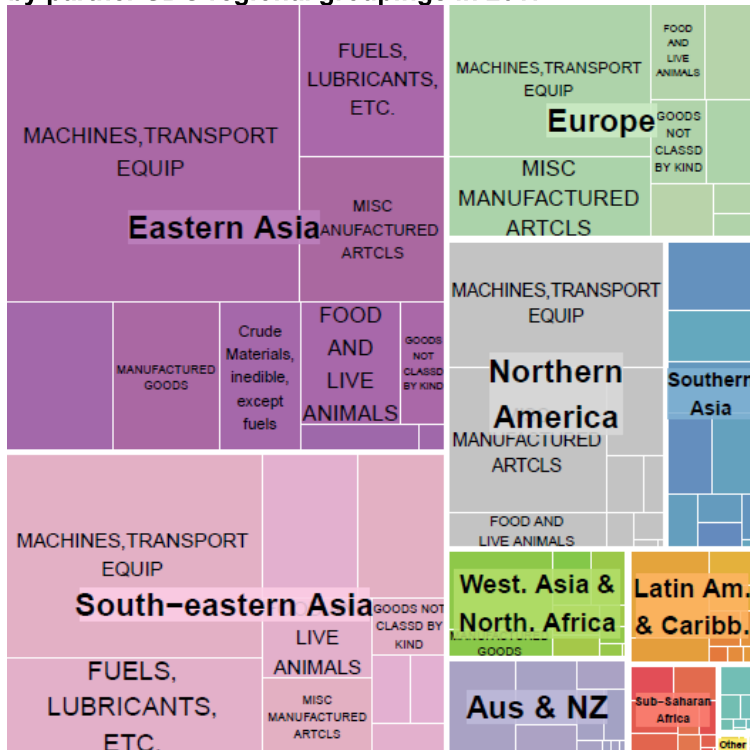
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

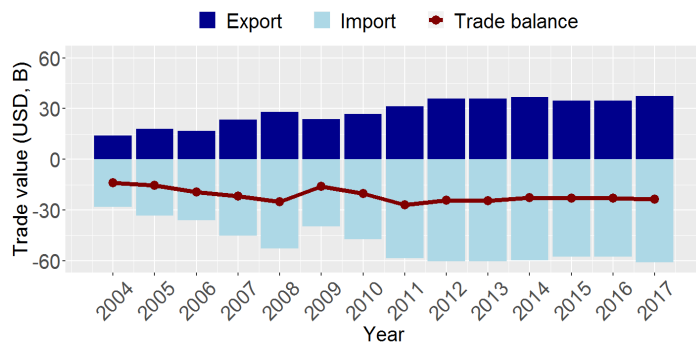
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **14.7 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **92.8 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **22.9 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **42.5 %** of total exports.
- Trade surplus decreased from 60.8 bln US\$ to 34.7 bln US\$.

Central American Common Market (CACM)

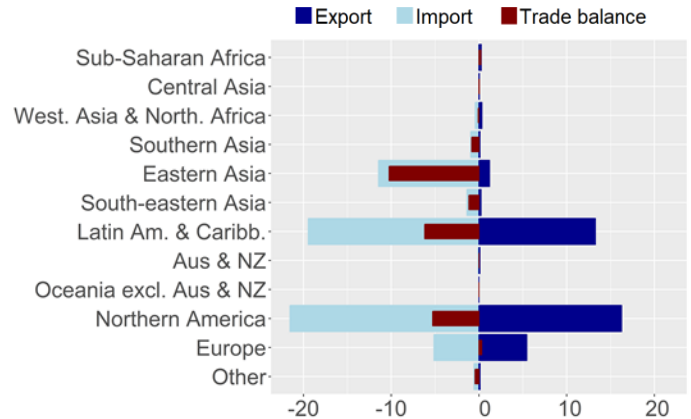
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of CACM increased by 8.1 percent to reach 37.4 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 6.1 percent to reach 61 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 23.6 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 22.9 bln US\$ in 2016, representing an increase of 3 percent over 2016. CACM's internal trade represented 8.5 bln US\$, that is 23.6 percent of total exports and 13.9 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (43.5 percent of total exports), Latin America and the Caribbean (35.5 percent), and Europe (14.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (35.3 percent of total imports), Latin America and the Caribbean (31.9 percent), and Eastern Asia (18.8 percent).

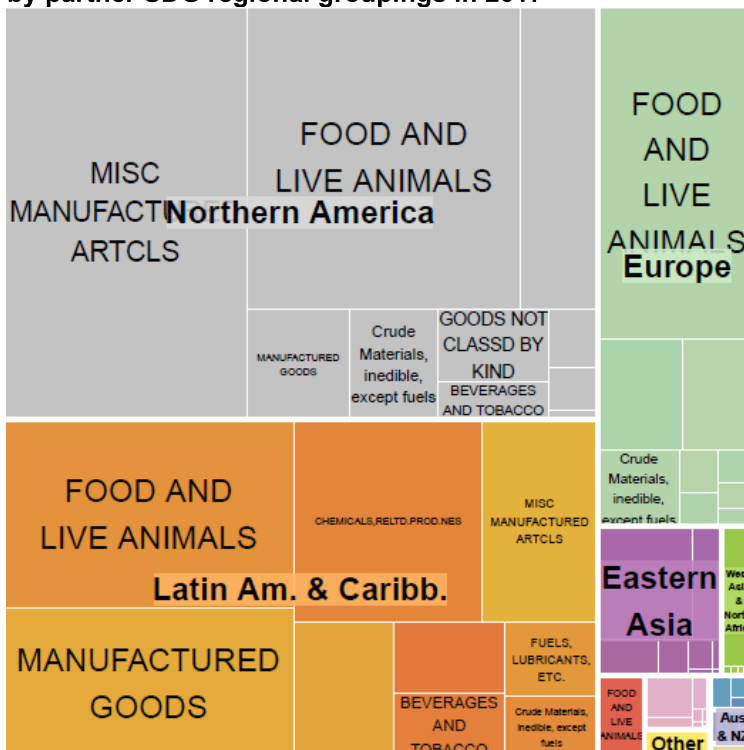
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:



Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **6.8 %**



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **92.8 %**



Intra-regional trade was **17.6 %** of total trade.



Top export category was food and live animals, and accounted for **39.1 %** of total exports.



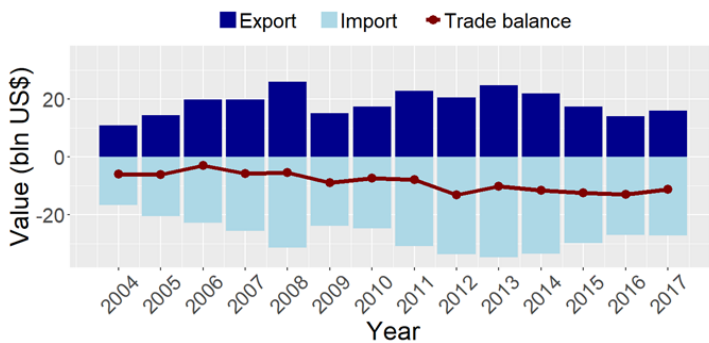
Trade deficit increased by **3 %**

Caribbean Community and Common Market (CARICOM)

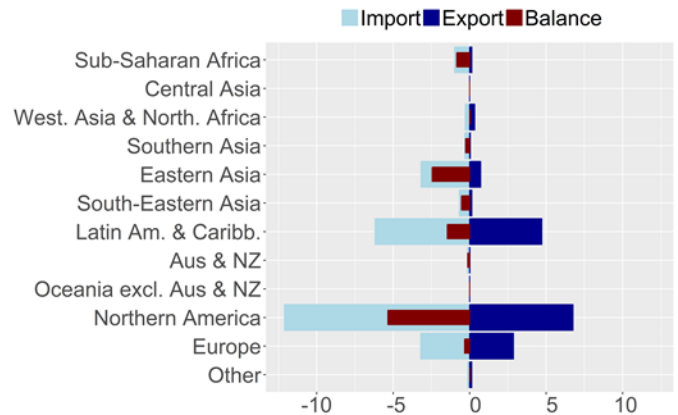
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of CARICOM increased by 13.6 percent to reach 15.9 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 0.8 percent to reach 27.2 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 11.3 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 13 bln US\$ in 2016, representing a decrease of 13 percent over 2016. CARICOM's internal trade represented 2.3 bln US\$, that is 12.2 percent of total exports and 8.5 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (42.5 percent of total exports), Latin America and the Caribbean (29.7 percent), and Europe (18 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (44.5 percent of total imports), Latin America and the Caribbean (22.7 percent), and Europe (11.7 percent).

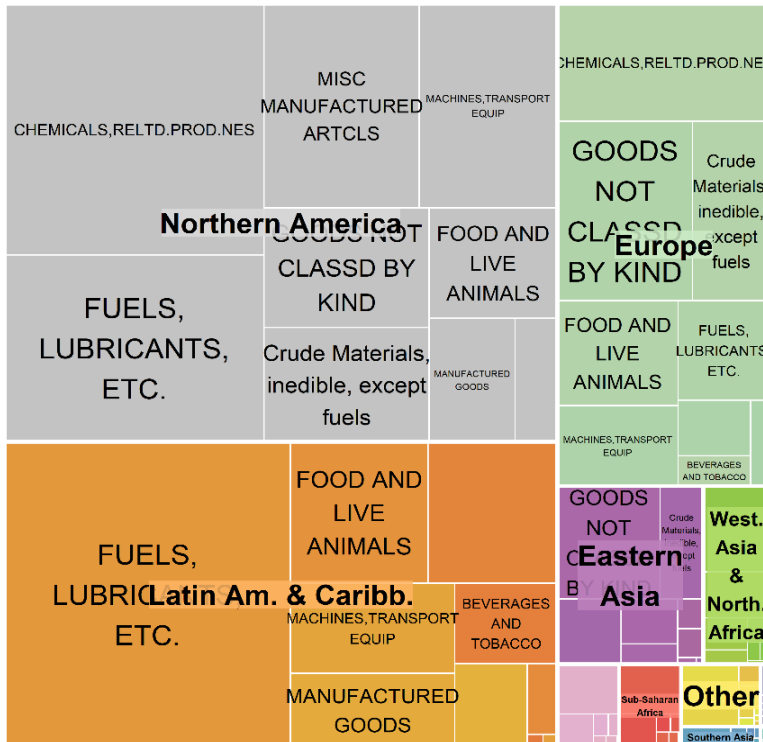
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)




Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)





Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017





Highlights for 2017:

- 

Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **5.2 %**
- 

Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **54.7 %**
- 

Intra-regional trade was **9.9 %** of total trade.
- 

Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **27.9 %** of total exports.
- 

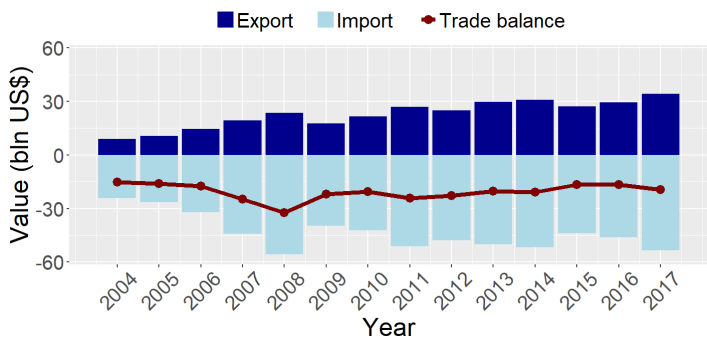
Trade deficit decreased by **13 %**

Central European Free Trade Agreement (CEFTA)

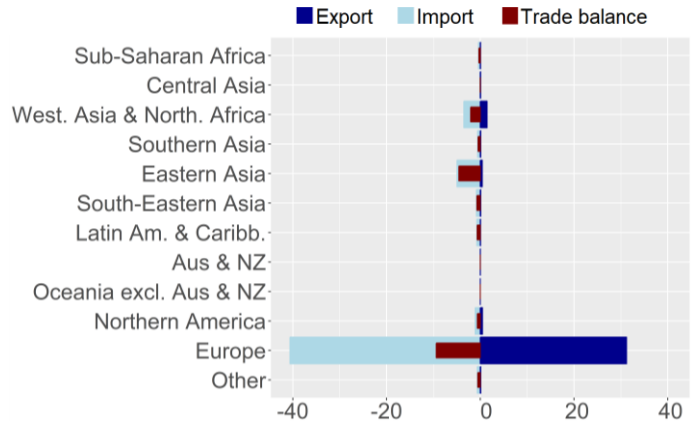
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of CEFTA increased by 16.3 percent to reach 34.1 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 16 percent to reach 53.5 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 19.4 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 16.8 bln US\$ in 2016, representing an increase of 15.6 percent over 2016. CEFTA's internal trade represented 4.1 bln US\$, that is 15 percent of total exports and 7.6 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (91.5 percent of total exports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (4.3 percent), and Northern America (1.4 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (75.9 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (9.3 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (6.6 percent).

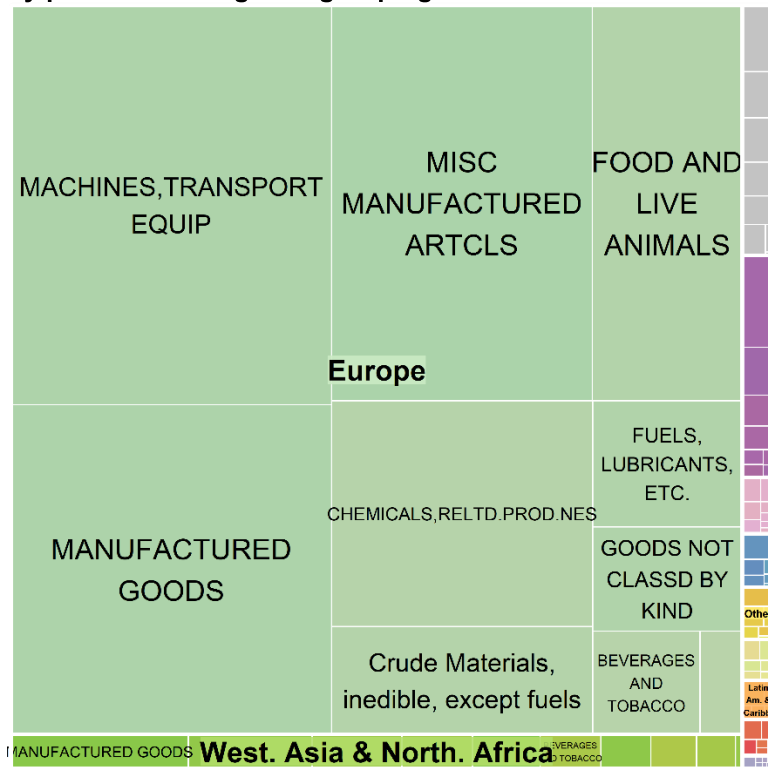
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **16.1 %**

Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **90.2 %**

Intra-regional trade was **10.5 %** of total trade.

Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, **23 %** of total exports.

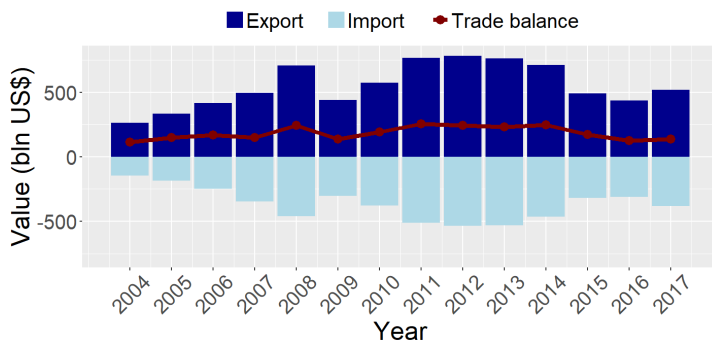
Trade deficit increased by **15.6 %**

Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)

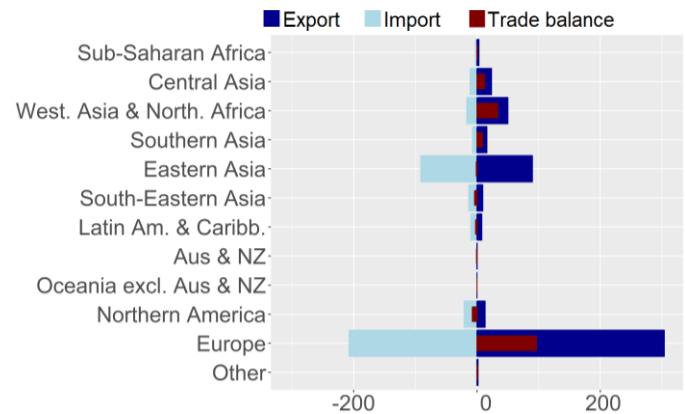
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of CIS increased by 18.7 percent to reach 519.2 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 22.5 percent to reach 381.7 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 137.6 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 125.9 bln US\$ in 2016, representing an increase of 9.3 percent over 2016. CIS's internal trade represented 83 bln US\$, that is 17.4 percent of total exports and 21.7 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (58.5 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (17.3 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (9.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (54.3 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (23.9 percent), and Northern America (5.4 percent).

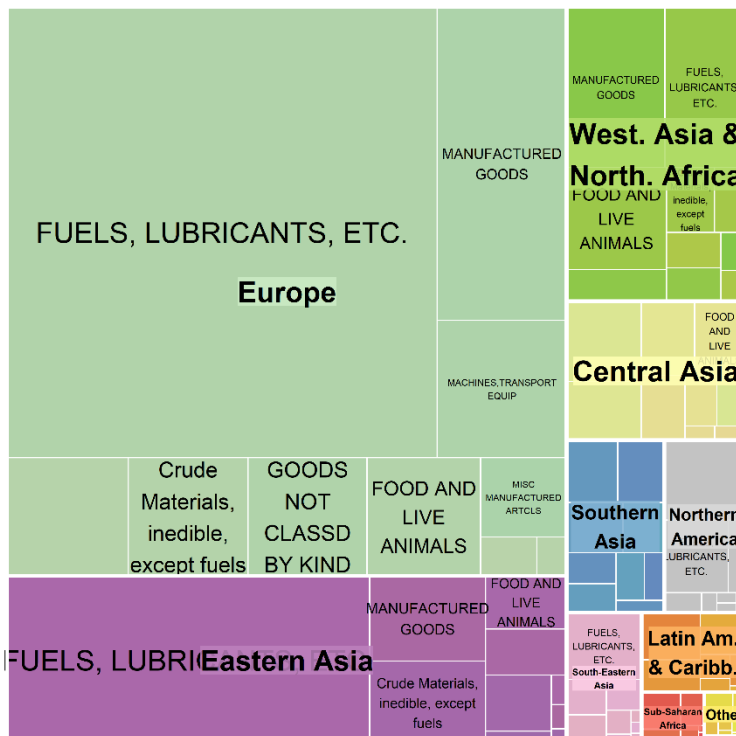
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

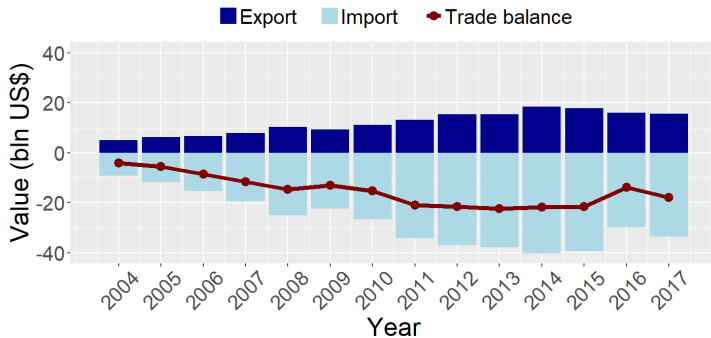
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **20.3 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **43.6 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **19.3 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **53.5 %** of total exports.
- Trade surplus increased by **9.3 %**

East African Community (EAC)

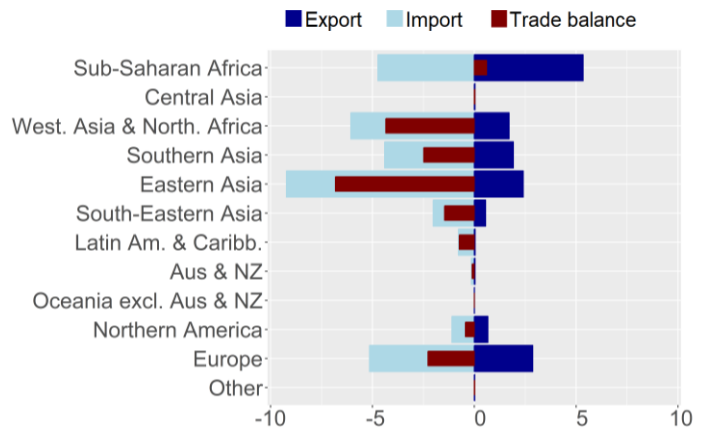
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of EAC decreased by 2.6 percent to reach 15.6 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 12.2 percent to reach 33.6 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 18 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 13.9 bln US\$ in 2016. EAC's internal trade represented 2.7 bln US\$, that is 19.6 percent of total exports and 8.1 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Sub-Saharan Africa (34.2 percent of total exports), Europe (18.4 percent), and Eastern Asia (15.4 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (27.4 percent of total imports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (18 percent), and Europe (15.3 percent).

Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)




Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)





Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017





Highlights for 2017:

- 

Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **7 %**
- 

Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **28.3 %**
- 

Intra-regional trade was **11.7 %** of total trade.
- 

Top export category was food and live animals, and accounted for **36.7 %** of total exports.
- 

Trade deficit increased from 13.9 bln US to 18 bln US\$.

Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS)

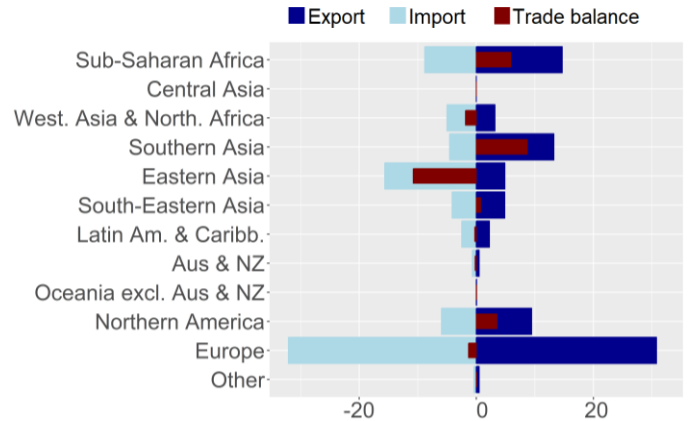
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of ECOWAS increased by 24.8 percent to reach 84.3 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 2 percent to reach 79.8 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 4.5 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 10.7 bln US\$ in 2016. ECOWAS's internal trade represented 6.7 bln US\$, that is 11.2 percent of total exports and 8.3 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (36.5 percent of total exports), Sub-Saharan Africa (17.4 percent), and Southern Asia (15.7 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (40.2 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (19.6 percent), and Sub-Saharan Africa (11 percent).

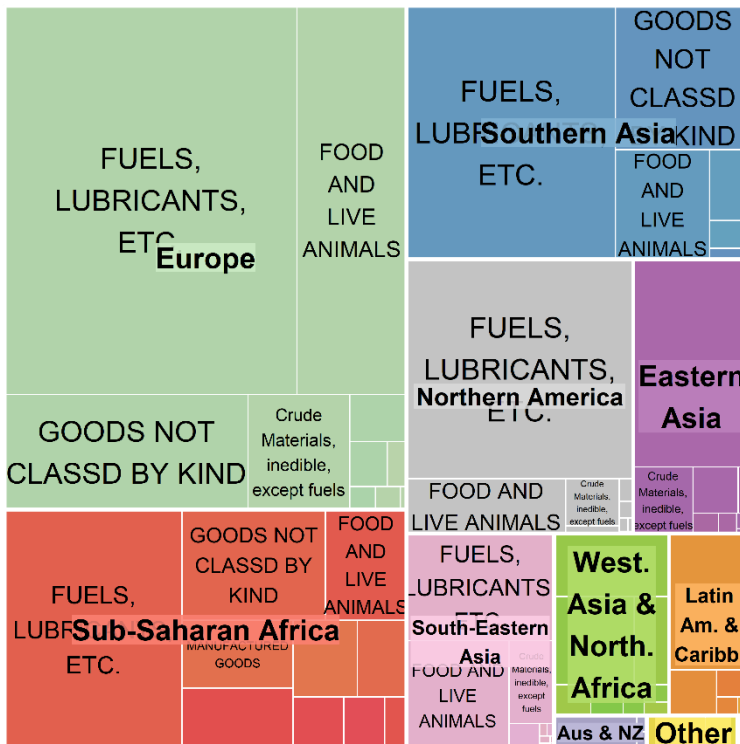
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Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



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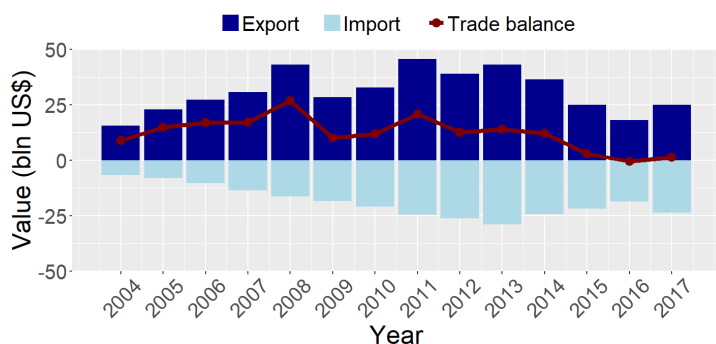
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **12.6 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **29.5 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **9.8 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **58.6 %** of total exports.
- Trade surplus decreased from 10.7 bln US\$ to 4.5 bln US\$.

Economic and Monetary Community of Central Africa (EMCCA)

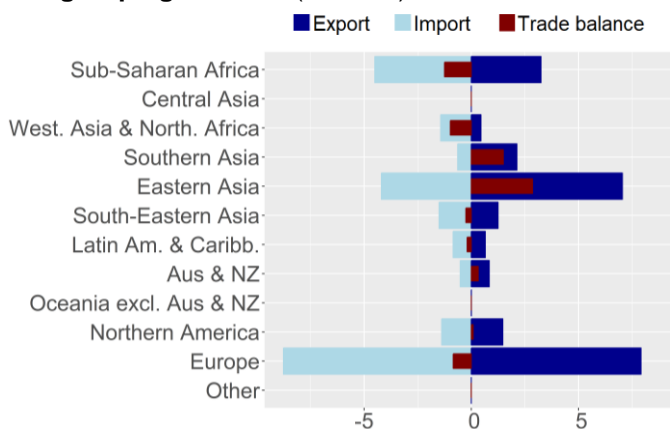
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of EMCCA increased by 37.4 percent to reach 25 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 27.5 percent to reach 23.8 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 1.2 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 0.5 bln US\$ in 2016. EMCCA's internal trade represented 1.3 bln US\$, that is 5.4 percent of total exports and 5.6 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (31.7 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (28.2 percent), and Sub-Saharan Africa (13 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (36.9 percent of total imports), Sub-Saharan Africa (18.9 percent), and Eastern Asia (17.6 percent).

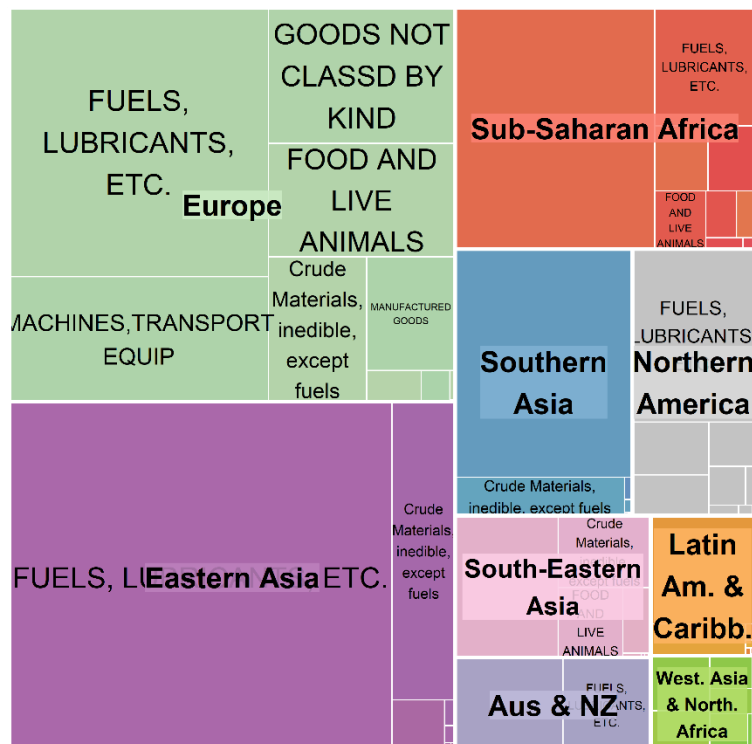
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Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



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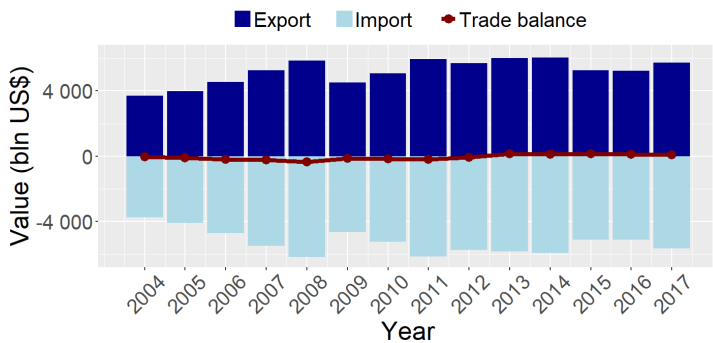
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **32.4 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **57 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **5.5 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **56.3%** of total exports.
- Trade surplus increased from 0.5 bln US\$ to 1.2 bln US\$

European Union 28 (EU-28)

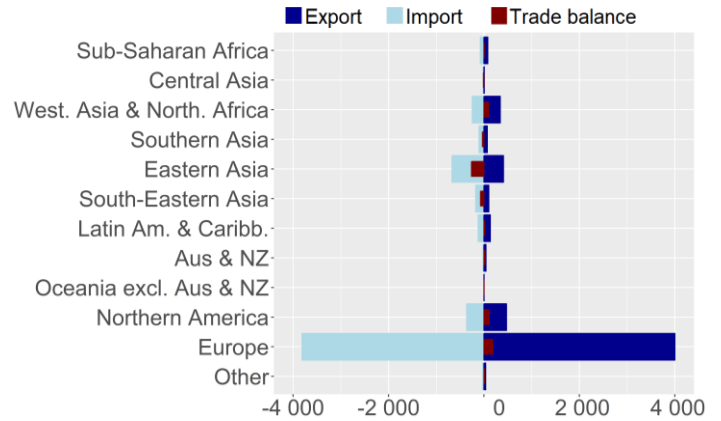
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of EU-28 increased by 9.5 percent to reach 5713.7 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 10.3 percent to reach 5633.5 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 80.2 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 108.6 bln US\$ in 2016. EU-28's internal trade represented 3365.1 bln US\$, that is 62.9 percent of total exports and 59.7 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (70 percent of total exports), Northern America (8.3 percent), and Eastern Asia (7.2 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (67.7 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (11.9 percent), and Northern America (6.4 percent).

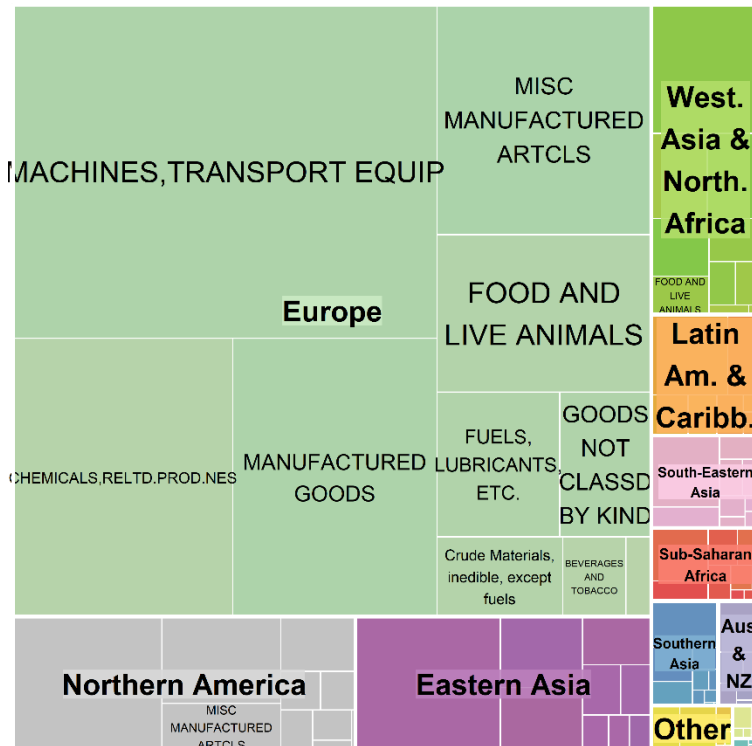
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Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



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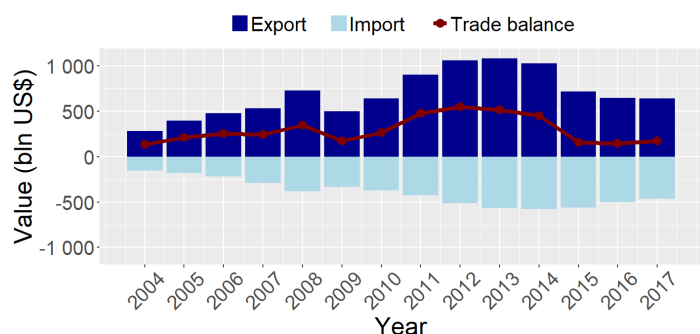
- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **9.9 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **65.7 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **61.3 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **38.8 %** of total exports.
- Trade surplus decreased from 108.6 bln US\$ to 80.2 bln US\$.

The Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf (GCC)

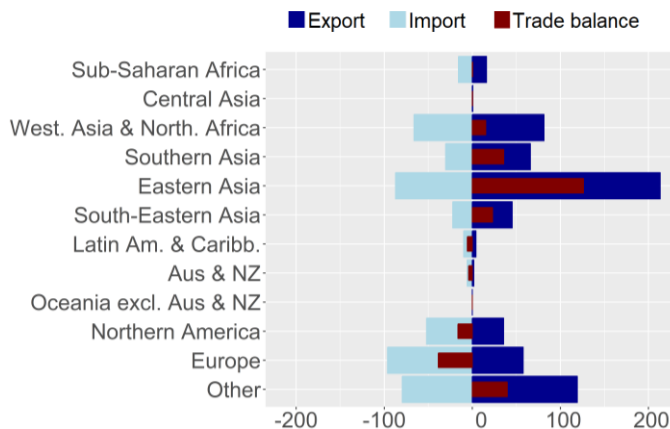
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of GCC decreased by 0.9 percent to reach 641 bln US\$, while its imports decreased by 7.2 percent to reach 465.2 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 175.7 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 145.6 bln US\$ in 2016. GCC's internal trade represented 43.1 bln US\$, that is 7.7 percent of total exports and 9.3 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (33.3 percent of total exports), Other (18.6 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (12.7 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (20.7 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (18.7 percent), and Other (17.1 percent).

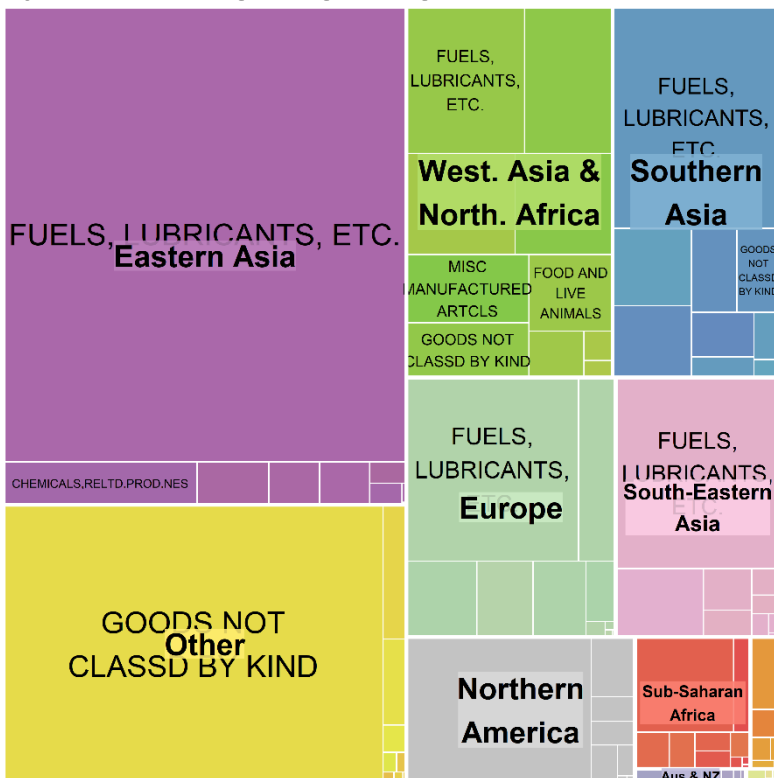
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

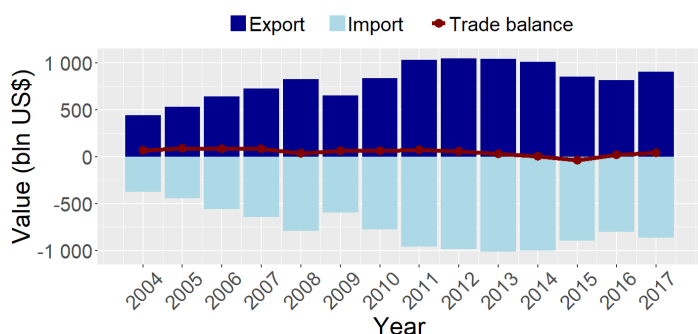
-  Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **3.7 %**
-  Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **75.6 %**
-  Intra-regional trade was **8.4 %** of total trade.
-  Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **56.9 %** of total exports.
-  Trade surplus increased from 145.6 bln US\$ to 175.7 bln US\$.

Latin American Integration Association (LAIA)

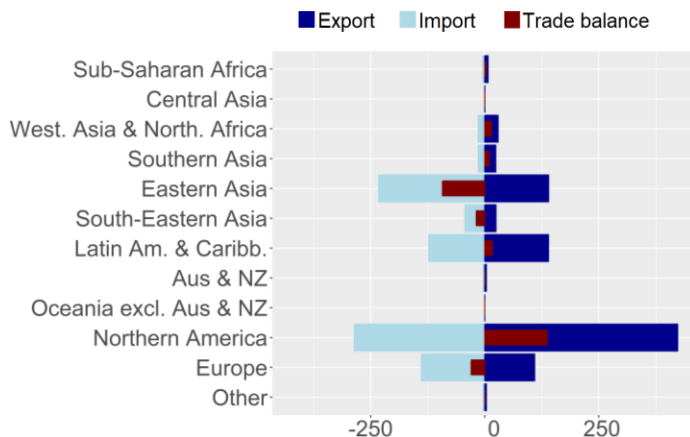
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of LAIA increased by 10.6 percent to reach 905.3 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 8.1 percent to reach 864.9 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 40.4 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 18.3 bln US\$ in 2016. LAIA's internal trade represented 117.9 bln US\$, that is 13.4 percent of total exports and 13.6 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (46.7 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (15.5 percent), and Latin America and the Caribbean (15.5 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (33.1 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (26.9 percent), and Europe (16.1 percent).

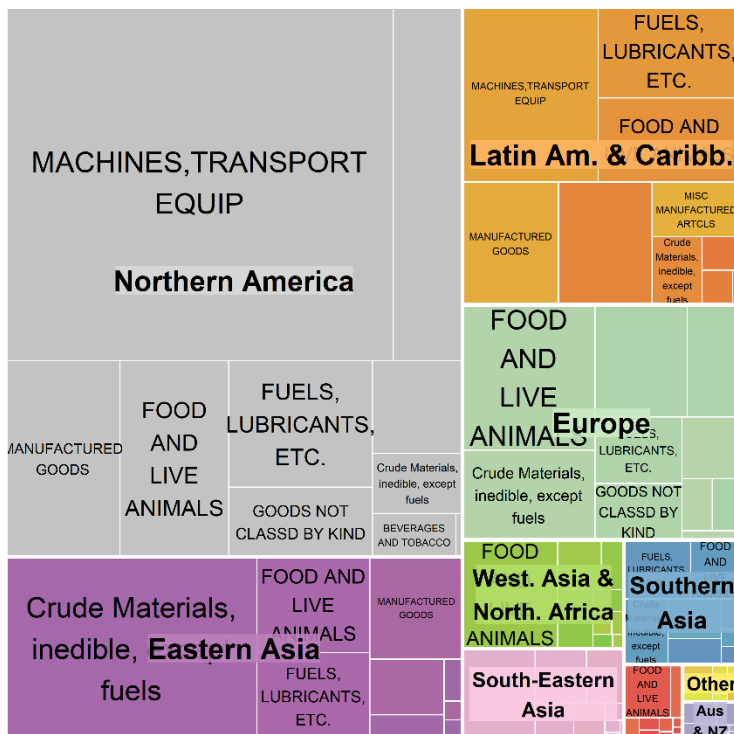
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

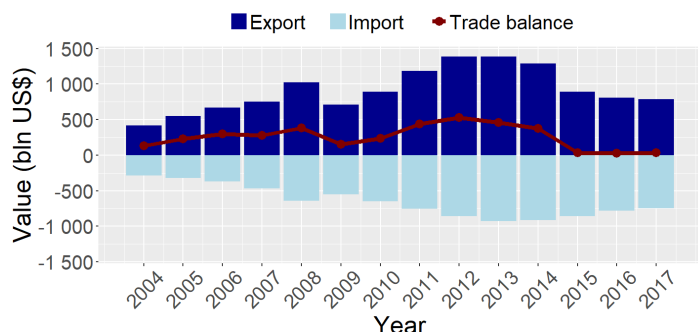


League of Arab States (LAS)

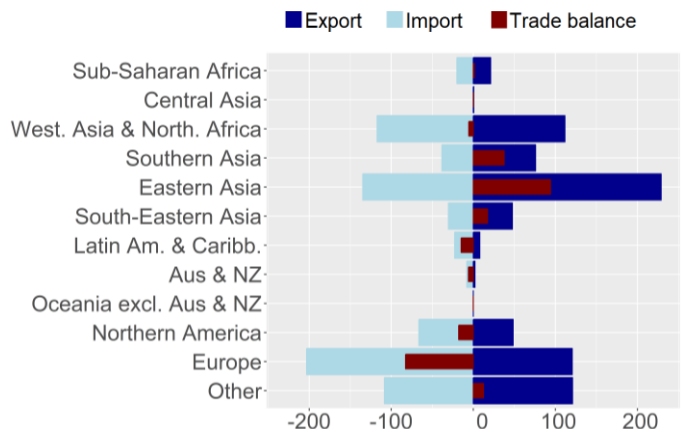
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of LAS decreased by 2.7 percent to reach 786.3 bln US\$, while its imports decreased by 4.3 percent to reach 749.7 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 36.6 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 24.5 bln US\$ in 2016. LAS's internal trade represented 91.5 bln US\$, that is 13 percent of total exports and 12.2 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (29.1 percent of total exports), Other (15.4 percent), and Europe (15.3 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (27.1 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (18 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (15.6 percent).

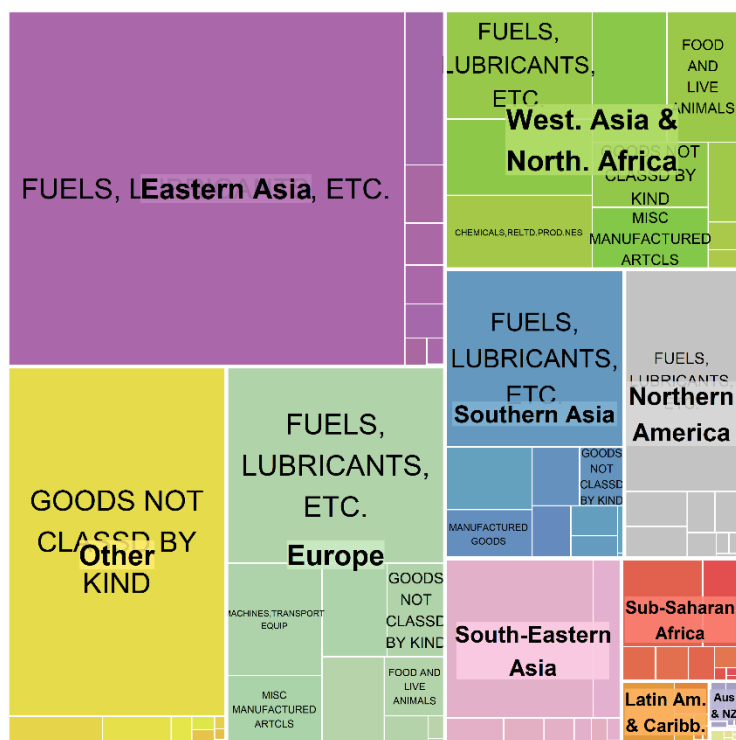
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:



Total trade decreased by (year-on-year)
3.5 %



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was
62.0 %



Intra-regional trade was
12.6 % of total trade.



Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for
55.2 % of total exports.



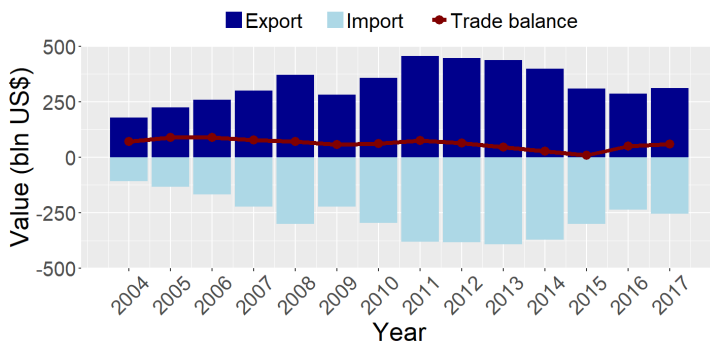
Trade surplus increased from 24.5 bln US\$ to 36.6 bln US\$.

Mercado Común del Sur (MERCOSUR)

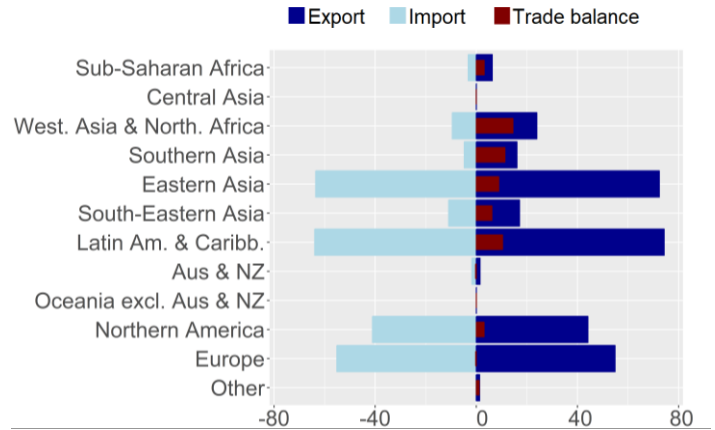
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of MERCOSUR increased by 9.2 percent to reach 312.1 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 7.4 percent to reach 254.1 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 58.1 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 49.1 bln US\$ in 2016, representing an increase of 18.2 percent over 2016. MERCOSUR's internal trade represented 44.7 bln US\$, that is 14.8 percent of total exports and 17.6 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Latin America and the Caribbean (23.8 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (23.2 percent), and Europe (17.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Latin America and the Caribbean (25.2 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (25 percent), and Europe (21.7 percent).

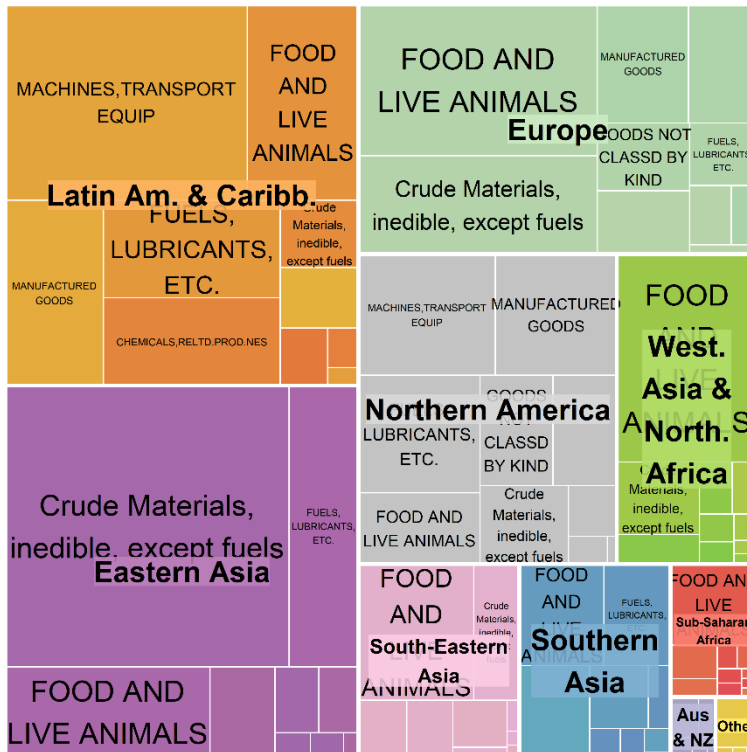
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

- 

Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **8.4 %**
- 

Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **18.4 %**
- 

Intra-regional trade was **16 %** of total trade.
- 

Top export category was food and live animals, and accounted for **26.5 %** of total exports.
- 

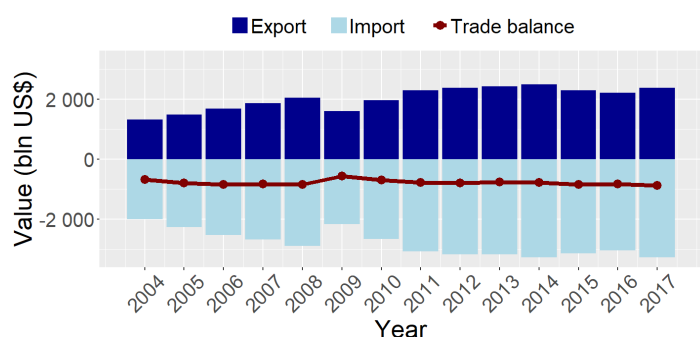
Trade surplus increased by **18.2 %**

Northern American Free Trade Area (NAFTA)

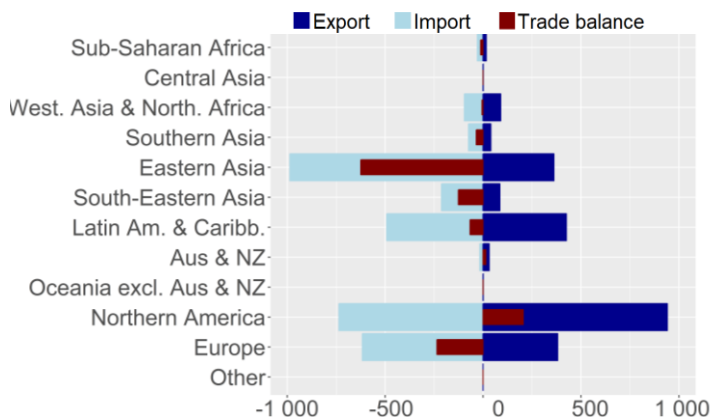
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of NAFTA increased by 7.3 percent to reach 2375.7 bln US\$, while its imports also increased by 7.3 percent to reach 3260.2 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 884.5 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a deficit of 824.8 bln US\$ in 2016, representing an increase of 7.2 percent over 2016. NAFTA's internal trade represented 1080.3 bln US\$, that is 50.1 percent of total exports and 33.1 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (39.6 percent of total exports), Latin America and the Caribbean (17.9 percent), and Europe (16.1 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (30.2 percent of total imports), Northern America (22.6 percent), and Europe (18.9 percent).

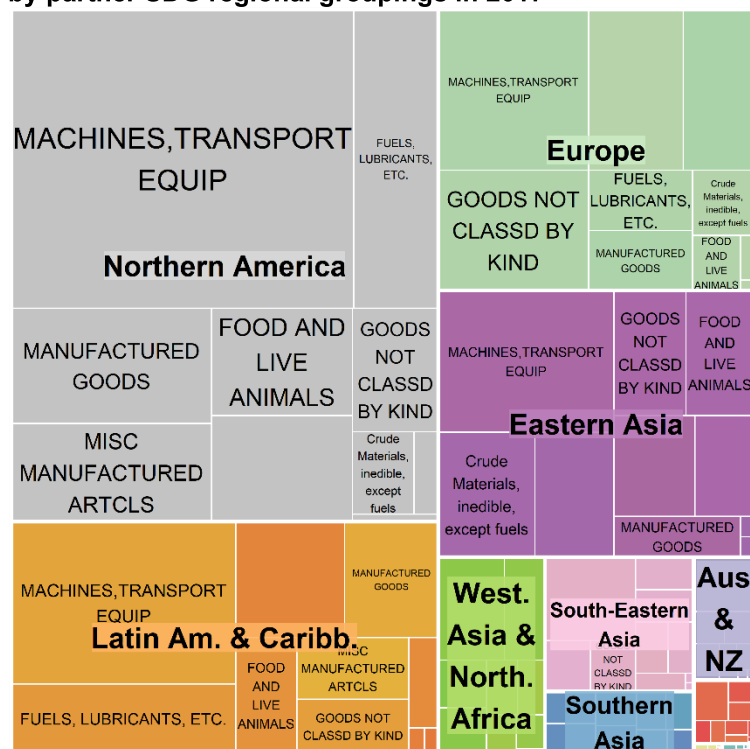
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Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

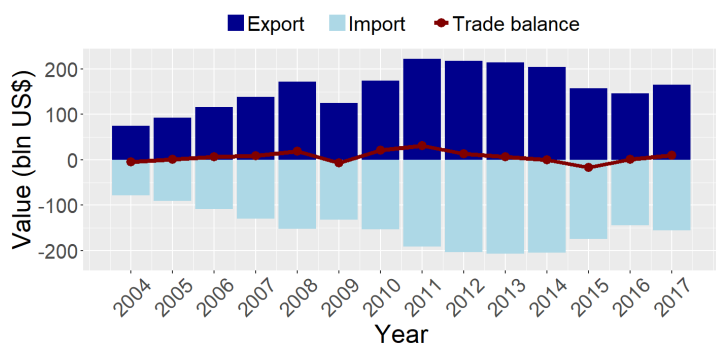
-  Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **7.3 %**
-  Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **25.4 %**
-  Intra-regional trade was **40.3 %** of total trade.
-  Top export category was machinery and transport equipment, and accounted for **37.9 %** of total exports.
-  Trade deficit increased by **7.2 %**

Southern African Development Community (SADC)

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of SADC increased by 13.2 percent to reach 165.3 bln US\$, while its imports increased by 7.4 percent to reach 155.3 bln US\$. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 10 bln US\$ in 2017 as compared to a surplus of 1.4 bln US\$ in 2016. SADC's internal trade represented 30.7 bln US\$, that is 20.8 percent of total exports and 19.8 percent of total imports. In terms of trade with SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (26.6 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (24.7 percent), and Sub-Saharan Africa (23.1 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (26 percent of total imports), Sub-Saharan Africa (22.1 percent), and Eastern Asia (21.2 percent).

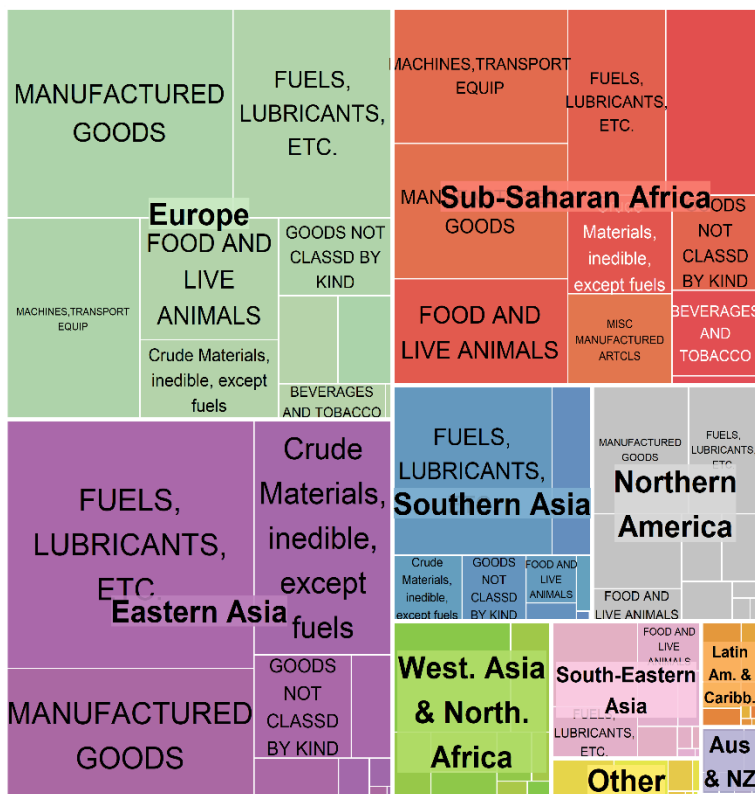
Graph 1: Trade balance, 2004-2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2017 (bln US\$)



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2017



Highlights for 2017:

- Total trade increased by (year-on-year) **10.4 %**
- Total trade-to-GDP percentage was **45.8 %**
- Intra-regional trade was **20.3 %** of total trade.
- Top export category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, and accounted for **27.2 %** of total exports.
- Trade surplus increased from 1.4 bln US\$ to 10 bln US\$.

2017
INTERNATIONAL TRADE
STATISTICS YEARBOOK

VOLUME I
TRADE BY COUNTRY

PART 2
COUNTRY TRADE PROFILES

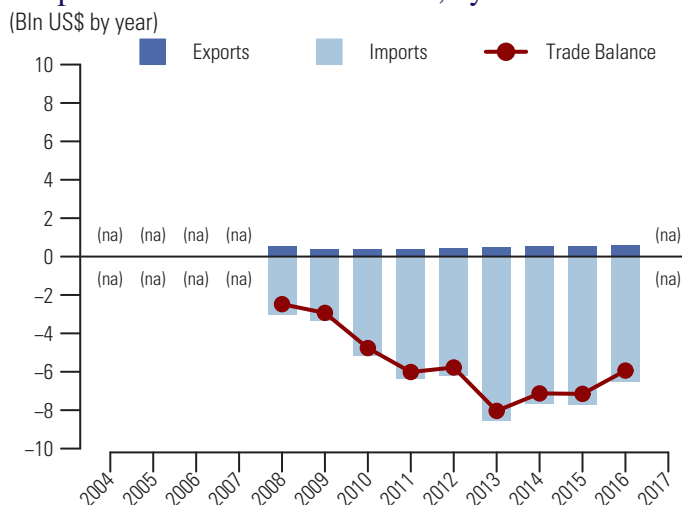
170 Countries (or areas)

European Union

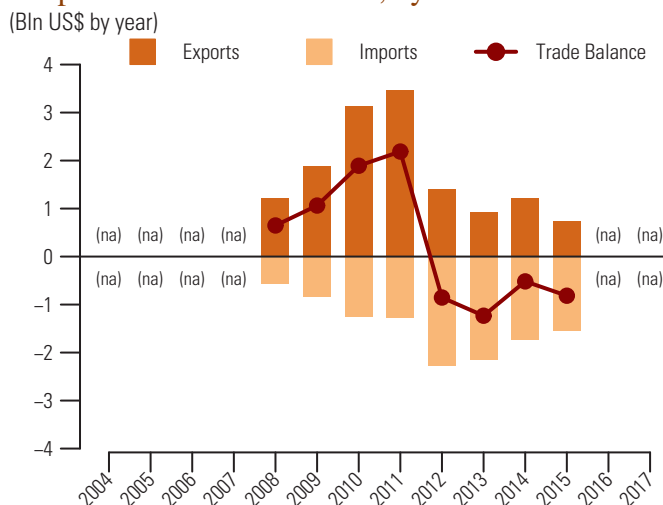
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Afghanistan increased slightly by 4.4 percent to reach 596.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 15.4 percent to reach 6.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 5.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at -2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Afghanistan were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Afghanistan decreased substantially by 40.3 percent, reaching 730.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 11.2 percent and reached 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 815.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 50.4, 24.0 and 19.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Pakistan, India and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 40.2, 33.3 and 13.4 percent of total exports. "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 189.5 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 121.6 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 112.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2015)

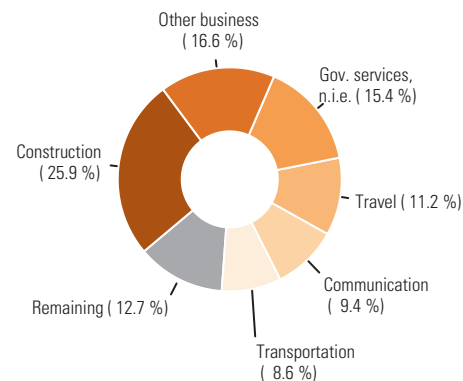


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
	All Commodities.....	570.5	571.4	596.5					
	9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....	403.6	93.5	113.5				931	
	5701 Carpets and other textile floor coverings, knotted.....	84.0	90.2	39.0	103.5	93.9	95.7	US\$/m ²	659
	0806 Grapes, fresh or dried.....	...	86.7	96.4		2.5	0.7	US\$/kg	057
	1302 Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances.....	...	81.9	85.9					292
	0909 Seeds of anise, badian, fennel, coriander, cumin or caraway.....	70.8	27.1	24.5	3.4	3.4	4.0	US\$/kg	075
	0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried.....	...	59.3	55.9		6.6	4.2	US\$/kg	057
	1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits.....	11.9	27.0	20.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	US\$/kg	222
	0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried.....	...	24.6	33.9		3.9	4.5	US\$/kg	057
	1214 Swedes, mangolds, fodder roots, hay, lucerne (alfalfa).....	...	24.5	13.2		0.9	1.1	US\$/kg	081
	1007 Grain sorghum.....	...	...	32.9			0.2	US\$/kg	045

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	596.5	8.6	4.4	100.0
0+1	300.7	53.5	20.3	50.4
2+4	143.1	60.3	21.7	24.0
6	39.1	-14.4	-56.7	6.6
8	0.0	...	-88.0	0.0
9	113.5	-20.2	21.4	19.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

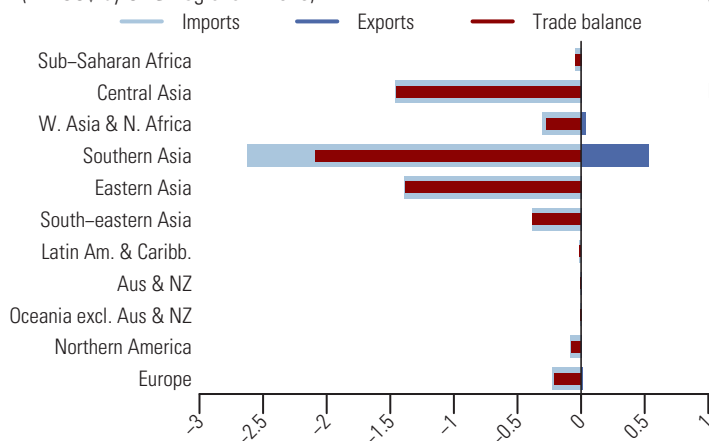
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	6534.1	1.3	-15.4	100.0
0+1	1223.0	46.5	7.4	18.7
2+4	327.2	...	-7.0	5.0
3	1008.1	-9.7	-38.5	15.4
5	97.5	19.9	2.1	1.5
6	716.3	23.2	17.3	11.0
7	360.3	149.3	68.7	5.5
8	459.3	83.3	24.2	7.0
9	2342.4	-12.6	-29.1	35.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

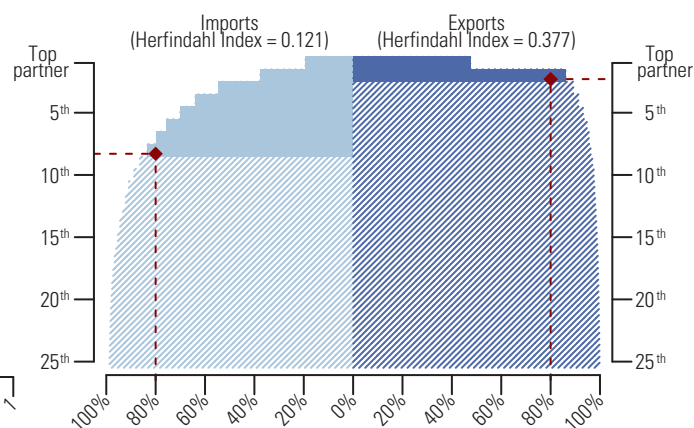
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



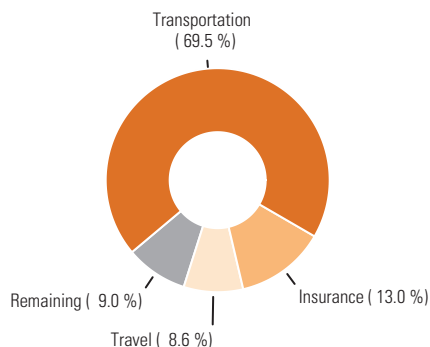
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 35.8, 18.7 and 15.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Islamic Republic of Iran, Pakistan and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 20.8, 17.6 and 15.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 200.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 132.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

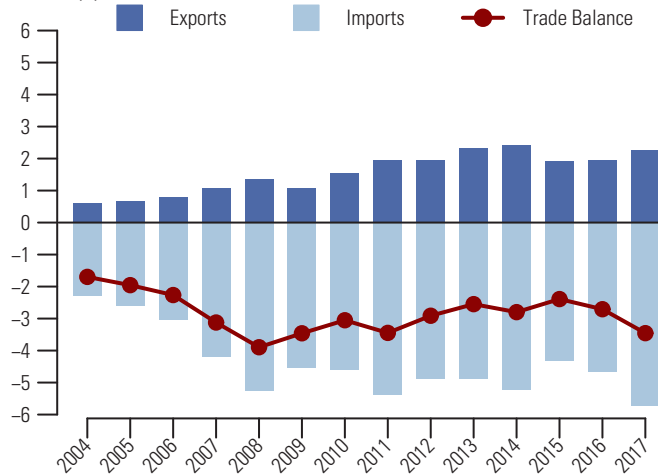
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		7697.2	7722.9	6534.1				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		4829.1	3305.2	2342.4				931
2703 Peat (including peat litter).....		1488.6	1237.1	598.2	1.6	0.8	0.6	US\$/kg 322
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		498.9	468.5	664.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 046
5808 Braids in the piece; ornamental trimmings.....		295.9	239.3	334.5	24.2	23.3	18.8	US\$/kg 656
1518 Animal or vegetable fats and oils.....		...	346.6	316.5		0.9	1.0	US\$/kg 431
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		...	334.2	296.4		0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 343
9028 Gas, liquid or electricity supply or production meters.....		...	215.6	261.0		82.3	72.6	US\$/unit 873
6801 Setts, curbstones and flagstones, of natural stone (except slate).....		160.3	174.3	137.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured.....		111.7	129.0	89.7	1.1	1.8	1.7	US\$/kg 074
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....		...	79.7	228.8		10.6	9.2	US\$/kg 728

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Albania increased substantially by 15.3 percent to reach 2.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.4 percent to reach 5.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 3.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Albania were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Albania increased substantially by 16.9 percent, reaching 2.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 6.4 percent and reached 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 536.9 mln US\$. See footnote*.

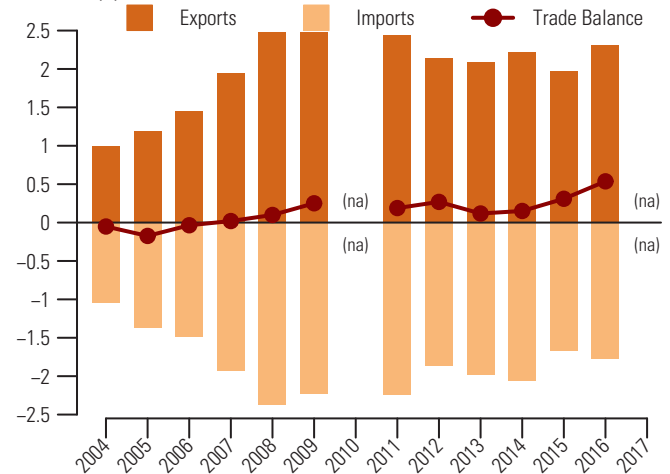
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 44.5, 28.6 and 10.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Serbia and Spain, accounting for respectively 53.4, 8.8 and 4.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 203.3 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 201.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

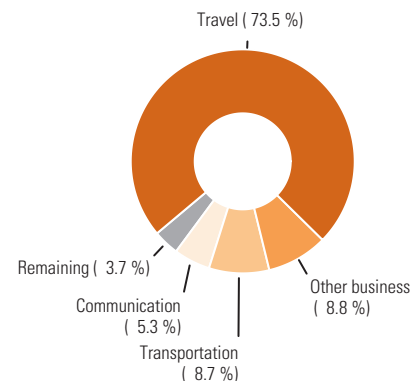


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		1929.7	1962.1	2261.6					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		444.5	59.4	925.2				931	
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		151.2	190.5	168.0	15.0	15.4	US\$/pair	851	
6406 Parts of footwear.....		137.5	164.3	180.3	21.5	24.7	US\$/kg	851	
6203 Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		90.7	115.9	131.4	10.2	10.8	US\$/unit	841	
2610 Chromium ores and concentrates.....		71.4	92.0	86.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	287
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		91.8	155.8	...	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	333	
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....		65.7	53.5	55.3	0.4	1.1	0.5	US\$/kg	676
6205 Men's or boys' shirts.....		45.8	49.8	44.2	9.3	9.9	9.9	US\$/unit	841
7202 Ferro-alloys.....		45.3	51.6	29.8	1.3	1.5	1.7	US\$/kg	671
4819 Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper.....		40.3	39.0	40.0	3.0	2.8	US\$/kg	642	

*In 2014, the reported share of non-standard HS codes was relatively high.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2261.6	-0.8	15.3	100.0
0+1	206.5	18.7	28.7	9.1
2+4	121.9	-16.7	-33.6	5.4
3	19.0	-59.7	-91.3	0.8
5	12.2	-8.7	-44.5	0.5
6	236.6	-14.7	-32.3	10.5
7	12.3	-37.0	-84.2	0.5
8	1006.2	9.2	13.2	44.5
9	646.9	310.1	974.3	28.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5717.1	4.0	22.4	100.0
0+1	748.8	-2.1	18.9	13.1
2+4	79.9	-17.7	-20.4	1.4
3	751.9	-2.7	122.1	13.2
5	465.6	-4.8	2.3	8.1
6	896.3	-4.0	4.0	15.7
7	712.2	-5.4	-17.1	12.5
8	645.8	4.6	10.8	11.3
9	1416.6	383.7	68.2	24.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

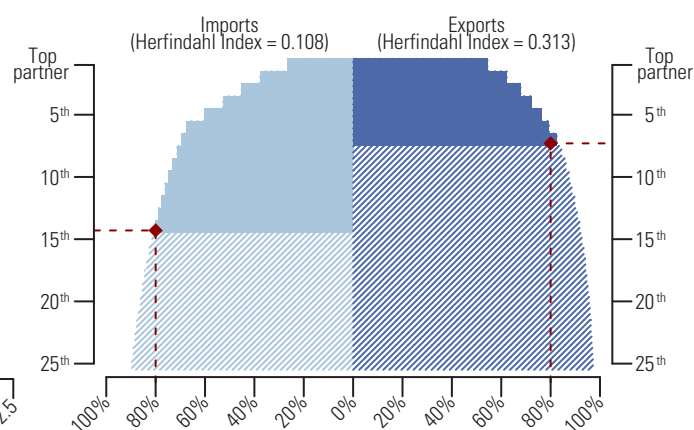
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



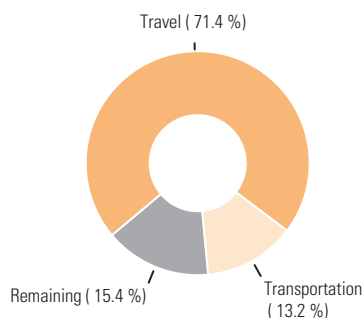
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.8, 15.7 and 13.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Italy, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 28.5, 8.1 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 234.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

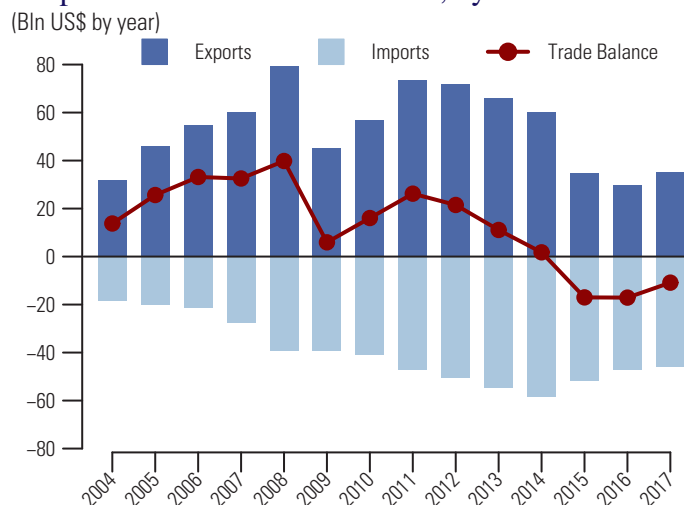
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		4320.2	4669.3	5717.1				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		630.6	842.1	1985.5				931
2716 Electrical energy.....		101.0	59.6	563.7	52.2	46.2	40.8	US\$/MWh 351
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		270.2	244.7	134.6	0.6	0.5		US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		168.3	206.1	201.2	1.4	3.2		thsd US\$/unit 781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		127.5	141.4	118.9	39.5	35.7		US\$/kg 542
4107 Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting.....		81.6	86.8	89.7	19.0	20.1		US\$/kg 611
6406 Parts of footwear.....		72.5	83.9	82.0	7.6	7.9		US\$/kg 851
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		67.1	45.1	32.8				764
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		55.7	43.0	26.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		34.2	40.8	43.9	5.6	5.6		US\$/unit 841

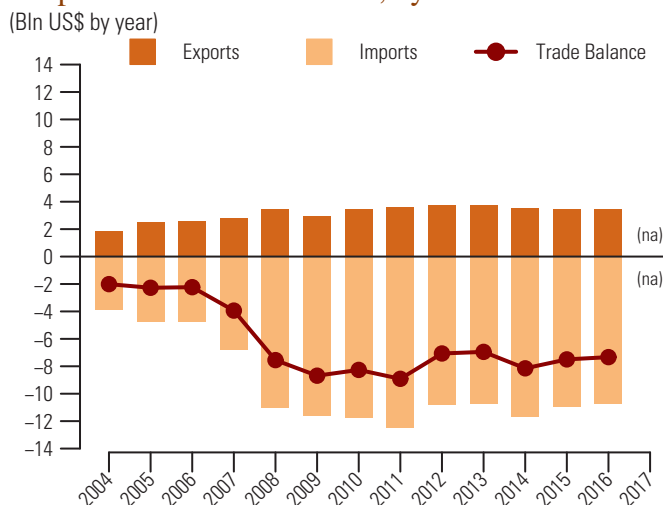
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Algeria increased substantially by 17.3 percent to reach 35.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 2.2 percent to reach 46.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 10.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -8.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Algeria were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Algeria decreased slightly by 0.6 percent, reaching 3.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.7 percent and reached 10.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 7.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 96.1, 2.2 and 1.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Spain and France, accounting for respectively 16.1, 14.2 and 12.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 672.4 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 289.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

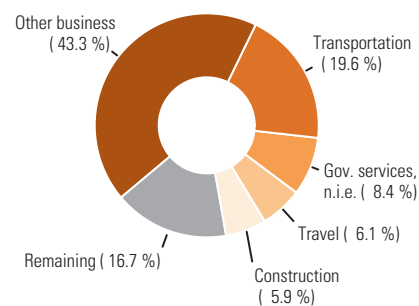


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		34796.0	29992.1	35191.1				
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		14717.8	11785.7	14074.3	0.7	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg 343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		11891.4	11332.0	12718.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		6190.2	5061.7	6451.0	0.4		0.5	US\$/kg 334
2707 Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar.....		526.8	395.6	561.2	0.7	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg 335
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		421.0	447.6	327.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 562
2814 Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution.....		478.8	322.8	342.0	0.4	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 522
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		150.4	231.1	225.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 061
2510 Natural calcium phosphates.....		95.6	71.8	55.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 272
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangoes, fresh or dried.....		34.8	37.5	52.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	US\$/kg 057
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons.....		52.2	43.3	27.5	0.8	0.6	0.8	US\$/kg 511

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	35 191.1	-14.5	17.3	100.0
0+1	339.9	-4.1	6.7	1.0
2+4	87.9	-6.1	-9.2	0.2
3	33 822.7	-15.0	18.3	96.1
5	776.8	15.0	-12.4	2.2
6	77.5	-9.5	72.9	0.2
7	81.0	54.5	50.3	0.2
8	5.3	-8.5	-2.8	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

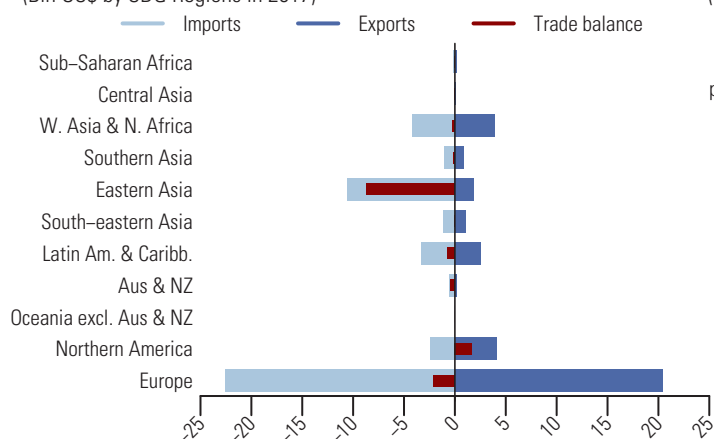
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	46 053.0	-4.3	-2.2	100.0
0+1	8 291.0	-3.1	2.3	18.0
2+4	1 631.1	-4.8	-1.3	3.5
3	1 938.0	-18.0	24.1	4.2
5	5 962.3	-1.1	-2.5	12.9
6	9 235.1	-0.7	-6.0	20.1
7	16 446.6	-5.1	-4.3	35.7
8	2 522.4	-6.1	-4.9	5.5
9	26.5	71.3	16950.4	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

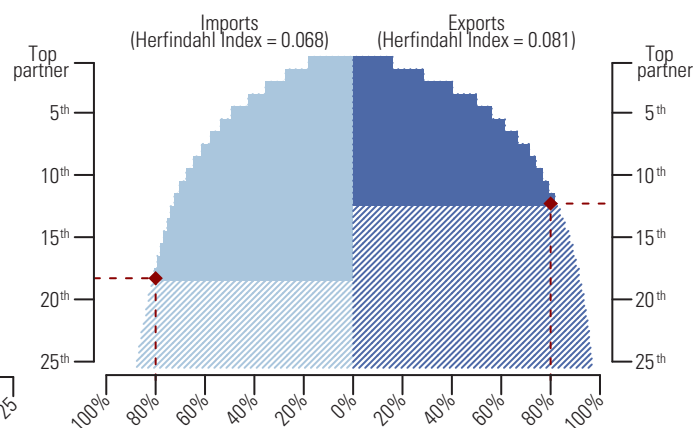
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



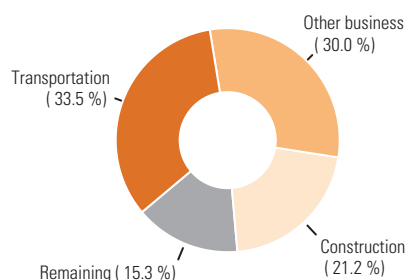
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 35.7, 20.1 and 18.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Wheat and meslin" (HS code 1001) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and Italy, accounting for respectively 17.2, 10.0 and 9.1 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 3.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.2 bln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

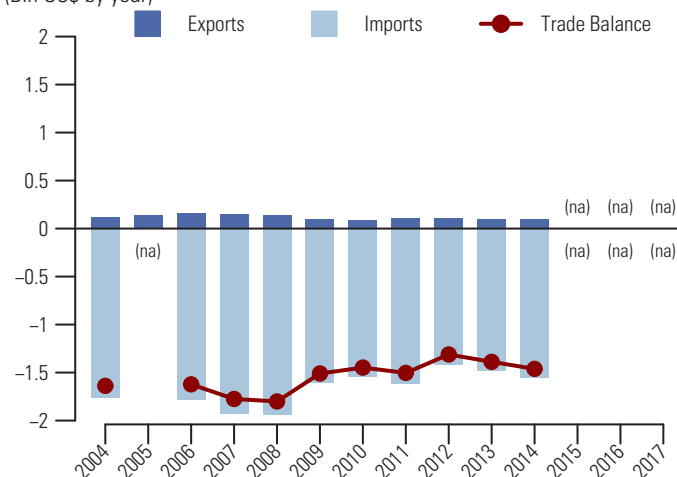
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		51 803.1	47 090.7	46 053.0				
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		2 400.3	1 790.5	1 788.7	0.3	0.2	0.2	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2 042.5	1 352.0	1 673.7	11.1	15.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 985.2	1 336.8	1 604.1	0.6		0.5	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 486.8	1 405.8	1 169.0	64.5	71.6	63.9	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 222.2	1 245.2	1 126.0				764
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		865.2	1 242.2	999.4	3.2	3.1	2.7	679
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....		1 406.6	1 133.8	551.1	0.5	0.4	0.6	676
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		1 003.5	802.9	1 239.4	2.8	2.3	2.9	022
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		746.5	895.0	934.1	2.0	2.5	2.9	691
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		1 370.0	709.4	479.9	4.4		thsd US\$/unit	782

Overview:

In 2014, the value of merchandise exports of Andorra decreased slightly by 4.2 percent to reach 94.8 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 4.6 percent to reach 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Andorra were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). No trade in services data is available.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: No Data Available

Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2014, representing respectively 42.0, 41.7 and 6.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2012 to 2014, the largest export commodity was "Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording" (HS code 8523) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, France and Norway, accounting for respectively 57.6, 17.8 and 4.6 percent of total exports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for exports.

Graph 3: No Data Available

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2012 to 2014

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014		Unit
	All Commodities.....	105.9	99.0	94.8				
8523	Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording.....	15.3	17.3	13.7				898
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	11.0	13.0	14.1	22.4	22.3	20.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
9021	Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....	7.9	8.7	11.4				899
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	6.1	5.1	2.6	1.2	5.5	5.2	thsd US\$/kg 897
9102	Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal.....	3.8	4.1	4.7				885
8542	Electronic integrated circuits.....	4.5	1.4	1.9				776
7204	Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....	2.1	1.8	2.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 282
7326	Other articles of iron or steel.....	2.2	2.2	1.3	3.6	5.7	0.4	US\$/kg 699
6211	Track suits, ski suits and swimwear; other garments.....	2.4	1.0	2.1				845
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	2.7	1.6	0.9	39.6	39.2	34.2	thsd US\$/kg 971

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2014	Avg. Growth rates		2014 share
		2010-2014	2013-2014	
Total	94.8	0.7	-4.2	100.0
0+1	0.8	2.7	146.5	0.9
2+4	5.2	-1.4	8.7	5.5
3	0.1	187.6	-13.4	0.1
5	1.5	-15.4	-31.7	1.6
6	6.3	-15.7	-4.0	6.7
7	39.9	0.9	-2.6	42.0
8	39.5	8.1	-5.7	41.7
9	1.5	-18.0	-30.9	1.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2014	Avg. Growth rates		2014 share
		2010-2014	2013-2014	
Total	1 556.0	0.3	4.6	100.0
0+1	355.8	1.6	2.4	22.9
2+4	18.2	1.4	10.4	1.2
3	167.3	1.9	-11.7	10.8
5	183.2	-0.2	6.3	11.8
6	113.2	-5.5	2.4	7.3
7	313.5	1.0	8.7	20.1
8	380.3	-1.6	5.2	24.4
9	24.6	128.9	2012.4	1.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

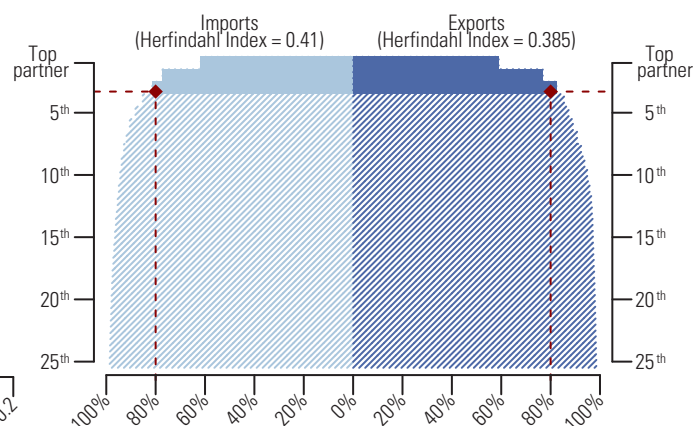
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2014)



Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2014)



Graph 6: No Data Available

Imports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2014, representing respectively 24.4, 22.9 and 20.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2012 to 2014, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Spain, France and China, accounting for respectively 61.8, 16.6 and 3.9 percent of total imports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for imports.

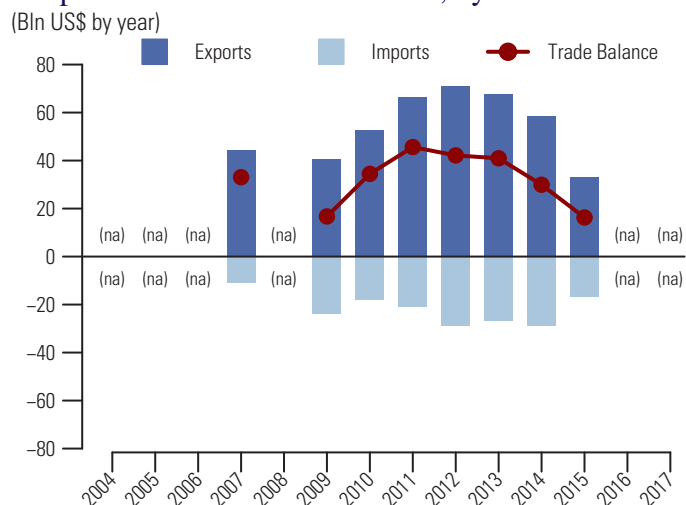
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2012 to 2014

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	
All Commodities.....		1 417.7	1 487.2	1 556.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		154.3	147.0	133.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		57.0	73.2	102.4	22.7	23.1	23.1	781
6211 Track suits, ski suits and swimwear; other garments.....		46.9	39.2	36.6				845
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		37.1	40.2	44.6	5.9	6.6	6.8	112
2716 Electrical energy.....		42.8	39.9	32.1	66.1	66.1	60.6	351
3307 Pre-shave, shaving or after-shave preparations.....		33.6	38.2	32.9	31.0	26.6	24.0	553
2403 Other manufactured tobacco and tobacco substitutes.....		32.5	34.5	33.4	18.2	19.3	20.9	122
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		33.1	32.8	34.1	51.9	56.0	65.0	542
3303 Perfumes and toilet waters.....		24.0	31.4	40.7	48.1	65.6	75.2	553
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		24.4	28.1	30.7				764

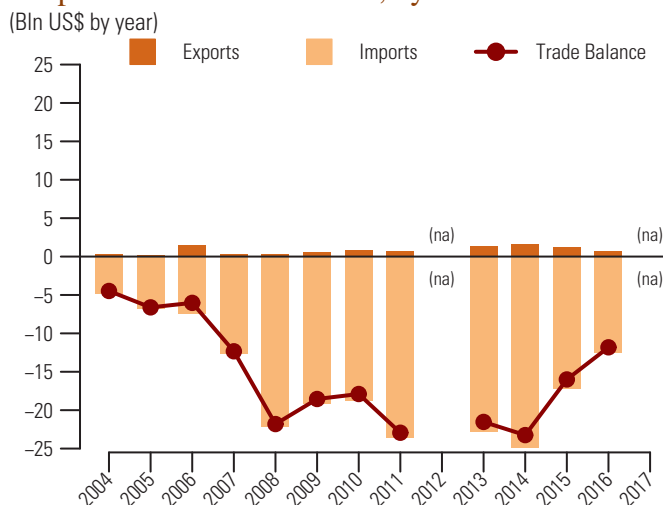
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of Angola decreased substantially by 43.7 percent to reach 33.0 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 41.7 percent to reach 16.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 16.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 11.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Angola were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Angola decreased substantially by 43.4 percent, reaching 710.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 27.4 percent and reached 12.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 11.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 96.5, 3.3 and 0.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, India and the United States, accounting for respectively 46.3, 8.7 and 5.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 622.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

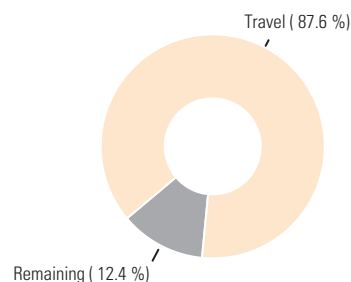


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
	All Commodities.....	67712.5	58672.4	33047.8				
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	65464.2	56439.5	31393.7	0.7	0.6	0.3	US\$/kg
7102	Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	1156.1	1274.0	1087.5	134.8			US\$/carat
2707	Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar.....	1041.2	896.7	501.2	0.8	0.7	0.3	US\$/kg
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....	49.1	48.8	46.3	20.4	33.2	8.7	US\$/kg
4403	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood.....	1.3	5.0	9.5	278.8	10.5		US\$/m ³
2515	Marble, travertine, ecaussine and other stone.....	...	7.2	8.5	0.3	0.4		US\$/kg
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	0.6	1.2	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	33 047.8	-16.0	-43.7	100.0
0+1	47.4	16.5	-5.1	0.1
2+4	1 105.5	-2.2	-14.0	3.3
3	31 894.8	-16.4	-44.4	96.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	16 757.8	-5.2	-41.7	100.0
0+1	2 590.2	-7.3	-42.2	15.5
2+4	222.4	-20.5	-70.6	1.3
3	245.7	-43.5	-85.0	1.5
5	1 382.8	1.8	-29.2	8.3
6	2 942.4	-0.8	-40.1	17.6
7	5 898.8	-8.4	-36.9	35.2
8	1 145.9	-5.9	-42.8	6.8
9	2 329.6	93.8	-36.2	13.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

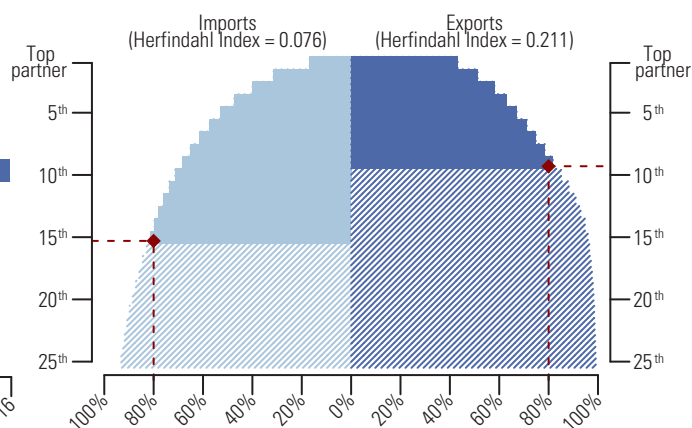
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



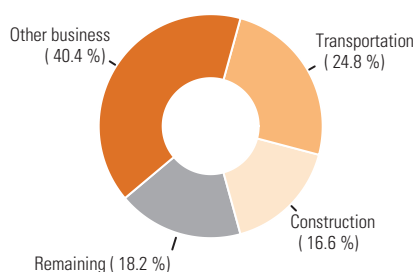
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 35.2, 17.6 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Portugal, China and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 16.0, 12.5 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 5.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 3.1 bln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	
All Commodities.....		26 756.1	28 753.5	16 757.8				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		183.1	3 652.2	2 329.6				931
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		4 139.6	2.5	107.5				793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 887.1	1 447.7	174.3	0.2	1.3	0.3	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		831.4	1 499.1	402.6	18.5	18.2	19.1	781
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		296.8	358.1	1 390.2	1.0	5.3	23.4	723
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		717.2	601.4	157.5				782
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		473.0	599.7	341.5	0.9	0.8	1.0	012
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		354.7	511.1	385.6	4.2	4.6	7.3	679
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		462.3	415.3	281.1	11.6	7.1	9.1	747
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		329.4	351.0	262.1	0.7	0.8	0.6	046

Antigua and Barbuda

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

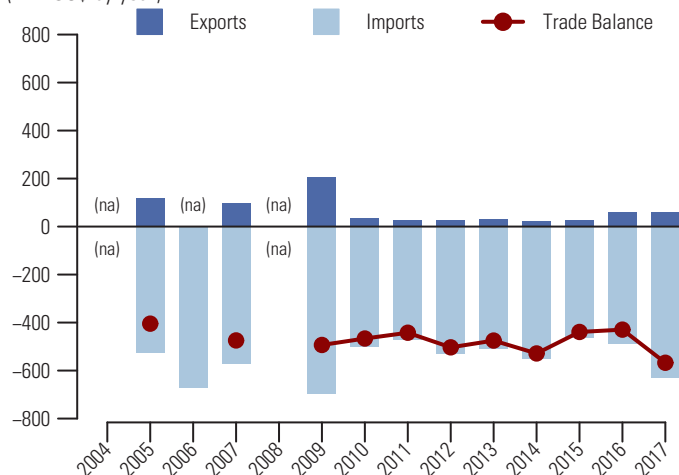
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Antigua and Barbuda increased slightly by 2.2 percent to reach 62.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 28.4 percent to reach 629.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 567.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -263.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Antigua and Barbuda were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Antigua and Barbuda decreased slightly by 1.3 percent, reaching 953.4 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 9.5 percent and reached 403.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 550.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 54.3, 25.6 and 10.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes" (HS code 8903) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Kingdom, the United States and Spain, accounting for respectively 34.7, 17.5 and 15.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 692.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 133.2 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 70.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

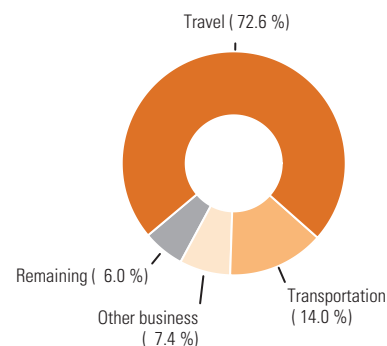


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		26.0	61.0	62.4					
8903	Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....	1.0	34.6	25.1	199.3	thsd US\$/unit		793	
6306	Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards.....	7.2	10.6	11.3	23.8	105.4	46.5	US\$/kg	658
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	0.9	0.6	3.2	2.3	2.0		US\$/litre	112
7326	Other articles of iron or steel.....	1.0	0.7	1.0	15.6	0.6	0.8	US\$/kg	699
8431	Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....	0.4	1.1	0.9	90.5	33.1	26.9	US\$/kg	723
8803	Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....	0.1	2.2	0.0	187.1	228.2	8.6	US\$/kg	792
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	...	0.6	1.7		37.6	1.8	thsd US\$/kg	897
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules.....	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	665
7212	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....	0.5	0.4	0.7	2.5	2.7	2.3	US\$/kg	674
8529	Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....	1.5	0.0	0.0	22.8	107.7	32.5	US\$/kg	764

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	62.4	17.3	2.2	100.0
0+1	5.0	26.3	326.2	8.1
2+4	0.3	-31.2	-14.6	0.6
3	0.1	-61.9	-86.1	0.1
5	0.7	-0.4	149.8	1.1
6	16.0	4.8	12.8	25.6
7	33.9	45.1	-19.2	54.3
8	6.3	14.9	160.5	10.2
9	0.0	497.6	162.8	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

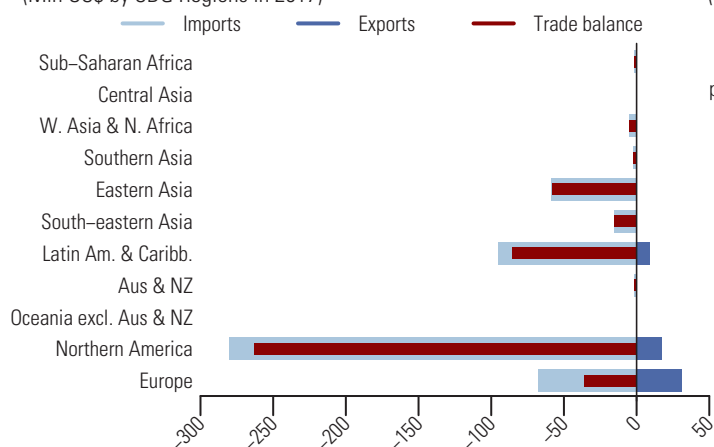
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	629.8	5.5	28.4	100.0
0+1	143.2	4.5	28.8	22.7
2+4	13.0	7.6	5.2	2.1
3	101.9	-11.8	37.2	16.2
5	41.4	7.9	24.1	6.6
6	106.7	15.6	55.6	16.9
7	148.6	22.6	24.7	23.6
8	74.7	8.8	16.5	11.9
9	0.3	-2.9	-96.1	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

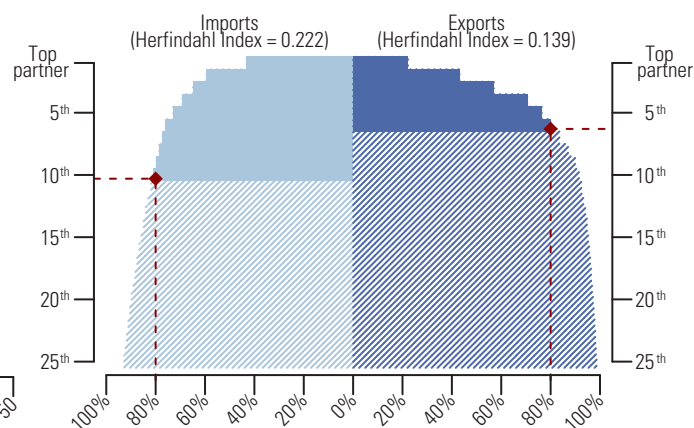
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



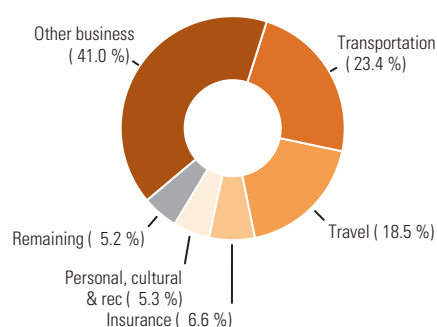
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.6, 22.7 and 16.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Special Categories and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 43.2, 13.7 and 7.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 165.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 94.3 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 74.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

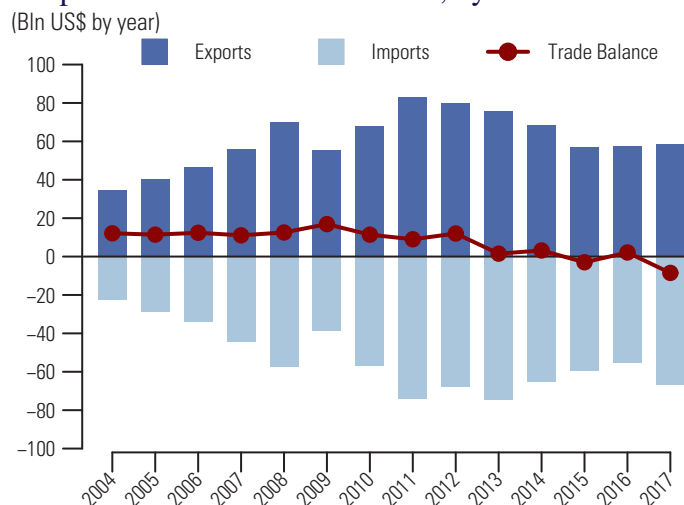
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		465.1	490.5	629.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		77.0	74.2	101.9	1.1	0.8	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		25.0	29.5	30.4	18.1	18.3	7.3 thsd US\$/unit	781
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		2.8	1.9	30.3	2.5	2.8	37.0 US\$/kg	691
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		10.9	7.9	13.0	1.7	1.7	1.9 US\$/kg	012
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		3.0	4.5	22.1			79.4 thsd US\$/unit	793
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		8.3	8.4	11.8	1.0	1.0	1.0 US\$/litre	111
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		8.8	8.9	10.2			22.5 thsd US\$/unit	782
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		7.0	7.2	8.8	1.6	2.1	2.4 US\$/kg	098
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		6.4	6.9	8.4				821
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		7.4	6.1	7.8	29.6	19.8	28.7 US\$/kg	542

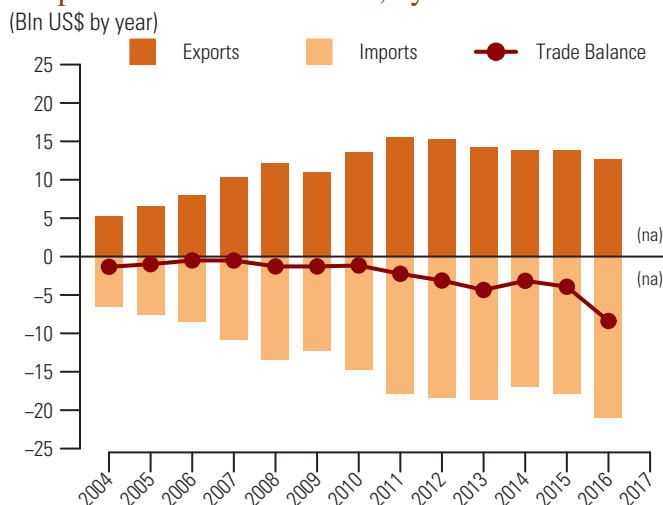
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Argentina increased slightly by 1.1 percent to reach 58.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 20.3 percent to reach 66.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 8.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Argentina were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 28 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Argentina decreased moderately by 9.1 percent, reaching 12.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 18.0 percent and reached 21.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 8.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 46.3, 16.0 and 13.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Oil-cake and other solid residues" (HS code 2304) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Brazil, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 16.4, 8.1 and 7.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 4.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.6 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

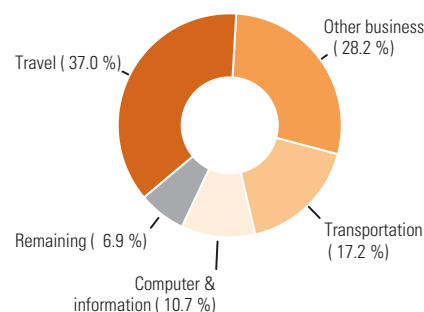


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		56788.0	57733.4	58384.2				
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		9673.2	9970.6	9081.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 081
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions.....		3815.4	4105.8	3725.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 421
1005 Maize (corn).....		3130.0	4186.6	3883.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 044
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken.....		4269.9	3233.3	2732.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 222
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		3000.5	2583.2	3287.3	25.1	23.4	23.2	thsd US\$/unit 782
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		2265.1	2044.5	2259.8	4.1	4.6	5.2	thsd US\$/kg 971
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		1032.8	1867.7	2361.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1915.0	1532.8	1542.5	15.2	17.9	21.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		780.2	1018.3	1222.1	6.3	6.3	6.6	US\$/kg 036
3826 Biodiesel and mixtures thereof.....		505.6	1239.6	1224.1	0.6	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg 598

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	58384.2	-6.4	1.1	100.0
0+1	27022.5	-3.9	-2.0	46.3
2+4	9331.5	-5.5	-10.3	16.0
3	1626.0	-17.8	14.6	2.8
5	5501.5	-3.5	-1.9	9.4
6	3567.1	-7.7	20.1	6.1
7	7698.1	-12.2	16.7	13.2
8	473.3	-11.9	8.3	0.8
9	3164.1	-5.5	16.2	5.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

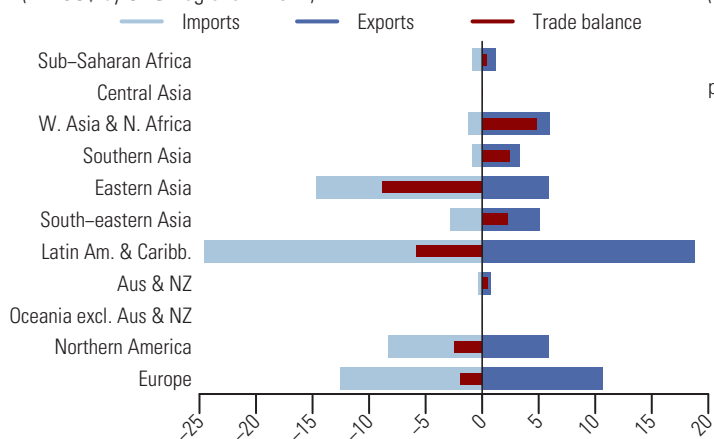
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	66899.3	-2.6	20.3	100.0
0+1	2023.9	6.6	22.7	3.0
2+4	2277.1	2.0	42.6	3.4
3	5461.2	-17.9	20.4	8.2
5	10661.8	-3.0	6.7	15.9
6	7249.7	-1.6	19.4	10.8
7	33467.2	-0.3	24.5	50.0
8	5202.1	4.0	16.2	7.8
9	556.5	-3.9	34.5	0.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

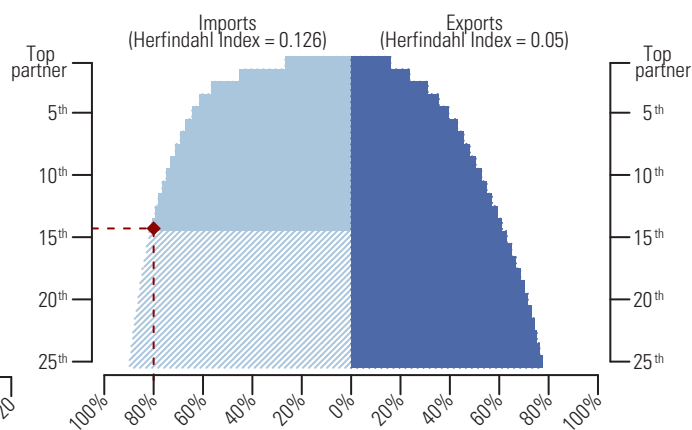
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



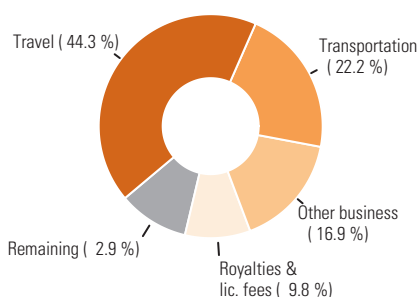
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 50.0, 15.9 and 10.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Brazil, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 24.4, 18.9 and 12.2 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 9.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 4.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

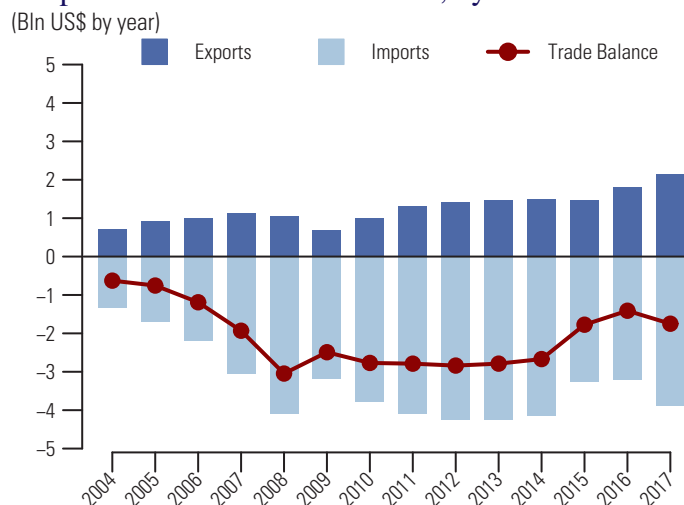
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities		59756.5	55609.5	66899.3				
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	3347.4	4470.4	6298.5	11.4	11.2	11.0	thsd US\$/unit 781
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	2820.1	2484.9	2834.9	8.1	7.8	7.8	US\$/kg 784
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	3553.0	1754.8	2238.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 343
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	2777.1	2122.6	2405.1				764
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude	2121.0	1873.2	2034.3	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	941.2	1355.8	2068.7	21.7	19.5	16.8	thsd US\$/unit 782
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1227.5	1186.6	1291.8	72.2	48.2	67.7	US\$/kg 542
8802	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	649.3	1175.4	1103.8	241.1	197.9	170.7	thsd US\$/unit 792
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	964.8	789.7	911.8	759.8	665.0	605.2	US\$/kg 541
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	700.6	626.8	1135.4	51.2	54.2	84.5	US\$/unit 752

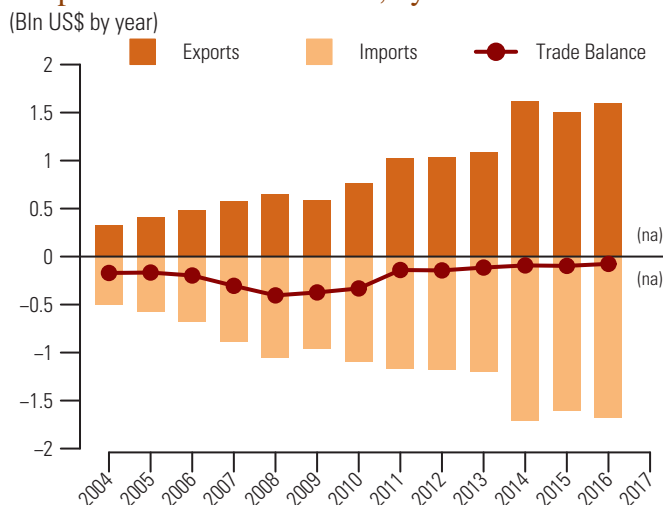
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Armenia increased substantially by 18.7 percent to reach 2.1 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 21.0 percent to reach 3.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -821.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Armenia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Armenia increased moderately by 6.3 percent, reaching 1.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.6 percent and reached 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 76.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 29.5, 28.6 and 16.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, Bulgaria and Germany, accounting for respectively 21.0, 9.6 and 7.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 967.7 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 188.5 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 149.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

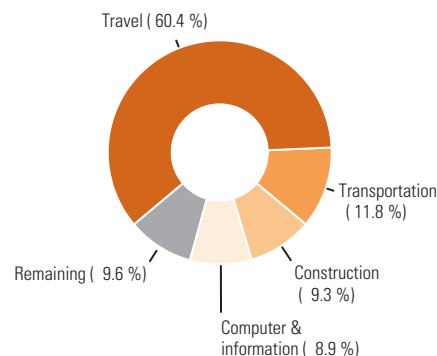


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	1 482.7	1 807.8	2 145.0					
2603	Copper ores and concentrates.....	316.6	370.0	571.5	1.0	0.9	1.2	US\$/kg	283
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	170.5	211.5	237.3	10.3	10.5	9.5	US\$/kg	122
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	92.5	150.9	207.5	8.7	7.2		US\$/litre	112
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	98.9	140.9	145.0	34.0	32.7	0.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
7102	Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	77.3	106.3	72.8			285.9	US\$/carat	667
7607	Aluminium foil (whether or not printed or backed with paper, paperboard.....	82.9	77.1	96.4	2.8	2.7	3.0	US\$/kg	684
7202	Ferro-alloys.....	55.5	66.0	84.4	9.9	9.9	12.4	US\$/kg	671
2716	Electrical energy.....	77.5	57.1	71.0	55.1	50.0	49.4	US\$/MWh	351
7402	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining.....	65.5	62.8	70.7	5.6	5.0	6.0	US\$/kg	682
7115	Other articles of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal.....	4.6	72.9	...	26.3	28.1		thsd US\$/kg	897

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2 145.0	9.9	18.7	100.0
0+1	614.0	12.1	21.0	28.6
2+4	632.1	18.2	46.2	29.5
3	72.0	-5.0	17.2	3.4
5	37.3	10.3	44.6	1.7
6	359.0	-4.4	2.8	16.7
7	52.4	3.6	27.0	2.4
8	226.3	25.3	-2.3	10.6
9	152.0	19.8	-4.2	7.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

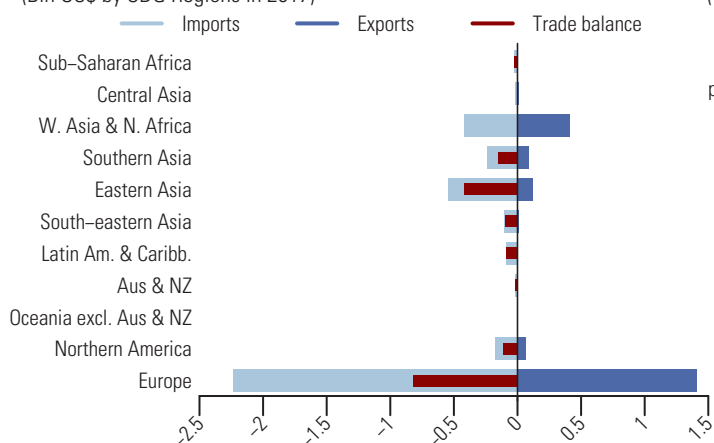
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	3 893.5	-2.2	21.0	100.0
0+1	662.5	-4.0	13.7	17.0
2+4	93.2	-4.6	-12.0	2.4
3	626.7	-9.6	10.5	16.1
5	484.6	1.9	25.6	12.4
6	767.9	0.5	20.4	19.7
7	779.8	1.3	33.4	20.0
8	419.9	7.7	28.9	10.8
9	58.8	-23.3	106.3	1.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

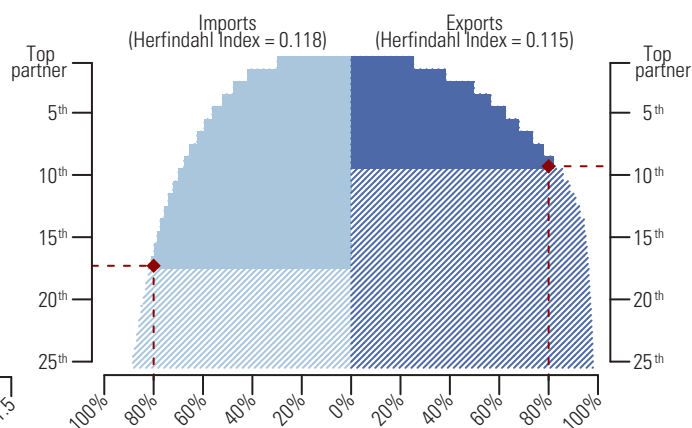
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



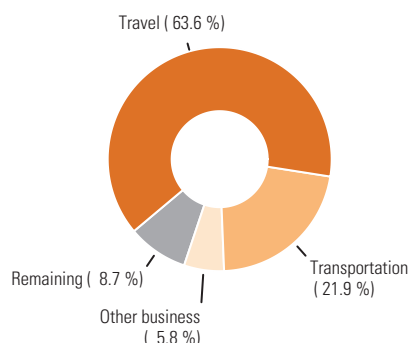
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 20.0, 19.7 and 17.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, China and the Islamic Republic of Iran, accounting for respectively 30.4, 11.0 and 5.2 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 367.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 96.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

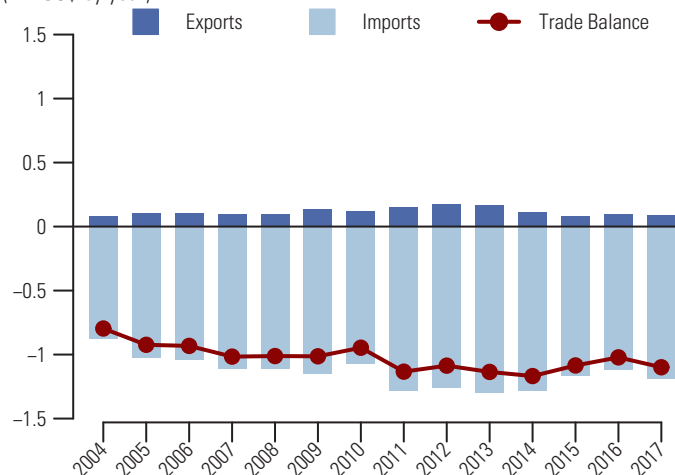
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		3257.0	3218.5	3893.5				
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		432.9	348.0	358.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		217.4	198.3	242.6	0.8	0.6	0.7	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		93.9	88.4	163.9	25.3	60.6	100.4	542
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		87.4	125.7	124.5			282.6	667
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		46.1	92.9	89.4				764
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		70.6	60.1	60.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		87.9	41.3	49.0	4.9	20.5	3.5	781
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		59.5	48.1	67.3	2.1	1.7	2.0	684
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....		42.5	56.0	35.3	4.1	4.1	3.7	121
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		33.7	47.0	43.7	4.8	3.7		112

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Aruba decreased moderately by 6.0 percent to reach 89.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 6.4 percent to reach 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -608.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Aruba were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Aruba decreased slightly by 1.8 percent, reaching 2.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.7 percent and reached 867.0 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 43.9, 18.1 and 17.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol" (HS code 2208) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Colombia, Areas nes and the United States, accounting for respectively 23.6, 23.0 and 14.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 247.7 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 107.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

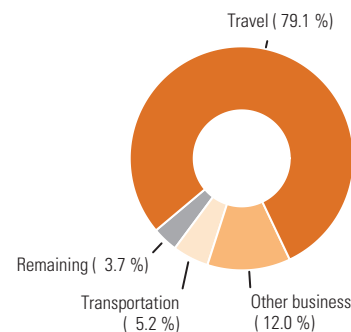


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	79.9	95.0	89.4					
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	38.4	34.2	22.9	11.4	10.9	12.4	US\$/litre	112
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	7.5	9.4	13.1	8.9	7.9	8.0	US\$/kg	122
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	5.2	8.9	9.4	8.7	4.0	3.9	thsd US\$/kg	897
7204	Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....	1.5	5.3	8.7	0.3	1.2	1.2	US\$/kg	282
7404	Copper waste and scrap.....	1.7	6.1	5.5	1.9	1.7	1.8	US\$/kg	288
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	3.5	3.8	3.6					931
3303	Perfumes and toilet waters.....	2.7	1.2	2.8	61.0	71.7	81.6	US\$/kg	553
3304	Beauty or make-up preparations.....	1.7	1.4	1.8	44.0	40.1	31.8	US\$/kg	553
9101	Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal.....	0.5	1.8	2.2					885
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	1.0	1.0	0.5	12.8	9.5	12.6	thsd US\$/unit	781

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	89.4	-14.6	-6.0	100.0
0+1	39.3	-25.1	-17.5	43.9
2+4	15.4	48.0	24.3	17.2
3	0.1	106.0	2.1	0.1
5	6.1	1.8	56.3	6.8
6	2.9	-13.2	-12.9	3.2
7	5.9	-11.2	-19.8	6.6
8	16.2	5.5	-2.1	18.1
9	3.6	-12.8	-7.3	4.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

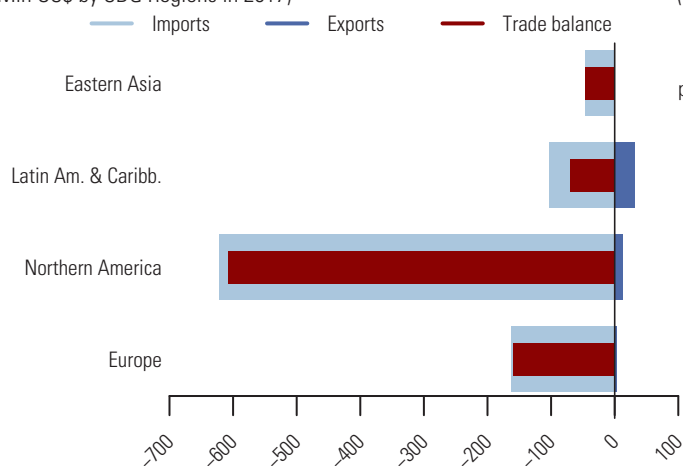
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1 188.6	-2.3	6.4	100.0
0+1	345.6	-4.0	6.1	29.1
2+4	26.0	4.9	-3.1	2.2
3	58.8	-11.1	28.2	4.9
5	112.3	2.2	3.9	9.4
6	132.1	-1.6	1.6	11.1
7	252.3	1.1	12.0	21.2
8	257.4	-2.1	9.5	21.7
9	4.1	-27.9	-79.4	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

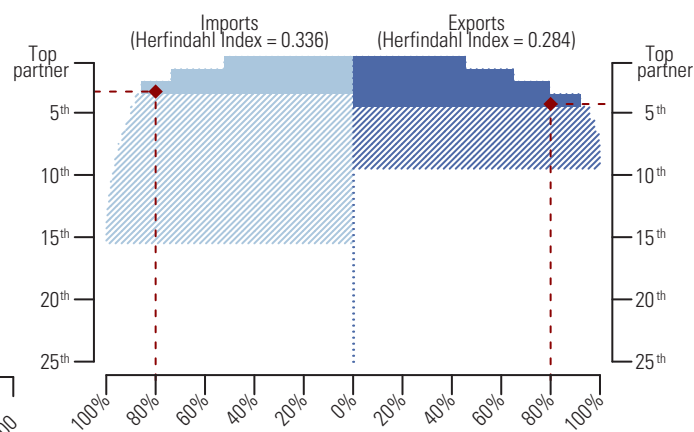
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



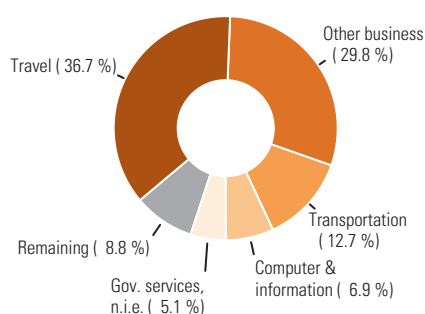
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 29.1, 21.7 and 21.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Aruba and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 53.7, 16.1 and 11.7 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 318.6 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 257.9 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 109.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

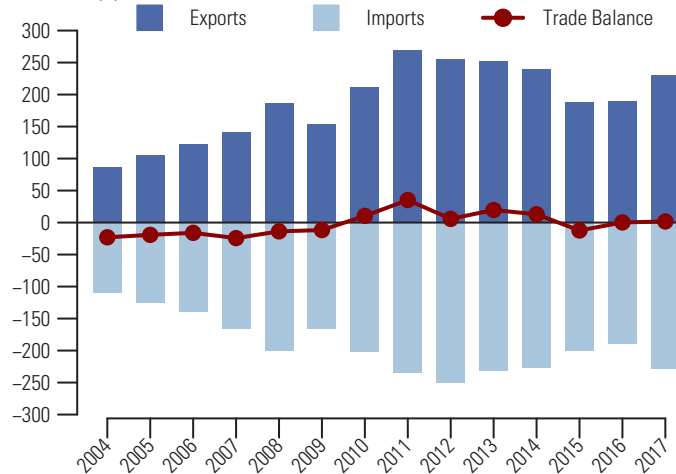
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		1 165.0	1 116.9	1 188.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		59.2	44.5	56.2	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		51.5	52.3	55.7	17.8	16.5	17.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		64.3	32.9	28.9	11.6	7.8	9.6	US\$/litre 112
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		36.0	31.3	35.2	2.4	2.3	2.3	thsd US\$/kg 897
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		30.2	20.5	21.2				764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		20.7	21.6	24.3	46.3	51.7	55.9	US\$/kg 542
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		17.2	14.5	17.9				821
9101 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal.....		16.1	16.8	15.0				885
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		12.9	15.6	18.4	5.9	6.0	7.1	US\$/kg 011
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		13.8	14.0	14.5	1.1	1.0	1.1	US\$/litre 111

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Australia increased substantially by 21.4 percent to reach 230.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 20.6 percent to reach 228.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 34.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Australia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Australia increased slightly by less than 0.1 percent, reaching 53.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services remained the same at 55.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 2.4 bln US\$.

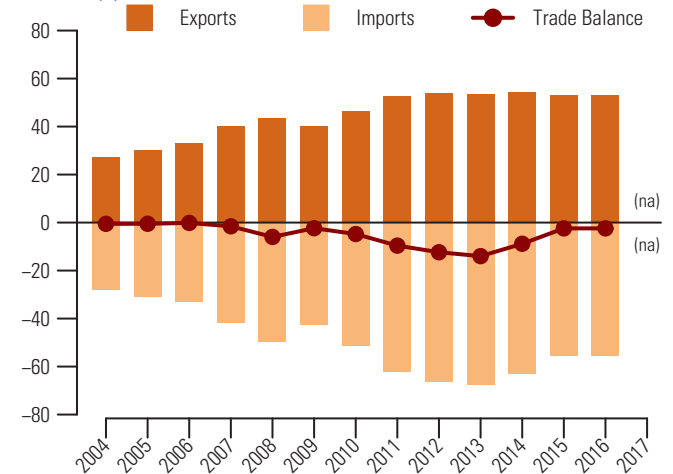
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 33.3, 30.2 and 13.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites" (HS code 2601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Japan and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 31.1, 13.2 and 7.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 32.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.6 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

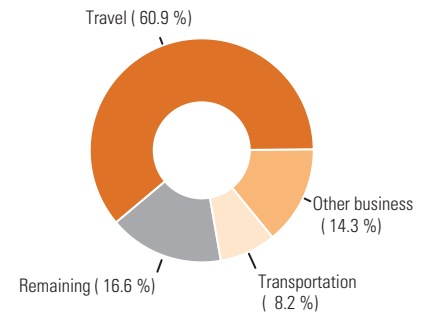


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		187 792.2	189 630.0	230 163.2				
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		36 735.5	39 691.5	48 520.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		28 418.5	29 579.8	43 296.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		12 884.8	13 792.6	20 232.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		10 683.1	13 464.3	13 087.9	35.3	38.7	40.4	thsd US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		7 095.4	7 328.0	8 370.6				
2818 Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined.....		4 990.8	4 243.1	5 772.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		4 371.5	3 621.3	4 650.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		4 570.3	3 527.6	4 016.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		4 506.2	3 279.5	3 449.9	4.4	4.1	4.5	US\$/kg
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		3 659.5	3 489.0	3 669.2	1.9	1.9	2.1	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	230 163.2	-2.3	21.4	100.0
0+1	30 397.1	1.9	15.5	13.2
2+4	76 564.6	-5.8	25.9	33.3
3	69 396.4	1.6	43.0	30.2
5	6 632.6	-3.1	6.2	2.9
6	11 598.4	-4.6	16.9	5.0
7	11 242.4	-3.9	-2.4	4.9
8	5 247.4	1.9	7.0	2.3
9	19 084.2	-3.6	-10.8	8.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	228 441.7	-0.4	20.6	100.0
0+1	14 150.6	2.9	10.3	6.2
2+4	3 491.9	5.7	19.3	1.5
3	23 615.3	-12.7	34.7	10.3
5	22 854.4	0.0	11.6	10.0
6	23 182.3	-2.5	10.2	10.1
7	93 265.9	1.3	21.1	40.8
8	31 762.2	1.4	5.7	13.9
9	16 119.2	14.4	114.1	7.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

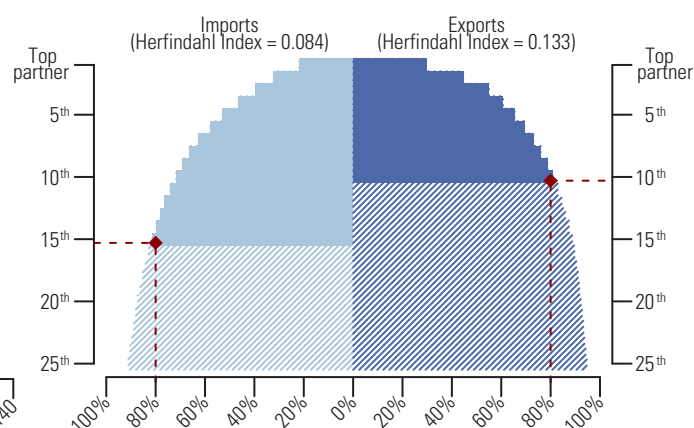
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



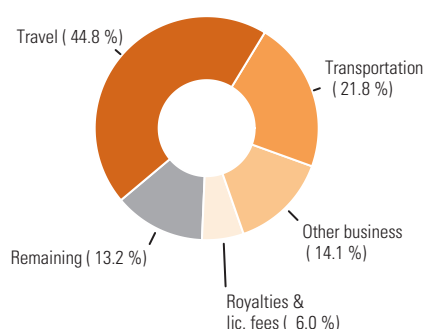
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 40.8, 13.9 and 10.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Japan, accounting for respectively 22.7, 11.0 and 7.4 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 24.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 12.1 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		200 113.8	189 406.0	228 441.7				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		15 298.5	15 961.4	18 034.4	16.8	17.8	19.0	thsd US\$/unit
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		13 867.0	11 049.7	15 101.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		7 003.9	7 263.8	8 005.7				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		7 103.2	5 903.7	7 495.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		5 453.3	1 954.7	11 443.0				
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		6 301.6	5 422.1	6 384.8	311.5	295.9	276.3	US\$/unit
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		4 929.3	5 420.7	6 746.2	20.5	21.8	24.8	thsd US\$/unit
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		5 451.2	5 644.6	5 535.4		82.5	137.6	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		2 925.3	4 399.7	4 297.4	27.7	30.4	39.2	thsd US\$/kg
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		2 177.5	2 145.2	2 255.8	7.6	7.8	10.4	US\$/kg

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Austria decreased slightly by 0.4 percent to reach 144.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 1.4 percent to reach 150.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -5.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Austria were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Austria increased slightly by 4.3 percent, reaching 61.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.4 percent and reached 45.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 15.8 bln US\$.

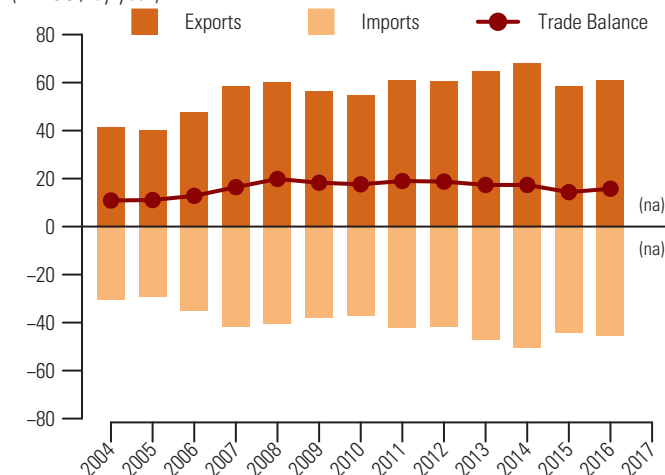
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 40.2, 21.2 and 12.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, the United States and Italy, accounting for respectively 29.6, 6.3 and 6.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 19.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 16.7 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 13.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

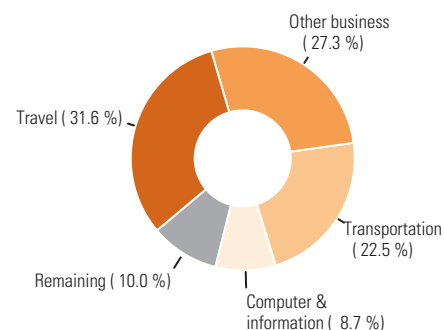


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		169715.0	145277.3	144700.7					
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		5879.8	4866.3	5241.9	76.6	62.6	63.2	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5625.5	4855.2	4720.5	20.9	22.8	23.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		5651.0	4638.0	4621.4					931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		4826.7	4335.2	4524.8	10.5	7.7	7.6	US\$/kg	784
8408 Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines.....		2893.6	2575.2	2611.9					713
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		2659.1	2628.2	2735.7	272.9	276.9	300.0	US\$/kg	541
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		2314.9	2211.8	1934.9					764
8407 Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines.....		2179.4	1945.7	1980.7					713
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		1811.6	1833.8	1930.7	1.5	1.3	1.4	US\$/litre	111
8302 Base metal mountings, fittings and similar articles suitable for furniture.....		1946.6	1698.1	1814.9	6.1	5.1	5.1	US\$/kg	699

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	144 700.7	-2.3	-0.4	100.0
0+1	10 683.8	-0.1	3.7	7.4
2+4	3 936.6	-2.4	5.1	2.7
3	2 447.9	-19.5	-14.1	1.7
5	18 260.0	-0.7	1.1	12.6
6	30 684.9	-2.9	-0.3	21.2
7	58 117.1	-0.9	0.3	40.2
8	16 863.5	-0.1	3.0	11.7
9	3 707.0	-15.9	-28.9	2.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	149 987.4	-3.0	1.4	100.0
0+1	11 174.0	-0.4	2.6	7.4
2+4	6 380.0	-7.0	-3.4	4.3
3	9 874.5	-18.4	-15.4	6.6
5	20 463.5	-0.4	1.1	13.6
6	23 470.9	-2.6	0.9	15.6
7	53 652.4	-0.2	6.1	35.8
8	23 195.6	0.2	4.6	15.5
9	1 776.4	-15.5	-29.9	1.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

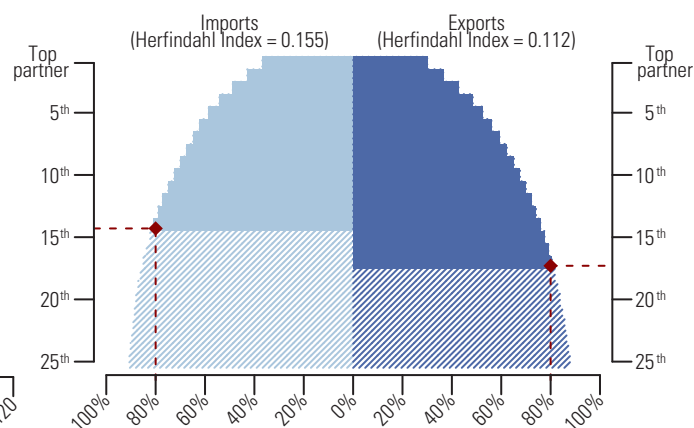
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



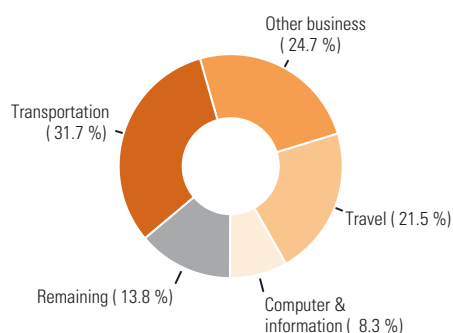
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 35.8, 15.6 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and China, accounting for respectively 36.7, 6.1 and 5.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 14.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 11.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 9.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

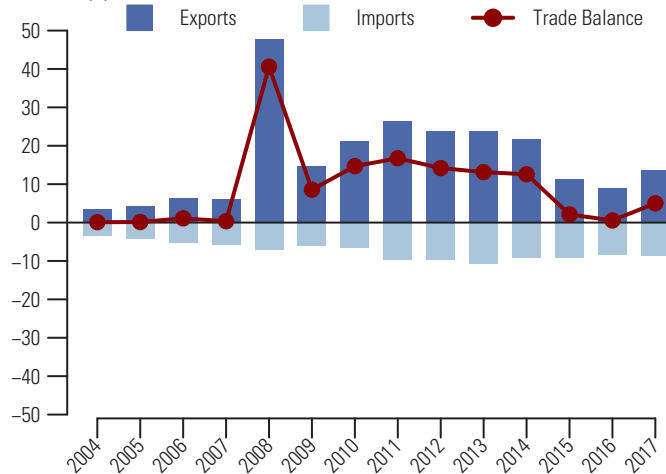
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		172 447.5	147 935.1	149 987.4				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		8 831.0	7 923.0	9 102.6	19.0	20.2	19.1	thsd US\$/unit
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		4 480.1	3 919.3	4 244.0	10.4	8.8	9.5	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		5 413.6	3 266.7	3 201.8		0.6	0.5	US\$/kg
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		5 971.0	3 435.3	2 410.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		3 736.8	3 060.6	3 073.9	67.0	60.3	59.3	US\$/kg
2937 Hormones, prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes.....		3 260.6	3 225.2	3 126.0			28.1	thsd US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		3 513.2	3 044.2	2 627.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		2 721.9	2 704.5	2 623.1				
8409 Parts suitable for use with the engines of heading 84.....		2 292.8	2 060.3	2 079.3	12.3	10.5	10.6	US\$/kg
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		1 763.6	1 752.5	2 139.7	108.1	116.1	169.8	US\$/kg

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Azerbaijan increased substantially by 52.2 percent to reach 13.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 2.9 percent to reach 8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 4.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Azerbaijan were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Azerbaijan decreased slightly by 1.8 percent, reaching 4.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 13.2 percent and reached 7.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 3.2 bln US\$.

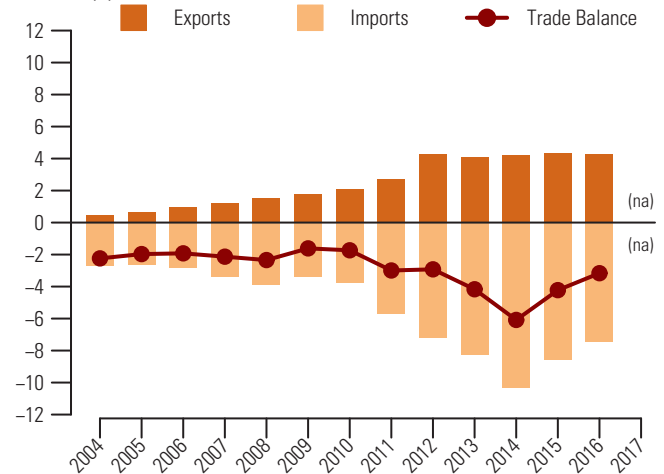
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 89.6, 4.6 and 2.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Turkey and Germany, accounting for respectively 24.5, 8.6 and 6.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.7 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 319.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

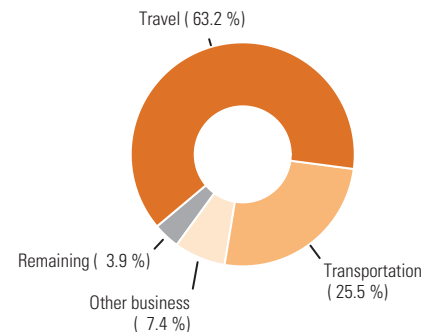


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	11 326.8	9 066.5	13 797.7					
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	8 866.2	6 504.5	10 706.8	13.3	0.4	4.6	US\$/kg	333
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	208.2	981.5	1 211.6	0.9		3.2	US\$/kg	343
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	749.3	409.7	339.2	10.8		3.9	US\$/kg	334
1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....	212.1	62.0	39.5		0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	061
0802	Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled.....	90.2	105.0	115.1			9.7	US\$/kg	057
0702	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled.....	58.0	94.2	151.6		1.1	1.5	US\$/kg	054
0810	Other fruit, fresh.....	88.2	80.8	105.6			1.5	US\$/kg	057
3901	Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....	86.8	81.3	75.4		1.4	1.6	US\$/kg	571
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	213.5	4.6	2.2					931
7601	Unwrought aluminium.....	71.9	49.8	51.2	19.2	2.0	4.7	US\$/kg	684

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	13 797.7	-12.8	52.2	100.0
0+1	638.7	-1.9	26.3	4.6
2+4	93.5	-20.1	57.3	0.7
3	12 358.7	-13.7	55.3	89.6
5	178.7	0.5	16.7	1.3
6	323.4	5.0	18.2	2.3
7	57.9	-22.9	-41.4	0.4
8	19.2	1.5	27.1	0.1
9	127.6	-0.8	2658.2	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8 766.5	-5.0	2.9	100.0
0+1	1 514.2	0.7	8.2	17.3
2+4	357.6	-3.5	12.9	4.1
3	378.8	27.9	39.2	4.3
5	1 034.9	2.7	16.1	11.8
6	1 724.2	-3.5	-11.1	19.7
7	2 457.2	-12.5	-12.8	28.0
8	811.2	4.7	-5.8	9.3
9	488.3	-15.4	2500.8	5.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

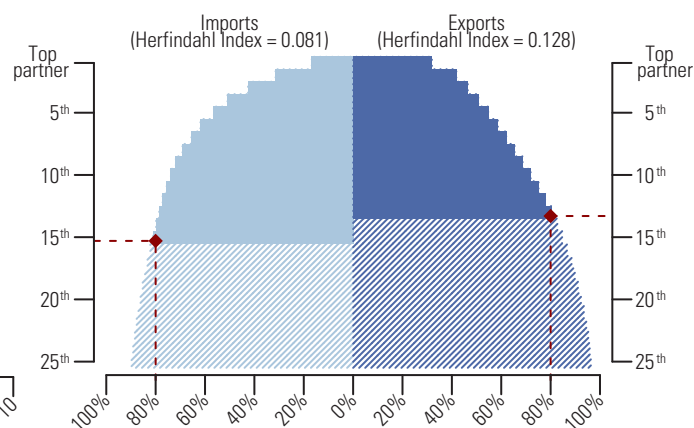
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



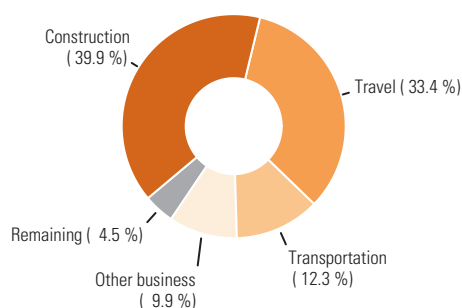
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.0, 19.7 and 17.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, Turkey and China, accounting for respectively 17.1, 14.0 and 8.4 percent of total imports. "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 3.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.5 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 919.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

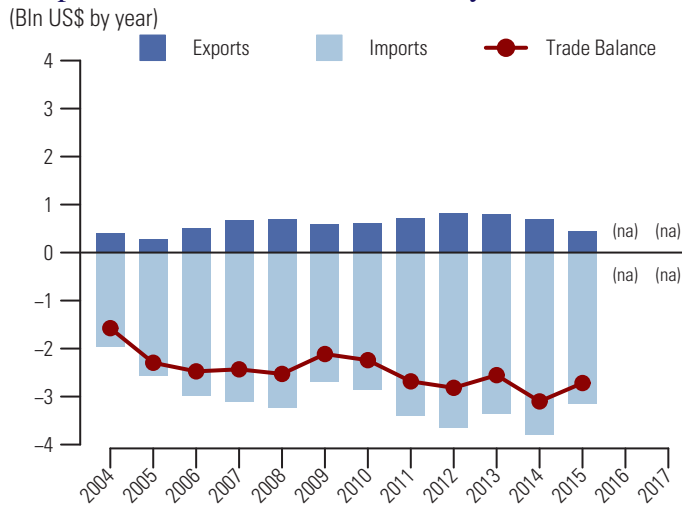
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		9 211.1	8 515.8	8 766.5				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		539.2	18.6	488.3				931
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		296.8	295.0	227.2	4.4	0.3	0.2	041
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		263.7	330.8	180.1			39.1	747
7305 Other tubes and pipes (for example, welded, riveted or similarly closed).....		434.0	194.7	16.4	22.4		10.3	679
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		233.7	167.4	211.1	144.6			542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		138.7	189.3	280.1	1.7		14.2	334
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		194.5	216.7	186.9	7.1		2.8	679
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		287.3	146.9	160.1	0.1		2.7	122
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		254.3	120.3	214.2	491.0	24.9		781
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		177.4	187.6	105.9	68.1		22.6	723

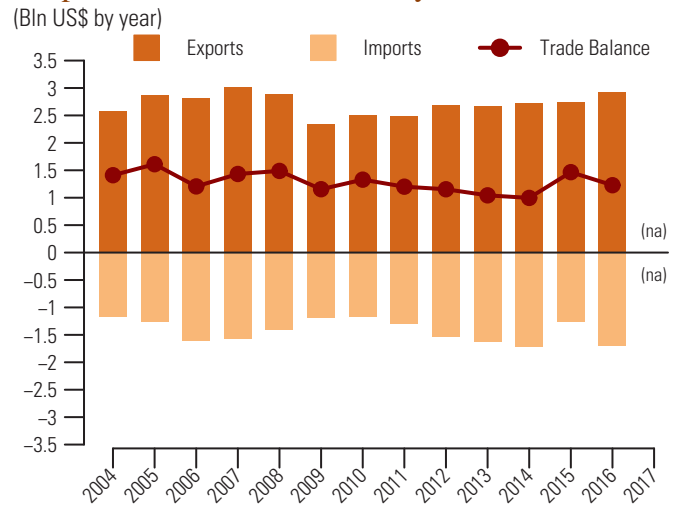
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of the Bahamas decreased substantially by 35.8 percent to reach 442.8 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 16.6 percent to reach 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Bahamas were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Bahamas increased moderately by 7.1 percent, reaching 2.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 33.9 percent and reached 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 32.9, 20.2 and 15.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, France and Canada, accounting for respectively 83.2, 3.5 and 2.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 207.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

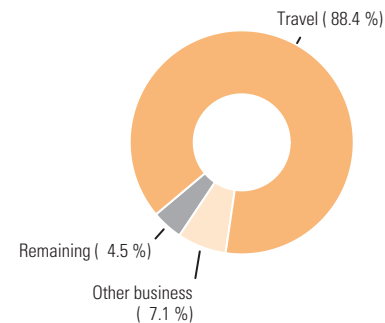


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	
	All Commodities.....	811.5	689.2	442.8				
	2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	237.8	165.3	70.3				334
	3903 Polymers of styrene, in primary forms.....	184.5	171.2	86.5	2.2	3.7	1.6	US\$/kg 572
	0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....	86.8	65.4	59.1	31.6	33.6	27.0	US\$/kg 036
	2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.....	61.6	75.2	49.0	630.4	792.6	895.5	US\$/kg 515
	2501 Salt (including table salt).....	20.3	31.1	20.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg 278
	8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....	30.4	18.0	21.7	178.0	27.1	10.5	thsd US\$/unit 793
	3303 Perfumes and toilet waters.....	34.5	18.4	3.9	72.9	54.3	31.8	US\$/kg 553
	8205 Hand tools (including glaziers' diamonds).....	6.6	16.0	16.0	11.8	19.6	9.7	US\$/kg 695
	7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....	14.8	9.8	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.1	US\$/kg 691
	8487 Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils.....	15.5	1.0	5.0	265.2	25.2	25.9	US\$/kg 749

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	442.8	-11.7	-35.8	100.0
0+1	64.6	-4.4	-10.5	14.6
2+4	28.3	-11.2	-28.9	6.4
3	70.3	-24.5	-57.5	15.9
5	145.8	-12.7	-47.2	32.9
6	26.3	-11.5	-43.3	5.9
7	89.4	0.9	11.4	20.2
8	18.0	21.5	100.2	4.1
9	0.0	5.6	1.5	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

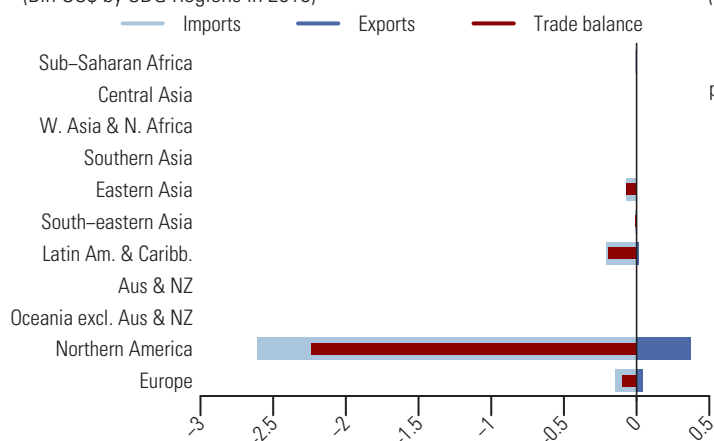
SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	3 161.3	-1.9	-16.6	100.0
0+1	602.0	3.2	0.7	19.0
2+4	77.7	4.8	0.6	2.5
3	535.3	-12.9	-38.4	16.9
5	342.5	-2.9	-12.8	10.8
6	431.3	-0.8	-22.3	13.6
7	615.1	1.3	-14.6	19.5
8	430.4	6.2	0.8	13.6
9	127.0	-0.9	-16.6	4.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

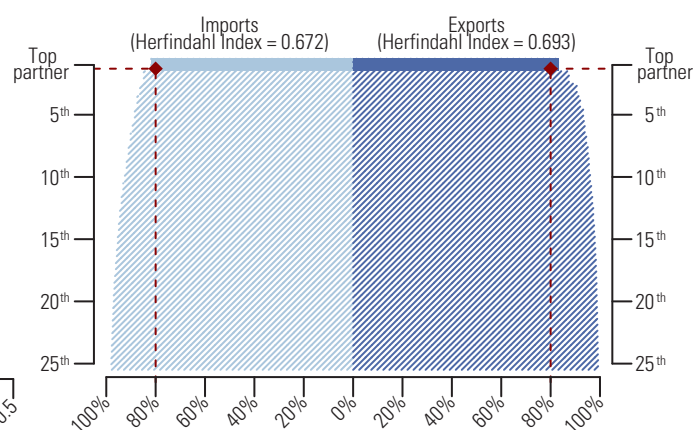
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



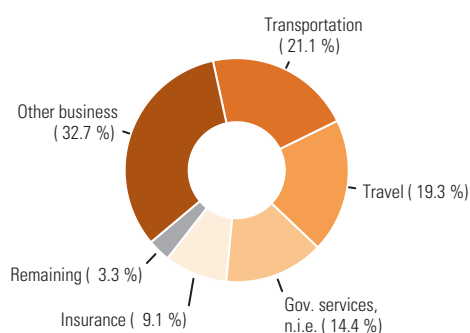
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 19.5, 19.0 and 16.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Aranes and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 85.7, 1.6 and 1.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 556.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 359.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 329.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

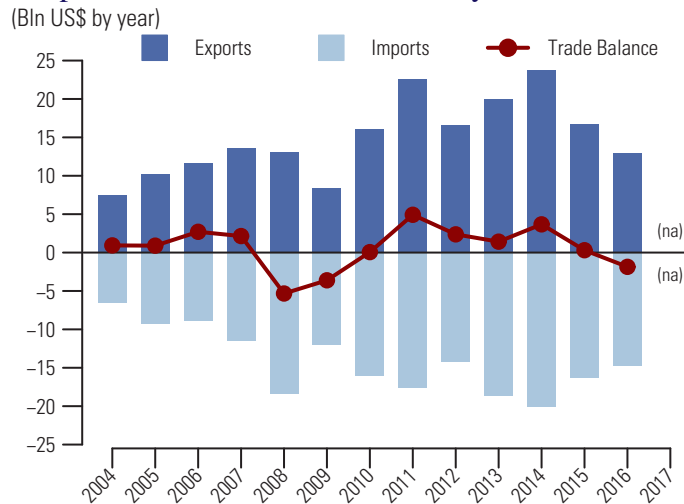
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		3365.3	3790.4	3161.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		706.5	845.9	520.2				334	
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		142.1	152.2	125.9				931	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		94.2	107.7	102.9	6.1	6.0	0.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		40.2	51.5	68.5					821
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		39.5	39.2	48.9					764
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		36.9	45.5	42.3	5.4	5.3	4.2	US\$/kg	012
3915 Waste, parings and scrap, of plastics.....		52.4	35.4	31.9	7.2	7.2	5.8	US\$/kg	579
3920 Other plates, sheets, film, foil and strip, of plastics.....		23.3	43.3	44.5	6.5	5.6	10.2	US\$/kg	582
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares.....		31.5	34.1	44.4	5.2	5.1	5.1	US\$/kg	048
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		37.3	48.5	15.8	34.1	27.2	5.0	thsd US\$/unit	793

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Bahrain decreased substantially by 22.7 percent to reach 12.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 9.9 percent to reach 14.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bahrain were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Bahrain increased slightly by 2.0 percent, reaching 3.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.7 percent and reached 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 46.9, 20.5 and 10.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates and Japan, accounting for respectively 19.4, 15.6 and 11.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 718.1 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 408.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2014)

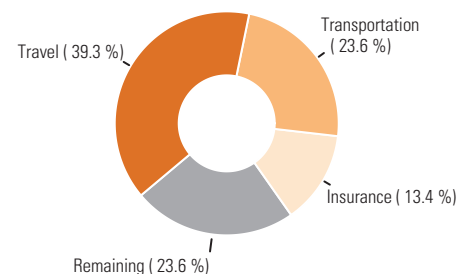


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		23746.0	16684.4	12892.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		8810.9	4795.1	3697.0	0.8	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg 334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		5431.1	2687.2	2238.7	0.7	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 333
7605 Aluminium wire.....		843.5	771.4	699.6	3.7	2.4	1.8	US\$/kg 684
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		592.5	395.4	777.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 281
7604 Aluminium bars, rods and profiles.....		971.4	529.9	230.0	2.6	2.5	1.9	US\$/kg 684
7606 Aluminium plates, sheets and strip, of a thickness exceeding 0.2 mm.....		172.3	375.7	502.8	2.9	2.3	2.3	US\$/kg 684
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		469.7	270.3	197.8	0.2	31.4	20.6	thsd US\$/kg 897
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		406.2	338.6	126.1	25.6	25.6	35.3	thsd US\$/unit 781
7614 Stranded wire, cables, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium.....		367.8	227.6	139.5	2.9	2.9	2.7	US\$/kg 693
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		301.2	261.1	115.7				931

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	12 892.4	-6.2	-22.7	100.0
0+1	366.3	-7.0	-17.8	2.8
2+4	930.9	-10.6	39.1	7.2
3	6 049.3	-11.6	-20.4	46.9
5	625.9	-4.0	-25.3	4.9
6	2 646.8	0.7	-14.6	20.5
7	1 291.7	3.5	-39.5	10.0
8	864.0	28.4	-47.2	6.7
9	117.5	186.3	-55.0	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

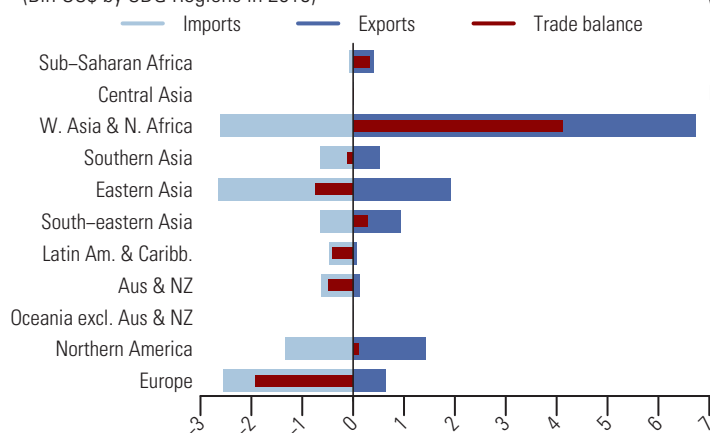
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	14 748.5	0.9	-9.9	100.0
0+1	1 703.7	3.5	-8.0	11.6
2+4	977.0	-3.8	-16.9	6.6
3	3 357.3	-4.1	-19.9	22.8
5	1 087.4	6.1	-3.4	7.4
6	1 512.7	-2.1	-11.0	10.3
7	4 566.5	2.5	-3.0	31.0
8	1 330.5	11.0	1.8	9.0
9	213.6	11.1	-32.4	1.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

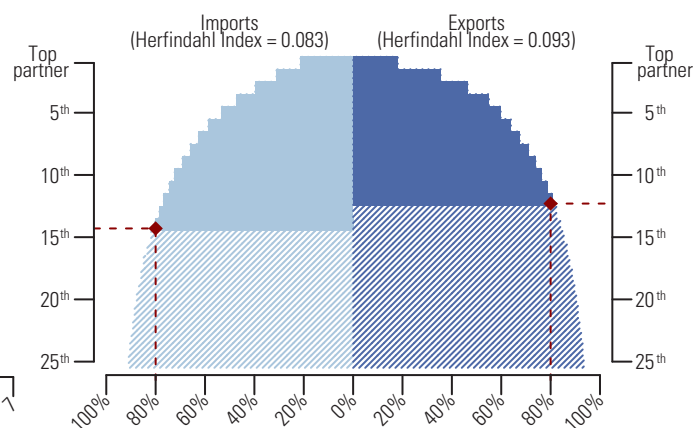
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



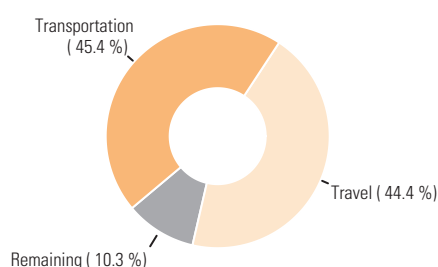
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 31.0, 22.8 and 11.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Saudi Arabia, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 27.1, 9.0 and 6.6 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 734.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 718.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

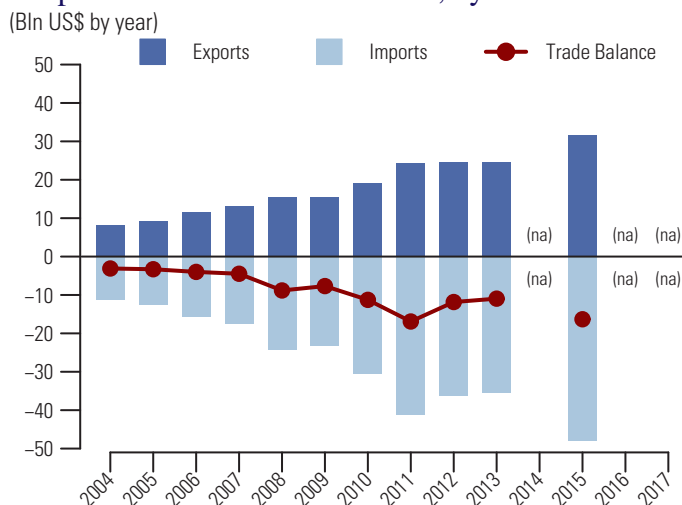
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		20073.7	16377.6	14748.5				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		7440.1	3933.9	3148.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1421.1	1558.5	1300.8	9.8	25.7	26.7	thsd US\$/unit
2818 Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined.....		262.4	507.8	433.9	0.4	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		561.8	368.7	265.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		389.1	392.5	413.2				
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		275.2	312.2	211.4	40.7	36.6	35.9	thsd US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		222.1	233.3	231.4	61.3	57.4	64.0	US\$/kg
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		176.9	239.8	215.4	4.0	5.6	5.3	thsd US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		403.0	84.4	78.1	0.1	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		199.9	191.2	156.3	210.1	174.0	157.1	US\$/unit

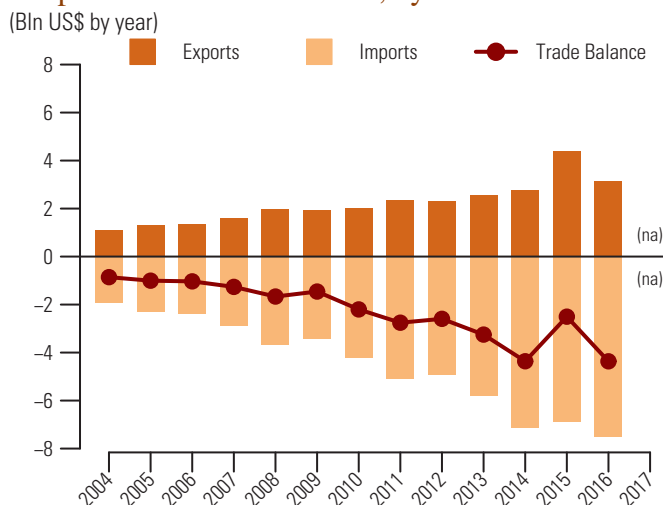
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of Bangladesh amounted to 31.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 48.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 16.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -15.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bangladesh were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Bangladesh decreased substantially by 27.9 percent, reaching 3.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 9.2 percent and reached 7.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 4.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 87.5, 6.6 and 2.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted" (HS code 6109) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Germany and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 19.5, 14.9 and 10.5 percent of total exports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 481.1 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 447.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

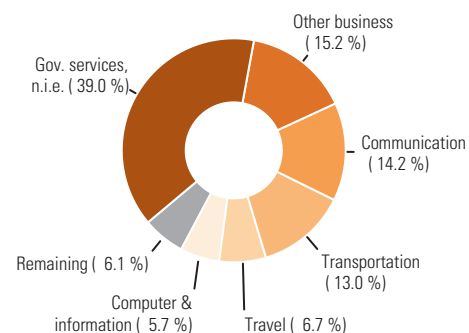


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	
All Commodities.....		24537.3	...	31734.2				
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		4609.5	...	6100.6	12.5	11.8	US\$/unit	845
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		4618.4	...	5972.8	14.6	14.3	US\$/unit	841
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		2367.8	...	3394.8	16.2	16.2	US\$/unit	842
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles.....		2410.9	...	2952.6	15.5	15.3	US\$/unit	845
6205 Men's or boys'shirts.....		1761.6	...	2325.3	18.1	18.0	US\$/unit	841
6105 Men's or boys'shirts, knitted or crocheted.....		634.2	...	794.8	13.4	13.1	US\$/unit	843
6104 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		545.4	...	871.8	13.5	13.7	US\$/unit	844
5307 Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading 53.03.....		464.2	...	496.2	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	651
6103 Men's, boys'suits,jackets,trousers etc knitted or crocheted.....		401.3	...	529.6	13.2	12.9	US\$/unit	843
6302 Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen.....		470.0	...	449.7	6.9	6.4	US\$/kg	658

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	31 734.2	6.9	...	100.0
0+1	822.7	-2.9	...	2.6
2+4	312.1	-12.6	...	1.0
3	178.1	-10.7	...	0.6
5	136.5	-5.5	...	0.4
6	2 104.3	-3.1	...	6.6
7	397.2	8.9	...	1.3
8	27 782.7	8.9	...	87.5
9	0.5	125.6	...	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

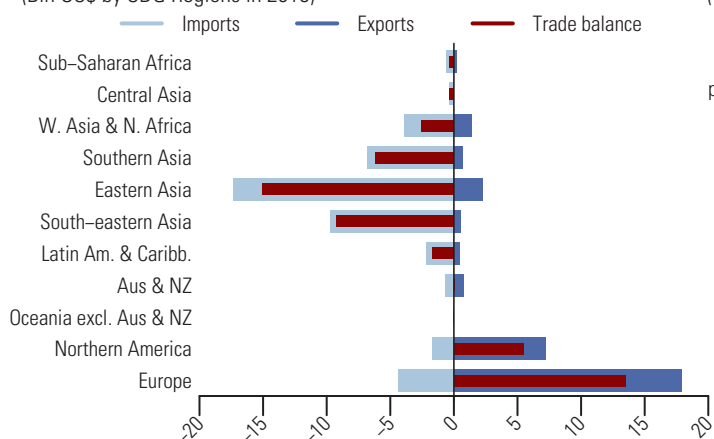
SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	48 058.7	3.9	...	100.0
0+1	4 605.9	2.3	...	9.6
2+4	7 066.8	-0.4	...	14.7
3	5 219.9	13.7	...	10.9
5	5 585.7	2.4	...	11.6
6	13 487.1	6.5	...	28.1
7	9 532.3	0.4	...	19.8
8	2 560.4	9.4	...	5.3
9	0.5	-2.8	...	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

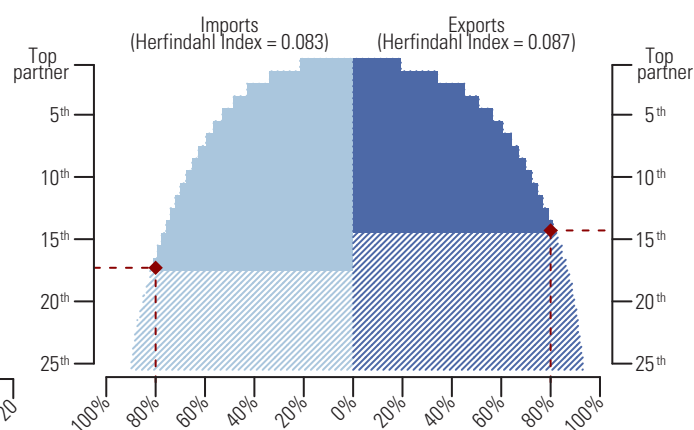
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



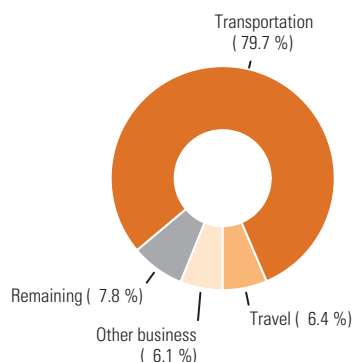
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 28.1, 19.8 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and Singapore, accounting for respectively 21.0, 11.7 and 8.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 6.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 483.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 461.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

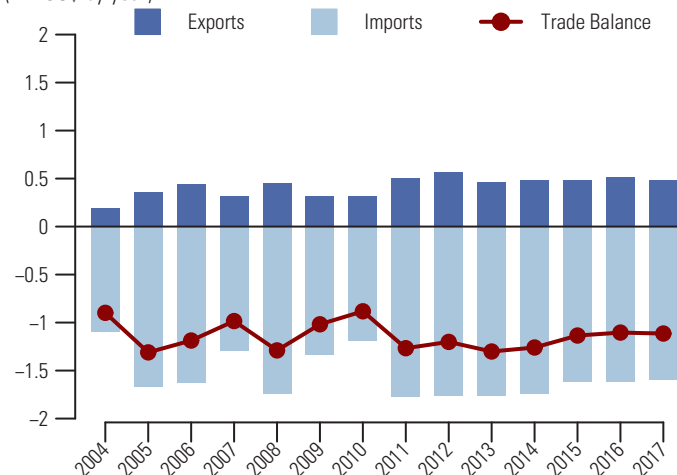
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	
All Commodities.....		35 493.3	...	48 058.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 328.9	...	4 359.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		2 134.8	...	2 229.5	2.1	1.7	US\$/kg	263
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		1 981.0	...	1 784.7	0.9	0.6	US\$/kg	422
5208 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		1 484.3	...	1 762.4	8.9	8.6	US\$/kg	652
5209 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		1 138.2	...	1 471.2	7.3	7.2	US\$/kg	652
5205 Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85 % or more.....		786.6	...	953.8	4.3	3.5	US\$/kg	651
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		726.0	...	991.3	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8908 Vessels and other floating structures for breaking up.....		855.3	...	845.0	4.6	3.9	mln US\$/unit	793
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions.....		693.0	...	944.6	1.2	0.8	US\$/kg	421
6217 Other made up clothing accessories.....		697.0	...	856.5	11.1	11.8	US\$/kg	846

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Barbados decreased moderately by 6.1 percent to reach 485.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 1.3 percent to reach 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -534.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Barbados were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of Barbados increased substantially by 19.9 percent, reaching 1.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 39.1 percent and reached 688.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.1 bln US\$.

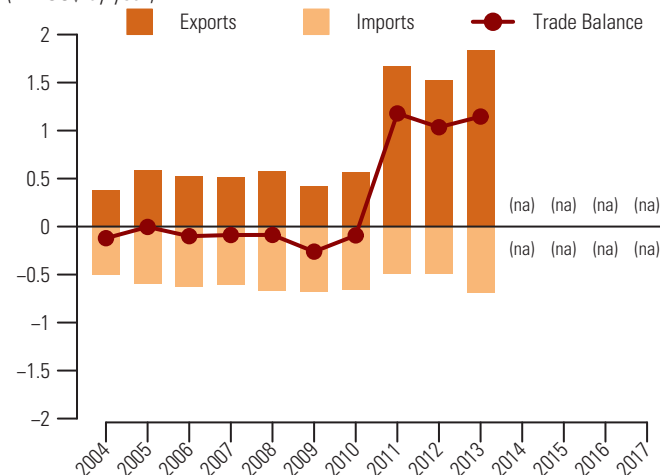
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 23.6, 22.2 and 21.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Areas nes and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 31.0, 16.0 and 7.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 972.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 668.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)

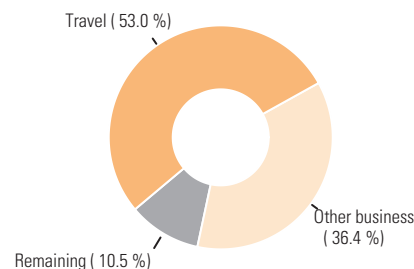


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	482.8	516.8	485.4				
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	75.6	67.9	94.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	45.2	46.8	54.5	3.2	3.1		US\$/litre 112
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	33.6	81.8	19.0	621.3	469.9		US\$/kg 897
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	47.0	43.6	33.3	38.2	0.6		US\$/kg 542
9021	Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....	16.0	27.1	19.5				
2523	Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....	17.4	18.5	16.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
2709	Petroleum oils, crude.....	14.0	8.9	12.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 333
4821	Paper or paperboard labels of all kinds, whether or not printed.....	11.0	12.0	11.7	24.7	24.1		US\$/kg 892
9102	Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal.....	11.3	12.2	6.1				
1517	Margarine; edible mixtures.....	9.3	9.2	9.9	2.8	2.7	2.8	US\$/kg 091

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	485.4	0.9	-6.1	100.0
0+1	106.5	2.6	14.8	21.9
2+4	4.8	-6.5	8.2	1.0
3	107.9	-8.3	39.8	22.2
5	72.3	-0.1	0.8	14.9
6	45.5	3.2	-0.1	9.4
7	29.7	6.9	-1.3	6.1
8	114.4	12.6	-39.8	23.6
9	4.3	-8.5	-17.7	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

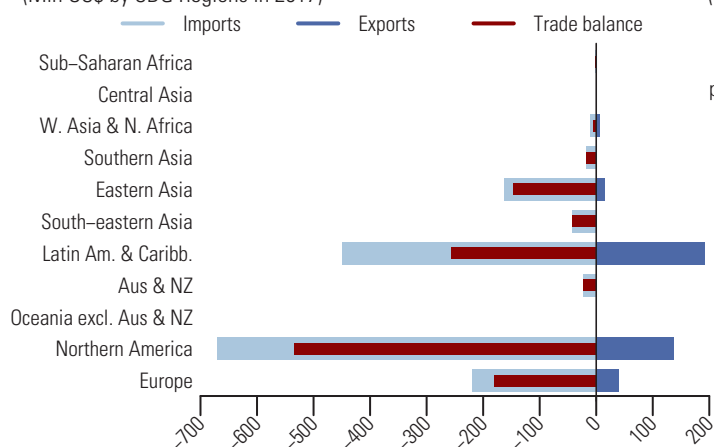
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1599.6	-2.5	-1.3	100.0
0+1	330.9	0.5	3.0	20.7
2+4	41.2	-2.7	-4.3	2.6
3	313.1	-10.3	24.5	19.6
5	165.1	-1.8	-4.4	10.3
6	189.9	0.0	-1.0	11.9
7	342.9	1.1	-5.0	21.4
8	211.7	0.1	-22.7	13.2
9	4.8	-11.7	-21.1	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

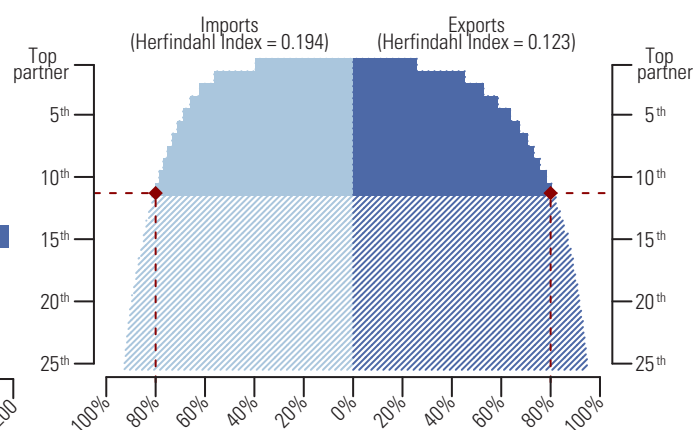
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



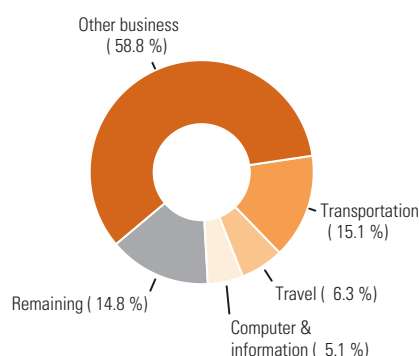
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 21.4, 20.7 and 19.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and China, accounting for respectively 39.3, 15.3 and 6.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 404.3 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 104.0 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 43.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

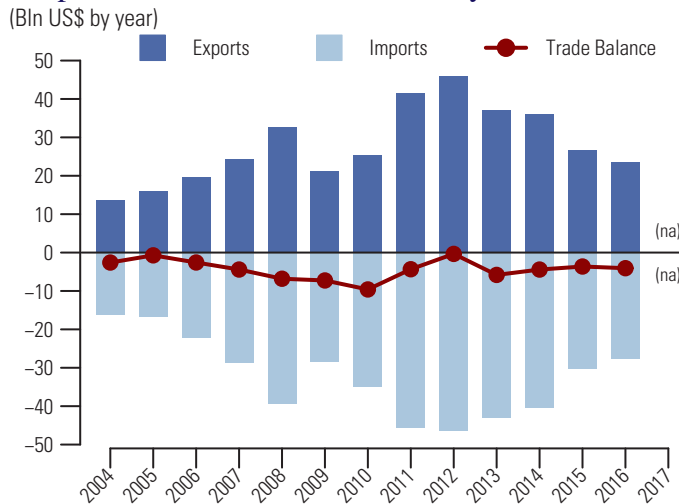
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		1617.9	1621.3	1599.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		290.7	239.9	298.9	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		54.6	52.4	46.0	33.4	30.3	25.4	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		42.2	51.2	52.8	15.1	14.8	15.0	thsd US\$/unit 781
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		21.6	71.1	20.2	0.4	0.4	4.9	thsd US\$/kg 897
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		23.3	23.9	26.0				752
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		19.2	21.7	20.9	3.4	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 098
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		24.7	17.2	12.5				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		14.2	17.7	18.6		20.6	20.3	thsd US\$/unit 782
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		17.8	16.5	15.6	3.2	3.2	3.3	US\$/kg 893
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		17.3	16.9	15.3	0.8	0.8	0.7	US\$/litre 111

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Belarus decreased substantially by 11.7 percent to reach 23.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 8.9 percent to reach 27.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Belarus were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Belarus increased slightly by 2.0 percent, reaching 6.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.8 percent and reached 4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 20.6, 16.8 and 16.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, Ukraine and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 42.0, 10.9 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.9 bln US\$, followed by "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 1.0 bln US\$ and "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 967.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

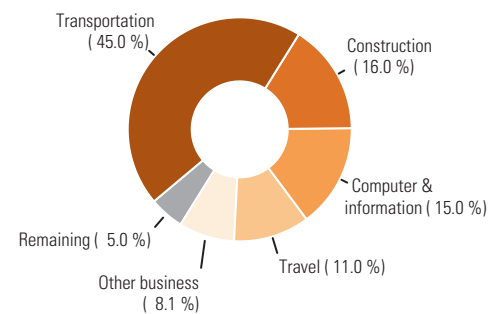


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		36 080.5	26 660.4	23 537.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		9 853.3	6 786.4	4 041.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
3104 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, potassic.....		2 668.9	2 674.3	2 020.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1 068.7	1 036.1	970.5				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1 124.3	579.3	471.6	0.7	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		932.4	575.7	631.3		152.0	134.6	thsd US\$/unit
0406 Cheese and curd.....		802.9	639.0	690.0	4.8	3.5	3.4	US\$/kg
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		849.9	485.5	476.7		14.8	15.0	thsd US\$/unit
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		679.8	494.5	458.2	3.4	2.1	2.2	US\$/kg
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....		480.7	339.8	262.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled.....		413.4	342.5	315.1	4.3	3.3	3.0	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	23 537.4	-15.5	-11.7	100.0
0+1	3 964.2	-2.5	-2.5	16.8
2+4	757.5	-2.8	1.1	3.2
3	4 848.6	-26.3	-37.6	20.6
5	3 787.3	-17.8	-20.8	16.1
6	3 649.5	-8.1	5.7	15.5
7	3 913.3	-13.7	18.7	16.6
8	1 646.4	-6.4	9.1	7.0
9	970.5	-15.0	-6.3	4.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

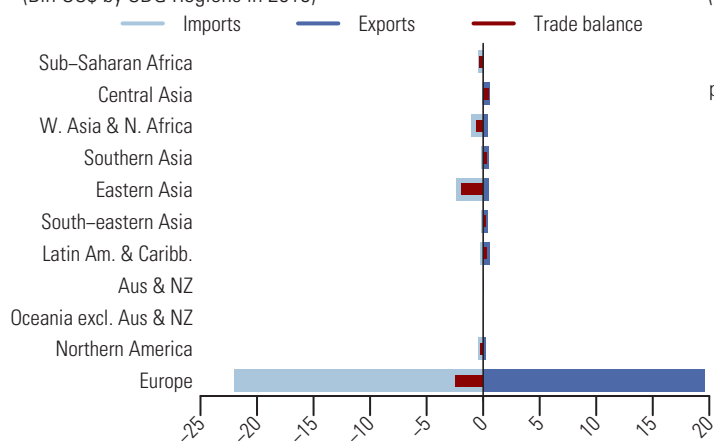
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	27 609.9	-12.2	-8.9	100.0
0+1	3 646.9	2.7	-11.3	13.2
2+4	1 016.3	-13.4	7.3	3.7
3	7 373.0	-19.9	-20.0	26.7
5	3 246.3	-7.2	-2.2	11.8
6	4 124.8	-10.5	7.3	14.9
7	5 554.7	-12.6	-5.5	20.1
8	1 652.5	-2.4	-2.3	6.0
9	995.5	-6.6	-22.5	3.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

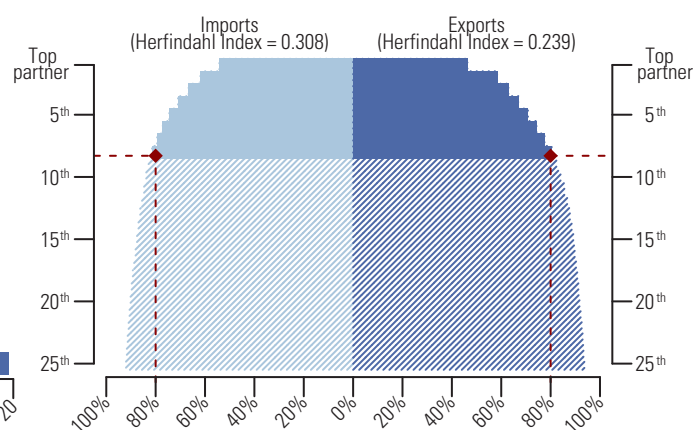
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



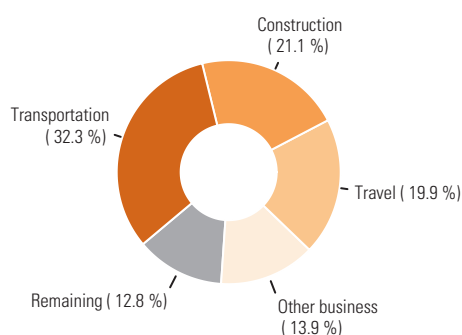
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 26.7, 20.1 and 14.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 54.6, 5.5 and 5.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 846.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 795.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		40 502.4	30 291.5	27 609.9				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		7 629.3	5 668.2	3 970.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		3 594.6	2 817.7	2 628.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	343
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1 933.7	1 284.2	995.5				931
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		579.6	405.1	402.7	71.3	62.3	62.5	542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		279.9	511.7	567.9	0.7	0.3	0.3	334
0808 Apples, pears and quinces, fresh.....		318.2	586.0	427.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	057
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		403.6	341.3	352.0				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		419.2	286.2	367.6	19.2	11.4	12.8	781
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		374.8	294.1	256.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	282
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		378.1	239.4	281.1	5.2	4.6	4.5	784

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Belgium increased moderately by 8.0 percent to reach 430.0 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 406.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 23.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 41.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Belgium were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Belgium increased slightly by 1.5 percent, reaching 107.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.3 percent and reached 106.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 913.3 mln US\$.

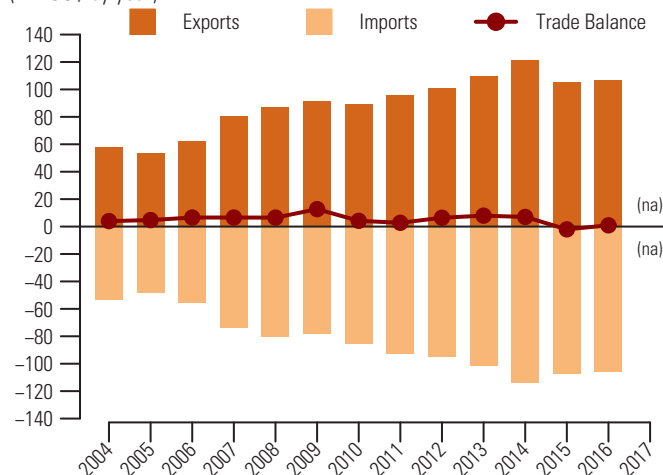
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 28.3, 22.5 and 15.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, France and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 16.7, 15.2 and 11.6 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 43.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 23.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 11.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

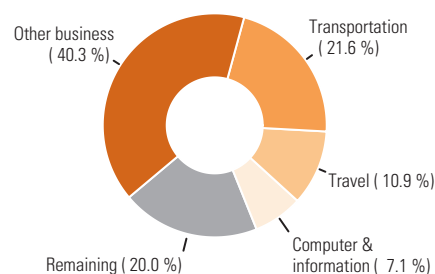


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		397739.2	398033.3	429980.2					
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	27740.9	30330.3	33088.3	16.2	17.0		thsd US\$/unit	781
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	27251.7	26469.0	26531.6	146.9	137.4	88.0	US\$/kg	542
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	24275.2	20003.9	25532.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
7102	Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	15509.7	15866.8	15262.2			23.2	US\$/carat	667
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....	13345.2	13169.1	14184.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	thsd US\$/kg	541
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	10228.6	10157.7	10952.0					931
2933	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.....	8953.3	8683.5	7663.3	20.2	21.2	18.9	US\$/kg	515
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....	6261.4	6512.3	7099.4					872
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	6217.8	4560.8	6494.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	343
3901	Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....	5711.7	5603.5	5874.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	US\$/kg	571

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	429 980.2	-4.2	8.0	100.0
0+1	41 690.8	-1.3	8.4	9.7
2+4	11 997.7	-5.9	10.4	2.8
3	35 859.7	-14.3	29.8	8.3
5	121 829.0	-4.5	3.9	28.3
6	66 009.2	-4.4	10.1	15.4
7	96 710.4	-1.6	7.9	22.5
8	44 462.6	0.4	5.5	10.3
9	11 420.7	-4.5	-5.5	2.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	406 412.3	-4.5	9.0	100.0
0+1	35 295.1	-1.8	8.5	8.7
2+4	17 144.4	-5.2	11.9	4.2
3	48 281.8	-14.8	27.4	11.9
5	98 503.2	-3.5	3.6	24.2
6	56 822.7	-4.4	7.1	14.0
7	105 220.1	-0.4	9.8	25.9
8	39 976.9	-1.9	3.0	9.8
9	5 168.0	-4.3	21.9	1.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

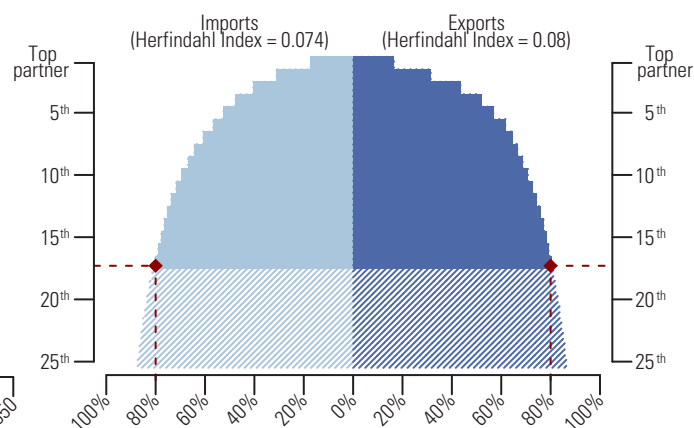
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



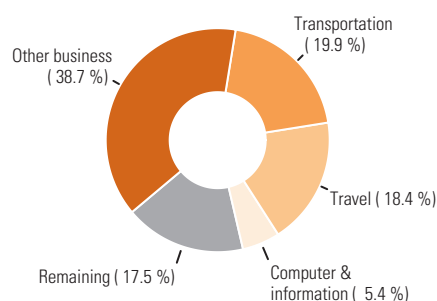
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 25.9, 24.2 and 14.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Netherlands, Germany and France, accounting for respectively 16.7, 13.4 and 9.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 41.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 21.1 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 19.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

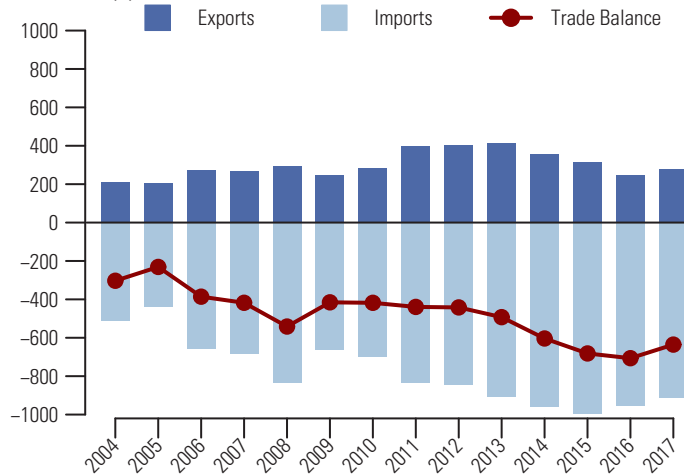
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		371 025.0	372 712.7	406 412.3					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		28 418.0	31 446.5	36 407.6	18.4	18.5	thsd US\$/unit	781	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		21 999.4	21 509.2	19 530.6	103.0	96.7	71.0	US\$/kg	542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		17 586.9	15 870.6	18 837.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		15 594.4	15 357.7	13 687.8			112.9	US\$/carat	667
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		14 525.0	11 543.7	15 284.9	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		12 218.1	11 270.8	13 176.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	thsd US\$/kg	541
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		10 723.9	8 094.0	10 887.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	343
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.....		9 448.8	8 600.2	8 052.8	78.6	75.2	56.3	US\$/kg	515
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		7 098.8	7 279.0	7 776.1	6.9	7.3	7.8	US\$/kg	784
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		5 495.0	5 384.3	5 589.1					872

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Belize increased substantially by 12.8 percent to reach 277.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 4.1 percent to reach 913.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 635.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -288.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Belize were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Belize increased slightly by 1.9 percent, reaching 507.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.5 percent and reached 222.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 285.6 mln US\$.

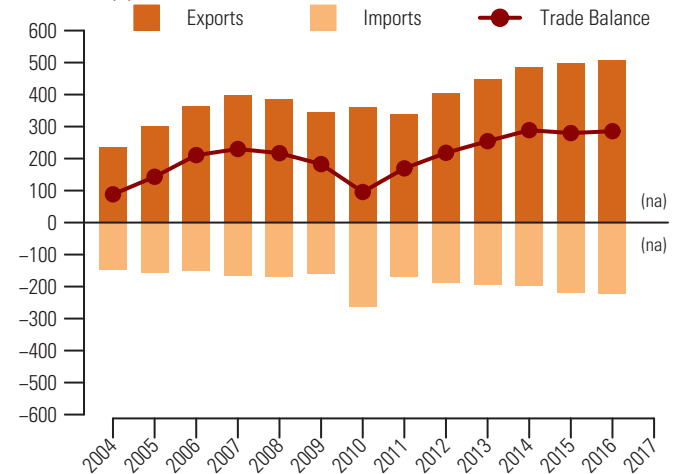
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 75.2, 7.6 and 5.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form" (HS code 1701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and Jamaica, accounting for respectively 33.1, 27.3 and 4.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 390.9 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 55.1 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 27.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

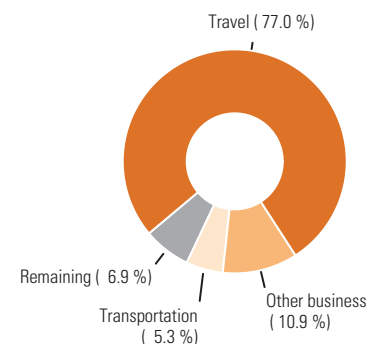


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		313.9	246.2	277.6				
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		67.2	51.4	74.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 061
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices.....		45.7	45.2	33.6	0.9	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg 059
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		49.4	35.5	0.7				931
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		39.6	15.5	16.3	3.9	6.8	7.4	US\$/kg 036
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....		40.9				057
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		18.2	11.2	11.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		8.6	6.5	9.6	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 334
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....		8.5	7.4	7.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 054
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		6.3	5.6	9.8	3.3	3.3	3.4	US\$/kg 122
3301 Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes.....		5.7	4.3	7.8	2.1	1.8	2.8	US\$/kg 551

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	277.6	-9.5	12.8	100.0
0+1	208.7	-5.4	35.8	75.2
2+4	4.6	-1.0	-6.2	1.7
3	21.0	-28.6	18.5	7.6
5	15.7	51.3	103.6	5.7
6	5.4	3.5	14.0	2.0
7	6.8	-8.3	0.5	2.4
8	14.7	48.1	-2.5	5.3
9	0.7	-65.4	-98.1	0.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	913.1	0.2	-4.1	100.0
0+1	179.0	11.3	-7.3	19.6
2+4	27.9	13.3	5.6	3.1
3	108.3	-6.1	15.2	11.9
5	95.2	3.5	3.9	10.4
6	133.6	4.6	3.0	14.6
7	199.3	5.7	-17.0	21.8
8	168.0	25.8	-4.0	18.4
9	1.8	-69.8	-24.8	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

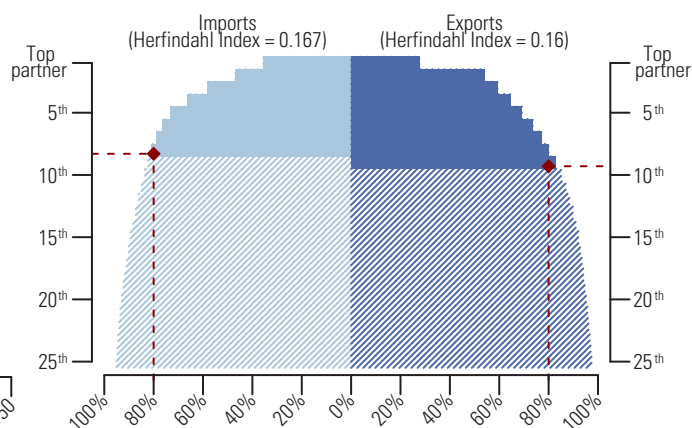
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



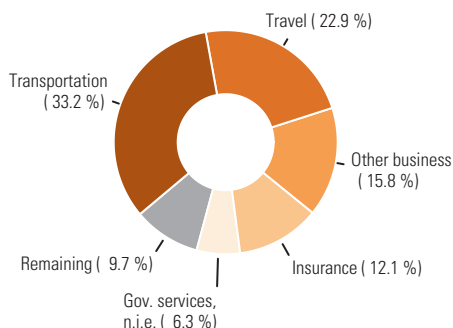
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 21.8, 19.6 and 18.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 35.8, 11.0 and 10.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 73.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 50.9 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 35.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

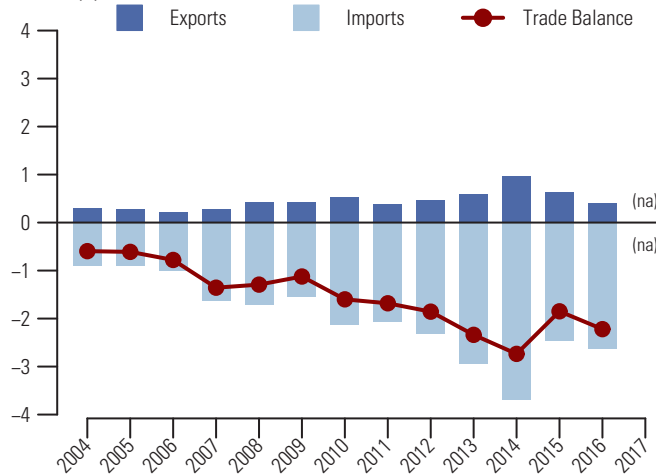
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		995.6	952.5	913.1				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		98.3	81.2	90.8	0.3	0.1	0.3	US\$/kg 334
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		52.2	48.0	44.2	2.4	2.8	2.9	US\$/kg 122
4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases.....		20.5	23.2	21.2				831
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		19.9	22.9	14.1			16.9	thsd US\$/unit 782
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		16.5	21.8	15.9	21.0	18.8	18.9	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		14.5	25.6	8.5				764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		12.1	12.8	17.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 343
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		13.6	12.3	12.8	2.1	1.9	1.8	US\$/kg 591
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		12.7	12.9	12.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 562
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		12.3	12.9	11.8	1.0	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg 893

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Benin decreased substantially by 34.5 percent to reach 409.8 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 6.3 percent to reach 2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -758.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Benin were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Benin decreased substantially by 14.4 percent, reaching 355.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 25.6 percent and reached 654.0 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 298.6 mln US\$.

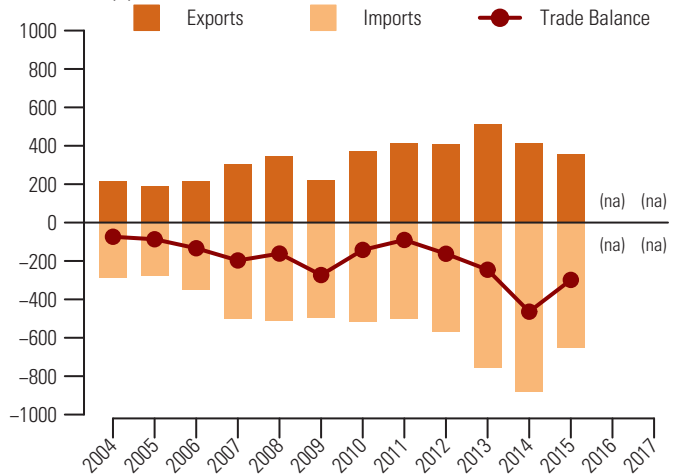
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 55.5, 18.0 and 11.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Cotton, not carded or combed" (HS code 5201) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, China and Gabon, accounting for respectively 11.3, 7.8 and 7.3 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 143.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 140.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

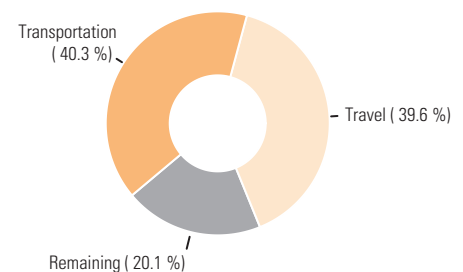


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		968.3	625.6	409.8				
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		293.0	262.4	175.5	1.6	1.1	1.4	US\$/kg 263
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....		66.3	71.1	39.1	0.6	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 057
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		102.1	20.5	13.2	1.0	0.7	0.4	US\$/kg 334
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		39.1	36.1	15.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		74.3	9.0	1.0	15.2	6.3	5.2	US\$/kg 723
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled.....		22.9	18.9	15.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 057
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		22.0	15.0	18.0	2.0	1.7	0.2	thsd US\$/kg 971
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		45.5	0.0	0.0				792
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		45.0	0.0	0.0				793
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		...	42.6	0.0				793

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	409.8	-2.9	-34.5	100.0
0+1	73.6	-8.9	-32.9	18.0
2+4	227.6	4.1	-27.8	55.5
3	14.6	-21.0	-35.6	3.6
5	5.6	3.1	11.2	1.4
6	46.8	-13.8	-42.3	11.4
7	17.5	14.8	-75.8	4.3
8	6.1	21.4	44.4	1.5
9	18.0	-2.1	19.7	4.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2630.2	3.2	6.3	100.0
0+1	1212.3	11.1	26.2	46.1
2+4	114.8	-8.1	-14.2	4.4
3	473.0	-0.7	10.0	18.0
5	159.6	3.8	5.1	6.1
6	236.5	-11.6	-13.6	9.0
7	369.8	7.7	-17.9	14.1
8	63.8	-3.2	-13.5	2.4
9	0.3	70.3	764.9	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

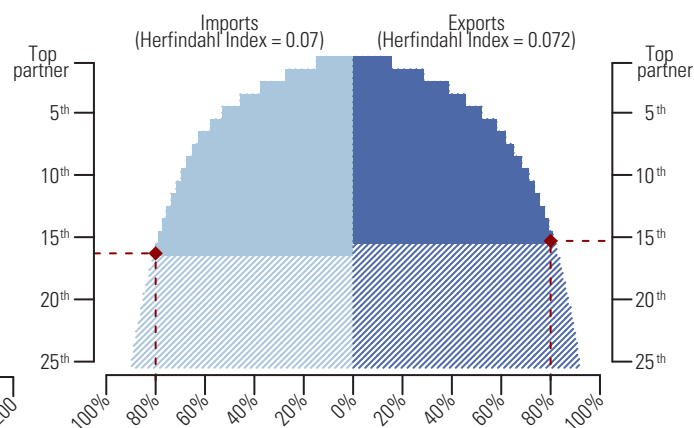
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



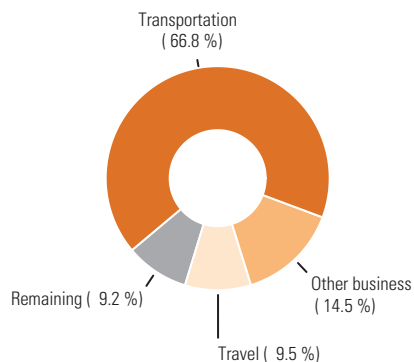
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 46.1, 18.0 and 14.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Rice" (HS code 1006) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were India, Thailand and France, accounting for respectively 12.6, 11.0 and 9.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 436.9 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 94.8 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 62.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

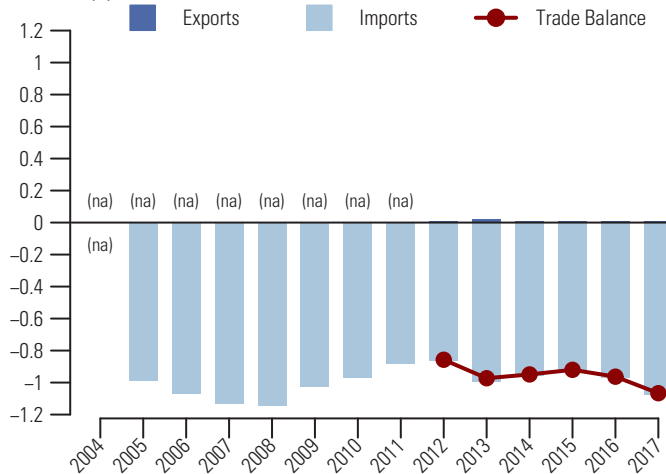
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		3703.7	2474.7	2630.2				
1006 Rice.....		1014.4	457.2	773.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 042
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		345.7	289.3	343.3	0.7	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 334
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		242.4	224.9	167.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	US\$/kg 012
2716 Electrical energy.....		137.6	114.3	93.6	60.6	54.8	46.3	US\$/MWh 351
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		70.2	76.9	93.1	18.3	17.4	15.3	thsd US\$/unit 781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		91.4	71.5	72.3	10.4	6.6	16.2	US\$/kg 542
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		147.8	41.3	0.0				
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor.....		69.1	59.5	53.5	2.1	1.9		thsd US\$/unit 785
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		52.2	57.2	71.9	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 034
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		50.4	53.0	69.3	0.8	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 422

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Bermuda increased substantially by 41.2 percent to reach 11.7 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.0 percent to reach 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -808.8 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bermuda were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Bermuda decreased slightly by 2.2 percent, reaching 1.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.0 percent and reached 994.0 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 307.6 mln US\$.

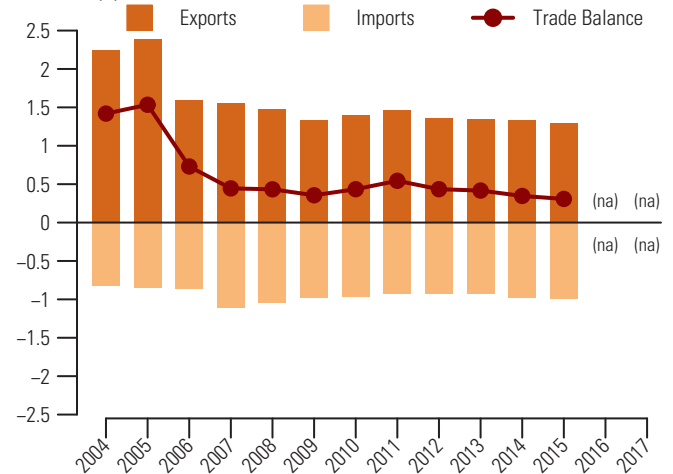
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 47.7, 21.8 and 18.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol" (HS code 2208) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada, accounting for respectively 83.3, 7.3 and 3.1 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 438.5 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 388.3 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 173.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

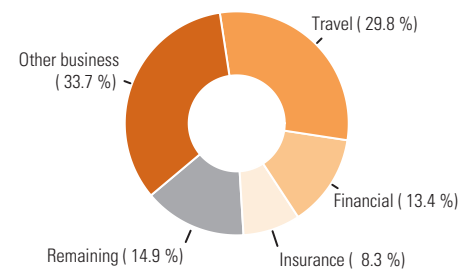


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		8.6	8.3	11.7				
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		3.4	4.9	4.9	3.4	3.5	3.8	US\$/litre
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1.0	0.2	0.9				
9015 Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic.....		0.2	0.6	0.5				
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....		1.1	...	...		
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		0.2	0.2	0.7	0.1	0.1	2.7	thsd US\$/kg
9101 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal.....		0.2	0.0	0.8	46.1		21.4	thsd US\$/unit
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		0.1	0.2	0.2	70.0	81.8	102.5	US\$/kg
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		0.4	0.1	0.1	3.4	0.8	0.1	thsd US\$/unit
9102 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal.....		0.4			6.2	thsd US\$/unit
8467 Tools for working in the hand, pneumatic, hydraulic.....		0.0	0.3	0.0				

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	11.7	-14.2	41.2	100.0
0+1	5.6	90.6	1.9	47.7
2+4	0.0	-48.0	15.0	0.1
3	0.0	...	13.4	0.2
5	0.0	-23.5	121.8	0.3
6	0.4	-7.2	194.1	3.7
7	2.2	-23.3	80.6	18.7
8	2.6	-34.8	105.0	21.8
9	0.9	179.0	422.3	7.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1078.2	2.0	11.0	100.0
0+1	216.9	3.6	7.4	20.1
2+4	12.7	5.0	6.6	1.2
3	78.7	-16.0	-4.3	7.3
5	67.5	-0.9	3.7	6.3
6	97.9	0.7	7.8	9.1
7	199.1	7.6	18.1	18.5
8	226.6	1.8	-1.8	21.0
9	178.9	12.1	48.8	16.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

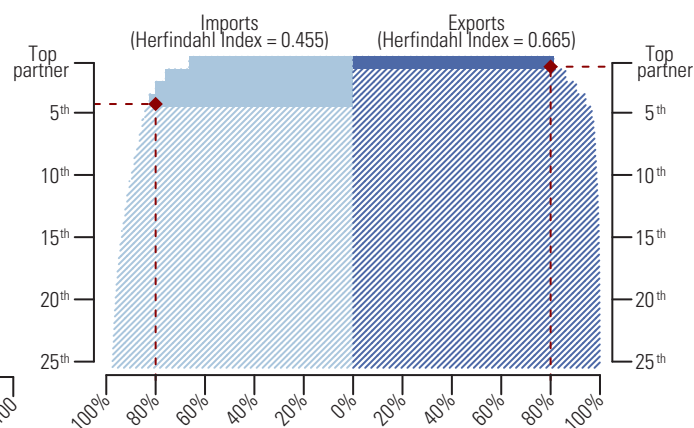
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



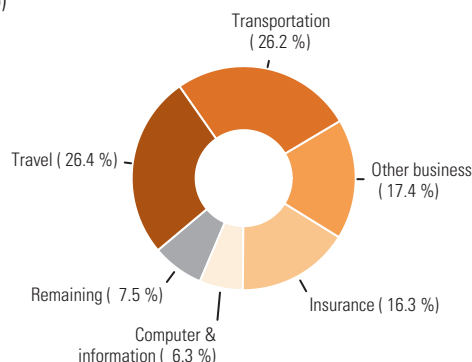
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 21.0, 20.1 and 18.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 67.4, 11.7 and 3.7 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 26.2 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 26.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 17.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		928.9	971.4	1078.2				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		115.2	117.2	175.8				931
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....		80.5	84.0	80.7	2.6	8.8	5.6	thsd US\$/kg 892
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		89.5	79.6	75.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		19.6	20.6	27.0	12.4	11.9	7.0	thsd US\$/unit 781
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		18.1	21.1	24.0				821
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		17.9	17.6	20.9	23.4	41.9		US\$/kg 542
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....		14.0	14.4	17.1	9.5	9.6	11.0	US\$/litre 112
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares.....		12.4	13.2	13.9	2.0	3.4	4.4	US\$/kg 048
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		11.0	8.8	17.4	6.8	3.3	0.0	thsd US\$/unit 793
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		8.4	11.3	16.5				764

Bolivia (Plurinational State of)

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

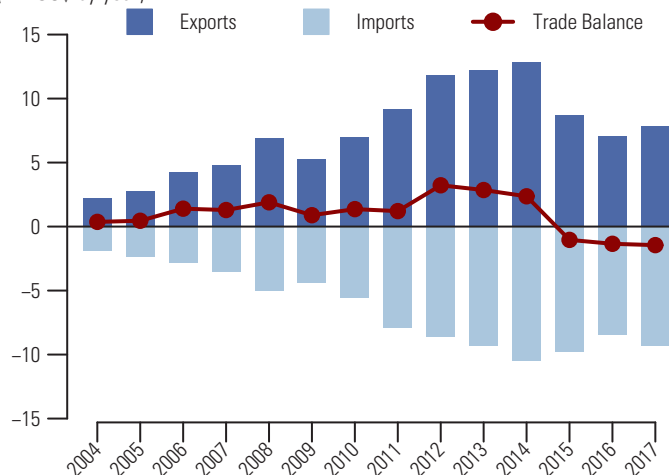
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Plurinational State of Bolivia increased substantially by 10.9 percent to reach 7.9 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.4 percent to reach 9.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -927.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Plurinational State of Bolivia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Plurinational State of Bolivia increased moderately by 5.2 percent, reaching 1.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.6 percent and reached 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.1 bln US\$.

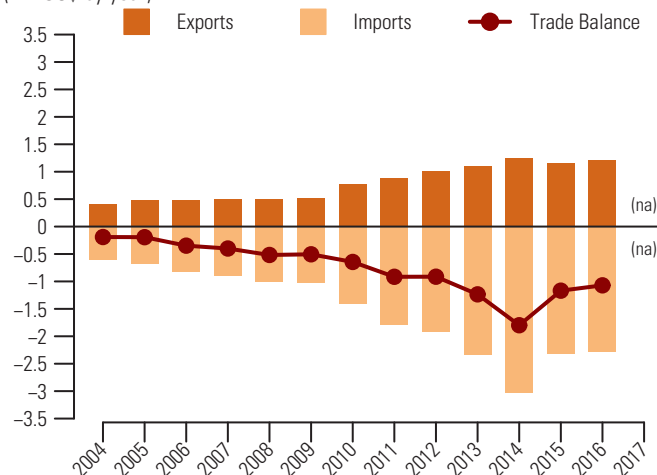
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 34.7, 33.1 and 13.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Brazil, Argentina and the United States, accounting for respectively 22.2, 14.8 and 11.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 687.0 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 289.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

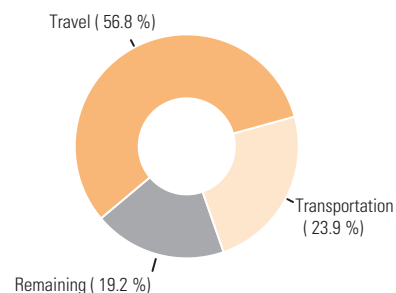


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	8 725.9	7 081.9	7 852.4				
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	3 783.9	2 077.5	2 625.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 343
2608	Zinc ores and concentrates.....	865.7	982.7	1 351.7	1.3	1.4	2.0	US\$/kg 287
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	725.3	742.8	1 029.4	35.0	37.3	37.1	thsd US\$/kg 971
2616	Precious metal ores and concentrates.....	589.6	650.8	565.2	37.4	32.1	37.5	US\$/kg 289
2304	Oil-cake and other solid residues.....	511.5	549.9	352.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 081
8001	Unwrought tin.....	254.5	294.9	325.5	16.3	17.6	20.1	US\$/kg 687
1507	Soya-bean oil and its fractions.....	256.1	281.8	194.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 421
0801	Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....	192.0	182.7	169.3	7.8	7.0	12.1	US\$/kg 057
2607	Lead ores and concentrates.....	133.5	160.4	246.5	1.2	1.3	1.7	US\$/kg 287
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	129.4	150.6	129.8	18.6	22.9	19.7	thsd US\$/kg 897

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	7852.4	-10.4	10.9	100.0
0+1	762.9	-11.1	-26.0	9.7
2+4	2596.9	-1.7	10.5	33.1
3	2723.4	-20.1	24.1	34.7
5	79.8	-18.6	-16.7	1.0
6	507.0	-5.0	2.8	6.5
7	4.9	-12.5	20.7	0.1
8	148.1	-3.5	-13.8	1.9
9	1029.4	17.6	38.6	13.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

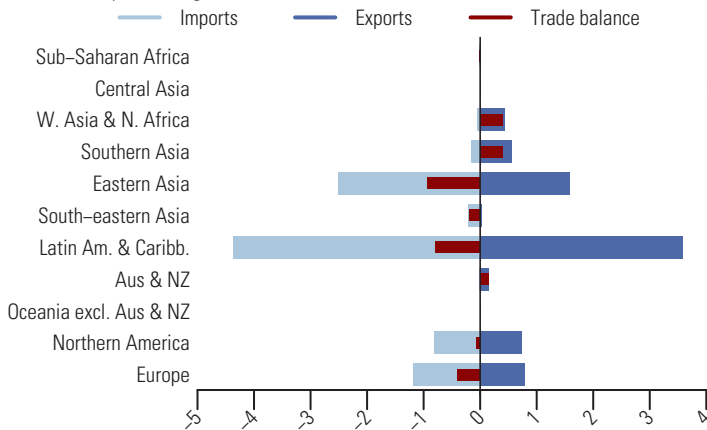
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	9302.4	-0.1	10.4	100.0
0+1	742.2	2.8	3.8	8.0
2+4	98.7	1.6	24.8	1.1
3	981.5	-6.6	28.4	10.6
5	1388.7	0.2	8.3	14.9
6	1641.7	0.5	8.1	17.6
7	3649.5	0.2	11.6	39.2
8	755.3	4.5	0.8	8.1
9	44.7	-5.7	-8.0	0.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

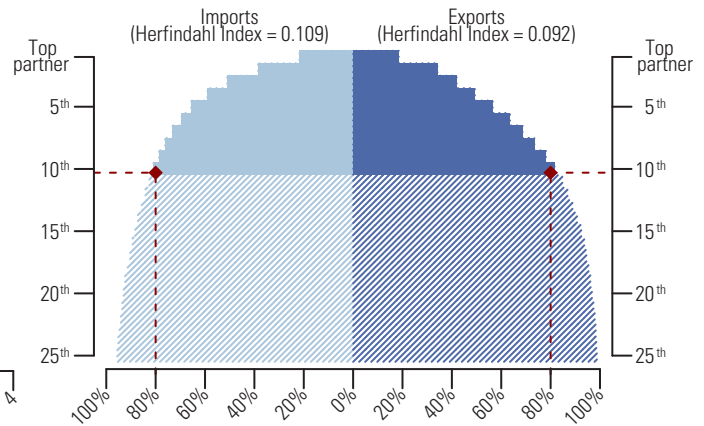
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



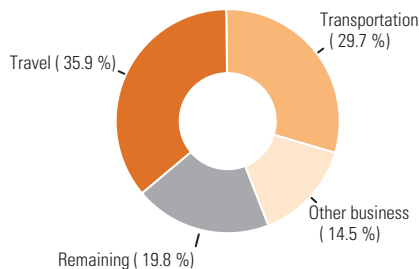
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 39.2, 17.6 and 14.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Brazil and Argentina, accounting for respectively 19.9, 16.9 and 11.6 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 818.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 678.2 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 331.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		9766.4	8426.9	9302.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1078.2	706.4	928.8	0.8	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		556.8	405.0	460.5	13.6	17.0	11.7	thsd US\$/unit 781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		321.1	291.9	270.9	18.4		18.0	thsd US\$/unit 782
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		228.6	200.8	248.9	5.2	4.2	4.3	US\$/kg 591
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....		203.4	220.5	204.3	0.7	0.6		US\$/kg 676
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		221.1	204.4	168.6				764
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		205.8	193.3	194.9	63.7	66.2		thsd US\$/unit 723
8479 Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions.....		226.4	69.0	148.8				728
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		131.3	132.2	132.6	28.2	23.6	15.4	US\$/kg 542
8702 Motor vehicles for the transport of ten or more persons, including the driver.....		100.4	127.4	150.4	15.7		14.4	thsd US\$/unit 783

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

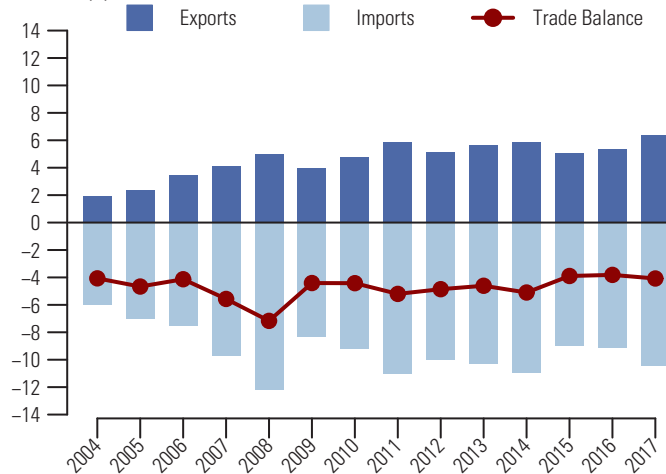
Trade System: Special

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Bosnia and Herzegovina increased substantially by 19.5 percent to reach 6.4 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.2 percent to reach 10.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bosnia and Herzegovina were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Bosnia and Herzegovina increased slightly by 4.3 percent, reaching 1.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.4 percent and reached 478.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 754.7 mln US\$.

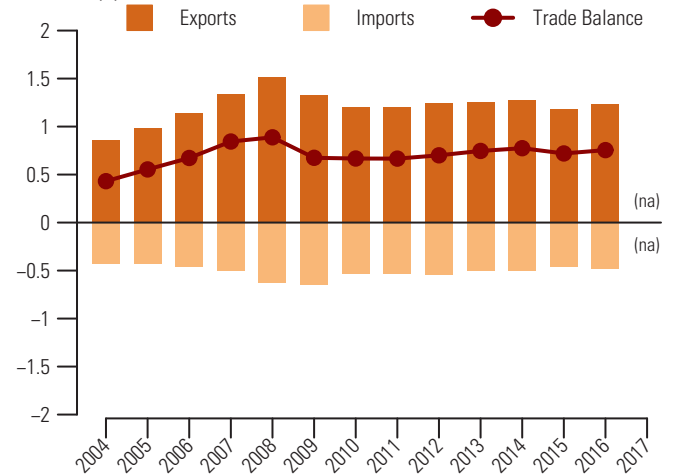
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 26.9, 22.7 and 14.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Seats (other than those of heading 94.02)" (HS code 9401) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and Croatia, accounting for respectively 15.2, 12.1 and 10.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 719.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 304.0 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 90.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

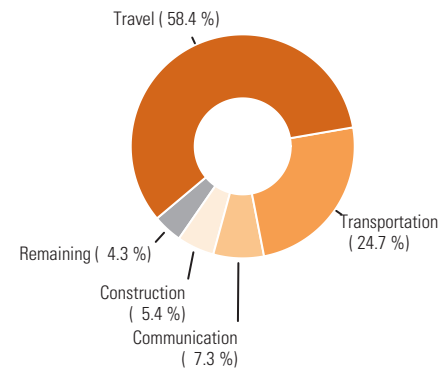


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		5 099.2	5 327.6	6 366.9					
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....		349.7	370.7	398.6				821	
2716 Electrical energy.....		161.4	182.4	266.7	54.1	47.7	41.8	US\$/MWh	351
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		178.9	188.0	201.6					248
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		195.3	140.1	206.3	2.2	1.8	2.2	US\$/kg	684
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		157.5	181.5	200.8					931
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		174.6	177.6	178.3					851
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		144.0	168.1	190.9					821
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		142.4	142.0	144.5	3.9	4.1	5.0	US\$/kg	784
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		106.1	111.2	153.3	5.1	4.1	4.8	US\$/kg	773
6406 Parts of footwear.....		92.4	109.5	129.8	37.3	38.3	39.2	US\$/kg	851

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	6366.9	2.9	19.5	100.0
0+1	447.5	5.4	7.1	7.0
2+4	713.4	-1.0	12.2	11.2
3	530.3	-4.9	46.4	8.3
5	511.1	11.7	23.5	8.0
6	1442.9	1.7	28.6	22.7
7	917.0	5.3	20.9	14.4
8	1715.1	6.3	19.5	26.9
9	89.6	-14.5	-50.8	1.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

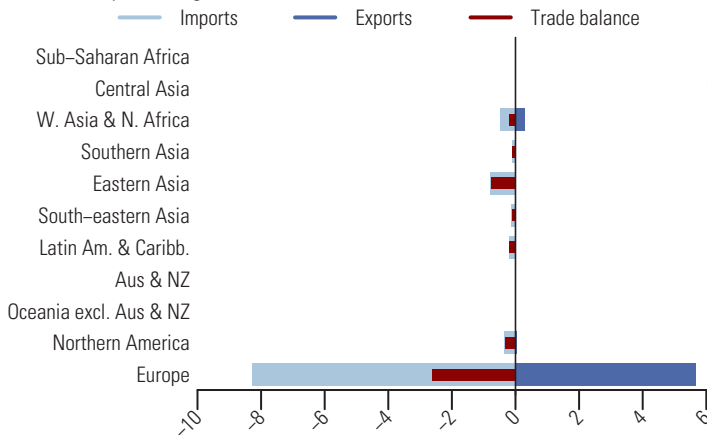
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	10444.5	0.4	14.2	100.0
0+1	1580.4	-1.8	5.6	15.1
2+4	411.7	0.6	13.3	3.9
3	1491.9	-7.1	36.3	14.3
5	1305.4	0.5	8.0	12.5
6	2466.4	3.9	17.3	23.6
7	2171.3	3.6	13.3	20.8
8	1007.5	2.9	6.8	9.6
9	9.9	1.3	-36.3	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

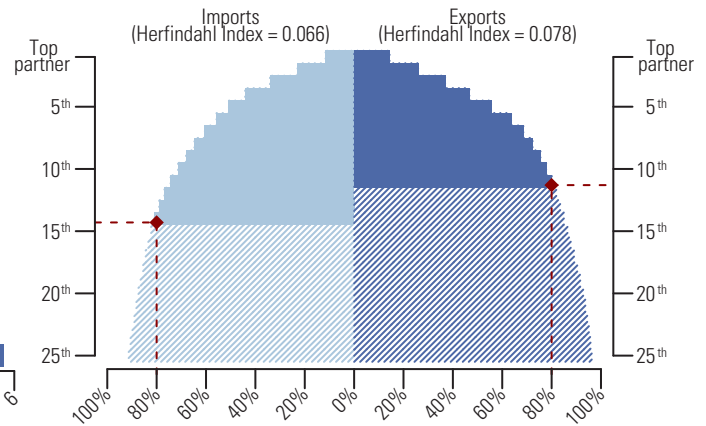
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



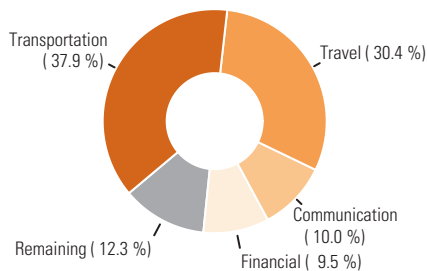
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.6, 20.8 and 15.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and Serbia, accounting for respectively 12.0, 11.4 and 11.1 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 181.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 145.1 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 47.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

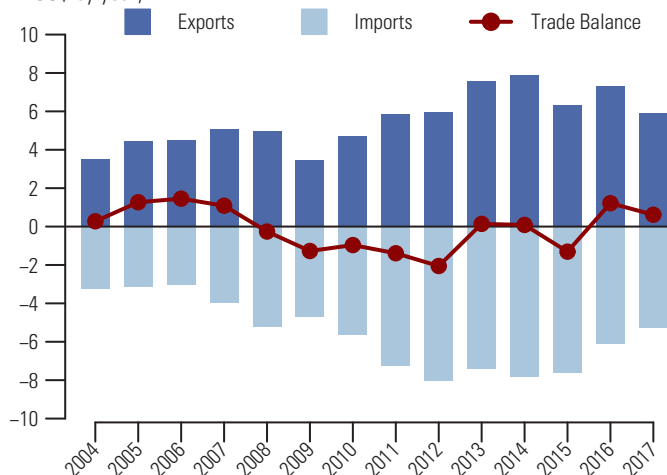
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		8994.0	9141.9	10444.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		474.1	457.8	551.3	0.6	0.5	0.5	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		311.2	340.8	402.1	21.4	18.9		781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		359.7	303.8	329.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		246.5	252.6	255.9	39.2	40.7	40.4	542
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		172.3	142.0	264.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	321
4107 Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting.....		112.4	120.3	123.6	30.9	29.8	31.7	611
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		112.0	114.8	116.6				764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		117.8	87.1	104.6	0.5	0.3	0.4	343
2716 Electrical energy.....		60.4	65.3	182.7	54.8	46.3	40.8	351
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		103.1	101.0	95.9	2.4	2.6	3.6	784

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Botswana decreased substantially by 19.4 percent to reach 5.9 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 13.4 percent to reach 5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 615.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Botswana were diversified amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Botswana increased slightly by 2.3 percent, reaching 1.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 16.8 percent and reached 793.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 601.4 mln US\$.

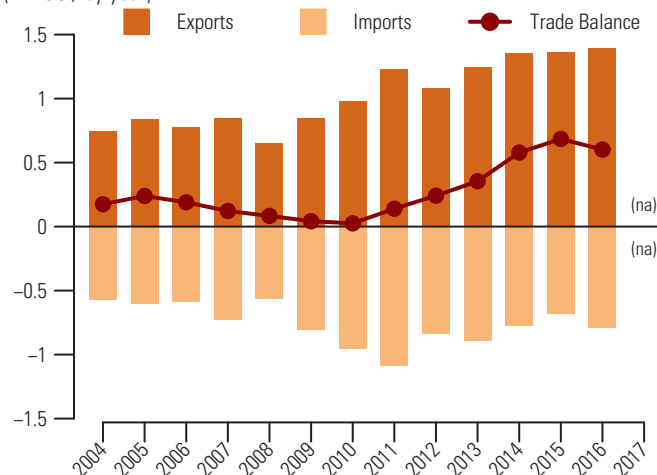
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 89.5, 3.8 and 2.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Belgium, India and South Africa, accounting for respectively 20.4, 15.6 and 12.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 133.0 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 76.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

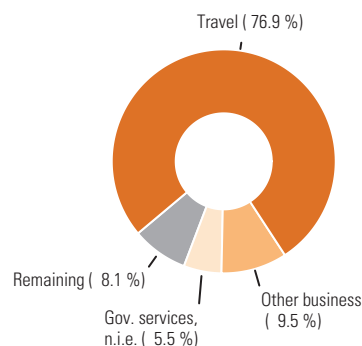


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	6319.2	7320.7	5897.9				
	7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	5252.0	6453.0	5250.0				667
	7501 Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products.....	320.5	235.2	...	7.3	5.4		US\$/kg 284
	8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	105.3	117.4	88.7	12.7	8.8	32.6	US\$/kg 773
	0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....	53.6	51.7	49.0	3.0	3.1	4.1	US\$/kg 011
	0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled.....	62.7	52.5	34.8	5.4	4.8	7.4	US\$/kg 011
	2836 Carbonates; peroxocarbonates (percarbonates).....	35.5	39.7	42.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 523
	7105 Dust and powder of natural or synthetic precious or semi-precious stones.....	0.0	0.0	103.8			0.5	US\$/carat 277
	7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	26.7	38.7	35.9	37.2	39.7	39.7	thsd US\$/kg 971
	2501 Salt (including table salt).....	23.6	25.5	19.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg 278
	2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....	53.3	0.0	3.7	1.1	0.1	1.5	US\$/kg 283

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5897.9	-6.1	-19.4	100.0
0+1	103.1	-12.3	-16.9	1.7
2+4	156.4	-31.3	-47.9	2.7
3	8.5	-28.0	-31.7	0.1
5	69.4	-2.3	-17.9	1.2
6	5281.2	-4.2	-18.6	89.5
7	224.9	2.4	-3.9	3.8
8	15.2	-21.3	-48.8	0.3
9	39.1	-16.9	-21.3	0.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

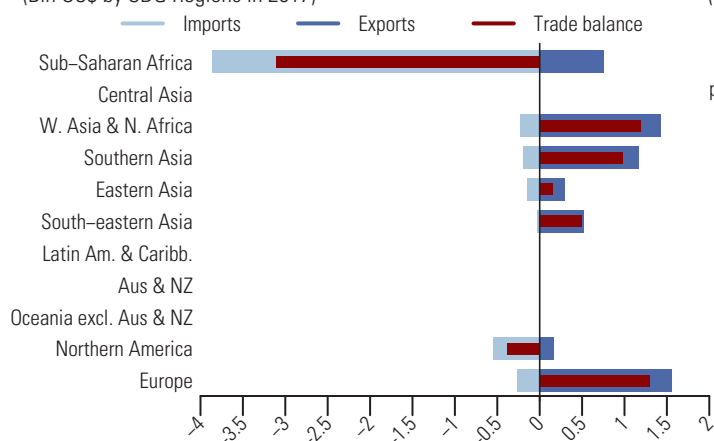
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5282.8	-8.2	-13.4	100.0
0+1	633.0	-2.9	-0.8	12.0
2+4	142.3	-3.4	-15.3	2.7
3	775.3	-11.8	-1.5	14.7
5	421.3	-4.3	-11.2	8.0
6	1853.4	-9.4	-19.1	35.1
7	1092.3	-7.1	-13.9	20.7
8	344.1	-7.3	-13.8	6.5
9	20.9	-31.1	-72.5	0.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

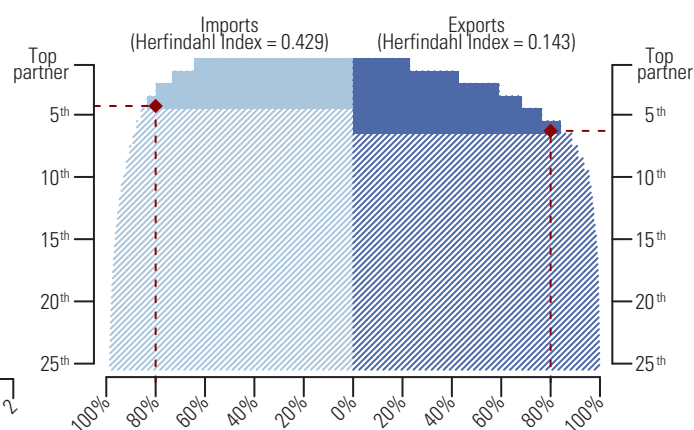
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



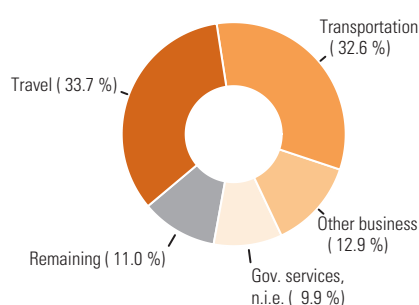
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 35.1, 20.7 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, Namibia and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 62.0, 11.1 and 7.3 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 267.2 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 258.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 102.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

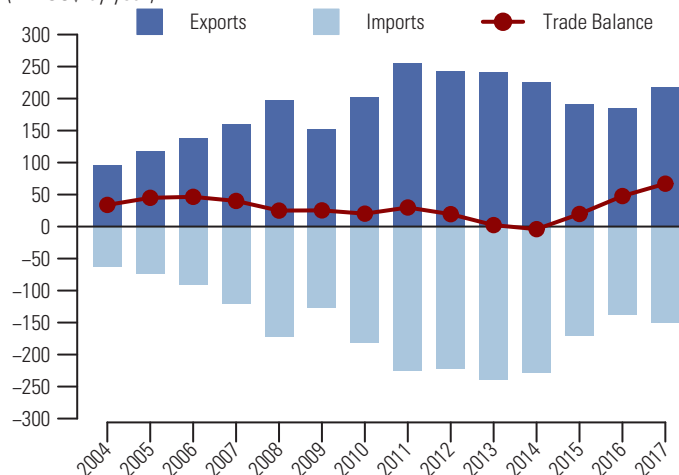
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		7626.2	6102.7	5282.8				
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		2974.2	1726.6	1338.7				667
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		768.0	628.3	718.1	0.8	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		172.2	158.9	131.0	4.5	3.0	20.0 thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		87.3	159.9	148.5	25.2	42.4	135.3 US\$/kg	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		123.2	116.3	86.8	15.0	15.7	19.1 thsd US\$/unit	782
2716 Electrical energy.....		103.1	141.2	38.6	15.4	69.4	40.9 US\$/MWh	351
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		66.6	67.9	68.1				764
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		69.9	65.2	53.8	10.5	9.4	7.9 US\$/kg	723
2604 Nickel ores and concentrates.....		97.4	81.6	...	1.4	0.8	US\$/kg	284
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		69.4	48.5	56.4	9.0	7.7	10.8 US\$/kg	784

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Brazil increased substantially by 17.5 percent to reach 217.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.6 percent to reach 150.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 67.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 21.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Brazil were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 27 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Brazil decreased slightly by 1.2 percent, reaching 32.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 9.8 percent and reached 63.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 30.6 bln US\$.

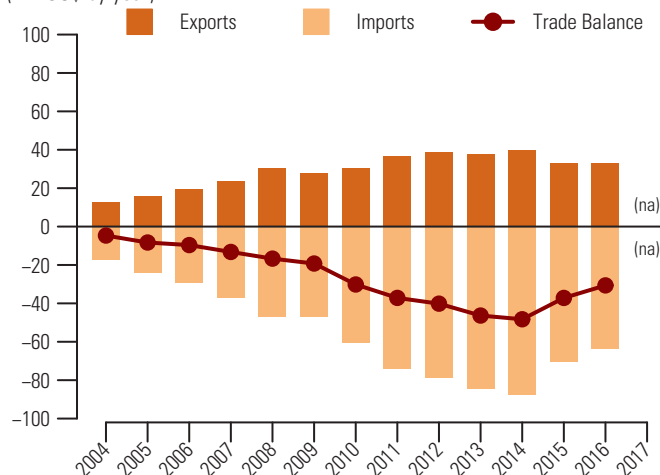
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 29.2, 23.1 and 17.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Soya beans, whether or not broken" (HS code 1201) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Argentina, accounting for respectively 19.9, 12.6 and 7.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 16.4 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 6.0 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 5.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

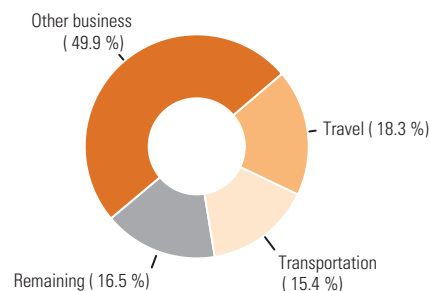


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		191 126.9	185 235.4	217 739.2				
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken.....		20 983.6	19 331.3	25 717.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 222
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		14 076.1	13 289.3	19 199.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg 281
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		11 781.3	10 073.8	16 625.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 333
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		7 641.5	10 435.8	11 411.9	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 061
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		6 378.9	6 128.0	6 577.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	US\$/kg 012
4703 Chemical wood pulp, soda or sulphate, other than dissolving grades.....		5 343.3	5 213.4	5 924.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 251
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		5 821.1	5 192.8	4 973.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 081
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		5 565.6	4 855.9	4 613.5	2.8	2.7	2.8	US\$/kg 071
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3 366.5	4 671.4	6 669.8	11.3	10.8	10.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
1005 Maize (corn).....		5 009.0	3 739.9	4 631.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 044

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	217739.2	-2.6	17.5	100.0
0+1	50302.2	-3.2	6.4	23.1
2+4	63657.9	-2.9	30.7	29.2
3	18723.1	1.2	61.7	8.6
5	12021.1	-4.2	9.4	5.5
6	25815.6	0.9	14.0	11.9
7	37150.8	-4.2	6.8	17.1
8	4592.3	0.4	9.0	2.1
9	5476.3	-7.6	9.1	2.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	150749.5	-11.0	9.6	100.0
0+1	8743.3	-4.6	-4.6	5.8
2+4	5058.0	-4.1	15.1	3.4
3	21550.8	-17.2	42.3	14.3
5	37322.3	-4.7	9.8	24.8
6	16068.8	-10.6	18.3	10.7
7	51410.6	-13.3	0.1	34.1
8	10591.5	-9.6	6.8	7.0
9	4.1	-1.1	-10.5	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

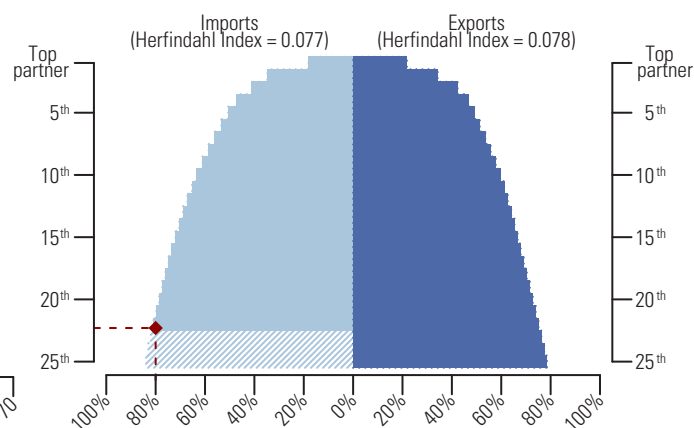
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



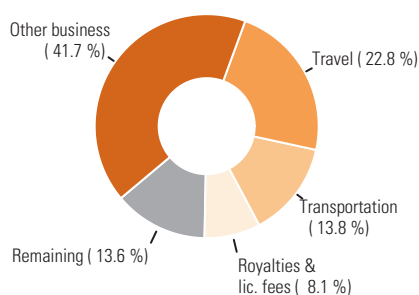
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.1, 24.8 and 14.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Argentina, accounting for respectively 17.7, 16.5 and 6.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 26.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 14.5 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

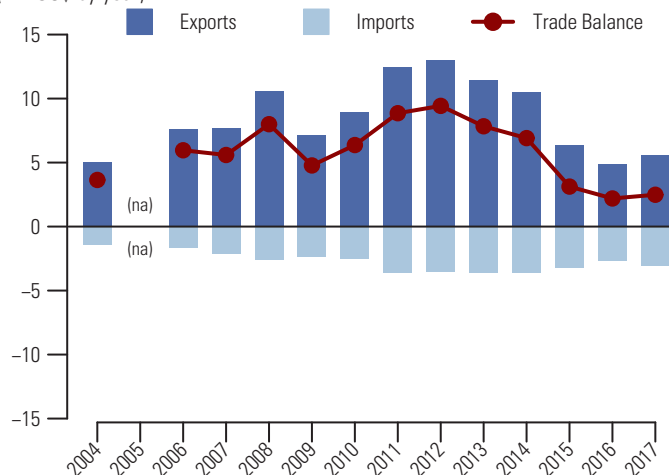
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		171 446.2	137 552.0	150 749.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		8 628.6	7 299.3	11 847.7	0.6	0.4	US\$/kg	334
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		5 361.3	4 851.8	5 449.6	7.7	7.9	US\$/kg	784
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		7 380.8	2 898.9	2 967.0	0.5	0.3	US\$/kg	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		4 282.8	3 620.7	4 341.1				764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		5 919.3	2 688.8	2 424.3		0.2	US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5 019.5	2 849.4	2 956.7	15.7	16.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		2 962.0	2 810.7	4 114.8				776
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		3 252.6	3 282.4	3 218.1	112.0	121.2	US\$/kg	542
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		2 734.4	2 625.6	2 898.6	315.4	341.6	US\$/kg	541
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		3 080.9	2 375.5	2 468.9	10.5	7.8	US\$/kg	591

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Brunei Darussalam increased substantially by 14.3 percent to reach 5.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.2 percent to reach 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Brunei Darussalam were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Brunei Darussalam decreased substantially by 17.2 percent, reaching 529.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 6.4 percent and reached 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.0 bln US\$.

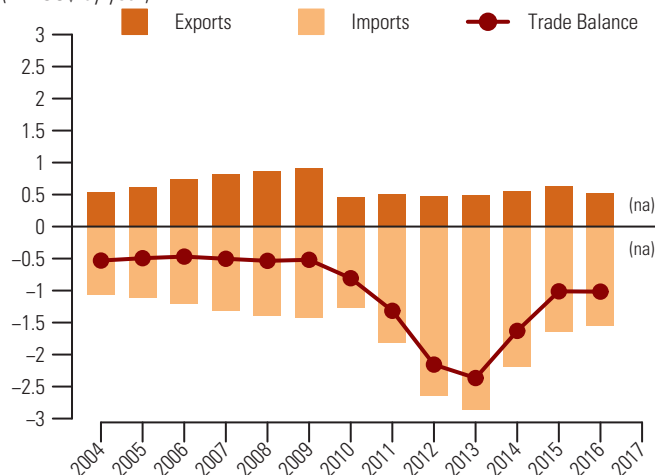
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 89.6, 3.6 and 3.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Japan, the Republic of Korea and Thailand, accounting for respectively 33.5, 14.7 and 9.5 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 345.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 144.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

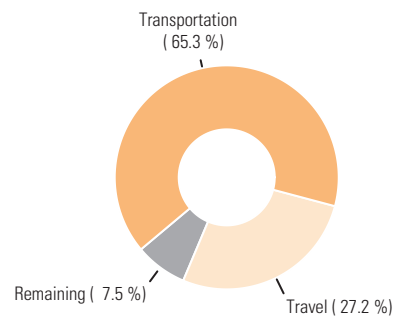


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		6352.7	4875.1	5570.6				
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		3538.8	2406.6	2769.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2367.7	1877.3	2211.9	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives.....		112.9	123.0	139.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 512
3824 Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores.....		3.2	110.0	60.1	1.4	94.4		US\$/kg 598
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....		0.0	0.0	123.1				899
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		36.5	34.3	30.5	514.4	607.8	257.5	US\$/kg 792
8407 Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines.....		6.2	32.5	3.5	0.1	1.2	0.0	mln US\$/unit 713
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		6.5	31.4	3.4				764
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		9.8	20.4	9.5	4.2	11.5	7.4	US\$/kg 723
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		28.1	2.6	1.6	14.0	2.6	0.4	mln US\$/unit 792

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5570.6	-16.5	14.3	100.0
0+1	10.6	-12.7	32.3	0.2
2+4	16.4	7.7	-5.3	0.3
3	4989.4	-18.0	16.5	89.6
5	202.5	21.7	-13.8	3.6
6	24.5	-25.4	-34.5	0.4
7	139.6	2.0	-41.7	2.5
8	166.8	35.9	270.6	3.0
9	20.7	3.9	140.8	0.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

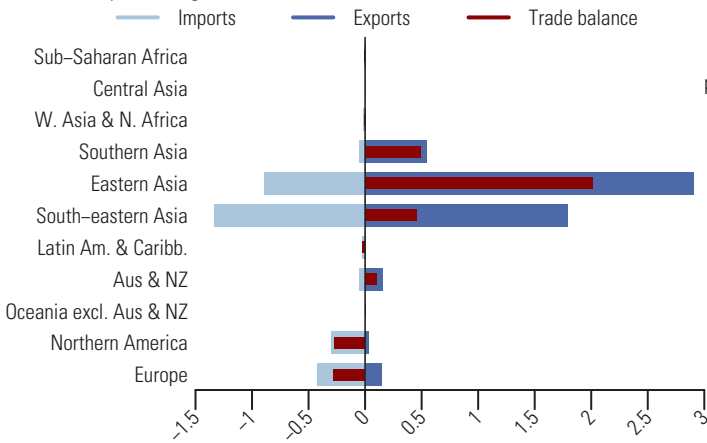
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	3084.5	-3.9	15.2	100.0
0+1	445.7	-4.2	-8.2	14.5
2+4	61.7	4.3	34.1	2.0
3	265.7	-0.5	16.4	8.6
5	245.7	-3.9	0.9	8.0
6	744.1	0.3	39.2	24.1
7	1054.2	-5.6	19.3	34.2
8	253.7	-9.8	2.4	8.2
9	13.8	-17.3	51.6	0.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

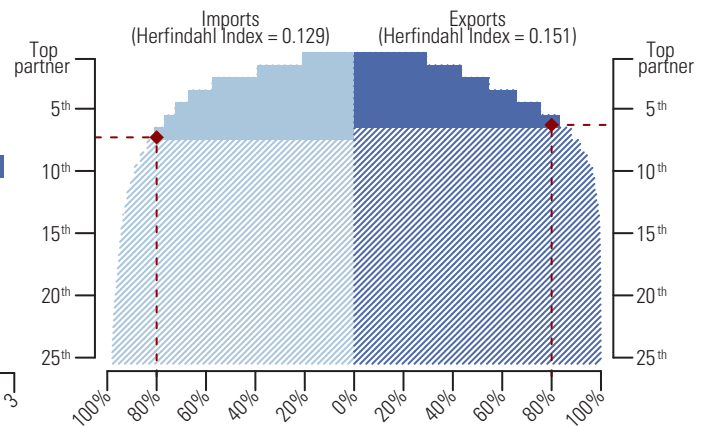
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



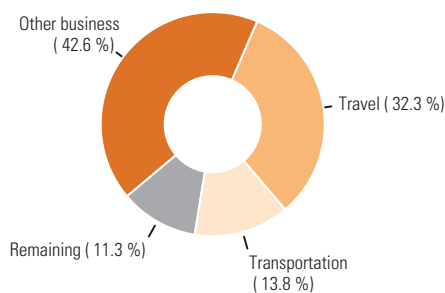
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.2, 24.1 and 14.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Malaysia, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 20.1, 17.1 and 14.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 659.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 499.2 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 213.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

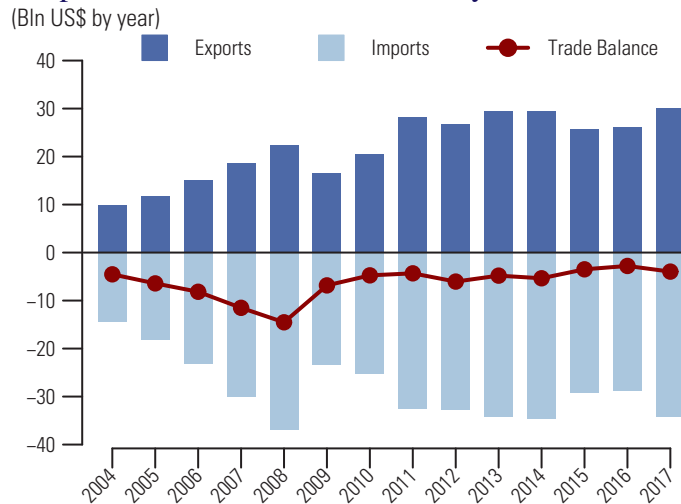
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		3229.1	2678.5	3084.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		192.7	224.5	264.1	0.7	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		218.2	192.4	197.7	16.2	16.1		thsd US\$/unit 781
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		156.7	88.8	41.9	1.7	3.7	0.4	US\$/kg 679
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		208.7	3.4	...	34.8	0.7		mln US\$/unit 793
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		57.2	23.5	125.0	2.0	1.6		US\$/kg 691
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		44.8	29.0	120.7				714
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		46.8	64.4	60.0	0.4	0.7	1.5	thsd US\$/kg 792
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		57.6	54.3	55.9	25.7	26.9		US\$/kg 542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		72.9	54.1	39.1				764
8407 Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines.....		31.3	37.3	90.0	17.9	32.6	84.9	thsd US\$/unit 713

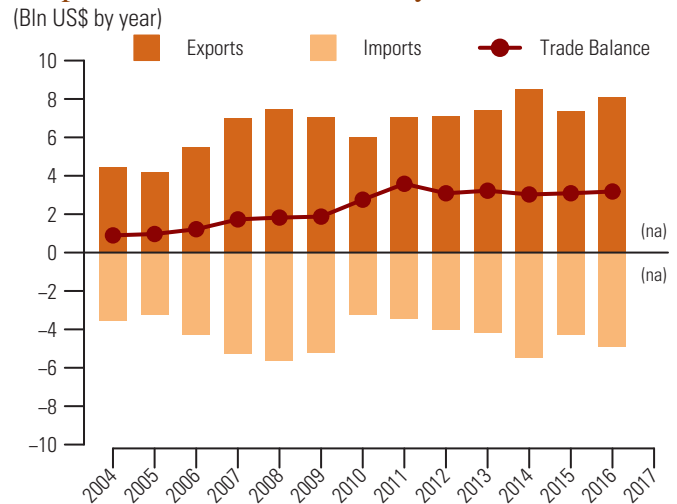
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Bulgaria increased substantially by 15.7 percent to reach 30.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.3 percent to reach 34.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -4.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bulgaria were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Bulgaria increased moderately by 9.3 percent, reaching 8.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.8 percent and reached 4.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade surplus of 3.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 23.6, 21.1 and 13.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and Romania, accounting for respectively 13.2, 8.9 and 8.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 3.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.9 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

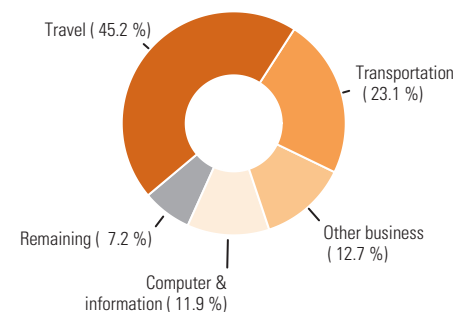


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		25778.7	26087.7	30181.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1713.8	1669.9	1677.8	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		998.1	1347.1	1640.1				
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....		1175.0	919.7	1220.6	5.6	5.0	6.2	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		806.1	748.0	882.4	46.7	51.4	50.4	US\$/kg
7402 Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining.....		761.0	458.7	1081.8	6.4	6.1	7.4	US\$/kg
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		652.9	767.7	772.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
2716 Electrical energy.....		601.3	505.9	550.2	44.9	40.4	46.0	US\$/MWh
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		485.7	518.5	546.7	12.5	12.1	13.1	US\$/kg
1206 Sunflower seeds, whether or not broken.....		402.5	409.6	438.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg
8538 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of heading 85.35, 85.36 or 85.37.....		312.1	316.0	412.8	21.1	8.1	23.3	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	30 181.9	0.6	15.7	100.0
0+1	3 569.7	-2.6	6.9	11.8
2+4	2 186.6	-5.5	6.7	7.2
3	2 424.3	-13.6	0.9	8.0
5	2 983.8	5.9	15.3	9.9
6	7 117.2	2.3	36.0	23.6
7	6 365.5	5.2	18.5	21.1
8	4 043.4	2.4	8.1	13.4
9	1 491.3	20.2	9.3	4.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	34 148.6	-0.1	18.3	100.0
0+1	3 118.7	2.1	15.4	9.1
2+4	3 183.6	-0.9	49.4	9.3
3	4 826.6	-11.6	34.6	14.1
5	4 692.2	3.8	13.5	13.7
6	5 638.6	1.2	13.2	16.5
7	8 423.7	2.4	13.5	24.7
8	2 610.6	5.2	12.9	7.6
9	1 654.7	12.4	2.8	4.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

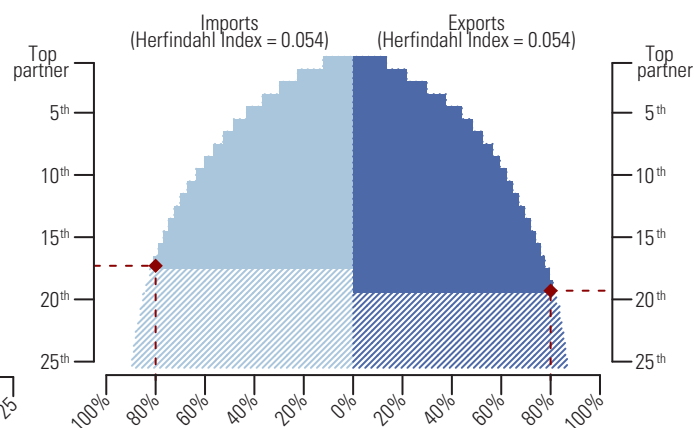
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



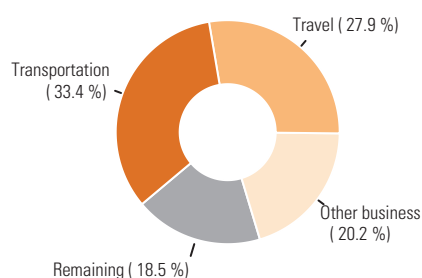
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.7, 16.5 and 14.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, the Russian Federation and Italy, accounting for respectively 12.7, 10.4 and 7.6 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.4 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 987.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

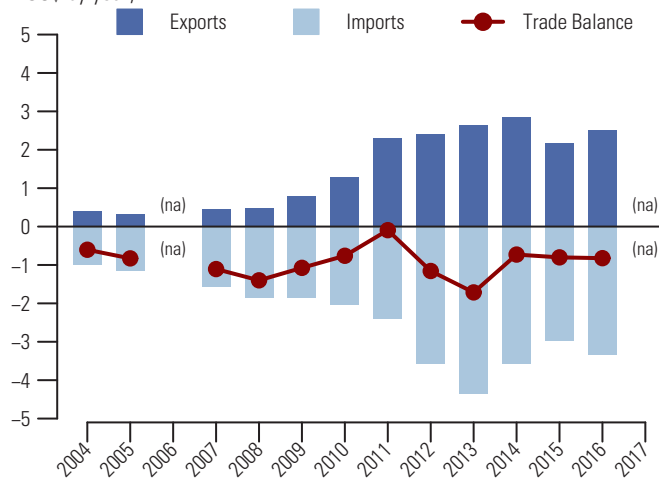
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		29 265.1	28 875.2	34 148.6				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2 245.0	1 892.0	2 626.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1 400.6	1 597.3	1 884.9				931
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		1 337.8	909.4	1 651.7	1.4	1.2	1.5	US\$/kg 283
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		997.2	993.5	1 156.0	49.4	56.5	51.9	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		808.2	865.1	1 070.1	10.6	10.1	10.8	thsd US\$/unit 781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		1 043.3	620.8	786.9	0.4	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		727.3	613.0	829.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		484.9	557.7	537.2				764
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		410.1	366.2	345.4	42.3	13.2	41.9	thsd US\$/unit 722
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		273.6	291.5	336.8	7.3	4.3	5.7	US\$/kg 773

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Burkina Faso increased substantially by 15.7 percent to reach 2.5 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.2 percent to reach 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 822.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 737.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Burkina Faso were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Burkina Faso decreased slightly by 3.8 percent, reaching 458.4 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 10.0 percent and reached 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 810.3 mln US\$.

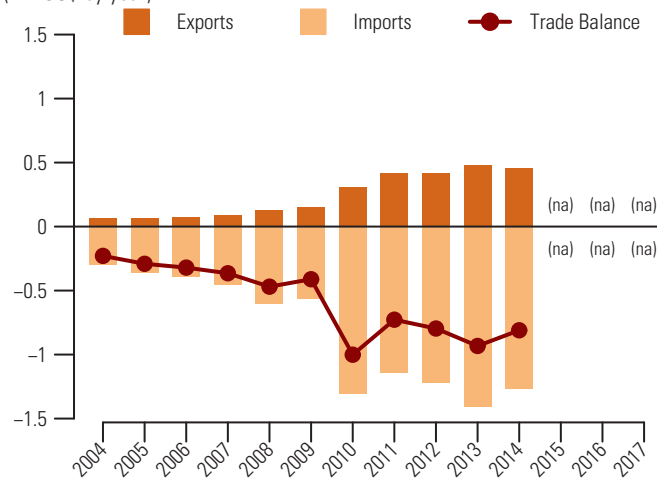
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 61.4, 23.8 and 6.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, Singapore and India, accounting for respectively 53.3, 8.5 and 5.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 134.8 mln US\$, followed by "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 86.3 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 75.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

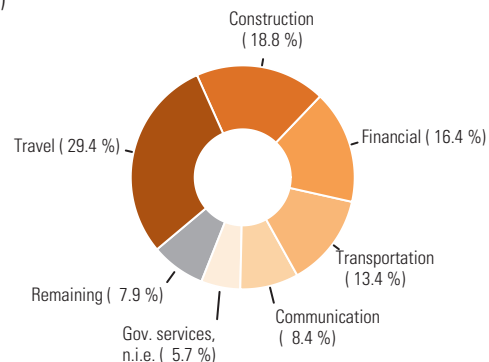


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		2845.6	2177.5	2520.0					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		1462.9	1344.4	1547.7	34.4	32.2	40.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		494.9	285.4	397.6	1.6	1.1	1.3	US\$/kg	263
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken.....		194.5	217.8	151.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	222
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		275.3	0.1	10.7	1.1	1.1	0.5	US\$/kg	334
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....		43.2	86.1	112.8	0.6	0.8	1.2	US\$/kg	057
7901 Unwrought zinc.....		87.2	55.3	89.4	0.6	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	686
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		29.5	15.2	7.9			57.0	thsd US\$/unit	723
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		21.8	12.0	15.1					782
5203 Cotton, carded or combed.....		1.2	11.7	26.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	US\$/kg	263
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried.....		8.5	10.7	14.1	1.2	1.5	1.4	US\$/kg	057

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2520.0	1.1	15.7	100.0
0+1	153.9	21.2	14.4	6.1
2+4	599.6	9.9	12.6	23.8
3	10.7	-47.6	5457.5	0.4
5	24.5	19.9	62.3	1.0
6	113.9	32.2	45.9	4.5
7	57.9	-20.0	-11.3	2.3
8	11.8	-3.1	57.1	0.5
9	1547.7	-0.6	15.1	61.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

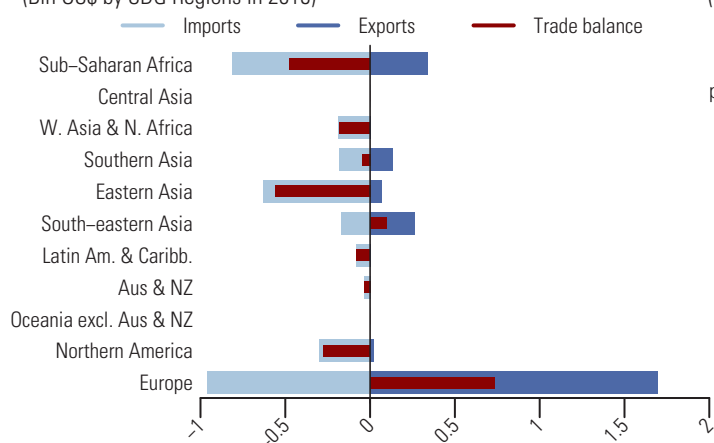
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	3342.7	-1.6	12.2	100.0
0+1	412.3	-0.9	8.2	12.3
2+4	78.2	3.5	28.1	2.3
3	666.2	-7.8	-13.2	19.9
5	548.6	4.3	21.3	16.4
6	586.5	0.6	40.0	17.5
7	878.1	-2.3	14.6	26.3
8	172.8	3.3	30.9	5.2
9	0.0	-24.5	-99.2	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

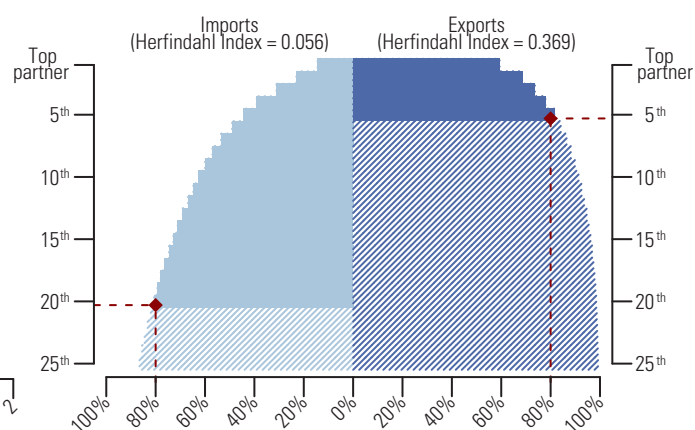
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



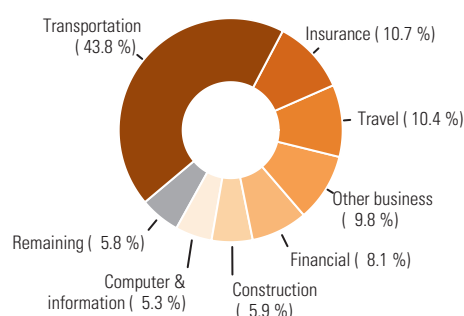
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 26.3, 19.9 and 17.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Côte d'Ivoire, China and France, accounting for respectively 11.5, 11.5 and 9.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 555.7 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 136.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 132.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

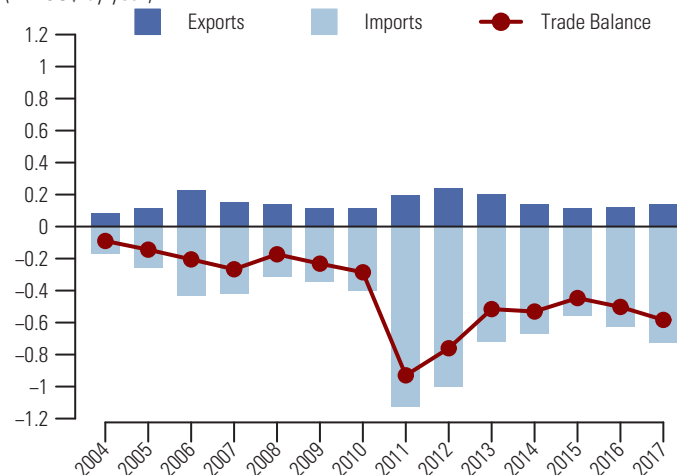
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		3575.1	2979.8	3342.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1049.6	716.5	619.7	1.0	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		155.8	136.0	167.0	24.4	19.6	17.1	US\$/kg 542
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		95.0	98.7	107.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
1006 Rice.....		99.1	87.9	107.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 042
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		82.7	71.7	65.7	21.2	21.6	21.7	thsd US\$/unit 781
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		58.9	59.3	91.8	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 562
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor.....		57.8	51.6	57.9	2.1	2.0		thsd US\$/unit 785
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		30.8	37.0	89.0			67.5	thsd US\$/unit 723
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		45.9	45.6	60.9				782
2403 Other manufactured tobacco and tobacco substitutes.....		54.8	49.7	46.5	20.2	17.3	18.7	US\$/kg 122

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Burundi increased substantially by 15.2 percent to reach 141.7 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.0 percent to reach 725.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 583.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -151.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Burundi were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Burundi increased substantially by 27.1 percent, reaching 72.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 7.7 percent and reached 214.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 141.7 mln US\$.

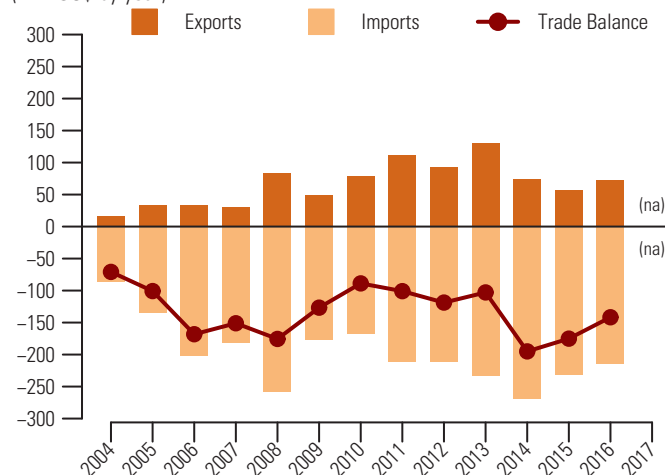
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 58.1, 26.0 and 6.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated" (HS code 0901) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Democratic Republic of the Congo, the United Arab Emirates and Switzerland, accounting for respectively 21.1, 18.2 and 13.8 percent of total exports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 55.3 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

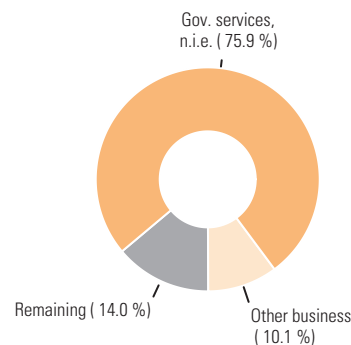


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	113.8	123.1	141.7					
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	38.4	45.3	34.1	2.9	2.7	2.6	US\$/kg	071
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	13.8	15.3	36.9	35.3	38.6	40.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
0902	Tea, whether or not flavoured.....	14.1	13.8	26.6	1.4	1.3	2.8	US\$/kg	074
1101	Wheat or meslin flour.....	5.6	5.7	7.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	046
2203	Beer made from malt.....	6.1	5.4	6.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	US\$/litre	112
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	5.3	5.3	6.2	6.6	6.5	5.3	US\$/kg	122
3401	Soap; organic surface-active products.....	6.1	4.3	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.6	US\$/kg	554
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules.....	3.9	3.8	3.5	2.2	1.8	1.4	US\$/kg	665
2615	Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates.....	1.4	2.6	6.7	14.4	21.5	17.9	US\$/kg	287
3923	Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....	3.9	3.2	3.0	4.0	3.1	2.3	US\$/kg	893

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	141.7	-8.9	15.2	100.0
0+1	82.4	10.9	6.5	58.1
2+4	8.8	-9.4	51.4	6.2
3	0.2	395.8	-88.9	0.2
5	1.4	-35.9	-72.6	1.0
6	5.3	-3.5	-11.6	3.7
7	2.3	0.2	-63.4	1.6
8	4.4	104.6	-9.8	3.1
9	36.9	-25.7	141.1	26.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	725.2	0.1	16.0	100.0
0+1	131.5	11.7	46.3	18.1
2+4	26.5	-1.6	-13.5	3.6
3	143.6	-3.6	33.2	19.8
5	122.1	1.2	8.4	16.8
6	123.9	-0.3	26.0	17.1
7	107.7	-5.9	-11.3	14.9
8	69.8	6.8	8.8	9.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

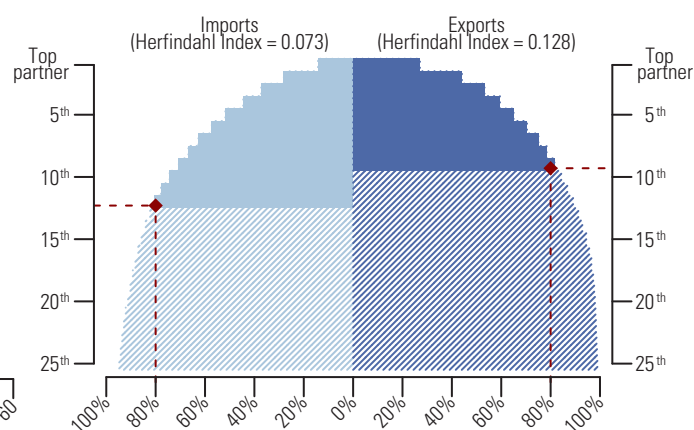
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



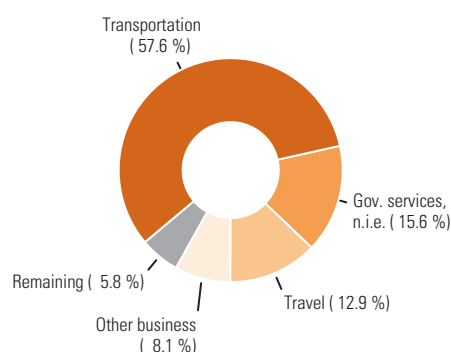
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 19.8, 18.1 and 17.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the United Republic of Tanzania, accounting for respectively 14.4, 13.5 and 7.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 123.6 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 33.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 27.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

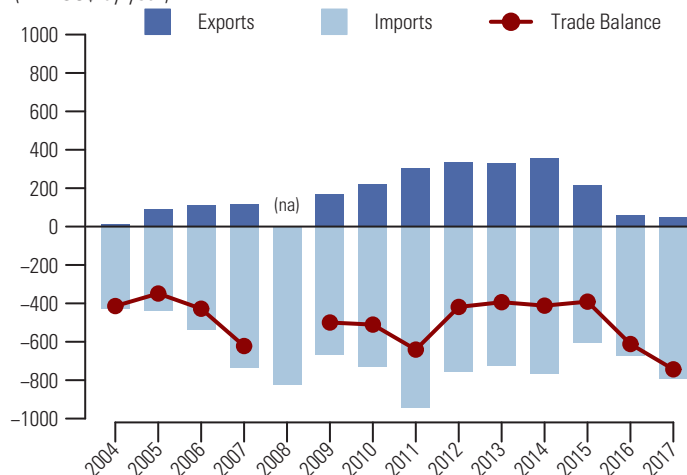
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		560.6	625.3	725.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		112.6	104.7	141.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		34.1	44.9	47.6	9.6	10.9	12.1	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		15.9	20.0	25.8	0.9	0.4	7.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		32.8	11.0	8.7				764
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		13.0	17.3	19.3	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 562
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		9.6	16.3	20.6	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		6.8	10.2	22.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg 061
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		10.3	13.6	12.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		8.0	12.0	15.7	1.0	1.0	1.2	US\$/kg 674
1006 Rice.....		5.2	5.9	23.9	0.5	0.5	0.8	US\$/kg 042

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Cabo Verde decreased substantially by 17.3 percent to reach 49.9 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.1 percent to reach 793.6 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 743.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -573.7 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cabo Verde were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Cabo Verde increased substantially by 13.9 percent, reaching 578.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 12.1 percent and reached 325.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 253.3 mln US\$.

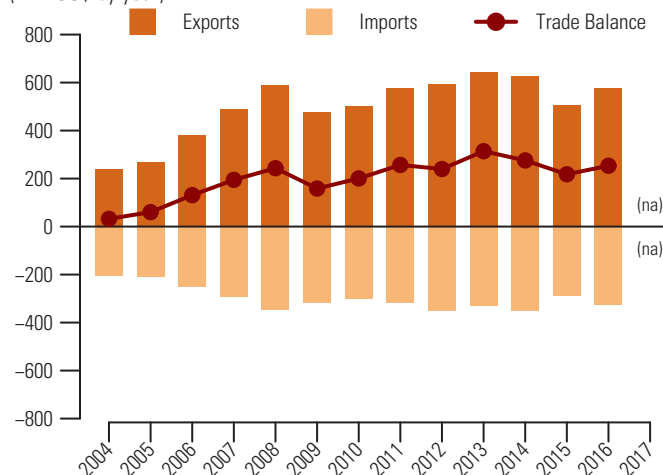
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 77.2, 22.6 and 0.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, Portugal and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 40.6, 24.1 and 18.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 367.7 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 104.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 52.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

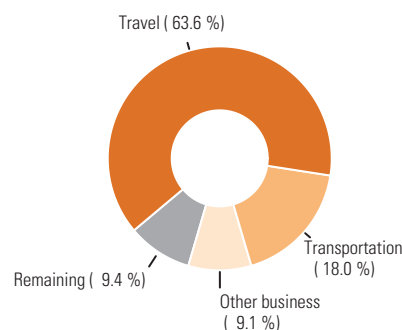


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		215.2	60.4	49.9				
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		48.6	23.1	9.1	1.5	1.3	1.3	US\$/kg 034
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....		27.1	26.1	27.2	5.1	3.7	4.2	US\$/kg 037
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		79.4	...	...	0.6			US\$/kg 334
8609 Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids).....		12.8	...	...				786
6406 Parts of footwear.....		3.8	3.4	3.7	61.1	70.1	59.8	US\$/kg 851
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		2.9	3.6	3.4			14.7	US\$/unit 841
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		7.1	0.5	0.6	33.2	4.5	4.5	US\$/litre 112
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		6.3	...	...				793
6107 Men's or boys'underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes.....		1.3	1.5	1.4	3.2		2.6	US\$/unit 843
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		1.3	1.2	1.6	5.9	5.0	4.8	US\$/unit 845

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	49.9	-37.7	-17.3	100.0
0+1	38.6	-20.5	-23.5	77.2
2+4	0.0	-63.2	257.8	0.1
6	0.0	-74.3	1086.2	0.0
8	11.3	-4.7	14.7	22.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	793.6	2.2	18.1	100.0
0+1	225.6	0.8	15.3	28.4
2+4	26.1	1.0	-5.4	3.3
3	79.9	-15.2	34.5	10.1
5	53.0	1.7	-0.8	6.7
6	130.1	5.0	3.4	16.4
7	218.2	16.1	48.5	27.5
8	60.7	4.1	-4.0	7.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

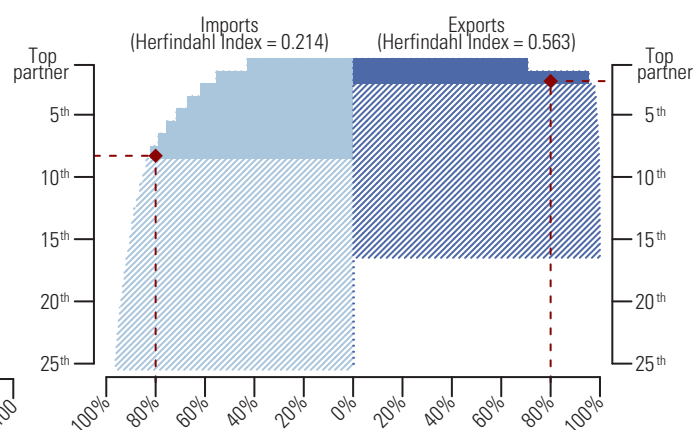
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



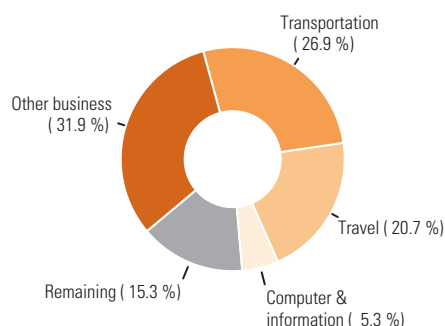
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.4, 27.5 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Portugal, Spain and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 44.3, 10.6 and 7.2 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 103.7 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 87.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 67.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

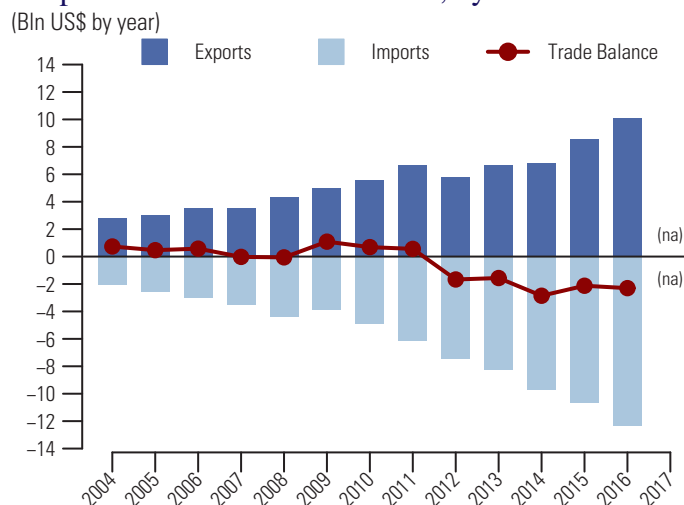
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		606.3	672.2	793.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		70.8	53.4	71.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	334
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		18.8	21.6	21.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	661
1006 Rice.....		21.6	16.1	22.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	042
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		12.1	16.3	19.3	17.6	16.8	16.6	781
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		15.6	13.4	13.7	4.0	3.3	3.8	022
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		12.4	13.8	12.3				764
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		11.2	12.5	13.6	1.3	1.2	1.2	012
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....		9.3	9.5	12.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	676
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		7.2	9.0	12.1	0.5	0.6	0.6	061
2203 Beer made from malt.....		8.2	9.8	9.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	112

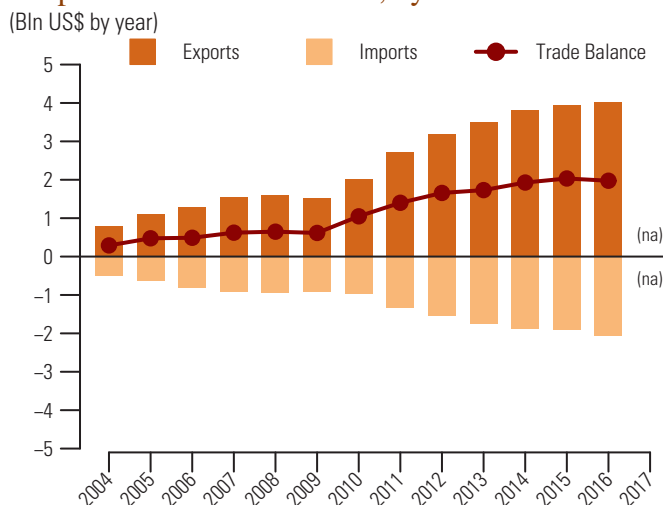
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Cambodia increased substantially by 17.9 percent to reach 10.1 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.0 percent to reach 12.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cambodia were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Cambodia increased slightly by 2.0 percent, reaching 4.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 7.1 percent and reached 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 2.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 77.3, 8.3 and 4.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts" (HS code 6104) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and Germany, accounting for respectively 24.7, 10.1 and 8.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 3.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 456.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

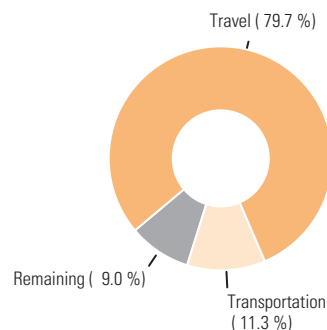


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		6846.0	8542.4	10069.3					
6104 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		1324.7	1563.9	1681.9		3.9	US\$/unit	844	
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		1153.7	1179.9	1246.8	5.2	5.4	3.2	US\$/unit	845
6103 Men's, boys'suits,jackets,trousers etc knitted or crocheted.....		937.8	1029.9	1166.1			5.6	US\$/unit	843
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles.....		519.6	557.0	629.9	17.6	19.2	3.3	US\$/unit	845
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		269.2	429.0	509.1	19.4		6.6	US\$/pair	851
6108 Women's or girls'slips, petticoats, briefs, panties, knitted or crocheted.....		330.6	341.4	386.2			1.4	US\$/unit	844
1006 Rice.....		231.5	284.9	305.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	042
6111 Babies'garments and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted.....		231.4	192.0	235.7	12.7	12.5	12.6	US\$/kg	845
6404 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		148.0	189.1	240.0			8.4	US\$/pair	851
8712 Bicycles and other cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorised.....		0.7	201.3	345.4			206.4	US\$/unit	785

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	10069.3	14.8	17.9	100.0
0+1	438.3	23.9	11.4	4.4
2+4	230.7	1.7	13.7	2.3
3	0.8	-2.3	30810.4	0.0
5	158.8	88.2	117.2	1.6
6	427.4	58.7	22.4	4.2
7	835.3	31.0	26.0	8.3
8	7788.0	11.8	14.1	77.3
9	190.0	44.0	483.1	1.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	12371.0	13.5	16.0	100.0
0+1	869.3	14.2	4.2	7.0
2+4	331.0	31.4	22.1	2.7
3	1078.7	-1.9	1175.8	8.7
5	790.2	16.6	10.0	6.4
6	5533.4	14.4	11.7	44.7
7	2658.7	16.3	12.8	21.5
8	864.5	17.2	-1.1	7.0
9	245.3	21.8	-57.5	2.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

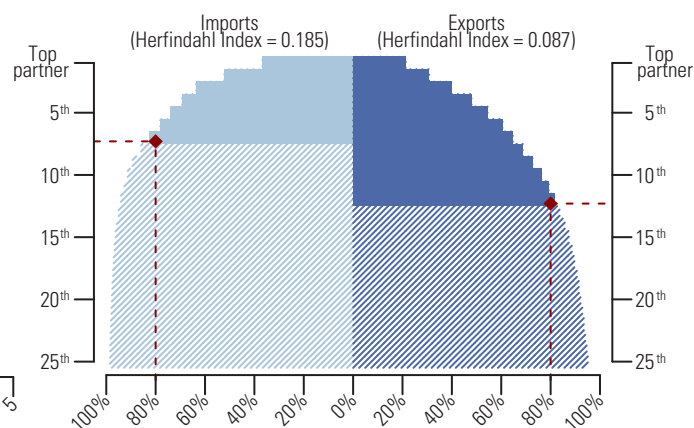
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



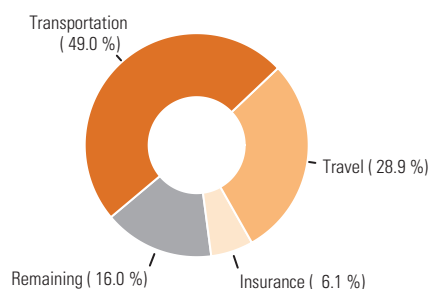
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 44.7, 21.5 and 8.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Other knitted or crocheted fabrics" (HS code 6006) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Thailand and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 37.2, 13.8 and 9.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 594.1 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 125.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

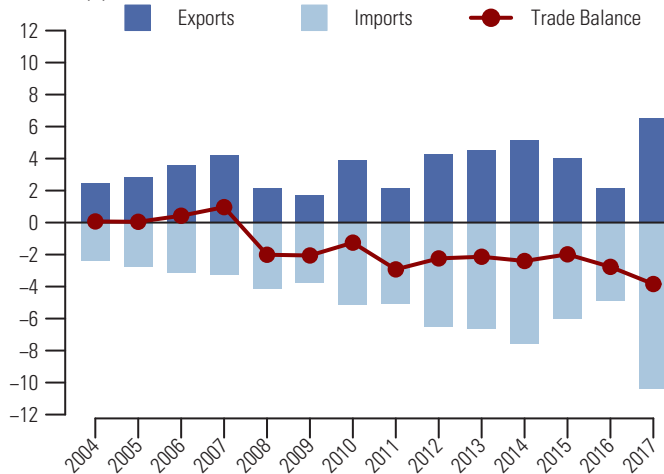
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		9702.4	10668.9	12371.0				
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics.....		1128.1	1021.8	1068.8	6.8	6.9	7.2	US\$/kg
6004 Knitted or crocheted fabrics of a width exceeding 30 cm.....		774.1	887.9	1037.6	6.2	6.1	6.3	US\$/kg
5515 Other woven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres.....		813.5	750.8	743.2	8.6	8.7	8.6	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		294.9	25.1	888.9	1.1	1.3	0.4	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		195.0	574.3	242.1	40.3	37.7	40.5	thsd US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		223.8	371.5	365.3	22.1	24.3	9.6	thsd US\$/unit
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		213.5	214.9	211.4	5.4	5.3	5.2	US\$/kg
5209 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		154.8	184.8	192.4	8.1	8.9	8.2	US\$/kg
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		89.4	236.1	172.8			9.5	thsd US\$/unit
5211 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing less than 85 % by weight of cotton.....		131.4	142.4	167.3	7.8	7.5	6.8	US\$/kg

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Cameroon increased substantially by 206.4 percent to reach 6.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 111.7 percent to reach 10.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 3.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cameroon were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Cameroon increased moderately by 9.3 percent, reaching 1.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.3 percent and reached 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 591.9 mln US\$.

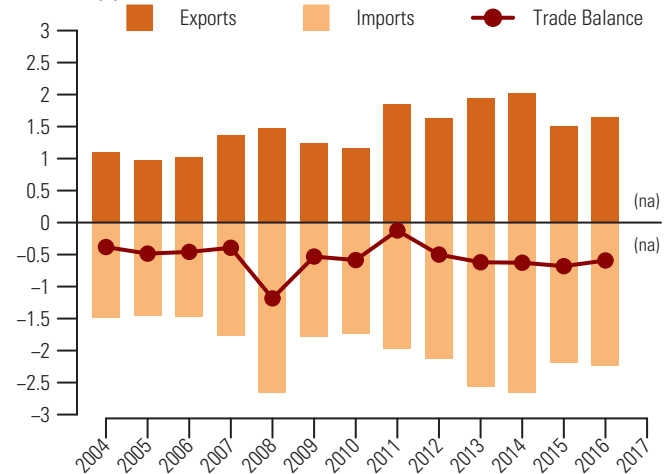
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 43.4, 22.7 and 21.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Netherlands, China and Italy, accounting for respectively 13.7, 11.4 and 9.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 484.7 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 276.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

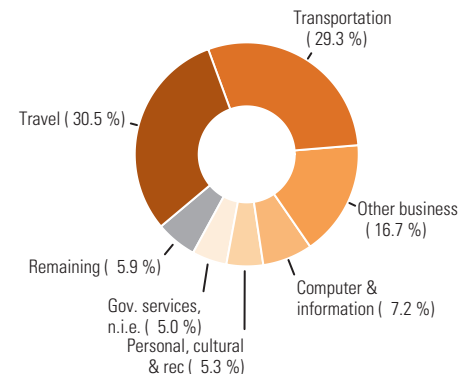


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	4052.6	2130.4	6527.3				
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	1624.7	0.0	2568.5	0.8	1.2	0.4	US\$/kg 333
1801	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....	767.2	669.6	805.9	3.2	2.5	1.8	US\$/kg 072
4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....	277.9	286.1	523.5	1.2			thsd US\$/m ³ 248
4403	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood.....	174.8	152.0	392.6				247
5201	Cotton, not carded or combed.....	165.7	147.3	329.0	1.7	1.5	1.6	US\$/kg 263
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	174.2	120.4	221.1	0.4	0.3		US\$/kg 334
7601	Unwrought aluminium.....	129.5	109.9	260.1	1.8	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg 684
1803	Cocoa paste, whether or not defatted.....	52.8	59.6	141.8	3.6	3.9	3.0	US\$/kg 072
0803	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....	62.9	65.4	125.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 057
4001	Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle.....	61.0	49.6	135.7	1.2	1.2	1.6	US\$/kg 231

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	6527.3	9.6	206.4	100.0
0+1	1415.8	17.4	48.1	21.7
2+4	1479.0	18.9	118.9	22.7
3	2836.1	2.9	1630.5	43.4
5	138.2	5.5	111.1	2.1
6	524.9	20.8	136.2	8.0
7	86.7	-8.1	231.4	1.3
8	46.3	21.1	134.6	0.7
9	0.4	-53.8	-67.0	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

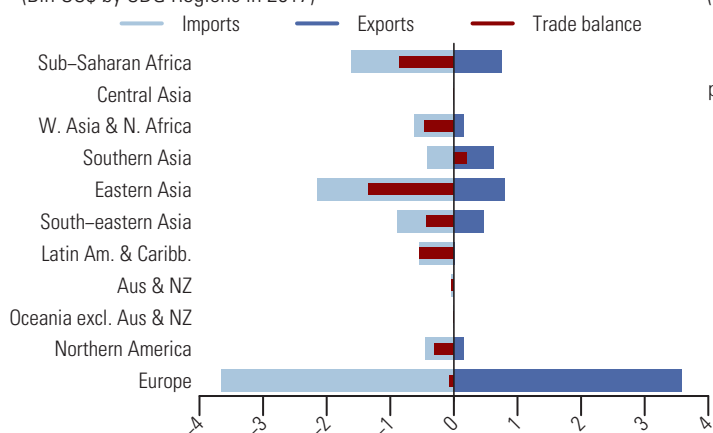
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	10368.6	11.7	111.7	100.0
0+1	2250.6	12.2	115.8	21.7
2+4	475.7	17.9	142.1	4.6
3	1484.8	-1.3	178.5	14.3
5	1406.4	18.0	124.9	13.6
6	1794.4	18.2	110.3	17.3
7	2447.9	14.2	79.2	23.6
8	508.7	12.2	82.3	4.9
9	0.0	-83.4	-99.3	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

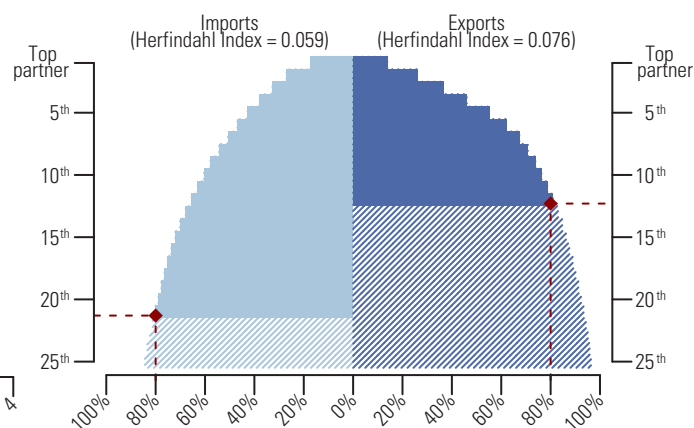
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



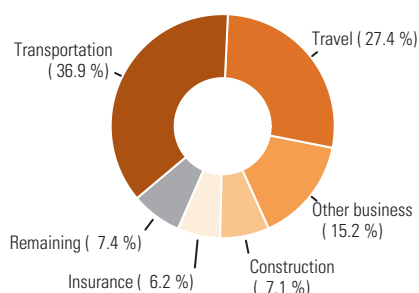
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.6, 21.7 and 17.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and Nigeria, accounting for respectively 18.8, 10.4 and 6.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 828.3 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 340.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

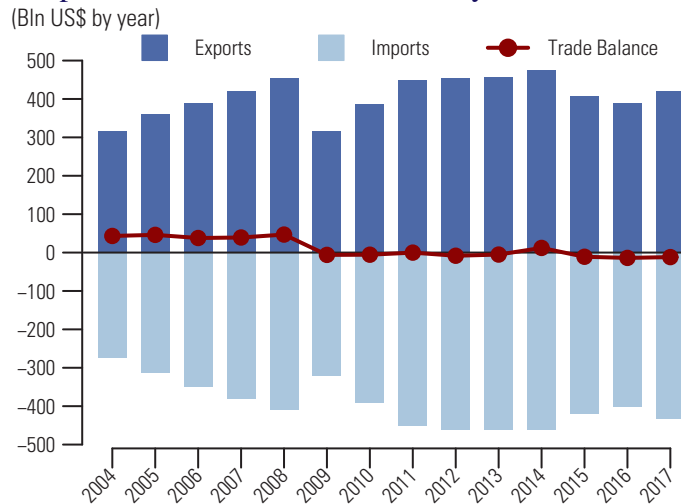
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		6036.8	4898.9	10368.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		364.4	216.9	868.8	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		771.5	229.2	443.0	0.4	0.3	0.4 US\$/kg	333
1006 Rice.....		305.9	242.1	633.5	0.5	0.4	0.4 US\$/kg	042
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		281.1	281.2	394.1	1.3	1.2	US\$/kg	034
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		207.4	164.2	389.2	6.4	15.7	15.3 US\$/kg	542
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		165.0	142.4	380.1	0.1	0.1	0.1 US\$/kg	661
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		172.3	153.1	357.7	0.3	0.2	0.3 US\$/kg	041
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		136.3	246.2	208.4				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		144.9	145.1	246.8	21.0	20.1	21.0 thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		98.9	92.1	195.7			27.7 thsd US\$/unit	782

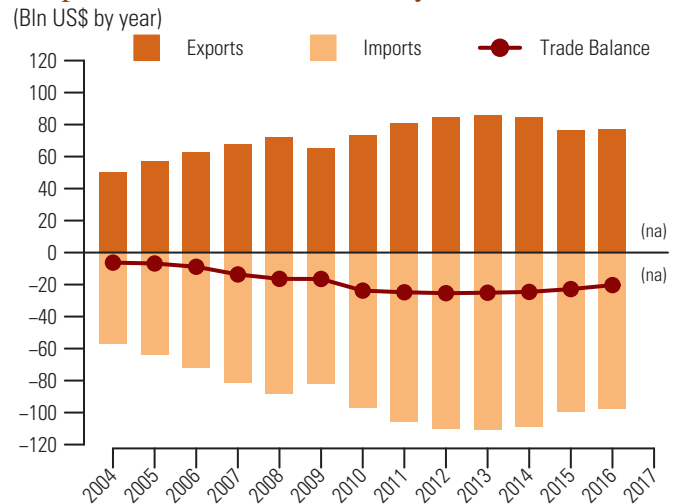
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Canada increased moderately by 8.1 percent to reach 420.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.3 percent to reach 432.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 11.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 94.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Canada were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Canada increased slightly by 1.2 percent, reaching 77.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.6 percent and reached 97.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 20.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 28.0, 20.1 and 12.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 76.3, 4.1 and 3.2 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 25.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 18.0 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 11.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

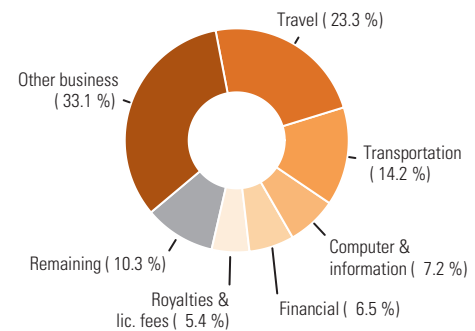


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		408804.2	389071.1	420631.9				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		50197.2	39523.6	54037.8	0.8	0.4	US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		44876.7	48835.0	46490.7	21.0	22.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		18636.3	20227.1	19256.2				931
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		12420.5	12459.6	13213.0	36.1	38.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		10925.1	10606.6	10509.4	10.3	8.8	US\$/kg	784
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		11435.0	8144.6	11337.5		0.4	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		9210.6	7797.1	10181.4				343
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		6927.5	7797.0	8340.7		170.1	US\$/m ³	248
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		8293.7	6202.8	6082.1		5.4	mln US\$/unit	792
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		6643.8	7366.0	5141.8				542

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	420 631.9	-2.0	8.1	100.0
0+1	38 444.2	1.0	5.0	9.1
2+4	40 837.8	-1.8	9.6	9.7
3	84 581.0	-8.4	35.8	20.1
5	33 001.7	-3.3	-3.6	7.8
6	51 053.3	-0.2	10.1	12.1
7	117 619.9	0.5	0.2	28.0
8	22 191.2	3.1	1.8	5.3
9	32 902.9	1.5	-0.8	7.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

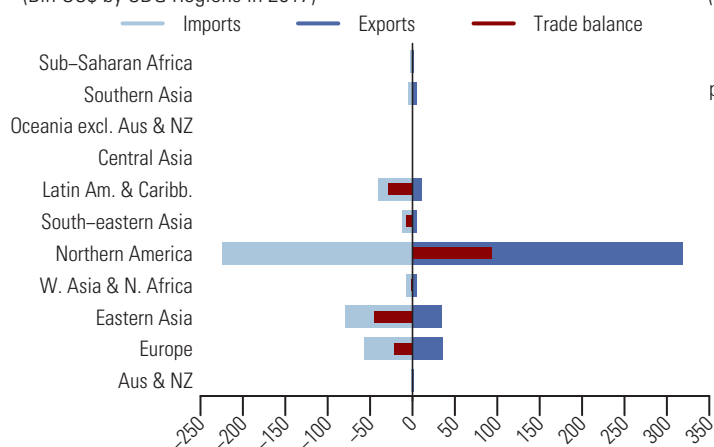
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	432 405.2	-1.6	7.3	100.0
0+1	33 900.4	0.7	3.7	7.8
2+4	12 209.5	-1.2	12.0	2.8
3	29 683.9	-12.3	17.5	6.9
5	46 281.8	-0.8	6.6	10.7
6	51 708.5	-1.3	9.0	12.0
7	190 376.9	0.0	7.1	44.0
8	52 856.6	-0.9	4.1	12.2
9	15 387.5	-4.6	4.0	3.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

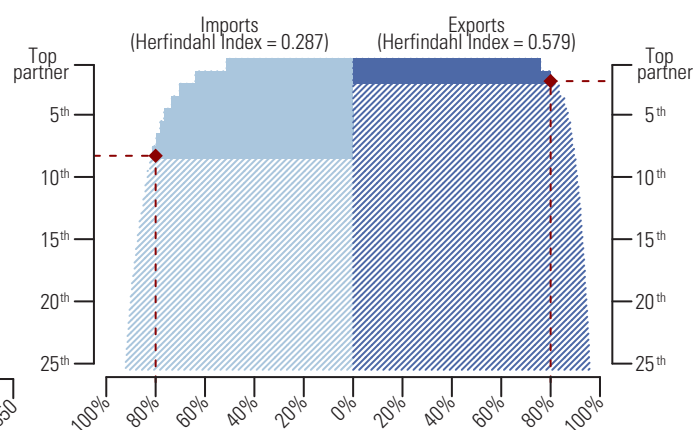
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



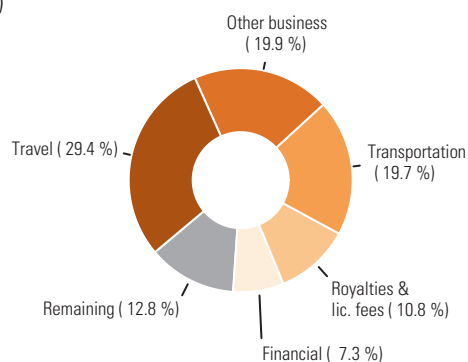
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 44.0, 12.2 and 12.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 52.2, 12.3 and 6.1 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 28.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 19.5 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 19.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		419 693.5	402 966.1	432 405.2				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		26 296.7	26 437.7	28 629.4	19.0	19.4	20.7	thsd US\$/unit 781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		19 901.0	20 570.3	20 526.3	12.3	11.3		US\$/kg 784
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		11 886.2	13 005.2	15 750.5	28.8	28.7	30.0	thsd US\$/unit 782
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		13 165.3	10 912.1	12 768.5	0.8	0.4		US\$/kg 333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		11 915.5	11 063.8	12 297.8			0.4	US\$/kg 334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		9 587.5	9 007.7	10 183.6				764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		8 293.1	8 187.3	8 775.4				931
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		7 899.0	7 800.6	8 559.0			228.3	US\$/unit 752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		7 546.9	7 231.9	7 206.1				542
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		6 547.9	5 595.2	5 483.2	17.8	13.7	23.4	thsd US\$/kg 971

Central African Republic

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

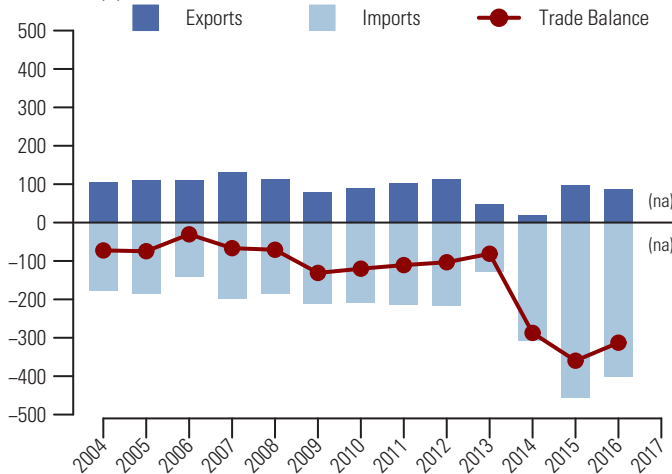
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of the Central African Republic decreased moderately by 8.7 percent to reach 88.5 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 12.1 percent to reach 401.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 312.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -127.8 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Central African Republic were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of the Central African Republic increased substantially by 62.3 percent, reaching 112.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 9.6 percent and reached 161.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 49.6 mln US\$.

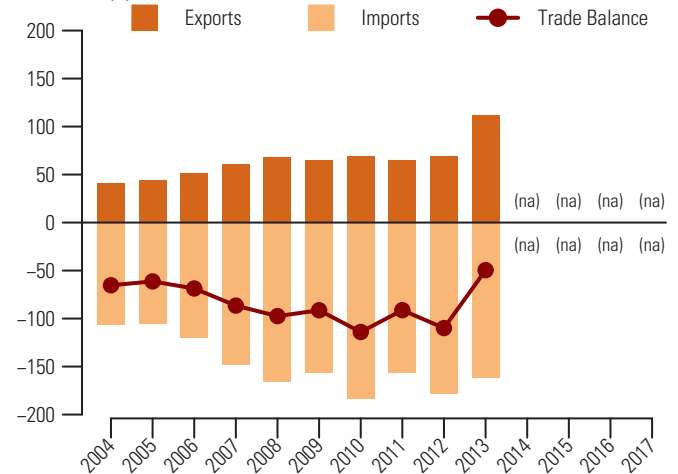
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 55.3, 35.1 and 7.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Motor vehicles for the transport of goods" (HS code 8704) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, China and Cameroon, accounting for respectively 52.8, 11.4 and 7.9 percent of total exports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2012 at 47.1 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 11.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2012)

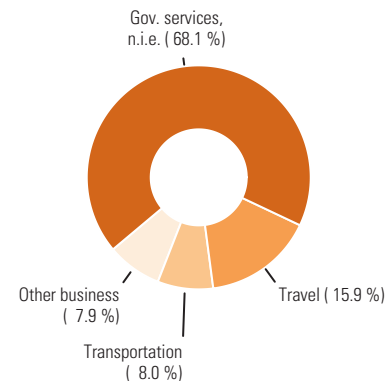


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
	All Commodities.....	20.7	96.9	88.5				
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	...	39.2	20.8	31.8	27.6	thsd US\$/unit	782
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	...	33.1	17.1	18.1	26.1	US\$/kg	784
4403	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood.....	12.5	11.1	19.8	565.2	685.1	US\$/m ³	247
4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....	5.1	7.4	8.9	1.3	1.2	thsd US\$/m ³	248
8710	Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised.....	...	1.1	6.6				891
8803	Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....	...	...	4.2		30.4	US\$/kg	792
5201	Cotton, not carded or combed.....	2.9	...	0.4	1.4	1.2	US\$/kg	263
8429	Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....	...	...	3.0		46.3	thsd US\$/unit	723
9306	Bombs, grenades, torpedoes, mines, missiles and similar munitions of war.....	...	3.0	...	54.3		US\$/kg	891
7102	Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	...	...	1.9				667

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	88.5	-6.2	-8.7	100.0
0+1	0.3	-9.1	-39.1	0.3
2+4	31.0	-25.9	68.0	35.1
3	0.0	-6.3	274.1	0.0
5	0.0	-62.8	-53.3	0.0
6	0.6	-8.4	482.8	0.7
7	48.9	57.7	-33.0	55.3
8	6.7	155.4	44.9	7.6
9	0.9	-11.3	304.2	1.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

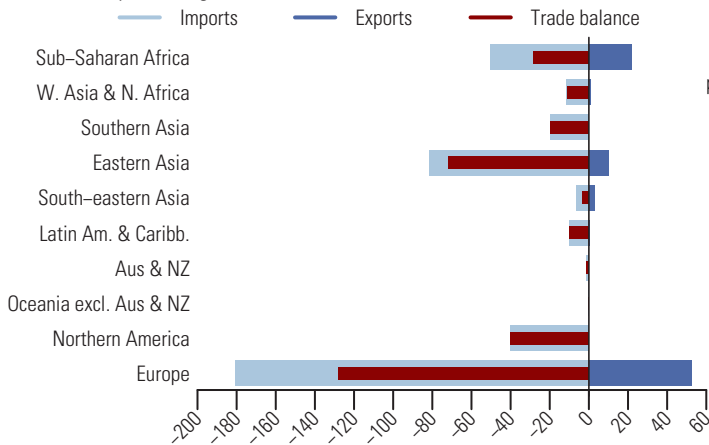
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	401.3	16.5	-12.1	100.0
0+1	59.3	-0.2	-6.0	14.8
2+4	6.7	-8.7	-30.7	1.7
3	1.2	-22.3	-39.3	0.3
5	52.8	18.3	25.5	13.2
6	30.9	2.0	1.5	7.7
7	179.5	24.2	6.3	44.7
8	68.4	48.6	-50.7	17.0
9	2.6	248.0	34.0	0.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

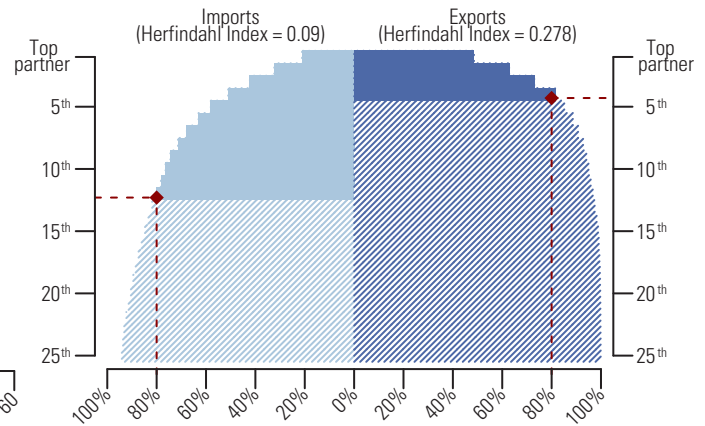
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



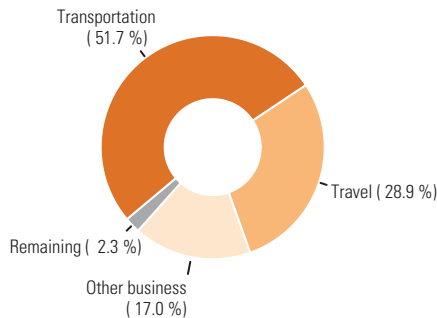
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2012)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 44.7, 17.0 and 14.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, the United States and Japan, accounting for respectively 21.2, 10.7 and 7.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2012 at 92.6 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 51.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 30.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

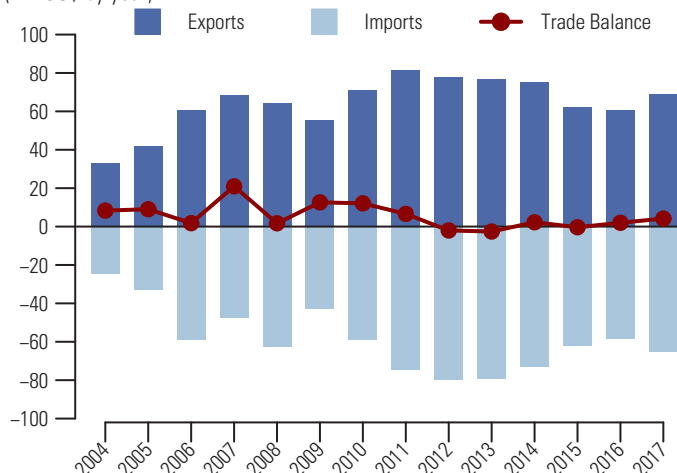
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		308.0	456.6	401.3				
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		42.6	26.0	30.1	35.6	23.6	32.1	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		20.2	7.7	59.1	33.1	29.8	34.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
9301 Military weapons, other than revolvers, pistols and the arms of heading 93.07.....		13.2	59.1	...				891
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		25.3	4.5	19.5	29.3	30.8	35.1	thsd US\$/unit 782
9406 Prefabricated buildings.....		9.5	31.7	3.0			16.5	US\$/kg 811
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		6.5	17.6	18.8				764
8450 Household or laundry-type washing machines.....		0.0	38.3	0.0	263.0			US\$/unit 775
1006 Rice.....		11.4	14.4	6.0	0.6	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg 042
8710 Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised.....		1.7	0.2	21.8				891
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		5.0	9.0	8.3	3.7	2.3	3.5	US\$/kg 098

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Chile increased substantially by 14.0 percent to reach 69.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.7 percent to reach 65.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 11.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Chile were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Chile decreased slightly by 2.8 percent, reaching 9.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 7.0 percent and reached 12.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 3.1 bln US\$.

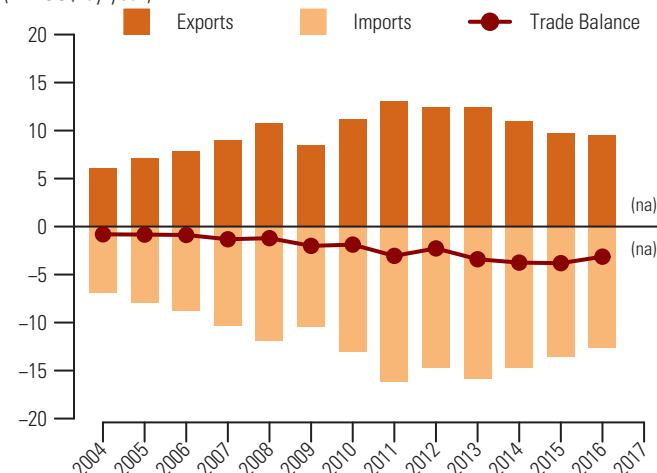
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 36.2, 29.7 and 23.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Japan, accounting for respectively 27.5, 13.9 and 8.8 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 3.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

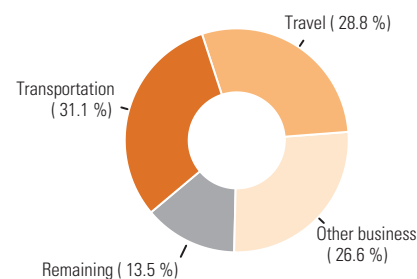


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	62 033.1	60 732.6	69 229.3				
2603	Copper ores and concentrates.....	12 998.8	12 594.5	17 404.3	4.8	4.8	6.4	US\$/kg
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....	14 172.9	12 866.7	14 753.9	5.3	5.0	6.3	US\$/kg
4703	Chemical wood pulp, soda or sulphate, other than dissolving grades.....	2 560.6	2 405.6	2 611.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg
0304	Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....	1 898.4	2 175.5	2 607.2	7.7	9.3	11.1	US\$/kg
7402	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining.....	2 140.4	1 914.5	2 406.0	5.3	5.2	6.2	US\$/kg
2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....	1 839.7	1 852.3	2 018.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	US\$/litre
0806	Grapes, fresh or dried.....	1 484.4	1 517.0	1 348.0	1.8	2.0	1.8	US\$/kg
0303	Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....	1 340.8	1 301.8	1 546.0	3.9	4.4	4.6	US\$/kg
0809	Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes, fresh.....	755.8	1 132.2	761.4	2.9	3.5	2.9	US\$/kg
2601	Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....	664.9	848.4	982.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	69229.3	-2.6	14.0	100.0
0+1	16173.7	1.3	3.7	23.4
2+4	25028.3	-0.4	24.9	36.2
3	598.8	-5.9	29.8	0.9
5	3329.7	-0.9	11.3	4.8
6	20534.3	-6.2	14.2	29.7
7	1998.3	-6.1	-2.0	2.9
8	902.8	-7.8	6.2	1.3
9	663.4	-16.7	-14.3	1.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

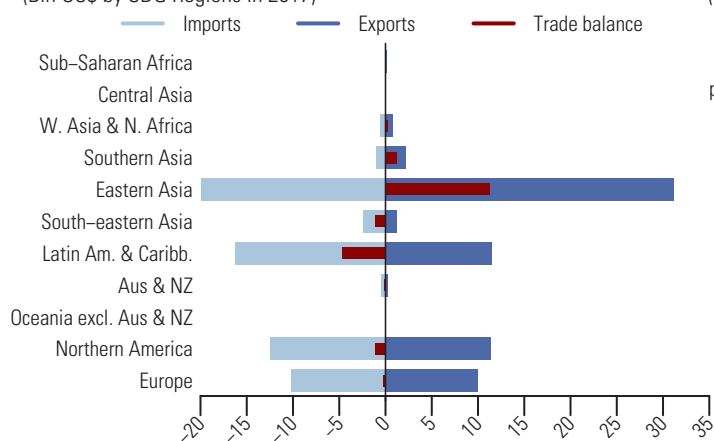
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	65061.7	-4.8	10.7	100.0
0+1	5910.4	1.2	14.9	9.1
2+4	1475.1	-6.0	9.2	2.3
3	9586.3	-13.3	27.9	14.7
5	7460.3	-2.3	9.5	11.5
6	7641.3	-3.4	7.6	11.7
7	24386.6	-4.5	5.4	37.5
8	8595.8	0.2	11.4	13.2
9	5.9	184.2	57.1	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

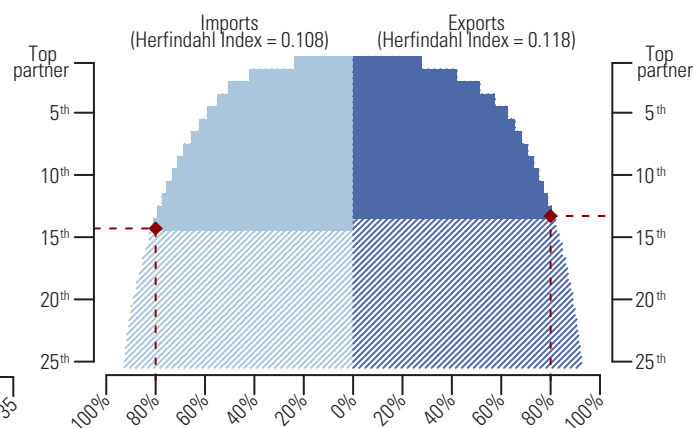
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



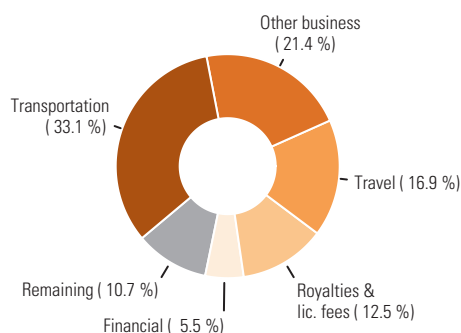
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 37.5, 14.7 and 13.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Brazil, accounting for respectively 23.8, 18.1 and 8.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.7 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

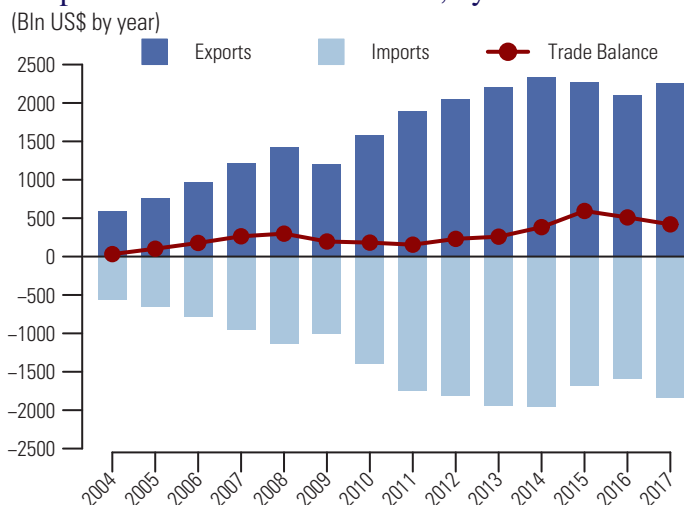
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		62386.7	58760.9	65061.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3807.0	3163.2	3849.9	0.6	0.5	0.6	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3214.8	3274.7	4235.8	14.9	14.5	14.3	781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2874.4	2272.0	3132.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		2411.2	2597.3	2694.7				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		1726.1	1790.8	2327.6	23.4	22.0	23.8	782
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		1226.0	1198.1	1502.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	343
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1177.2	1065.9	1079.3	180.2	162.0	153.6	752
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		743.8	791.4	1043.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	321
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		828.2	805.7	889.2	117.7	109.1		542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		828.7	793.6	865.4	15.7	14.9		784

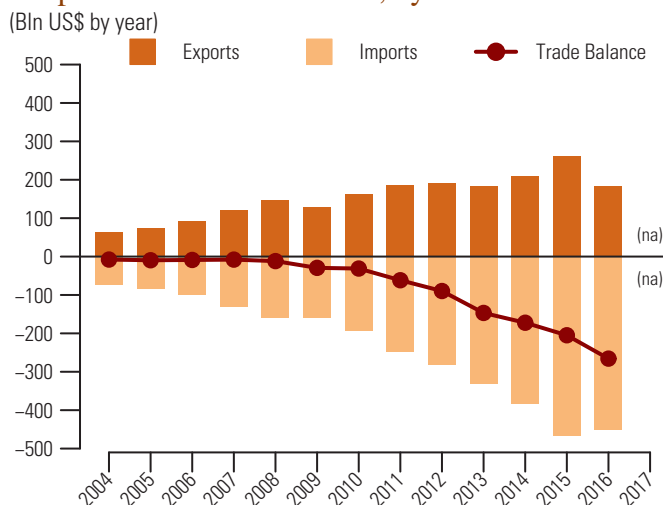
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of China increased moderately by 7.9 percent to reach 2263.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.1 percent to reach 1843.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 419.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 286.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in China were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 25 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of China decreased substantially by 29.7 percent, reaching 184.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 3.6 percent and reached 450.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 265.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 48.0, 24.0 and 16.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China, Hong Kong SAR and Japan, accounting for respectively 18.5, 13.5 and 6.1 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 58.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 44.4 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 33.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

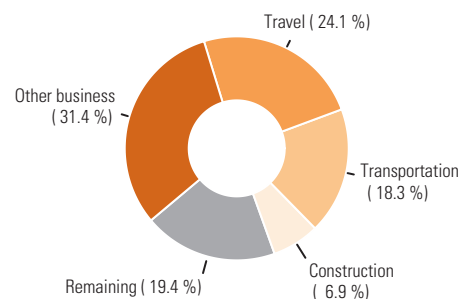


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		2273.5	2097.6	2263.4				
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		212.6	201.4	219.2				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		137.2	125.0	142.0	84.2	82.3		US\$/unit
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		69.4	61.2	67.2				776
9405 Lamps and lighting fittings.....		35.7	30.0	28.5	15.5	12.4	8.9	US\$/kg
9013 Liquid crystal devices.....		34.0	28.7	28.5				871
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		28.9	25.9	34.0	48.8	45.3	60.4	US\$/kg
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		28.2	28.2	31.5	93.0	82.4		US\$/unit
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		28.3	28.3	31.0	4.6	4.4	4.2	US\$/kg
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		31.6	26.6	26.6				776
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		29.1	25.9	26.6				821

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2263370.5	0.6	7.9	100.0
0+1	67055.6	3.5	3.8	3.0
2+4	15340.2	0.2	11.9	0.7
3	35389.1	1.2	31.7	1.6
5	141230.2	4.3	15.9	6.2
6	370182.7	0.6	5.0	16.4
7	1085568.7	1.1	10.1	48.0
8	542845.2	-1.6	3.1	24.0
9	5758.9	35.1	-0.7	0.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

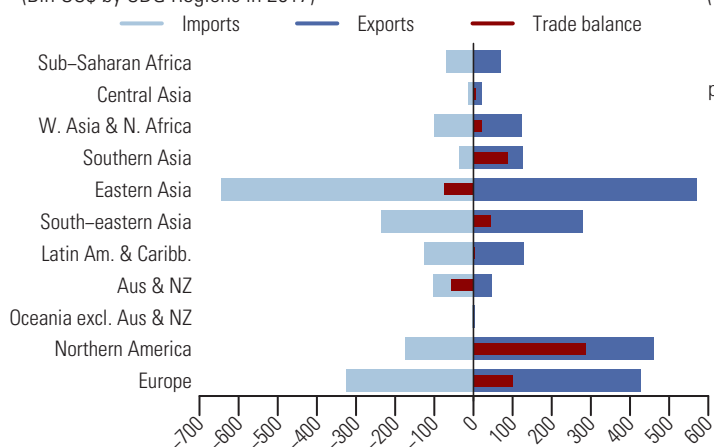
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1843792.9	-1.4	16.1	100.0
0+1	61445.6	7.4	11.2	3.3
2+4	268069.4	-2.6	27.7	14.5
3	249617.5	-5.7	41.4	13.5
5	192444.6	0.4	17.7	10.4
6	138363.1	-1.7	12.3	7.5
7	736861.2	0.9	11.9	40.0
8	130912.7	-1.3	5.4	7.1
9	66078.9	-10.9	-14.1	3.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

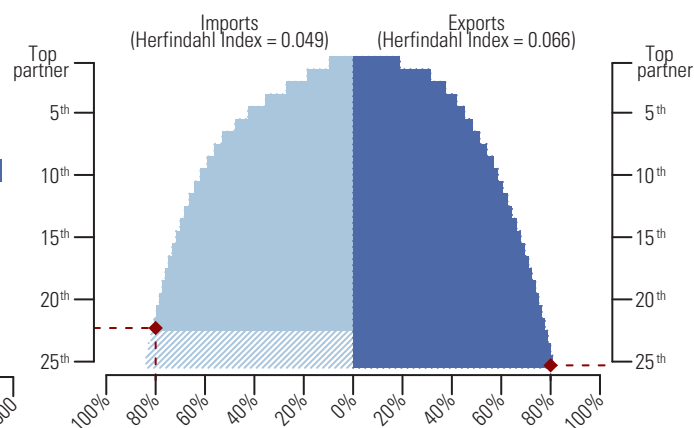
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



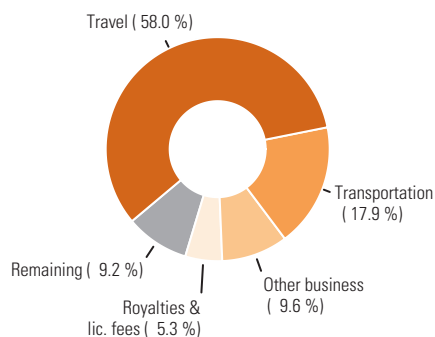
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 40.0, 14.5 and 13.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Republic of Korea, Japan and the United States, accounting for respectively 10.0, 8.9 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 261.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 80.6 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 43.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		1679.6	1587.9	1843.8				
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		230.7	227.6	261.2				776
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		134.3	116.7	163.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		79.0	64.0	51.4	37.9	40.2	40.7	thsd US\$/kg 971
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		57.4	58.0	76.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 281
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		48.4	45.9	47.8				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		44.2	44.0	49.9	40.4	41.3		thsd US\$/unit 781
9013 Liquid crystal devices.....		46.3	38.0	37.3				871
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken.....		34.8	34.0	39.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 222
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		29.4	27.9	28.2				776
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		24.9	23.0	33.0	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 343

China, Hong Kong SAR

Goods Imports: CIF, by consignment

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

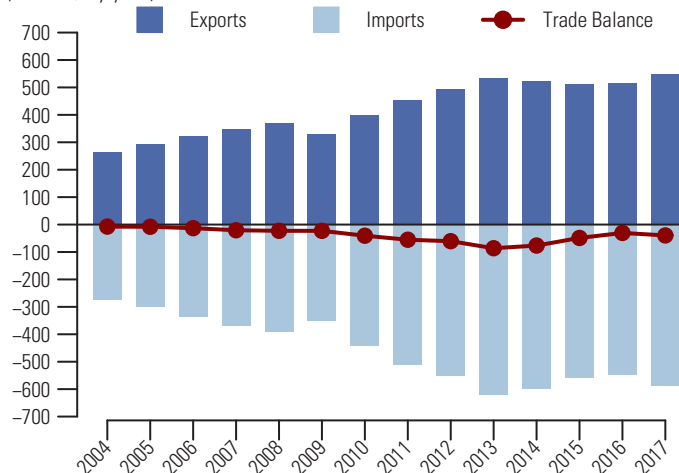
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of China, Hong Kong SAR increased moderately by 6.5 percent to reach 550.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.8 percent to reach 589.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 39.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -39.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in China, Hong Kong SAR were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of China, Hong Kong SAR decreased moderately by 8.0 percent, reaching 128.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.6 percent and reached 61.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 66.5 bln US\$.

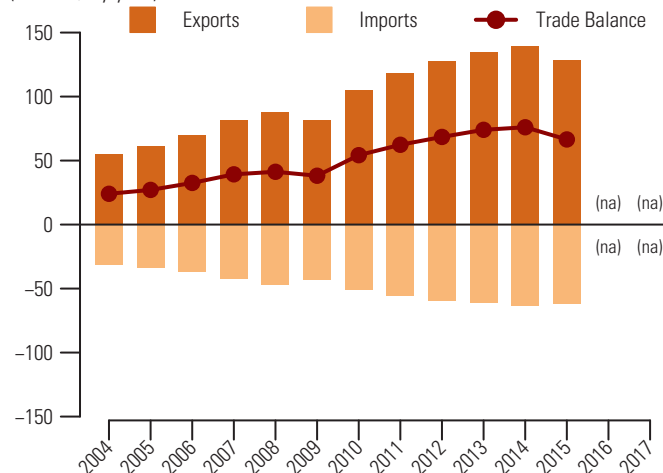
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 63.7, 12.9 and 9.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and India, accounting for respectively 55.2, 8.2 and 3.2 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 41.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 36.2 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 29.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

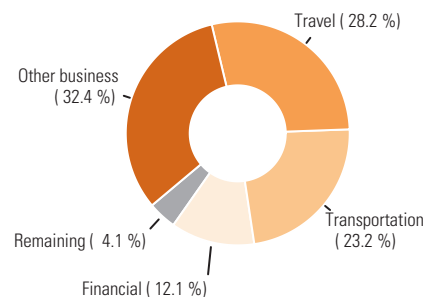


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		510552.8	516588.1	550239.6					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		85542.8	99510.6	113098.1				776	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		75130.5	75174.4	76045.3				764	
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		45007.4	54060.5	52201.6	37.7	40.4	40.4	thsd US\$/kg	971
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		24195.6	20812.2	24054.8	86.8	86.5	97.0	US\$/kg	759
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		18490.3	18935.1	20859.0	59.9	66.9	72.6	US\$/unit	752
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		14969.7	15284.4	17147.1	583.7	608.1	688.7	US\$/carat	667
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		11606.3	12004.2	13134.8					776
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....		11369.5	10544.2	10717.6	98.0	95.2		US\$/kg	764
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters.....		10416.4	9763.6	10593.4					771
8534 Printed circuits.....		9738.3	9429.3	10873.5	59.1	53.6	57.1	US\$/kg	772

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	550239.6	0.7	6.5	100.0
0+1	11455.5	10.3	9.6	2.1
2+4	1513.0	-18.9	-8.4	0.3
3	588.1	-11.5	13.7	0.1
5	15694.8	-4.4	3.8	2.9
6	46686.7	0.1	10.1	8.5
7	350267.9	4.7	9.5	63.7
8	70838.4	-5.7	-1.2	12.9
9	53195.3	-8.8	-2.8	9.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

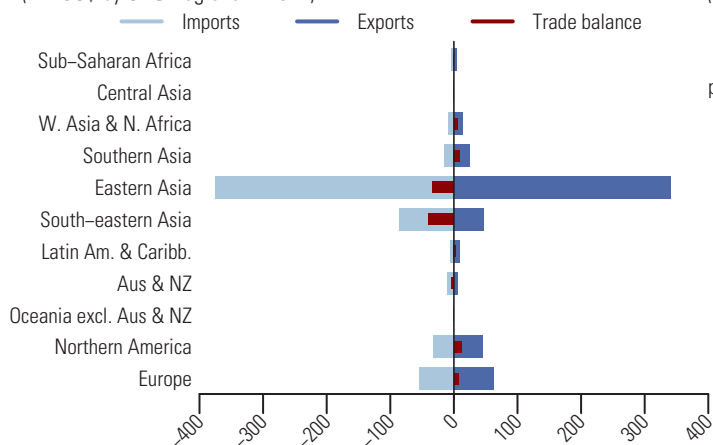
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	589823.7	-1.3	7.8	100.0
0+1	27771.9	3.6	3.1	4.7
2+4	1924.2	-19.3	-5.4	0.3
3	12502.7	-8.4	28.8	2.1
5	20359.4	-2.2	5.6	3.5
6	48506.5	-3.5	5.2	8.2
7	373505.8	4.9	10.7	63.3
8	74419.2	-4.7	-1.1	12.6
9	30834.0	-25.1	1.4	5.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

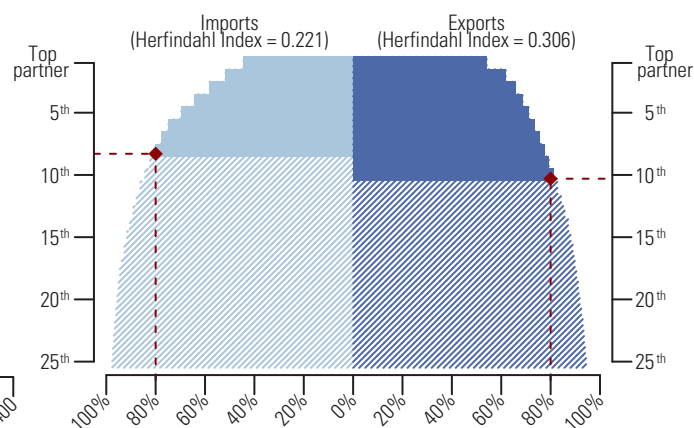
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



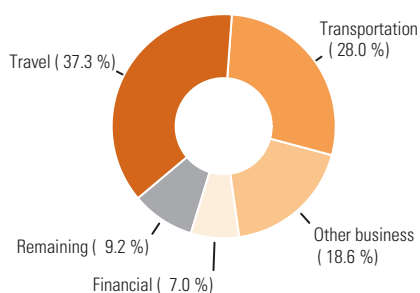
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 63.3, 12.6 and 8.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Other Asia nes and Singapore, accounting for respectively 45.7, 6.9 and 6.4 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 23.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 17.3 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 11.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		559305.5	547124.4	589823.7				
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		101102.8	117959.0	140087.8				776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		77875.6	75906.2	76049.8				764
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		36214.0	29535.6	29368.5	33.9	35.1	35.3	thsd US\$/kg 971
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		22521.7	21160.3	21064.3	62.5	61.8	67.1	US\$/unit 752
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		19082.4	18850.3	20559.2			662.8	US\$/carat 667
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		17267.5	14808.2	19316.6	65.2	63.8	84.7	US\$/kg 759
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		13753.7	13665.0	14459.0				776
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		10890.7	11364.8	12137.5	30.6	34.0	35.1	thsd US\$/kg 897
8534 Printed circuits.....		9623.6	8959.2	9519.8	51.7	49.0	47.7	US\$/kg 772
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters.....		8975.0	8400.7	8821.7				771

China, Macao SAR

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

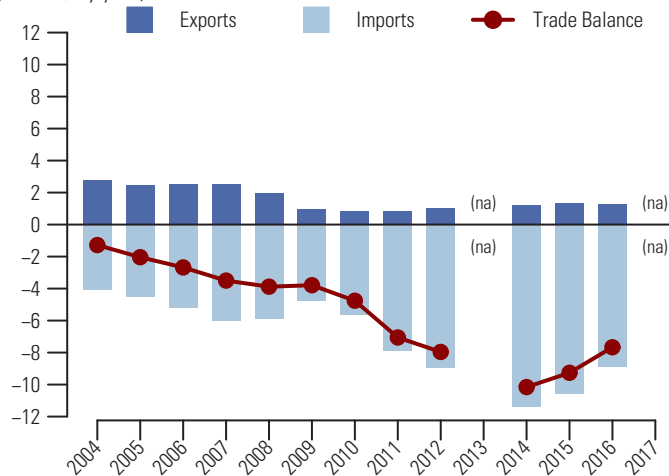
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of China, Macao SAR decreased moderately by 6.2 percent to reach 1.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 15.8 percent to reach 8.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in China, Macao SAR were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of China, Macao SAR decreased slightly by 2.8 percent, reaching 32.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.8 percent and reached 4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 28.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 61.9, 22.1 and 12.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Hong Kong SAR, Areas nes and Special Categories, accounting for respectively 44.5, 41.6 and 38.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 60.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

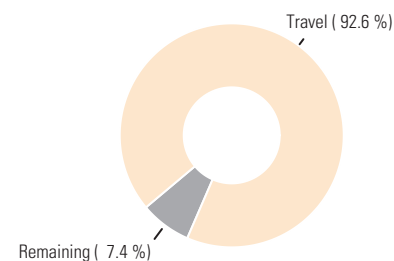


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
	All Commodities.....	1 240.0	1 339.0	1 256.6				
	9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....	447.0	582.3	777.9				931
	9101 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal.....	96.6	142.5	84.1	27.1			thsd US\$/unit 885
	7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	66.4	86.7	62.3	235.6	216.8	119.3	thsd US\$/kg 897
	8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	116.9	66.5	27.1				764
	8538 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of heading 85.35, 85.36 or 85.37.....	47.9	62.6	41.7	380.6	492.0	469.8	US\$/kg 772
	4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases.....	33.5	45.9	37.1				831
	8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....	6.6	36.5	51.1	85.0	95.4	90.5	US\$/kg 772
	2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	62.0	2.5	4.9	42.3	56.6	58.2	US\$/kg 122
	6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....	23.8	6.0	23.9	221.3			US\$/pair 851
	8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters.....	43.1	1.5	...	141.3			US\$/unit 716

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	1256.6	5.3	-6.2	100.0
0+1	28.5	12.8	8.0	2.3
2+4	8.9	2.7	47.5	0.7
5	7.5	16.7	-80.4	0.6
6	3.6	-29.8	-86.5	0.3
7	153.1	-6.0	-43.0	12.2
8	277.1	19.2	-29.1	22.1
9	777.9	4.9	33.6	61.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	8924.5	-0.2	-15.8	100.0
0+1	1478.0	4.7	-12.1	16.6
2+4	62.2	10.9	-16.1	0.7
3	498.0	-15.0	-32.3	5.6
5	791.9	11.8	-2.8	8.9
6	496.1	1.2	-39.7	5.6
7	1580.5	-7.6	-36.0	17.7
8	2971.1	-3.1	-18.9	33.3
9	1046.6	44.4	206.7	11.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

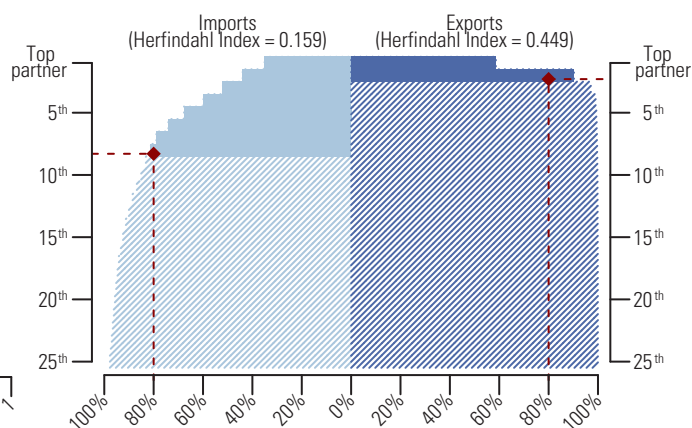
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



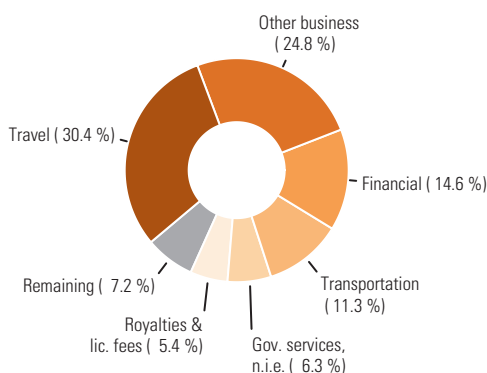
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 33.3, 17.7 and 16.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal" (HS code 7113) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Hong Kong SAR, China and Switzerland, accounting for respectively 33.8, 27.4 and 5.6 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 988.7 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 449.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

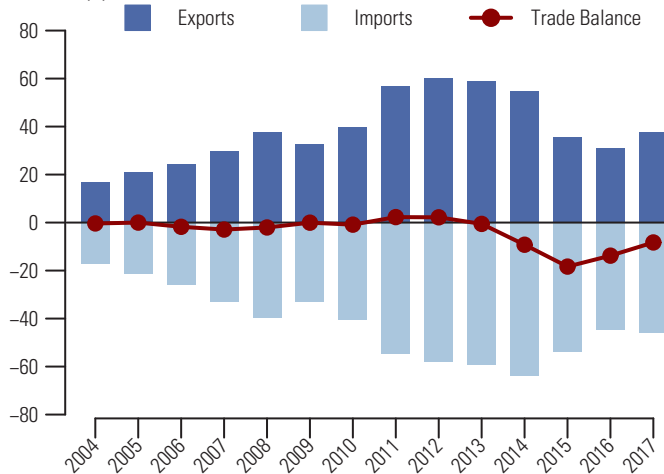
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		11395.9	10602.6	8924.5				
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		1361.4	1023.8	918.4	66.5	44.3	65.7	thsd US\$/kg 897
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		998.0	1083.4	659.9				764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		587.9	317.7	1036.1				931
9101 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal.....		817.9	607.9	484.9	12.6			thsd US\$/unit 885
2716 Electrical energy.....		432.1	429.3	419.7	105.4	54.8	46.3	US\$/MWh 351
4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases.....		475.9	415.6	371.1				831
3304 Beauty or make-up preparations.....		380.8	370.0	357.7	66.4	58.4	54.8	US\$/kg 553
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		434.3	323.1	144.5	41.5	21.5	19.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
1901 Malt extract; food preparations of flour.....		278.2	345.3	249.9	21.0	22.8	20.7	US\$/kg 048
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		298.3	272.7	77.8	1.0	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 334

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Colombia increased substantially by 21.7 percent to reach 37.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 2.7 percent to reach 46.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 8.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -8.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Colombia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Colombia increased substantially by 12.1 percent, reaching 8.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.0 percent and reached 10.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 2.9 bln US\$.

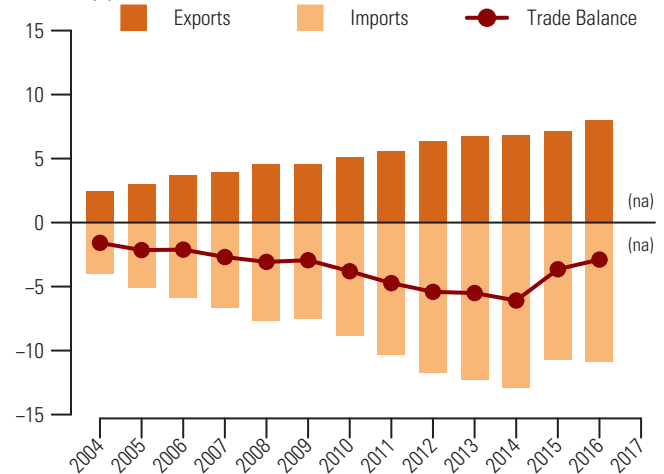
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 54.1, 14.2 and 8.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Panama and China, accounting for respectively 29.9, 6.6 and 5.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 4.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.6 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 873.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

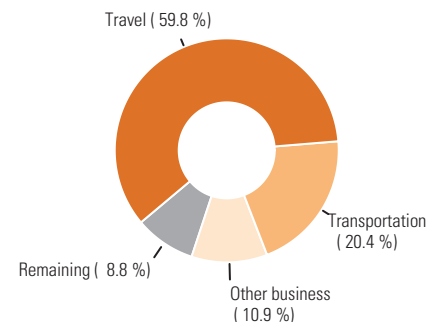


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		35 690.8	31 045.0	37 766.3				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		12 834.4	8 060.0	10 951.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 333
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		4 257.4	4 392.7	6 816.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 321
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		2 576.5	2 462.5	2 582.6	3.6	3.3	3.6	US\$/kg 071
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 281.1	2 005.4	2 055.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 334
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		1 089.9	1 522.1	1 741.0	29.8	32.5	32.1	thsd US\$/kg 971
0603 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets.....		1 295.4	1 312.3	1 399.6	5.8	5.6	5.7	US\$/kg 292
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....		802.6	914.9	918.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 057
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		456.2	433.8	386.8	7.9	8.5		US\$/kg 591
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		453.1	383.7	308.8	9.8	8.5		US\$/kg 542
2704 Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat.....		302.6	246.2	573.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg 325

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	37 766.3	-10.5	21.7	100.0
0+1	5 354.9	2.1	5.6	14.2
2+4	2 380.0	1.5	14.6	6.3
3	20 445.6	-15.1	38.7	54.1
5	3 053.3	-4.9	0.8	8.1
6	2 137.9	-8.5	5.4	5.7
7	1 526.8	-4.5	4.3	4.0
8	1 086.9	-7.7	0.2	2.9
9	1 780.9	-5.8	15.3	4.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

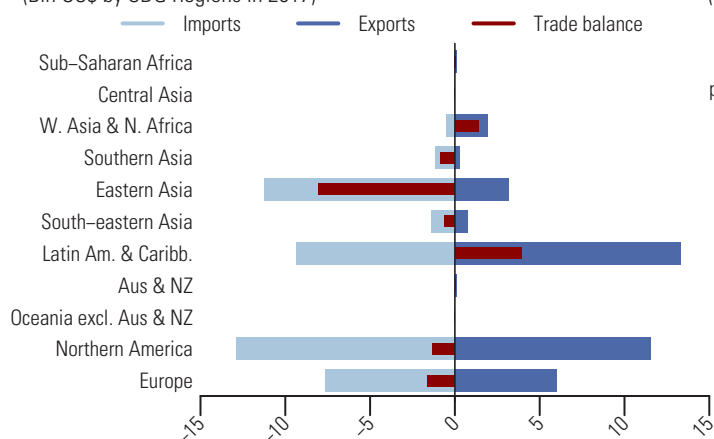
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	46 050.2	-6.2	2.7	100.0
0+1	4 991.7	-0.6	-0.6	10.8
2+4	1 399.3	-0.3	1.9	3.0
3	3 715.7	-12.7	-3.0	8.1
5	9 325.5	-2.5	4.1	20.3
6	6 843.1	-4.8	5.4	14.9
7	15 342.0	-8.7	4.1	33.3
8	4 017.6	-5.7	2.9	8.7
9	415.3	-10.7	-19.4	0.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

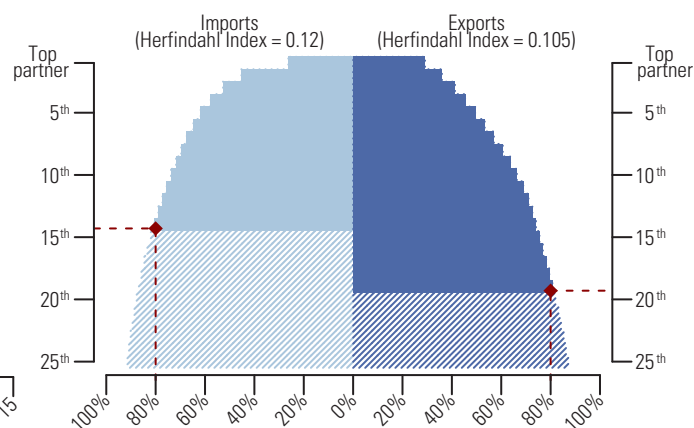
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



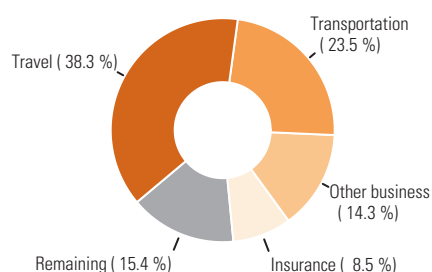
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 33.3, 20.3 and 14.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 27.3, 18.9 and 7.4 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.6 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

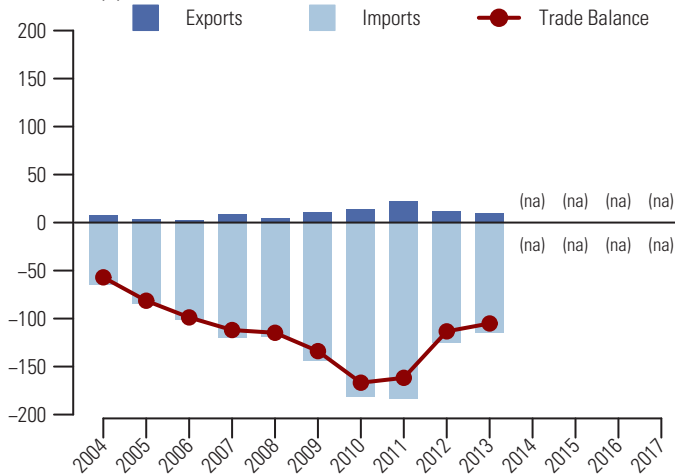
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		54 035.5	44 831.1	46 050.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		5 088.6	3 713.7	3 626.0	0.6	0.4	0.5	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2 525.6	2 067.2	1 992.2	10.1	10.6	11.7	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		2 334.5	1 776.7	2 073.5				764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 422.9	1 348.5	1 303.1	33.8	25.1		542
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		2 329.2	710.8	830.1	1.2	0.1		792
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1 347.5	1 065.5	989.6	123.3	99.1	135.2	752
1005 Maize (corn).....		955.8	871.4	917.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	044
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		713.4	587.3	700.5	78.5	47.7	56.2	541
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		653.0	566.5	619.3	41.0	30.3	34.9	625
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		566.0	566.9	630.9	143.4	143.8	115.8	761

Overview:

In 2013, the value of merchandise exports of Comoros decreased substantially by 18.7 percent to reach 10.1 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 8.4 percent to reach 115.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 105.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -26.8 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Comoros were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Comoros increased moderately by 6.8 percent, reaching 83.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.4 percent and reached 112.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 29.2 mln US\$.

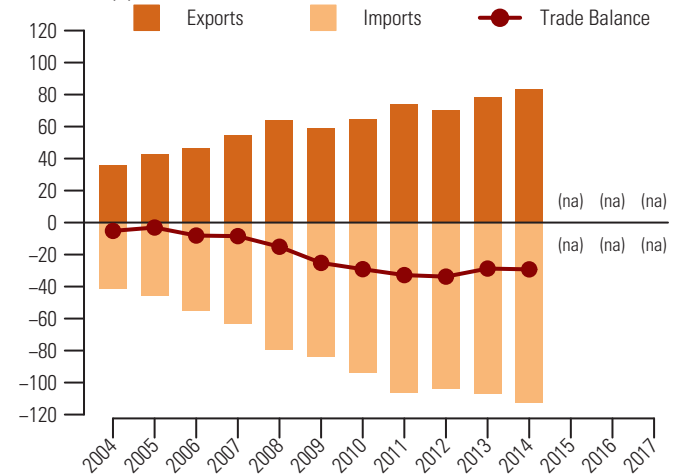
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2013, representing respectively 78.3, 12.4 and 6.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2011 to 2013, the largest export commodity was "Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems)" (HS code 0907) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Singapore, France and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 27.3, 18.7 and 9.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 46.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 6.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

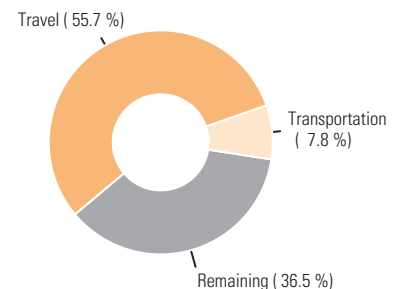


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2011 to 2013

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013		Unit
All Commodities.....		22.4	12.5	10.1				
0907 Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems).....		16.7	8.9	4.6	0.7	6.1	6.6	US\$/kg 075
0905 Vanilla.....		0.9	1.4	3.3	24.1	18.4	39.5	US\$/kg 075
3301 Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes.....		1.5	1.3	1.2	60.3	55.0	52.1	US\$/kg 551
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2.1	0.1	0.2		6.3	11.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
9617 Vacuum flasks and other vacuum vessels, complete with cases.....		0.2	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 899
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		0.2	...	...	31.3			US\$/kg 792
8437 Machines for cleaning, sorting or grading seed, grain.....		0.2			199.5	thsd US\$/unit 72
7407 Copper bars, rods and profiles.....		0.2	...	...	9.0			US\$/kg 682
9108 Watch movements, complete and assembled.....		0.2	...	...	76.4			thsd US\$/unit 885
3206 Other colouring matter.....		...	0.1	...		1.2		thsd US\$/kg 533

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	10.1	-1.0	-18.7	100.0
0+1	7.9	0.2	-23.3	78.3
2+4	0.0	-47.9	-95.7	0.0
3	0.0	-78.9	-99.9	0.0
5	1.3	-10.3	-10.2	12.4
6	0.1	-23.8	-61.3	0.5
7	0.7	20.1	130.6	6.9
8	0.2	-3.1	-24.8	2.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	115.2	-5.5	-8.4	100.0
0+1	34.6	-9.0	-37.3	30.0
2+4	3.0	-5.6	-28.5	2.6
3	1.6	27.5	138.2	1.3
5	3.9	-8.4	-31.7	3.4
6	22.6	-12.0	-12.9	19.6
7	43.1	5.3	64.6	37.4
8	6.6	-12.9	-18.6	5.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

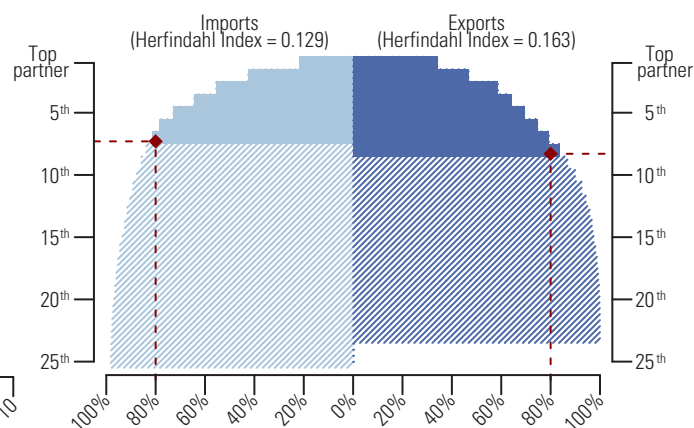
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2013)



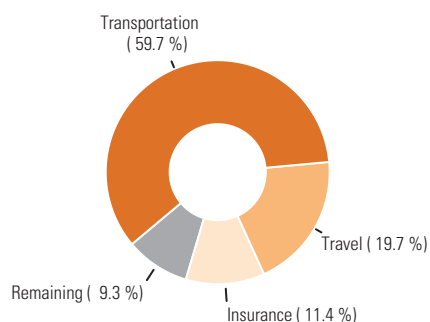
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2013)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2013, representing respectively 37.4, 30.0 and 19.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2011 to 2013, the largest import commodity was "Rice" (HS code 1006) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, France and Pakistan, accounting for respectively 27.2, 21.6 and 12.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 67.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 22.2 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 12.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2011 to 2013

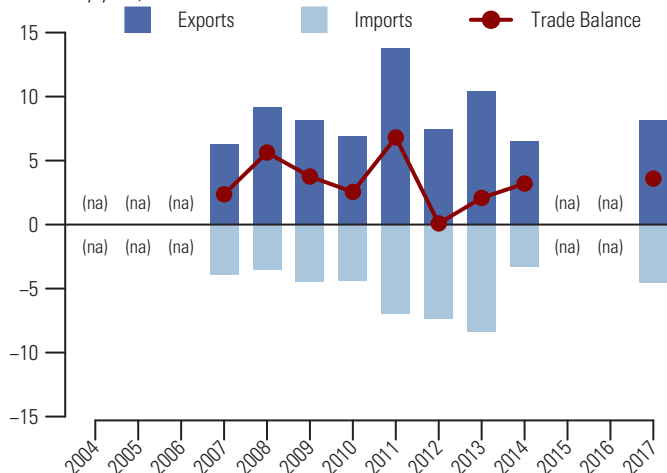
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	
All Commodities.....		184.1	125.8	115.2				
1006 Rice.....		29.4	22.8	10.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 042
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		16.4	11.2	8.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		14.3	7.3	13.7		27.2	9.5	thsd US\$/unit 781
8705 Special purpose motor vehicles.....		24.9	1.0	0.5			97.5	thsd US\$/unit 782
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		10.9	6.2	5.8	1.5	1.4	1.3	US\$/kg 012
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....		5.1	4.6	4.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg 676
1701 Cane or beet sugar and pure sucrose, in solid form.....		6.0	4.8	2.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg 061
8531 Electric sound or visual signalling apparatus.....		0.0	0.0	13.4			15.8	thsd US\$/unit 778
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		5.3	4.5	2.9	0.6	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 046
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		0.7	4.1	5.4				764

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Congo reached 8.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 4.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Congo were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of the Congo increased moderately by 6.4 percent, reaching 769.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 21.3 percent and reached 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 4.2 bln US\$.

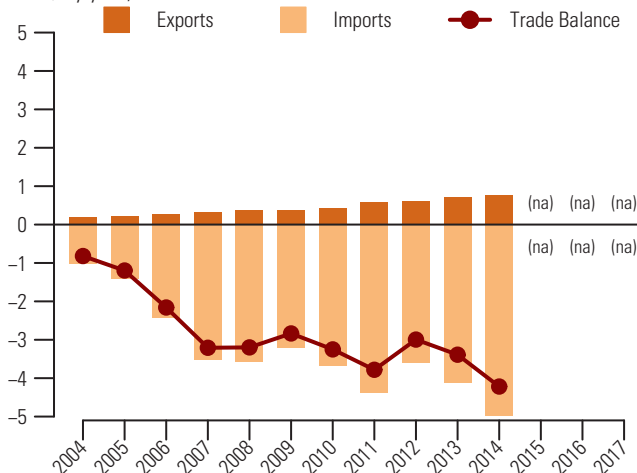
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 51.3, 44.8 and 2.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Spain and Angola, accounting for respectively 33.9, 12.4 and 6.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2007 at 141.0 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 95.1 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 54.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2007)

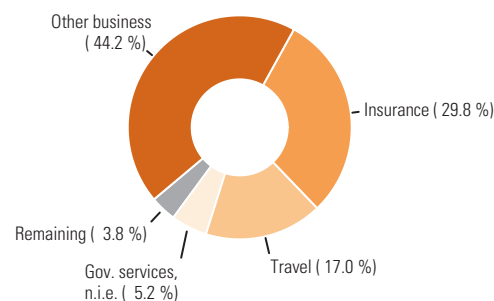


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2017	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	...	...	8 148.0				
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude.....	...	...	3 623.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333	
8905	Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....	...	...	2 395.8			793	
8901	Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....	...	...	1 274.5			793	
8904	Tugs and pusher craft.....	...	...	179.6	3.5	mln US\$/unit	793	
7403	Copper; refined and copper alloys, unwrought.....	...	...	109.8	5.2	US\$/kg	682	
8906	Vessels; other, including warships and lifeboats, other than rowing boats.....	...	...	89.3			793	
8908	Vessels and other floating structures; for breaking up.....	...	...	70.0			793	
7304	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel....	...	...	42.7	17.7	US\$/kg	679	
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	...	...	30.7	0.4	US\$/kg	343	
4403	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared	...	...	28.7			247	

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8 148.0	-6.0	...	100.0
0+1	21.2	15.7	...	0.3
2+4	47.5	-17.6	...	0.6
3	3 654.0	-17.6	...	44.8
5	4.9	1.7	...	0.1
6	194.8	56.4	...	2.4
7	4 179.3	15.3	...	51.3
8	45.3	15.0	...	0.6
9	1.1	...	...	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

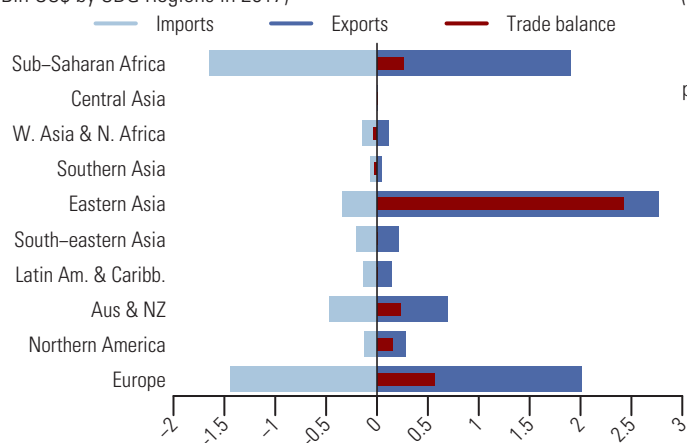
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4 553.4	-14.1	...	100.0
0+1	560.0	1.4	...	12.3
2+4	97.7	5.8	...	2.1
3	81.9	-11.1	...	1.8
5	216.7	-4.3	...	4.8
6	414.4	-9.0	...	9.1
7	3 023.0	-17.5	...	66.4
8	159.1	-10.0	...	3.5
9	0.7	413.5	...	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

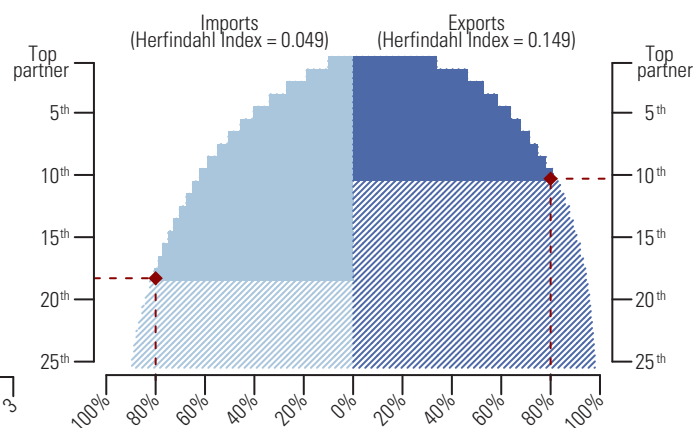
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



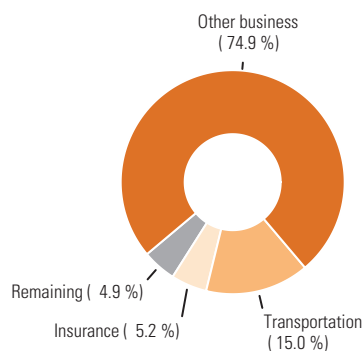
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2007)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 66.4, 12.3 and 9.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels" (HS code 8905) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Heard Island and McDonald Islands, Namibia and France, accounting for respectively 10.2, 8.7 and 8.0 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2007 at 2.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 529.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

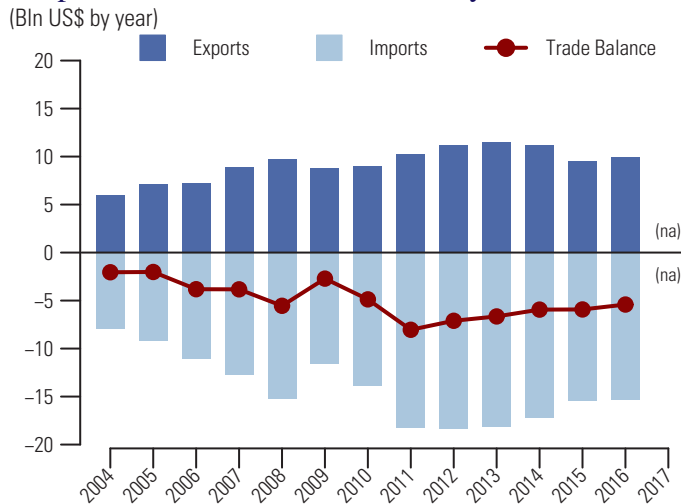
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2017	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		4 553.4				
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		1 102.4				793
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		906.7				793
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		118.5	1.1	US\$/kg		012
8413 Pumps; for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring device, liquid elevators.....		96.4				742
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		76.2	13.9	US\$/kg		691
8906 Vessels; other, including warships and lifeboats, other than rowing boats.....		75.3				793
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel.....		73.1	2.3	US\$/kg		679
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		72.3	0.9	US\$/kg		334
8908 Vessels and other floating structures; for breaking up.....		70.1	2.4	mln US\$/unit		793
8904 Tugs and pusher craft.....		69.3				793

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Costa Rica increased slightly by 3.4 percent to reach 9.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 1.2 percent to reach 15.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Costa Rica were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Costa Rica increased substantially by 13.1 percent, reaching 8.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 15.1 percent and reached 3.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 5.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 42.9, 28.7 and 9.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary" (HS code 9018) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Panama and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 39.9, 5.6 and 5.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 3.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.9 bln US\$ and "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

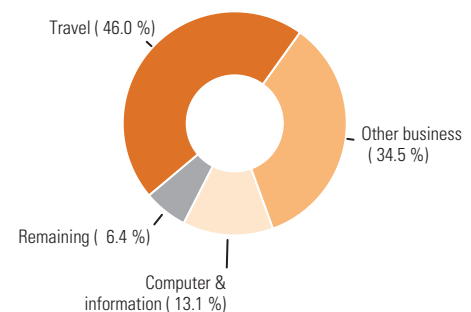


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		11 242.7	9 578.3	9 907.9				
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		1 405.3	1 694.9	1 992.0				872
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....		907.7	835.3	996.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 057
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangoosteens, fresh or dried.....		894.3	827.4	910.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 057
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		1 656.1	32.1	35.1				776
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....		292.2	423.0	506.3				899
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		381.8	402.0	389.3	11.5	12.5	12.4	US\$/kg 098
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		284.5	309.7	310.7	3.8	4.5	4.1	US\$/kg 071
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices.....		157.6	189.7	284.3	0.9	0.9	1.1	US\$/kg 059
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		255.4	188.5	183.3	13.7	9.8	8.6	US\$/kg 773
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		162.7	151.1	142.6				625

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	9907.9	-3.1	3.4	100.0
0+1	4252.1	4.6	8.4	42.9
2+4	413.0	-13.0	-7.6	4.2
3	3.3	-8.4	-8.7	0.0
5	764.2	-0.1	0.9	7.7
6	936.6	-4.0	-2.6	9.5
7	677.3	-31.7	-27.4	6.8
8	2844.9	9.9	12.3	28.7
9	16.5	-16.9	-17.5	0.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

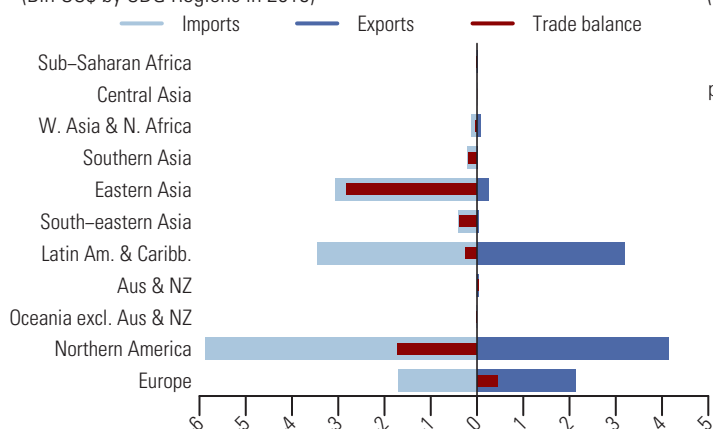
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	15321.5	-4.4	-1.2	100.0
0+1	1819.3	1.2	7.7	11.9
2+4	444.4	-2.6	9.3	2.9
3	1163.6	-15.5	-11.3	7.6
5	2717.2	1.6	1.3	17.7
6	2575.1	-2.3	-2.1	16.8
7	4590.0	-8.3	-3.3	30.0
8	2011.4	0.6	-0.3	13.1
9	0.4	-53.8	-97.3	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

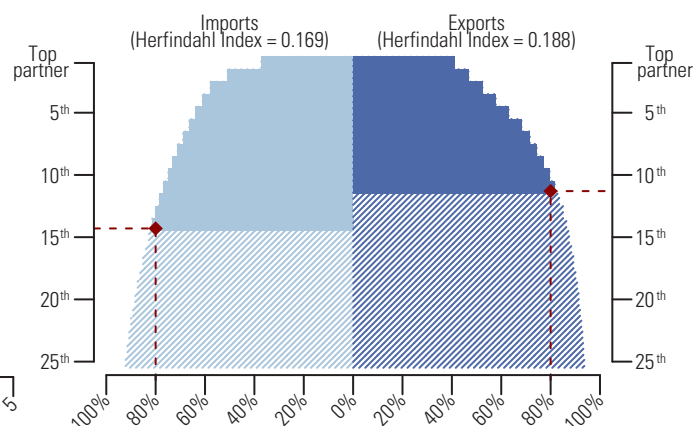
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



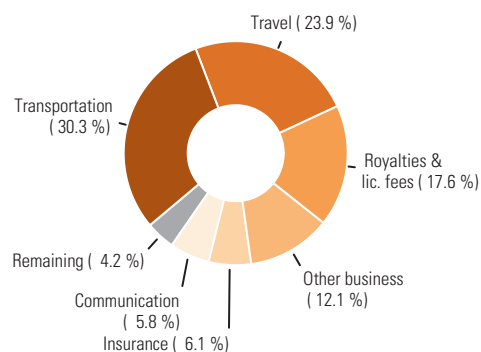
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 30.0, 17.7 and 16.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 40.6, 12.0 and 7.0 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 809.3 mln US\$ and "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 595.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

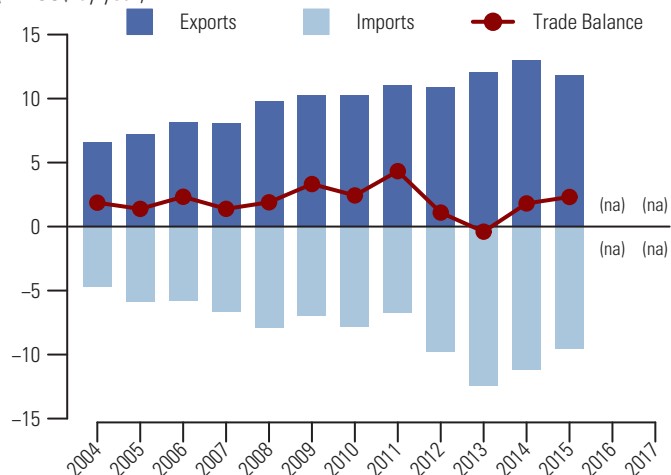
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		17 184.9	15 504.4	15 321.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 070.8	1 236.6	1 092.4	0.9	0.6	0.5	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		598.1	712.4	826.3	17.7	18.6	17.8	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		507.0	642.3	458.0				764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		477.3	512.5	552.0	50.4	51.1	47.9	542
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		954.3	149.4	66.0				776
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		258.2	251.2	252.5				752
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		184.1	264.6	289.9				872
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		155.5	213.7	244.4				782
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		161.2	182.3	181.0	3.7	2.8	1.6	893
3926 Other articles of plastics.....		178.4	166.9	174.5	13.1	12.2	10.6	893

Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of Côte d'Ivoire decreased moderately by 8.8 percent to reach 11.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 14.7 percent to reach 9.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Côte d'Ivoire were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Côte d'Ivoire increased substantially by 21.9 percent, reaching 943.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 7.6 percent and reached 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 2.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

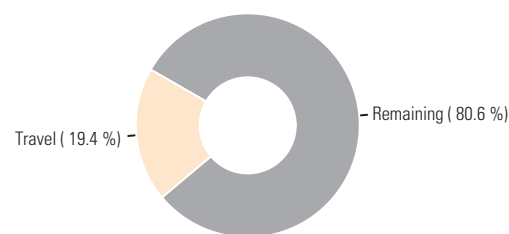
(Bln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 56.2, 16.8 and 9.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted" (HS code 1801) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Netherlands, the United States and Ghana, accounting for respectively 10.0, 7.6 and 7.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 183.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
	All Commodities.....	12 083.8	12 985.1	11 844.8					
1801	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....	2 044.5	3 045.1	3 553.8	2.5	2.7	2.8	US\$/kg	072
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	1 781.8	1 738.8	1 277.1	1.0	0.9	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8905	Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....	1 730.8	568.4	...					793
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	959.5	652.1	545.3	0.8	0.7	0.4	US\$/kg	333
1803	Cocoa paste, whether or not defatted.....	544.1	764.5	738.4	4.1	3.6	3.7	US\$/kg	072
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	575.8	702.9	756.5	40.3	36.7	33.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
0801	Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....	346.0	826.5	776.0	0.8	1.4	1.1	US\$/kg	057
4001	Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle.....	759.6	602.7	501.5	2.9	1.7	1.2	US\$/kg	231
1804	Cocoa butter, fat and oil.....	265.6	461.8	424.9	4.8	5.1	4.8	US\$/kg	072
5201	Cotton, not carded or combed.....	271.9	322.7	235.6	1.8	1.8	1.3	US\$/kg	263

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	11 844.8	1.8	-8.8	100.0
0+1	6 652.2	7.5	8.6	56.2
2+4	1 067.3	-11.7	-23.0	9.0
3	1 991.1	-7.2	-24.4	16.8
5	407.2	5.3	-3.4	3.4
6	314.7	2.6	-11.7	2.7
7	345.2	6.3	-61.5	2.9
8	310.5	17.3	-30.7	2.6
9	756.5	7.0	6.0	6.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

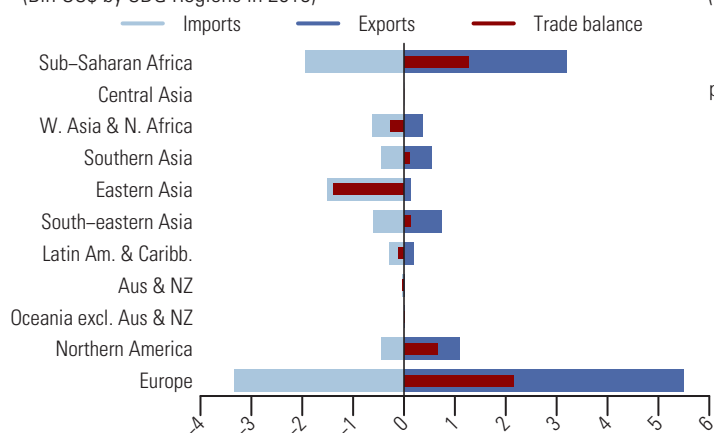
SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	9 532.2	9.1	-14.7	100.0
0+1	1 798.6	2.5	-0.3	18.9
2+4	199.2	4.1	-2.1	2.1
3	2 119.3	2.4	-26.8	22.2
5	1 363.8	9.3	-10.3	14.3
6	1 454.6	20.9	-2.7	15.3
7	2 142.8	19.3	-23.8	22.5
8	453.9	11.9	10.6	4.8
9	0.1	-71.9	-99.9	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

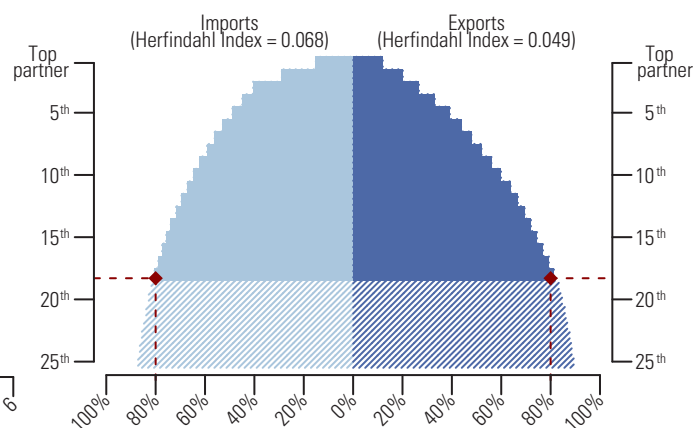
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



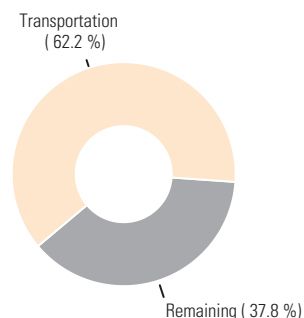
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 22.5, 22.2 and 18.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Nigeria, France and China, accounting for respectively 20.4, 12.0 and 10.6 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

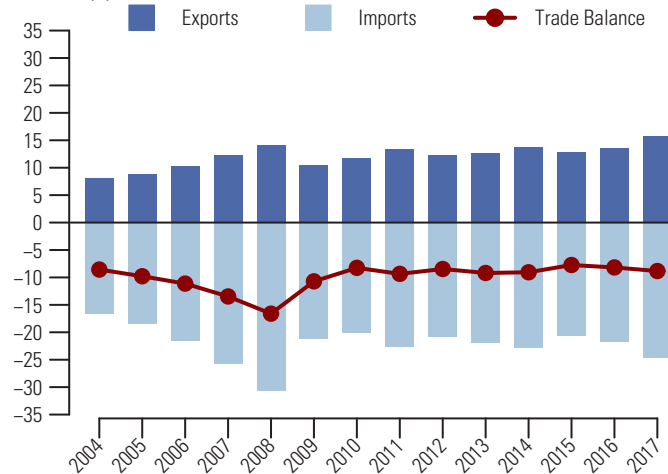
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		12 483.0	11 177.7	9 532.2				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2 928.1	2 612.5	1 517.0	0.8	0.8	0.4	US\$/kg 333
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		2 685.7	613.1	...				793
1006 Rice.....		472.5	437.3	488.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 042
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		358.1	386.8	444.2	1.3	1.2	1.0	US\$/kg 034
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		247.5	337.9	255.6	26.2	28.7	22.1	US\$/kg 542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		151.9	129.0	483.0	1.1	1.3	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		258.0	250.9	239.2	22.1	20.2	21.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		210.9	189.1	159.1	0.4	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 041
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		119.8	165.9	148.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	US\$/kg 571
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		139.0	130.6	147.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Croatia increased substantially by 15.6 percent to reach 15.8 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.7 percent to reach 24.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -7.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Croatia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services increased moderately by 9.2 percent, reaching 13.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.6 percent and reached 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 9.5 bln US\$. See footnote*.

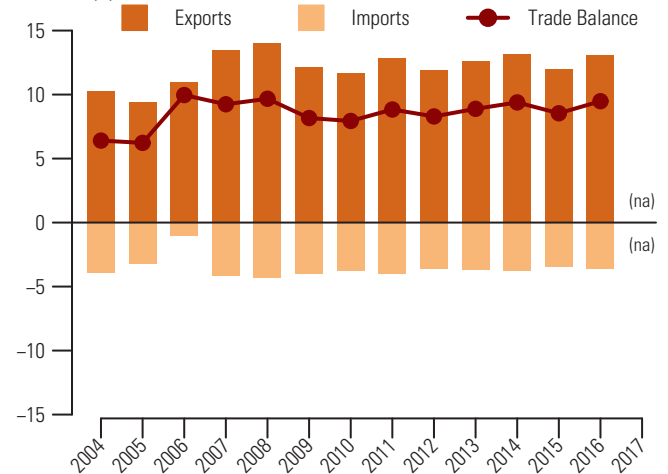
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 23.4, 16.3 and 15.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Germany and Slovenia, accounting for respectively 13.6, 11.8 and 11.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 9.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

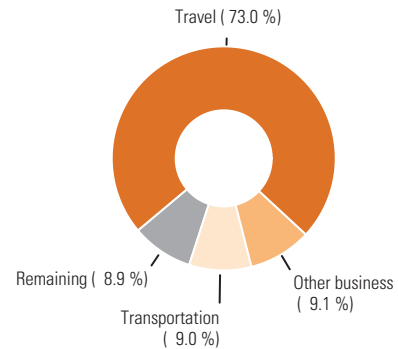


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		12843.5	13647.5	15771.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		818.9	743.7	1061.9	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		433.6	597.4	705.0	100.5	94.8	114.8	US\$/kg
2716 Electrical energy.....		418.0	416.9	474.4	45.7	39.3	58.6	US\$/MWh
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		387.7	380.0	416.6	85.1	310.1	302.5	US\$/m ³
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		127.4	326.7	536.3	0.8	1.1	1.4	thsd US\$/kg
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters.....		269.7	359.0	361.7				
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....		273.3	263.3	237.0				
6115 Panty hose, tights, stockings, socks and other hosiery.....		203.5	205.0	240.9	31.1	32.1	37.3	US\$/kg
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		157.8	172.4	225.3	4.9	6.0	6.4	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		117.6	162.7	219.1	16.6	9.2	17.1	thsd US\$/unit

*As of 2003, trade in services data including "travel" category.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	15771.0	5.5	15.6	100.0
0+1	1876.1	7.1	7.8	11.9
2+4	1224.6	3.4	14.2	7.8
3	1684.1	-1.4	30.0	10.7
5	2219.4	12.0	22.9	14.1
6	2576.7	6.5	20.6	16.3
7	3686.0	4.7	14.7	23.4
8	2437.6	8.5	5.8	15.5
9	66.6	-25.3	-17.6	0.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

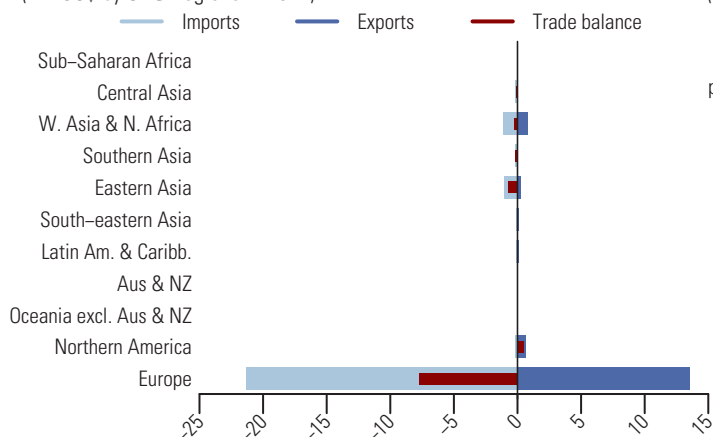
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	24608.7	2.9	12.7	100.0
0+1	3053.8	4.8	13.5	12.4
2+4	534.3	2.6	10.9	2.2
3	3266.8	-9.0	21.6	13.3
5	3406.4	3.7	2.6	13.8
6	4412.3	3.7	13.3	17.9
7	6326.6	6.1	12.8	25.7
8	3589.1	10.7	14.5	14.6
9	19.5	47.7	44.1	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

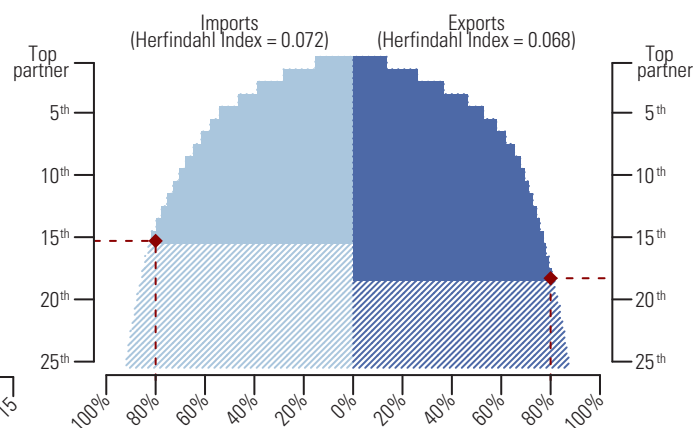
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



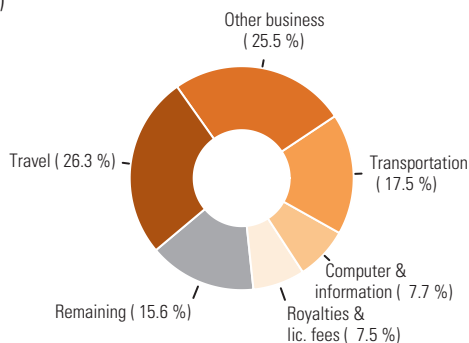
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 25.7, 17.9 and 14.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and Slovenia, accounting for respectively 15.7, 12.9 and 10.8 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 946.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 915.8 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 629.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

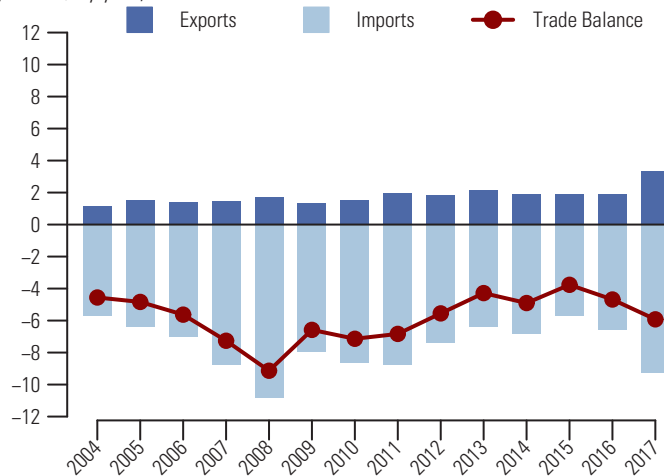
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		20580.5	21829.9	24608.7				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		932.4	834.6	1097.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		691.1	892.0	1074.0	13.0	13.7	14.0	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		966.7	744.3	905.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
2716 Electrical energy.....		747.0	670.2	728.5	45.3	39.6	52.3	351
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		568.4	636.0	702.3	53.4	57.3	63.0	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		406.3	426.5	429.5				764
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		225.9	576.2	367.6	664.8	954.6	839.0	541
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		316.3	279.7	369.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	343
4107 Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting.....		349.5	291.9	280.6	35.3	32.3	30.8	611
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		222.9	207.0	245.0	125.7	109.3	134.2	752

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Cyprus increased substantially by 75.4 percent to reach 3.4 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 40.7 percent to reach 9.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 5.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cyprus were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 25 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Cyprus increased moderately by 5.0 percent, reaching 10.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.9 percent and reached 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 4.5 bln US\$.

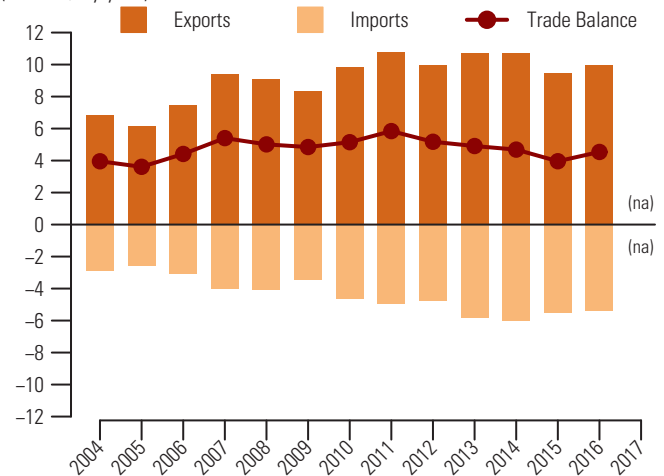
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 40.2, 17.8 and 14.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Bunkers, ship stores, Greece and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 10.2, 9.8 and 6.6 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.8 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.8 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

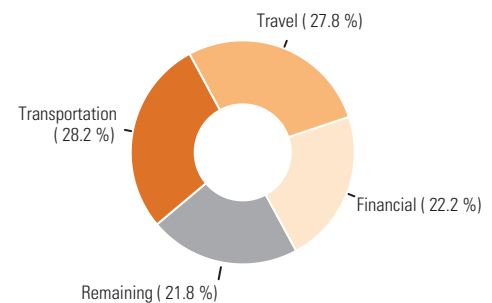


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		1934.9	1920.4	3367.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		320.6	385.3	597.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		263.0	269.5	301.0	44.2	45.9		US\$/kg 542
0406 Cheese and curd.....		119.6	148.9	186.4	7.4	7.3		US\$/kg 024
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		118.5	126.2	187.0				931
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		397.9			4.3	mln US\$/unit 793
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		99.1	122.6	126.1				764
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats.....		311.9			18.3	mln US\$/unit 793
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		179.2	2.4	106.8	14.9	0.8	21.4	mln US\$/unit 792
0701 Potatoes, fresh or chilled.....		40.1	52.7	54.2	0.6	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg 054
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		42.4	46.4	50.8	97.0	115.9	136.1	US\$/kg 122

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	3367.8	12.1	75.4	100.0
0+1	470.2	2.3	12.8	14.0
2+4	78.4	-8.4	21.6	2.3
3	600.7	60.3	55.9	17.8
5	414.6	-2.8	7.2	12.3
6	73.0	-9.7	-24.7	2.2
7	1352.3	28.5	331.9	40.2
8	167.5	5.1	42.7	5.0
9	211.1	-8.0	51.3	6.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

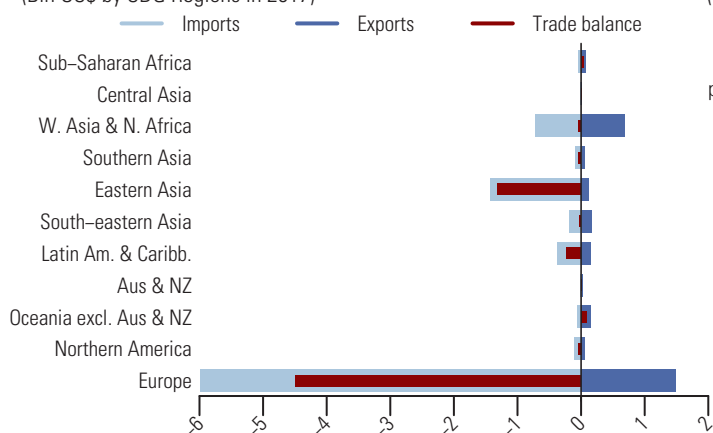
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	9291.6	9.7	40.7	100.0
0+1	1274.1	0.4	10.0	13.7
2+4	91.5	-0.1	4.1	1.0
3	1641.5	-3.0	39.5	17.7
5	768.7	-1.0	8.4	8.3
6	790.8	5.6	40.1	8.5
7	3758.7	41.9	84.2	40.5
8	905.4	1.6	8.9	9.7
9	60.9	77.1	68.3	0.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

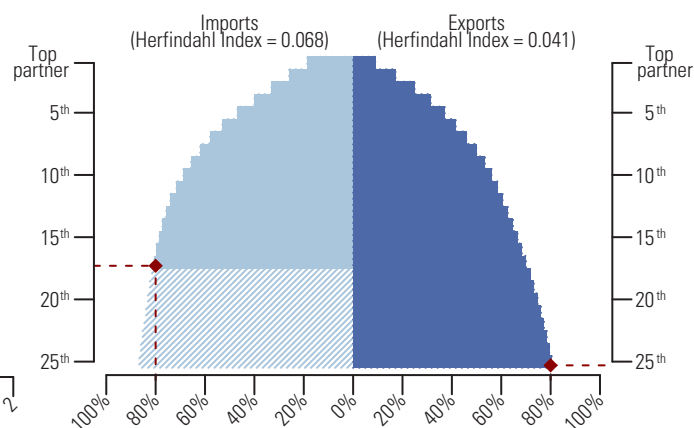
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



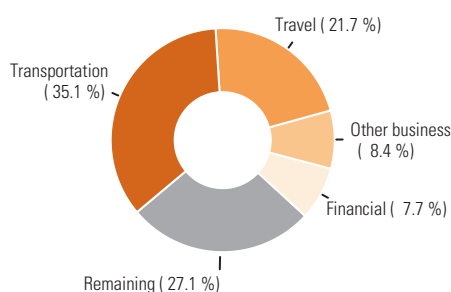
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 40.5, 17.7 and 13.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Greece, Germany and Italy, accounting for respectively 21.2, 9.9 and 7.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.9 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 455.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

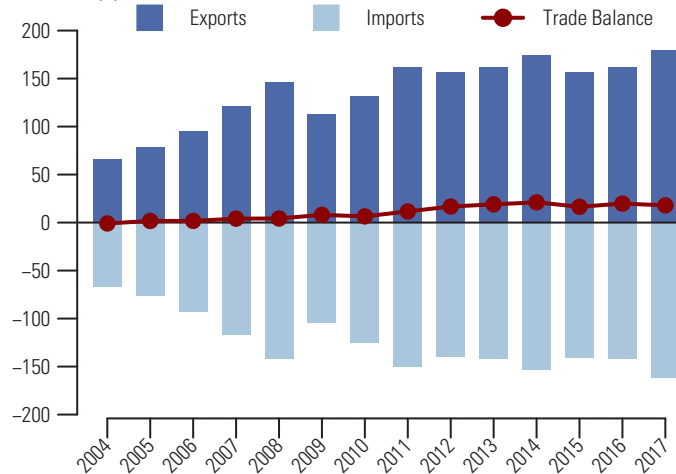
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		5699.3	6604.1	9291.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1192.6	1129.5	1553.7	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		0.5	0.2	1408.9	0.5	0.2	15.5	mIn US\$/unit 793
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		294.9	389.0	519.5	13.8	8.6		thsd US\$/unit 781
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		60.4	670.5	318.6	194.7	567.7	114.1	thsd US\$/unit 793
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		169.9	179.6	200.1	42.3	42.7	43.9	US\$/kg 542
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		22.0	182.3	209.8	4.4	16.6	14.0	mIn US\$/unit 792
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		109.3	128.4	147.0				
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		84.1	93.7	103.4	47.7	58.8	60.5	US\$/kg 122
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats.....		2.4	0.0	257.5	107.6	0.0		thsd US\$/unit 793
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		64.4	59.7	63.6	159.5	164.8	165.6	US\$/unit 752

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Czechia increased substantially by 11.1 percent to reach 180.0 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.9 percent to reach 162.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 18.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 44.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Czechia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Czechia increased slightly by 4.3 percent, reaching 21.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.2 percent and reached 18.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 2.9 bln US\$.

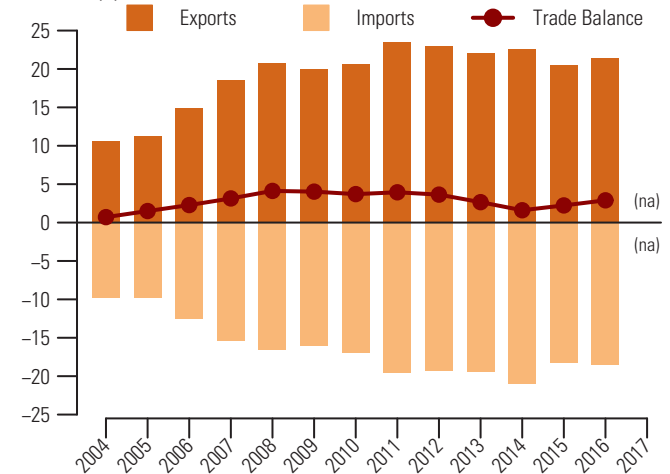
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 57.6, 15.1 and 12.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Slovakia and Poland, accounting for respectively 32.5, 8.3 and 5.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 6.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 5.4 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

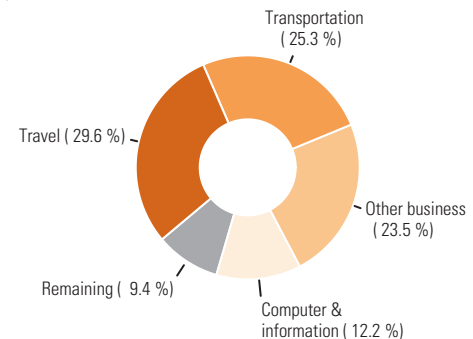


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	157 194.1	162 087.3	180 009.9				
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	17 085.2	18 804.9	21 745.9	14.1	14.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	12 599.8	13 576.5	14 604.5	7.5	7.5	7.4 US\$/kg	784
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	8 248.0	7 823.5	9 911.6	210.7	138.1	276.0 US\$/unit	752
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	5 002.2	4 778.5	5 996.3				764
9401	Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....	2 530.7	3 015.7	3 433.4				821
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	2 620.9	2 631.1	2 999.9	9.2	10.8	11.9 US\$/kg	773
8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....	2 293.1	2 403.3	2 793.8	21.0	14.7	34.9 US\$/kg	772
9503	Tricycles, scooters, wheeled toys; dolls'carriages; dolls; other toys.....	2 473.4	2 546.8	2 377.5	20.7	20.0	19.5 US\$/kg	894
8512	Electrical lighting or signalling equipment.....	1 885.1	2 126.8	2 309.2				778
8413	Pumps for liquids, whether or not fitted with a measuring device.....	1 771.4	2 079.5	2 236.0				742

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	180009.9	2.7	11.1	100.0
0+1	7580.1	1.7	4.4	4.2
2+4	4373.2	-2.4	12.0	2.4
3	3177.9	-9.7	4.8	1.8
5	10738.1	1.9	13.4	6.0
6	27190.6	-0.8	8.7	15.1
7	103637.3	4.3	13.1	57.6
8	22787.5	4.8	6.4	12.7
9	525.3	5.8	30.9	0.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

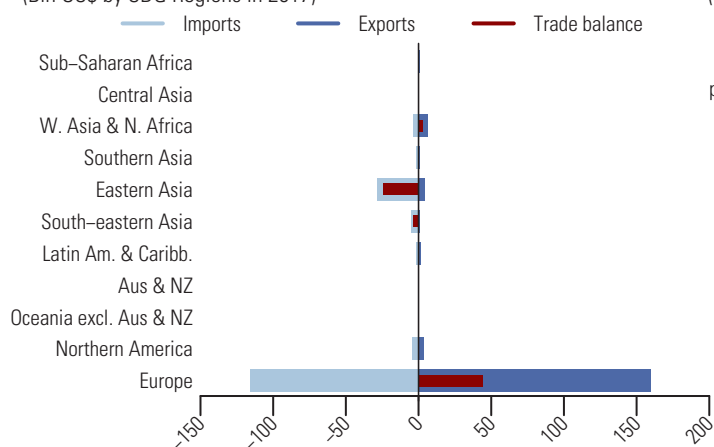
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	162057.8	3.3	13.9	100.0
0+1	8802.6	1.0	7.9	5.4
2+4	3761.2	-3.5	9.0	2.3
3	8796.3	-10.2	29.4	5.4
5	17609.5	1.9	8.9	10.9
6	27320.5	1.4	13.0	16.9
7	76088.7	6.5	16.0	47.0
8	19240.9	7.3	8.9	11.9
9	438.1	-1.6	31.7	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

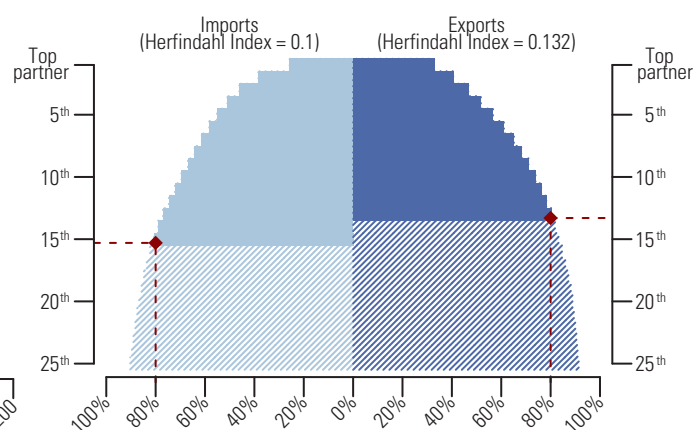
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



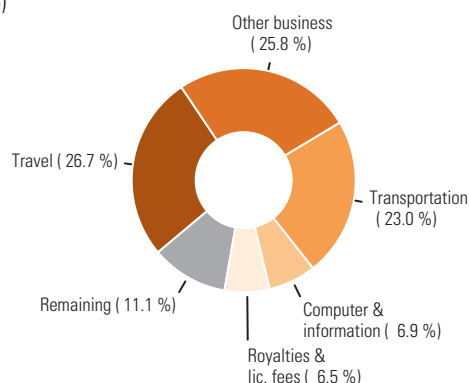
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 47.0, 16.9 and 11.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and Poland, accounting for respectively 26.1, 12.8 and 8.0 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 4.8 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

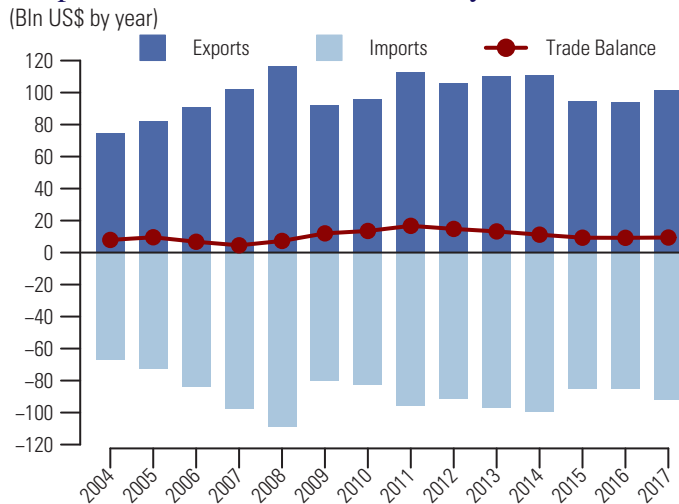
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		140716.2	142327.7	162057.8					
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	8079.4	9170.9	10192.6	6.1	6.2	6.0	US\$/kg	784
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	6230.2	5489.2	6551.3	108.0	93.0	118.4	US\$/unit	752
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	5716.6	4792.0	6511.6					764
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	3354.5	3938.1	4760.9	13.7	14.6		thsd US\$/unit	781
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	3182.0	3321.5	3660.6	79.7	74.5	92.2	US\$/kg	542
8542	Electronic integrated circuits.....	2322.5	2556.9	3562.3					776
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	2968.6	1686.4	3178.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333
8473	Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....	2713.8	2234.1	2373.6	38.9	35.9	61.4	US\$/kg	759
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	2165.3	2159.8	2532.8	8.9	10.3	11.1	US\$/kg	773
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	2589.9	1814.2	2126.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	343

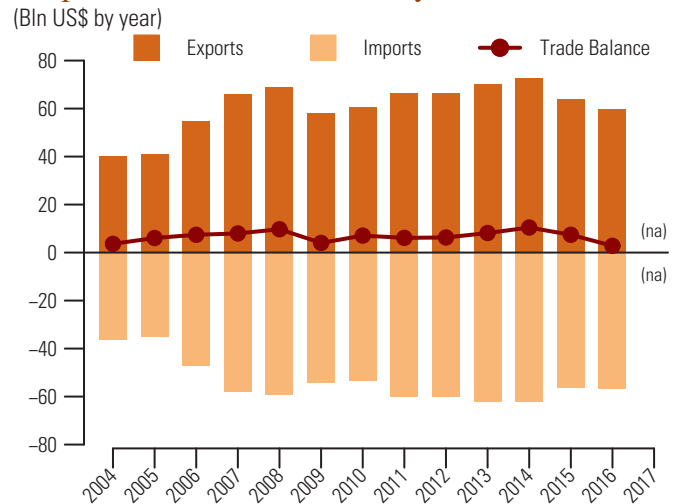
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Denmark increased moderately by 7.7 percent to reach 101.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.4 percent to reach 92.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 9.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -7.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Denmark were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Denmark decreased moderately by 6.2 percent, reaching 59.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.1 percent and reached 57.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 2.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 26.5, 20.3 and 18.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Special Categories and Sweden, accounting for respectively 15.3, 12.7 and 11.0 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 31.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.6 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 7.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

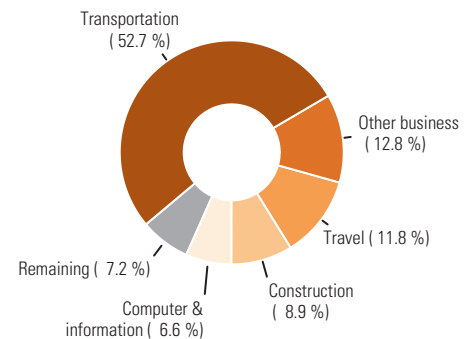


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		94 618.8	94 354.8	101 646.4				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		9 795.1	10 255.3	2 227.5				931
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2 590.1	2 672.1	11 261.3	178.2	152.7		US\$/kg 542
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters.....		3 349.0	3 182.9	2 105.1	549.7	370.4	442.6	thsd US\$/unit 716
0203 Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen.....		2 537.5	2 628.6	2 741.7	2.2	2.3	2.5	US\$/kg 012
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 539.5	1 935.8	2 255.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		2 468.5	2 267.1	1 279.3	415.5	364.4	176.7	US\$/kg 541
0406 Cheese and curd.....		1 378.8	1 444.2	1 693.9	4.2	3.9	4.4	US\$/kg 024
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1 779.0	1 186.4	1 348.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		1 349.9	1 384.6	1 450.4				821
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		1 221.7	1 249.5	1 325.5	26.5	26.9	26.5	US\$/kg 747

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	101 646.4	-2.1	7.7	100.0
0+1	18 487.5	-1.6	8.6	18.2
2+4	4 697.7	-4.5	24.2	4.6
3	4 015.5	-19.3	19.3	4.0
5	20 660.3	12.2	71.1	20.3
6	9 393.8	-0.6	14.1	9.2
7	26 984.5	-0.1	8.0	26.5
8	15 176.5	-0.1	3.8	14.9
9	2 230.4	-32.4	-78.3	2.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

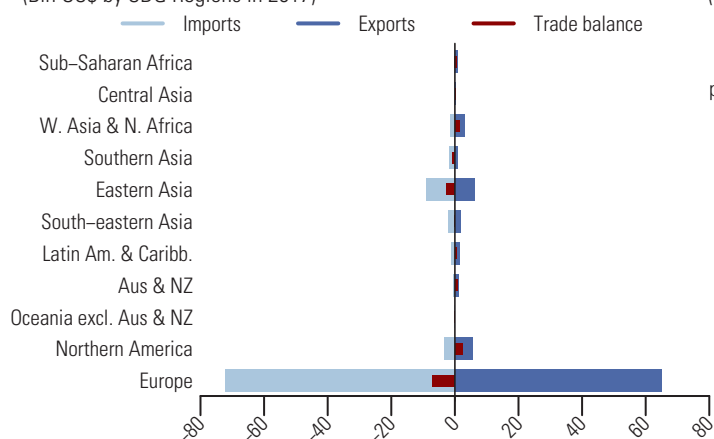
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	92 248.4	-1.3	8.4	100.0
0+1	11 782.9	-1.2	6.4	12.8
2+4	3 672.0	-1.0	13.8	4.0
3	5 049.2	-16.3	18.0	5.5
5	11 496.0	0.7	15.2	12.5
6	12 853.0	0.1	9.7	13.9
7	30 866.7	1.0	8.3	33.5
8	15 164.4	1.0	5.4	16.4
9	1 364.2	-14.1	-31.4	1.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

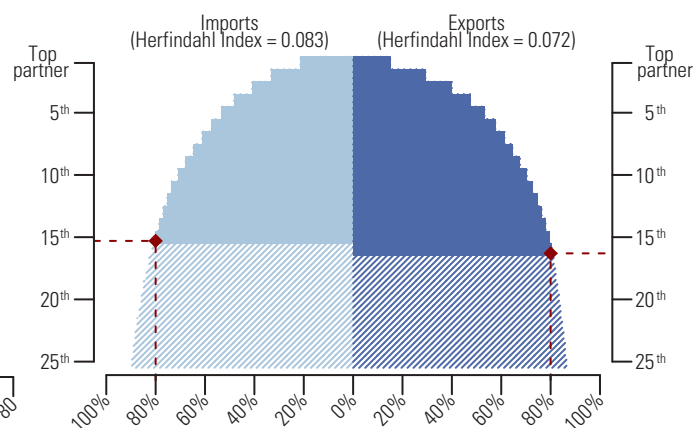
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



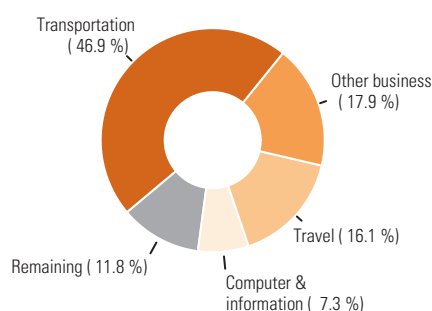
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 33.5, 16.4 and 13.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Sweden and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 21.2, 12.1 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 26.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 10.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		85 327.4	85 132.6	92 248.4				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3 645.4	4 031.3	4 236.1	14.0	11.9	15.2	thsd US\$/unit
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3 271.6	2 407.4	2 335.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2 427.3	2 386.7	3 012.1	89.9	85.3		US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 887.2	1 843.5	1 999.5				
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1 681.1	1 791.6	2 002.8	191.7	176.1	232.0	US\$/unit
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1 945.3	1 965.9	1 332.7				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1 668.6	1 300.2	2 047.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		1 729.1	1 055.5	1 516.3			58.3	mln US\$/unit
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		837.2	854.5	959.2	25.7	17.0	26.3	thsd US\$/unit
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		876.3	856.5	866.5	9.2	10.3	10.2	US\$/kg

Dominican Republic

Goods Imports: FOB, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

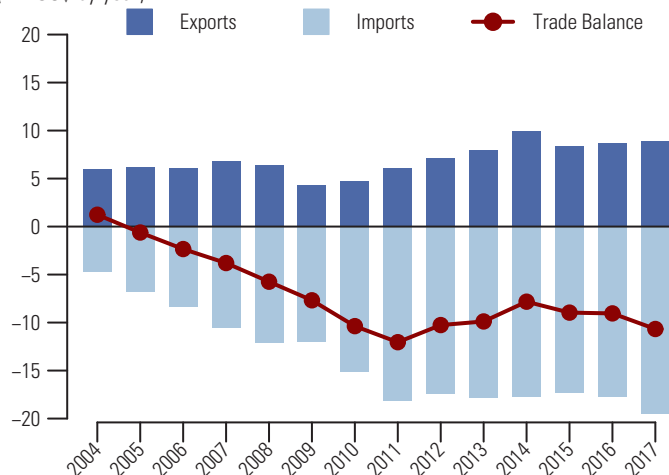
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Dominican Republic increased slightly by 1.3 percent to reach 8.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.8 percent to reach 19.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 10.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -3.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Dominican Republic were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Dominican Republic increased substantially by 10.4 percent, reaching 8.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 16.7 percent and reached 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 4.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 29.1, 22.6 and 17.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Haiti and Canada, accounting for respectively 53.0, 10.3 and 8.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 6.7 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 581.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

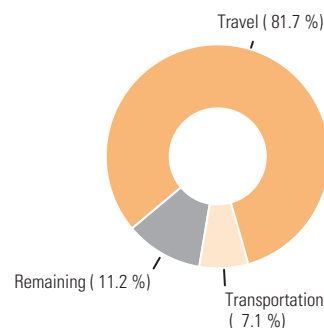


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	8384.1	8744.9	8855.6				
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	1270.3	1637.6	1548.1	0.6	10.5	39.6	thsd US\$/kg 971
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....	933.6	972.6	851.8				872
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	625.6	656.8	720.0	19.1		85.6	US\$/kg 122
8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....	402.7	402.9	440.5			38.0	US\$/kg 772
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	374.1	396.8	409.5			7.3	thsd US\$/kg 897
6109	T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....	378.8	344.9	329.3	5.0	4.2	4.4	US\$/unit 845
3006	Pharmaceutical goods specified in Note 4 to this Chapter.....	257.4	264.1	344.1			77.8	US\$/kg 541
0803	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....	229.4	246.6	203.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	US\$/kg 057
1801	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....	250.8	227.9	134.4	3.2	3.1	2.7	US\$/kg 072
6405	Other footwear.....	194.9	183.5	192.8			24.9	US\$/pair 851

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8855.6	2.7	1.3	100.0
0+1	1999.1	3.8	0.0	22.6
2+4	216.5	-10.6	6.0	2.4
3	26.0	-36.1	-23.5	0.3
5	789.4	12.2	53.7	8.9
6	751.6	-9.5	19.5	8.5
7	948.8	11.6	29.8	10.7
8	2572.9	3.1	-14.0	29.1
9	1551.3	5.8	-5.6	17.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

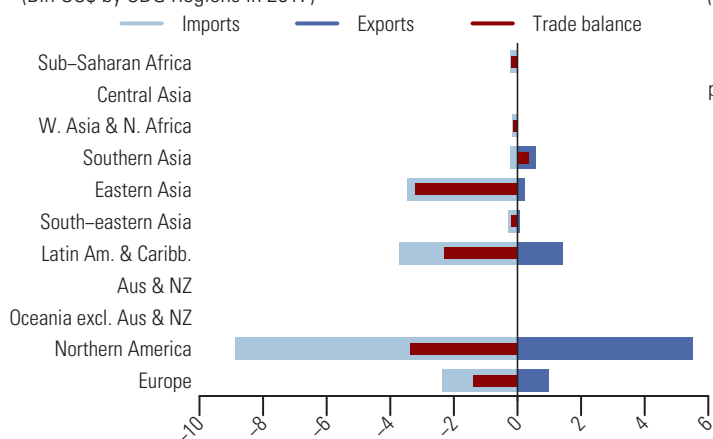
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	19524.3	2.3	9.8	100.0
0+1	2591.8	5.6	8.5	13.3
2+4	671.5	4.3	33.2	3.4
3	3237.4	-10.5	33.1	16.6
5	2539.2	4.9	13.7	13.0
6	3421.0	4.4	8.4	17.5
7	4590.1	8.1	-3.5	23.5
8	2425.9	9.1	7.0	12.4
9	47.4	-13.7	0.6	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

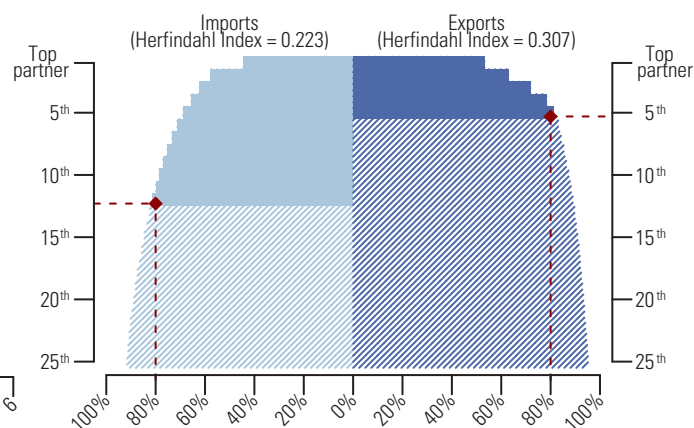
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



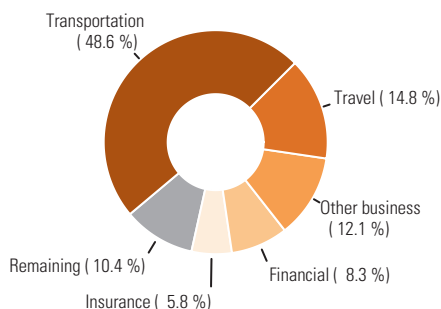
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.5, 17.5 and 16.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 42.7, 13.2 and 5.0 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 495.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 404.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

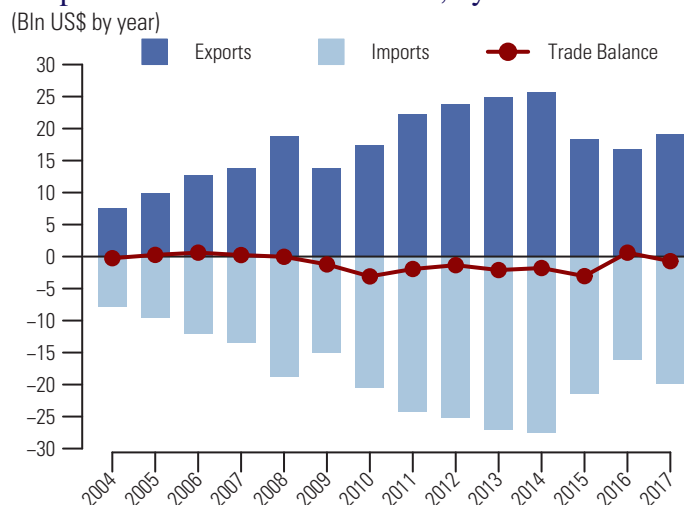
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		17347.8	17788.8	19524.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1838.7	1465.4	1869.4	0.6		US\$/kg	334	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		759.2	891.8	872.7	22.4	23.2	thsd US\$/unit	781	
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		395.4	446.3	764.3	0.4		US\$/kg	343	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		456.7	493.7	498.3	135.8		US\$/kg	542	
3926 Other articles of plastics.....		388.7	437.1	409.1	14.3	13.2	12.4	US\$/kg	893
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		293.3	356.6	437.2				764	
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		306.2	344.5	412.5	0.8	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	333
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		195.0	304.1	409.6			7.3	thsd US\$/kg	897
1005 Maize (corn).....		215.7	214.5	251.2	0.2		US\$/kg	044	
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		190.5	198.0	218.9	21.1		thsd US\$/unit	782	

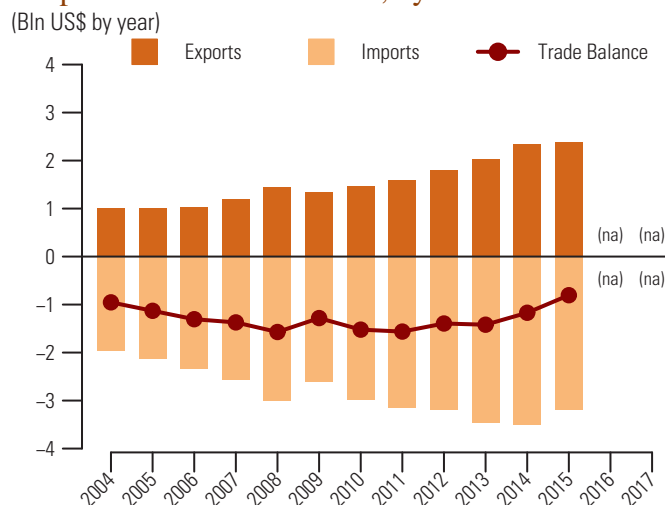
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Ecuador increased substantially by 13.8 percent to reach 19.1 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.6 percent to reach 19.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 722.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -3.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ecuador were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Ecuador increased slightly by 1.9 percent, reaching 2.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 9.1 percent and reached 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 805.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 48.3, 36.2 and 8.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Chile and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 34.5, 6.5 and 6.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 444.3 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 135.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

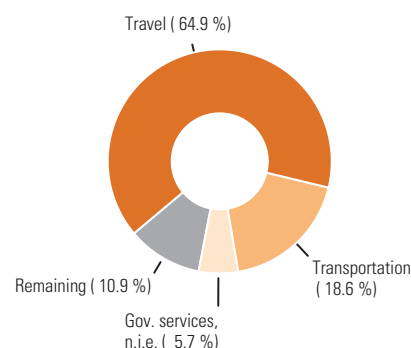


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	18330.6	16797.7	19122.5				
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	6355.2	5053.9	6189.8	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 333
0803	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....	2820.1	2742.0	3045.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 057
0306	Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....	2287.4	2587.4	3047.0	6.7	7.0		US\$/kg 036
1604	Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....	921.3	896.3	1158.2	3.6	3.6	2.4	US\$/kg 037
0603	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets.....	819.9	802.4	881.5	5.6	5.6	5.5	US\$/kg 292
1801	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....	705.4	622.0	589.8	3.0	2.7	2.1	US\$/kg 072
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	294.2	380.8	722.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 334
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	681.8	261.9	167.6	32.8	34.7	10.9	thsd US\$/kg 971
1511	Palm oil and its fractions.....	225.4	228.2	208.3	0.8	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 422
2301	Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal.....	119.5	157.8	120.5	1.6	1.4		US\$/kg 081

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	19122.5	-6.4	13.8	100.0
0+1	9231.5	6.0	10.9	48.3
2+4	1522.7	1.1	5.4	8.0
3	6914.4	-16.3	25.8	36.2
5	197.4	-10.8	-9.7	1.0
6	670.2	-0.3	12.6	3.5
7	273.8	-7.6	-7.9	1.4
8	136.1	-7.7	-14.9	0.7
9	176.4	-24.0	-33.4	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

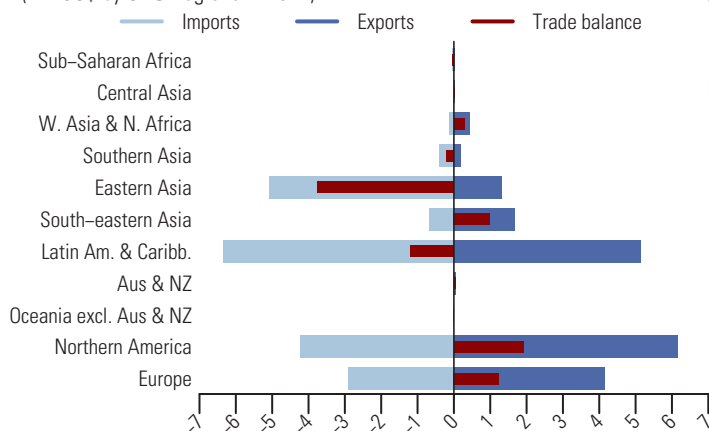
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	19844.9	-7.5	22.6	100.0
0+1	1865.2	1.3	18.5	9.4
2+4	490.4	-4.4	33.8	2.5
3	3377.4	-14.4	27.5	17.0
5	3738.1	-2.0	10.3	18.8
6	2756.3	-7.9	27.7	13.9
7	6059.1	-8.0	25.7	30.5
8	1445.7	-7.2	27.7	7.3
9	112.7	-4.2	13.7	0.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

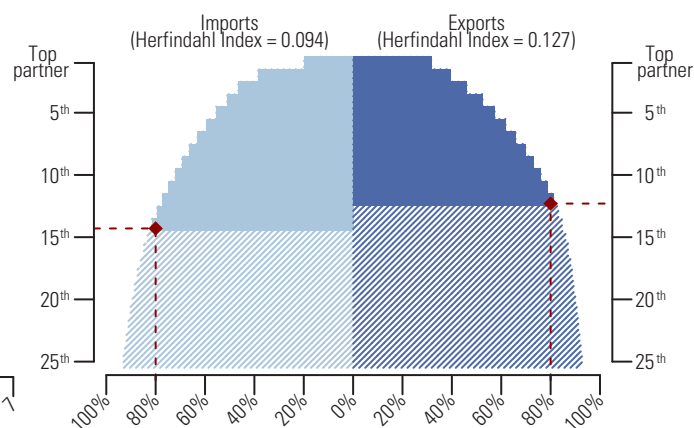
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



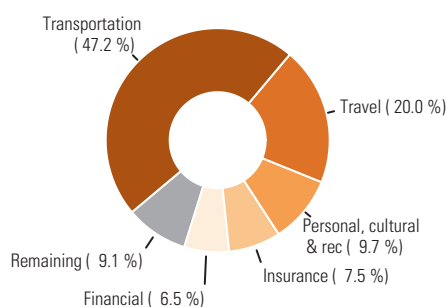
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 30.5, 18.8 and 17.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Colombia, accounting for respectively 22.3, 18.9 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 1.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 638.6 mln US\$ and "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code 287) at 310.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

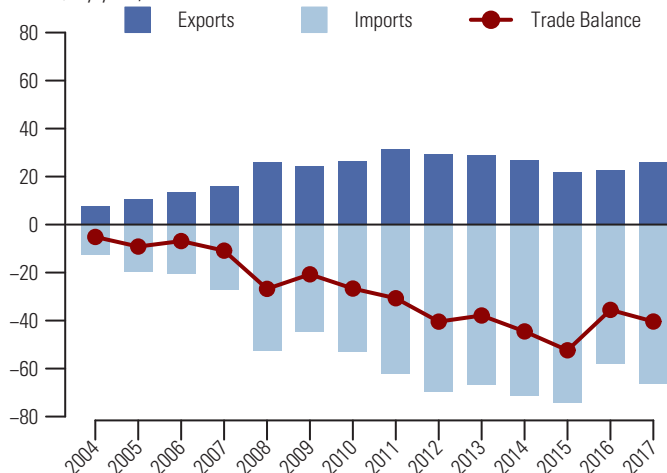
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		21387.3	16188.7	19844.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2095.8	1336.4	1688.1	0.6	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
2707 Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar.....		1604.2	972.4	1171.0	0.7	0.5		US\$/kg 335
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		856.5	717.2	738.3	30.4	26.8		US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		524.8	480.7	929.7	9.5	10.0	10.5	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		463.4	375.4	423.2				764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		394.0	300.0	469.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 343
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		381.3	362.5	322.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 081
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		376.1	186.5	337.9	14.9	16.7		thsd US\$/unit 782
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		261.1	250.4	267.7	7.1	5.9	5.8	US\$/kg 591
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		252.4	228.8	280.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 041

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Egypt increased substantially by 15.3 percent to reach 25.9 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.3 percent to reach 66.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 40.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -18.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Egypt were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 27 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Egypt decreased substantially by 15.3 percent, reaching 18.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.2 percent and reached 17.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 1.1 bln US\$. See footnote*.

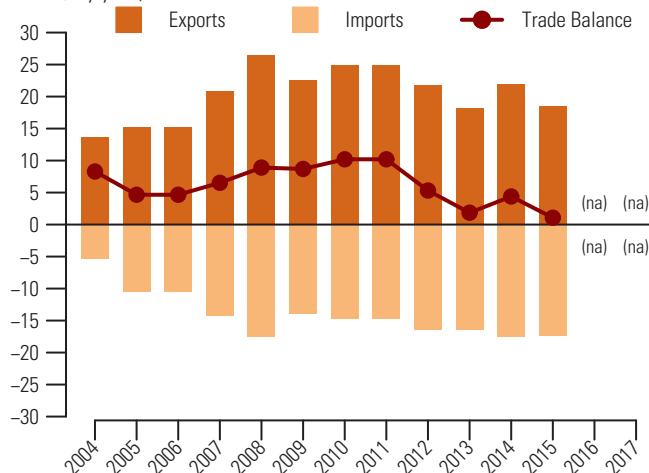
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 19.5, 18.7 and 16.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia and Italy, accounting for respectively 9.5, 7.6 and 7.5 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 9.7 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 6.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2015)

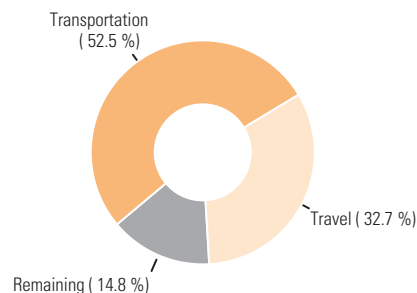


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		21 967.3	22 507.4	25 943.2				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1 994.1	1 808.1	2 106.1	0.8	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		631.3	2 645.8	2 106.6	39.8	36.8	39.7	thsd US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 485.5	944.6	2 439.7	1.1			US\$/kg
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		770.7	740.7	765.9			13.2	US\$/kg
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		332.4	767.0	974.4			0.3	US\$/kg
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		782.6	565.0	552.2				
0805 Citrus fruit, fresh or dried.....		526.1	572.2	634.1	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg
6203 Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		436.1	304.1	331.9				
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		327.3	351.6	309.7				
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		280.3	253.7	407.0	1.7	1.4		US\$/kg

*Special trade system up to 2007.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	25943.2	-2.6	15.3	100.0
0+1	4321.4	0.5	4.8	16.7
2+4	1042.0	-8.8	3.2	4.0
3	5063.0	-9.4	57.3	19.5
5	4389.8	-1.8	28.6	16.9
6	4846.3	-4.4	19.8	18.7
7	2002.0	6.2	11.0	7.7
8	2171.3	-1.6	9.2	8.4
9	2107.4	17.7	-27.4	8.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

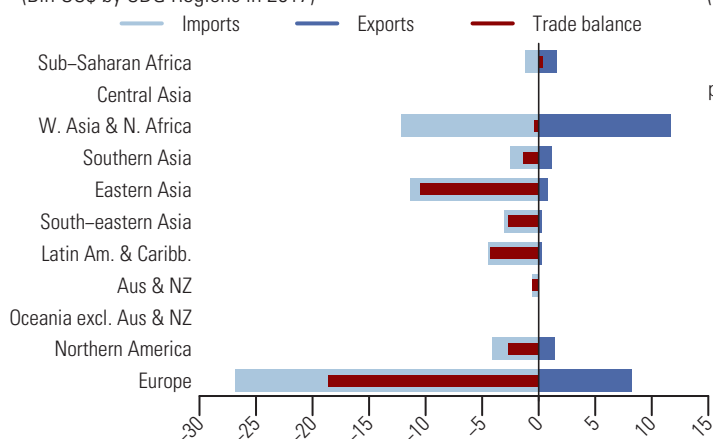
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	66338.8	-0.1	14.3	100.0
0+1	11058.6	5.6	12.6	16.7
2+4	6187.4	-1.9	77.7	9.3
3	11391.1	5.2	39.0	17.2
5	9193.7	0.5	18.0	13.9
6	12179.0	-1.2	11.8	18.4
7	13844.6	-0.2	-9.1	20.9
8	2320.6	-1.5	1.6	3.5
9	163.8	-53.9	-53.6	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

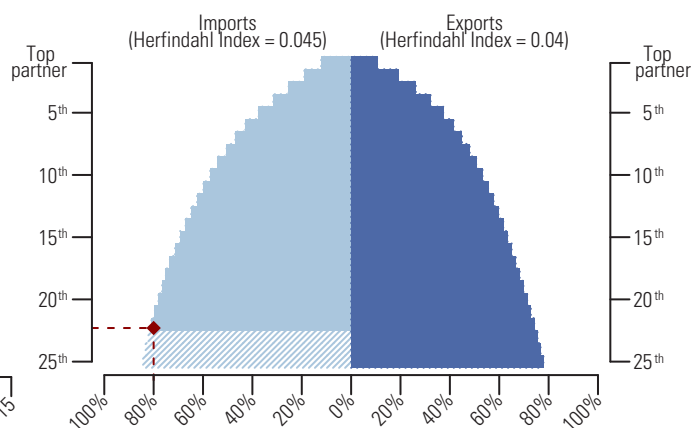
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



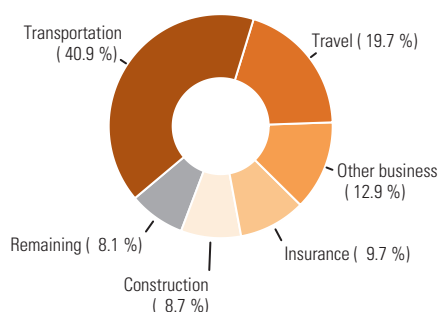
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 20.9, 18.4 and 17.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 12.8, 7.7 and 5.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 7.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 3.4 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

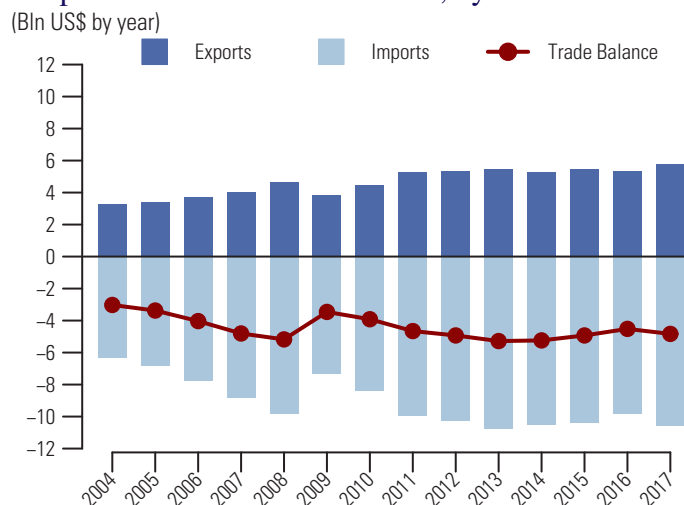
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		74361.3	58052.6	66338.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		7133.2	3295.4	5576.6	1.2		US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		2467.6	3197.6	3513.0	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3301.5	2510.7	1683.2	17.4	16.9	16.2 thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		2536.0	1537.6	2624.4	0.3		US\$/kg	041
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2018.4	1705.8	1961.0		132.6	US\$/kg	542
1005 Maize (corn).....		1790.3	1519.7	1723.2		0.2	US\$/kg	044
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1756.5	1384.8	1750.7	0.8	0.4	0.4 US\$/kg	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1895.4	1248.3	1536.4				764
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		1389.5	1043.7	1101.4	1.3	1.3	US\$/kg	672
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		1445.3	1004.8	1029.4	4.9	4.5	4.7 US\$/kg	011

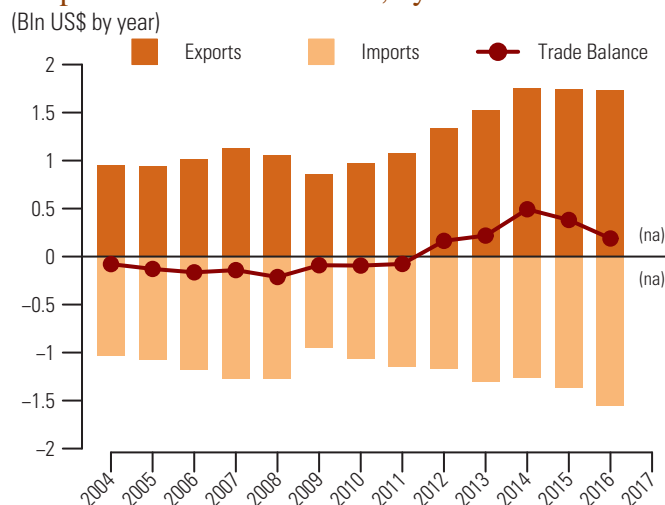
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of El Salvador increased moderately by 8.0 percent to reach 5.8 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.5 percent to reach 10.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in El Salvador were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of El Salvador decreased slightly by 0.3 percent, reaching 1.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.7 percent and reached 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 188.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 45.9, 18.6 and 17.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted" (HS code 6109) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Honduras and Guatemala, accounting for respectively 46.7, 13.9 and 13.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 829.3 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 445.6 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 123.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

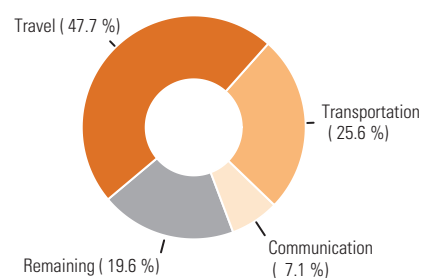


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		5 484.9	5 335.4	5 760.0				
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		771.7	794.0	760.1	5.2	4.4	4.7	US\$/unit
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles.....		290.4	292.5	329.4			10.9	US\$/unit
6115 Panty hose, tights, stockings, socks and other hosiery.....		255.3	205.3	255.2	11.8	12.3	12.8	US\$/kg
6107 Men's or boys' underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes.....		214.5	227.6	219.1			2.8	US\$/unit
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		193.1	150.1	220.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		185.8	170.0	189.1	2.1	1.9	1.9	US\$/kg
8532 Electrical capacitors, fixed, variable or adjustable (pre-set).....		159.4	174.5	200.8	194.9	185.0	192.4	US\$/kg
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics.....		106.8	134.0	148.5	6.4	6.4	6.5	US\$/kg
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		149.2	109.4	120.9	4.3	3.7	3.7	US\$/kg
4818 Toilet paper and similar paper.....		127.1	121.6	130.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5760.0	1.2	8.0	100.0
0+1	1071.9	-2.5	10.2	18.6
2+4	83.3	-4.1	13.4	1.4
3	182.6	9.2	94.2	3.2
5	394.6	1.0	4.8	6.8
6	1007.8	3.0	9.2	17.5
7	371.3	7.3	26.6	6.4
8	2641.7	1.5	1.9	45.9
9	7.0	-32.6	-29.8	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

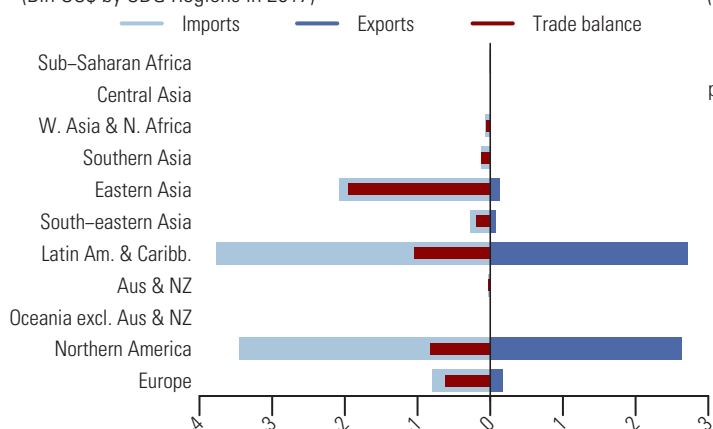
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	10592.8	-0.4	7.5	100.0
0+1	1643.8	2.6	-2.3	15.5
2+4	382.9	1.4	12.9	3.6
3	1410.0	-8.7	22.4	13.3
5	1661.4	-0.2	1.0	15.7
6	2267.8	-0.6	11.7	21.4
7	2046.9	3.9	8.5	19.3
8	1160.7	0.8	5.2	11.0
9	19.3	8.0	22.8	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

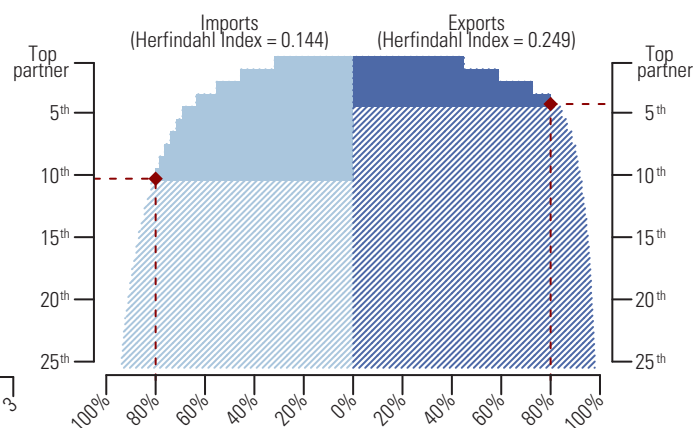
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



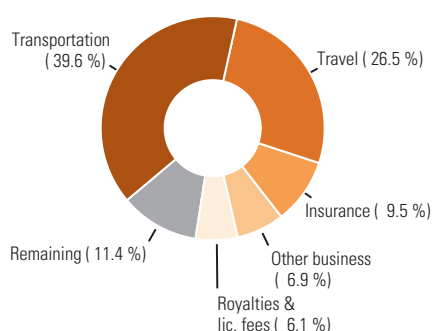
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 21.4, 19.3 and 15.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Guatemala, accounting for respectively 36.1, 10.2 and 9.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 614.1 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 411.8 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 146.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

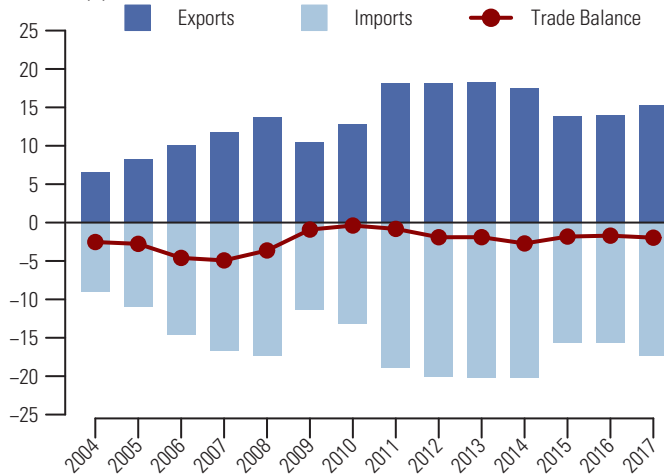
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		10415.4	9854.6	10592.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1213.8	943.2	1012.0	0.6	0.4	0.5	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		305.5	298.9	308.4	22.7	25.1	22.2	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		261.9	235.6	247.8				764
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics.....		263.7	223.7	210.1	5.3	7.0	6.9	655
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		135.3	140.6	272.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		162.8	187.6	188.5	18.9	18.8		781
5402 Synthetic filament yarn (other than sewing thread).....		156.9	151.0	143.6	3.7	3.5	3.4	651
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		130.2	136.2	136.0	6.3	6.4	6.2	098
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		114.0	111.3	162.8	5.2	4.4	4.4	845
1005 Maize (corn).....		134.2	152.1	99.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	044

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Estonia reached 15.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 17.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Estonia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Estonia increased moderately by 5.8 percent, reaching 6.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.4 percent and reached 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.9 bln US\$.

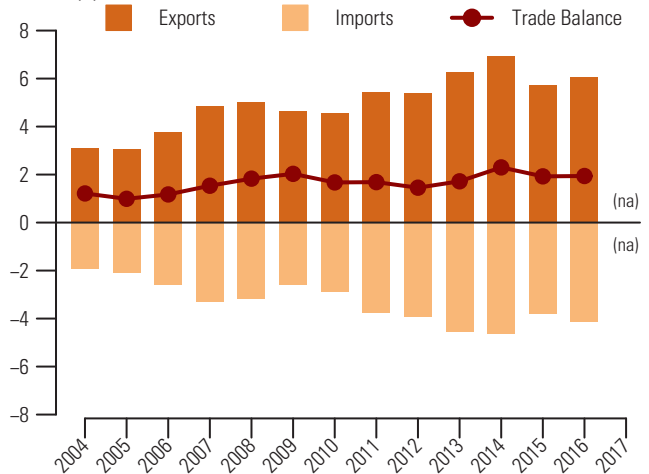
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 30.9, 16.0 and 14.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Sweden, Finland and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 14.9, 14.9 and 10.0 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.6 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

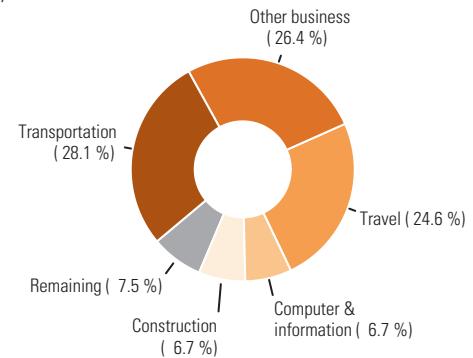


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		13907.6	13976.2	15353.2				
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1424.8	1432.2	1098.6				764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1080.2	808.6	1074.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		816.2	855.7	839.2				931
9406 Prefabricated buildings.....		327.7	360.0	391.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	US\$/kg 811
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		290.4	344.9	372.5	21.9	21.3	20.8	thsd US\$/unit 781
4418 Builders'joinery and carpentry of wood.....		271.6	304.0	332.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	US\$/kg 635
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		267.8	268.1	334.9	293.3	294.8	305.1	US\$/m ³ 248
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		305.1	256.5	180.2	12.3	10.9	7.1	US\$/kg 773
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters.....		231.6	251.1	227.6				771
2716 Electrical energy.....		237.6	213.6	193.5	37.2	38.0	38.6	US\$/MWh 351

*General Extra-EU/Special Intra-EU

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	15353.2	-4.3	9.9	100.0
0+1	1465.1	-4.3	10.6	9.5
2+4	1363.7	1.2	24.0	8.9
3	1524.7	-5.0	32.2	9.9
5	983.3	-3.3	31.0	6.4
6	2153.9	-6.3	13.4	14.0
7	4742.9	-5.1	1.6	30.9
8	2453.5	-1.9	2.7	16.0
9	666.0	-8.4	-3.8	4.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	17320.4	-3.8	10.5	100.0
0+1	1816.4	-2.3	7.1	10.5
2+4	643.5	-0.1	19.6	3.7
3	1707.0	-11.6	16.6	9.9
5	1911.8	0.3	18.6	11.0
6	2493.1	-2.9	15.3	14.4
7	6028.1	-3.1	11.9	34.8
8	1694.8	0.4	-0.9	9.8
9	1025.7	-9.7	-7.8	5.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

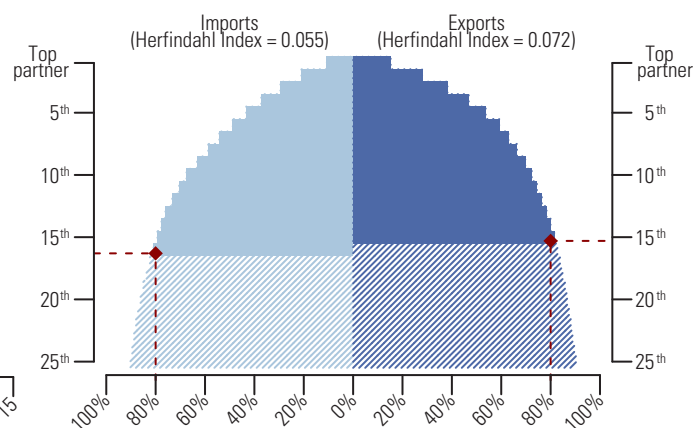
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



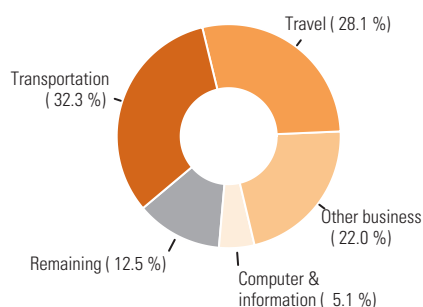
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.8, 14.4 and 11.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Finland, Germany and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 10.3, 10.0 and 8.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 909.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		15731.8	15681.3	17320.4				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1224.5	1367.8	1386.4				931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1509.6	1091.2	1310.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		937.4	869.1	626.4				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		664.2	767.1	940.5	20.0	19.8	20.9	thsd US\$/unit 781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		314.4	360.6	318.7	98.8	112.2	119.5	US\$/kg 542
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		279.7	352.4	360.6				776
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		232.0	250.3	301.3	216.6	214.8	227.0	US\$/m ³ 248
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		201.4	177.1	136.1	9.9	10.2	8.3	US\$/kg 773
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		138.5	171.1	180.7	25.0	25.2	26.9	thsd US\$/unit 782
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		156.4	155.8	165.7	39.3	39.8	41.2	US\$/kg 772

Ethiopia

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

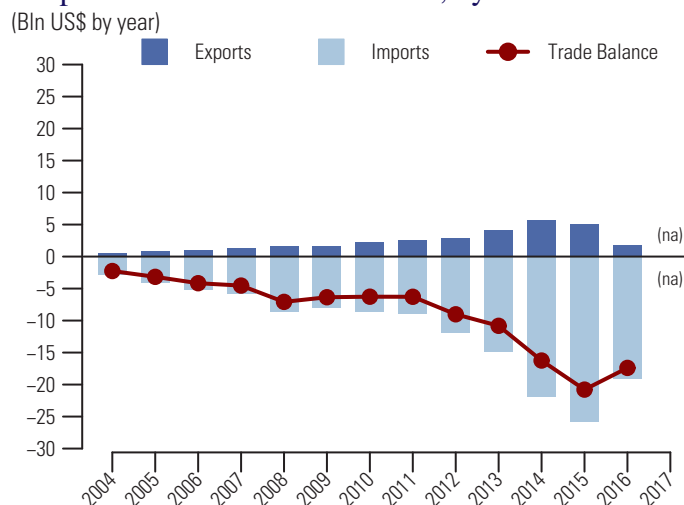
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: General

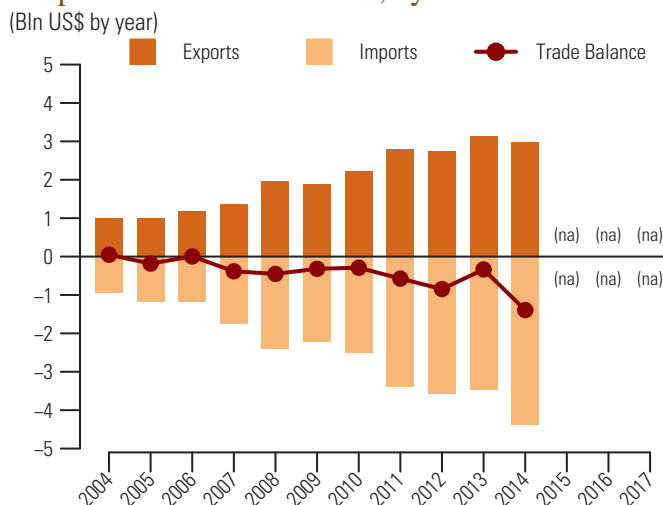
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Ethiopia decreased substantially by 65.7 percent to reach 1.7 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 25.9 percent to reach 19.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 17.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -7.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ethiopia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Ethiopia decreased slightly by 4.8 percent, reaching 3.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 26.1 percent and reached 4.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 1.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 66.8, 9.6 and 8.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated" (HS code 0901) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Kuwait, Somalia and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 11.6, 11.2 and 8.8 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 2.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 352.1 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 244.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2014)

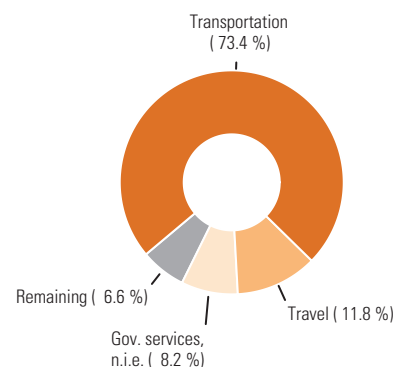


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		5666.9	5027.5	1723.9				
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		1023.9	1018.6	715.4	4.3	4.3	4.5	US\$/kg 071
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1078.4	693.2	0.0	1.1	1.0	0.1	US\$/kg 334
0603 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets.....		610.4	662.4	3.9	4.3	4.5	5.1	US\$/kg 292
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken.....		744.5	506.7	0.0	2.2	1.5	3.8	US\$/kg 222
0709 Other vegetables, fresh or chilled.....		567.6	568.4	0.1	5.7	6.0	0.3	US\$/kg 054
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....		287.0	240.7	248.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 054
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		156.3	158.0	128.8	34.1	33.6	39.3	thsd US\$/kg 971
0102 Live bovine animals.....		216.0	174.8	...	1.1	1.0	...	thsd US\$/unit 001
0204 Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen.....		84.1	103.6	98.2	5.5	6.0	5.9	US\$/kg 012
4112 Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting.....		62.8	64.7	42.3	35.8	34.2	35.7	US\$/kg 611

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	1 723.9	-12.1	-65.7	100.0
0+1	1 152.2	-9.7	-52.7	66.8
2+4	38.2	-52.1	-97.1	2.2
3	0.2	15.5	-100.0	0.0
5	5.6	-0.5	10.8	0.3
6	132.6	0.3	-27.9	7.7
7	86.9	13.3	-27.5	5.0
8	164.8	25.8	27.0	9.6
9	143.5	-5.0	-9.4	8.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	19 120.7	12.6	-25.9	100.0
0+1	977.9	5.3	-36.6	5.1
2+4	767.6	8.7	-50.8	4.0
3	2 073.8	-4.0	-16.4	10.8
5	2 605.3	15.7	-15.1	13.6
6	3 615.3	15.2	-28.7	18.9
7	7 272.6	17.3	-21.9	38.0
8	1 786.4	23.3	-24.3	9.3
9	21.8	29.2	-94.9	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

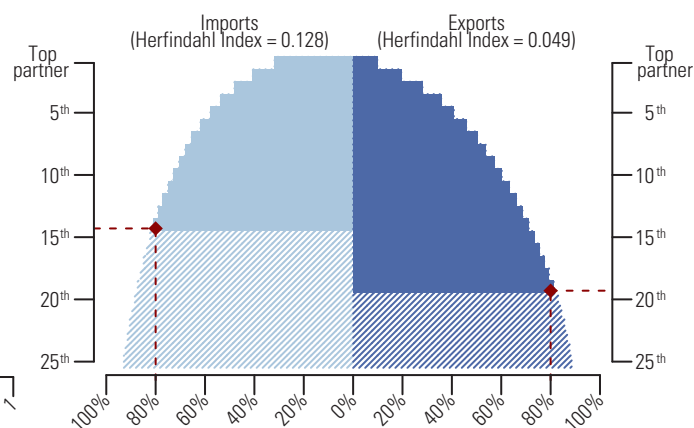
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



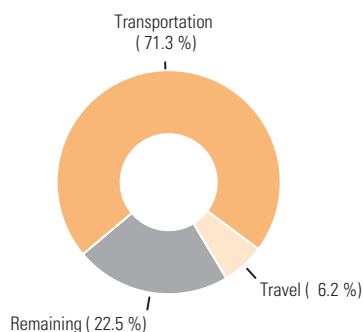
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 38.0, 18.9 and 13.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Areas nes and Kuwait, accounting for respectively 28.5, 14.5 and 6.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 3.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 272.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

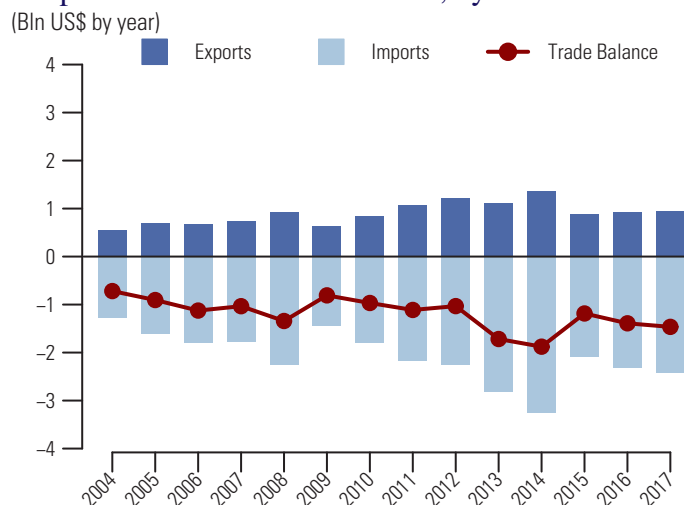
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		21 914.4	25 815.3	19 120.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3 639.4	2 316.5	1 924.8	1.0	0.9	0.6	334
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		750.1	1 059.8	803.2				782
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		452.1	1 018.3	522.7	1.2	1.4	1.1	422
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		571.2	1 058.9	269.2				764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		274.3	522.6	636.8	21.0	30.8	37.1	542
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		442.3	437.2	396.5	2.7	3.3	2.8	691
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		375.8	414.6	349.4	16.8	17.1	18.8	781
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		148.7	497.5	392.6				714
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		277.2	280.1	427.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	562
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		360.9	355.8	244.4			60.4	723

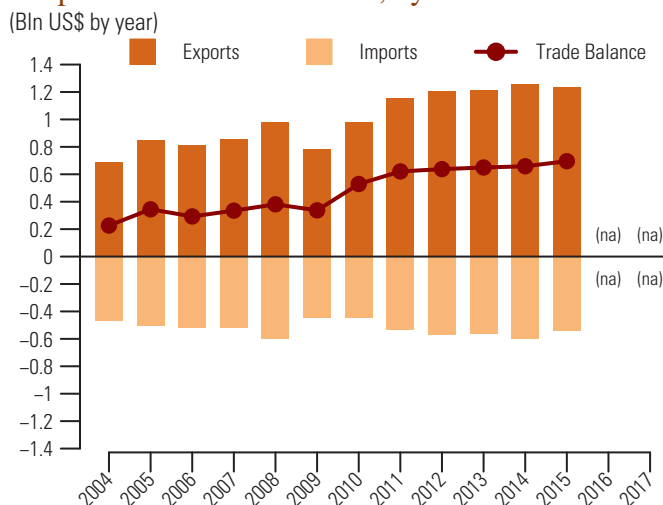
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Fiji increased slightly by 3.2 percent to reach 955.6 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased slightly by 4.5 percent to reach 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Australia and New Zealand at -602.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Fiji were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Fiji decreased slightly by 1.7 percent, reaching 1.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 9.6 percent and reached 542.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 695.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 50.5, 13.9 and 10.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Australia and Bunkers, ship stores, accounting for respectively 17.8, 15.2 and 6.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 760.3 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 331.7 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 81.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

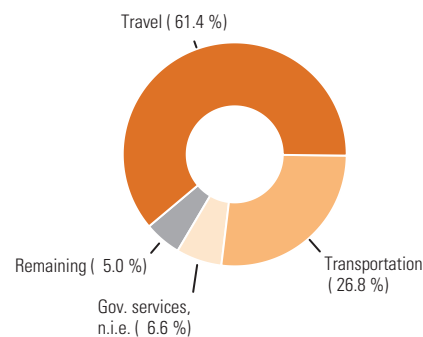


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	895.2	925.9	955.6					
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	196.7	166.7	132.6	1.0	0.5	US\$/kg	334	
2201	Waters, including natural or artificial mineral waters.....	95.1	102.5	118.5	0.3	0.4	US\$/litre	111	
0303	Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....	61.7	93.7	102.9	2.6	2.0	2.3	US\$/kg	034
1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....	68.7	49.3	95.1	0.4	0.3	0.6	US\$/kg	061
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	44.5	58.0	57.8	35.6	15.4	23.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
8525	Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-broadcasting.....	2.6	24.9	38.8					764
1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares.....	24.2	19.2	18.1	2.1	2.1	1.7	US\$/kg	048
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....	19.0	14.4	18.1	3.4	3.7	3.6	US\$/kg	034
4401	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms.....	22.2	15.2	5.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	246
1101	Wheat or meslin flour.....	14.9	14.2	11.1	0.5	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	046

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	955.6	-3.6	3.2	100.0
0+1	482.5	3.0	22.6	50.5
2+4	27.2	-18.2	-47.1	2.8
3	133.0	-19.6	-20.4	13.9
5	27.2	-4.8	-5.1	2.8
6	54.4	-0.9	-15.6	5.7
7	99.1	8.6	30.4	10.4
8	69.2	-3.5	-10.7	7.2
9	63.0	1.6	-6.3	6.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

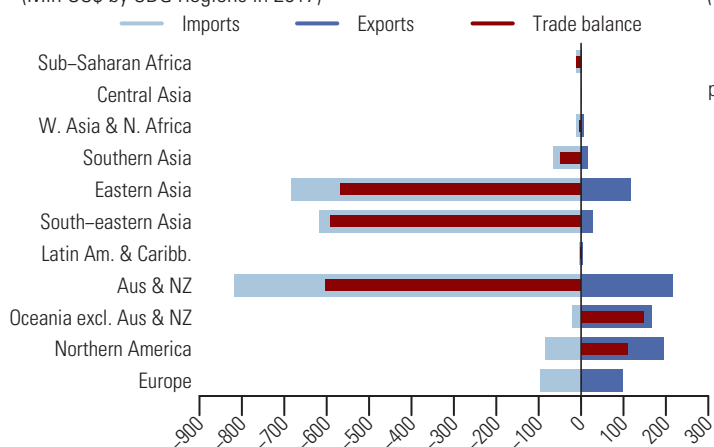
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2419.9	-3.8	4.5	100.0
0+1	415.1	-0.6	3.3	17.2
2+4	44.1	-3.3	-15.0	1.8
3	452.4	-9.0	30.4	18.7
5	205.5	3.4	3.8	8.5
6	369.0	4.7	-0.7	15.2
7	675.6	-9.1	-3.9	27.9
8	239.8	5.3	6.7	9.9
9	18.4	0.7	3.2	0.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

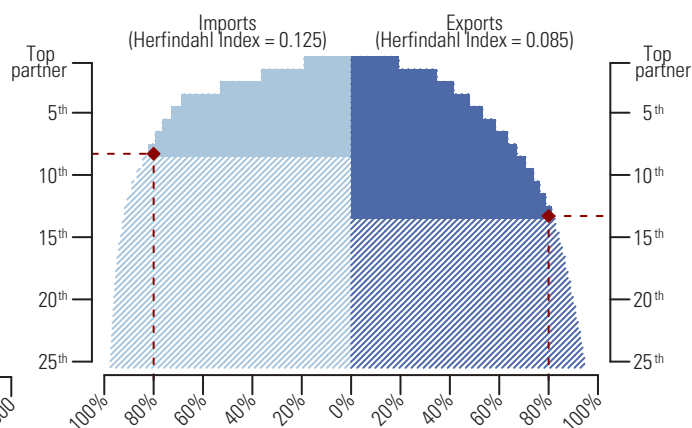
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



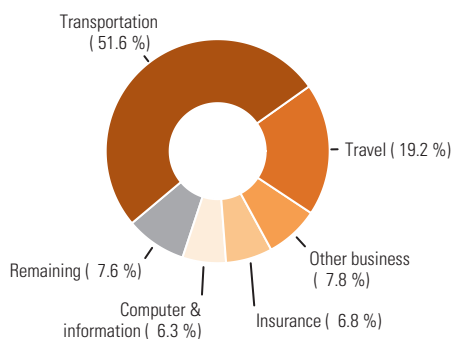
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.9, 18.7 and 17.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Singapore, Australia and New Zealand, accounting for respectively 17.8, 16.5 and 16.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 280.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 104.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 42.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

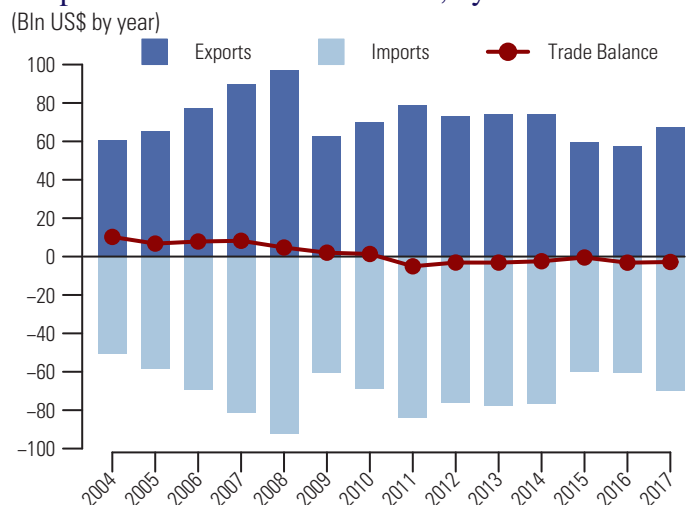
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		2080.9	2316.4	2419.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		453.8	325.4	425.3	1.1		US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		71.4	111.9	60.9	9.7	10.5	9.5 thsd US\$/unit	781
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		83.6	69.6	63.9	1.1	2.4	1.7 US\$/kg	034
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		54.4	65.3	63.7				782
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		39.0	52.0	57.1				764
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		52.0	44.6	44.2	0.4	0.3	0.7 US\$/kg	041
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		46.7	5.8	16.1			1.3 mln US\$/unit	792
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		20.9	20.6	25.8	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	343
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		16.4	23.6	22.0	3.8	4.2	3.9 US\$/kg	022
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		18.6	20.5	22.4			180.0 US\$/unit	752

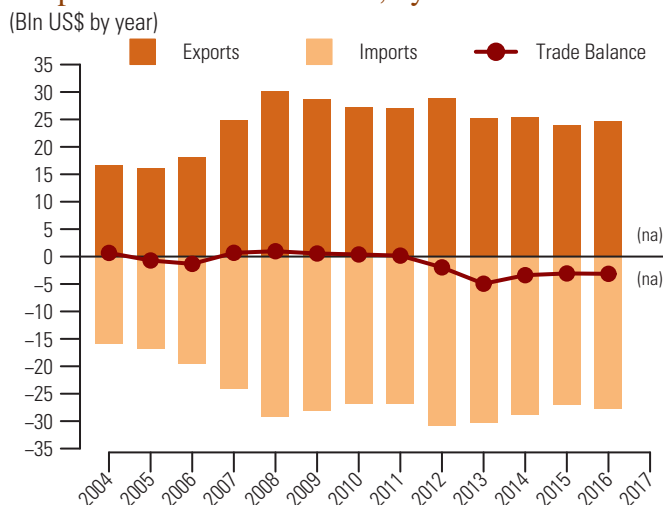
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Finland increased substantially by 17.4 percent to reach 67.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.9 percent to reach 70.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -7.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Finland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Finland increased slightly by 3.1 percent, reaching 24.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.0 percent and reached 27.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 3.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 32.3, 26.5 and 9.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Sweden and the United States, accounting for respectively 13.5, 10.3 and 6.8 percent of total exports. "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 7.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 4.9 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 3.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

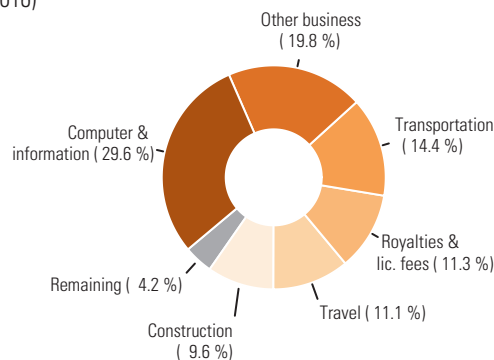


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	59682.3	57325.9	67280.6				
	9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....	4828.7	4595.6	6021.9				931
	2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	3765.9	4153.8	5039.9	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
	4810 Paper and paperboard, coated on one or both sides with kaolin.....	4438.0	4149.5	4256.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg 641
	7219 Flat-rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of 600 mm or more.....	2433.2	2119.5	2448.6	2.1	1.8	2.1	US\$/kg 675
	8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	1845.3	1253.5	2743.6	17.6	17.5	23.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
	4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....	1722.2	1815.8	2050.1	218.6	210.6		US\$/m ³ 248
	4703 Chemical wood pulp, soda or sulphate, other than dissolving grades.....	1783.9	1724.9	1958.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 251
	9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....	1138.3	1303.7	1395.6				872
	4802 Uncoated paper and paperboard, of a kind used for writing.....	1231.0	1149.0	674.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 641
	8504 Electrical transformers, static converters.....	1050.7	932.1	1014.8				771

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	67 280.6	-2.5	17.4	100.0
0+1	1 728.1	-4.2	22.2	2.6
2+4	6 247.2	-1.1	22.4	9.3
3	5 296.9	-12.6	20.5	7.9
5	4 837.0	-12.4	11.5	7.2
6	17 851.5	-4.8	11.0	26.5
7	21 703.2	1.9	26.3	32.3
8	4 249.1	-2.0	8.7	6.3
9	5 367.7	27.6	9.4	8.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

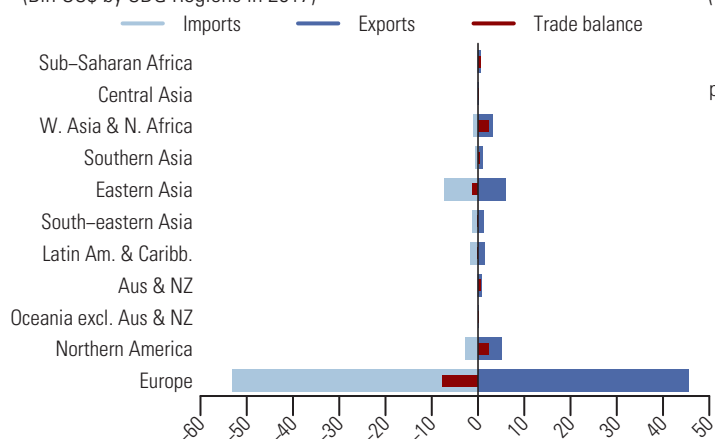
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	70 100.3	-2.5	15.9	100.0
0+1	5 120.7	-2.0	8.4	7.3
2+4	4 545.4	-7.8	21.4	6.5
3	8 903.0	-15.8	21.5	12.7
5	7 288.1	-5.4	8.6	10.4
6	8 723.2	1.1	32.2	12.4
7	22 825.1	2.7	15.4	32.6
8	6 600.7	-2.7	6.2	9.4
9	6 094.2	22.8	12.7	8.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

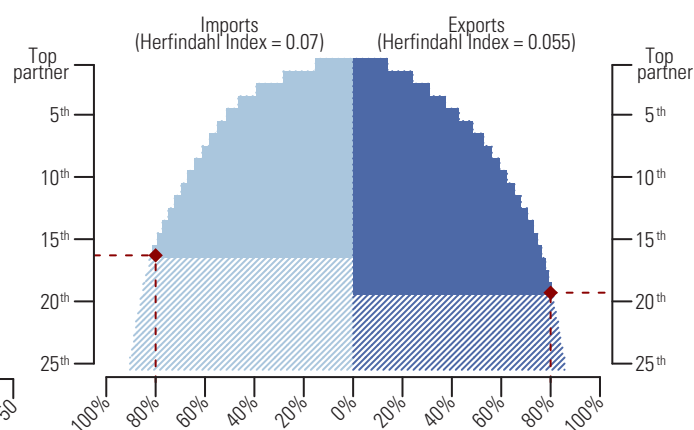
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



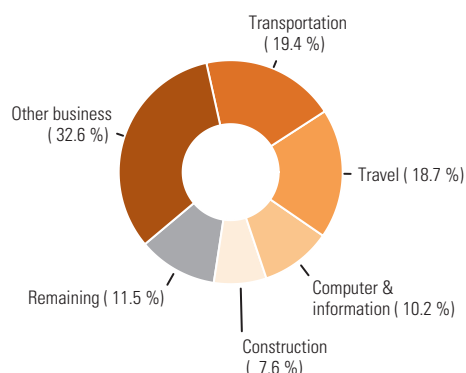
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 32.6, 12.7 and 12.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, the Russian Federation and Sweden, accounting for respectively 14.9, 11.8 and 11.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 9.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 5.4 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

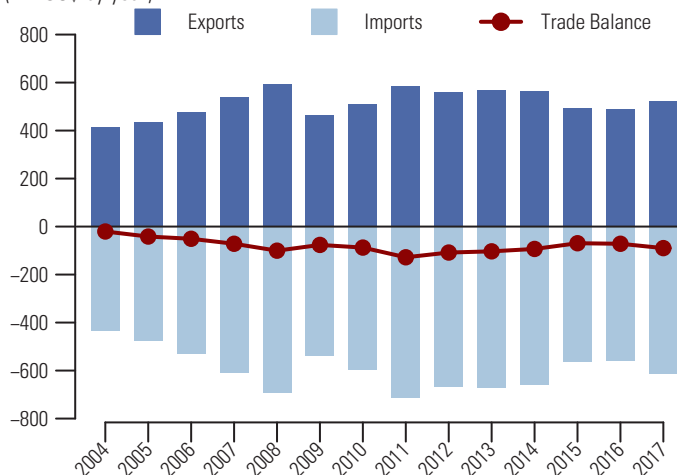
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		60 174.4	60 501.9	70 100.3				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		5 601.6	5 372.3	6 776.9				931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		3 994.5	3 787.9	4 921.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2 460.5	2 693.5	3 017.9	18.1	18.9	19.9	thsd US\$/unit 781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 418.8	2 214.6	2 406.7	0.6	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 718.4	1 676.0	1 558.6	127.2	113.9	94.1	US\$/kg 542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 357.9	1 329.2	1 444.9				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1 148.3	1 229.3	1 532.6	275.0	281.6	368.4	US\$/unit 752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		1 167.2	971.4	1 748.4	8.3	8.5	9.8	US\$/kg 784
2716 Electrical energy.....		705.0	763.7	811.5	32.8	34.5	36.5	US\$/MWh 351
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		519.5	654.7	802.7	33.1	33.5	36.0	thsd US\$/unit 782

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of France increased moderately by 7.1 percent to reach 523.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.4 percent to reach 613.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 89.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -59.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in France were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 24 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of France decreased slightly by 1.7 percent, reaching 217.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.1 percent and reached 223.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 5.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 39.8, 18.5 and 12.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft" (HS code 8802) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Spain and Italy, accounting for respectively 15.6, 7.5 and 7.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 79.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 42.6 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 40.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

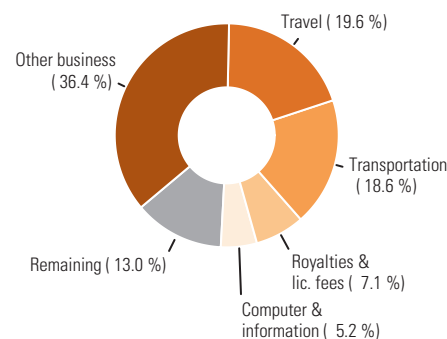


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		493941.2	488885.1	523385.1					
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		46980.8	45730.2	44054.1				792	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		22719.6	22778.4	24464.6	68.2	63.5	65.7	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		17619.3	18372.5	22208.7	14.9	12.5		thsd US\$/unit	781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		14432.6	14712.5	15513.1	7.7	7.8	8.5	US\$/kg	784
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		12092.4	11929.4	12616.9					931
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		10796.9	11549.9	12464.0					714
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....		9177.5	9131.9	10281.9	6.3	6.4		US\$/litre	112
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		8680.9	7026.5	8764.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
3304 Beauty or make-up preparations.....		6900.7	7264.1	8584.5	26.3	26.5	27.6	US\$/kg	553
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		7102.1	7592.8	7374.3	290.8	259.7	210.8	US\$/kg	792

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	523 385.1	-2.0	7.1	100.0
0+1	62 990.4	-3.2	8.2	12.0
2+4	12 990.5	-2.9	15.3	2.5
3	14 658.8	-9.9	29.9	2.8
5	97 021.2	-1.1	14.0	18.5
6	56 390.7	-2.3	11.9	10.8
7	208 155.5	-1.0	4.7	39.8
8	63 531.2	-0.1	4.7	12.1
9	7 646.8	-16.3	-41.7	1.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	613 132.6	-2.2	9.4	100.0
0+1	55 764.8	-0.6	8.4	9.1
2+4	15 172.1	-4.0	12.4	2.5
3	59 714.0	-14.3	26.9	9.7
5	82 762.5	-2.9	8.1	13.5
6	74 580.7	-1.7	11.6	12.2
7	228 690.6	1.1	6.8	37.3
8	94 997.9	0.6	5.8	15.5
9	1 450.1	7.8	23.1	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

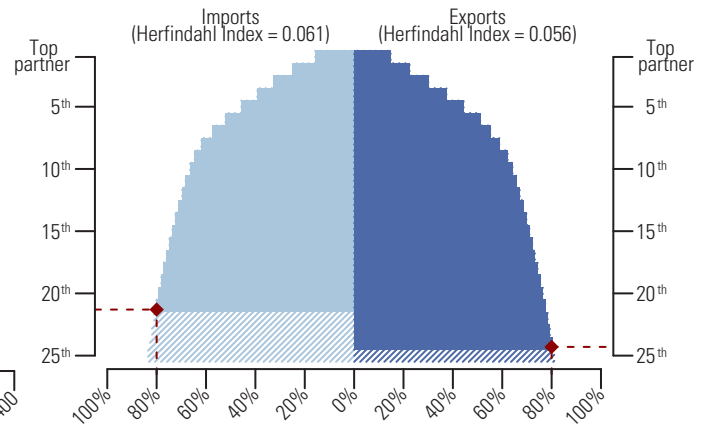
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



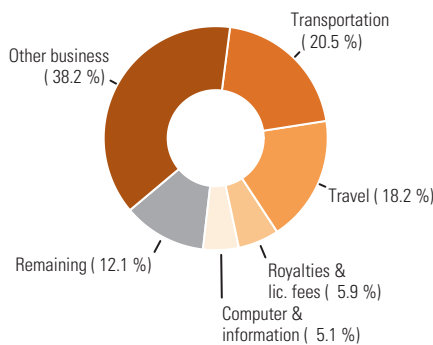
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 37.3, 15.5 and 13.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and Italy, accounting for respectively 16.6, 9.1 and 7.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 85.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 45.7 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 40.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

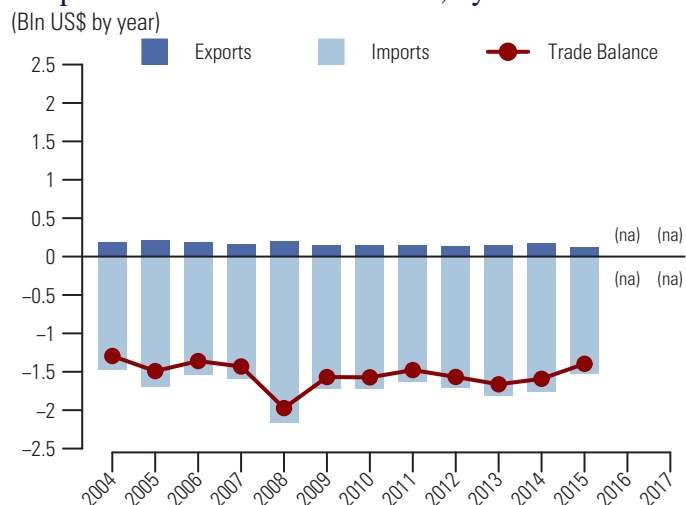
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		563 398.2	560 554.9	613 132.6					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		29 203.5	31 893.3	34 816.7	17.8	16.4	thsd US\$/unit	781	
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		22 807.4	17 912.8	23 841.6	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	333	
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		19 038.4	21 672.0	16 609.3	378.4	425.2	341.2	US\$/kg	792
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		19 527.7	15 295.9	18 559.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		15 257.0	15 033.7	14 685.5	69.1	60.6	60.4	US\$/kg	542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		12 256.5	13 384.0	15 215.1	7.1	7.0	7.3	US\$/kg	784
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		9 474.9	10 668.0	20 060.0					714
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		14 236.1	10 683.9	12 671.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	343
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		11 045.4	11 711.8	12 897.3					764
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		11 770.1	12 044.8	7 260.2					792

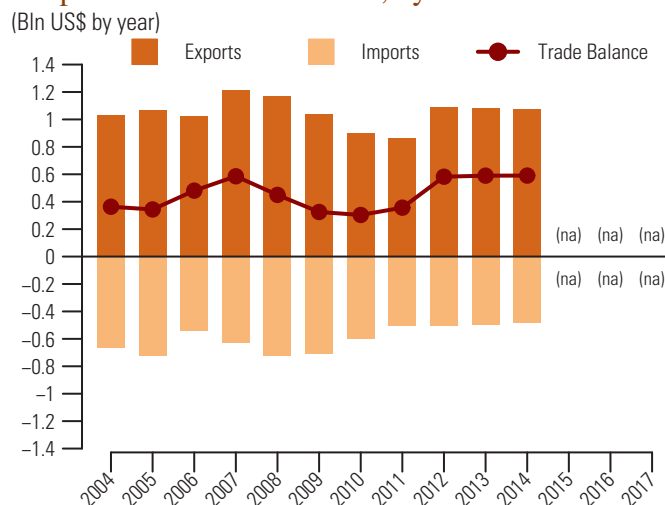
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of French Polynesia decreased substantially by 23.5 percent to reach 130.2 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 13.3 percent to reach 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -596.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in French Polynesia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of French Polynesia decreased slightly by 0.7 percent, reaching 1.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.7 percent and reached 487.5 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 590.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 53.9, 19.4 and 10.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Pearls, natural or cultured" (HS code 7101) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Japan, China, Hong Kong SAR and the United States, accounting for respectively 27.8, 27.1 and 14.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 509.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 346.9 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 144.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2014)

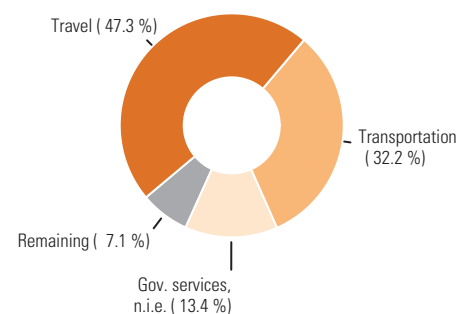


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
	All Commodities.....	151.5	170.1	130.2					
7101	Pearls, natural or cultured.....	86.6	96.7	69.3	6.6	5.4	thsd US\$/kg	667	
8802	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....	6.7	15.3	8.1	5.1	2.7	mln US\$/unit	792	
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....	7.9	9.7	11.7	8.7	8.9	US\$/kg	034	
1513	Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil.....	4.7	5.4	6.8	0.8	1.1	US\$/kg	422	
2007	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut pastes.....	4.1	4.9	5.1	3.1	3.1	US\$/kg	058	
0905	Vanilla.....	3.5	4.1	3.2	201.2	230.3	271.2	US\$/kg	075
0508	Coral and similar materials, unworked or simply prepared.....	4.3	3.1	3.1	1.4	1.4	1.5	US\$/kg	291
3304	Beauty or make-up preparations.....	2.4	2.9	3.1	9.9	9.7	8.5	US\$/kg	553
0304	Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....	3.5	2.5	1.7	13.6	10.7	8.5	US\$/kg	034
7112	Waste and scrap of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal.....	4.2	1.2	0.7	25.4	18.9		thsd US\$/kg	971

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	130.2	-3.4	-23.5	100.0
0+1	25.2	5.4	-0.9	19.4
2+4	11.2	-2.9	11.8	8.6
3	0.0	-40.0	-45.8	0.0
5	4.1	6.2	10.4	3.1
6	70.1	-2.3	-28.2	53.9
7	14.0	-14.9	-46.5	10.8
8	4.9	-13.9	-12.7	3.7
9	0.7	-10.4	-50.3	0.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	1526.8	-1.6	-13.3	100.0
0+1	377.2	-1.2	-13.8	24.7
2+4	28.4	-0.7	-13.1	1.9
3	187.2	-7.9	-32.6	12.3
5	154.7	-2.1	-11.9	10.1
6	169.2	-2.9	-11.6	11.1
7	428.8	2.3	-3.3	28.1
8	181.2	-1.3	-10.9	11.9
9	0.2	-0.9	-56.0	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

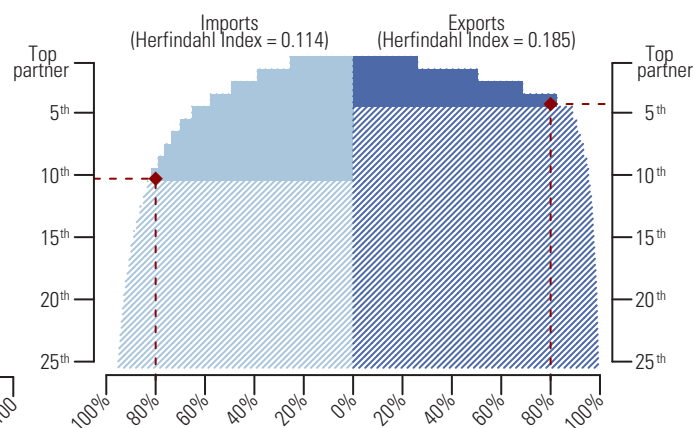
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



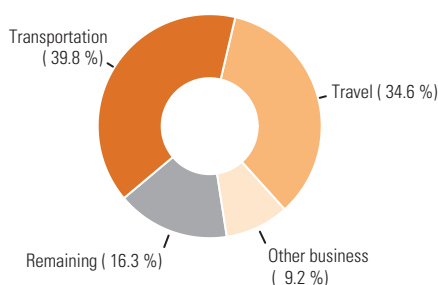
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 28.1, 24.7 and 12.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 25.3, 11.1 and 10.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 193.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 168.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 45.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

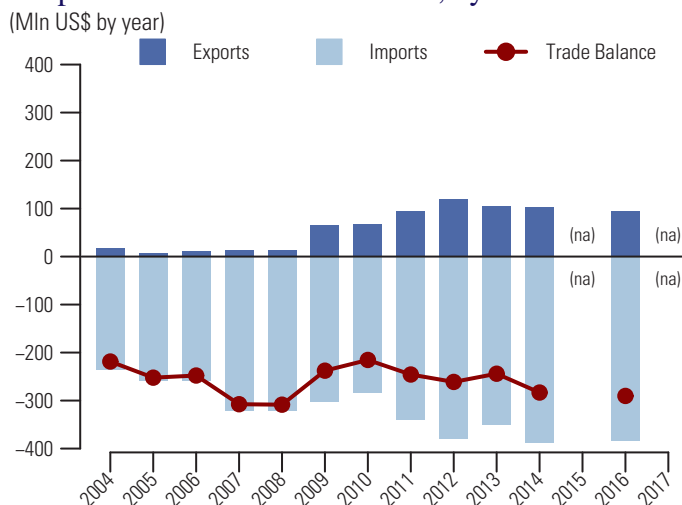
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		1814.8	1761.7	1526.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		292.1	257.6	176.3	1.0	1.0	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		69.0	73.1	63.4	18.9	16.7	15.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		70.9	69.9	59.3	63.5	63.7	50.6	US\$/kg 542
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		17.0	40.2	35.0		3.7	1.5	mln US\$/unit 792
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		32.9	33.3	25.5	2.2	2.1	1.6	US\$/kg 012
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		46.2	...	39.6				793
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		29.6	27.4	23.8				764
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares.....		26.4	28.4	23.5	5.7	5.7	5.0	US\$/kg 048
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		22.8	25.2	24.7	5.4	5.6	5.5	US\$/kg 011
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		28.6	23.8	19.4		214.7	253.9	US\$/unit 752

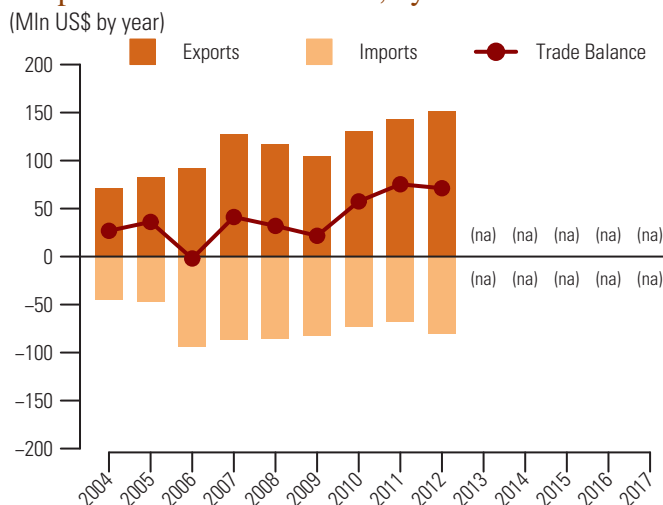
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Gambia was 94.0 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports was 384.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 290.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -128.7 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Gambia were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2012, the value of exports of services of the Gambia increased moderately by 5.4 percent, reaching 151.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 17.3 percent and reached 80.3 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 71.2 mln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 49.2, 29.1 and 10.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Woven fabrics of artificial filament yarn" (HS code 5408) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Guinea-Bissau, Mali and Guinea, accounting for respectively 32.6, 22.7 and 13.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2012 at 87.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 50.4 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 9.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2012)

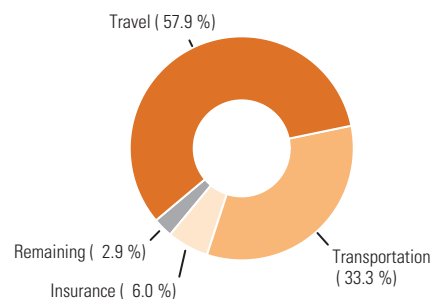


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		103.9	...	94.0				
5408 Woven fabrics of artificial filament yarn.....		60.9	...	6.8	9.0	5.1	US\$/kg	653
1202 Ground-nuts, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled or broken.....		0.5	...	10.1	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	222
6309 Worn clothing and other worn articles.....		1.3	...	8.9	3.3	79.5	US\$/kg	269
4401 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms.....		7.5	...	2.3	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	246
0401 Milk and cream, not concentrated nor containing added sugar.....		0.4	...	7.6	1.8	75.7	US\$/kg	022
1902 Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed.....		0.6	...	6.8	2.0	109.2	US\$/kg	048
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....		4.9	...	2.4	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	057
1515 Other fixed vegetable fats and oils.....		0.7	...	5.8	1.7	62.1	US\$/kg	42
2103 Sauces and preparations therefor.....		0.2	...	5.5	2.1	101.5	US\$/kg	098
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		5.2	...	0.0	472.5	25.4	thsd US\$/unit	723

*As of 2009, merchandise trade includes re-exports.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	94.0	-5.7	...	100.0
0+1	46.3	16.0	...	49.2
2+4	27.4	20.1	...	29.1
3	0.6	-43.3	...	0.7
5	0.9	-10.0	...	0.9
6	9.4	-38.6	...	10.0
7	8.2	22.2	...	8.7
8	1.2	-15.7	...	1.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	384.3	0.3	...	100.0
0+1	124.8	3.9	...	32.5
2+4	46.3	16.0	...	12.0
3	66.7	-10.2	...	17.4
5	12.9	-12.5	...	3.3
6	57.0	8.8	...	14.8
7	59.6	-1.0	...	15.5
8	17.1	-3.6	...	4.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

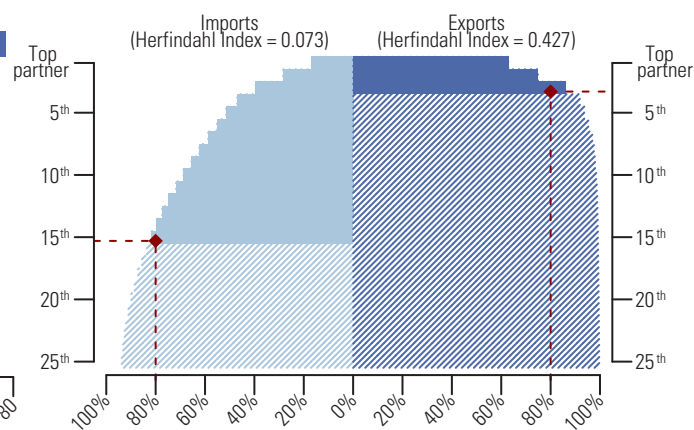
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



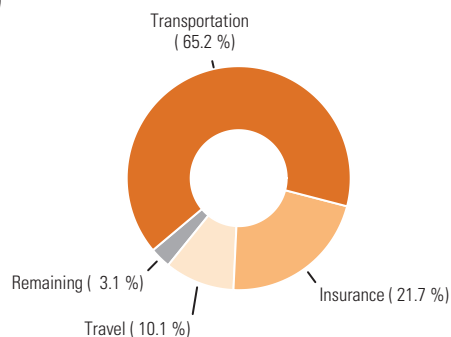
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2012)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 32.5, 17.4 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Côte d'Ivoire, Brazil and China, accounting for respectively 18.7, 11.3 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2012 at 52.3 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 17.4 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 8.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

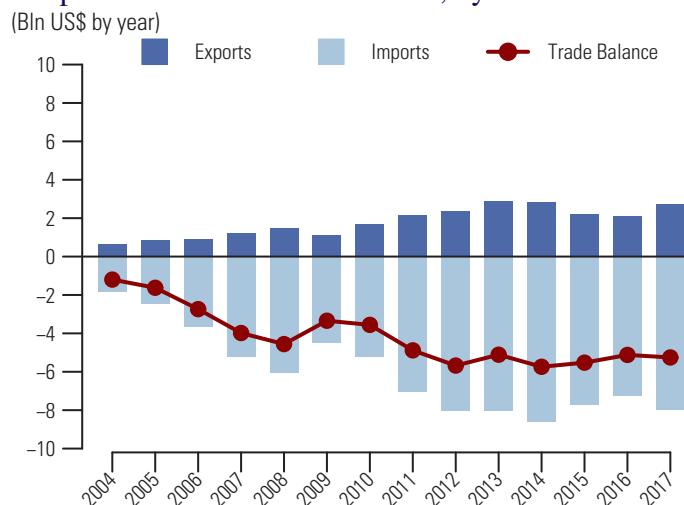
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		387.2	...	384.3				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		82.0	...	66.7	0.9	0.6	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice.....		46.4	...	35.7	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	042
1515 Other fixed vegetable fats and oils.....		27.3	...	40.0	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	42
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		26.2	...	28.9	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	061
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		17.7	...	20.1	0.4	19.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		22.6	...	10.0	0.7	0.3	US\$/kg	041
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		12.8	...	18.7	0.3	0.1	US\$/kg	661
5408 Woven fabrics of artificial filament yarn.....		7.8	...	7.9	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	653
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		1.5	...	9.9	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	046
8503 Parts suitable for use principally with the machines of heading 85.01.....		2.8	...	7.8	115.5	15.2	US\$/kg	716

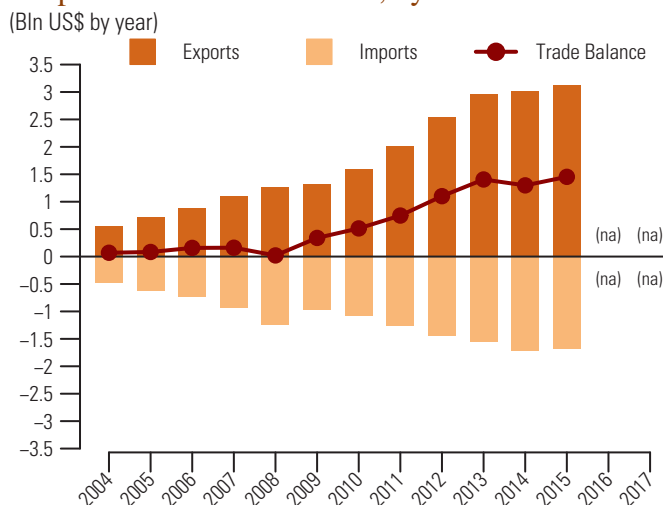
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Georgia increased substantially by 29.1 percent to reach 2.7 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.3 percent to reach 8.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Georgia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Georgia increased slightly by 3.8 percent, reaching 3.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.4 percent and reached 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 27.8, 18.5 and 18.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, Azerbaijan and Bulgaria, accounting for respectively 10.8, 9.5 and 7.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 1.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 948.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

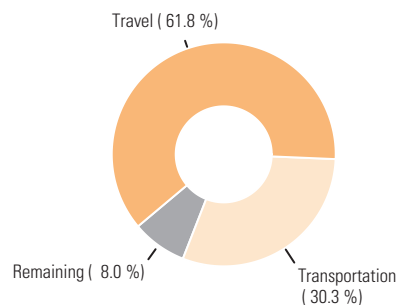


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	2204.7	2113.7	2728.0				
2603	Copper ores and concentrates.....	270.6	311.7	419.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	US\$/kg 283
7202	Ferro-alloys.....	194.8	169.3	306.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 671
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	179.6	166.6	234.9	9.9	10.7		thsd US\$/unit 781
0802	Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled.....	176.6	178.9	83.1	9.1	6.6	5.4	US\$/kg 057
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	141.5	107.4	140.6	42.5	39.9	41.4	US\$/kg 542
2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....	95.8	113.5	171.0	3.5	3.0	3.0	US\$/litre 112
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	64.9	91.8	126.6	8.0	4.9		US\$/litre 112
2201	Waters, including natural or artificial mineral waters.....	82.2	79.8	95.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	US\$/litre 111
3102	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....	109.8	65.6	76.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 562
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	62.1	81.1	70.8	20.2	22.4	23.3	thsd US\$/kg 971

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2728.0	-1.6	29.1	100.0
0+1	758.7	0.0	12.3	27.8
2+4	504.6	17.9	27.3	18.5
3	105.0	10.4	68.5	3.8
5	292.8	2.5	27.0	10.7
6	490.9	0.1	68.2	18.0
7	364.6	-19.9	52.4	13.4
8	133.5	6.7	16.8	4.9
9	77.9	0.0	-24.7	2.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

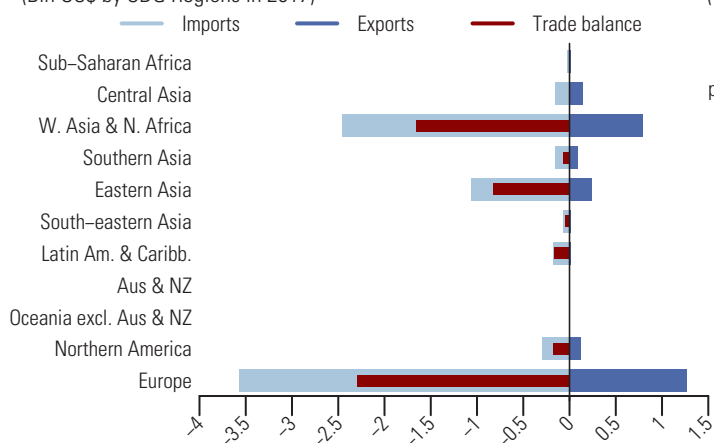
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	7982.4	-0.1	10.3	100.0
0+1	1073.0	-2.6	10.8	13.4
2+4	517.0	11.7	26.1	6.5
3	1222.5	-3.2	17.9	15.3
5	951.8	3.4	17.6	11.9
6	1266.2	0.9	10.6	15.9
7	2092.0	-1.9	0.4	26.2
8	817.1	3.2	8.4	10.2
9	42.9	-10.5	42.2	0.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

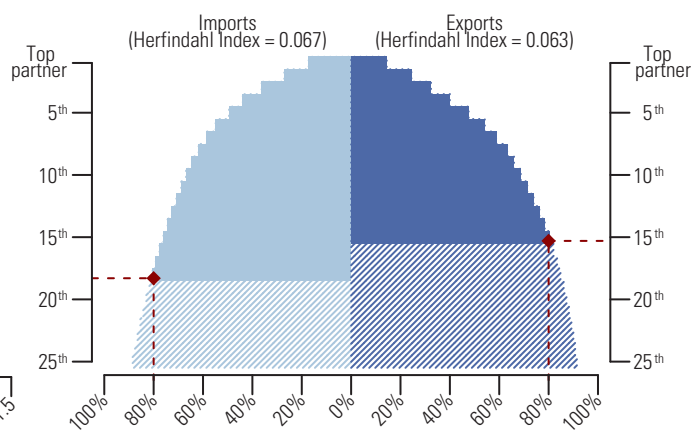
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



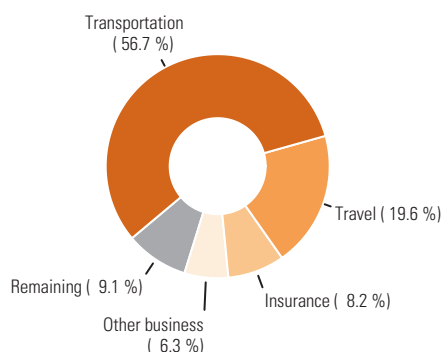
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 26.2, 15.9 and 15.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Turkey, the Russian Federation and China, accounting for respectively 17.7, 8.6 and 8.1 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 953.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 329.6 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 138.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

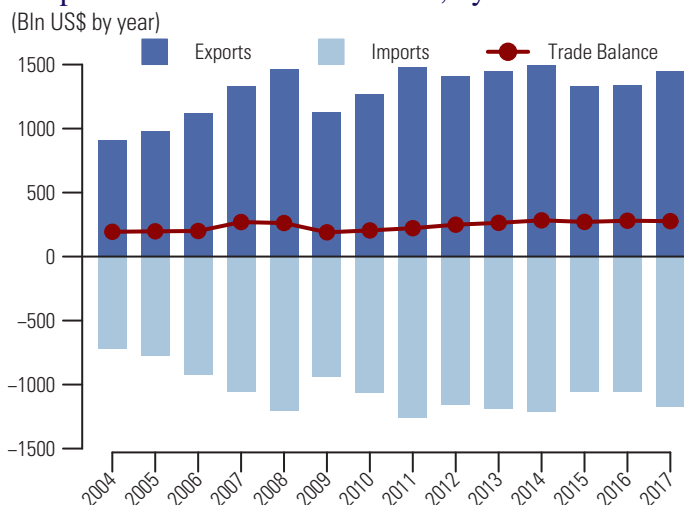
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		7730.1	7235.8	7982.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		658.7	618.8	696.6	0.5	0.5	0.9	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		468.1	475.9	476.7	5.5	5.4		781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		742.2	272.6	346.3	72.6	25.3	31.3	542
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		416.1	318.0	350.4	0.5	0.4		343
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		207.9	248.5	338.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	283
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		149.0	176.4	204.3				764
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		103.6	101.9	102.4	11.9	10.5	10.4	122
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		119.4	86.1	98.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	041
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		63.6	97.2	66.6	1.9	1.9	1.9	691
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		58.9	62.3	97.0	88.4	84.2	117.3	752

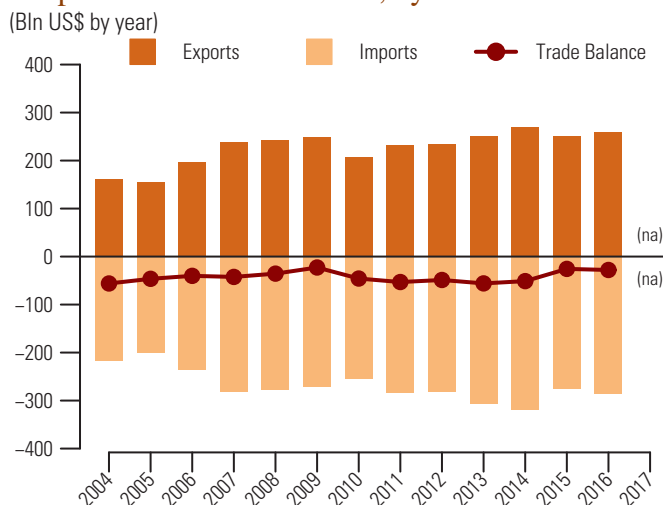
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Germany increased moderately by 8.2 percent to reach 1450.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.6 percent to reach 1173.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 276.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 201.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Germany were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Germany increased slightly by 3.4 percent, reaching 258.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.9 percent and reached 286.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 27.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 48.4, 15.3 and 11.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, France and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 9.0, 8.3 and 7.0 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 81.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 53.9 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 37.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

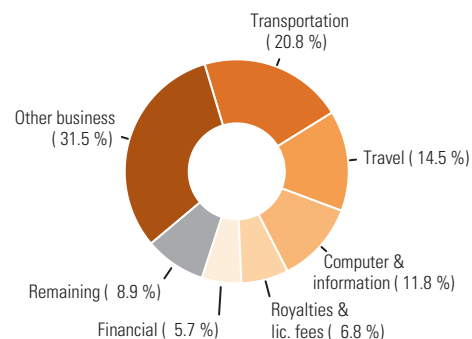


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	1328.5	1340.8	1450.2				
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	153.2	151.9	157.4	19.5	16.8		thsd US\$/unit
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	64.8	75.7	70.7				
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	53.7	56.4	62.5	9.4	9.6	9.9	US\$/kg
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	48.8	48.6	52.7	78.6	74.9	78.1	US\$/kg
8802	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....	34.7	35.1	30.8				
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....	22.0	22.8	24.9	953.1	927.4	891.2	US\$/kg
8479	Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions.....	13.2	13.5	16.1				
8409	Parts suitable for use with the engines of heading 84.....	13.5	13.0	13.7	12.7	13.1	13.3	US\$/kg
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....	12.7	13.1	14.1				
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	12.6	12.2	14.9				

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1 450 214.8	0.0	8.2	100.0
0+1	78 013.3	-0.7	10.7	5.4
2+4	25 174.2	-2.9	15.8	1.7
3	25 682.4	-7.5	17.5	1.8
5	222 547.5	0.6	10.9	15.3
6	172 856.1	-1.4	11.7	11.9
7	701 843.8	0.6	8.1	48.4
8	157 263.9	1.3	11.2	10.8
9	66 833.8	-2.3	-17.5	4.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1 173 627.5	-0.3	10.6	100.0
0+1	86 469.6	0.9	14.6	7.4
2+4	43 693.9	-3.6	16.9	3.7
3	94 002.4	-13.3	24.5	8.0
5	159 236.2	1.6	13.8	13.6
6	149 533.6	-0.3	14.9	12.7
7	426 074.9	2.2	10.5	36.3
8	150 620.0	2.0	8.3	12.8
9	63 996.9	3.2	-17.3	5.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

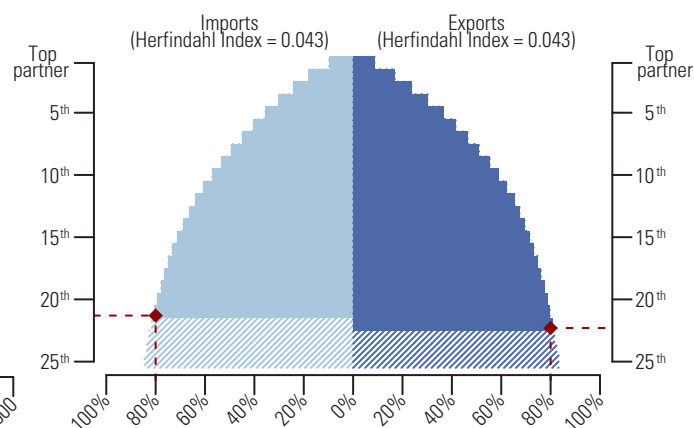
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



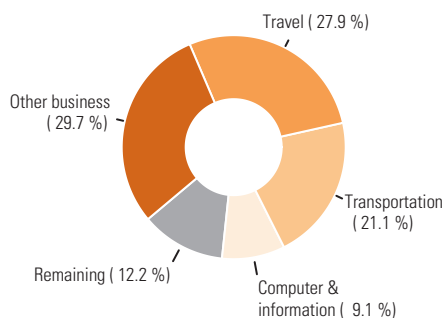
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 36.3, 13.6 and 12.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Netherlands and France, accounting for respectively 9.8, 8.7 and 6.7 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 85.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 80.1 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 60.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

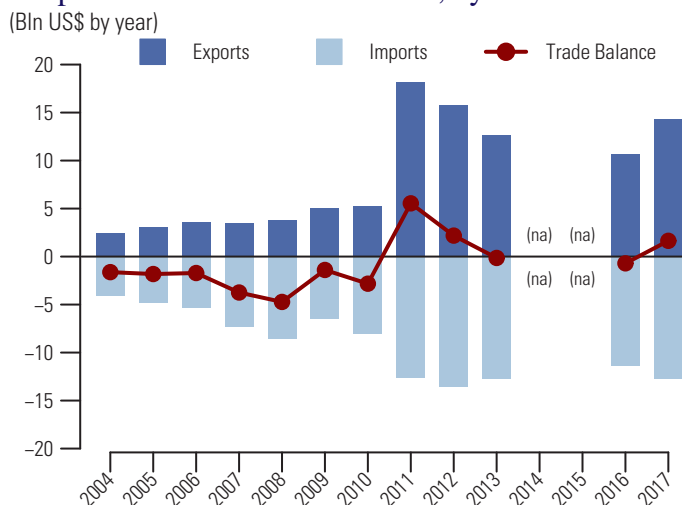
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		1 057.6	1 060.7	1 173.6				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		48.6	70.8	74.9				931
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		46.1	51.3	58.5	19.0	17.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		34.4	37.5	41.8	7.4	7.5	US\$/kg	784
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		36.5	28.7	36.2	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		32.3	23.3	28.2	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg	343
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		24.6	26.0	26.0	90.7	91.9	US\$/kg	542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		21.3	20.8	22.9				752
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		20.1	21.3	22.4				764
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		17.6	18.5	23.0	0.9	0.9	thsd US\$/kg	541
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		20.6	16.9	20.3	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	334

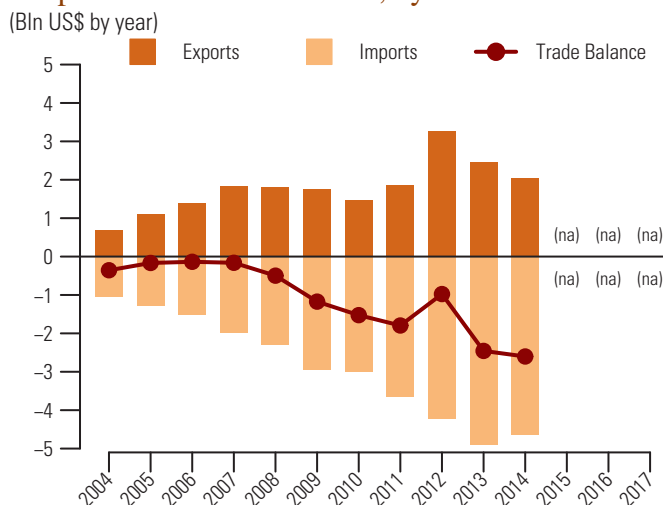
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Ghana increased substantially by 34.7 percent to reach 14.4 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.9 percent to reach 12.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ghana were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Ghana decreased substantially by 16.7 percent, reaching 2.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 5.4 percent and reached 4.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 2.6 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 40.8, 25.3 and 22.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, Switzerland and China, accounting for respectively 17.0, 14.1 and 13.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 896.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 616.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 429.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2014)

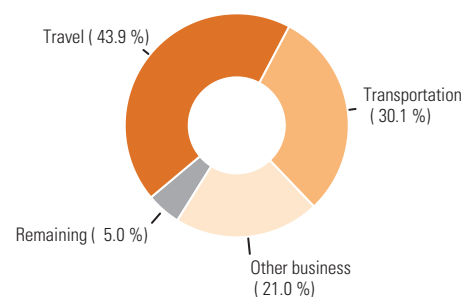


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		...	10 655.8	14 358.5				
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		...	4 427.9	5 858.3	28.7	29.6	thsd US\$/kg	971
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		...	1 079.1	3 619.7	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	333
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....		...	1 886.2	1 642.1	3.2	2.9	US\$/kg	072
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....		...	987.7	298.1	4.6	1.2	US\$/kg	057
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		...	367.3	99.3	233.5	559.7	US\$/m ³	248
1803 Cocoa paste, whether or not defatted.....		...	0.0	407.4	0.9	3.2	US\$/kg	072
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		...	277.7	19.3	0.0		US\$/kg	334
1804 Cocoa butter, fat and oil.....		...	0.1	276.5	1.0	4.9	US\$/kg	072
3924 Tableware, kitchenware, other household articles and toilet articles.....		...	60.2	213.3	2.2	7.7	US\$/kg	893
2602 Manganese ores and concentrates.....		...	100.7	155.4	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	287

*Since 2011, Ghana have been exporting crude petroleum & natural gas in relatively larger quantities.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	14358.5	3.2	34.7	100.0
0+1	3224.5	11.9	6.4	22.5
2+4	635.1	-4.7	-25.0	4.4
3	3639.3	3.9	163.1	25.3
5	281.4	-9.4	-31.3	2.0
6	387.2	-7.7	115.1	2.7
7	39.8	-34.8	-58.6	0.3
8	292.9	24.5	4.7	2.0
9	5858.3	2.1	32.3	40.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

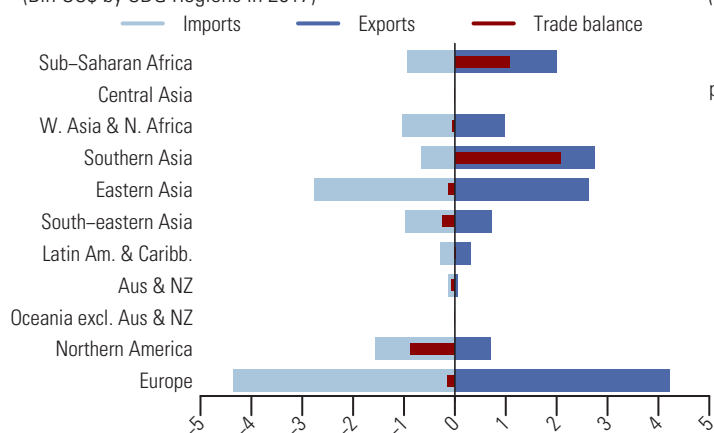
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	12718.1	-0.1	11.9	100.0
0+1	2017.0	0.4	32.4	15.9
2+4	506.9	13.2	70.7	4.0
3	301.6	-10.6	52.2	2.4
5	1637.6	-0.2	30.4	12.9
6	3296.1	8.3	32.1	25.9
7	4087.2	-5.2	-5.8	32.1
8	871.8	2.3	-30.4	6.9
9	0.0	-88.9	561.6	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

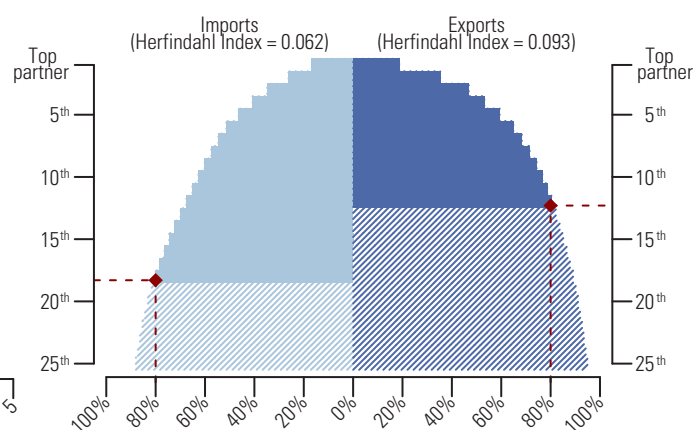
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



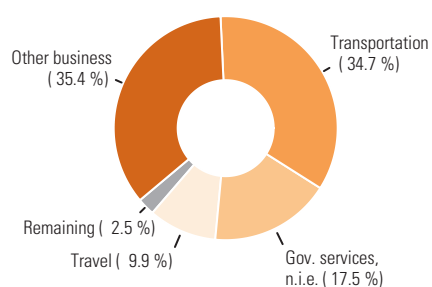
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 32.1, 25.9 and 15.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Kingdom and the United States, accounting for respectively 17.0, 9.2 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.6 bln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 813.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

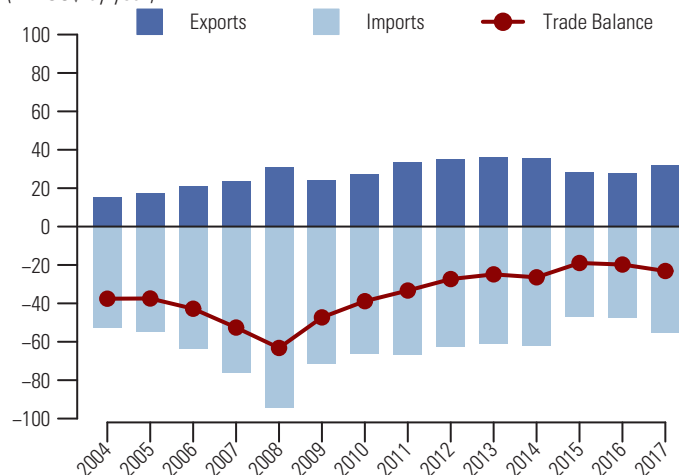
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		...	11 361.0	12 718.1				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		...	919.6	998.6	19.5	19.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		...	414.7	915.4	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	661
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		...	482.2	544.0		23.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
1006 Rice.....		...	287.1	401.9	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	042
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		...	279.8	235.7	0.3	0.7	US\$/kg	034
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		...	161.5	303.8	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
4911 Other printed matter, including printed pictures and photographs.....		...	189.5	253.5	189.8	246.6	US\$/kg	892
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		...	107.7	286.3	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	422
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		...	189.0	194.9	2.4	2.4	US\$/kg	591
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		...	204.9	173.2	58.9		thsd US\$/unit	723

Overview:

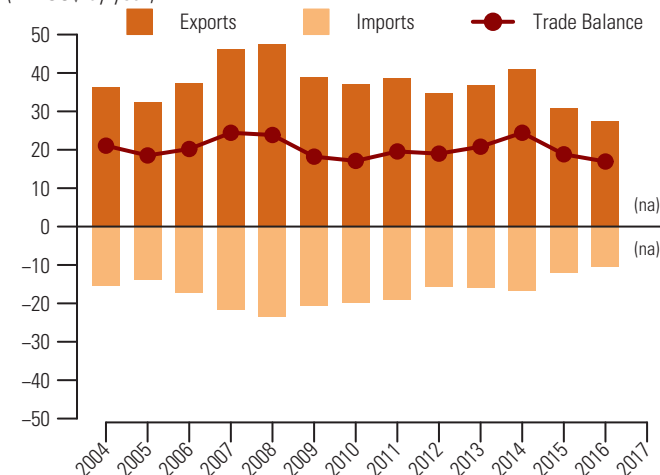
In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Greece increased substantially by 15.6 percent to reach 32.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.2 percent to reach 55.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 23.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -14.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Greece were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 26 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Greece decreased substantially by 10.6 percent, reaching 27.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 11.5 percent and reached 10.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 16.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

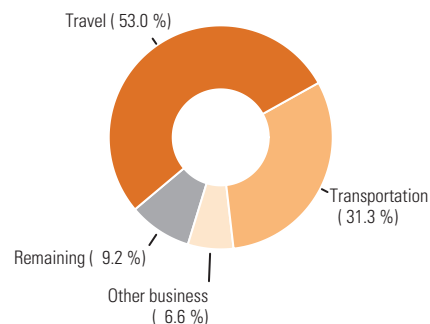
(Bln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 31.5, 17.5 and 16.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Germany and Turkey, accounting for respectively 11.1, 7.3 and 6.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 14.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 8.6 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		28289.2	27810.9	32154.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		7973.1	7273.9	9594.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1030.1	1064.2	1239.9	39.0	35.2	38.1	US\$/kg 542
7606 Aluminium plates, sheets and strip, of a thickness exceeding 0.2 mm.....		631.2	609.6	677.0	3.3	3.1	3.3	US\$/kg 684
1509 Olive oil and its fractions.....		702.5	646.5	543.7	4.0	4.0	4.8	US\$/kg 421
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		631.5	573.2	576.6				931
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		511.1	561.5	581.9	5.9	5.7	5.5	US\$/kg 034
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		445.1	518.9	442.1	306.5	344.0	346.6	US\$/unit 752
2005 Other vegetables prepared or preserved.....		433.5	457.0	503.0	2.6	2.6	2.7	US\$/kg 056
0406 Cheese and curd.....		413.9	444.5	483.6	6.3	6.4	6.2	US\$/kg 024
7411 Copper tubes and pipes.....		398.9	372.4	480.9	6.3	5.8	7.0	US\$/kg 682

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	32 154.8	-3.0	15.6	100.0
0+1	5 632.7	0.3	2.8	17.5
2+4	2 074.9	-2.2	11.4	6.5
3	10 135.4	-8.5	32.6	31.5
5	3 403.4	0.0	14.1	10.6
6	5 162.3	1.3	19.0	16.1
7	2 896.9	2.1	2.3	9.0
8	2 251.9	0.4	8.9	7.0
9	597.2	-6.2	-0.9	1.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

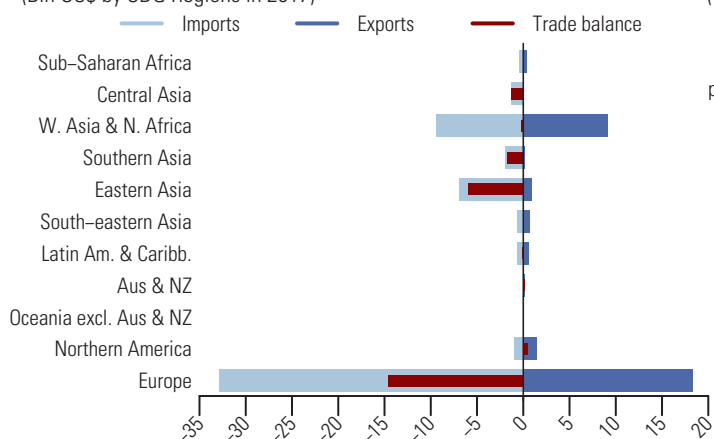
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	55 300.6	-2.5	16.2	100.0
0+1	6 903.8	-1.6	6.7	12.5
2+4	1 685.0	-3.3	17.4	3.0
3	13 828.3	-11.8	28.3	25.0
5	8 116.7	-1.2	9.7	14.7
6	6 421.3	1.7	14.9	11.6
7	12 369.4	7.6	18.8	22.4
8	5 690.4	1.9	5.9	10.3
9	285.7	100.7	107.7	0.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

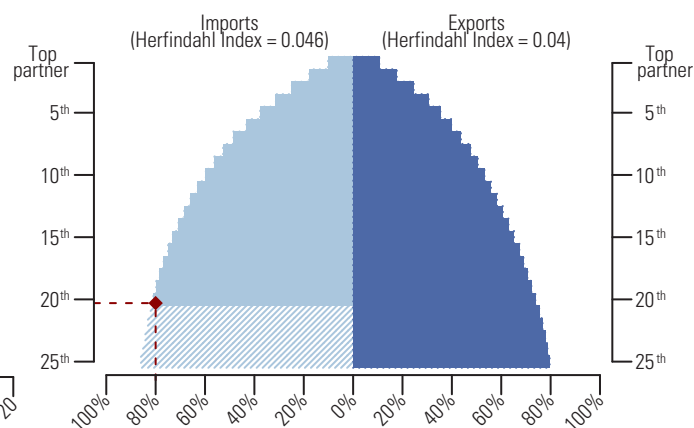
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



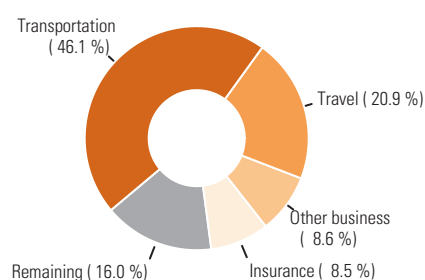
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 25.0, 22.4 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 10.6, 7.9 and 7.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.9 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 911.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

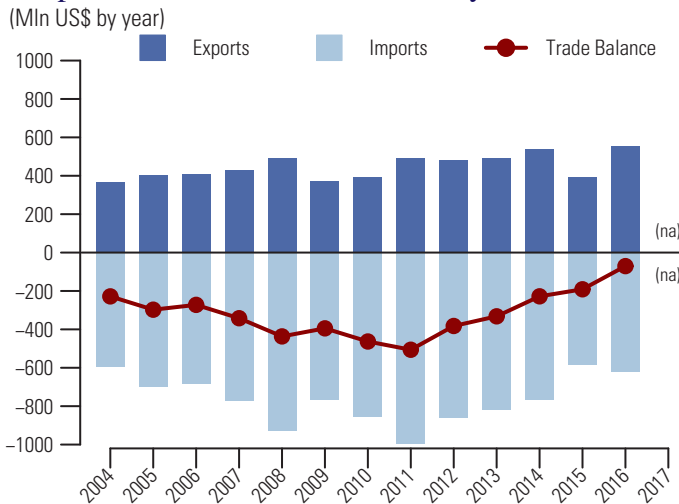
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		47 264.0	47 595.0	55 300.6				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		8 070.3	6 907.0	8 657.0	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3 031.8	2 584.0	3 452.9	0.4	0.3	0.4	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2 380.5	2 349.0	2 518.8	77.5	76.6	79.5	542
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		1 696.3	2 059.5	3 367.1	7.1	1.1		793
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1 023.5	1 165.4	1 308.9	7.5	6.0		781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		844.2	731.6	1 201.7	0.4	0.2	0.3	343
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		723.2	716.9	752.1				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		744.6	639.5	752.3	131.5	131.6	171.6	752
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		416.0	487.0	789.2	2.0	1.8	2.1	684
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		479.8	510.6	480.1	1.5	1.4	1.4	571

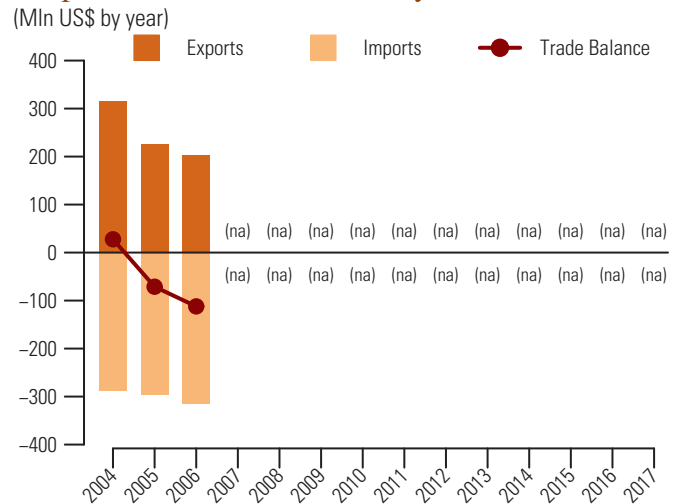
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Greenland increased substantially by 39.9 percent to reach 552.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 6.3 percent to reach 623.0 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 70.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -57.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Greenland were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2006, the value of exports of services of Greenland decreased moderately by 9.8 percent, reaching 203.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 6.4 percent and reached 315.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 112.1 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 88.6, 7.9 and 2.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Denmark, Portugal and Iceland, accounting for respectively 80.9, 7.0 and 5.5 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2006 at 169.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 13.5 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 11.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2006)

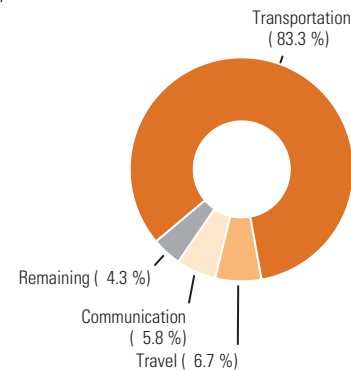


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		540.5	394.9	552.5				
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		203.2	131.6	182.1	1.8	2.0	2.1	US\$/kg 034
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		133.5	100.7	139.2	3.4	3.3	3.9	US\$/kg 036
1605 Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved.....		114.0	72.5	98.5	7.0	6.3	6.3	US\$/kg 037
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....		28.7	39.1	54.0	5.1	4.8	4.4	US\$/kg 034
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		39.3	35.9	43.7				931
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine.....		9.8	7.1	8.2	5.3	4.6	4.4	US\$/kg 035
8902 Fishing vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing.....		13.6			13.6	mln US\$/unit 793
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		2.2	1.6	5.9	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 034
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not.....		1.8	1.2	1.5	12.0	10.2	10.7	US\$/kg 036
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		2.7	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 282

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	552.5	3.5	39.9	100.0
0+1	489.7	4.2	38.3	88.6
2+4	0.8	-10.4	3.1	0.1
3	0.0	-14.6	-64.7	0.0
5	0.0	-27.0	-28.7	0.0
6	0.6	-16.9	1.4	0.1
7	15.9	40.1	1058.2	2.9
8	1.8	1.9	-15.0	0.3
9	43.7	-6.3	21.5	7.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	623.0	-7.8	6.3	100.0
0+1	149.1	-2.6	0.3	23.9
2+4	10.2	-4.6	21.4	1.6
3	59.3	-27.7	11.0	9.5
5	39.9	-5.8	-18.5	6.4
6	100.2	-4.6	11.2	16.1
7	154.9	-2.7	9.5	24.9
8	81.0	-5.4	14.6	13.0
9	28.4	6.4	15.9	4.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

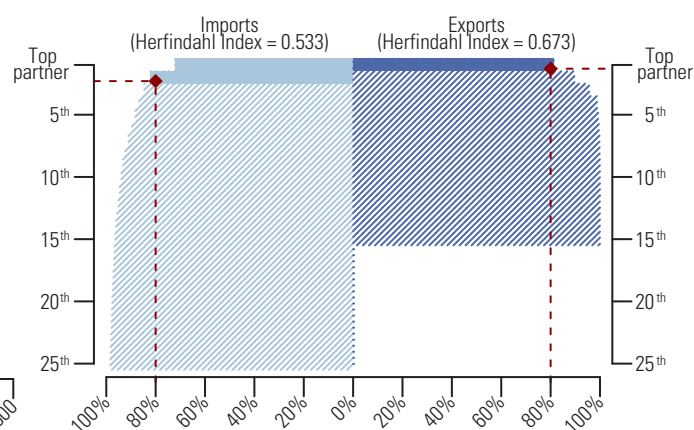
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



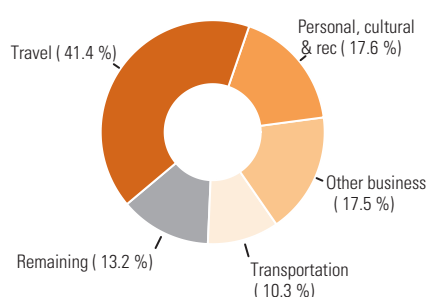
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2006)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 24.9, 23.9 and 16.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Denmark, Sweden and China, accounting for respectively 69.8, 13.9 and 2.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2006 at 130.4 mln US\$, followed by "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code 287) at 55.5 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 55.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

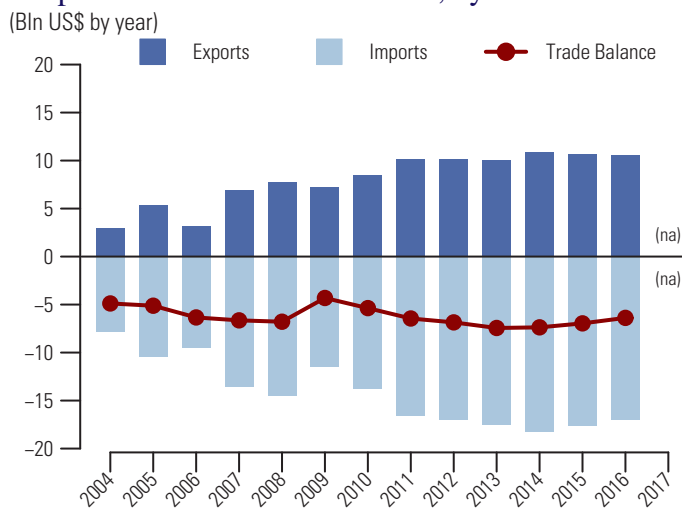
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		768.3	586.2	623.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		159.4	51.7	58.3	1.0	0.7	0.3	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		27.7	24.5	28.4				931
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		17.8	17.2	13.7	63.6	46.7	57.0	542
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		14.5	17.1	14.8	486.3	699.5	540.0	792
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares.....		12.9	10.9	11.4	5.8	4.9	4.9	048
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		11.8	8.5	11.9				821
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		12.0	10.6	8.3				764
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		9.8	11.3	5.4	74.6	134.0	87.2	723
0203 Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen.....		9.2	8.1	7.5	6.5	5.5	5.3	012
7324 Sanitary ware and parts thereof, of iron or steel.....		9.0	7.2	8.0	10.6	9.5	10.9	697

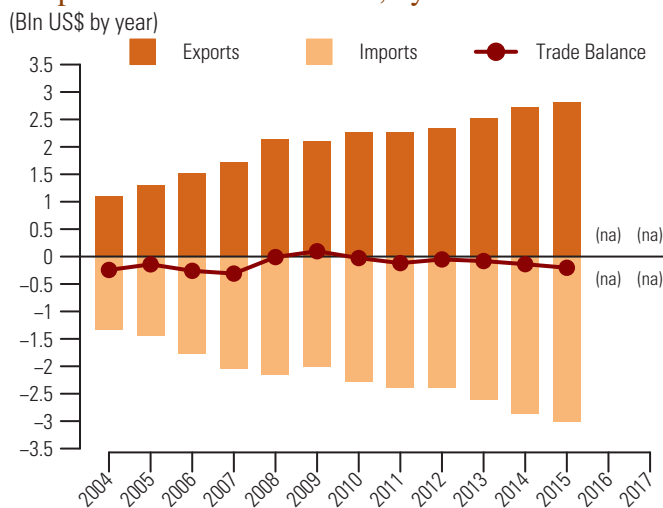
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Guatemala decreased slightly by 0.8 percent to reach 10.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 3.7 percent to reach 17.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 6.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Guatemala were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Guatemala increased slightly by 3.0 percent, reaching 2.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.1 percent and reached 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 204.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 40.5, 16.5 and 13.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form" (HS code 1701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, El Salvador and Honduras, accounting for respectively 35.2, 11.5 and 8.4 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 510.4 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 423.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2015)

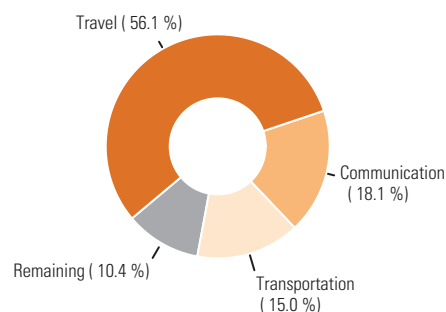


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
	All Commodities.....	10890.7	10677.4	10591.3				
1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....	952.2	850.6	822.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 061
0803	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....	721.4	763.6	848.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 057
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	668.0	664.0	651.1	3.6	3.6	3.6	US\$/kg 071
6106	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, knitted or crocheted.....	419.9	395.8	387.5	7.4	7.8	6.8	US\$/unit 844
2607	Lead ores and concentrates.....	349.3	306.2	324.2	14.3	11.5	13.1	US\$/kg 287
1511	Palm oil and its fractions.....	288.2	282.6	377.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg 422
2616	Precious metal ores and concentrates.....	359.3	310.9	233.1	1.3	0.2	0.5	thsd US\$/kg 289
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	256.0	304.3	303.8	35.9	41.5	41.6	US\$/kg 542
6105	Men's or boys' shirts, knitted or crocheted.....	263.7	274.8	254.6				
0908	Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms.....	240.6	243.1	230.1	6.2	7.3	6.4	US\$/kg 075

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	10591.3	1.1	-0.8	100.0
0+1	4287.5	1.2	2.5	40.5
2+4	1441.9	-0.2	-0.6	13.6
3	338.0	-4.2	-23.1	3.2
5	1293.3	1.8	0.9	12.2
6	1189.0	4.6	-0.3	11.2
7	243.5	-2.0	-9.8	2.3
8	1746.4	1.4	-3.7	16.5
9	51.6	-9.5	15.4	0.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

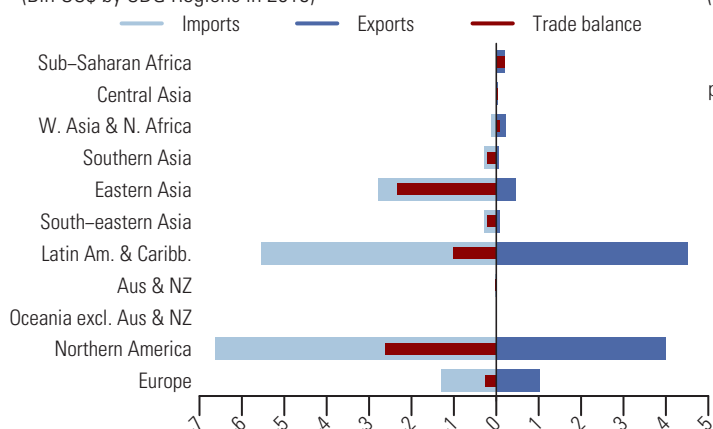
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	16978.7	0.0	-3.7	100.0
0+1	2326.1	3.5	-0.2	13.7
2+4	463.2	-3.8	-1.8	2.7
3	2307.9	-8.8	-8.1	13.6
5	3061.4	1.3	-4.9	18.0
6	3115.6	0.7	-5.8	18.4
7	4151.2	2.2	-3.1	24.4
8	1498.1	3.7	0.9	8.8
9	55.1	17.0	102.0	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

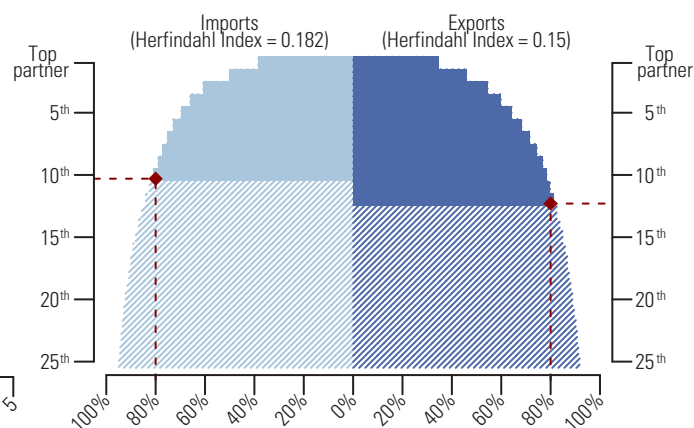
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



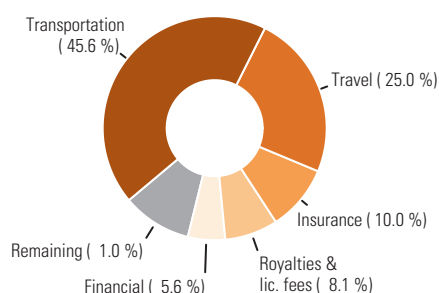
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 24.4, 18.4 and 18.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Mexico and China, accounting for respectively 38.7, 11.2 and 10.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 1.4 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 754.9 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 300.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

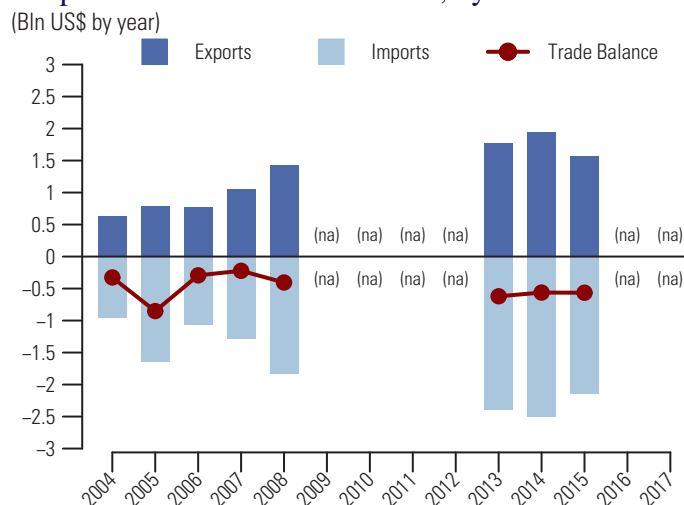
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		18263.2	17637.1	16978.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2970.8	2016.0	1825.4	0.9	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		501.5	568.9	534.0	19.8	21.2	20.3	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		458.2	545.3	589.9	17.9	19.8	19.2	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		484.6	548.1	555.0				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		265.5	311.9	318.9				782
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		334.7	237.0	250.6	0.8	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 343
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		226.6	211.4	207.0	1.8	1.5	1.3	US\$/kg 571
1005 Maize (corn).....		212.6	213.1	217.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 044
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		171.3	186.3	217.4	7.5	7.3	7.3	US\$/kg 098
4804 Uncoated kraft paper and paperboard, in rolls or sheets.....		188.5	200.3	177.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg 641

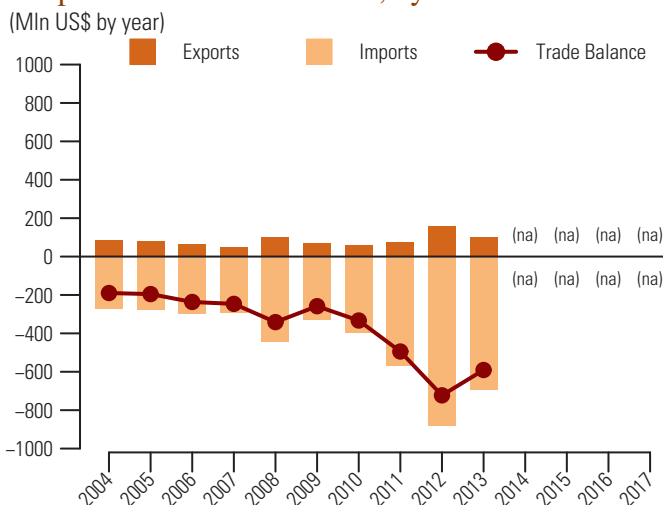
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of Guinea decreased substantially by 19.2 percent to reach 1.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 14.8 percent to reach 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 565.0 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -333.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Guinea were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of Guinea decreased substantially by 34.9 percent, reaching 103.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 21.3 percent and reached 694.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 590.9 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 40.3, 38.9 and 8.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Ghana, France and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 14.6, 13.4 and 13.1 percent of total exports. "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 63.6 mln US\$, followed by "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code 287) at 12.2 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 9.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)

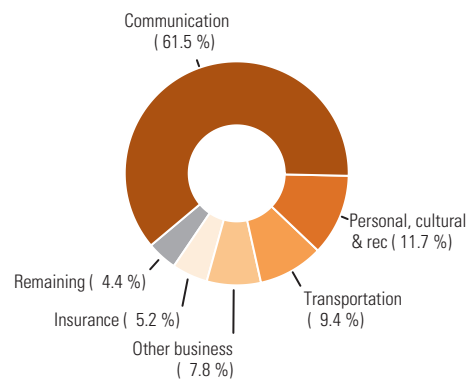


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		1 780.5	1 946.7	1 573.7					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		942.3	973.7	631.5	169.3	129.2	258.4	US\$/kg	971
2606 Aluminium ores and concentrates.....		432.5	587.6	576.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	285
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....		201.0	187.7	119.5	85.5	59.0	76.6	thsd US\$/kg	892
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		81.0					793
4001 Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle.....		21.4	26.4	26.0	1.8	1.9	1.6	US\$/kg	231
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....		9.6	25.5	20.6	0.6	1.8	1.2	US\$/kg	057
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		26.7	11.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.6	US\$/kg	281
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		5.5	27.8	...					667
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		24.4	1.6	2.0					723
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....		2.2	5.6	18.9	0.5	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg	072

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	1 573.7	...	-19.2	100.0
0+1	68.8	...	20.5	4.4
2+4	611.5	...	-3.9	38.9
3	3.4	...	-67.7	0.2
5	3.0	...	50.0	0.2
6	2.8	...	-90.5	0.2
7	115.9	...	282.3	7.4
8	134.2	...	-34.4	8.5
9	634.0	...	-35.1	40.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

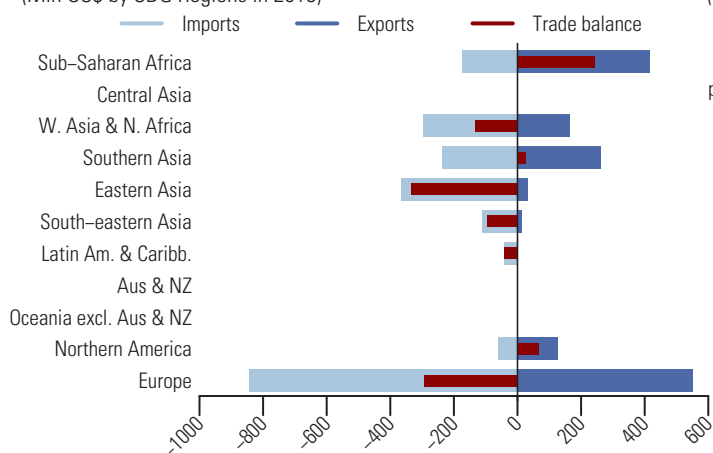
SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	2 138.6	...	-14.8	100.0
0+1	455.8	...	-23.4	21.3
2+4	85.8	...	41.5	4.0
3	322.7	...	-59.3	15.1
5	231.1	...	10.3	10.8
6	261.4	...	2.5	12.2
7	643.8	...	37.1	30.1
8	126.0	...	9.5	5.9
9	12.0	...	8.2	0.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

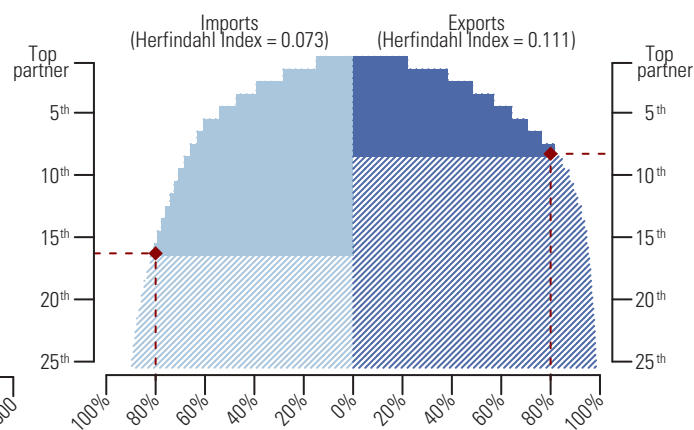
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



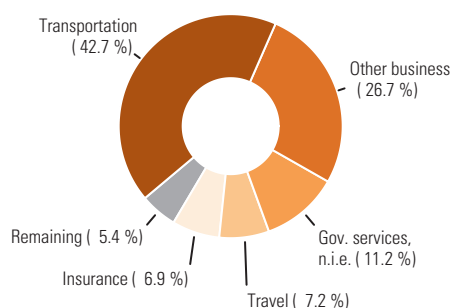
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 30.1, 21.3 and 15.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Netherlands, China and India, accounting for respectively 25.4, 13.5 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 296.4 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 185.1 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 77.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

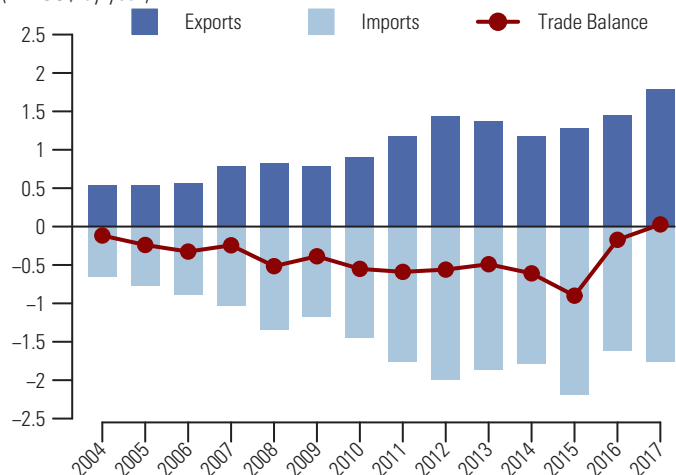
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		2 401.0	2 509.2	2 138.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		725.5	783.6	310.2	0.8	0.8	0.5	US\$/kg 334
1006 Rice.....		239.5	286.4	227.9	0.5	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 042
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		73.1	84.3	117.1	5.6	5.9	8.3	US\$/kg 542
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		75.0	78.2	20.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 046
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		64.2	52.6	35.3	15.7	14.4	9.1	US\$/kg 723
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		34.6	43.1	67.3	19.6	19.3	22.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		37.5	58.9	47.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 061
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		39.2	39.0	34.7	3.6	3.8	4.2	US\$/kg 122
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		55.5	27.2	27.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg 661
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		33.0	35.6	40.0	0.6	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 422

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Guyana increased substantially by 23.2 percent to reach 1.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.4 percent to reach 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 28.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 224.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Guyana were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Guyana decreased substantially by 21.0 percent, reaching 142.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.7 percent and reached 423.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 280.5 mln US\$.

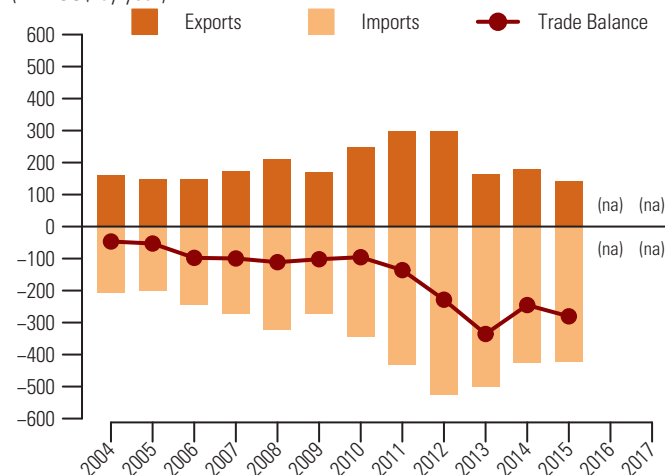
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 35.8, 30.9 and 19.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Canada, the United States and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 22.4, 19.8 and 10.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 64.6 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 27.3 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 20.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

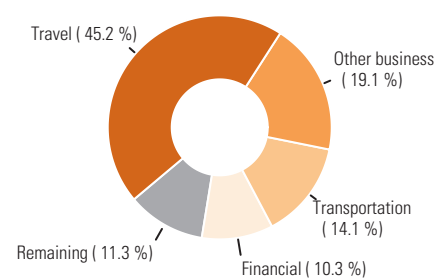


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	1 285.8	1 452.6	1 789.7				
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	357.9	663.7	640.0	18.9	3.1		thsd US\$/kg 971
1006	Rice.....	212.0	169.0	188.1	0.2	1.7	1.6	US\$/kg 042
8609	Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids).....	126.1	30.7	240.3	1.7	1.2	4.1	thsd US\$/unit 786
2606	Aluminium ores and concentrates.....	138.4	108.2	144.4	0.2	0.2	1.1	US\$/kg 285
1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....	111.7	70.5	155.5	0.3	0.6	3.4	US\$/kg 061
0306	Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....	42.8	49.8	54.3	4.4	4.6	2.7	US\$/kg 036
8431	Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....	18.2	67.6	52.5	21.2	12.5	7.2	US\$/kg 723
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	36.5	39.9	45.7		3.4	2.9	US\$/litre 112
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....	16.0	21.8	29.2	2.5	3.0	1.5	US\$/kg 034
1703	Molasses resulting from the extraction or refining of sugar.....	23.3	20.4	18.0	0.2	0.2		US\$/kg 061

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1 789.7	6.8	23.2	100.0
0+1	552.2	1.9	28.5	30.9
2+4	178.1	1.5	27.4	10.0
3	0.4	111.3	-72.7	0.0
5	22.1	41.9	-4.7	1.2
6	50.4	15.1	-8.3	2.8
7	342.6	171.5	150.8	19.1
8	3.8	-21.4	13.0	0.2
9	640.0	-0.2	-3.6	35.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

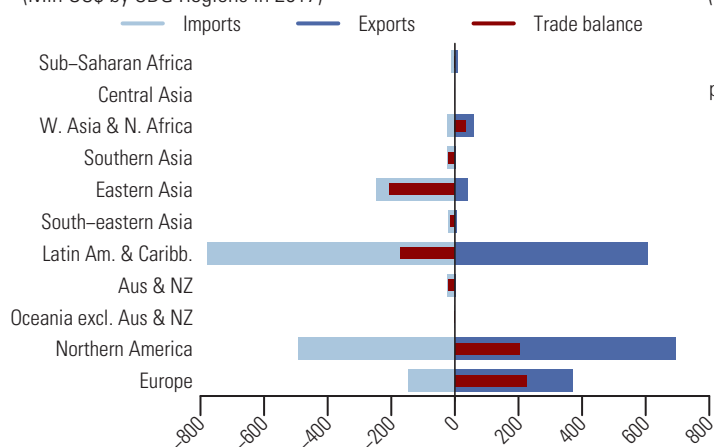
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1 761.6	-1.4	8.4	100.0
0+1	236.9	-1.9	-5.1	13.5
2+4	45.9	13.5	41.7	2.6
3	377.3	-10.8	14.2	21.4
5	225.9	5.9	22.4	12.8
6	241.6	1.9	13.1	13.7
7	504.0	2.0	3.2	28.6
8	129.9	2.5	3.2	7.4
9	0.0	-37.9	-93.9	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

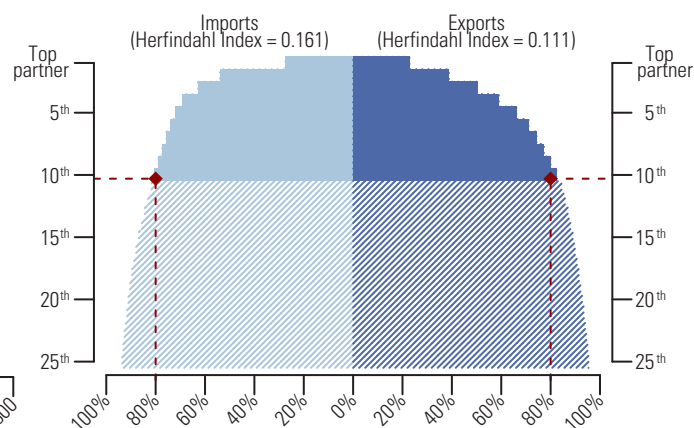
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



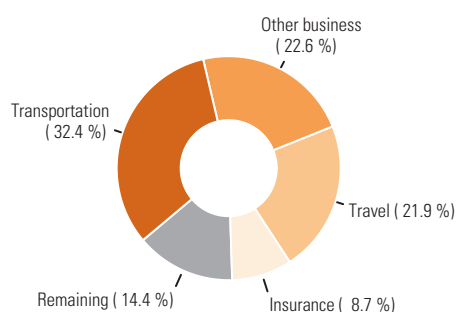
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.6, 21.4 and 13.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 24.1, 23.1 and 13.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 137.4 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 95.6 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 92.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

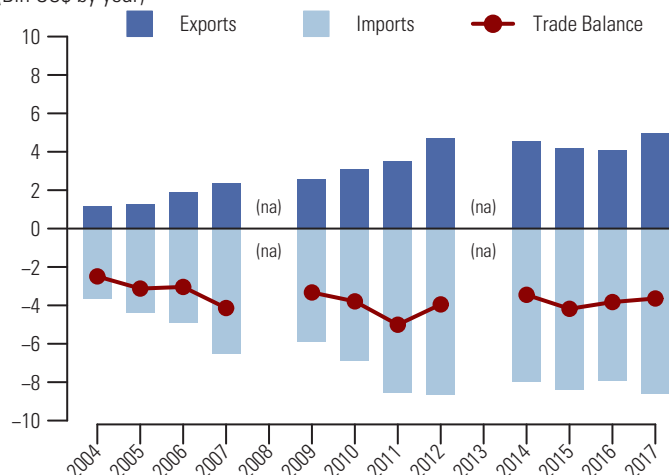
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		2 185.7	1 625.0	1 761.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		297.2	314.9	361.6	1.4	0.8	0.6	US\$/kg
8430 Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting.....		694.2	2.2	1.8	34.6	2.3	thsd US\$/unit	723
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		38.2	115.9	92.1	11.8	5.1	7.4	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		38.9	39.0	38.9	4.1	6.4	8.4	thsd US\$/unit
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		33.4	30.5	29.6	0.1	0.0		US\$/kg
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		25.7	29.7	32.7	4.1	81.1	97.7	thsd US\$/unit
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		31.2	22.4	31.3	17.0	16.3	22.7	thsd US\$/unit
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		25.5	20.8	21.2	2.9	2.5	2.5	US\$/kg
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		25.9	17.9	22.5	3.0	2.7	3.3	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		16.1	8.5	37.7	18.8	15.9	37.5	US\$/kg

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Honduras increased substantially by 21.7 percent to reach 5.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.8 percent to reach 8.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Honduras were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Honduras increased slightly by 1.6 percent, reaching 1.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.5 percent and reached 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 689.8 mln US\$.

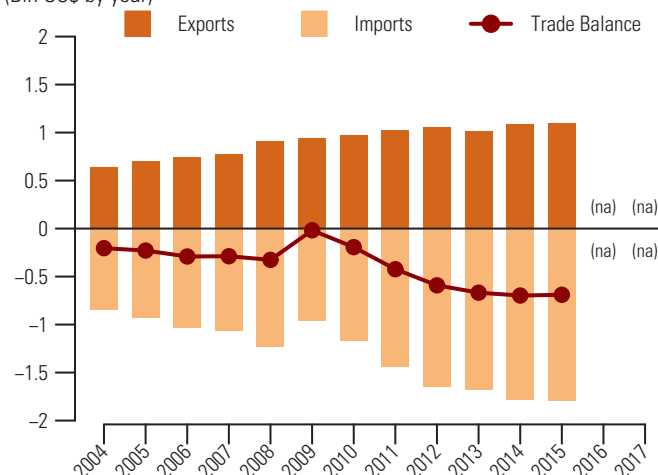
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 53.7, 12.7 and 12.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated" (HS code 0901) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Germany and El Salvador, accounting for respectively 42.6, 7.8 and 6.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 650.4 mln US\$, followed by "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 237.1 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 93.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

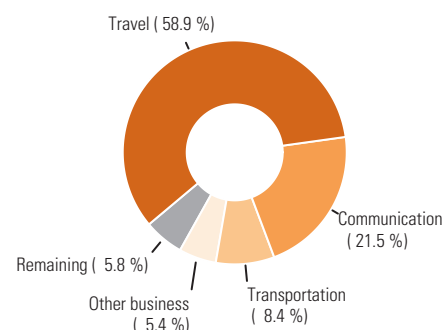


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		4 201.5	4 084.6	4 970.1				
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		932.3	859.1	1 292.0	3.3	2.8	3.0	US\$/kg 071
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		602.9	533.1	463.7	18.3	18.0		US\$/kg 773
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		315.8	353.5	393.0	6.0	5.9	3.8	US\$/kg 036
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		224.1	270.2	344.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 422
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....		269.8	259.2	249.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 057
3401 Soap; organic surface-active products.....		96.6	100.7	97.5	1.1	1.1	1.0	US\$/kg 554
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		95.0	94.6	103.6	33.2	35.6	40.2	thsd US\$/kg 971
4819 Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper.....		87.4	50.5	72.5	1.4	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg 642
4811 Paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres.....		64.1	78.1	59.1	17.0	22.7	7.3	US\$/kg 641
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		58.5	57.7	71.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 061

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4970.1	...	21.7	100.0
0+1	2669.6	...	24.3	53.7
2+4	630.7	...	41.9	12.7
3	40.6	...	4423.5	0.8
5	212.8	...	5.3	4.3
6	462.2	...	16.3	9.3
7	609.5	...	-3.1	12.3
8	190.4	...	75.6	3.8
9	154.3	...	-0.7	3.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

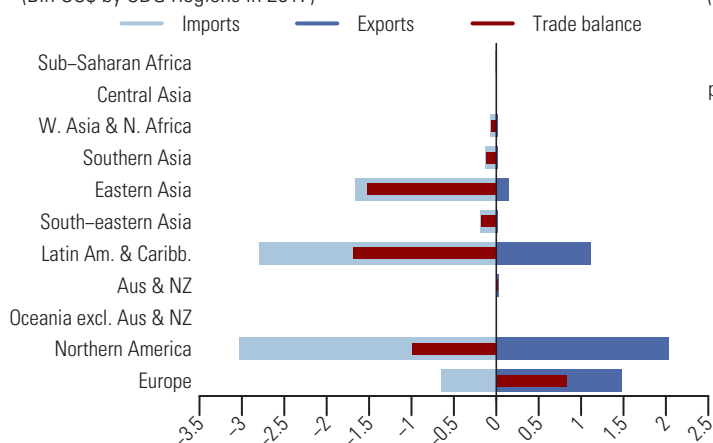
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8612.2	...	8.8	100.0
0+1	1445.2	...	-1.6	16.8
2+4	242.6	...	33.3	2.8
3	1284.5	...	16.0	14.9
5	1438.9	...	1.8	16.7
6	1403.6	...	16.5	16.3
7	1985.8	...	10.9	23.1
8	811.7	...	9.6	9.4
9	0.0	...	-99.4	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

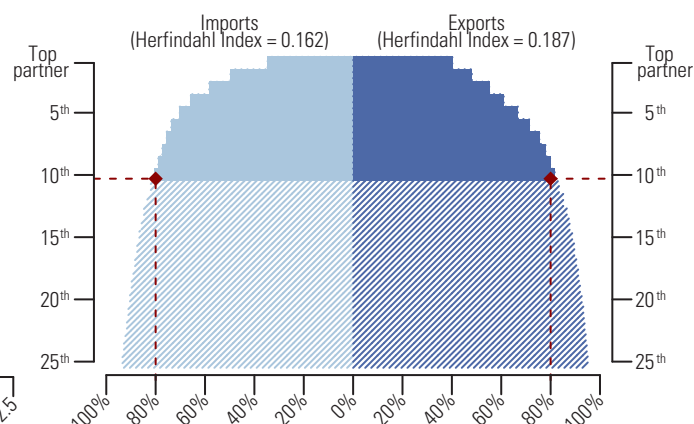
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



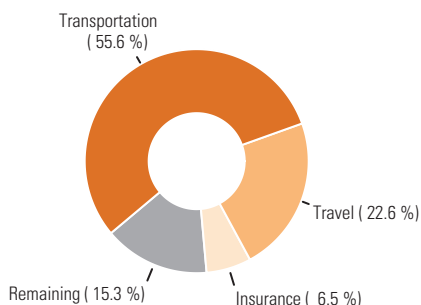
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.1, 16.8 and 16.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Guatemala, accounting for respectively 34.9, 15.0 and 8.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 998.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 404.8 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 116.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

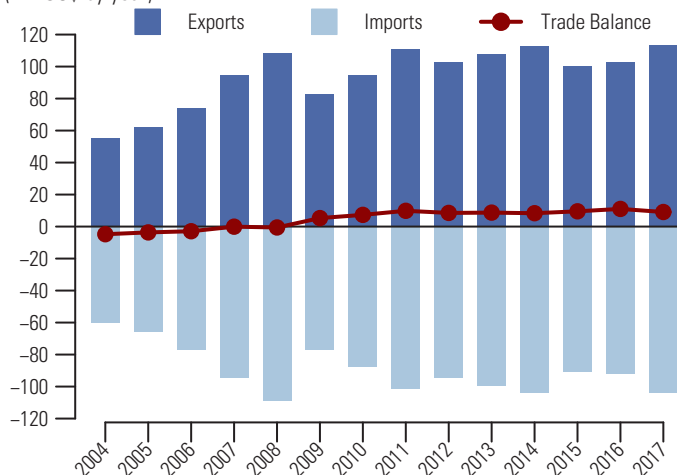
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		8380.7	7912.0	8612.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1283.4	1059.6	1208.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		356.8	401.3	365.7	35.2	31.2	40.9	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		200.4	185.6	188.7				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		156.7	182.9	199.4			13.3	782
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		142.4	176.8	196.3	20.0	19.3	4.2	781
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		138.3	139.0	142.2	5.0	5.7	5.5	098
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		278.7	30.3	43.6				776
1005 Maize (corn).....		120.4	120.7	95.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	044
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		73.6	94.0	153.1	0.8	0.6	0.8	674
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares.....		101.3	103.3	98.8	1.7	1.8	2.0	048

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Hungary increased moderately by 10.0 percent to reach 113.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.3 percent to reach 104.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 9.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 10.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Hungary were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Hungary decreased slightly by 0.1 percent, reaching 21.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.5 percent and reached 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 5.8 bln US\$.

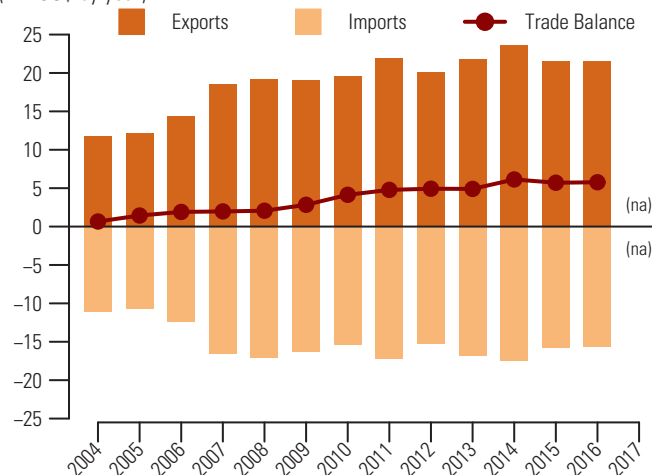
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 55.9, 11.6 and 10.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Romania and Slovakia, accounting for respectively 27.4, 5.2 and 4.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 5.7 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

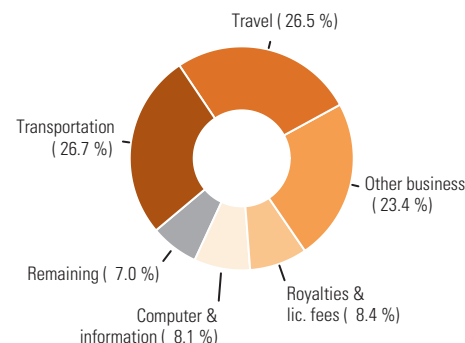


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	100 296.8	103 071.2	113 382.1				
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	11 209.5	11 052.8	11 270.4	18.7	17.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	5 290.6	5 925.2	6 636.1	8.1	8.7	US\$/kg	784
8407	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines.....	3 262.5	3 528.4	3 757.8	2.2	2.3	thsd US\$/unit	713
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	3 370.9	3 270.4	3 560.9	54.7	47.8	US\$/kg	542
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	2 804.7	3 069.3	3 295.2				764
8408	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines.....	3 073.9	2 817.7	2 466.8	3.1	3.2	thsd US\$/unit	713
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	2 504.6	2 523.0	3 112.0	430.5	436.9	US\$/unit	752
8528	Reception apparatus for television.....	2 456.5	2 291.8	2 564.5	205.2	173.3	US\$/unit	761
8537	Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases.....	1 970.4	2 279.3	2 279.0	58.7	73.5	US\$/kg	772
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	1 948.4	1 841.6	2 094.9	12.9	12.5	US\$/kg	773

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	113382.1	1.2	10.0	100.0
0+1	8194.7	-0.1	18.2	7.2
2+4	2675.9	-3.9	22.2	2.4
3	2834.4	-7.6	50.1	2.5
5	13177.7	3.8	22.9	11.6
6	12305.0	1.6	16.5	10.9
7	63401.6	2.9	8.5	55.9
8	10337.5	1.2	7.9	9.1
9	455.3	-39.3	-83.4	0.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	104283.8	1.2	13.3	100.0
0+1	5631.9	5.3	23.8	5.4
2+4	2318.1	1.4	28.8	2.2
3	8090.6	-10.2	38.2	7.8
5	12633.4	3.9	17.2	12.1
6	15229.7	3.0	20.6	14.6
7	49808.5	3.7	15.3	47.8
8	9069.2	8.8	19.0	8.7
9	1502.3	-29.7	-73.3	1.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

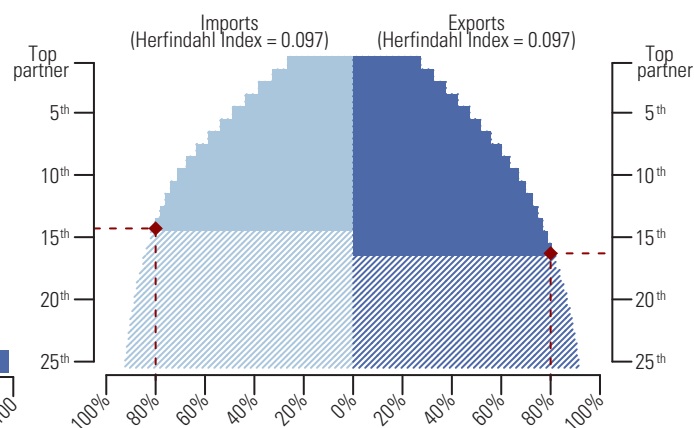
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



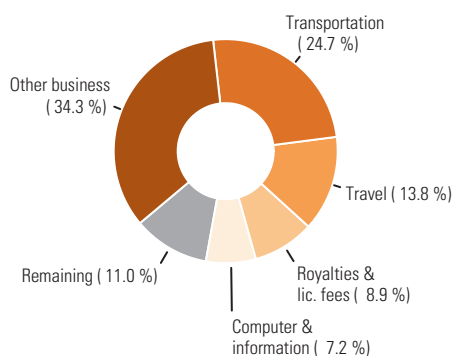
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 47.8, 14.6 and 12.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Austria and Poland, accounting for respectively 26.4, 6.4 and 5.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 5.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 3.9 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

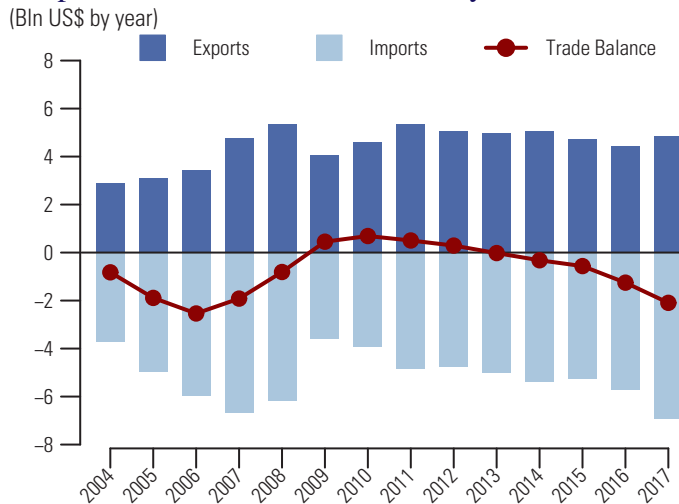
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		90760.9	92044.3	104283.8					
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		5285.2	5163.5	5699.2	8.9	8.9	US\$/kg	784	
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		4684.2	5597.0	1359.0				931	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2176.3	2627.7	3402.3	14.8	14.5	thsd US\$/unit	781	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		2377.1	2577.3	2920.5				764	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2545.6	2555.0	2743.4	61.1	66.9	US\$/kg	542	
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		2122.4	2275.5	2698.5				776	
8409 Parts suitable for use with the engines of heading 84.....		2287.0	2333.1	2339.8	7.9	8.9	US\$/kg	713	
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2182.8	1837.0	2276.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		2264.9	1437.0	2163.7	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	343	
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1576.6	1598.6	1852.3	89.6	90.2	US\$/unit	752	

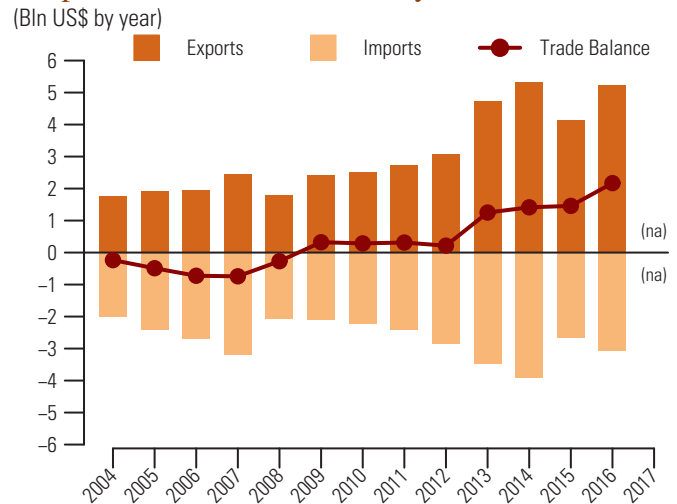
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Iceland increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 4.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 21.8 percent to reach 6.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -555.7 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Iceland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Iceland increased substantially by 26.6 percent, reaching 5.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.6 percent and reached 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 44.4, 40.8 and 5.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Unwrought aluminium" (HS code 7601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Netherlands, Spain and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 25.7, 11.8 and 10.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.8 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 337.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

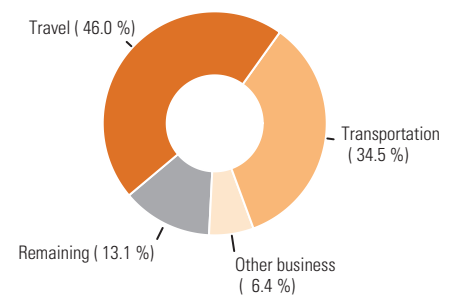


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		4722.0	4449.7	4850.3				
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		1493.5	1247.7	1633.4	2.1	1.8	2.1	US\$/kg 684
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....		780.8	869.5	823.6	6.0	6.0	6.1	US\$/kg 034
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		366.6	354.3	359.6	2.0	2.3	2.2	US\$/kg 034
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine.....		326.2	283.5	254.0	5.0	4.6	5.0	US\$/kg 035
2301 Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal.....		222.3	121.4	167.8	1.5	1.7	1.4	US\$/kg 081
7604 Aluminium bars, rods and profiles.....		164.0	124.8	155.2	2.0	1.8	2.2	US\$/kg 684
7202 Ferro-alloys.....		143.6	133.9	137.0	1.2	1.0	1.2	US\$/kg 671
7605 Aluminium wire.....		140.3	135.7	111.7	2.0	1.8	2.1	US\$/kg 684
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		90.9	133.9	148.5	3.0	2.4	3.2	US\$/kg 034
1504 Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals.....		93.0	95.8	92.6	2.5	2.3	1.9	US\$/kg 411

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4850.3	-0.7	9.0	100.0
0+1	1979.6	-2.7	-1.2	40.8
2+4	158.2	-7.5	-9.3	3.3
3	57.5	-7.9	-1.3	1.2
5	55.2	-17.4	-41.2	1.1
6	2155.5	1.2	24.0	44.4
7	281.2	9.6	25.5	5.8
8	122.3	5.0	7.4	2.5
9	40.7	16.0	-7.0	0.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

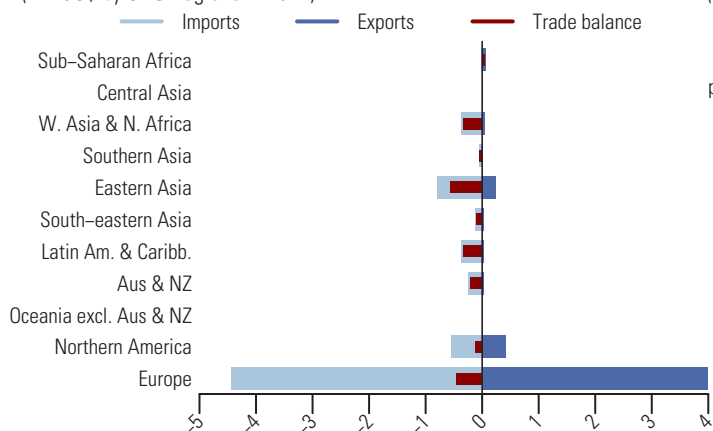
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	6944.7	8.5	21.8	100.0
0+1	632.8	7.5	14.4	9.1
2+4	741.1	3.4	34.1	10.7
3	774.3	-5.1	27.5	11.1
5	516.5	3.3	-2.7	7.4
6	809.4	10.8	27.4	11.7
7	2685.0	16.9	22.3	38.7
8	783.3	11.6	25.5	11.3
9	2.4	-21.8	-36.9	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

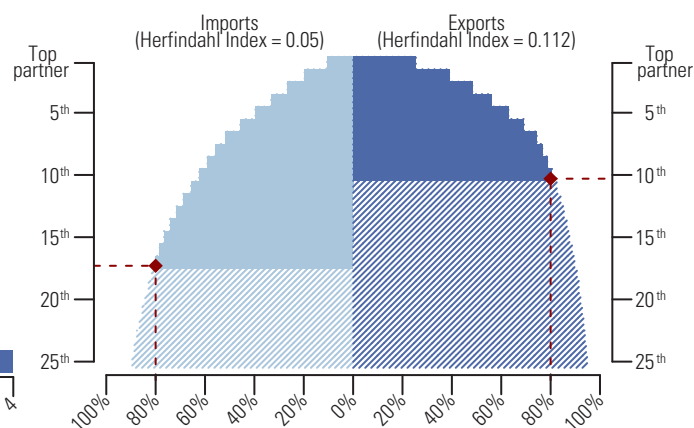
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



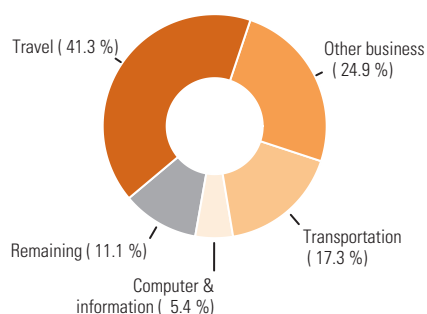
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 38.7, 11.7 and 11.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Norway and the United States, accounting for respectively 9.8, 9.4 and 8.0 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 762.4 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 530.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

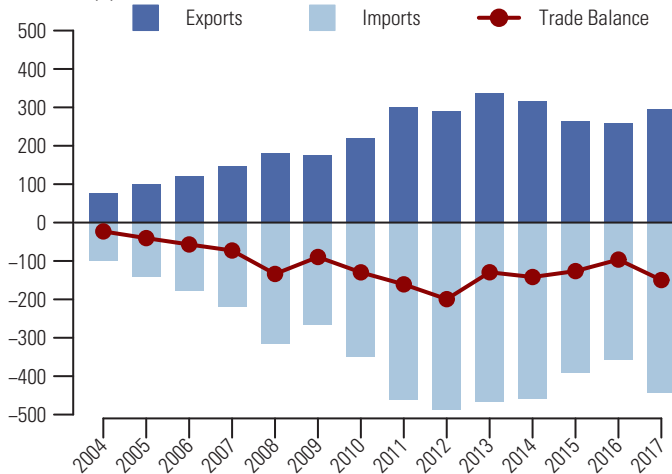
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		5285.4	5703.2	6944.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		617.6	569.8	731.9	0.6	0.4	0.5	334
2818 Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined.....		518.4	428.3	598.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	522
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		291.0	407.8	624.7	178.8	190.7		781
8545 Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons.....		312.2	294.3	310.0	0.7	0.6	0.7	778
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		112.7	149.6	136.7	121.4	134.9		542
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		156.6	208.8	31.3	845.8			792
8902 Fishing vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing.....		107.1	41.5	206.5	82.4	41.5	137.7	793
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		97.8	105.9	123.5				752
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		94.2	98.1	128.6				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		48.1	72.2	105.4	256.4	256.9		782

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of India increased substantially by 13.1 percent to reach 294.4 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 24.5 percent to reach 444.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 149.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -74.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in India were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 30 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 26 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of India increased slightly by 1.5 percent, reaching 157.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.2 percent and reached 81.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 76.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 26.9, 16.7 and 14.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Arab Emirates and China, Hong Kong SAR, accounting for respectively 15.7, 10.8 and 4.9 percent of total exports. "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 74.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 31.4 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 21.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

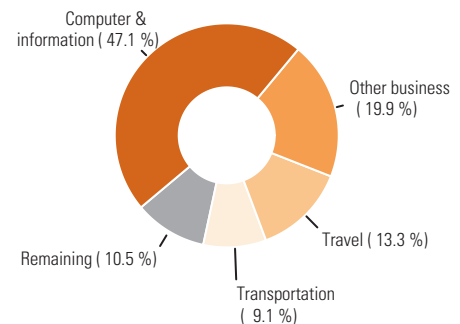


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		264381.0	260326.9	294364.5					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		30455.0	26951.0	34849.7	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334	
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		21873.3	24025.9	24656.9		339.4	US\$/carat	667	
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		9991.7	12554.1	12763.4	26.0	26.1	27.7	thsd US\$/kg	897
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		11235.6	11612.0	11530.3	31.1	32.0		US\$/kg	542
1006 Rice.....		6380.1	5315.5	7075.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	042
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5392.9	6368.3	6589.8	5.1	6.1	6.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		3885.5	4020.8	4436.6	5.7	6.3	6.3	US\$/kg	784
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		5311.7	4335.4	2272.5	37.4	40.3	40.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		4030.6	3680.7	3935.8	3.2	3.0	3.0	US\$/kg	011
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		3195.7	3595.4	4750.3	8.3	8.4		US\$/kg	036

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	294364.5	-3.3	13.1	100.0
0+1	31579.7	-2.5	18.0	10.7
2+4	11964.9	-8.6	19.3	4.1
3	35871.1	-15.3	29.5	12.2
5	40916.2	0.9	11.5	13.9
6	79101.1	-1.2	16.2	26.9
7	49071.2	1.6	13.2	16.7
8	43170.8	2.6	1.4	14.7
9	2689.5	-22.6	-47.9	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	444052.4	-1.2	24.5	100.0
0+1	12469.4	17.5	16.3	2.8
2+4	34871.8	0.0	20.6	7.9
3	123103.9	-9.6	37.9	27.7
5	49082.7	2.4	14.4	11.1
6	69100.9	4.9	28.1	15.6
7	96804.6	6.3	17.6	21.8
8	18398.2	7.7	21.9	4.1
9	40220.8	-4.9	19.9	9.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

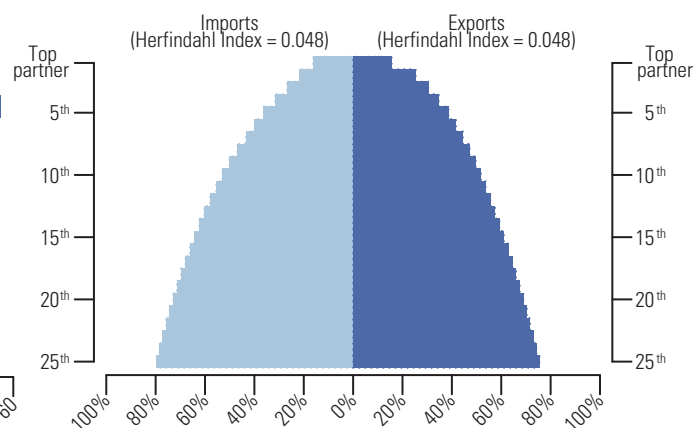
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



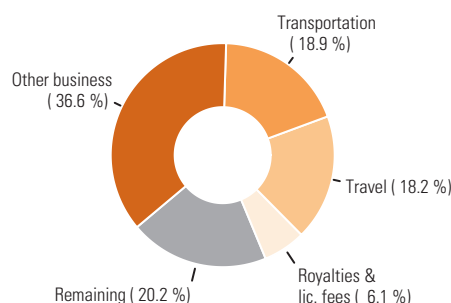
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.7, 21.8 and 15.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 16.3, 5.5 and 5.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 29.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 15.4 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 14.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

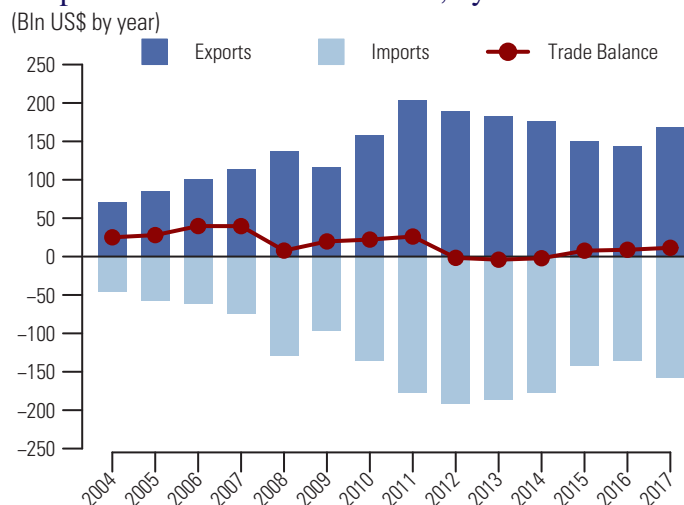
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		390744.7	356704.8	444052.4				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		72321.7	60869.1	82101.9	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		34999.5	22944.5	36154.6	33.5	34.7	35.1	971
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		16405.1	18970.7	27236.9			131.4	667
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		15814.0	14728.0	20609.3				764
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		14115.0	12707.4	20097.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	321
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		11868.1	9586.1	13087.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	343
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		10852.2	10613.4	4067.0				931
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		5922.1	5641.7	6769.9	0.6	0.7	0.7	422
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		5220.5	4605.3	5558.0	89.8	20.9	87.1	752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		3795.4	3668.5	4348.1	14.8	14.1	14.7	784

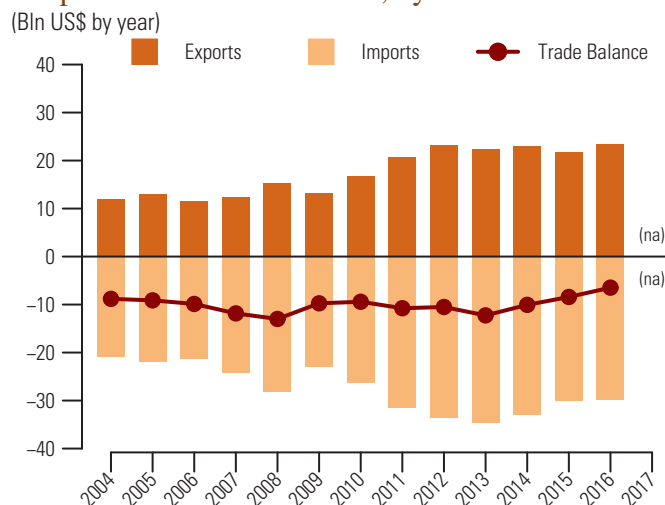
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Indonesia increased substantially by 16.8 percent to reach 168.8 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.0 percent to reach 157.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 11.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at 14.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Indonesia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Indonesia increased moderately by 7.6 percent, reaching 23.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.9 percent and reached 29.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 6.5 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 24.5, 21.8 and 13.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Palm oil and its fractions" (HS code 1511) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Japan and the United States, accounting for respectively 11.8, 11.2 and 10.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 12.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 5.3 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

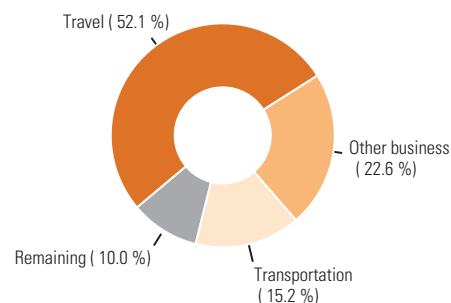


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		150366.3	144489.8	168810.0				
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		15385.3	14365.4	18513.1	0.6	0.6	0.8	US\$/kg
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		14717.3	12898.7	17867.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		10340.8	7036.8	8861.0	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		6479.4	5196.7	5237.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
4001 Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle.....		3701.5	3372.3	5105.3	1.4	1.3	1.8	US\$/kg
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		3277.2	3481.6	3439.6	1.9	1.8	2.4	US\$/kg
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		3287.9	4078.8	2638.7	16.9	16.6	19.0	thsd US\$/kg
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil.....		2378.3	2726.7	3028.3	0.9	1.3	1.6	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2430.6	2565.8	3096.5	14.7	14.4		thsd US\$/unit
3823 Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids.....		1835.2	2328.2	2990.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	US\$/kg

*Merchandise imports data follows special trade system up to 2007.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	168810.0	-1.9	16.8	100.0
0+1	14119.2	4.2	10.5	8.4
2+4	41312.1	1.3	30.2	24.5
3	36864.5	-10.5	32.3	21.8
5	9707.9	-3.0	5.3	5.8
6	22350.5	0.4	11.2	13.2
7	21566.4	-0.7	6.7	12.8
8	20952.7	5.3	-0.8	12.4
9	1936.7	1.6	33.5	1.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

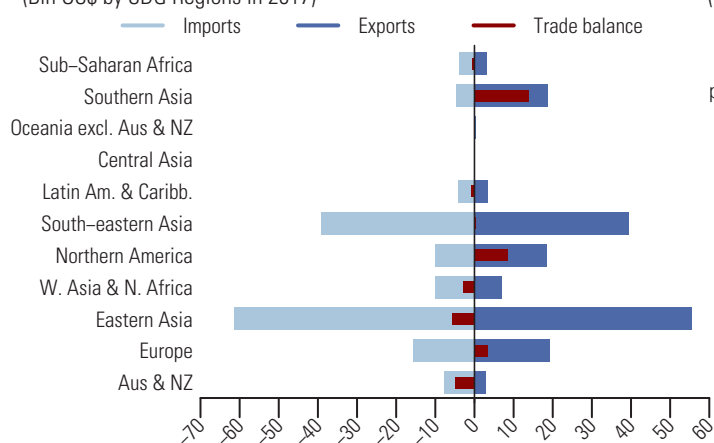
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	157388.2	-4.2	16.0	100.0
0+1	16783.2	3.4	16.6	10.7
2+4	10859.7	3.5	49.7	6.9
3	27981.8	-11.4	45.4	17.8
5	22406.6	-1.2	12.2	14.2
6	25229.4	-3.1	11.3	16.0
7	44969.0	-5.5	3.0	28.6
8	7692.7	2.8	5.2	4.9
9	1465.7	0.3	25.3	0.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

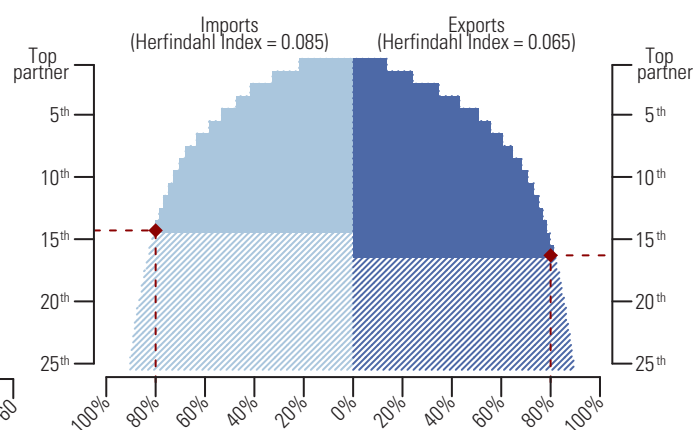
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



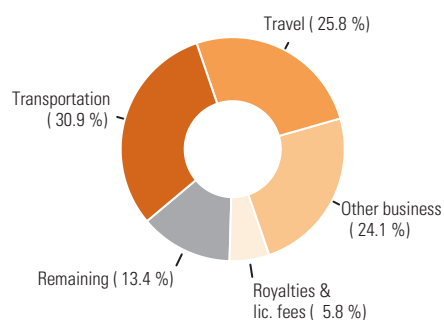
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

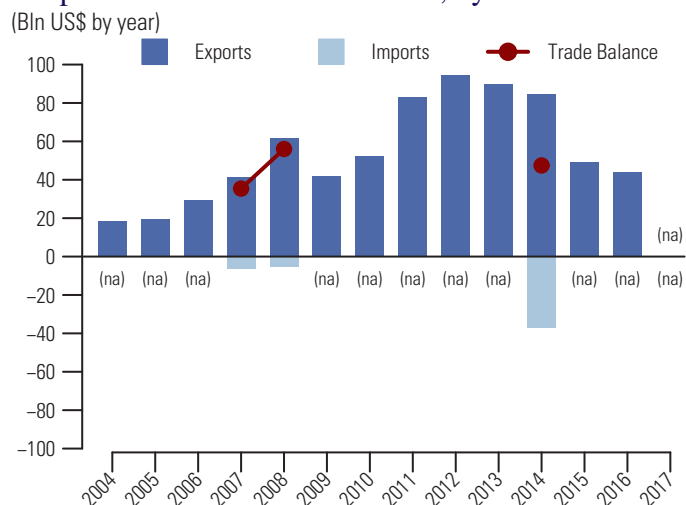
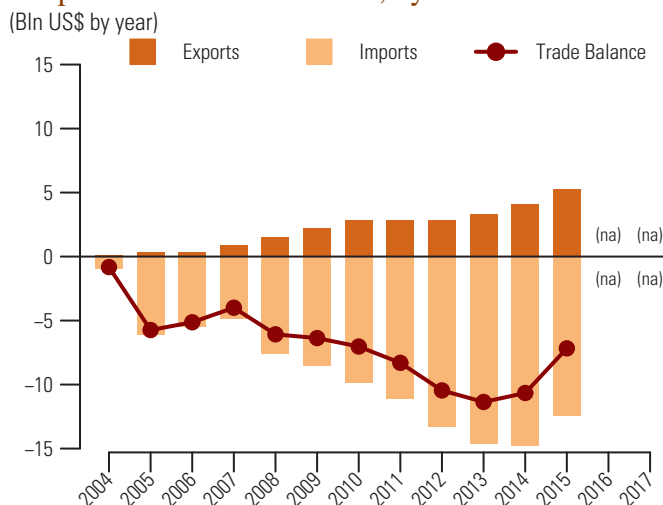
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.6, 17.8 and 16.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Singapore and Japan, accounting for respectively 21.7, 11.4 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 9.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 7.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

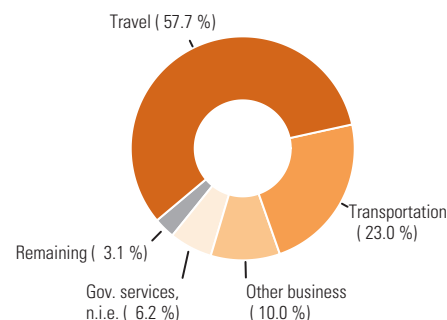
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		142694.8	135652.8	157388.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		14008.5	9940.9	14980.0	0.6	0.4	0.6	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		8063.3	6730.5	8231.7	0.4	0.3	0.5	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		4315.5	4185.4	4438.8				764
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		2082.8	2408.2	3627.8	0.3	0.2	0.3	041
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		2456.7	2593.5	2891.9	8.5	9.5	4.9	784
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		2013.0	1668.9	2896.8	0.5	0.4	0.5	343
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		1256.0	2090.1	2349.0	0.4	0.4	0.6	061
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1911.0	1642.3	1825.5				752
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		1814.0	1573.9	1840.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	081
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		1469.5	1534.1	1994.9	0.3	0.3	0.5	672

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Iraq reached 43.8 bln US\$. Iraq did not report value of merchandise imports for 2016 which, in 2014, was at 37.1 bln US\$. In 2015, the value of exports of services of Iraq increased substantially by 28.1 percent, reaching 5.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 15.8 percent and reached 12.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 7.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value****Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 100.0, 0.0 and 0.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, the United Arab Emirates and the Syrian Arab Republic, accounting for respectively 99.7, 0.1 and 0.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2012 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 653.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 283.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2012)**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		84506.0	49402.6	43774.0				
2709 Petroleum oils, crude.....		84129.8	49058.2	43622.9	0.8	0.8	0.4	US\$/kg 333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		279.9	239.3	145.2		0.6	0.4	US\$/kg 334
3403 Lubricating preparations.....		23.1	90.4	...	0.3	0.2		US\$/kg 597
2909 Ethers, ether-alcohols, ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols.....		43.0	...	...	1.7			US\$/kg 516
4102 Raw skins of sheep or lambs.....		11.6	8.6	2.4	2.9	0.4	0.2	US\$/kg 211
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried.....		6.3	2.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	US\$/kg 057
4107 Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting.....		6.8	0.3	1.1	4.2	5.0	5.3	US\$/kg 611
0504 Guts, bladders and stomachs of animals (other than fish).....		3.1	2.2	1.6	8.3	0.8	0.3	US\$/kg 291
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices.....		0.9	1.0	...	0.5	0.7		US\$/kg 059
1704 Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa.....		0.5	0.3	0.1	3.5	3.0	3.1	US\$/kg 062

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	43 774.0	-17.5	-11.4	100.0
0+1	0.4	-60.3	-89.8	0.0
2+4	4.3	-32.5	-60.4	0.0
3	43 768.1	-17.4	-11.2	100.0
5	0.1	-84.4	-99.9	0.0
6	1.1	-32.9	179.9	0.0
8	0.1	...	...	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2014	Avg. Growth rates		2014 share
		2012-2014	2013-2014	
Total	37 064.5	...	...	100.0
0+1	2 570.4	...	...	6.9
2+4	1 032.2	...	...	2.8
3	8 482.0	...	...	22.9
5	2 064.1	...	...	5.6
6	12 013.1	...	...	32.4
7	9 960.0	...	...	26.9
8	942.7	...	...	2.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

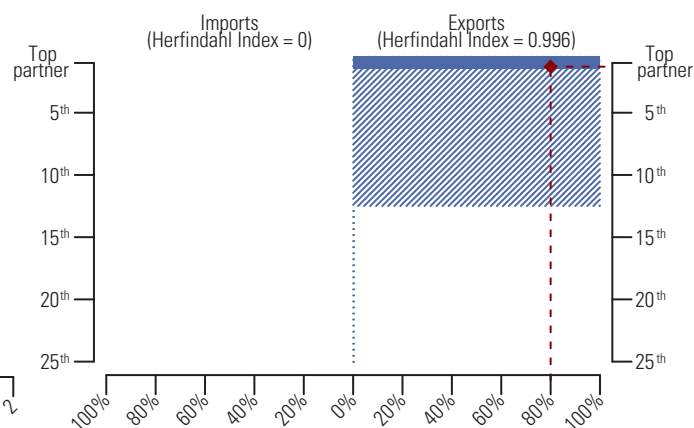
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2014)



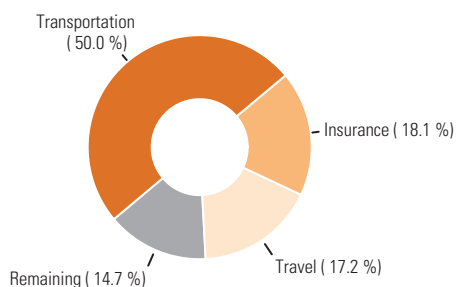
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2012)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2014, representing respectively 32.4, 26.9 and 22.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2012 to 2014, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, United Arab Emirates and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 28.3, 14.9 and 12.3 percent of total imports in 2014. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2012 at 6.6 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 2.4 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2012 to 2014

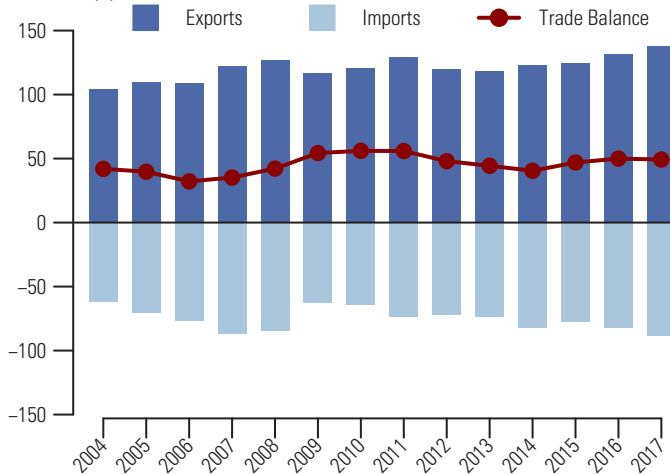
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value		SITC code
		2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	
All Commodities.....		37 064.5			
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		6 387.1	1.5	US\$/kg	343
7305 Other tubes and pipes (for example, welded, riveted or similarly closed).....		4 051.1	61.7	US\$/kg	679
7306 Other tubes, pipes and hollow profiles.....		3 899.2	3.2	US\$/kg	679
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 093.4			334
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters (for example, rectifiers).....		1 729.9			771
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1 701.8	11.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		1 400.6	5.5	US\$/kg	723
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		1 068.4	21.5	thsd US\$/unit	782
3003 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		910.5	8.6	US\$/kg	542
8609 Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids).....		891.7	39.1	thsd US\$/unit	786

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Ireland increased slightly by 4.6 percent to reach 138.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.3 percent to reach 88.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 49.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 23.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ireland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Ireland increased substantially by 11.9 percent, reaching 153.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 22.3 percent and reached 204.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 51.0 bln US\$.

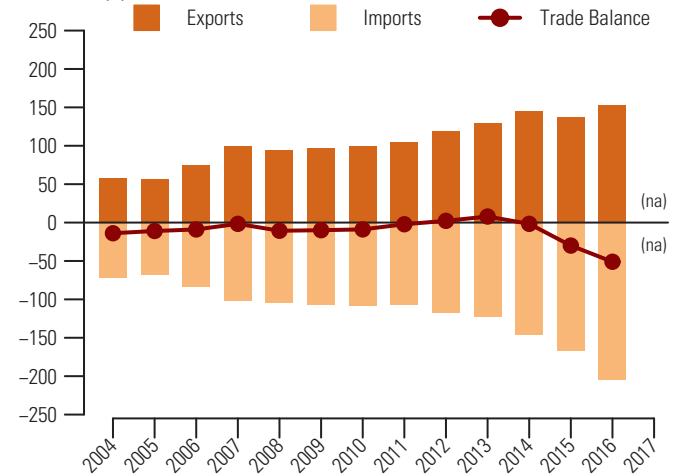
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 55.3, 17.3 and 11.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Belgium and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 26.0, 12.0 and 11.8 percent of total exports. "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 71.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 33.7 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 12.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

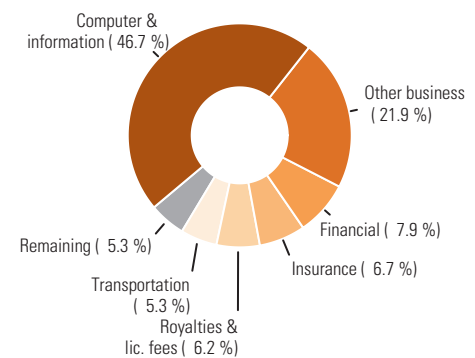


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		124730.5	132009.8	138072.2					
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		21884.3	19780.2	17229.9	137.6	127.8	99.0	US\$/kg	542
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.....		13577.7	14401.5	13299.0	14.7	19.1	19.9	thsd US\$/kg	515
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		8725.5	10715.9	19924.4	2.9	4.8	7.4	thsd US\$/kg	541
3302 Mixtures of odiferous substances and mixtures.....		8153.9	8035.3	7838.3	59.3	58.7	55.9	US\$/kg	551
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		5736.5	6272.2	6516.2			9.7	mln US\$/unit	792
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		5659.4	5474.6	5411.4					872
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....		4814.5	5355.7	5740.0					899
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		1522.1	6175.4	5319.1					776
2935 Sulphonamides.....		4178.2	4919.9	3700.5	20.6	31.0	5.1	thsd US\$/kg	515
2934 Nucleic acids and their salts.....		3702.1	4505.2	3355.2			518.5	US\$/kg	515

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	138072.2	3.9	4.6	100.0
0+1	14341.2	2.2	13.4	10.4
2+4	2011.7	-3.3	13.1	1.5
3	1114.9	0.5	45.8	0.8
5	76410.1	3.4	4.2	55.3
6	2684.0	4.2	13.1	1.9
7	23905.1	11.0	0.8	17.3
8	16411.7	1.5	0.7	11.9
9	1193.6	-7.5	11.1	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

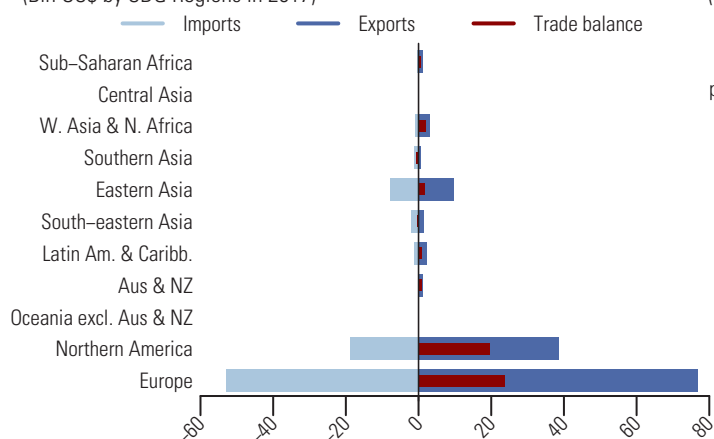
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	88828.4	4.6	8.3	100.0
0+1	9117.5	0.0	8.4	10.3
2+4	1301.4	1.5	8.9	1.5
3	5270.8	-12.9	26.1	5.9
5	19662.7	8.1	18.9	22.1
6	5673.4	2.4	7.8	6.4
7	36253.7	9.5	3.7	40.8
8	8982.3	2.6	-1.5	10.1
9	2566.5	10.2	8.1	2.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

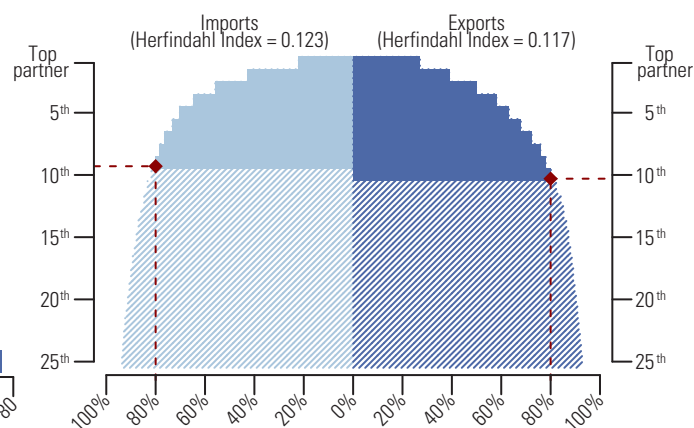
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



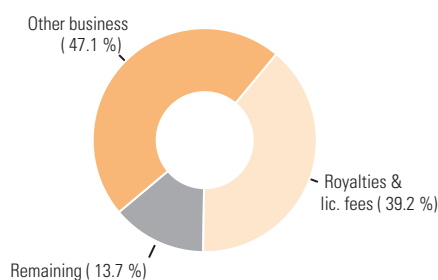
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 40.8, 22.1 and 10.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft" (HS code 8802) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Kingdom, the United States and France, accounting for respectively 22.5, 18.4 and 13.0 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 96.5 bln US\$, followed by "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 80.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

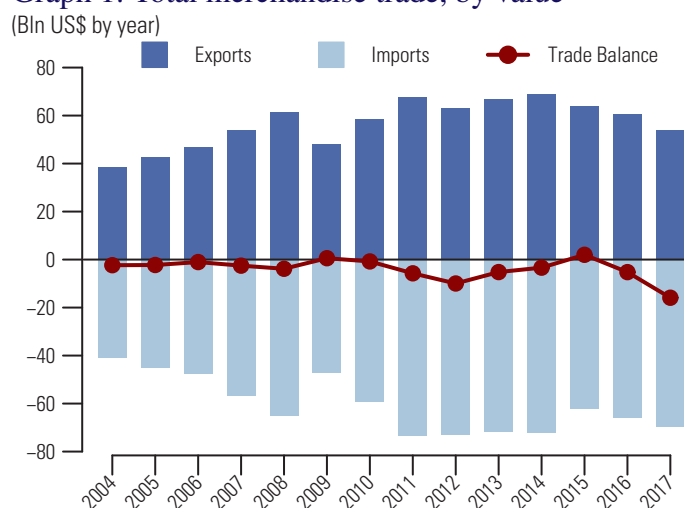
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		77795.3	82028.9	88828.4				
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		12683.1	17750.9	18453.8			17.9	mIn US\$/unit
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		3615.2	2888.9	2989.7	70.9	78.0	88.0	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2521.8	2772.4	2606.9	16.2	17.1	8.0	thsd US\$/unit
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		2643.5	2588.0	2663.9			408.4	US\$/unit
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		1026.7	2039.3	4662.8	0.6	1.3	2.6	thsd US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2473.7	2002.1	2629.9	0.6	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1763.9	2328.4	2501.7				
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.....		1610.0	1593.0	1646.5	257.5	307.4	241.2	US\$/kg
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1549.3	1129.9	1392.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1325.4	1300.9	1336.4				

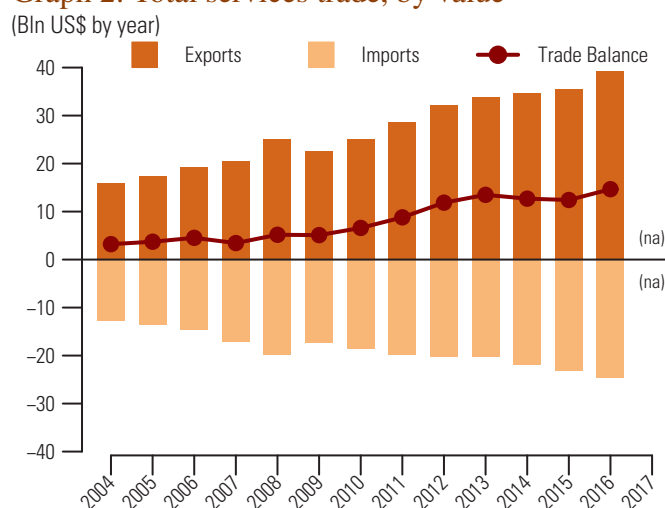
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Israel decreased substantially by 11.2 percent to reach 53.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 5.9 percent to reach 69.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 15.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -10.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Israel were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Israel increased substantially by 10.2 percent, reaching 39.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 6.0 percent and reached 24.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 14.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 27.7, 26.8 and 26.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China, Hong Kong SAR and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 28.2, 7.2 and 7.0 percent of total exports. "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 17.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 9.6 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

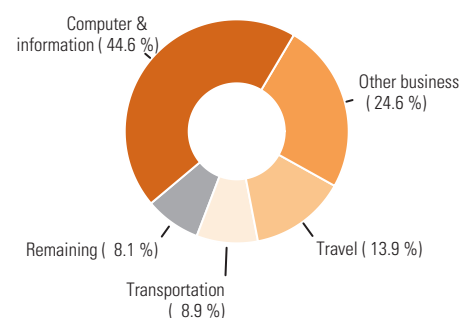


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		64 062.2	60 570.6	53 791.3					
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		17 609.0	15 659.1	11 186.4				667	
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		5 578.6	3 452.5	2 390.8				776	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		3 764.3	3 864.9	2 754.3		62.5	US\$/kg	542	
3003 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2 539.4	2 503.4	3 322.0		78.5	US\$/kg	542	
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		2 521.6	2 427.0	2 487.1		665.4	US\$/kg	792	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 589.1	1 597.3	1 587.4				764	
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		1 441.7	1 553.4	1 571.8				872	
3824 Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores.....		2 115.0	985.8	1 245.6				598	
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		1 015.2	943.6	1 172.3		10.8	US\$/kg	591	
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		991.0	910.6	827.4		1.2	1.8	US\$/kg	562

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	53 791.3	-5.3	-11.2	100.0
0+1	1 722.3	-4.7	3.2	3.2
2+4	874.0	-3.7	1.3	1.6
3	817.0	-6.2	-2.8	1.5
5	14 251.1	-5.8	-0.7	26.5
6	14 425.2	-10.3	-25.0	26.8
7	14 886.8	-2.0	-10.5	27.7
8	6 775.9	5.7	15.9	12.6
9	39.0	-50.6	-96.5	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

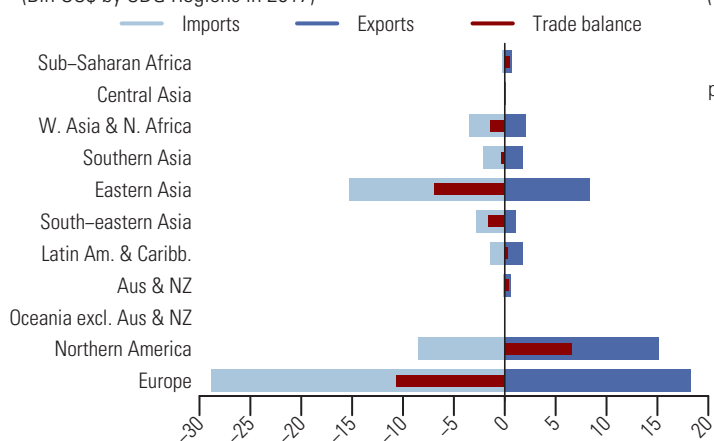
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	69 692.6	-0.8	5.9	100.0
0+1	5 526.1	3.7	9.1	7.9
2+4	1 436.0	-2.4	8.4	2.1
3	7 604.7	-15.0	30.9	10.9
5	8 162.1	0.5	11.2	11.7
6	14 411.8	-2.7	4.1	20.7
7	24 091.6	4.4	-2.4	34.6
8	7 903.5	5.7	11.3	11.3
9	556.8	7.2	-13.1	0.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

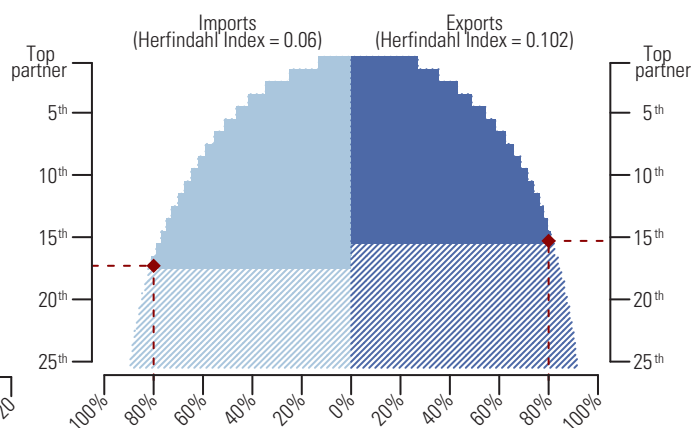
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



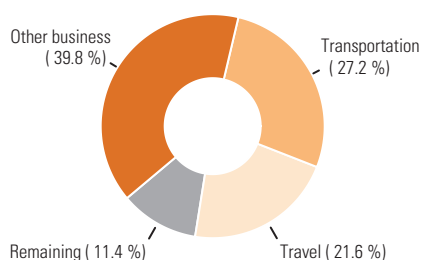
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.6, 20.7 and 11.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 12.3, 10.5 and 8.4 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 9.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 6.7 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

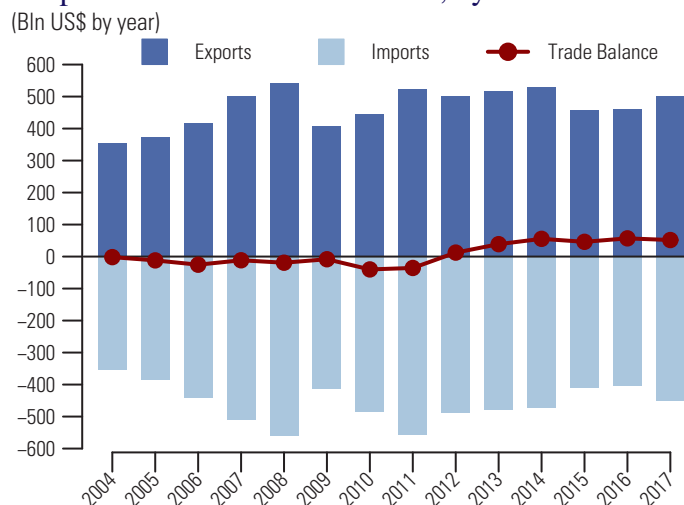
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		62 067.8	65 802.7	69 692.6				
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		6 892.2	7 143.2	6 748.2				667
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		4 552.2	3 271.9	4 444.7	0.1	0.3	0.4	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3 128.4	4 960.4	3 767.9	13.3	13.6		781
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		2 531.3	2 724.4	1 041.5				776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 790.4	1 723.5	1 990.9			1.0	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 656.7	1 612.5	2 022.3				764
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices.....		244.1	1 764.6	2 191.7				728
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1 284.9	1 294.1	1 436.7				752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 295.1	1 333.5	1 358.3			141.6	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		766.0	950.8	1 051.9	40.2	37.0		782

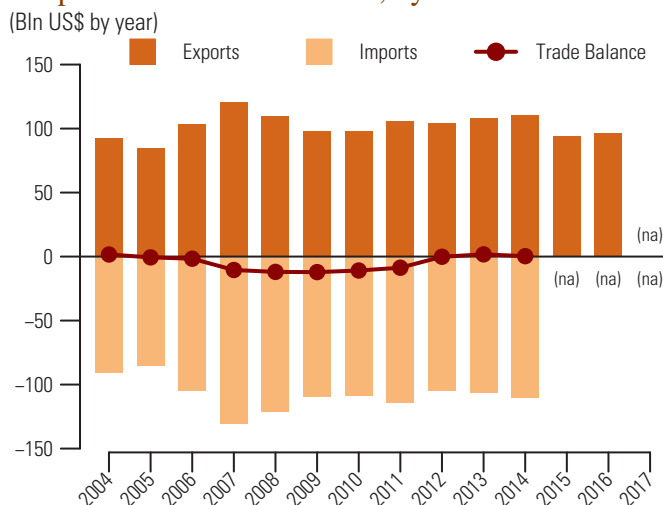
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Italy increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 503.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.6 percent to reach 451.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 51.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 31.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Italy were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 28 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 24 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). No trade in services data is available.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 36.3, 17.9 and 17.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, France and the United States, accounting for respectively 12.5, 10.4 and 8.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 40.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 22.8 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 12.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

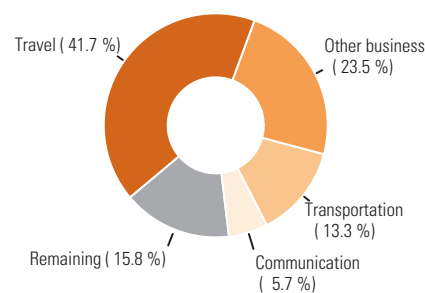


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		456988.7	461529.4	503053.9				
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		16383.0	16642.6	18275.7	85.4	68.6		US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		13986.6	15169.9	18021.4	21.8	21.9		thsd US\$/unit
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		12583.1	12517.5	13656.1	6.9	7.2	7.5	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		13000.4	10517.6	14512.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		8998.8	9068.4	7229.5				
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		7693.1	7587.3	7708.1	61.5	63.8		US\$/pair
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		7577.9	7242.4	7583.6	19.4	18.2		US\$/kg
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		7017.4	6910.1	7223.1			4.0	US\$/kg
4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases.....		6457.9	6511.9	7455.1				
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		6282.6	6048.7	6969.4	6.2	4.4		thsd US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	503 053.9	-0.7	9.0	100.0
0+1	42 039.6	1.6	10.3	8.4
2+4	8 402.5	-1.0	8.3	1.7
3	16 257.6	-8.4	36.2	3.2
5	66 140.8	1.1	14.4	13.1
6	89 173.1	-1.7	9.6	17.7
7	182 594.8	0.5	8.2	36.3
8	89 870.8	-0.4	7.4	17.9
9	8 574.7	-16.7	-29.7	1.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	451 415.5	-1.5	11.6	100.0
0+1	41 920.0	-1.3	8.0	9.3
2+4	21 634.2	-3.4	8.7	4.8
3	54 083.4	-13.2	31.5	12.0
5	70 322.4	-1.3	8.8	15.6
6	70 130.1	0.7	16.3	15.5
7	129 769.4	4.5	9.8	28.7
8	54 930.6	1.3	5.8	12.2
9	8 625.4	-7.5	-10.4	1.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

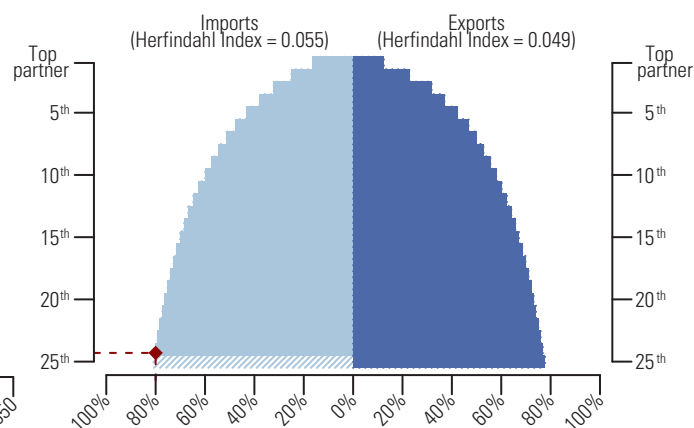
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



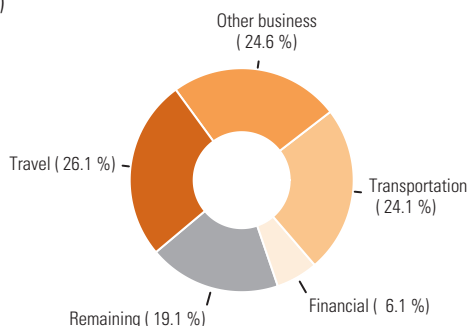
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.7, 15.6 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, France and China, accounting for respectively 16.1, 8.8 and 7.4 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 28.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

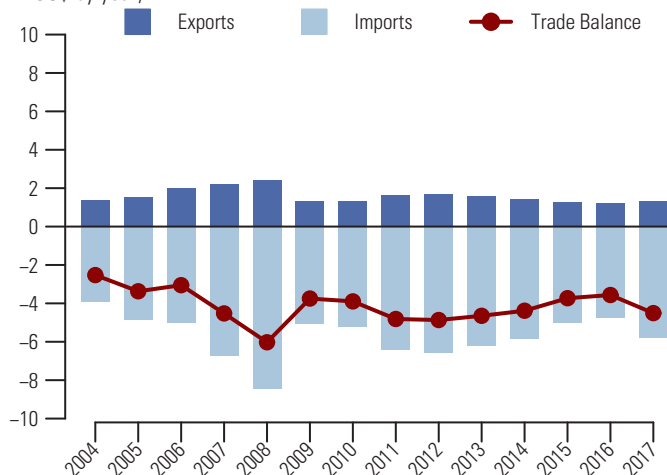
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		410 933.3	404 578.0	451 415.5				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		22 588.4	27 480.9	31 186.7	15.1	15.7	16.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		23 788.9	18 893.1	26 098.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		17 031.5	12 372.2	15 636.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 343
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		14 064.0	14 414.3	15 135.4	106.5	113.1	119.6	US\$/kg 542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		8 055.9	7 650.7	8 494.1				764
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		7 349.9	7 834.1	8 532.7	8.2	8.0	8.7	US\$/kg 784
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		7 006.7	6 264.5	7 673.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		5 455.4	5 822.4	6 234.0				931
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		4 828.9	5 035.8	6 940.1	584.2	604.0	608.3	US\$/kg 541
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		4 987.9	4 632.8	5 006.5	166.2	160.9	177.1	US\$/unit 752

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Jamaica increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 1.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.0 percent to reach 5.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Jamaica were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Jamaica increased moderately by 7.0 percent, reaching 3.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 3.2 percent and reached 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 897.9 mln US\$.

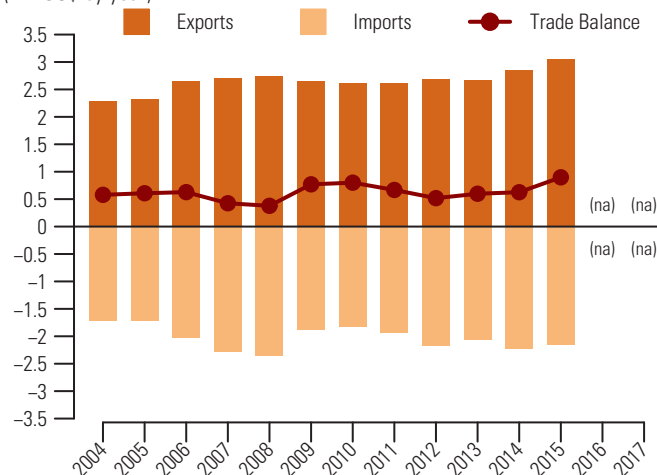
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 47.7, 25.9 and 17.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined" (HS code 2818) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Canada and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 41.2, 12.0 and 10.4 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 197.3 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 185.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

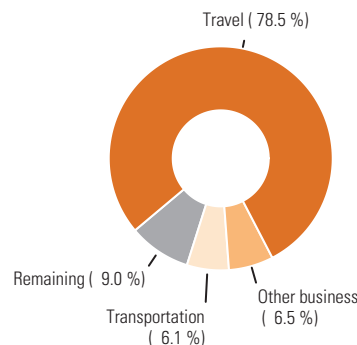


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	1 262.6	1 201.8	1 309.7				
	2818 Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined.....	554.9	457.7	517.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 522
	2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	193.5	172.9	231.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 334
	2606 Aluminium ores and concentrates.....	129.9	92.2	92.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg 285
	2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	39.7	47.6	48.1	2.7	2.8	3.4	US\$/litre 112
	0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots.....	23.4	31.1	35.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	US\$/kg 054
	0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	27.0	29.7	22.9	45.1	50.0	38.3	US\$/kg 071
	9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....	53.1	13.0	4.2				931
	2203 Beer made from malt.....	9.1	17.2	34.8	1.4	1.3	1.1	US\$/litre 112
	2103 Sauces and preparations therefor.....	14.2	19.9	20.1	3.3	3.4	3.8	US\$/kg 098
	2008 Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants.....	14.6	21.8	16.8	5.9	4.3	5.9	US\$/kg 058

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1309.7	-4.4	9.0	100.0
0+1	339.8	1.0	8.0	25.9
2+4	624.5	-2.2	12.2	47.7
3	233.9	-9.9	33.9	17.9
5	25.9	-30.4	-11.2	2.0
6	23.0	14.9	-42.4	1.8
7	33.9	-3.6	-19.3	2.6
8	21.7	-2.7	-24.4	1.7
9	7.0	-21.8	-57.0	0.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

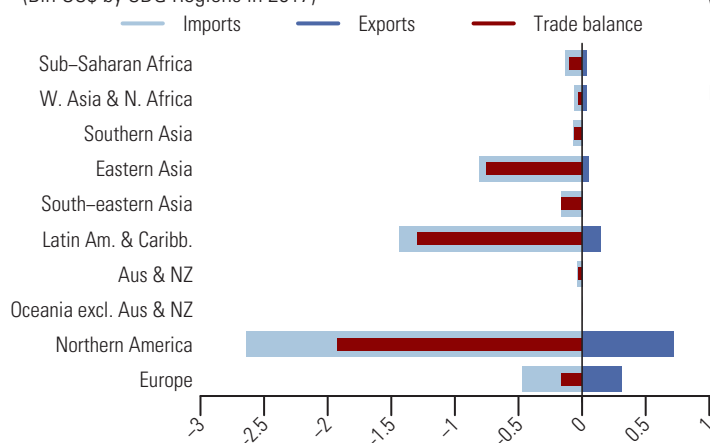
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5818.1	-1.6	22.0	100.0
0+1	923.8	-2.8	6.1	15.9
2+4	118.7	4.4	57.3	2.0
3	1423.2	-10.9	50.9	24.5
5	663.4	-3.4	19.1	11.4
6	673.9	2.9	17.5	11.6
7	1474.8	13.2	18.3	25.3
8	519.8	4.0	18.7	8.9
9	20.5	-34.8	-67.4	0.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

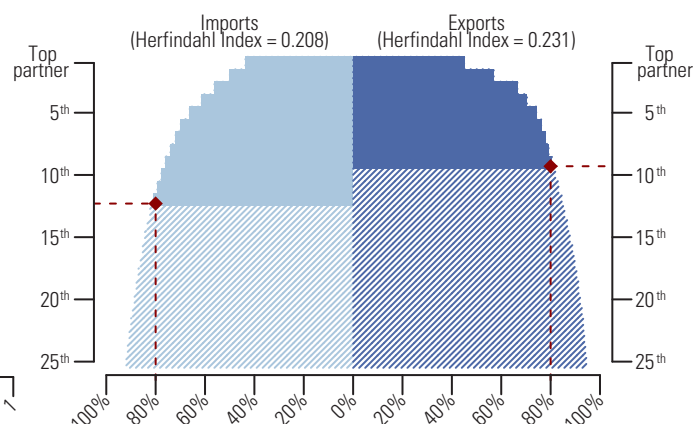
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



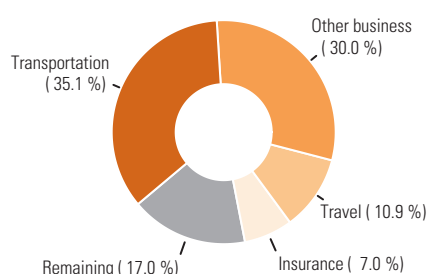
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 25.3, 24.5 and 15.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and China, accounting for respectively 40.4, 7.2 and 7.0 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 758.9 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 649.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 234.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

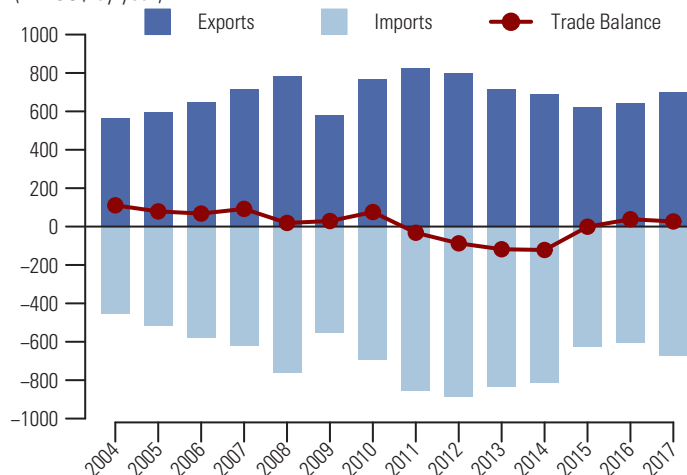
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		4993.0	4767.1	5818.1				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		685.2	567.4	836.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		414.3	324.2	405.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		199.4	382.2	471.2	17.3	17.1	17.0	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		141.9	138.4	180.3	60.0	53.8	59.6	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		119.7	83.1	70.3				764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		40.6	46.2	174.1	0.4	0.4	0.5	343
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		70.2	89.9	78.7	6.6	2.1	3.9	098
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		155.4	62.8	20.5				931
2815 Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda).....		43.6	72.8	109.3	0.2	1.5	0.2	522
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		38.0	77.5	100.3			20.2	782

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Japan increased moderately by 8.2 percent to reach 698.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.6 percent to reach 671.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 26.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 59.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Japan were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Japan increased slightly by 1.8 percent, reaching 172.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.1 percent and reached 175.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 2.9 bln US\$.

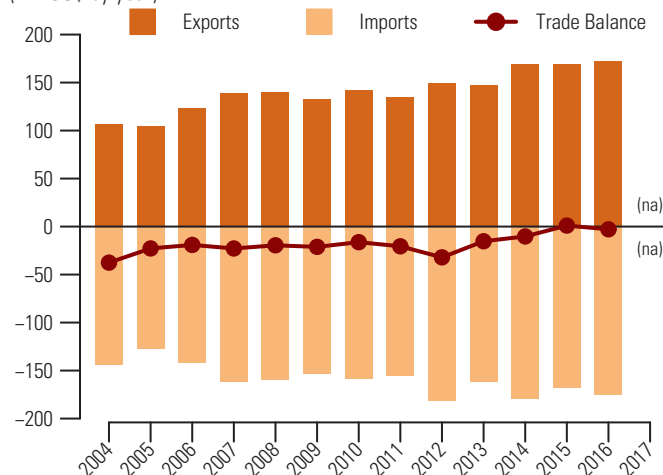
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 58.8, 11.3 and 10.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 19.9, 18.1 and 7.3 percent of total exports. "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 39.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 38.7 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 31.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

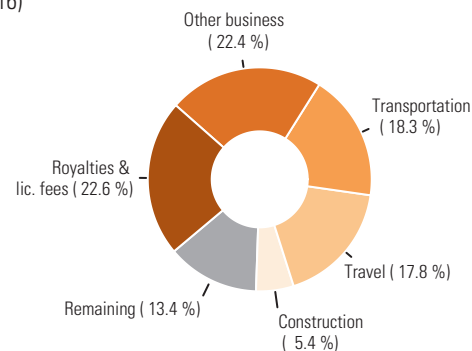


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		624873.5	644932.4	698097.2					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		86047.1	91900.0	93372.7	17.3	18.2	17.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		37036.3	38182.8	44042.6					931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		28614.8	31667.5	34540.7	11.2	11.9	12.1	US\$/kg	784
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		23641.5	24064.5	26671.1					776
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices.....		13137.5	17822.4	22759.7					728
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		11000.3	12183.4	11766.3					793
8443 Printing machinery used for printing by means of the printing type, blocks.....		10405.0	9813.7	10019.1					726
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		9676.2	8864.1	8860.8	15.7	16.3	16.5	thsd US\$/unit	782
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		8420.4	8857.5	8853.9					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		9597.5	7592.0	8898.8	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	698 097.2	-0.6	8.2	100.0
0+1	5 730.4	6.5	2.8	0.8
2+4	10 217.1	-5.0	15.1	1.5
3	11 377.0	-9.1	21.4	1.6
5	71 440.0	-1.5	11.1	10.2
6	78 578.2	-4.5	7.4	11.3
7	410 697.3	-0.2	6.5	58.8
8	55 783.8	0.0	8.7	8.0
9	54 273.4	7.2	16.0	7.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

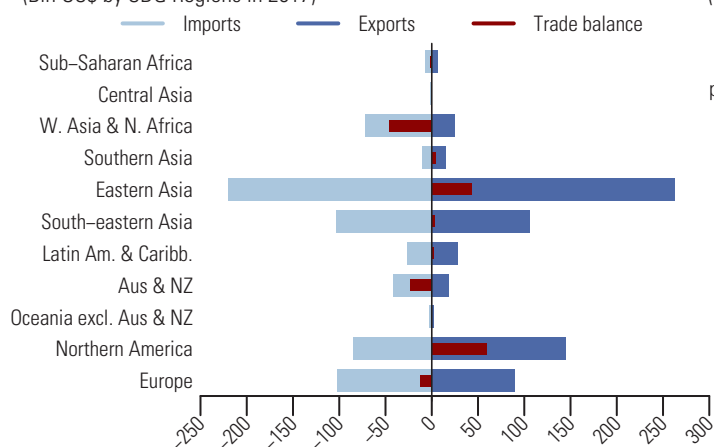
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	671 474.3	-5.3	10.6	100.0
0+1	62 664.1	-1.4	7.4	9.3
2+4	43 739.4	-6.7	12.5	6.5
3	141 464.1	-15.8	27.6	21.1
5	66 979.2	0.5	3.2	10.0
6	58 792.3	-1.2	9.8	8.8
7	193 292.9	0.6	8.0	28.8
8	92 890.6	-1.7	2.6	13.8
9	11 651.8	-0.5	7.1	1.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

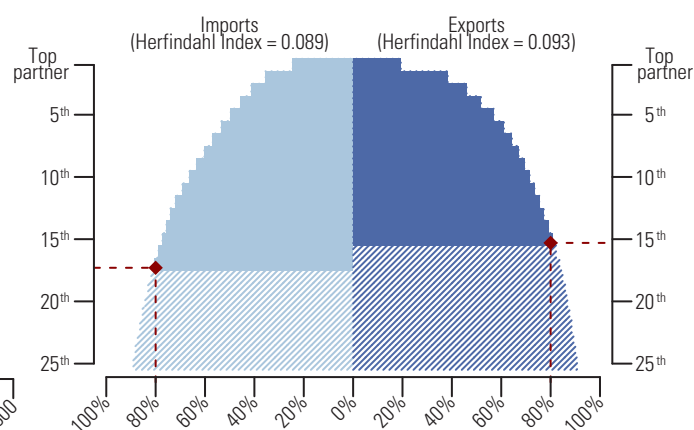
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



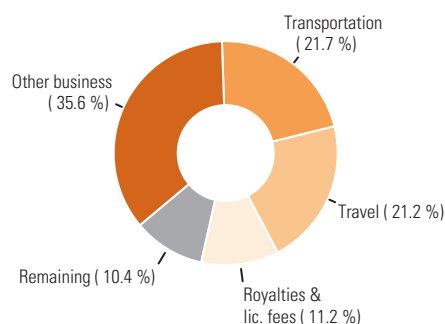
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.8, 21.1 and 13.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Australia, accounting for respectively 25.3, 11.1 and 5.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 62.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 38.0 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 37.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

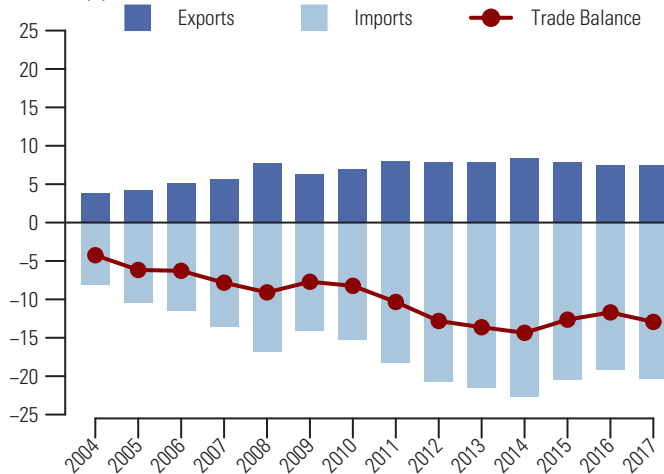
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		625 568.4	606 924.0	671 474.3				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		45 005.8	50 767.5	63 744.7	0.7	0.3	0.4	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		50 945.9	34 323.5	40 302.0				343
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		22 689.2	23 596.0	26 119.6				764
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		16 338.4	15 242.5	23 106.0	0.1	0.1		321
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		16 928.0	16 961.0	19 444.2				776
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		17 291.2	17 046.9	14 757.6	339.8	326.4	289.2	542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		13 503.7	13 239.1	14 854.0	184.3	183.0	198.8	752
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		14 478.4	9 394.2	12 920.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		10 695.8	10 572.1	11 311.4				931
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		8 984.7	10 328.6	11 107.3	27.8	31.0	32.8	781

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Jordan decreased slightly by 0.5 percent to reach 7.5 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 6.2 percent to reach 20.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 12.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Jordan were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Jordan decreased slightly by 3.7 percent, reaching 6.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.8 percent and reached 4.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 28.8, 26.2 and 16.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Other garments, knitted or crocheted" (HS code 6114) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Saudi Arabia and Free zones, accounting for respectively 20.2, 13.2 and 11.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 4.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 554.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

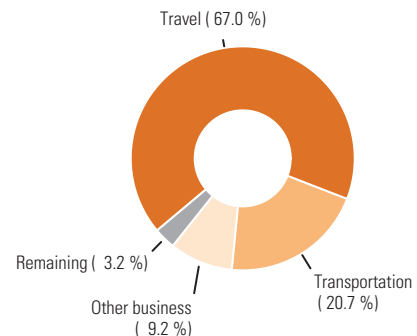


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		7833.0	7509.1	7469.2				
6114 Other garments, knitted or crocheted.....		1128.3	1171.9	1348.6	24.5	24.3	23.8	US\$/kg 845
3104 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, potassic.....		620.1	433.7	472.6			83.3	US\$/kg 562
2510 Natural calcium phosphates.....		523.4	434.4	375.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 272
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		404.6	468.3	422.6	50.7	51.2	38.0	US\$/kg 542
0702 Tomatoes, fresh or chilled.....		331.6	255.5	223.1	0.8	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 054
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		87.5	406.2	253.1	197.8	604.7	451.0	US\$/kg 792
3003 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		216.6	235.1	228.0	20.1	21.3	12.7	US\$/kg 542
0104 Live sheep and goats.....		200.1	139.5	161.6			77.1	US\$/unit 001
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		140.1	145.5	140.6	10.7	12.2	14.9	thsd US\$/kg 897
2809 Diphosphorus pentoxide; phosphoric acid.....		180.1	83.6	153.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg 522

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	7 469.2	-1.5	-0.5	100.0
0+1	1 204.4	-5.6	-1.8	16.1
2+4	524.1	-1.2	-6.0	7.0
3	10.4	-19.0	26.7	0.1
5	2 151.3	-4.7	3.9	28.8
6	612.7	-6.7	3.4	8.2
7	943.4	5.1	-14.3	12.6
8	1 957.8	5.1	4.1	26.2
9	65.1	15.8	-9.3	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

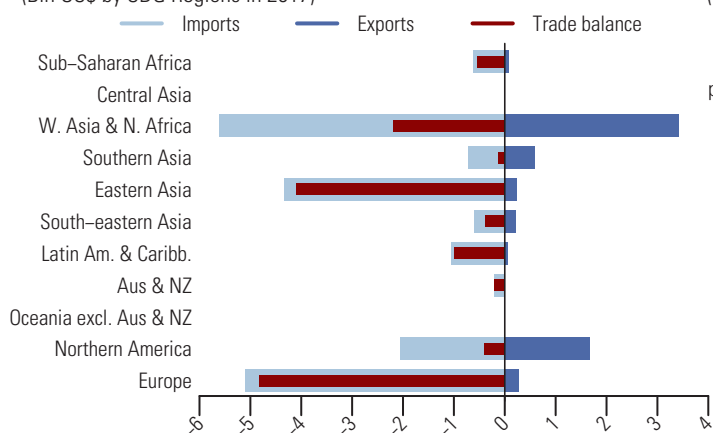
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	20 407.3	-1.4	6.2	100.0
0+1	3 589.1	1.1	-5.7	17.6
2+4	484.2	-2.6	-7.4	2.4
3	3 407.0	-11.4	25.9	16.7
5	2 081.7	-1.8	-1.1	10.2
6	2 919.9	-4.7	-2.2	14.3
7	5 575.4	9.1	16.6	27.3
8	1 480.8	0.2	-2.9	7.3
9	869.2	0.5	12.1	4.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

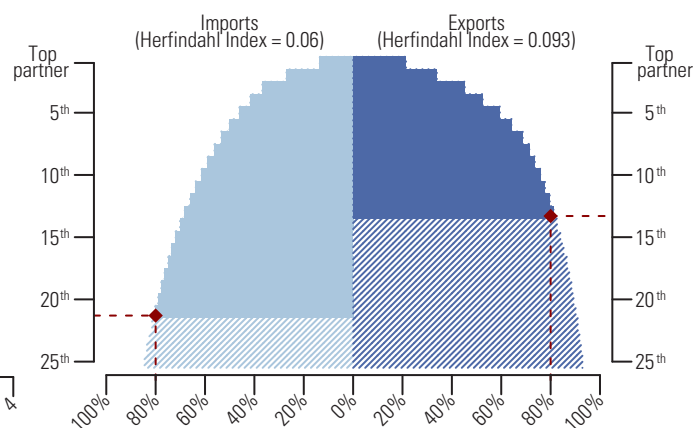
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



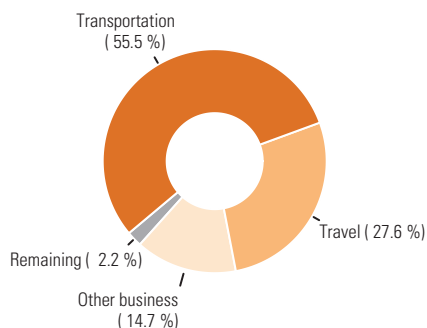
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.3, 17.6 and 16.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Saudi Arabia, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 13.5, 13.5 and 7.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 2.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.3 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 671.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

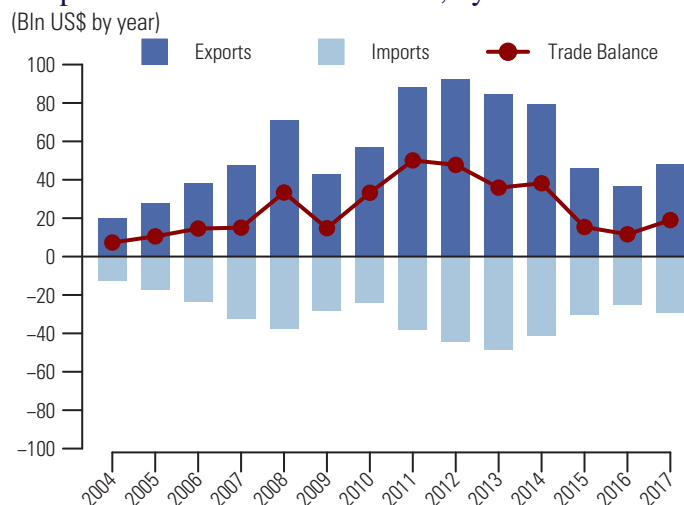
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		20 474.9	19 207.0	20 407.3				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1 049.1	1 221.9	1 473.5	20.4	19.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1 311.4	913.6	1 094.0	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 386.5	815.4	1 075.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		707.9	903.6	1 185.0	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	343
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		865.8	468.0	511.4	39.3	40.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		476.4	493.9	430.4				764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		421.1	439.4	439.1	44.1	47.1	US\$/kg	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		401.6	356.1	303.4				782
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		387.4	307.2	357.8				931
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics.....		330.1	335.3	317.2	8.4	7.8	US\$/kg	655

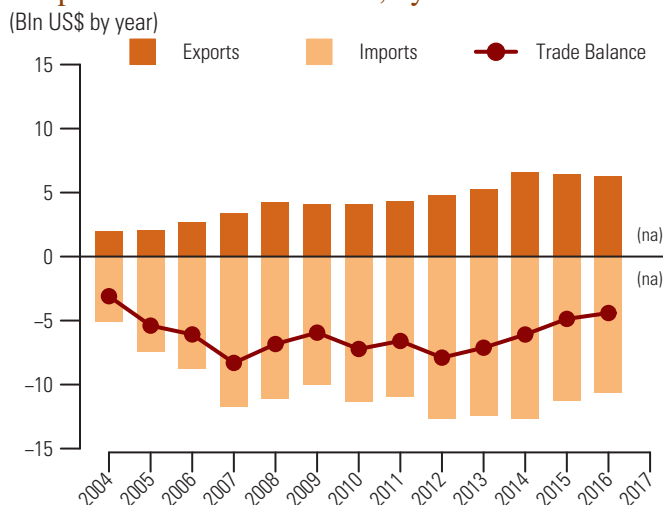
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Kazakhstan increased substantially by 31.5 percent to reach 48.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.6 percent to reach 29.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 19.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 14.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kazakhstan were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Kazakhstan decreased slightly by 2.3 percent, reaching 6.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 5.4 percent and reached 10.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 4.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 63.5, 19.0 and 7.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, China and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 18.5, 11.8 and 9.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 3.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.5 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 481.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

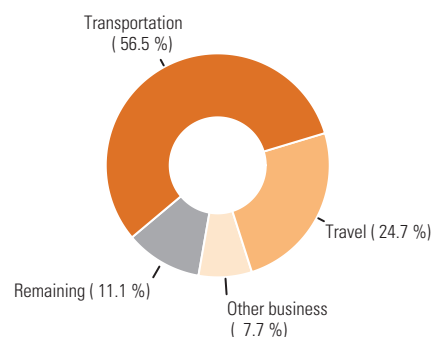


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		45954.4	36775.3	48342.1				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		26773.0	19378.0	26584.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		2384.8	1738.8	2263.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg 343
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....		1919.7	1824.3	2342.5	5.4	4.5	5.8	US\$/kg 682
2844 Radioactive chemical elements and radioactive isotopes.....		2347.8	1771.8	1442.1	81.5	60.4	51.3	US\$/kg 525
7202 Ferro-alloys.....		1357.2	1400.2	2205.7	1.2	1.0	1.5	US\$/kg 671
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1383.9	812.6	1161.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 334
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		688.7	685.1	660.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041
7901 Unwrought zinc.....		575.7	551.6	834.8	2.0	1.9	2.8	US\$/kg 686
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		310.9	444.8	1080.3	0.8	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg 283
7106 Silver (including silver plated with gold or platinum).....		482.4	584.6	538.0	376.2	499.7	519.0	US\$/kg 681

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	48 342.1	-13.1	31.5	100.0
0+1	1 985.2	-5.2	6.9	4.1
2+4	3 577.4	-4.2	52.3	7.4
3	30 679.0	-17.0	37.4	63.5
5	2 118.7	-9.0	-8.4	4.4
6	9 194.2	2.5	36.9	19.0
7	615.4	-16.0	-9.3	1.3
8	152.8	-11.7	-69.1	0.3
9	19.3	-54.8	-40.7	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	29 345.9	-11.9	16.6	100.0
0+1	3 142.5	-7.6	13.9	10.7
2+4	1 320.3	10.0	21.6	4.5
3	1 766.9	-24.6	16.6	6.0
5	3 960.4	-6.3	21.2	13.5
6	5 817.4	-12.3	12.8	19.8
7	10 204.5	-13.6	16.5	34.8
8	3 059.6	-10.5	18.1	10.4
9	74.4	-5.9	103.8	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

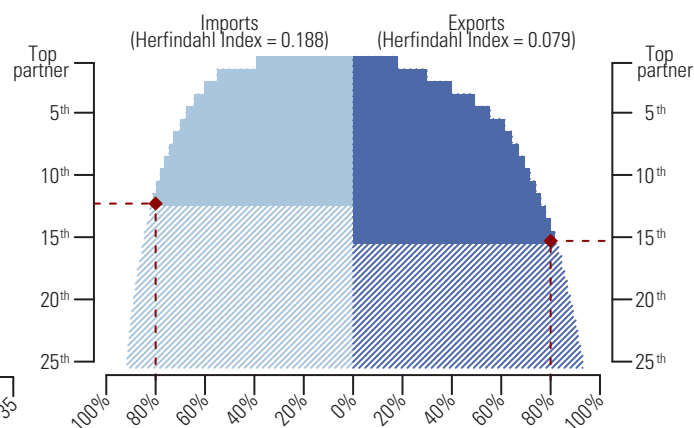
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



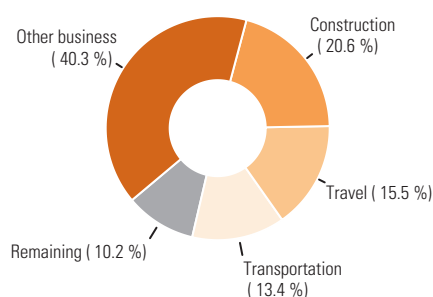
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.8, 19.8 and 13.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 36.6, 15.8 and 5.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.3 bln US\$, followed by "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 2.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

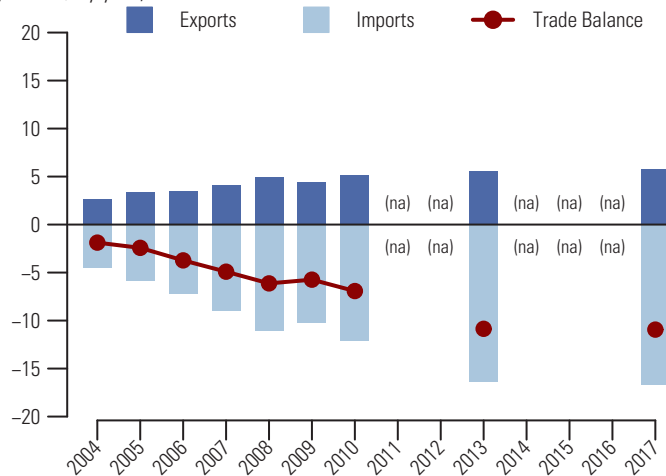
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		30 567.2	25 174.8	29 345.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		931.8	777.4	1 023.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		925.5	695.3	795.6	42.0	33.5	32.0	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		718.4	606.0	837.5				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		873.1	416.3	551.2	11.3	17.9		thsd US\$/unit
7305 Other tubes and pipes (for example, welded, riveted or similarly closed).....		805.8	525.9	104.5	3.5	3.7	1.6	US\$/kg
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		475.9	483.3	409.8	15.6	18.1	12.5	US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		439.9	473.2	324.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		397.0	313.1	401.2	1.9	1.5	1.6	US\$/kg
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		489.2	276.6	288.0	2.1	2.2	1.7	US\$/kg
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		468.9	308.9	193.2	12.3	0.7		mIn US\$/unit

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Kenya reached 5.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 16.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 10.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kenya were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Kenya decreased slightly by 0.8 percent, reaching 4.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 20.5 percent and reached 2.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

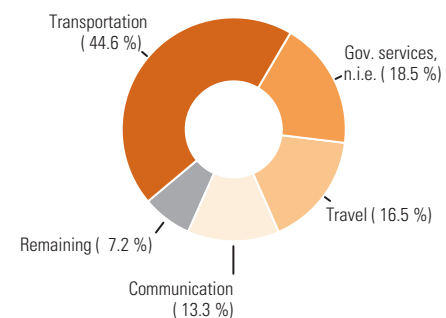
(Bln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 46.7, 18.2 and 10.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Tea" (HS code 0902) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Pakistan, Uganda and the United States, accounting for respectively 10.8, 10.4 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 2.2 bln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 908.1 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 810.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2017	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	5747.4				
0902	Tea, whether or not flavoured.....	...	...	1424.7	3.0	US\$/kg	074
0603	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets.....	...	...	540.9	3.6	US\$/kg	292
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	...	...	349.0	0.5	US\$/kg	334
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	...	...	229.7	5.1	US\$/kg	071
2614	Titanium ores and concentrates.....	...	...	133.4	0.2	US\$/kg	287
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	...	...	111.8			542
0804	Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried.....	...	...	95.7	1.4	US\$/kg	057
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	...	...	91.1	8.5	US\$/kg	122
6203	Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....	...	...	81.2	3.8	US\$/unit	841
7210	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....	...	...	79.3	1.1	US\$/kg	674

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5747.4	0.9	...	100.0
0+1	2686.8	3.7	...	46.7
2+4	1046.4	6.0	...	18.2
3	353.7	12.8	...	6.2
5	459.6	-1.4	...	8.0
6	423.2	-12.1	...	7.4
7	186.2	-3.4	...	3.2
8	578.3	-0.3	...	10.1
9	13.1	-47.0	...	0.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

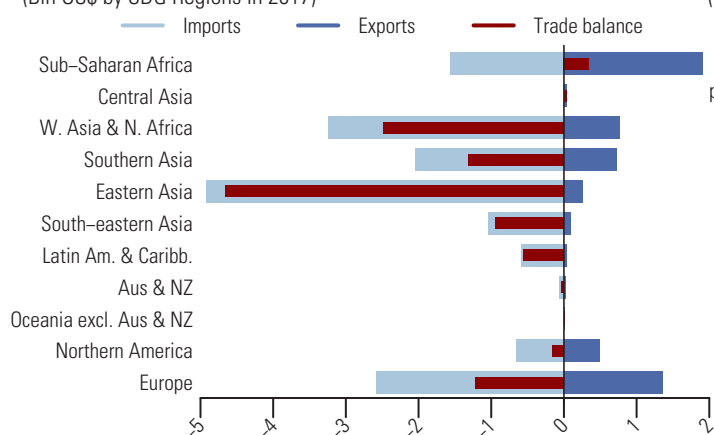
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	16690.2	0.4	...	100.0
0+1	2477.8	20.6	...	14.8
2+4	942.5	2.3	...	5.6
3	2728.2	-8.4	...	16.3
5	2301.4	0.2	...	13.8
6	2587.3	-0.4	...	15.5
7	4702.8	0.4	...	28.2
8	949.7	4.6	...	5.7
9	0.7	-74.7	...	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

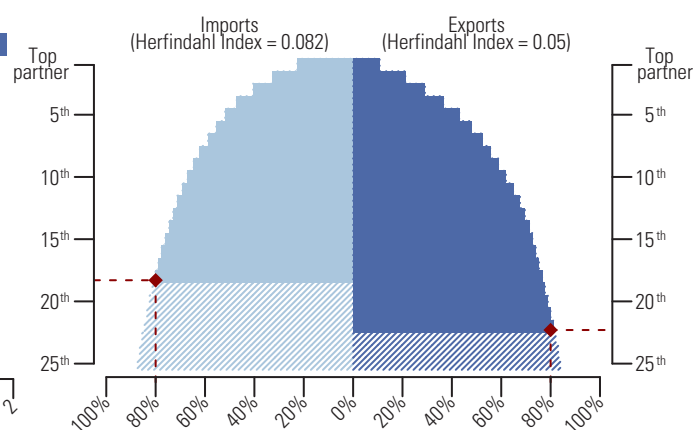
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



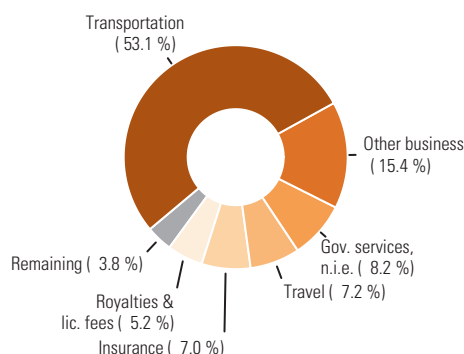
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.2, 16.3 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 22.6, 9.9 and 8.0 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 1.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 440.4 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 235.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

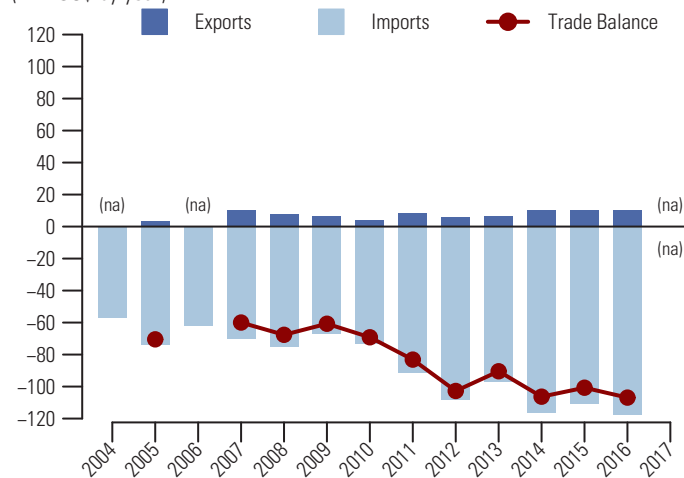
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2017	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		16690.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2521.9	0.5	US\$/kg	334	
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		587.7			422	
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		575.8			061	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		502.6	6.2	thsd US\$/unit	781	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		434.8			542	
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		410.1	0.2	US\$/kg	041	
1005 Maize (corn).....		389.5	0.3	US\$/kg	044	
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		334.7	0.6	US\$/kg	673	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		312.1			764	
1006 Rice.....		259.1	0.4	US\$/kg	042	

Overview:

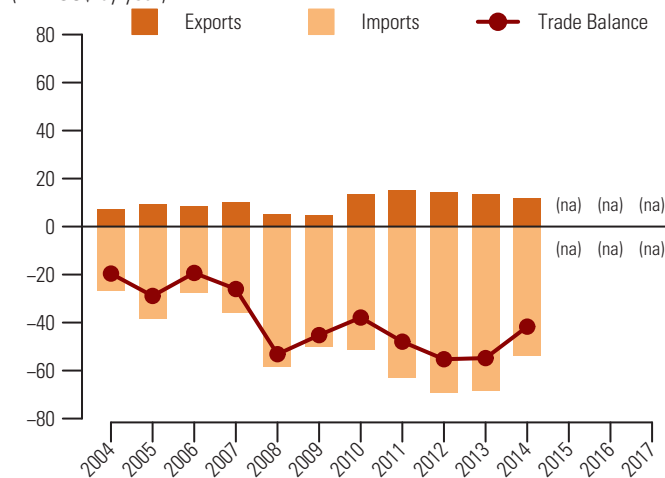
In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Kiribati increased moderately by 5.0 percent to reach 10.5 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 6.0 percent to reach 117.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 106.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Australia and New Zealand at -33.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kiribati were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Kiribati decreased substantially by 12.5 percent, reaching 12.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 21.6 percent and reached 53.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 41.7 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

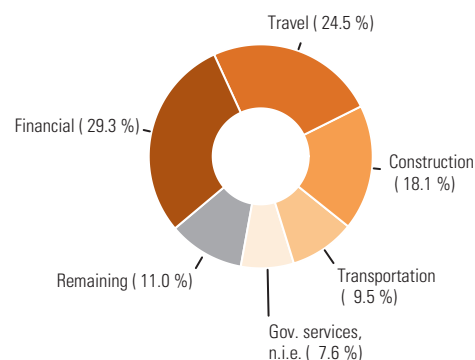
(Mln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 40.9, 26.7 and 14.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil" (HS code 1513) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Malaysia, Fiji and the United States, accounting for respectively 31.4, 22.5 and 13.7 percent of total exports. "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 3.5 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.9 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 2.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		10.2	10.0	10.5				
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil.....		3.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	1.0	7.4	US\$/kg 422
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		2.2	1.1	2.7	9.6		6.6	US\$/kg 034
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		0.8	1.0	1.3	1.7		1.4	US\$/kg 334
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....		...	2.6	0.0		5.1	28.3	US\$/kg 034
1203 Copra.....		1.0	...	1.0	0.6		3.7	US\$/kg 223
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		0.6	0.8	0.0	12.9	9.9	2.1	US\$/kg 034
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		0.1	0.6	0.0	17.6	210.7	1.5	thsd US\$/unit 782
8705 Special purpose motor vehicles.....		0.3	...	0.2	58.0		37.5	thsd US\$/unit 782
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		0.1	0.2	0.2	16.1	118.2	3.5	thsd US\$/unit 723
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....		0.0	0.0	0.4	4.2	18.6		thsd US\$/unit 728

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	10.5	16.0	5.0	100.0
0+1	2.8	20.7	-41.6	26.7
2+4	4.3	3.2	73.8	40.9
3	1.3	1796.8	33.8	12.3
5	0.0	-5.5	134.8	0.2
6	0.3	25.1	30.5	3.2
7	1.5	66.4	5.3	14.4
8	0.2	-1.9	351.4	2.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	117.4	2.0	6.0	100.0
0+1	47.2	7.1	31.7	40.2
2+4	12.0	54.0	65.7	10.2
3	9.4	-14.8	16.5	8.0
5	5.1	4.4	-0.6	4.4
6	12.3	-10.8	-20.4	10.5
7	23.9	1.9	-22.0	20.4
8	7.3	9.2	-5.9	6.3
9	0.0	-80.1	-99.4	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

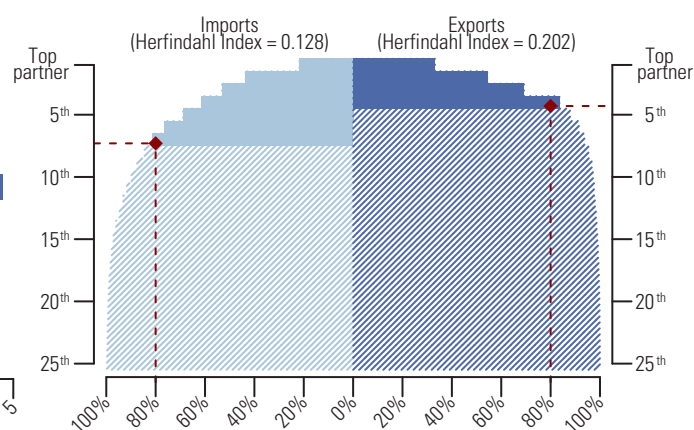
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



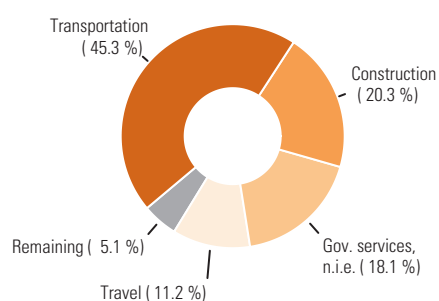
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 40.2, 20.4 and 10.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Australia, Fiji and China, accounting for respectively 21.8, 19.5 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 24.3 mln US\$, followed by "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 10.9 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 9.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

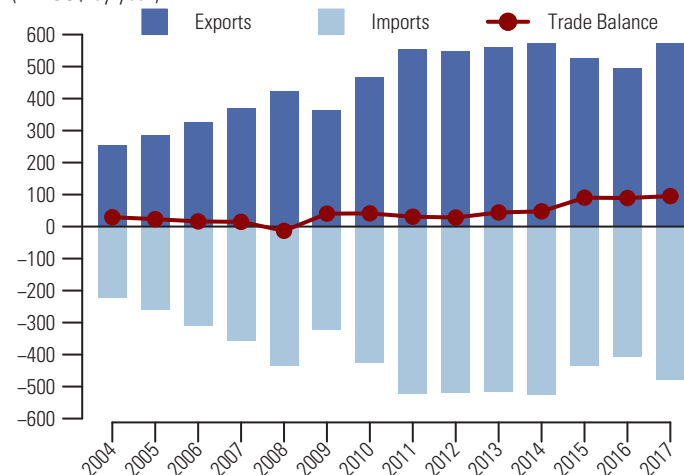
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		116.5	110.7	117.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		11.5	7.4	8.8	0.9	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 334
1006 Rice.....		7.0	7.0	8.8	0.8	0.7	0.5	US\$/kg 042
2403 Other manufactured tobacco and tobacco substitutes.....		5.5	3.4	5.9	41.1	38.0	42.6	US\$/kg 122
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		5.4	2.2	4.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 061
2517 Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone.....		2.2	3.3	4.5	0.4	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 273
1602 Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal or blood.....		3.6	2.4	3.6	5.4	4.6	3.4	US\$/kg 017
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		4.3	2.9	0.4				776
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		2.1	3.3	1.9	16.0	16.5	4.0	thsd US\$/unit 782
2203 Beer made from malt.....		1.5	1.3	3.8	2.4	1.5	3.0	US\$/litre 112
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		2.0	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.9	US\$/kg 012

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Republic of Korea increased substantially by 15.8 percent to reach 573.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.8 percent to reach 478.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 95.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 50.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Republic of Korea were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Republic of Korea decreased substantially by 12.7 percent, reaching 90.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.7 percent and reached 102.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 12.1 bln US\$.

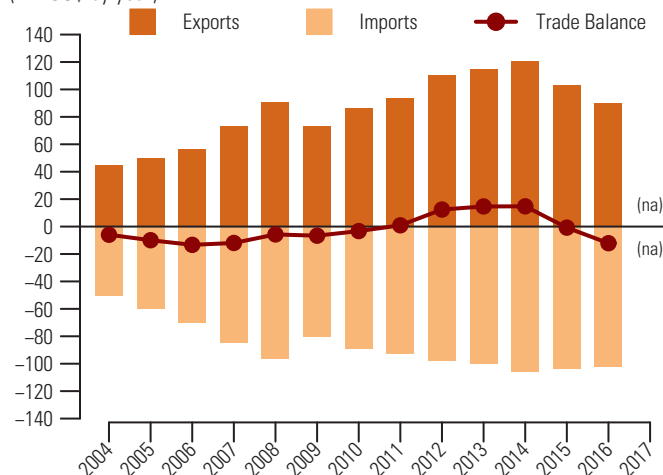
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 59.1, 12.5 and 12.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 25.3, 12.9 and 6.8 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 26.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 20.6 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 17.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

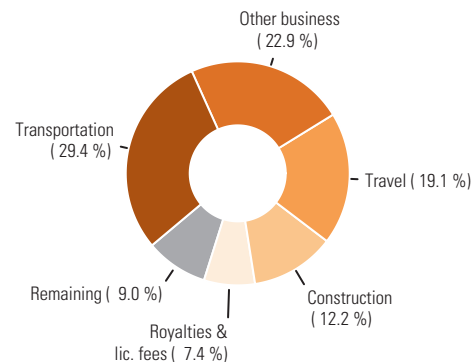


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		526753.0	495417.7	573627.4				
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		52173.4	52280.3	86103.2				776
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		41720.6	37496.4	38831.1	17.3	15.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		30621.7	25528.1	33544.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		21570.4	25139.7	24054.4				793
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		29855.5	24738.3	15649.3				764
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		23053.4	21837.9	19519.5	8.1	7.7	7.6	US\$/kg
9013 Liquid crystal devices.....		21487.1	16128.7	15454.7				871
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		16487.3	7727.8	15818.7				793
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons.....		8317.4	7926.2	10116.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....		6013.0	6365.6	8187.5	38.6	42.2	62.3	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	573627.4	0.6	15.8	100.0
0+1	7389.3	4.8	7.6	1.3
2+4	6585.5	-0.7	25.1	1.1
3	36401.0	-9.4	32.4	6.3
5	70500.4	1.6	18.6	12.3
6	71750.8	0.0	10.7	12.5
7	339013.3	2.6	16.6	59.1
8	41381.1	-3.5	4.5	7.2
9	605.9	-19.3	-51.5	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

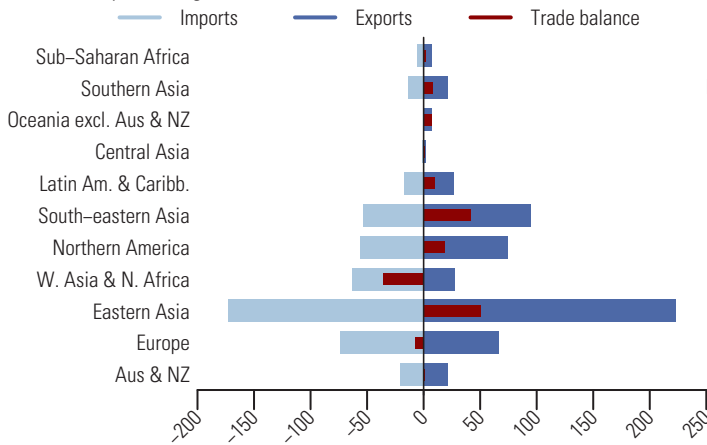
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	478469.2	-1.8	17.8	100.0
0+1	25883.8	3.1	8.1	5.4
2+4	29929.2	-4.4	20.3	6.3
3	109952.9	-11.6	34.5	23.0
5	48334.8	0.9	13.3	10.1
6	51078.4	-1.9	7.7	10.7
7	163210.6	4.9	14.5	34.1
8	47817.1	5.6	13.7	10.0
9	2262.4	12.6	131.0	0.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

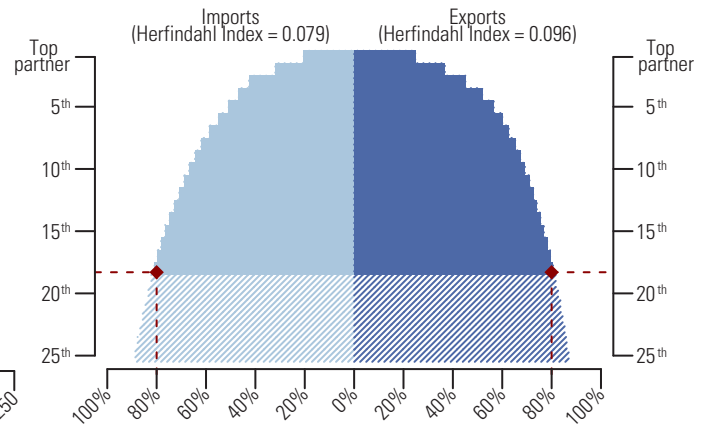
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



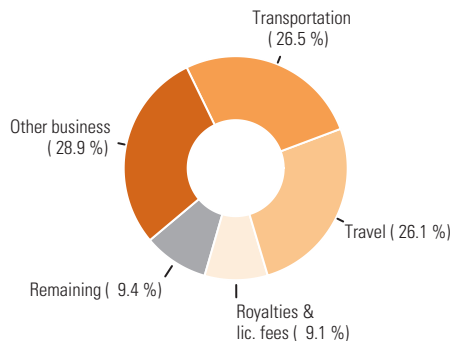
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.1, 23.0 and 10.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Japan and the United States, accounting for respectively 20.8, 11.2 and 10.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 29.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 27.1 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 26.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

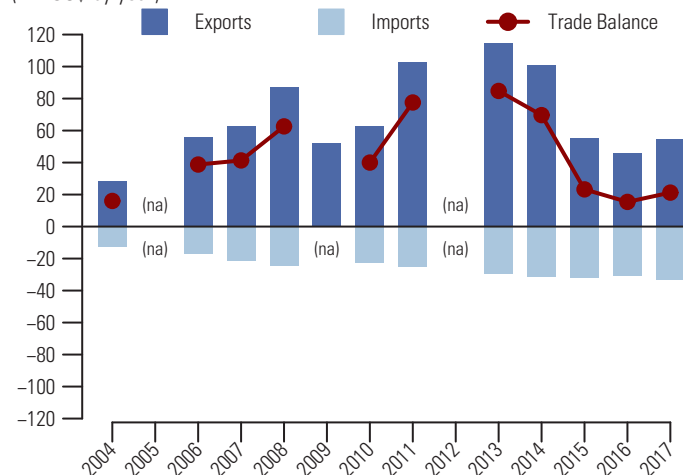
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		436486.9	406181.9	478469.2				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		55119.7	44294.8	59602.9	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		31608.5	29919.1	33386.6				776
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		21556.1	14884.4	18794.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		15064.8	11744.0	14693.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices.....		7692.1	9893.6	20332.1				728
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		11828.6	12127.5	13310.9				764
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		9867.3	9232.4	15064.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	321
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		9936.1	9342.0	9670.1	25.2	22.8		781
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		4991.1	5591.8	7530.6				752
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		4900.6	4052.7	5486.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	281

Overview:

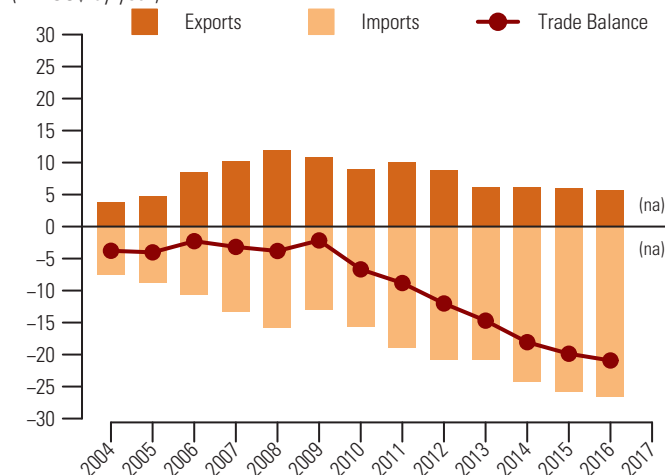
In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Kuwait increased substantially by 18.5 percent to reach 54.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 33.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 21.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -8.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kuwait were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Kuwait decreased moderately by 6.0 percent, reaching 5.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.7 percent and reached 26.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 20.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

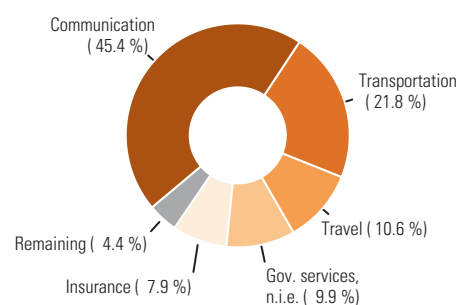
(Bln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 90.5, 4.3 and 2.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, India and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 89.6, 1.5 and 1.4 percent of total exports. "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 600.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	55161.6	46242.0	54806.8				
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	34142.7	30694.7	38169.4	0.0	39.5	0.0	thsd US\$/kg 333
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	12986.0	9181.2	9151.9	0.5	20.6	0.5	US\$/kg 334
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	1856.5	1575.1	2277.8	0.0	28.6	0.0	thsd US\$/kg 343
2905	Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives.....	834.2	384.4	754.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 512
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	652.1	557.7	615.3	19.0	14.0	13.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
3901	Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....	649.4	441.6	395.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg 571
2902	Cyclic hydrocarbons.....	288.8	551.9	472.5	0.9	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 511
3102	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....	262.6	216.6	238.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 562
2904	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons.....	395.8	223.3	...	0.9	0.8		US\$/kg 511
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	204.9	132.4	188.9	15.4	12.5	10.8	thsd US\$/unit 782

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	54806.8	-16.8	18.5	100.0
0+1	522.9	2.3	8.0	1.0
2+4	134.4	-11.8	-20.6	0.2
3	49605.3	-17.6	19.7	90.5
5	2330.8	-10.3	6.3	4.3
6	341.9	-10.9	1.7	0.6
7	1265.8	0.0	13.9	2.3
8	398.8	-5.6	8.5	0.7
9	207.0	753.5	61.5	0.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

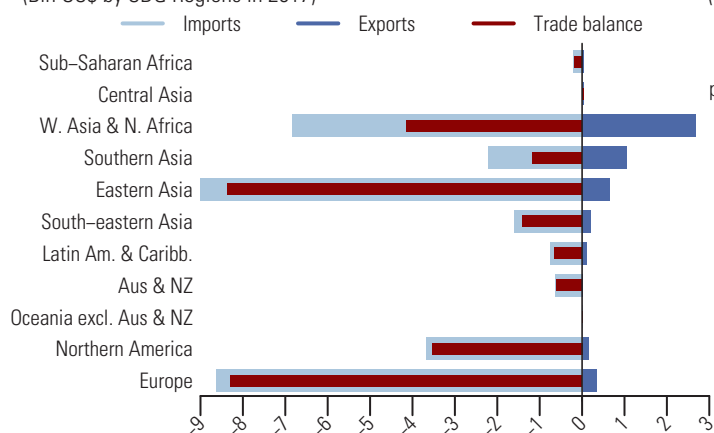
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	33589.7	3.2	9.0	100.0
0+1	4864.9	3.4	8.6	14.5
2+4	866.2	10.3	8.5	2.6
3	170.5	-4.5	3.4	0.5
5	3809.9	6.7	19.8	11.3
6	5317.2	2.2	3.6	15.8
7	13155.8	3.0	9.2	39.2
8	4936.9	3.6	6.5	14.7
9	468.4	-12.4	24.7	1.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

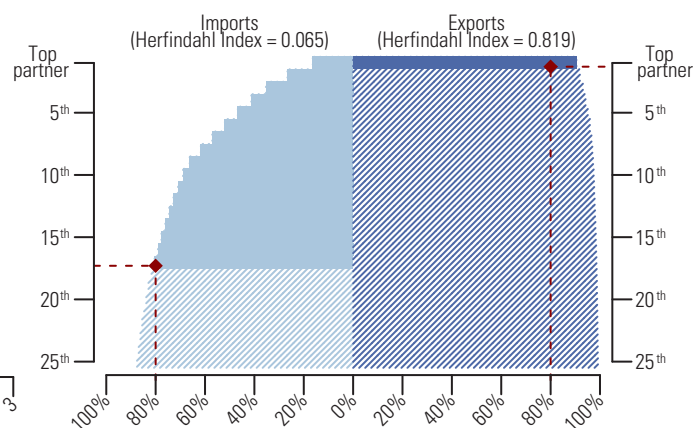
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



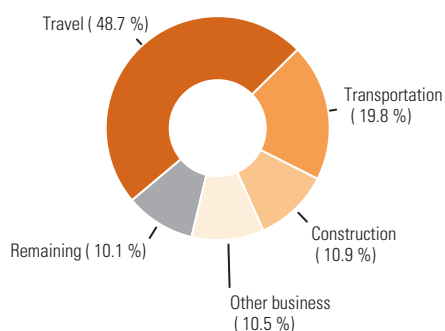
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 39.2, 15.8 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 15.8, 9.8 and 9.0 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 13.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 5.3 bln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 2.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

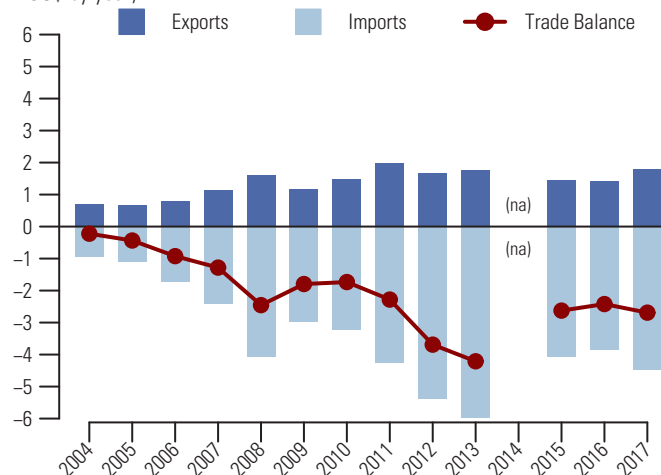
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		31907.2	30820.2	33589.7				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3566.8	2834.5	2682.8	25.4	27.7	17.0	thsd US\$/unit
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1551.9	1297.6	1869.6				
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		838.6	784.5	1052.5	110.5	107.5	135.0	US\$/kg
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		679.7	703.2	721.1	15.3	40.1	25.1	thsd US\$/kg
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		353.6	531.2	574.0	5.7	4.4	5.1	US\$/kg
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		277.1	464.4	708.9	19.1	18.6	16.4	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		657.2	327.0	423.0		39.6	40.1	thsd US\$/kg
8419 Machinery, plant or laboratory equipment.....		378.2	538.7	421.9				
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		387.3	508.0	432.0	0.7	0.9	1.1	US\$/kg
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		344.7	456.6	497.9	1.5	1.6	1.5	US\$/kg

Overview:

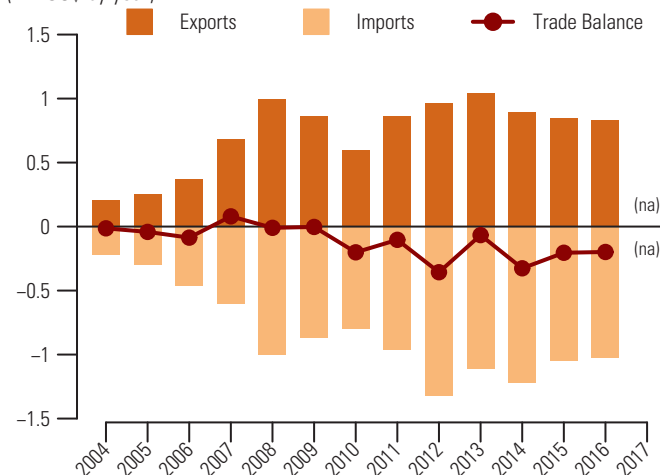
In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Kyrgyzstan increased substantially by 25.4 percent to reach 1.8 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.4 percent to reach 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kyrgyzstan were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Kyrgyzstan decreased slightly by 2.1 percent, reaching 830.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.3 percent and reached 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 198.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

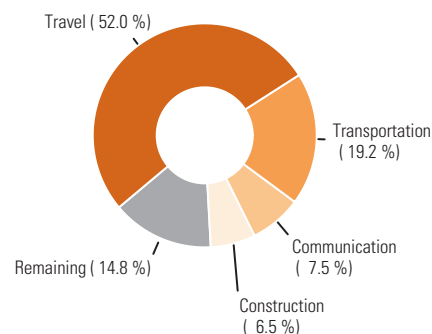
(Bln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 39.4, 12.9 and 11.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, Kazakhstan and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 36.6, 14.5 and 12.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 432.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 159.4 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 62.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		1 441.5	1 423.0	1 784.0				
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		665.4	701.6	700.4	37.8	40.3		thsd US\$/kg 971
2616 Precious metal ores and concentrates.....		19.1	67.8	143.8	2.2	0.8	2.0	US\$/kg 289
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		131.5	68.1	...				931
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		38.9	43.3	78.5	1.8	2.5	6.5	mln US\$/unit 792
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		69.0	38.2	47.0	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 334
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....		43.8	55.0	52.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 054
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		31.6	12.0	41.7	8.7	4.5	6.8	US\$/kg 784
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		23.5	37.3	12.7	301.3	428.2	396.4	thsd US\$/unit 782
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		15.9	19.1	24.7	1.2	1.3	1.5	US\$/kg 263
6106 Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, knitted or crocheted.....		1.5	8.5	49.1	0.6	3.0	1.6	US\$/unit 844

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1784.0	0.2	25.4	100.0
0+1	229.6	-0.8	59.2	12.9
2+4	210.7	30.4	87.2	11.8
3	87.1	-15.0	78.0	4.9
5	22.6	-2.3	39.9	1.3
6	107.5	-9.9	46.8	6.0
7	212.6	4.7	37.4	11.9
8	211.1	9.2	103.8	11.8
9	702.8	-2.7	-8.7	39.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

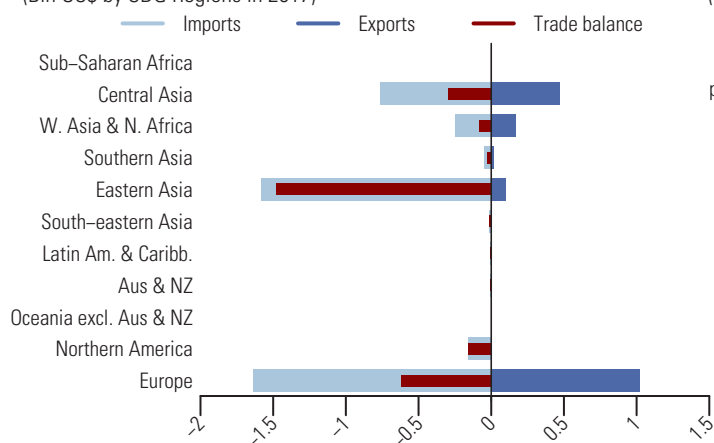
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4473.9	-7.0	16.4	100.0
0+1	591.5	-6.4	42.8	13.2
2+4	108.5	-14.5	-18.5	2.4
3	636.2	-16.1	58.4	14.2
5	476.8	-6.4	9.2	10.7
6	1054.4	0.4	32.5	23.6
7	811.6	-14.2	-0.4	18.1
8	793.6	10.8	9.3	17.7
9	1.3	-57.7	-98.9	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

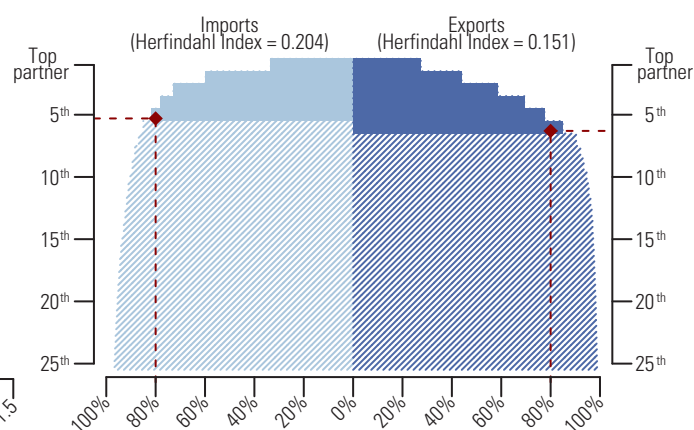
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



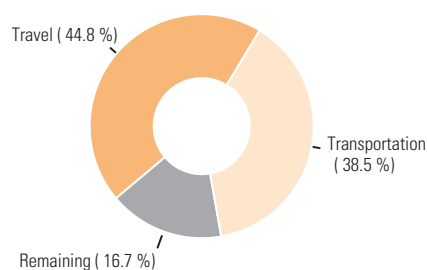
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.6, 18.1 and 17.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Russian Federation and Kazakhstan, accounting for respectively 32.2, 26.3 and 15.3 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 460.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 396.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		4068.1	3844.5	4473.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		643.3	329.0	556.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg
6402 Other footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics.....		59.7	202.3	218.2	3.1	2.8	2.4	US\$/pair
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		134.2	107.0	156.2	20.1	12.9		US\$/kg
5515 Other woven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres.....		51.1	110.4	101.0	1.8	2.3	2.4	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		113.7	121.3	1.0				
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		59.3	68.2	95.5				
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		124.6	28.1	28.8	2.2	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		53.2	43.3	73.4	9.5	9.3	9.5	US\$/kg
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		39.6	83.3	32.0	2.5	6.9	2.9	mln US\$/unit
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		44.7	43.2	47.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg

Lao People's Democratic Republic

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

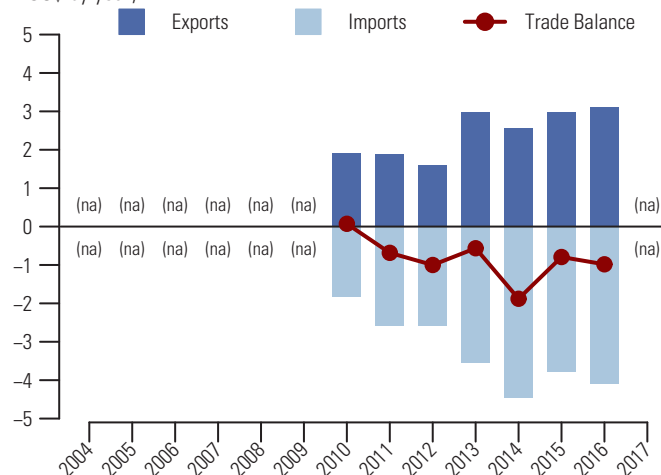
Trade System: Special

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Lao People's Democratic Republic increased slightly by 4.7 percent to reach 3.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.7 percent to reach 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 982.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Lao People's Democratic Republic were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Lao People's Democratic Republic increased slightly by 4.6 percent, reaching 799.3 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 17.7 percent and reached 585.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 214.1 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 28.8, 28.2 and 13.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Thailand, China and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 33.4, 33.1 and 17.4 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 679.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 67.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

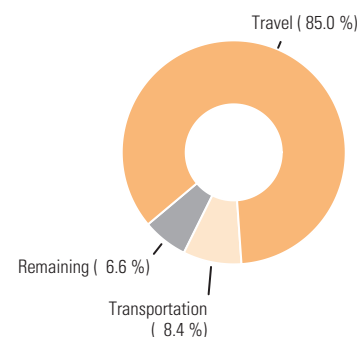


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
	All Commodities.....	2572.2	2985.1	3124.2				
2603	Copper ores and concentrates.....	501.1	621.8	728.0	1.9	1.8		US\$/kg 283
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....	615.1	512.5	376.4		6.9	5.6	US\$/kg 682
8525	Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-broadcasting.....	121.8	255.1	168.1				
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	138.0	152.3	129.8	39.1	36.4	35.2	thsd US\$/kg 971
2202	Waters with added sugar.....	105.6	144.0	155.8	1.1	1.2	1.0	US\$/litre 111
0803	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....	34.8	54.8	197.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 057
2841	Salts of oxometallic or peroxometallic acids.....	32.4	113.7	123.0		2.7		US\$/kg 524
6203	Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....	79.7	68.9	60.5				
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	67.9	58.7	67.0	3.0	3.4	2.8	US\$/kg 071
4001	Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle.....	45.6	60.7	75.0	2.3	1.8	1.4	US\$/kg 231

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	3 124.2	18.3	4.7	100.0
0+1	900.5	41.2	43.7	28.8
2+4	879.7	29.4	8.0	28.2
3	7.5	-8.6	43.1	0.2
5	177.2	41.2	-12.4	5.7
6	427.2	-11.5	-27.8	13.7
7	385.8	178.2	6.9	12.4
8	216.3	37.7	-6.5	6.9
9	129.8	-14.2	-14.7	4.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	4 107.1	12.1	8.7	100.0
0+1	540.1	35.7	178.5	13.2
2+4	46.6	-10.2	13.3	1.1
3	615.3	-1.5	-19.0	15.0
5	217.9	10.3	-2.9	5.3
6	777.8	9.2	-7.1	18.9
7	1 710.9	17.8	8.8	41.7
8	127.3	0.1	-12.5	3.1
9	71.2	109.2	1583.3	1.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

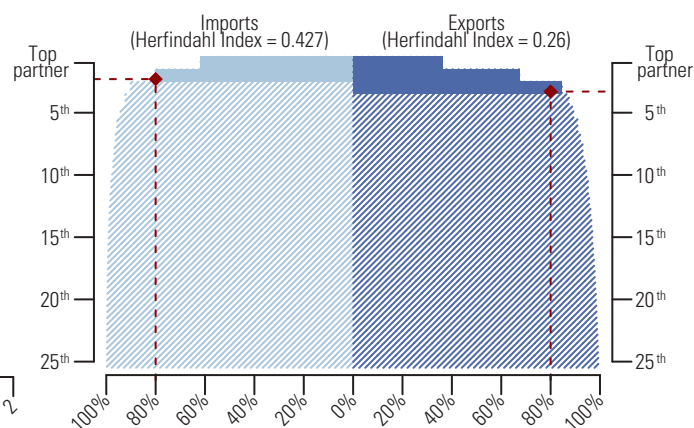
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



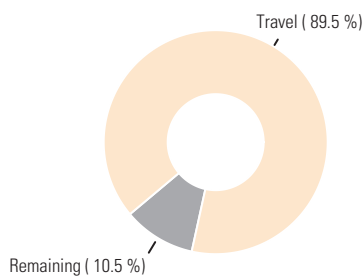
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 41.7, 18.9 and 15.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Thailand, China and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 63.2, 16.5 and 10.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 524.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

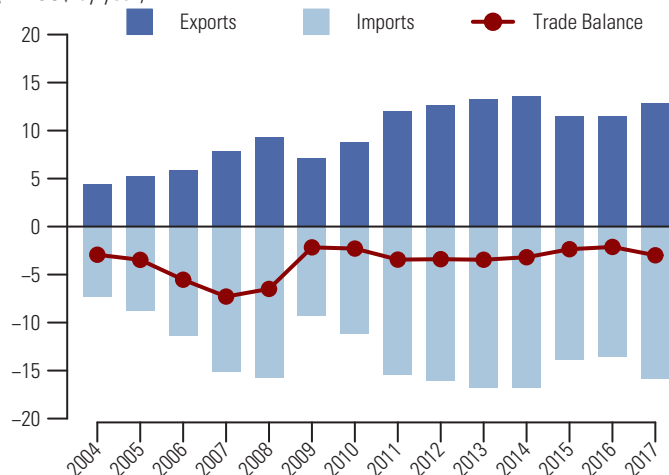
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		4 452.4	3 778.4	4 107.1				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		652.3	644.1	541.2				334
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....		217.7	240.0	210.6				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		83.9	61.6	380.7	22.0	25.0	24.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		193.6	172.7	134.8				782
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		180.8	101.4	70.0	2.5	2.8	2.5	US\$/kg 691
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....		112.2	106.3	66.8				728
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		97.1	125.2	53.3				764
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		85.2	82.0	90.0				773
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		92.4	79.8	81.9				661
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		8.7	8.8	177.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	US\$/litre 111

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Latvia increased substantially by 12.4 percent to reach 12.9 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.9 percent to reach 15.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Latvia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Latvia amounted to 4.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services amounted to 2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 2.3 bln US\$.

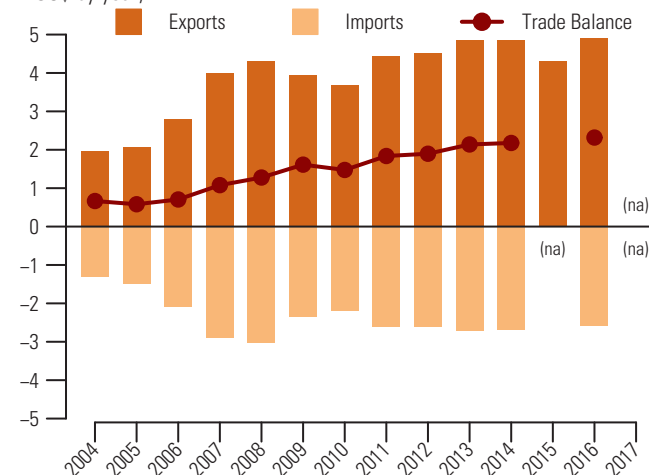
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 22.9, 19.3 and 18.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled" (HS code 4407) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Lithuania, Estonia and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 18.0, 11.8 and 8.3 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 870.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 655.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

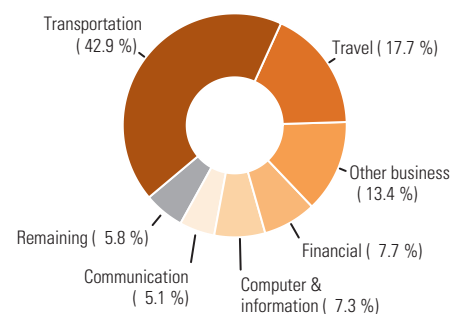


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		11 491.2	11 469.6	12 894.8					
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		645.1	674.4	706.8	214.7	204.7	219.2	US\$/m ³	248
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		701.6	574.7	696.0					764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		433.9	459.6	513.7					931
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		375.9	389.9	419.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	041
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		322.5	406.8	440.0	140.8	151.4	138.1	US\$/kg	542
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		328.3	313.4	495.3	11.0	11.3		US\$/litre	112
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		497.1	299.2	272.1		0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
4401 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms.....		313.5	324.9	328.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	246
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		227.9	258.5	269.5	19.5	21.1	24.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		268.3	270.8	208.2	342.3	343.4	342.6	US\$/unit	761

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	12 894.8	-0.8	12.4	100.0
0+1	2 485.3	1.4	25.6	19.3
2+4	1 685.1	-1.5	9.8	13.1
3	527.1	-15.3	3.0	4.1
5	1 143.8	4.7	14.1	8.9
6	2 440.9	-0.7	15.6	18.9
7	2 948.1	4.5	10.6	22.9
8	1 301.9	1.2	12.0	10.1
9	362.7	-22.0	-27.6	2.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

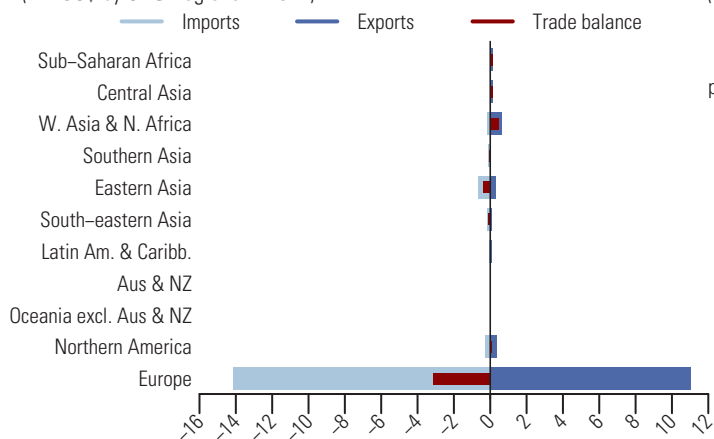
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	15 886.3	-1.4	16.9	100.0
0+1	2 449.5	3.5	23.2	15.4
2+4	635.8	-1.8	18.0	4.0
3	1 416.3	-14.5	22.1	8.9
5	1 943.3	2.2	15.8	12.2
6	2 289.6	-0.5	17.6	14.4
7	4 547.3	4.1	13.9	28.6
8	1 565.4	0.1	10.6	9.9
9	1 039.2	-12.4	19.0	6.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

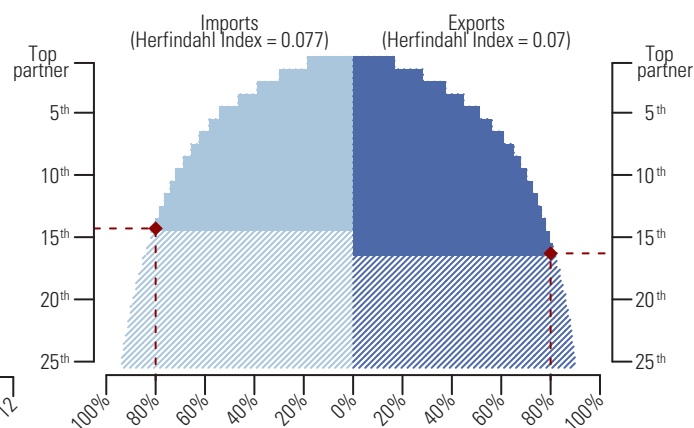
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



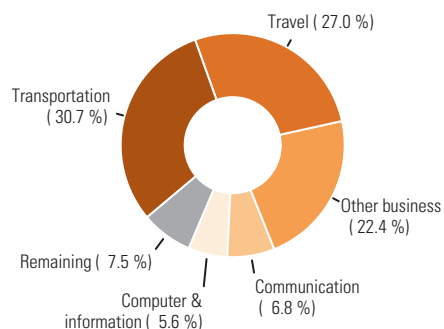
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.6, 15.4 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Lithuania, Germany and Poland, accounting for respectively 17.9, 11.5 and 10.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 792.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 697.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 578.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

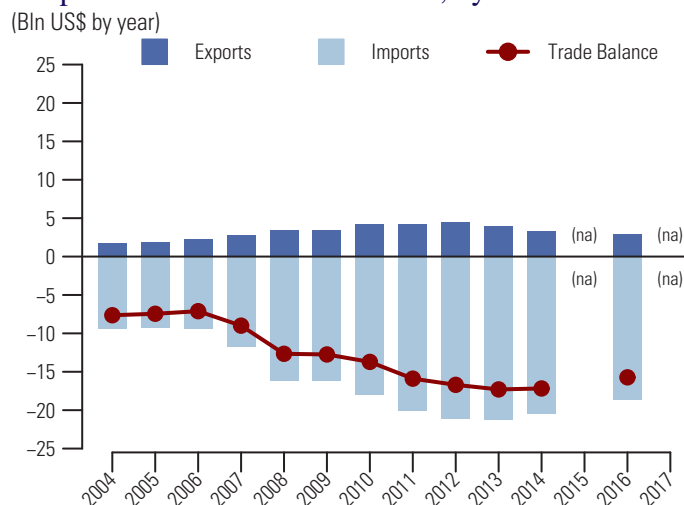
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		13 850.0	13 593.1	15 886.3					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		776.4	850.9	1 325.0				931	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 108.4	803.6	918.1	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		662.1	566.1	699.9				764	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		476.8	617.9	673.8	19.5	20.3	22.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		443.8	509.8	541.2	79.3	90.6	81.1	US\$/kg	542
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		415.5	319.3	450.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	343
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		255.2	272.6	223.9	285.4	286.7	287.9	US\$/unit	761
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		183.9	198.6	339.7	11.9	12.3		US\$/litre	112
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		200.3	229.5	234.0	127.8	125.3	136.2	US\$/unit	752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		176.3	208.3	251.6	8.6	9.1	9.0	US\$/kg	784

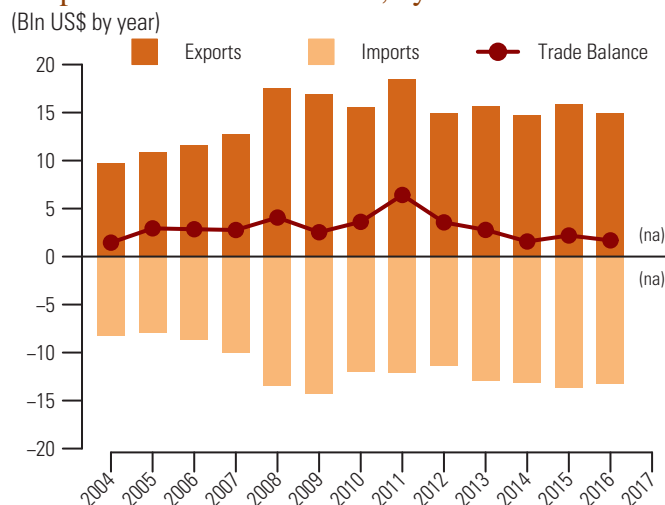
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Lebanon amounted to 3.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports amounted to 18.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -8.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Lebanon were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 23 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Lebanon decreased moderately by 5.9 percent, reaching 14.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 3.1 percent and reached 13.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 1.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 23.8, 21.5 and 13.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 14.7, 10.2 and 8.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 6.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.6 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

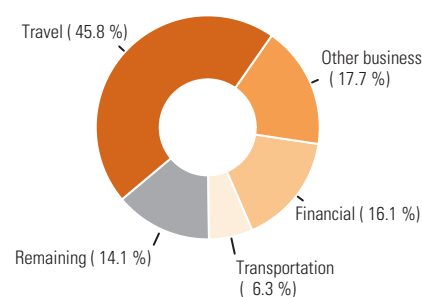


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		3312.2	...	2976.6				
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		365.8	...	702.0	36.1	36.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters.....		109.3	...	82.6				716
4901 Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter.....		112.5	...	60.9	2.2	1.8	US\$/kg	892
7404 Copper waste and scrap.....		96.9	...	67.1	5.3	3.5	US\$/kg	288
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		91.1	...	52.3				667
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		85.5	...	48.7	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg	282
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		56.9	...	49.4	27.5	63.5	thsd US\$/kg	897
3103 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, phosphatic.....		72.5	...	29.2	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg	562
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		57.8	...	42.0				821
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		33.8	...	59.2	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2976.6	-9.5	...	100.0
0+1	640.9	2.7	...	21.5
2+4	189.0	-15.8	...	6.4
3	14.2	-36.9	...	0.5
5	387.2	-2.9	...	13.0
6	335.7	-14.5	...	11.3
7	351.0	-7.4	...	11.8
8	350.5	-6.7	...	11.8
9	708.1	-15.7	...	23.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

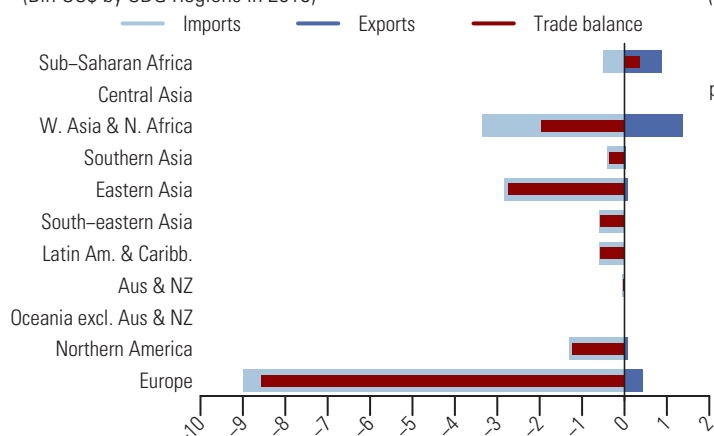
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	18702.7	-3.0	...	100.0
0+1	2990.8	0.1	...	16.0
2+4	495.7	-4.8	...	2.7
3	3678.1	-11.1	...	19.7
5	2452.8	3.0	...	13.1
6	2575.6	-4.5	...	13.8
7	3665.9	1.3	...	19.6
8	1835.2	1.6	...	9.8
9	1008.4	-4.2	...	5.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

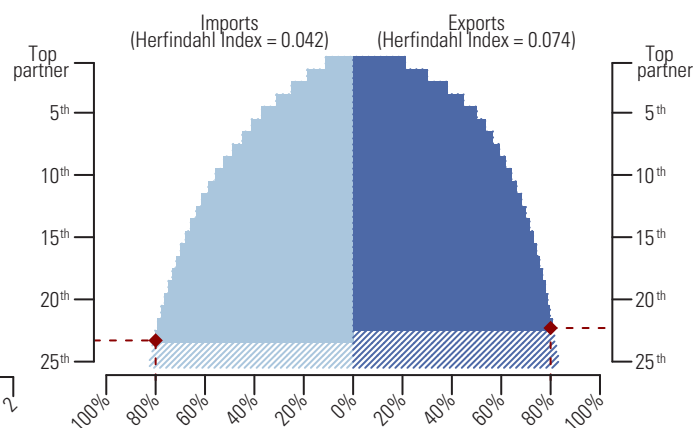
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



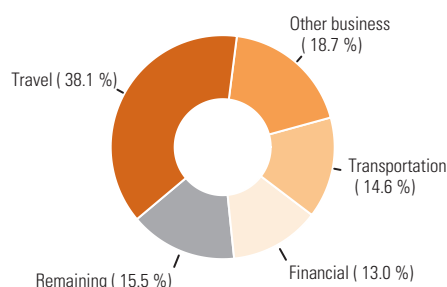
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 19.7, 19.6 and 16.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Italy and Germany, accounting for respectively 11.7, 7.8 and 6.2 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 5.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.5 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

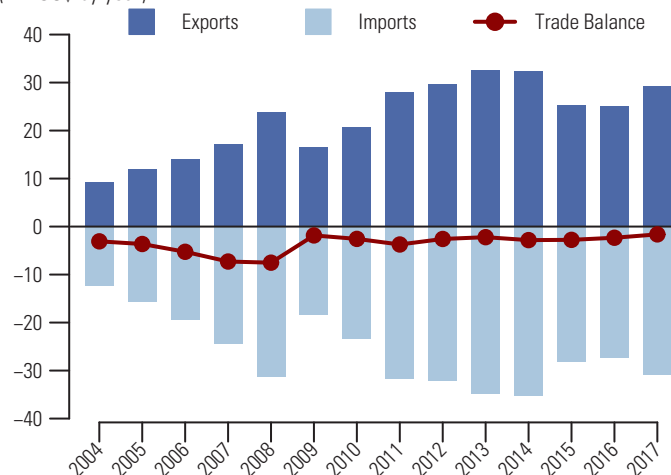
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		20487.4	...	18702.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		4418.3	...	3502.1	0.9	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1086.3	...	1238.4	20.8	23.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		973.2	...	1003.8	110.6	93.4	US\$/kg	542
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		657.9	...	995.2	38.7	36.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
7228 Other bars and rods of other alloy steel.....		492.7	...	259.0	0.5	0.3	US\$/kg	676
0102 Live bovine animals.....		342.7	...	291.9	1.1	0.9	thsd US\$/unit	001
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		186.2	...	238.0	5.1	4.9	US\$/kg	784
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		224.2	...	148.2				667
0406 Cheese and curd.....		198.5	...	148.0	4.9	4.5	US\$/kg	024
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		225.5	...	117.4	0.9	0.5	US\$/kg	343

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Lithuania increased substantially by 17.3 percent to reach 29.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.3 percent to reach 31.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Lithuania were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Lithuania increased substantially by 10.9 percent, reaching 7.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.6 percent and reached 4.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.2 bln US\$.

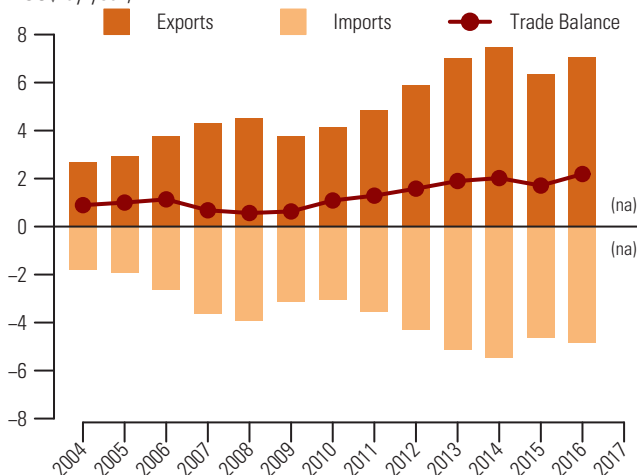
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 20.8, 16.7 and 16.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, Latvia and Poland, accounting for respectively 14.2, 9.8 and 8.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 4.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 727.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

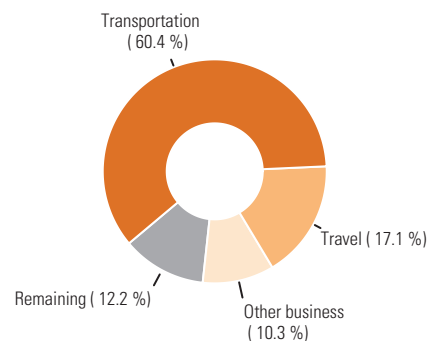


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	25411.0	25022.7	29349.5				
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	3891.8	3169.2	3915.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
9403	Other furniture and parts thereof.....	1052.4	1105.6	1261.2				
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	564.2	607.3	633.1	137.4	136.8	125.1	US\$/kg
1001	Wheat and meslin.....	504.0	595.1	598.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
3907	Polyacetals, other polyethers and epoxide resins, in primary forms.....	449.8	451.0	534.5	1.1	1.0		US\$/kg
3102	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....	578.3	352.4	428.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	333.2	414.8	551.5	10.0	11.0	15.9	US\$/kg
3105	Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....	434.4	402.6	371.8	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
9401	Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....	361.2	392.4	454.8				
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	532.8	514.5	115.4				

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	29349.5	-2.6	17.3	100.0
0+1	4896.4	-3.6	13.2	16.7
2+4	1486.7	0.3	20.3	5.1
3	4338.7	-12.8	25.9	14.8
5	4228.7	1.7	12.4	14.4
6	3392.6	1.4	18.7	11.6
7	6101.5	1.6	31.5	20.8
8	4778.7	1.6	12.8	16.3
9	126.3	-31.9	-75.6	0.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	30978.7	-2.9	13.3	100.0
0+1	3684.0	-4.3	14.4	11.9
2+4	1345.2	0.2	7.0	4.3
3	5838.9	-13.5	26.7	18.8
5	4682.5	2.0	15.1	15.1
6	4158.5	1.8	15.7	13.4
7	8571.0	4.0	18.8	27.7
8	2683.2	5.3	12.1	8.7
9	15.3	-64.4	-98.5	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

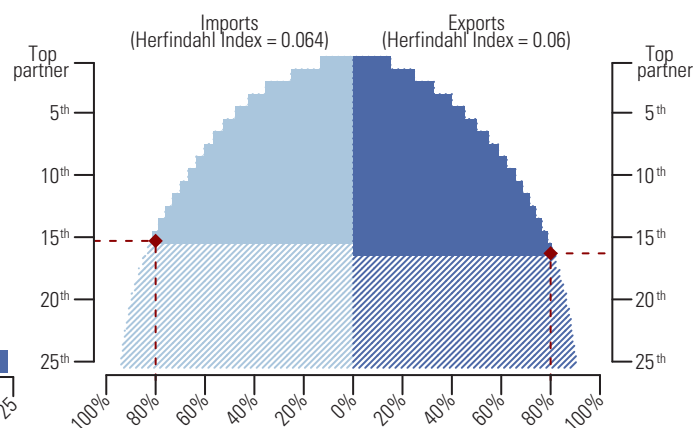
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



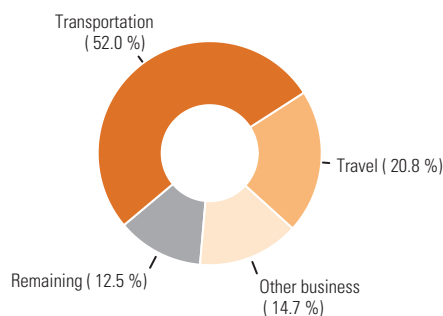
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.7, 18.8 and 15.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, Germany and Poland, accounting for respectively 14.4, 11.9 and 10.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 2.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.0 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 712.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

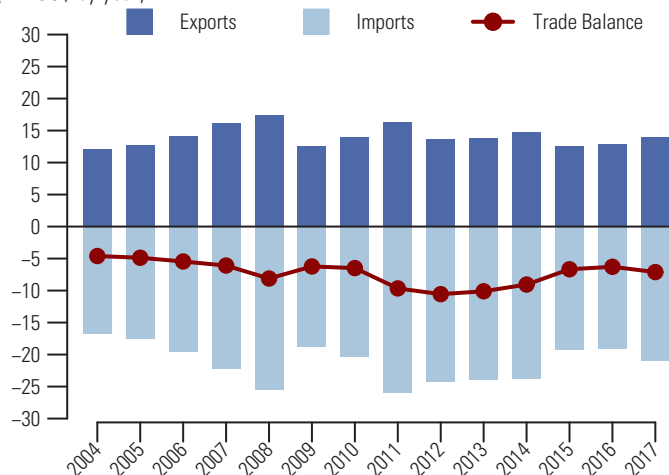
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		28176.4	27349.1	30978.7				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		3217.2	2711.6	3887.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1167.5	962.0	849.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		853.7	875.0	928.7	72.3	67.4	73.4	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		762.4	857.1	1037.6	9.0	9.7	9.9	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1026.2	988.7	2.5				931
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		879.5	464.7	573.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	343
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		408.2	633.5	658.4	40.7	46.2	44.5	722
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		480.8	513.1	680.7				764
2716 Electrical energy.....		326.8	394.7	424.6	43.8	39.1	38.1	351
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		318.4	338.9	390.9	119.5	140.7	170.4	752

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Luxembourg increased moderately by 8.7 percent to reach 14.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.2 percent to reach 21.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 7.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -5.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Luxembourg were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Luxembourg decreased slightly by 2.6 percent, reaching 95.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.4 percent and reached 71.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 23.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 38.0, 27.4 and 10.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel" (HS code 7216) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, France and Belgium, accounting for respectively 27.0, 14.5 and 12.0 percent of total exports. "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 52.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 19.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

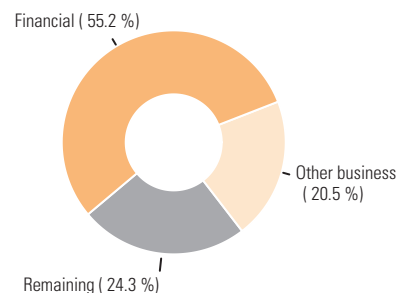


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	12625.7	12838.4	13959.0					
7216	Angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel.....	839.7	753.1	833.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	676
4011	New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....	527.1	524.9	557.6	237.5	227.2	227.1	US\$/unit	625
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	442.6	505.6	585.5	7.7	12.3	15.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
7301	Sheet piling of iron or steel.....	408.9	430.6	423.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg	676
7210	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....	432.5	396.4	406.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	674
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	365.9	451.6	396.6					931
4811	Paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres.....	291.4	317.8	324.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	US\$/kg	641
5603	Nonwovens, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated.....	299.8	299.1	304.0	5.8	6.1	6.2	US\$/kg	657
0406	Cheese and curd.....	331.9	229.0	248.8	7.0	6.3	6.4	US\$/kg	024
7601	Unwrought aluminium.....	264.7	224.3	314.8	2.1	1.8	2.1	US\$/kg	684

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	13959.0	0.2	8.7	100.0
0+1	1260.8	-0.8	6.0	9.0
2+4	338.3	-4.7	6.4	2.4
3	11.1	-45.5	37.4	0.1
5	1498.8	5.7	12.6	10.7
6	5311.4	-2.7	9.3	38.0
7	3824.9	5.0	10.2	27.4
8	1079.7	-3.6	1.1	7.7
9	633.9	8.2	6.5	4.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	21070.8	-3.1	10.2	100.0
0+1	2457.5	-1.2	6.0	11.7
2+4	1583.0	-4.0	26.2	7.5
3	1387.2	-14.7	28.4	6.6
5	2371.6	0.3	8.8	11.3
6	3254.2	-2.4	8.2	15.4
7	7289.1	0.0	11.5	34.6
8	2000.6	-1.8	3.4	9.5
9	727.6	-16.6	-10.2	3.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

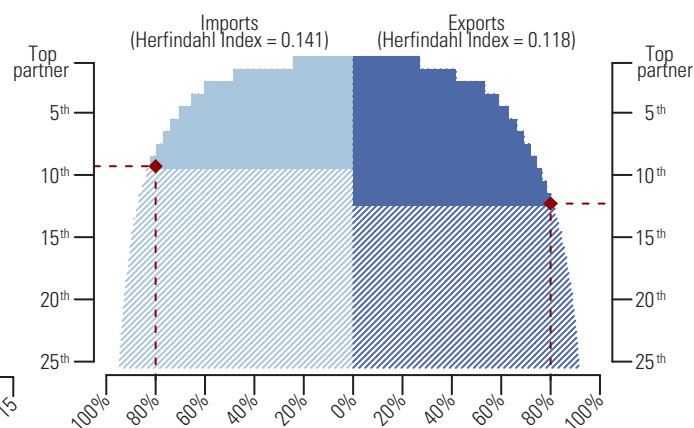
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



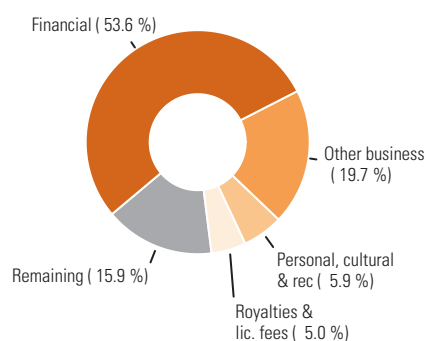
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.6, 15.4 and 11.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Belgium and France, accounting for respectively 24.1, 23.3 and 11.8 percent of total imports. "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 38.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 14.1 bln US\$ and "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code 287) at 4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

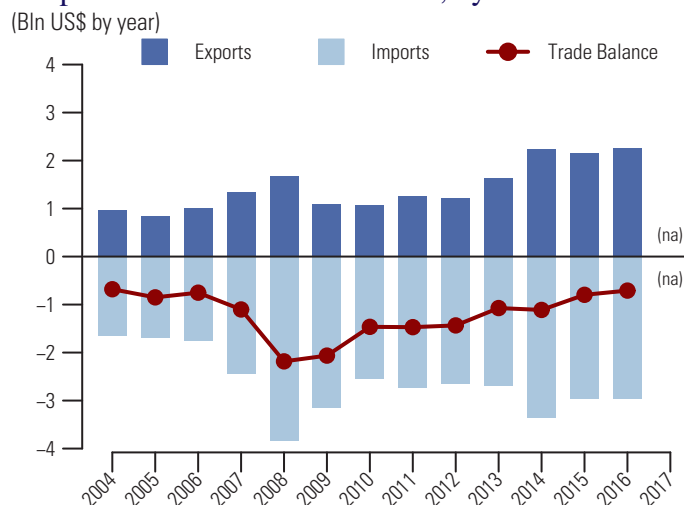
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		19296.3	19123.6	21070.8				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1663.4	1892.0	2121.7	11.4	23.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1334.4	1053.2	1355.9	0.5	0.4	0.5 US\$/kg	334
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		1106.3	725.6	757.0	46.1	25.0	19.4 mln US\$/unit	792
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		830.1	749.3	813.2				931
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		494.6	451.2	586.5	0.2	0.2	0.3 US\$/kg	282
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		343.9	353.3	390.8	10.2	96.0	121.0 US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		304.2	310.6	326.6				764
0406 Cheese and curd.....		303.7	250.8	285.6	5.4	5.5	5.9 US\$/kg	024
7602 Aluminium waste and scrap.....		243.6	213.7	287.4	1.6	1.5	1.6 US\$/kg	288
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		216.7	228.4	247.8	283.7	151.3	246.5 US\$/unit	752

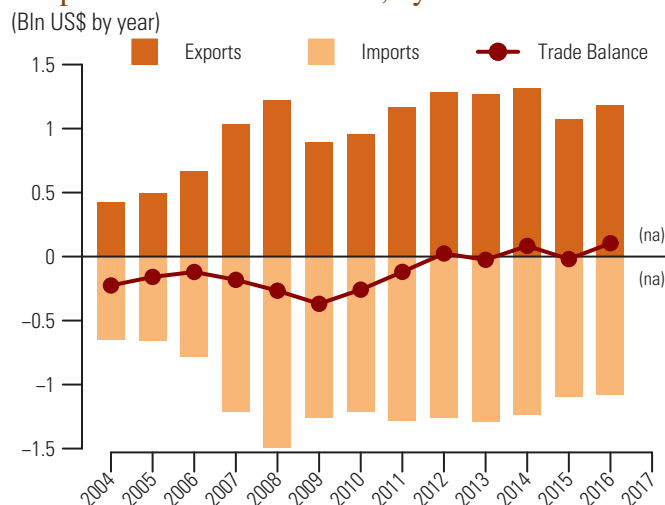
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Madagascar increased slightly by 4.2 percent to reach 2.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased slightly by 0.1 percent to reach 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 708.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -582.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Madagascar were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Madagascar increased substantially by 10.4 percent, reaching 1.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.2 percent and reached 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 104.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 37.4, 25.4 and 22.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Unwrought nickel" (HS code 7502) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, the United States and Germany, accounting for respectively 22.5, 10.7 and 6.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 750.1 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 242.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

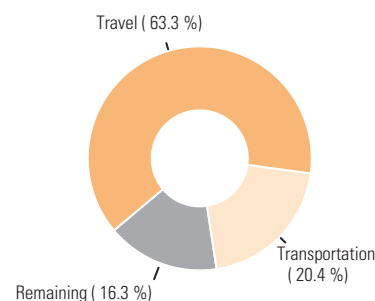


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		2243.2	2164.5	2256.4				
7502 Unwrought nickel.....		601.3	550.6	400.5	16.6	11.6	9.5	US\$/kg
0905 Vanilla.....		118.2	208.5	408.3	50.2	74.7	253.8	US\$/kg
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles.....		139.6	142.1	144.6	33.7			US\$/unit
0907 Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems).....		114.2	161.6	149.9	9.7	7.9	7.2	US\$/kg
8105 Cobalt mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy.....		87.5	95.2	78.9	30.1	27.5	24.2	US\$/kg
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		98.6	66.1	94.9	9.4	9.3	10.1	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		83.7	63.8	55.0	1.3	1.0	0.6	US\$/kg
6203 Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		65.6	58.3	66.8				
6214 Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like.....		66.0	38.5	45.8				
2614 Titanium ores and concentrates.....		60.7	32.4	40.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2256.4	16.5	4.2	100.0
0+1	844.6	21.3	31.9	37.4
2+4	139.6	-8.2	-1.5	6.2
3	55.6	-9.4	-13.5	2.5
5	60.0	30.3	4.2	2.7
6	572.8	36.8	-23.2	25.4
7	33.5	9.9	1.2	1.5
8	513.9	10.7	11.6	22.8
9	36.5	55.8	69.6	1.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

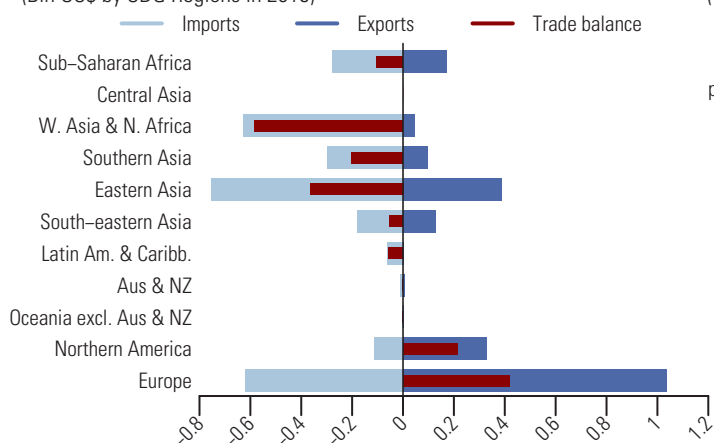
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2965.3	2.8	0.1	100.0
0+1	358.8	0.5	4.7	12.1
2+4	284.7	15.8	-4.4	9.6
3	479.1	-6.1	-3.6	16.2
5	351.8	7.2	7.1	11.9
6	701.6	5.5	3.8	23.7
7	555.8	1.0	-9.1	18.7
8	206.5	7.8	12.3	7.0
9	26.8	21.2	15.9	0.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

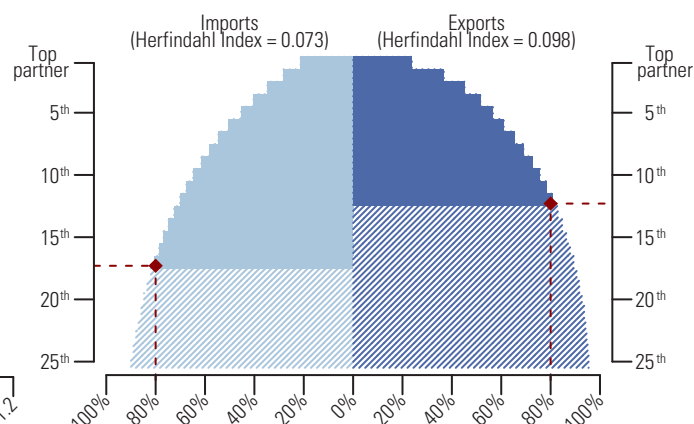
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



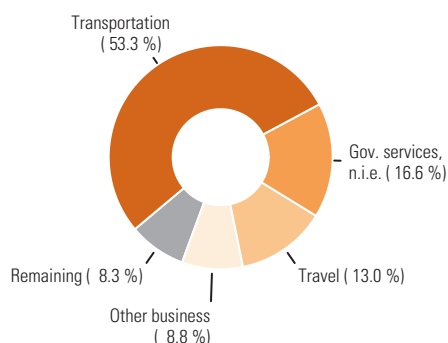
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 23.7, 18.7 and 16.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and France, accounting for respectively 18.1, 10.1 and 6.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 576.4 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 179.6 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 140.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

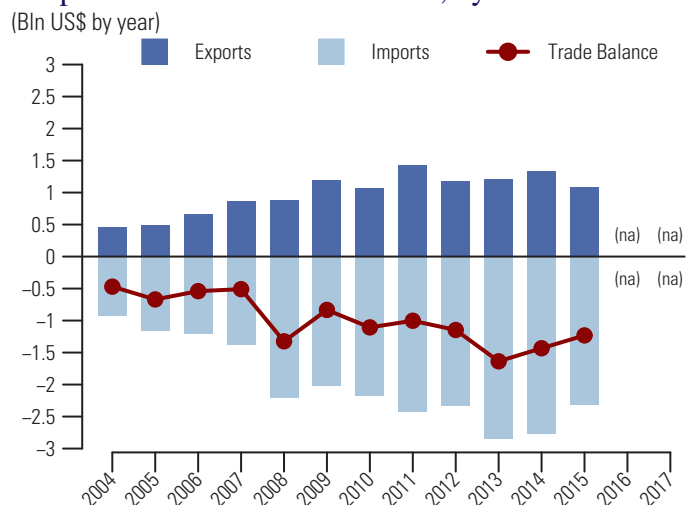
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		3354.8	2960.9	2965.3				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		668.8	446.8	439.5	0.9	0.6	0.5	334
1006 Rice.....		149.6	96.1	89.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	042
2503 Sulphur of all kinds.....		73.2	95.9	61.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	274
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		71.5	67.6	73.8	12.1	9.9	10.5	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		72.3	53.6	62.9	19.5	21.3	18.6	781
5105 Wool and fine or coarse animal hair, carded or combed.....		61.9	67.7	53.8	157.4	147.0	135.1	268
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		60.7	51.9	65.9				782
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		69.5	44.5	46.0	0.5	0.5	0.4	061
5208 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		49.3	51.3	54.8	13.7	12.1	11.3	652
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		51.4	47.0	52.1	0.5	0.4	0.3	046

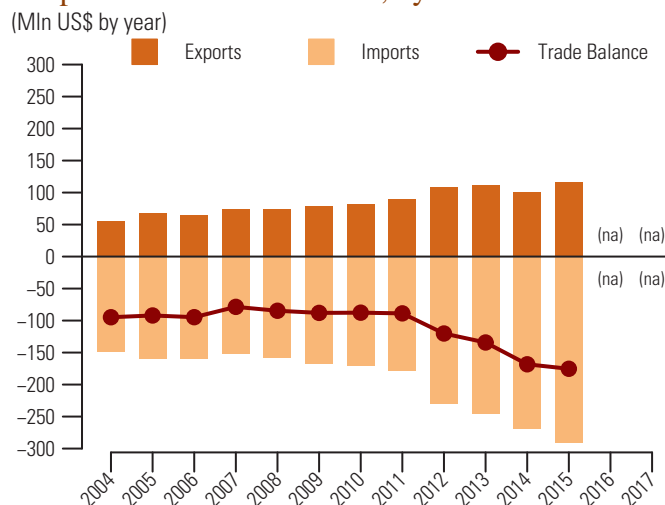
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of Malawi decreased substantially by 19.5 percent to reach 1.1 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 16.7 percent to reach 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -413.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Malawi were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Malawi increased substantially by 15.8 percent, reaching 116.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.5 percent and reached 291.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 175.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 75.6, 5.8 and 5.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse" (HS code 2401) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Belgium, South Africa and Mozambique, accounting for respectively 10.6, 7.6 and 7.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 34.6 mln US\$, followed by "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 24.2 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 20.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

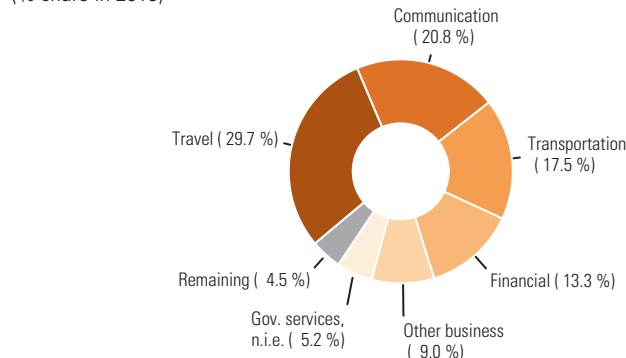


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		1 208.0	1 341.9	1 080.1				
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....		562.6	639.3	495.1	4.1	2.5	3.9	US\$/kg
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		114.2	60.9	98.1	0.6	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured.....		86.0	74.3	66.8	2.0	1.6	1.7	US\$/kg
2612 Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates.....		136.6	40.1	...	81.0	62.1		US\$/kg
1202 Ground-nuts, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled or broken.....		60.3	46.1	10.9	1.3	1.3	1.1	US\$/kg
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....		29.0	26.5	58.6	0.7	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		0.3	63.1	34.8				
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		5.2	37.4	18.7	5.5	303.9	0.6	thsd US\$/unit
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		19.4	16.5	21.4	1.7	1.9	1.3	US\$/kg
8426 Ships' derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting frames.....		0.1	52.2	2.9	0.1	5.8	0.2	mln US\$/unit

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	1 080.1	-6.7	-19.5	100.0
0+1	816.1	-6.0	-5.8	75.6
2+4	63.1	-27.8	-60.5	5.8
3	0.2	-37.3	-62.4	0.0
5	28.9	15.0	3.2	2.7
6	28.0	4.9	-15.4	2.6
7	61.9	10.7	-61.3	5.7
8	47.1	-8.4	51.3	4.4
9	34.8	2240.2	-44.9	3.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	2 311.6	-1.2	-16.7	100.0
0+1	217.7	-3.9	-4.7	9.4
2+4	116.5	-6.8	-2.5	5.0
3	249.4	4.2	-33.3	10.8
5	657.5	2.2	-10.3	28.4
6	361.3	-2.5	-19.1	15.6
7	471.2	-5.3	-19.7	20.4
8	188.4	-3.3	-22.3	8.2
9	49.7	115.0	13.2	2.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

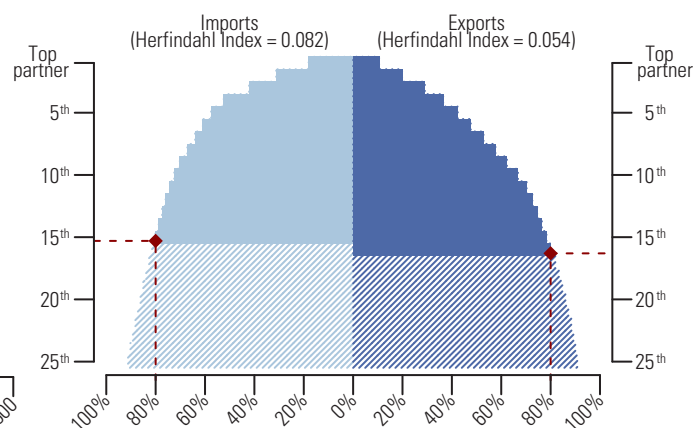
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



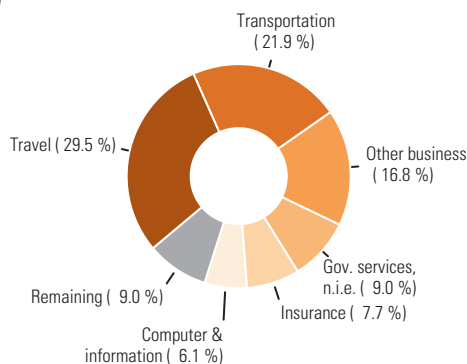
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 28.4, 20.4 and 15.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, China and India, accounting for respectively 19.7, 10.7 and 9.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 86.0 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 63.9 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 49.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

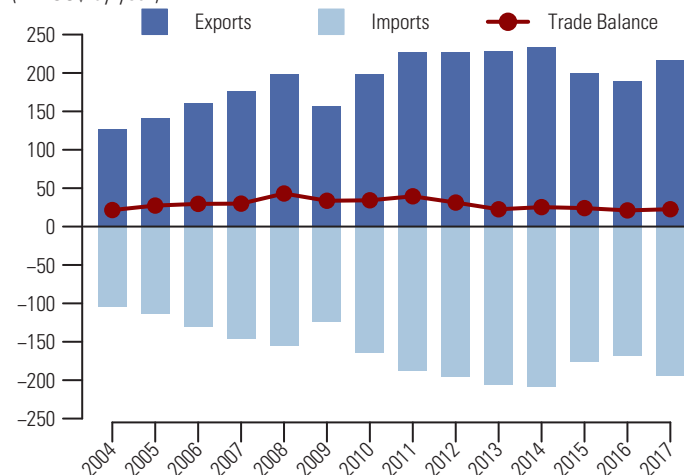
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		2 844.6	2 774.4	2 311.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		389.2	359.2	235.1	1.4	1.4	1.0	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		161.7	184.5	147.5	38.0	44.8	28.1	US\$/kg 542
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		211.8	134.3	122.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 562
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		119.8	69.2	97.4	0.8	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 562
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....		86.0	54.5	53.3	3.5	3.2	3.3	US\$/kg 121
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		87.4	40.6	46.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		58.9	54.5	58.1	7.0	5.6	0.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		63.7	58.9	44.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 661
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....		55.6	54.5	49.7	117.7	165.4	422.2	US\$/kg 892
6309 Worn clothing and other worn articles.....		37.2	48.7	42.5	1.2	1.3	1.3	US\$/kg 269

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Malaysia increased substantially by 14.3 percent to reach 216.4 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.1 percent to reach 193.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 22.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at 13.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Malaysia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Malaysia increased slightly by 1.0 percent, reaching 32.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.7 percent and reached 39.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 6.8 bln US\$.

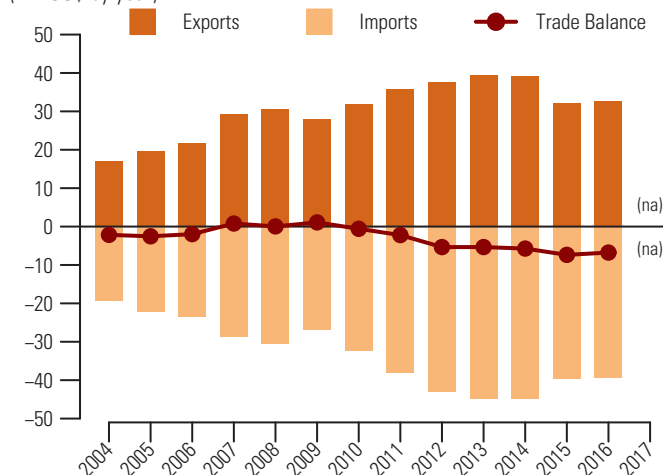
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 44.1, 15.3 and 10.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Singapore, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 14.3, 13.0 and 9.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 18.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 5.7 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

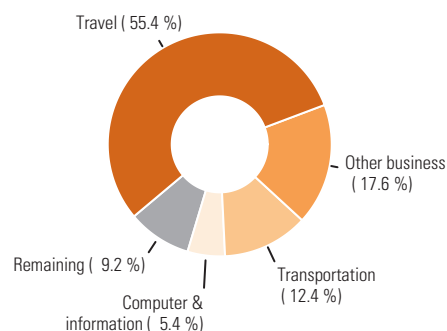


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		200210.9	189414.1	216428.4				
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		27208.0	26576.7	32766.5				776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		10637.2	11099.9	13173.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		12713.2	8292.0	10014.7	0.5	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 343
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		9501.1	9064.3	9659.6	0.6	0.7		US\$/kg 422
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		8055.6	8266.7	8444.3				776
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		7632.7	7252.5	8412.2	59.4	67.0	73.5	US\$/unit 752
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		6852.9	5653.4	6915.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		3751.1	3862.7	3973.9				764
4015 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories.....		3383.9	3209.3	3677.1	5.1	4.8	5.1	US\$/kg 848
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		3820.9	3112.6	2647.7	44.6	42.4		US\$/kg 759

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	216428.4	-1.3	14.3	100.0
0+1	8397.4	0.5	-0.8	3.9
2+4	22037.7	-1.1	17.2	10.2
3	33046.1	-10.2	24.6	15.3
5	15006.9	-0.2	4.2	6.9
6	19163.3	-2.8	13.5	8.9
7	95548.4	2.4	16.8	44.1
8	21285.1	0.1	-0.2	9.8
9	1943.4	7.2	60.4	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

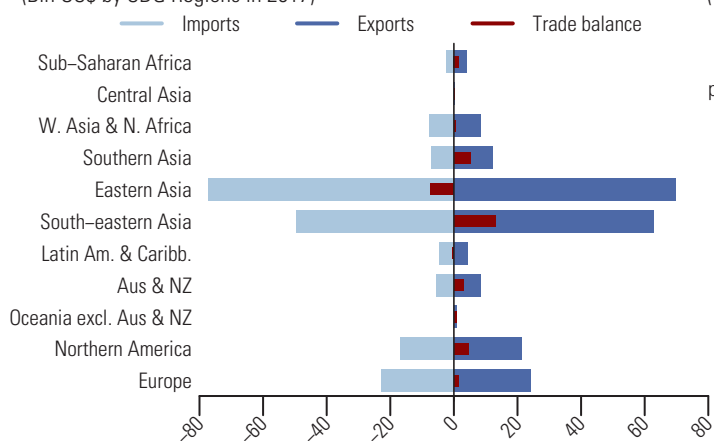
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	193855.9	-1.5	15.1	100.0
0+1	12792.3	-1.6	3.5	6.6
2+4	9905.2	2.1	27.1	5.1
3	24740.2	-7.2	42.5	12.8
5	19321.8	0.9	12.0	10.0
6	22654.5	-4.4	6.9	11.7
7	87002.7	-0.2	14.0	44.9
8	13476.7	3.6	3.2	7.0
9	3962.6	-3.4	31.4	2.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

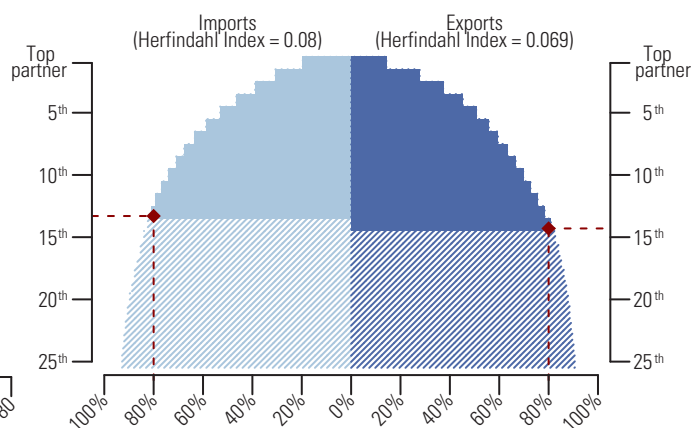
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



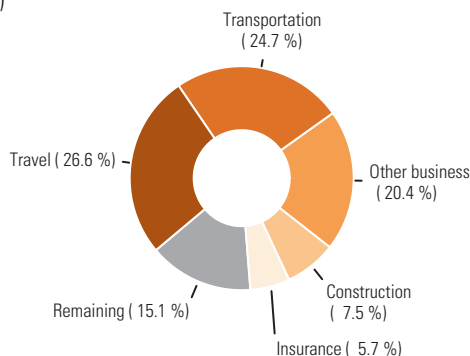
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 44.9, 12.8 and 11.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Singapore and the United States, accounting for respectively 19.6, 11.1 and 8.1 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 10.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 9.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 8.0 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

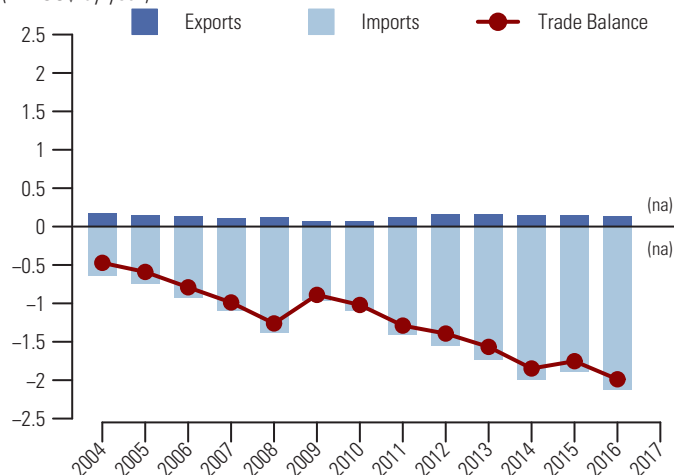
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		176174.6	168375.2	193855.9				
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		24788.2	24872.7	30835.8				776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		14718.8	11877.3	16596.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		3810.8	3498.4	4026.6				764
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		3853.1	3562.3	3698.6				776
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		3282.2	2819.2	3929.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		2848.3	2218.7	3099.4	36.7	39.4	40.4	thsd US\$/kg
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		2569.9	2565.7	2830.6	31.7	17.9	51.0	US\$/unit
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		2695.2	2353.8	2091.7	47.4	38.5		US\$/kg
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		2417.2	2270.5	2314.4	8.1	7.4	7.5	US\$/kg
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....		2026.6	1651.9	2147.7	5.7	5.0	6.2	US\$/kg

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Maldives decreased slightly by 3.2 percent to reach 139.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.2 percent to reach 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -533.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Maldives were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Maldives increased substantially by 13.0 percent, reaching 3.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 25.8 percent and reached 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 2.2 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 98.6, 1.1 and 0.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Thailand, France and Sri Lanka, accounting for respectively 30.7, 11.3 and 9.4 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 280.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

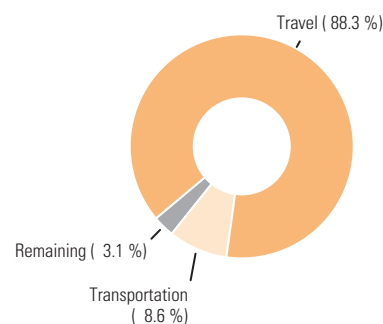


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		144.8	144.2	139.6				
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		49.7	39.0	47.2	1.5	1.5	1.7	US\$/kg 034
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		35.9	39.0	32.7	5.2	5.1	4.1	US\$/kg 034
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....		30.8	35.6	31.2	7.5	7.6	7.2	US\$/kg 034
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....		15.8	13.9	15.5	6.1	4.8	5.1	US\$/kg 037
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine.....		7.4	10.6	9.0	2.8	3.1	2.2	US\$/kg 035
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		1.6	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg 282
0301 Live fish.....		1.1	1.3	1.1				034
7404 Copper waste and scrap.....		1.0	1.4	0.6	4.8	4.5	4.1	US\$/kg 288
2301 Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal.....		0.5	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg 081
0308 Aquatic invertebrates other than crustaceans and molluscs.....		0.3	0.6	0.4		4.8		US\$/kg 036

*As of 2011, trade in services data reflect the improvement of the coverage of balance of payments statistics that was implemented in September 2012.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	139.6	-3.6	-3.2	100.0
0+1	137.6	-3.5	-2.0	98.6
2+4	1.5	-14.2	-48.0	1.1
3	0.0	-31.1	-66.0	0.0
5	0.1	6.3	77.7	0.1
6	0.0	-1.2	33.8	0.0
7	0.4	...	-47.1	0.3
8	0.0	...	57.7	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2 128.0	8.2	12.2	100.0
0+1	434.2	8.1	6.1	20.4
2+4	129.4	16.5	5.7	6.1
3	247.6	-15.6	-14.2	11.6
5	156.3	15.1	22.2	7.3
6	349.5	16.7	25.2	16.4
7	593.2	22.3	21.5	27.9
8	217.8	12.9	21.1	10.2
9	0.0	-73.8	-99.0	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

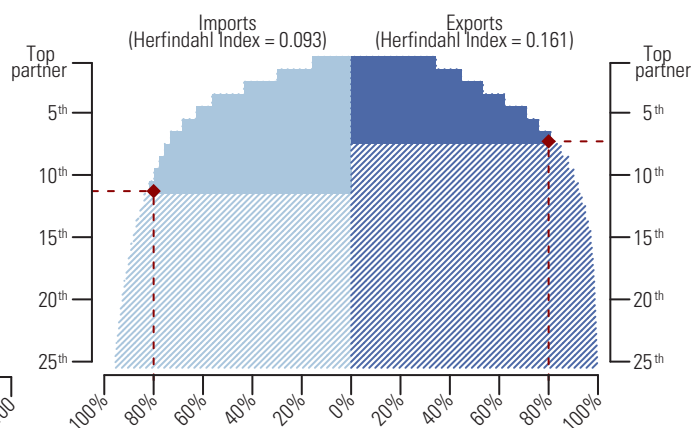
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



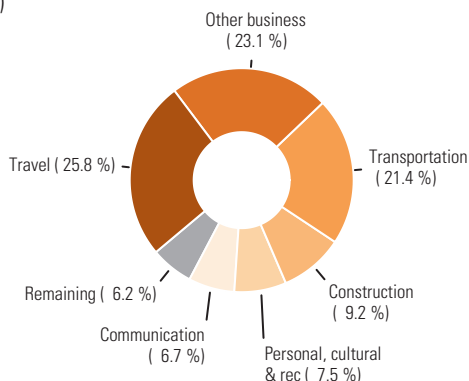
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 27.9, 20.4 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, Singapore and India, accounting for respectively 18.7, 16.3 and 11.2 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 284.5 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 254.6 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 236.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

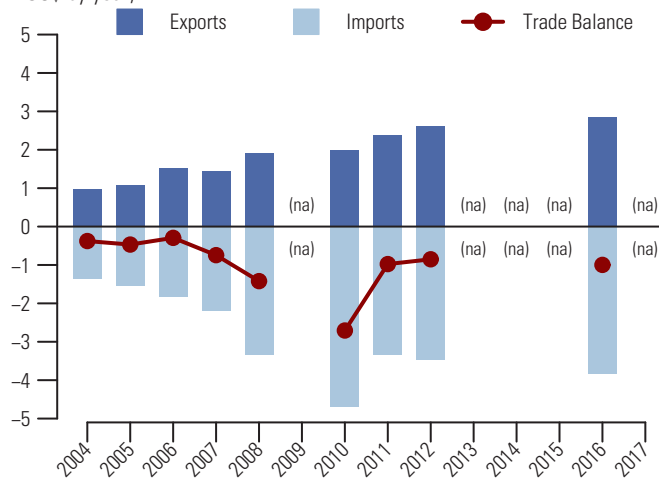
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		1 992.7	1 896.9	2 128.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		500.2	275.3	239.3	0.9	0.5	0.4	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		34.7	48.9	40.6				764
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		39.8	59.2	16.9	4.0	7.4	1.5	792
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		25.1	24.1	39.5				821
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		70.5	8.3	7.2	1.2	0.6	0.5	343
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		21.2	26.1	38.0		573.5		792
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		17.8	29.5	37.6	733.8	735.7	628.1	248
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		22.6	21.4	25.4	1.7	1.5	1.3	111
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		17.0	22.9	28.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	661
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		21.9	22.1	23.5	2.4	2.1	0.5	012

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Mali amounted to 2.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports amounted to 3.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 997.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -662.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mali were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Mali increased moderately by 6.4 percent, reaching 456.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.0 percent and reached 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.7 bln US\$.

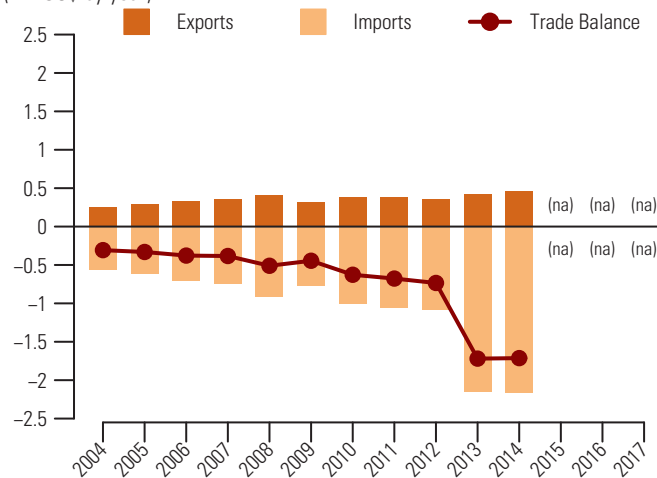
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 71.7, 10.1 and 9.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). In 2016, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, Switzerland and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 47.0, 15.0 and 7.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 211.9 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 51.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

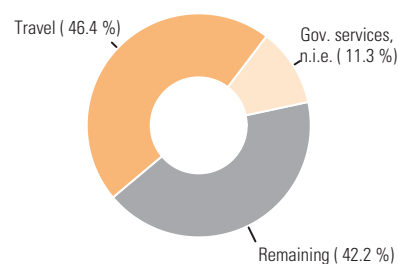


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
	All Commodities.....	2 847.6				
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	...	...	2 042.9	32.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
5203	Cotton, carded or combed.....	...	...	263.5	1.3	US\$/kg	263
0104	Live sheep and goats.....	...	...	123.6			001
0102	Live bovine animals.....	...	...	99.6			001
3105	Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....	...	...	72.2	0.5	US\$/kg	562
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	...	...	18.7			782
8431	Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....	...	...	17.0	13.3	US\$/kg	723
0804	Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangoes, fresh or dried.....	...	...	13.8	0.7	US\$/kg	057
3102	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....	...	...	13.4	0.3	US\$/kg	562
8429	Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....	...	...	8.8	48.1	thsd US\$/unit	723

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2847.6	2.2	...	100.0
0+1	269.7	16.2	...	9.5
2+4	287.9	-9.0	...	10.1
3	8.3	-15.2	...	0.3
5	115.2	-9.8	...	4.0
6	18.3	-20.0	...	0.6
7	92.4	1.3	...	3.2
8	12.9	12.0	...	0.5
9	2042.9	4.5	...	71.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

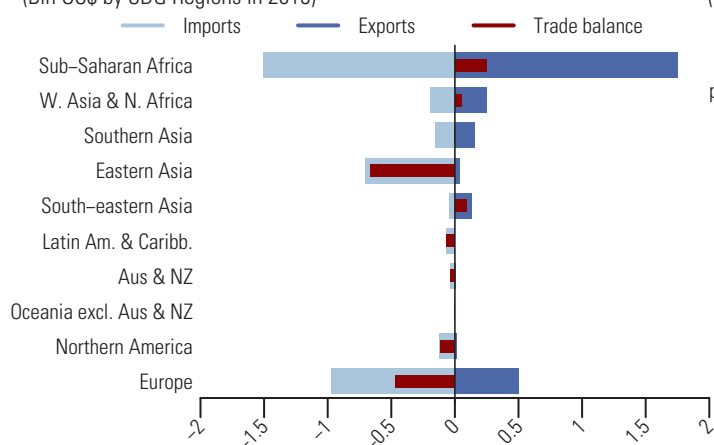
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	3845.4	2.7	...	100.0
0+1	577.9	7.0	...	15.0
2+4	72.2	3.8	...	1.9
3	855.1	-3.7	...	22.2
5	566.9	2.8	...	14.7
6	625.8	2.8	...	16.3
7	911.2	4.5	...	23.7
8	236.4	16.0	...	6.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

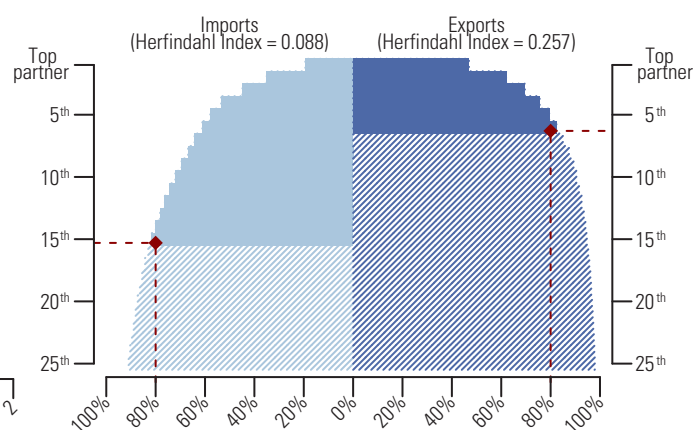
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



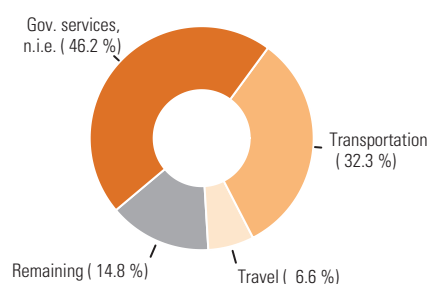
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 23.7, 22.2 and 16.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). In 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Senegal, China and Côte d'Ivoire, accounting for respectively 19.4, 15.6 and 9.8 percent of total imports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 1.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 701.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 143.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

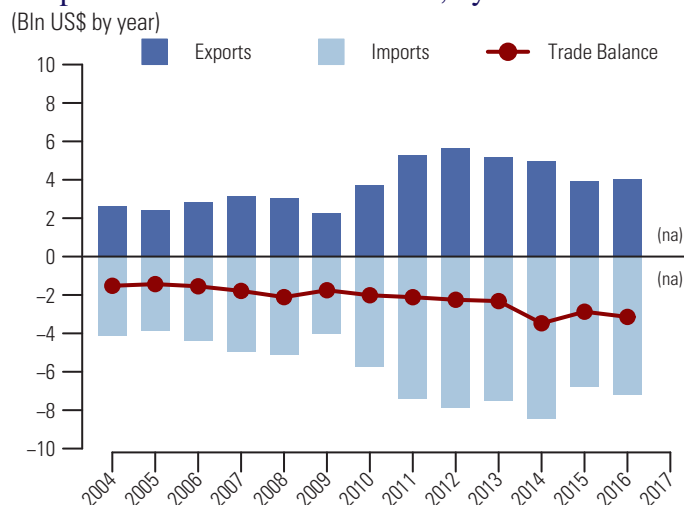
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....	3845.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	814.9	0.6	US\$/kg	334	
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....	200.9	0.1	US\$/kg	661	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	146.8	11.4	US\$/kg	542	
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....	93.3	0.3	US\$/kg	562	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	91.5			764	
1006 Rice.....	86.7	0.3	US\$/kg	042	
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....	84.0	0.4	US\$/kg	562	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	79.7	22.0	thsd US\$/unit	781	
1001 Wheat and meslin.....	76.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041	
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....	64.2			722	

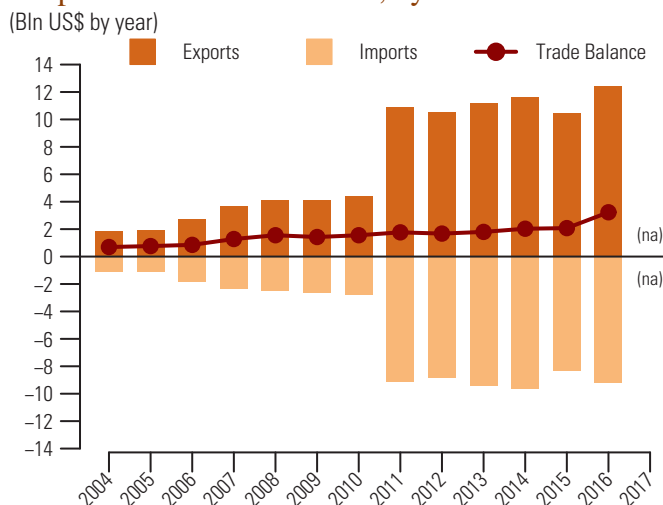
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Malta increased slightly by 3.1 percent to reach 4.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 5.8 percent to reach 7.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Malta were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Malta increased substantially by 19.4 percent, reaching 12.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 10.4 percent and reached 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 3.2 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 26.4, 25.4 and 25.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Bunkers, ship stores, Egypt and Germany, accounting for respectively 12.7, 11.7 and 9.4 percent of total exports. "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code 287) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 3.5 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 3.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

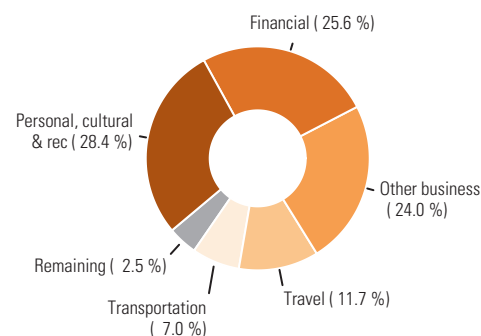


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		4970.8	3915.4	4038.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2139.4	1477.6	988.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		328.7	268.9	928.1	103.7	104.7	330.5	US\$/kg 542
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		396.3	327.2	321.9				776
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		316.5	223.6	180.1				776
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		185.3	148.5	150.7	59.1	51.6	52.2	US\$/kg 772
9503 Tricycles, scooters, wheeled toys; dolls'carriages; dolls; other toys.....		131.7	101.2	143.4	36.6	28.3	19.4	US\$/kg 894
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		94.0	101.0	148.5	656.4	833.1	648.1	US\$/kg 792
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....		98.9	116.8	68.7	61.1	47.4	44.2	US\$/kg 892
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		110.5	58.4	46.0	18.5	11.6	10.8	US\$/kg 034
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		73.3	67.9	55.9	3.3	3.2	3.3	US\$/kg 098

*Trade in services data limitations result in an imperfect conversion from EBOPS2010 to EBOPS2002 beginning in 2011.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	4 038.6	-8.0	3.1	100.0
0+1	309.5	4.1	3.0	7.7
2+4	13.9	-14.2	-21.5	0.3
3	1 024.5	-20.3	-31.9	25.4
5	1 021.2	25.7	153.1	25.3
6	134.3	-4.6	-1.5	3.3
7	1 068.0	-10.9	-0.7	26.4
8	435.3	-3.5	-1.9	10.8
9	31.9	-6.7	-1.3	0.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

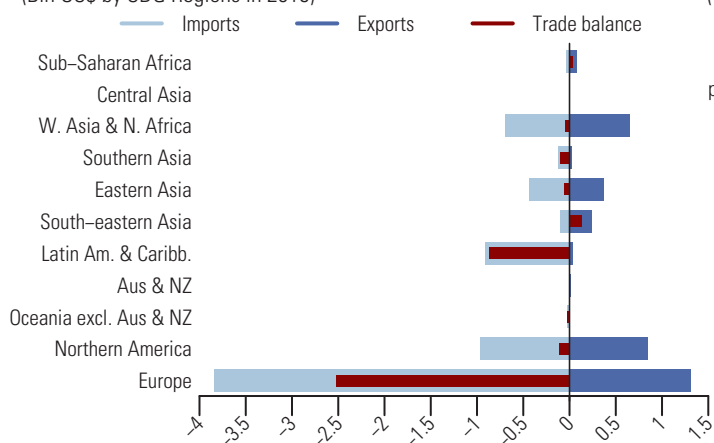
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	7 182.0	-2.3	5.8	100.0
0+1	731.4	0.0	7.8	10.2
2+4	39.2	-5.1	-3.5	0.5
3	1 862.4	-15.0	-0.8	25.9
5	513.3	-2.6	-8.7	7.1
6	410.8	0.4	-9.7	5.7
7	3 112.5	11.5	19.2	43.3
8	472.7	-2.1	-7.1	6.6
9	39.6	-1.2	-26.7	0.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

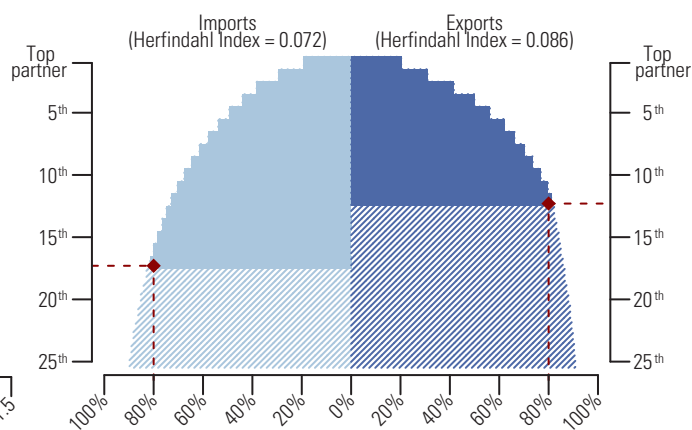
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



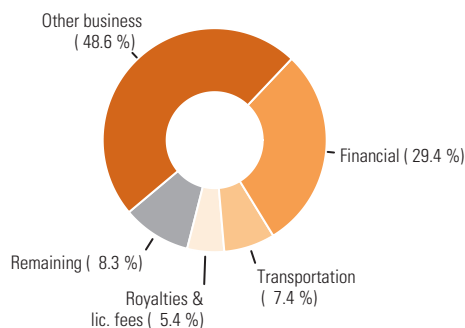
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 43.3, 25.9 and 10.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Italy, the United States and Canada, accounting for respectively 19.5, 6.5 and 6.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.5 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 2.7 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 687.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

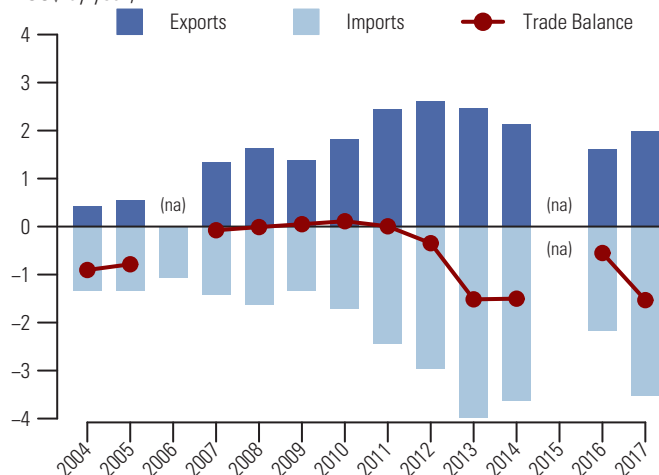
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		8 445.2	6 788.0	7 182.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3 375.8	1 786.7	1 752.3	0.7	0.3	0.3	334
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		647.8	852.5	731.1	191.4	706.3	364.5	793
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		444.7	356.2	769.2	29.6	23.7	29.6	792
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		351.8	239.0	166.1				776
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		45.0	...	382.6	9.0			793
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		141.8	131.5	144.3	51.4	50.1	54.6	542
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		119.3	149.9	146.2	553.5	557.4	753.9	792
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		119.9	154.9	117.9	4.4	9.5	4.9	781
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		57.3	75.8	75.5				776
2909 Ethers, ether-alcohols, ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols.....		104.7	52.8	22.6	1.0	0.7	0.6	516

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Mauritania increased substantially by 22.6 percent to reach 2.0 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 62.0 percent to reach 3.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -646.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mauritania were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Mauritania decreased substantially by 11.6 percent, reaching 246.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 28.7 percent and reached 640.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 394.6 mln US\$.

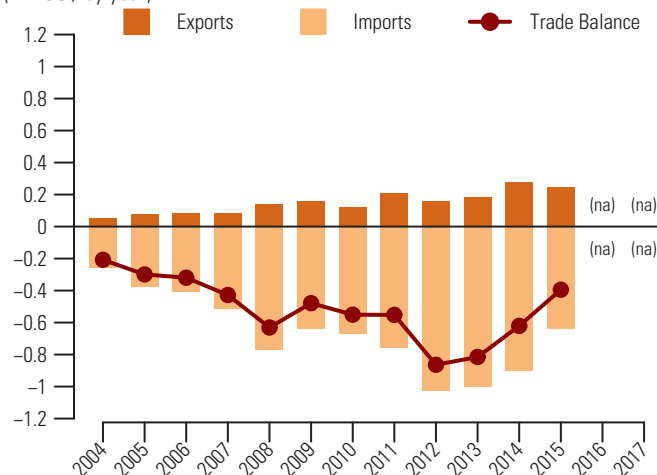
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 42.8, 41.0 and 15.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites" (HS code 2601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Switzerland and Spain, accounting for respectively 35.9, 14.6 and 10.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 123.7 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 43.7 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 31.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

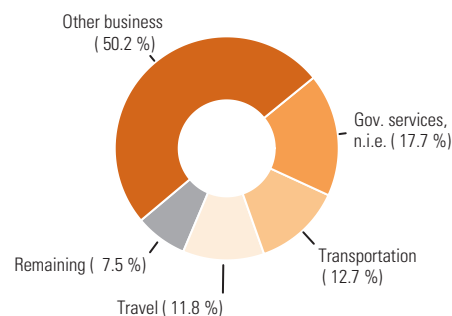


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	...	1 622.8	1 989.4				
2601	Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....	...	487.7	620.6	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg	281
0307	Molluscs, whether in shell or not.....	...	246.0	380.6	7.0	8.0	US\$/kg	036
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	...	227.2	312.1	35.9	35.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
0303	Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....	...	206.9	247.4	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	034
2603	Copper ores and concentrates.....	...	198.7	192.8	1.0	1.4	US\$/kg	283
2301	Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal.....	...	91.6	139.4	1.2	1.2	US\$/kg	081
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	...	75.5	...				931
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals.....	...	24.9	34.7	1.2	1.0	US\$/kg	411
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....	...	32.3	23.6	0.7	1.3	US\$/kg	034
0306	Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....	...	14.2	13.9	6.7	6.6	US\$/kg	036

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1989.4	-5.2	22.6	100.0
0+1	816.1	16.1	35.1	41.0
2+4	851.9	-14.5	19.3	42.8
5	7.7	...	399.3	0.4
6	1.6	49.1	387.1	0.1
8	0.1	143.4	-60.5	0.0
9	312.1	-3.0	3.1	15.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

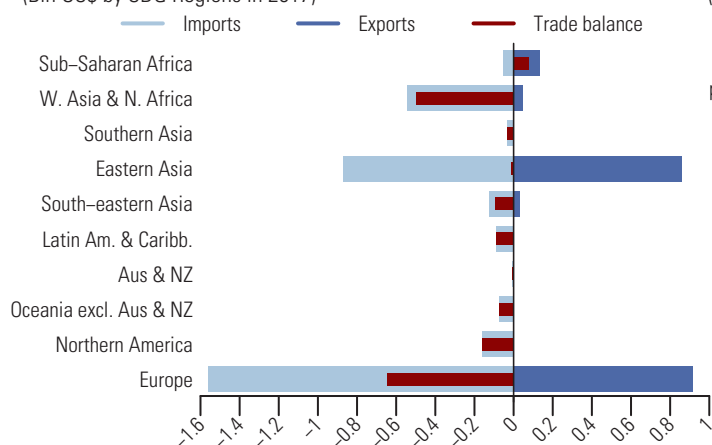
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	3522.4	-3.0	62.0	100.0
0+1	430.0	2.7	23.0	12.2
2+4	68.4	0.2	21.7	1.9
3	643.1	-5.3	51.5	18.3
5	121.6	-6.3	2.6	3.5
6	286.3	-5.4	13.7	8.1
7	1888.2	-3.0	113.8	53.6
8	84.8	2.4	-5.1	2.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

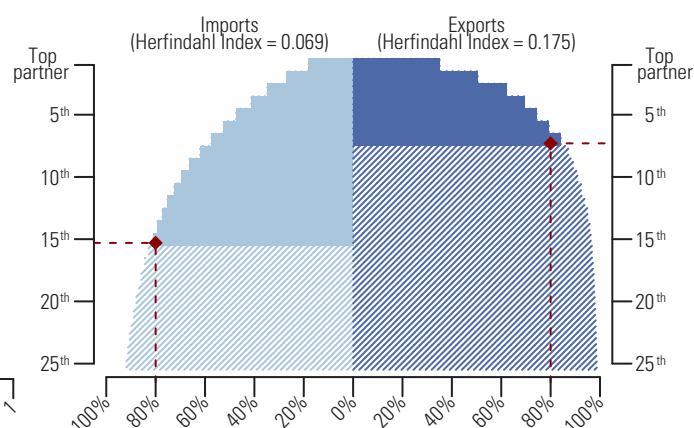
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



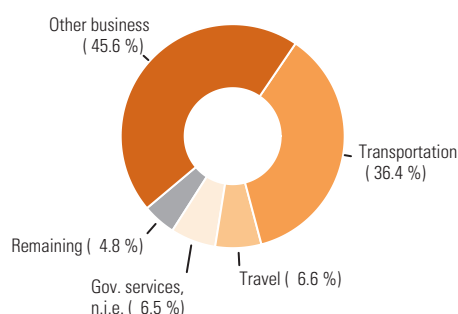
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 53.6, 18.3 and 12.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels" (HS code 8905) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Republic of Korea, the United Arab Emirates and the United States, accounting for respectively 11.2, 10.0 and 7.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 292.1 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 233.1 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 42.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

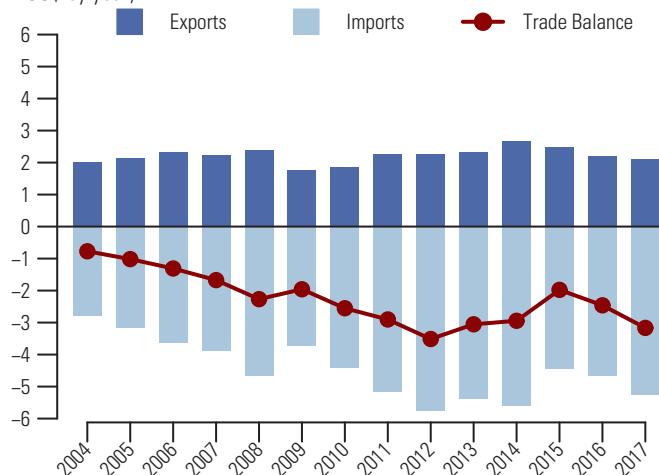
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		...	2173.8	3522.4				
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		...	60.9	1033.6				793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		...	391.9	606.7	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8904 Tugs and pusher craft.....		...	221.5	213.1				793
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		...	136.5	116.7	15.7	14.5	US\$/kg	723
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		...	85.3	108.8	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	041
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....		...	55.8	70.2				728
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		...	57.0	57.8	21.2	22.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		...	46.5	60.9	1.6	1.3	US\$/kg	022
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		...	33.5	57.4	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	061
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions.....		...	40.1	49.1	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	421

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Mauritius decreased slightly by 4.2 percent to reach 2.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.2 percent to reach 5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mauritius were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Mauritius decreased moderately by 9.9 percent, reaching 2.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 9.3 percent and reached 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 587.9 mln US\$.

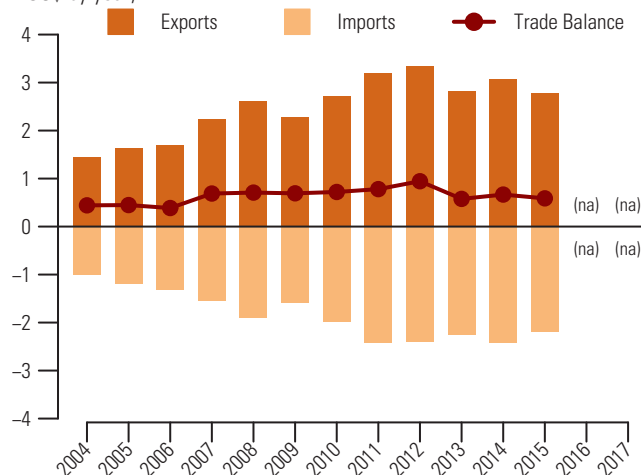
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 38.8, 36.9 and 10.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Prepared or preserved fish; caviar" (HS code 1604) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, the United Kingdom and the United States, accounting for respectively 14.1, 12.4 and 11.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 1.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 685.9 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 330.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

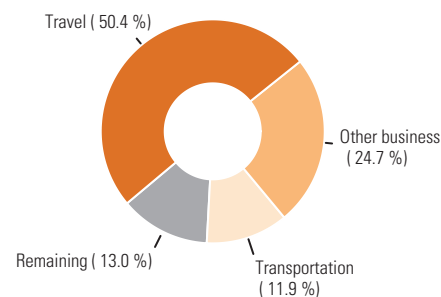


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	2 481.1	2 193.8	2 102.6					
1604	Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....	255.9	263.0	296.1	4.0	4.1	4.8	US\$/kg	037
1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....	218.6	229.8	254.0	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061
6109	T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....	204.9	156.3	153.9	4.1	3.9	4.2	US\$/unit	845
6205	Men's or boys' shirts.....	166.0	154.3	138.3	10.0	10.0	10.1	US\$/unit	841
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	287.1	94.8	15.1					764
6203	Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....	125.9	110.0	110.1	13.4	13.4	13.6	US\$/unit	841
0303	Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....	95.9	98.8	85.9	1.5	1.4	1.5	US\$/kg	034
7102	Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	115.2	69.6	63.0			1.7	thsd US\$/carat	667
6110	Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles.....	55.3	50.3	44.9	9.2	8.2	8.8	US\$/unit	845
6104	Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....	52.3	39.3	35.8	7.2	5.7	6.4	US\$/unit	844

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2 102.6	-2.7	-4.2	100.0
0+1	816.8	-2.6	4.1	38.8
2+4	31.6	-5.7	-17.7	1.5
3	32.7	142.6	-2.1	1.6
5	94.3	4.5	0.8	4.5
6	222.5	-1.9	11.3	10.6
7	104.7	-2.2	-39.5	5.0
8	776.2	-4.9	-9.6	36.9
9	23.8	28.2	107.8	1.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

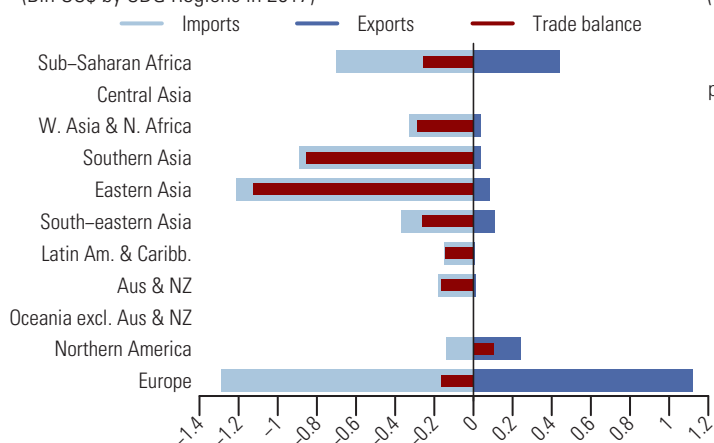
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5 269.5	-0.6	13.2	100.0
0+1	1 214.7	1.7	12.2	23.1
2+4	184.1	-0.2	20.1	3.5
3	888.3	-6.6	39.8	16.9
5	438.4	1.1	6.4	8.3
6	806.9	-3.7	8.7	15.3
7	1 225.5	3.6	5.3	23.3
8	473.3	0.6	8.7	9.0
9	38.3	18.0	28.3	0.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

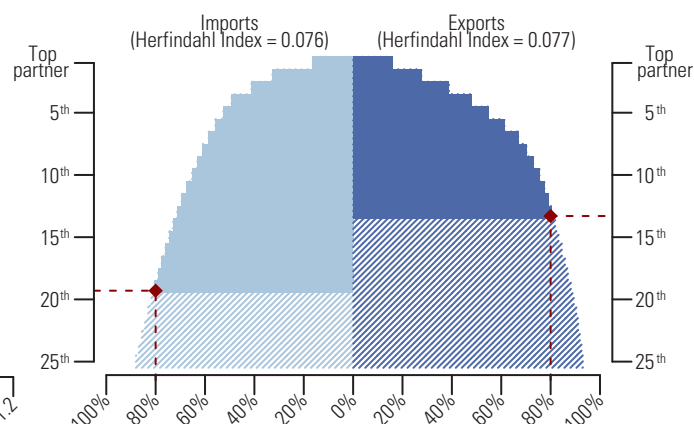
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



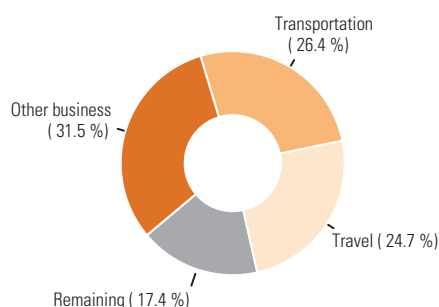
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.3, 23.1 and 16.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and France, accounting for respectively 17.4, 17.0 and 7.7 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 688.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 578.4 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 540.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

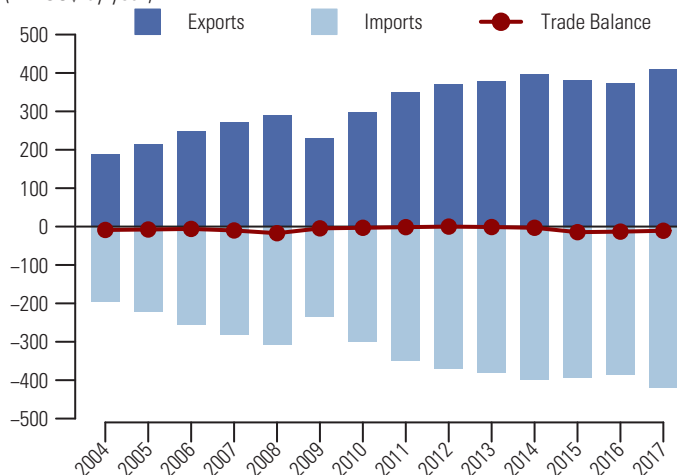
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		4 458.3	4 654.9	5 269.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		553.9	507.0	705.5	1.8	1.5	0.4	334
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		201.9	255.8	299.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	034
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		341.4	201.2	125.6				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		168.1	188.4	237.4	9.9	11.9	13.0	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		103.9	110.0	111.5	18.4	20.2	21.5	542
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		104.8	68.4	68.0			806.4	667
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		69.9	69.3	92.9	0.5	0.4	0.6	343
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		60.5	63.1	68.7			17.2	122
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		63.1	56.0	69.6	156.8	197.3	186.6	752
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		46.6	53.3	83.3	0.1	0.1		321

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Mexico increased moderately by 9.5 percent to reach 409.5 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.6 percent to reach 420.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 10.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 134.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mexico were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Mexico increased moderately by 8.7 percent, reaching 24.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.7 percent and reached 33.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 8.8 bln US\$.

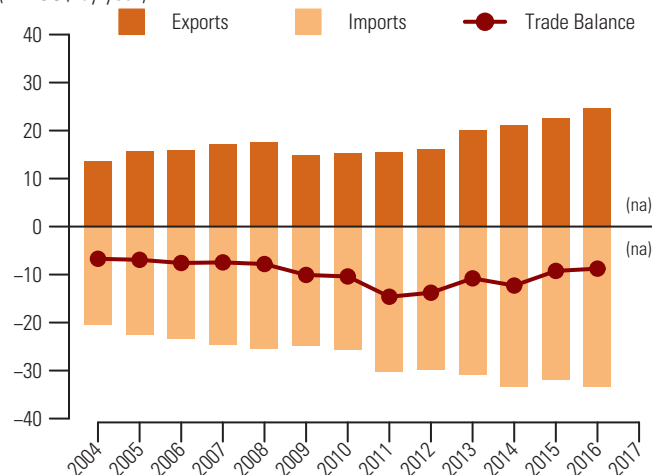
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 61.8, 10.2 and 7.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Canada and China, accounting for respectively 80.7, 2.8 and 1.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 19.6 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 2.9 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

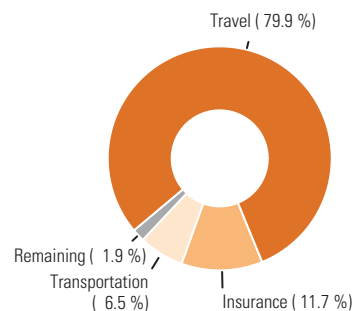


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		380637.5	373892.5	409451.4				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		32843.3	31417.6	41689.3	16.1	16.0		thsd US\$/unit
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		25132.3	26192.5	26897.5	10.7	8.9	11.1	US\$/kg
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		21752.0	23377.0	24560.7	22.7	23.2	23.9	thsd US\$/unit
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		18381.4	20566.1	23296.7	643.2	710.0	829.5	US\$/unit
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		18560.0	15574.8	19930.4	0.8	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		15859.5	16479.1	19560.2				
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		16783.9	13347.0	13252.1	268.9	228.8		US\$/unit
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		11416.4	11293.6	11259.6	14.3	14.8	15.8	US\$/kg
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		8902.2	5488.7	6714.1	59.0	84.3	82.1	thsd US\$/unit
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		6370.3	6869.2	7135.0				

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	409451.4	1.9	9.5	100.0
0+1	31782.8	7.8	12.6	7.8
2+4	7983.8	0.5	21.5	1.9
3	22617.8	-17.4	24.8	5.5
5	14182.2	-2.3	4.6	3.5
6	28198.4	-0.1	5.7	6.9
7	253062.9	4.5	9.6	61.8
8	41841.3	5.2	4.5	10.2
9	9782.1	1.2	-0.9	2.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

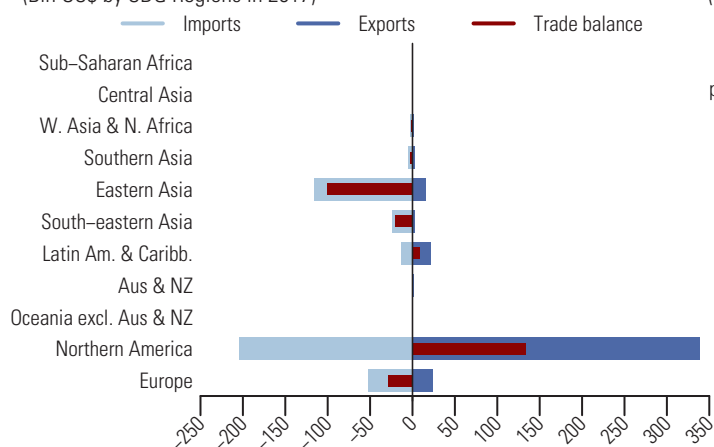
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	420369.1	2.5	8.6	100.0
0+1	20706.7	0.5	4.9	4.9
2+4	10639.0	-0.5	9.5	2.5
3	35529.6	1.9	41.6	8.5
5	44176.4	0.6	7.8	10.5
6	56349.6	2.4	8.5	13.4
7	198914.8	2.4	4.8	47.3
8	38870.5	4.1	5.1	9.2
9	15182.7	14.9	17.8	3.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

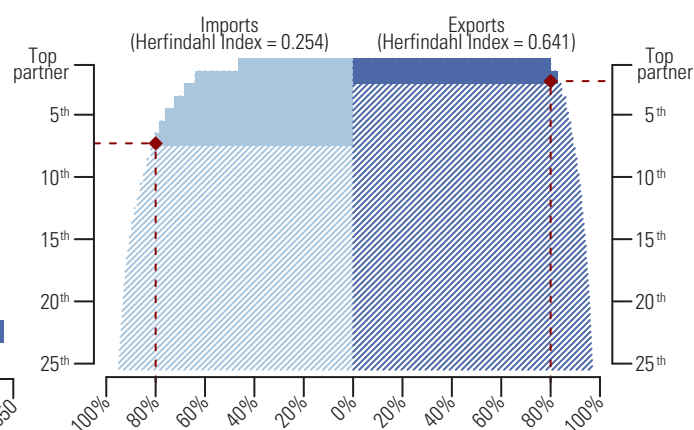
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



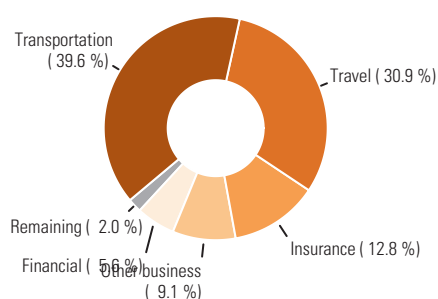
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 47.3, 13.4 and 10.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Japan, accounting for respectively 46.7, 17.8 and 4.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 13.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 10.3 bln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		395232.2	387064.4	420369.1				
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		23432.9	22751.2	25310.5	12.7	11.8	11.0	US\$/kg 784
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		19974.2	18048.8	24825.1			0.5	US\$/kg 334
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		14793.1	15005.3	16389.0				776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		14724.8	14613.0	13450.5				764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		11701.8	12725.1	15068.7				931
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		9463.8	9941.2	11514.4	11.3	10.9	11.5	thsd US\$/unit 781
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		9339.4	10124.3	9385.2	92.6	112.3	94.4	US\$/unit 752
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		4978.8	5603.5	8339.9			0.0	US\$/kg 343
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		6097.1	5939.1	6078.0	14.2			US\$/kg 772
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		5448.2	5899.3	6042.7			180.5	US\$/kg 759

Micronesia (Federated states of)

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

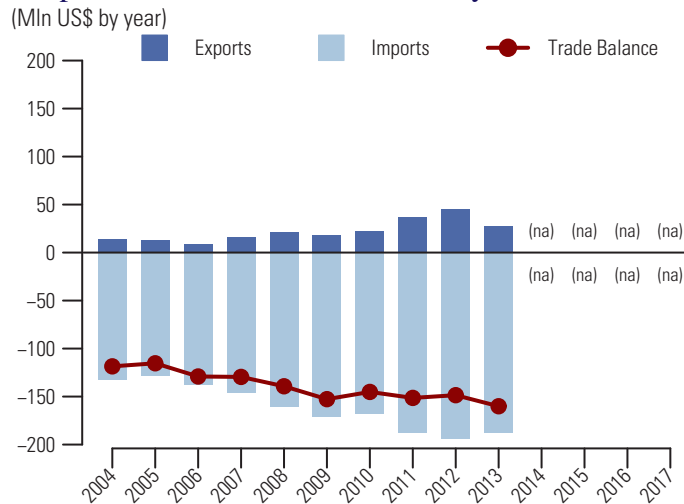
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: General

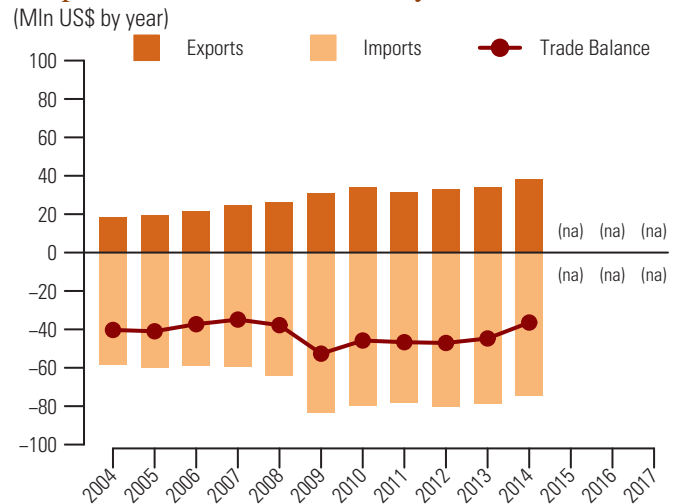
Overview:

In 2013, the value of merchandise exports of Micronesia (Federated states of) decreased substantially by 38.7 percent to reach 27.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 3.1 percent to reach 187.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 160.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -68.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Micronesia (Federated states of) were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Micronesia (Federated states of) increased substantially by 11.8 percent, reaching 38.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 5.4 percent and reached 74.5 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 36.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2013, representing respectively 99.1, 0.5 and 0.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2011 to 2013, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, Guam and Northern Mariana Islands, accounting for respectively 83.6, 11.0 and 3.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 25.3 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 4.7 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 4.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2014)

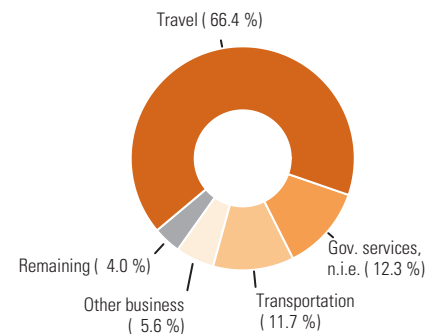


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2011 to 2013

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013		Unit
All Commodities.....		36.7	45.1	27.6				
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets.....		30.6	39.9	22.8	1.5	1.9		US\$/kg 034
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried.....		4.5	3.5	3.4	13.7	13.8		US\$/kg 057
1212 Locust beans, seaweeds and other algae.....		0.2	0.5	0.5				292
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		0.4	0.3	0.4	5.2			US\$/kg 098
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not.....		0.4	0.2	0.2			43.4	US\$/kg 036
0604 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants.....		0.2	0.2	0.1	6.4	6.3		US\$/kg 292
0301 Live fish.....		0.1	0.1	0.1	12.1			US\$/kg 034
1203 Copra.....		0.1	0.2	0.0		0.5	0.1	US\$/kg 223
4421 Other articles of wood.....		0.1	0.1	0.1	10.2	9.3	10.8	US\$/kg 635
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		0.1	0.0	0.0	6.1	3.9	5.7	US\$/kg 036

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	27.6	10.8	-38.7	100.0
0+1	27.4	10.9	-38.7	99.1
2+4	0.1	7.1	-62.0	0.5
6	0.1	0.6	17.2	0.4
8	0.0	195.8	200.2	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

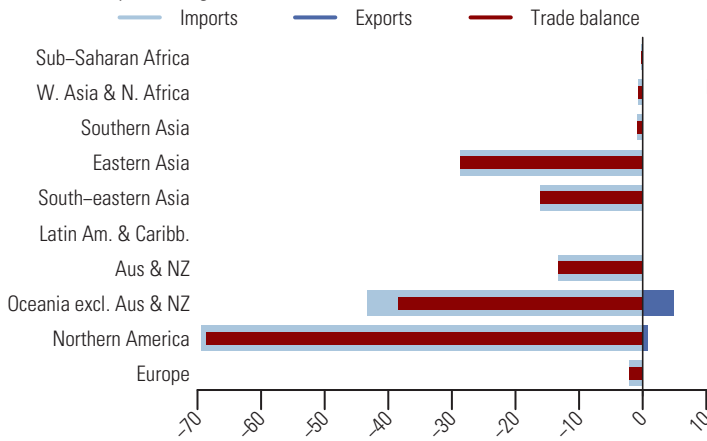
SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	187.7	2.4	-3.1	100.0
0+1	51.1	-0.1	-9.6	27.2
2+4	4.7	-6.7	-42.0	2.5
3	56.4	9.2	-0.9	30.1
5	8.8	-3.8	-14.6	4.7
6	18.4	-0.5	-17.1	9.8
7	27.7	0.9	19.2	14.7
8	14.1	-1.7	-10.6	7.5
9	6.5	20.5	955.9	3.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

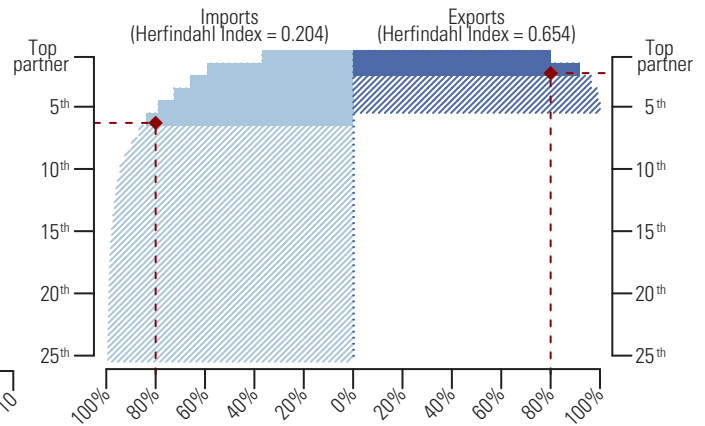
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2013)



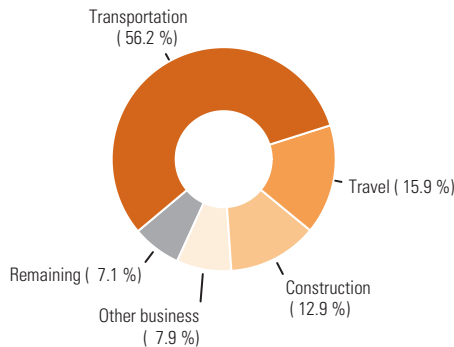
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2013)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2013, representing respectively 30.1, 27.2 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2011 to 2013, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Guam and Japan, accounting for respectively 37.3, 24.2 and 7.1 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 41.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 11.8 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 9.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

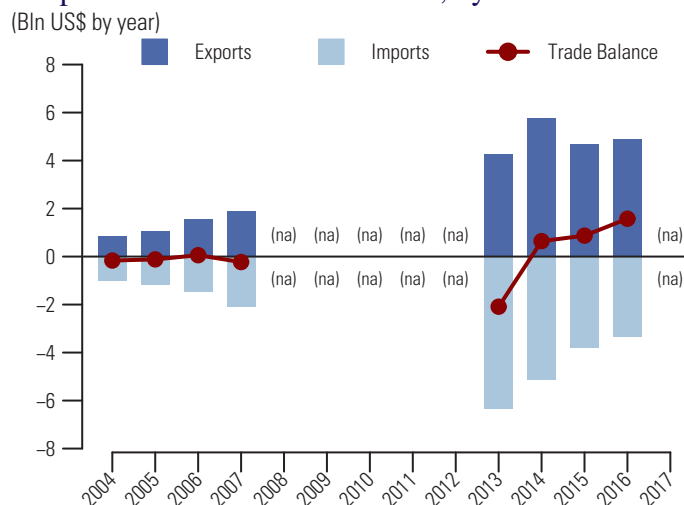
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2011 to 2013

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	
All Commodities.....		188.1	193.6	187.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		44.1	54.8	54.8				334
1006 Rice.....		8.2	10.3	9.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	042
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		6.6	6.2	6.1		7.5	8.5	781
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		5.5	6.7	6.0	1.6	1.8		012
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		10.0	0.6	6.5				931
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....		3.3	3.8	3.0	3.2		3.8	037
1602 Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal or blood.....		2.6	2.7	2.5	5.1	5.7	5.7	017
1902 Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed.....		2.6	2.5	2.4	1.5		1.6	048
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares.....		2.5	2.5	2.3	3.2	3.5	3.4	048
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		2.3	2.5	2.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	111

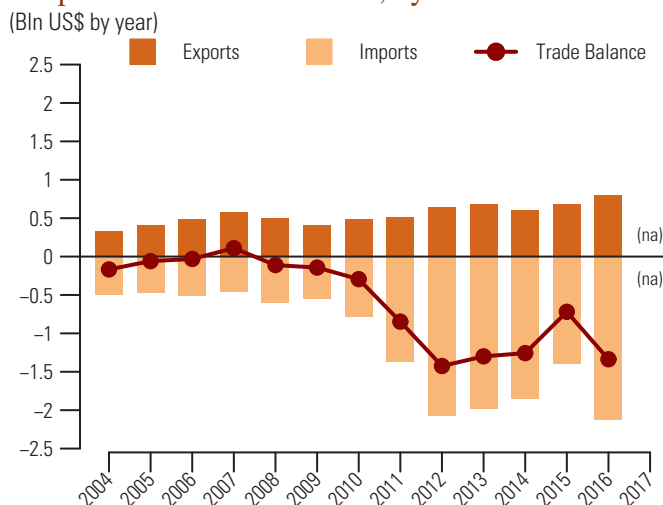
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Mongolia increased moderately by 5.3 percent to reach 4.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 12.0 percent to reach 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mongolia were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Mongolia increased substantially by 16.6 percent, reaching 795.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 52.2 percent and reached 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 50.3, 26.8 and 15.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United Kingdom and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 83.7, 9.9 and 1.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 316.3 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 255.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 155.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

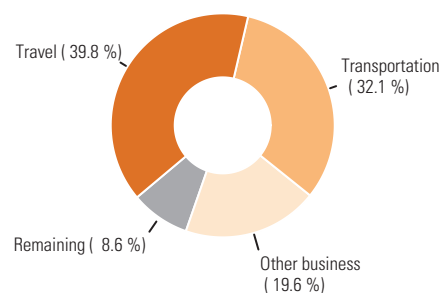


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		5774.3	4669.3	4916.3				
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		2574.7	2280.1	1607.8	1.9	1.5	1.0	US\$/kg
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		848.6	555.0	971.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		405.2	420.6	758.4	40.4	37.1	39.6	thsd US\$/kg
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		634.6	387.2	337.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		446.4	227.2	249.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg
5102 Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed.....		235.7	212.9	211.8	32.6	30.2	27.2	US\$/kg
2608 Zinc ores and concentrates.....		113.2	101.7	145.4	1.1	1.2	1.2	US\$/kg
2529 Feldspar; leucite, nepheline and nepheline syenite; fluorspar.....		71.5	65.5	59.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....		41.9	66.7	74.2	6.6	5.4	4.7	US\$/kg
5105 Wool and fine or coarse animal hair, carded or combed.....		63.4	43.1	34.6	81.9	37.2	52.1	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	4916.3	...	5.3	100.0
0+1	64.8	...	38.2	1.3
2+4	2471.5	...	-18.5	50.3
3	1316.7	...	38.6	26.8
5	3.3	...	39.8	0.1
6	116.4	...	4.5	2.4
7	138.1	...	93.3	2.8
8	47.1	...	43.1	1.0
9	758.4	...	80.3	15.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	3339.6	...	-12.0	100.0
0+1	478.4	...	6.9	14.3
2+4	45.0	...	-6.6	1.3
3	680.5	...	-22.2	20.4
5	312.0	...	-1.0	9.3
6	476.0	...	-32.0	14.3
7	1104.0	...	-3.7	33.1
8	243.6	...	-8.1	7.3
9	0.3	...	19.8	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

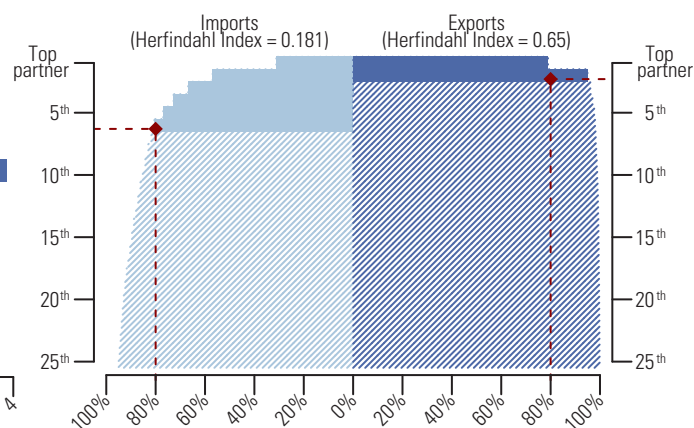
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



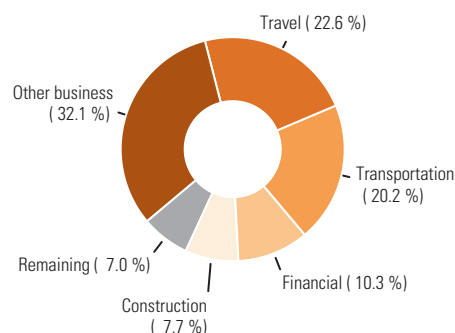
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 33.1, 20.4 and 14.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Russian Federation and Japan, accounting for respectively 33.4, 27.9 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 685.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 482.5 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 431.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

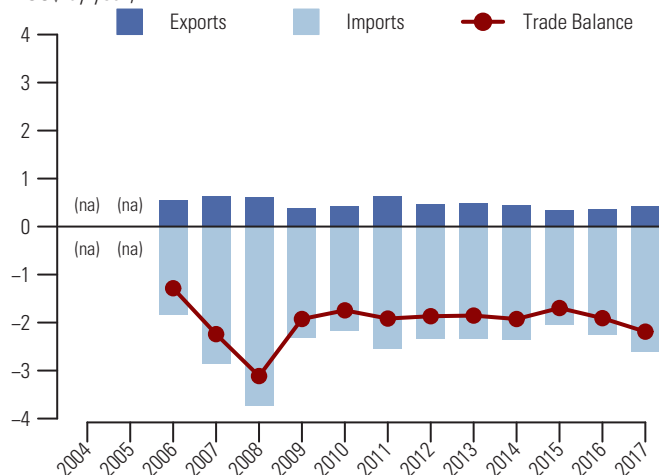
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		5131.5	3796.6	3339.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1154.6	707.6	512.1	1.0	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		289.2	210.0	219.7	7.0	5.7	5.8	thsd US\$/unit 781
2716 Electrical energy.....		130.0	129.2	125.4	96.4	93.3	88.3	US\$/MWh 351
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		83.0	80.6	104.2				764
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....		113.7	64.2	37.4				728
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		107.8	49.9	46.5	8.6	6.5	6.8	thsd US\$/unit 782
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		67.2	61.1	72.4	48.9	21.7	26.0	US\$/kg 542
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		91.6	49.3	14.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		51.1	52.2	50.0	19.2	23.5	19.8	US\$/kg 122
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		82.6	32.1	25.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	US\$/kg 691

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Montenegro increased substantially by 18.8 percent to reach 420.9 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.4 percent to reach 2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Montenegro were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Montenegro decreased slightly by 1.9 percent, reaching 1.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.7 percent and reached 465.3 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 876.4 mln US\$.

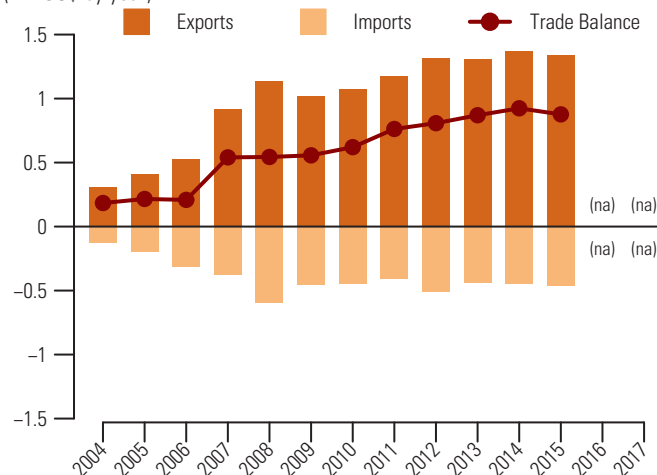
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 29.0, 26.8 and 12.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Unwrought aluminium" (HS code 7601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Serbia, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 21.6, 10.2 and 9.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 903.3 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 237.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

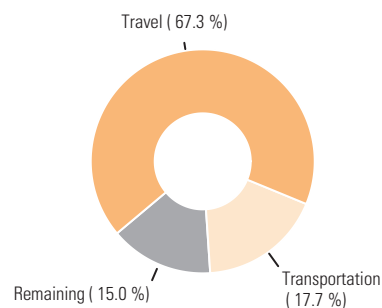


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	353.1	354.3	420.9					
7601	Unwrought aluminium.....	76.1	68.6	81.1	1.9	1.7	2.1	US\$/kg	684
2716	Electrical energy.....	33.0	40.8	26.4	61.1	46.4	64.2	US\$/MWh	351
2606	Aluminium ores and concentrates.....	7.9	18.0	37.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	285
4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....	19.4	19.9	24.5					248
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	16.9	13.9	20.4	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	334
2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....	17.2	16.4	15.7	2.3	2.4	2.5	US\$/litre	112
8483	Transmission shafts (including cam shafts and crank shafts) and cranks.....	13.5	11.7	12.3					748
2608	Zinc ores and concentrates.....	7.9	9.0	15.3	0.6	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	287
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	7.3	10.9	13.2	6.0	9.1	13.5	US\$/kg	542
7228	Other bars and rods of other alloy steel.....	3.8	7.5	14.9	1.2	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	676

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	420.9	-3.9	18.8	100.0
0+1	53.5	-6.8	-2.9	12.7
2+4	112.6	8.2	40.5	26.8
3	52.1	-22.4	-8.7	12.4
5	19.9	12.9	3.1	4.7
6	121.9	-2.5	27.7	29.0
7	47.2	8.3	37.2	11.2
8	13.5	2.9	6.1	3.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2610.5	2.7	15.4	100.0
0+1	574.1	0.0	11.7	22.0
2+4	63.0	-6.8	11.1	2.4
3	290.0	-4.1	39.5	11.1
5	258.2	2.1	15.9	9.9
6	464.2	7.3	22.9	17.8
7	627.3	8.1	8.1	24.0
8	333.7	2.7	10.1	12.8
9	0.0	-53.1	-73.3	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

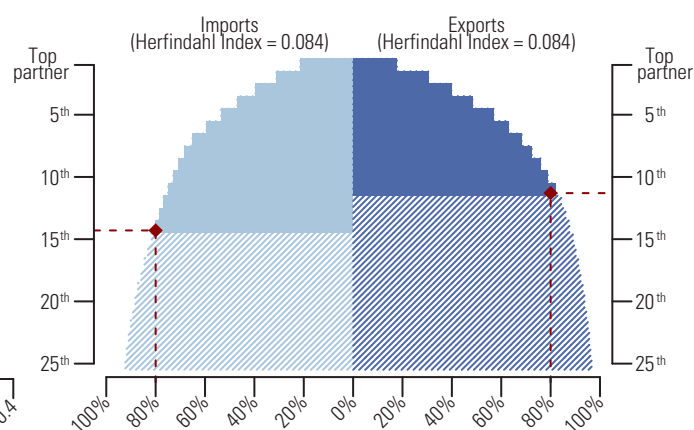
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



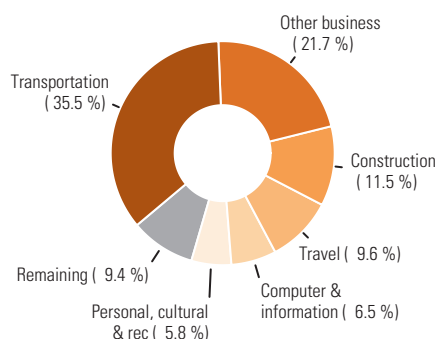
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.0, 22.0 and 17.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Serbia, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 23.7, 9.6 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 165.2 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 101.2 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 53.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

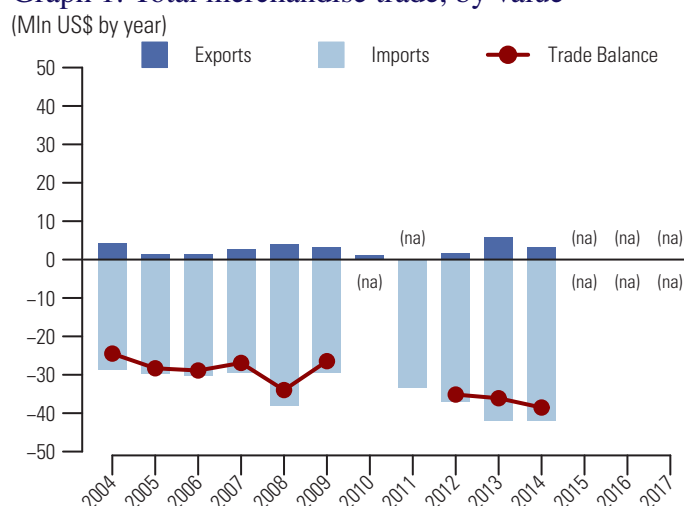
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		2050.2	2262.8	2610.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		154.8	139.1	181.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		76.8	86.8	114.1	3.6	2.0	5.4	thsd US\$/unit
2716 Electrical energy.....		45.1	49.7	83.8	41.4	39.8	52.0	US\$/MWh
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		55.1	53.6	63.9	54.6	67.7	73.7	US\$/kg
0203 Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen.....		47.2	51.3	56.4	2.3	2.3	2.7	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		43.5	47.9	59.1				
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		18.0	44.0	47.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	US\$/kg
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		27.0	29.4	46.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		30.5	33.4	35.8				
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		28.0	30.7	34.0	0.6	0.6	0.5	US\$/litre

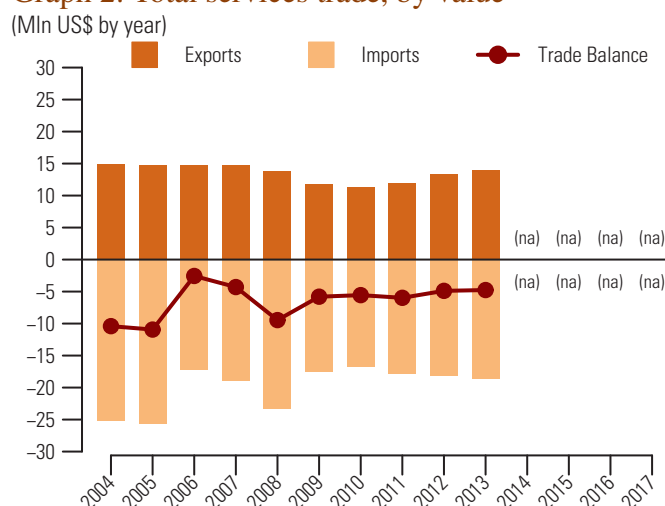
Overview:

In 2014, the value of merchandise exports of Montserrat decreased substantially by 43.4 percent to reach 3.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 0.4 percent to reach 41.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 38.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -30.5 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Montserrat were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of Montserrat increased slightly by 4.9 percent, reaching 13.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.9 percent and reached 18.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 4.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2014, representing respectively 59.6, 24.9 and 9.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2012 to 2014, the largest export commodity was "Natural sands of all kinds" (HS code 2505) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Dominica, the United States and Saint Kitts and Nevis, accounting for respectively 29.7, 21.6 and 10.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 7.6 mln US\$, followed by "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 3.4 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)

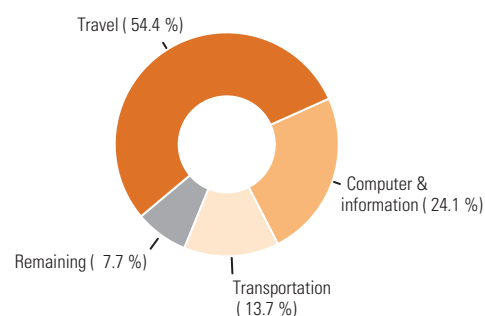


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2012 to 2014

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014		Unit
All Commodities.....		1.8	6.0	3.4				
2505 Natural sands of all kinds.....		1.1	0.9	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg 273
8716 Trailers and semi-trailers.....		...	1.1	...				786
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		0.0	0.6	0.0	20.9	2.3	49.6	US\$/kg 723
8307 Flexible tubing of base metal, with or without fittings.....		...	0.6	...		9.6		US\$/kg 699
2517 Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone.....		0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg 273
8430 Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting.....		0.1	0.0	0.4				723
9031 Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines.....		0.2	0.2	...				874
8207 Interchangeable tools for hand tools, whether or not power-operated.....		0.0	0.4	...	25.1	9.1		US\$/kg 695
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		...	0.4	...		4.8		US\$/kg 679
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		0.3			8.2	US\$/kg 122

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2014	Avg. Growth rates		2014 share
		2010-2014	2013-2014	
Total	3.4	32.4	-43.4	100.0
0+1	0.3	626.7	9339.7	9.2
2+4	2.0	34.0	79.6	59.6
3	0.0	...	-98.7	0.0
5	0.0	140.2	196.9	0.7
6	0.1	85.7	-94.4	2.8
7	0.8	25.2	-70.4	24.9
8	0.0	31.8	-85.6	1.2
9	0.1	-16.2	140.0	1.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2014	Avg. Growth rates		2014 share
		2010-2014	2013-2014	
Total	41.9	...	-0.4	100.0
0+1	6.9	...	1.5	16.5
2+4	0.8	...	-7.5	2.0
3	14.5	...	2.1	34.7
5	1.9	...	-19.2	4.5
6	5.6	...	-4.8	13.4
7	8.2	...	-7.3	19.5
8	3.8	...	41.3	9.0
9	0.2	...	-57.3	0.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

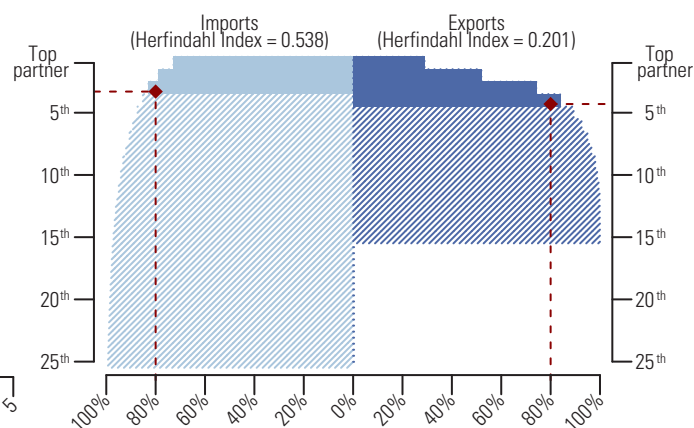
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2014)



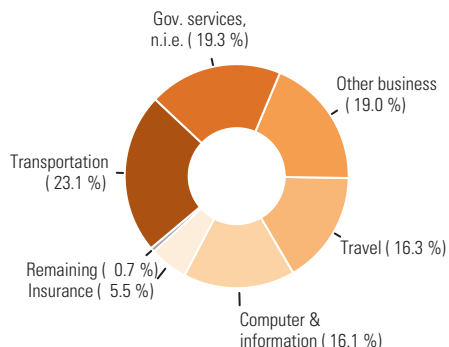
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2014)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2014, representing respectively 34.7, 19.5 and 16.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2012 to 2014, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 71.7, 6.5 and 4.0 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 4.3 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 3.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2012 to 2014

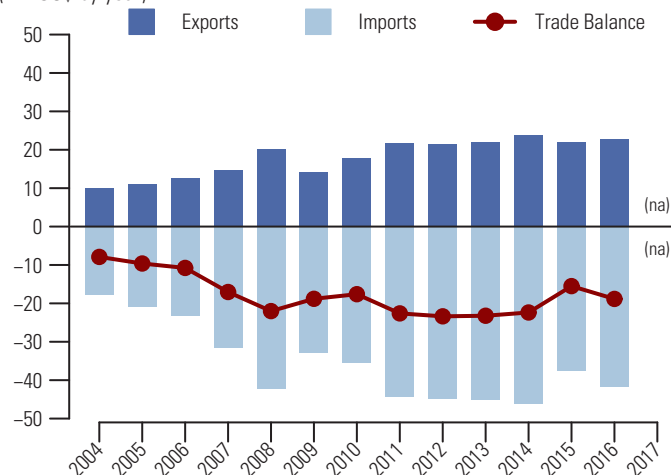
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	
All Commodities.....		36.9	42.1	41.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		11.5	13.5	13.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1.0	1.2	1.3	19.0	18.8	18.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		0.7	0.7	0.7	2.3	2.1	2.5	US\$/kg 012
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg 343
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		0.6	0.5	0.7				752
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		0.6	0.5	0.5	1.7	2.1	2.0	US\$/kg 098
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 661
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		0.6	0.5	0.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	US\$/litre 111
2203 Beer made from malt.....		0.5	0.5	0.5	1.2	1.2	1.1	US\$/litre 112
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		0.3	0.2	0.9				764

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Morocco increased slightly by 3.7 percent to reach 22.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.1 percent to reach 41.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 18.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -9.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Morocco were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Morocco increased slightly by 4.3 percent, reaching 13.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.7 percent and reached 8.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 5.4 bln US\$.

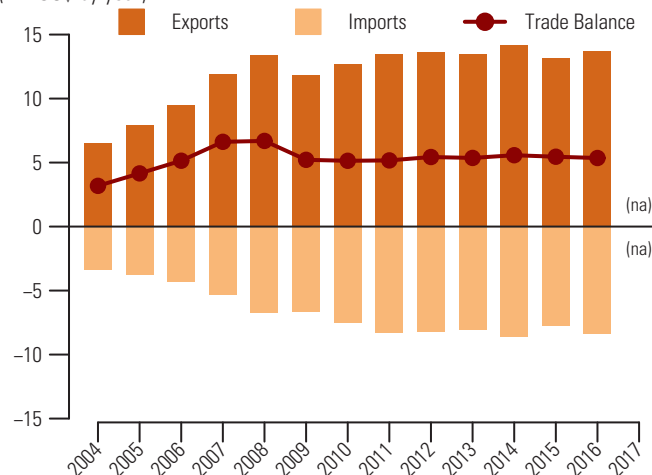
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 33.4, 19.9 and 16.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, France and Italy, accounting for respectively 22.6, 20.6 and 4.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 6.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.6 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

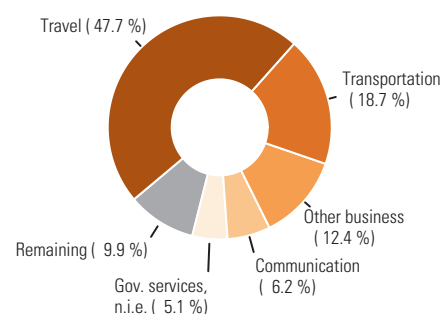


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		23815.8	22036.8	22858.3					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2293.2	2416.9	2947.1	13.6	14.6	12.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		2426.3	2338.2	2459.5	18.6	15.8	15.5	US\$/kg	773
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		1647.0	1554.5	1827.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	562
2809 Diphosphorus pentoxide; phosphoric acid.....		1523.1	1647.7	1139.0	0.7	0.8	0.6	US\$/kg	522
6204 Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		1128.7	937.7	1003.9					842
2510 Natural calcium phosphates.....		977.6	1022.3	756.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	272
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....		702.8	619.3	627.8	4.4	3.8	3.8	US\$/kg	037
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not.....		560.5	620.3	752.8	6.4	5.7	6.4	US\$/kg	036
0702 Tomatoes, fresh or chilled.....		481.4	437.8	512.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg	054
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		508.1	404.1	417.2					776

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	22858.3	1.6	3.7	100.0
0+1	4544.6	6.3	10.2	19.9
2+4	1716.4	-9.9	-18.1	7.5
3	194.7	-37.0	-55.9	0.9
5	3621.0	-4.5	-5.5	15.8
6	1334.1	-0.3	10.1	5.8
7	7623.8	14.6	12.4	33.4
8	3705.1	-0.9	7.4	16.2
9	118.6	23.8	20.7	0.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

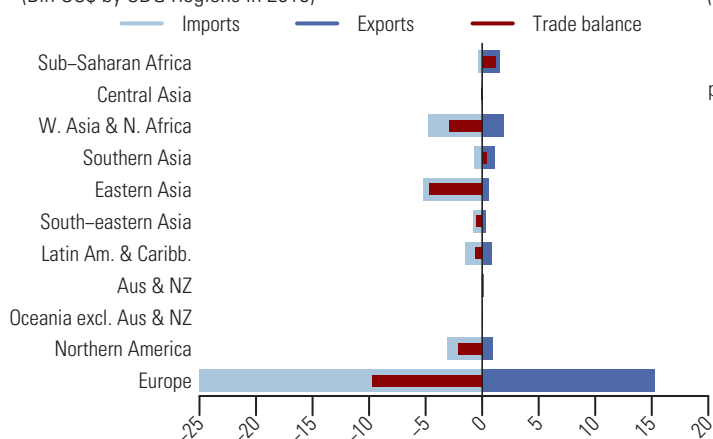
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	41696.1	-1.8	11.1	100.0
0+1	4535.8	-1.7	24.4	10.9
2+4	1832.9	-9.4	-15.4	4.4
3	5552.8	-18.1	-18.2	13.3
5	4231.8	0.0	-1.5	10.1
6	8423.8	3.0	12.3	20.2
7	14391.9	7.3	33.6	34.5
8	2552.4	3.3	11.0	6.1
9	174.8	73.0	136.1	0.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

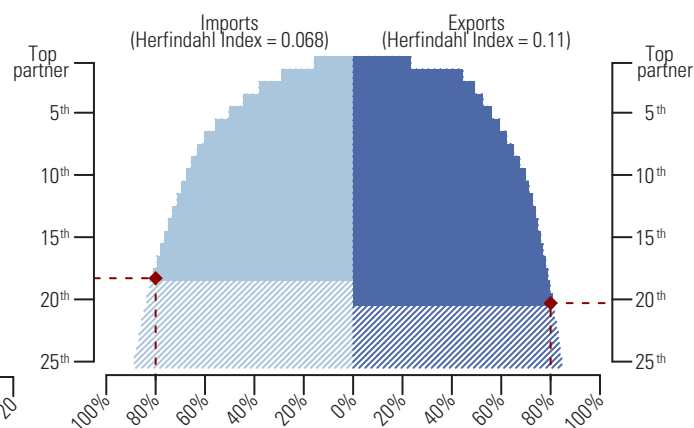
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



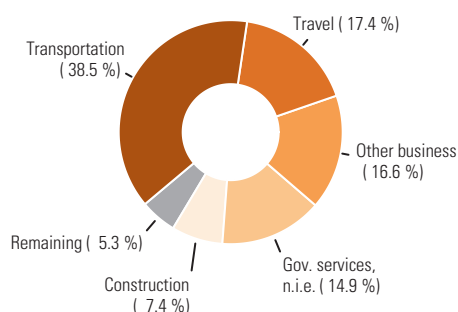
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 34.5, 20.2 and 13.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Spain, France and China, accounting for respectively 14.3, 13.1 and 8.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 3.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.5 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		46191.7	37545.7	41696.1				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		4271.4	3325.8	3546.4	0.9	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1647.4	1592.7	1983.1	19.3	18.9	17.5	thsd US\$/unit
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		2291.9	1349.6	1132.9	0.7	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
2709 Petroleum oils, crude.....		3374.2	1120.9	0.0	0.7	0.4	2.8	US\$/kg
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		1514.3	876.4	1304.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		1059.6	1022.2	1113.8	16.1	13.9	13.5	US\$/kg
8707 Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		582.7	274.7	1074.3				
2503 Sulphur of all kinds.....		699.8	690.4	455.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		591.6	502.5	449.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		448.2	454.9	602.3	7.4	6.6	6.2	US\$/kg

Mozambique

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

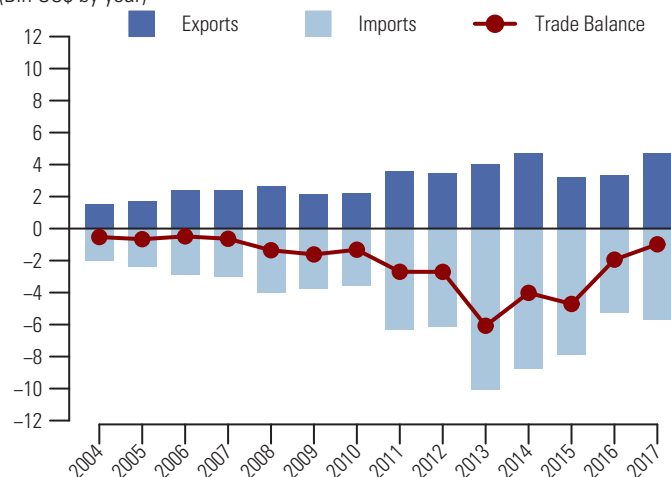
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Mozambique increased substantially by 40.8 percent to reach 4.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.7 percent to reach 5.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 983.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mozambique were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Mozambique decreased substantially by 40.4 percent, reaching 430.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.0 percent and reached 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 2.8 bln US\$.

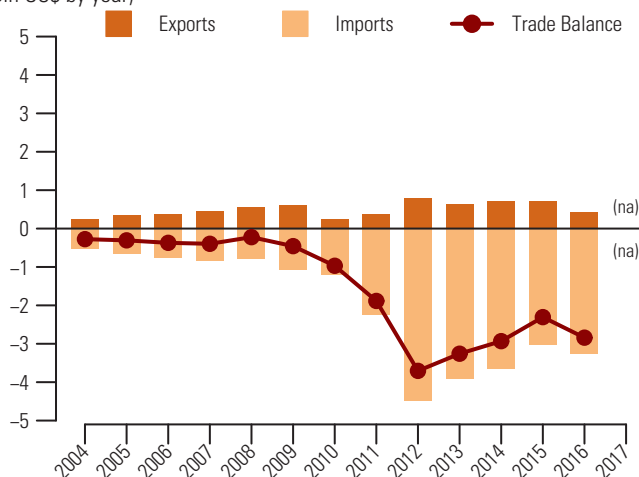
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 51.4, 27.8 and 10.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat" (HS code 2704) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, South Africa and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 23.4, 19.3 and 18.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 254.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 107.9 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 24.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

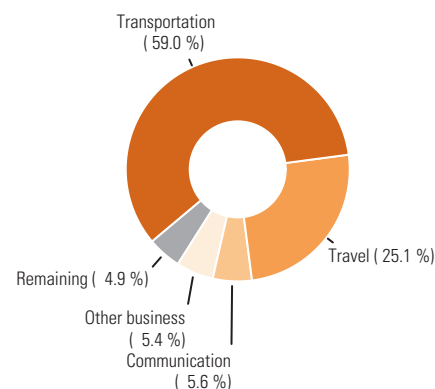


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		3 196.1	3 352.1	4 718.5					
2704 Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat.....		387.3	258.3	1 502.4	0.1	0.0	US\$/kg	325	
7604 Aluminium bars, rods and profiles.....		910.9	334.2	395.8	1.2	1.1	US\$/kg	684	
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		143.3	507.7	699.6	2.0	0.0	US\$/kg	684	
2716 Electrical energy.....		316.9	379.8	360.8	60.8	0.1	0.0	US\$/MWh	351
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		231.1	279.6	365.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	343
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....		292.6	233.6	211.5	4.3	0.0	US\$/kg	121	
3802 Activated carbon; activated natural mineral products.....		...	454.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	US\$/kg	598	
2614 Titanium ores and concentrates.....		110.1	138.9	156.5	0.3	0.0	0.2	US\$/kg	287
7103 Precious stones (other than diamonds) and semi-precious stones.....		99.3	102.0	97.6					667
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		118.3	46.1	53.1	0.4	0.0	US\$/kg	061	

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4718.5	4.1	40.8	100.0
0+1	471.1	-5.9	-3.0	10.0
2+4	354.5	-3.2	21.9	7.5
3	2426.2	15.9	159.6	51.4
5	10.7	-36.9	-97.7	0.2
6	1311.3	3.8	30.9	27.8
7	77.6	-33.0	-43.3	1.6
8	63.6	-7.8	66.2	1.3
9	3.6	33.3	167.6	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

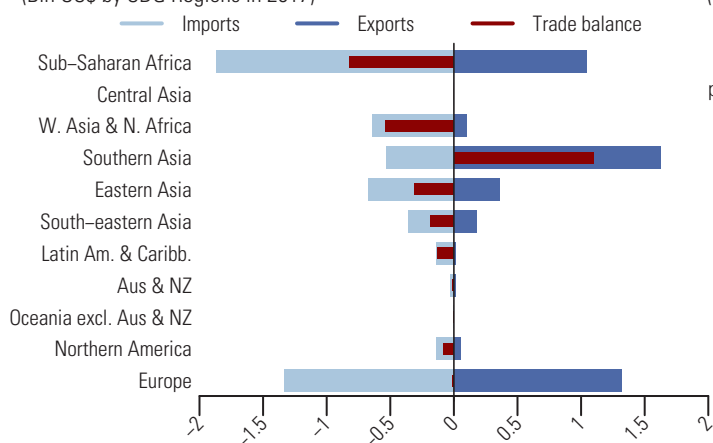
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5701.7	-13.3	7.7	100.0
0+1	747.5	-4.3	6.8	13.1
2+4	218.2	-8.4	7.5	3.8
3	1233.4	-19.7	21.4	21.6
5	580.4	-1.4	-23.0	10.2
6	1196.5	-6.1	42.1	21.0
7	1429.3	-11.7	-3.8	25.1
8	296.3	-32.5	0.4	5.2
9	0.1	-12.4	183.4	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

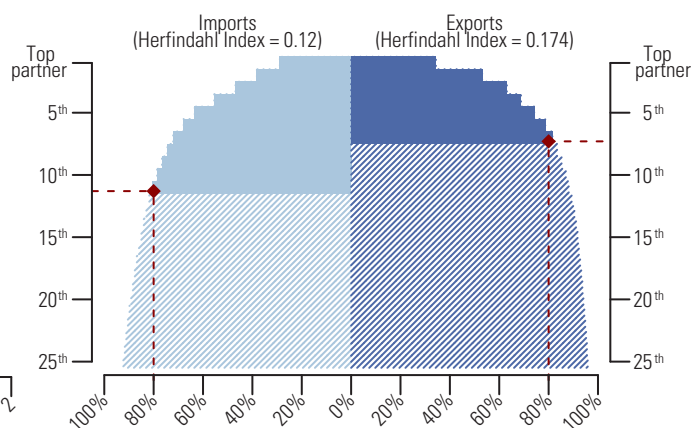
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



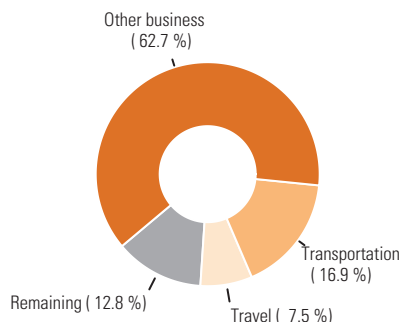
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 25.1, 21.6 and 21.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 29.7, 10.0 and 6.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 2.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 554.4 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 245.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

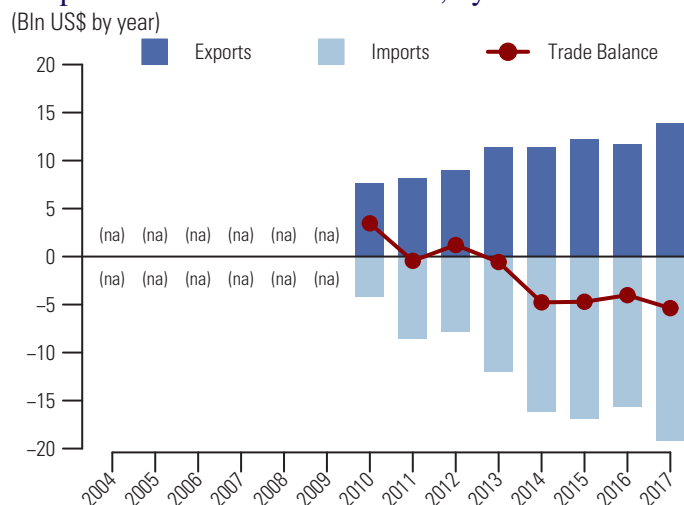
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		7907.6	5295.3	5701.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		713.1	686.1	910.7	0.7	0.0	US\$/kg	334
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		469.8	106.0	473.9	180.7	80.8	98.2 US\$/kg	684
2716 Electrical energy.....		245.0	193.5	269.1	2.8	0.0	0.0 thsd US\$/MWh	351
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		277.1	171.0	164.8	24.4	0.0	US\$/kg	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		324.9	116.7	116.8	3.1	0.0	thsd US\$/unit	782
8902 Fishing vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing.....		527.1	0.5	1.0				793
1006 Rice.....		152.4	139.4	187.5	0.2	0.0	US\$/kg	042
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		142.5	107.9	132.4	0.4	0.0	US\$/kg	041
2826 Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroaluminates and other complex fluorine salts.....		87.7	185.2	22.0	0.3	0.0	US\$/kg	523
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		161.3	63.2	63.4	79.4	0.1	US\$/unit	781

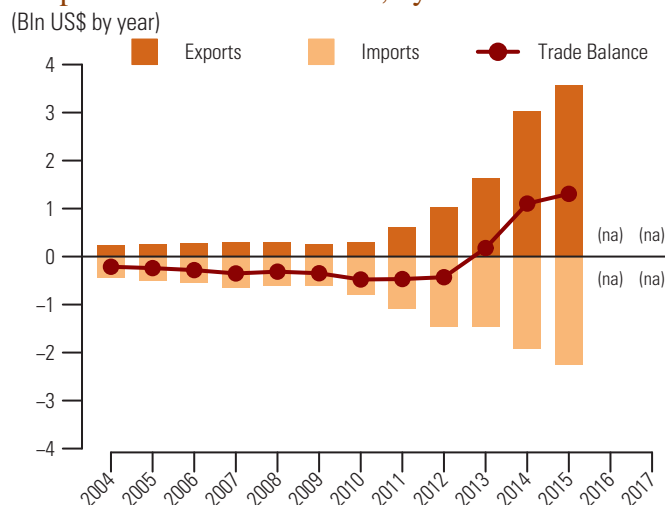
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Myanmar increased substantially by 18.9 percent to reach 13.9 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.7 percent to reach 19.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Myanmar were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Myanmar increased substantially by 17.4 percent, reaching 3.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 16.9 percent and reached 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 30.0, 26.7 and 21.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Thailand and India, accounting for respectively 39.7, 22.0 and 7.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 2.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 436.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 426.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2015)

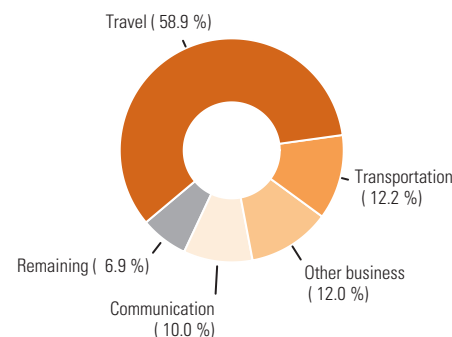


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		12 197.2	11 672.7	13 878.8				
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		4 916.4	3 170.3	3 273.2	0.0	0.3	US\$/kg	343
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....		1 306.4	1 388.0	917.6	2.8	0.7	US\$/kg	054
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		277.8	1 066.1	812.6	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	061
1006 Rice.....		631.0	438.9	1 030.8	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	042
6203 Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		466.3	577.7	596.5		6.9	US\$/unit	841
7103 Precious stones (other than diamonds) and semi-precious stones.....		667.7	391.6	360.0				667
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....		228.2	262.2	489.9	4.8	5.7	US\$/kg	682
1005 Maize (corn).....		360.8	223.5	304.9	0.8	0.2	US\$/kg	044
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		614.0	142.5	94.8				931
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		242.8	246.5	216.9	1.3		US\$/kg	034

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	13878.8	5.0	18.9	100.0
0+1	4158.9	10.4	3.6	30.0
2+4	657.5	-19.4	8.8	4.7
3	3701.0	-0.9	12.6	26.7
5	62.3	20.9	311.6	0.4
6	1549.5	12.0	48.7	11.2
7	741.6	101.1	11.6	5.3
8	2913.2	22.6	53.1	21.0
9	94.7	-42.8	-33.5	0.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	19253.5	12.5	22.7	100.0
0+1	2100.3	39.4	-12.6	10.9
2+4	862.9	11.5	30.7	4.5
3	3539.5	18.6	102.4	18.4
5	1962.8	13.5	17.4	10.2
6	3796.9	9.0	13.8	19.7
7	5910.8	6.1	13.5	30.7
8	925.4	20.4	52.7	4.8
9	154.9	6.7	149.7	0.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

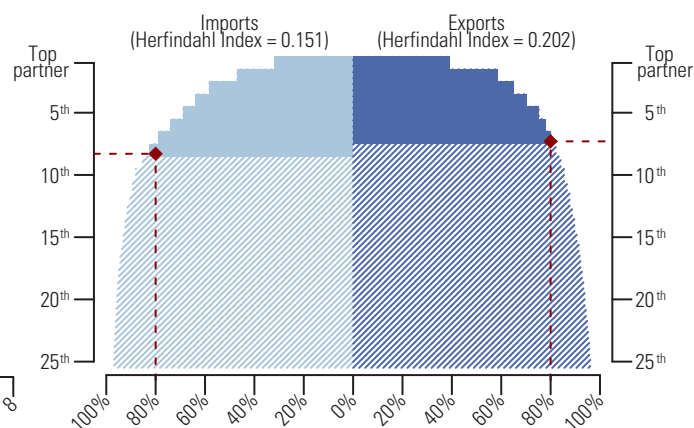
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



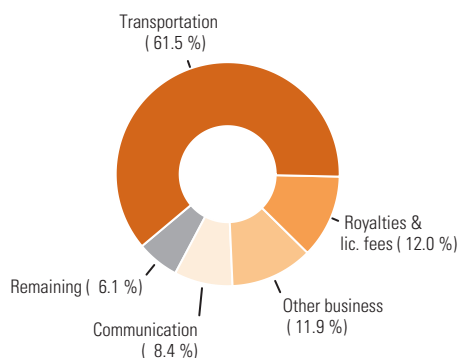
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 30.7, 19.7 and 18.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Singapore and Thailand, accounting for respectively 34.6, 17.1 and 11.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 1.4 bln US\$, followed by "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 271.9 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 269.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

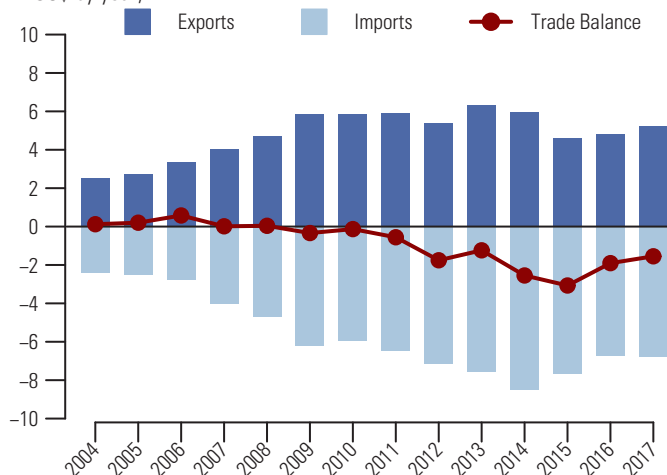
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		16906.8	15695.7	19253.5					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1816.4	1641.7	3381.4	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	334	
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		1020.5	932.2	804.9				782	
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		399.0	1367.4	847.7	0.7	1.1	0.6	US\$/kg	061
1516 Animal or vegetable fats and oils.....		561.8	528.6	518.8	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg	431	
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		1287.8	0.3	250.2			17.6	mIn US\$/unit	793
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		468.9	363.6	440.3					764
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor.....		315.3	397.0	416.7	2.0			thsd US\$/unit	785
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		440.5	375.1	254.3	18.9	18.3		thsd US\$/unit	781
5514 Woven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres.....		177.0	330.2	479.1			6.7	US\$/kg	653
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		241.4	303.4	420.4	3.0			US\$/kg	542

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Namibia increased moderately by 8.6 percent to reach 5.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 0.9 percent to reach 6.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Namibia were diversified amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Namibia decreased substantially by 12.7 percent, reaching 890.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 11.2 percent and reached 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 112.0 mln US\$.

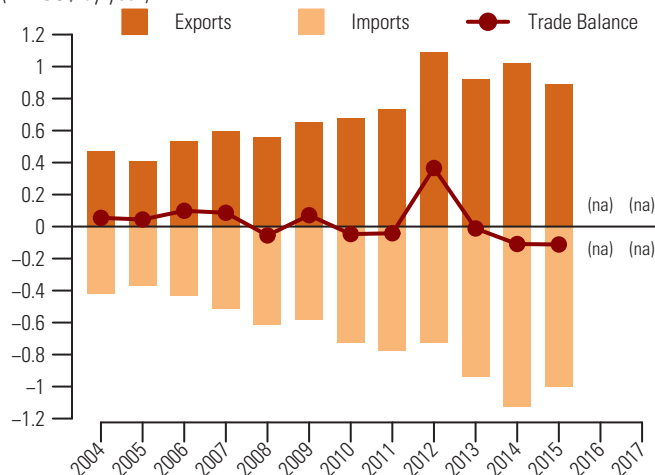
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 43.4, 22.3 and 14.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, Botswana and Switzerland, accounting for respectively 19.2, 16.0 and 14.4 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 347.0 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 84.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

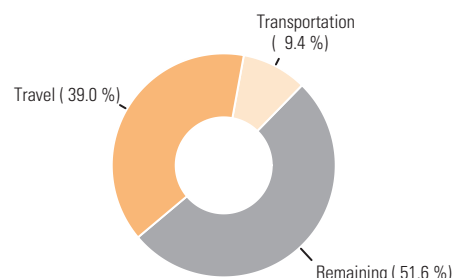


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	4628.3	4815.8	5229.4				
7102	Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	1299.2	1296.9	1537.6	164.4			US\$/carat 667
0303	Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....	341.3	344.2	341.1	0.4	1.1	0.9	US\$/kg 034
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	243.5	299.3	427.8	31.7	22.6	37.0	thsd US\$/kg 971
2612	Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates.....	290.0	240.6	312.7	79.6	56.6	68.4	US\$/kg 286
2603	Copper ores and concentrates.....	76.6	544.5	220.8	3.1	6.3	3.9	US\$/kg 283
0304	Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....	169.5	206.0	292.2	3.6	3.9	4.5	US\$/kg 034
7402	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining.....	113.1	219.8	275.4	4.7	4.7	6.5	US\$/kg 682
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....	483.7	77.5	42.9	2.0	6.4	6.1	US\$/kg 682
7901	Unwrought zinc.....	154.2	167.0	221.2	2.1	2.1	3.3	US\$/kg 686
8906	Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats.....	0.4	154.1	161.8				

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5229.4	-4.7	8.6	100.0
0+1	1164.8	-3.6	23.3	22.3
2+4	756.3	-9.6	-20.5	14.5
3	79.7	3.1	67.2	1.5
5	66.9	14.4	54.1	1.3
6	2271.1	3.8	10.2	43.4
7	421.3	-27.5	-2.9	8.1
8	32.2	-33.6	19.6	0.6
9	437.2	45.4	42.8	8.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

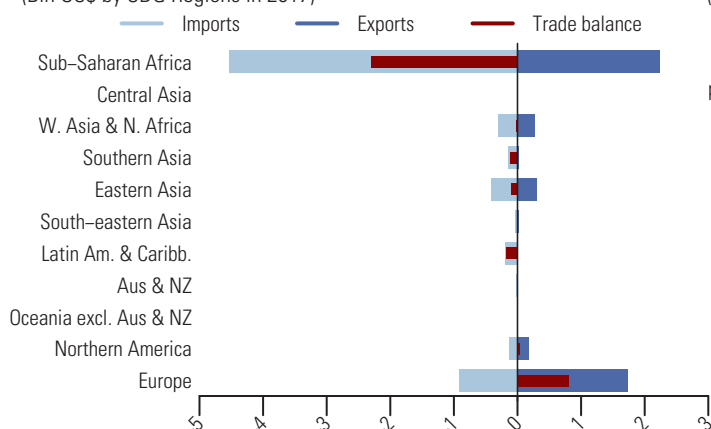
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	6778.2	-2.7	0.9	100.0
0+1	880.4	-2.0	6.6	13.0
2+4	673.8	3.4	118.9	9.9
3	685.5	-2.2	-18.5	10.1
5	697.3	2.6	14.0	10.3
6	1497.5	0.8	-4.1	22.1
7	1699.7	-9.2	-12.8	25.1
8	637.5	-2.3	3.1	9.4
9	6.5	-0.7	35.3	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

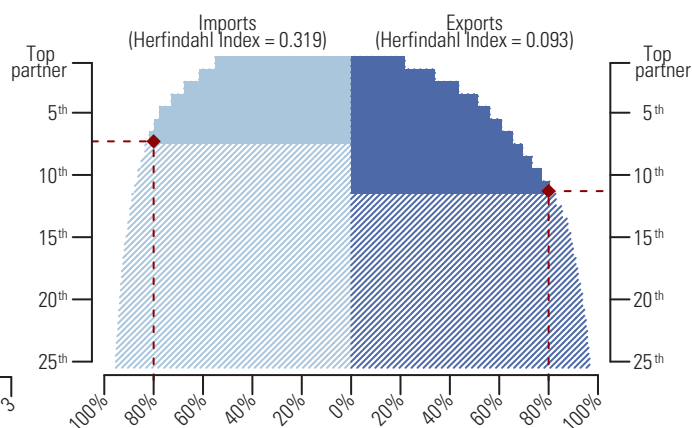
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



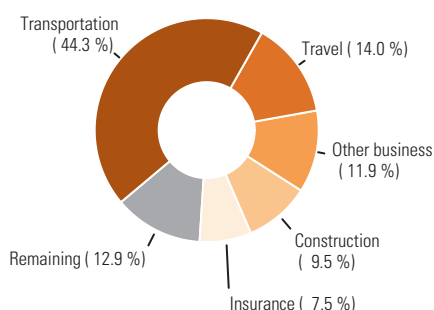
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 25.1, 22.1 and 13.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, Botswana and China, accounting for respectively 58.9, 5.0 and 4.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 44.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 140.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 119.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

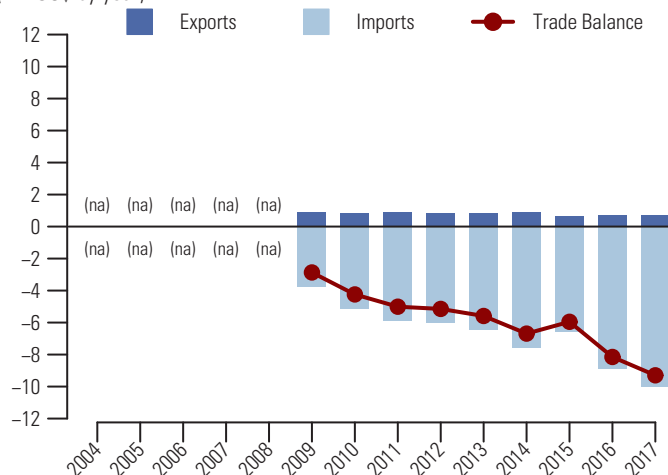
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		7697.2	6721.0	6778.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1085.4	802.3	652.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	334
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		192.1	529.7	415.6		172.5		667
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		323.6	207.0	557.9	2.7	1.1	3.6	283
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		321.1	250.7	222.2				782
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		310.8	230.4	202.9	18.9	18.8		781
7402 Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining.....		131.5	218.9	231.6	5.0	4.9	6.5	682
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats.....		178.0	149.7	8.6				793
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		92.2	126.8	112.2	26.3	4.9		542
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....		164.1	69.2	68.3	8.8	6.7	6.6	682
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		97.9	83.8	84.9	10.3	10.6	11.5	784

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Nepal increased slightly by 1.6 percent to reach 740.7 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.1 percent to reach 10.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 9.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at -6.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Nepal were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Nepal increased moderately by 5.1 percent, reaching 1.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.4 percent and reached 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 229.7 mln US\$. See footnote*.

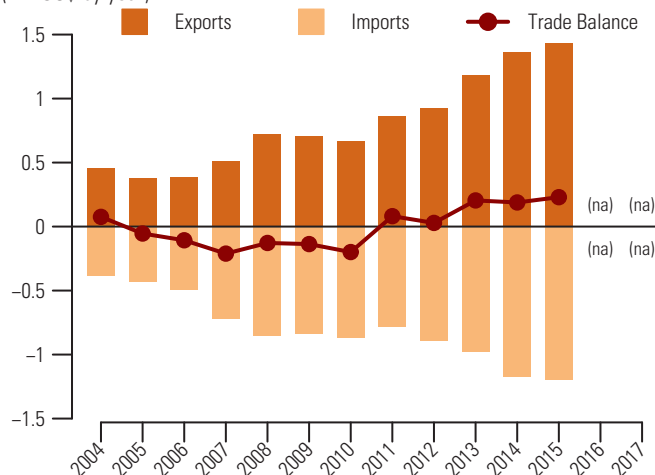
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 46.5, 26.0 and 16.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Carpets and other textile floor coverings, knotted, whether or not made up" (HS code 5701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, the United States and Turkey, accounting for respectively 57.9, 11.3 and 4.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 483.2 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 370.2 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 183.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

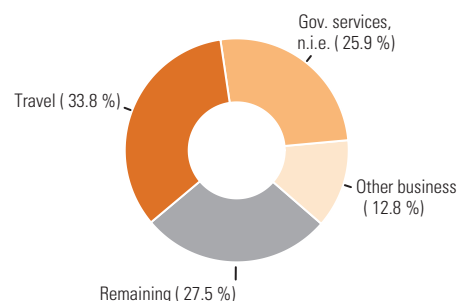


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		660.2	728.8	740.7					
5701 Carpets and other textile floor coverings, knotted, whether or not made up.....		63.6	73.8	67.2	113.7	130.1	120.3	US\$/m ²	659
5509 Yarn (other than sewing thread) of synthetic staple fibres.....		50.7	54.8	74.7	2.1	2.0	2.3	US\$/kg	651
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices.....		36.2	43.4	45.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg	059
0908 Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms.....		42.9	36.4	43.5	14.2	12.0	9.3	US\$/kg	075
5407 Woven fabrics of synthetic filament yarn.....		35.3	32.6	30.8		3.1	3.7	US\$/kg	653
6305 Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods.....		29.1	28.2	28.0		2.3	2.2	US\$/kg	658
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured.....		17.7	25.9	28.0	1.6	1.9	2.2	US\$/kg	074
6214 Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like.....		21.1	25.7	23.2	9.1	9.1	6.9	US\$/unit	846
6204 Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		20.0	21.1	23.3	3.4	3.3	3.1	US\$/unit	842
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		23.5	17.2	23.4	0.9	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	674

*Merchandise trade data up to 2009 reported by fiscal year and beginning 2010 reported by calendar year.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	740.7	-3.8	1.6	100.0
0+1	192.6	2.5	10.3	26.0
2+4	29.6	-5.9	8.2	4.0
3	0.0	-7.9	...	0.0
5	45.2	-0.3	-5.4	6.1
6	344.3	-5.7	8.7	46.5
7	8.5	12.8	52.2	1.1
8	120.5	-1.1	-23.1	16.3
9	0.0	-93.7	-99.1	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	10037.8	11.7	13.1	100.0
0+1	1362.7	18.4	7.5	13.6
2+4	674.5	-1.2	11.0	6.7
3	1530.4	6.0	44.3	15.2
5	1038.0	8.3	3.5	10.3
6	2176.1	11.5	14.0	21.7
7	2482.7	25.2	4.3	24.7
8	511.5	12.3	1.9	5.1
9	262.0	-6.6	77.4	2.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

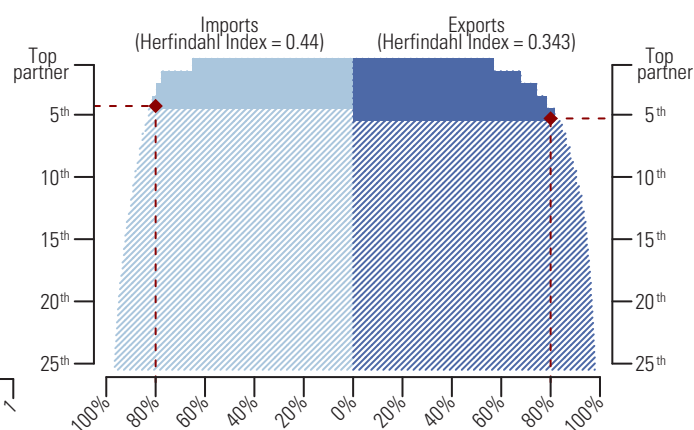
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



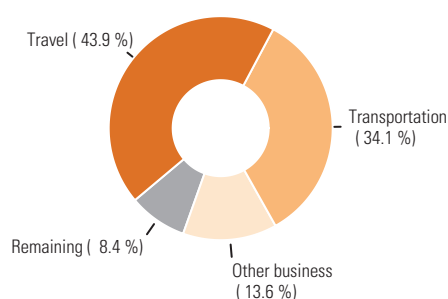
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.7, 21.7 and 15.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were India, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 64.0, 13.5 and 2.6 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 527.1 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 409.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 163.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

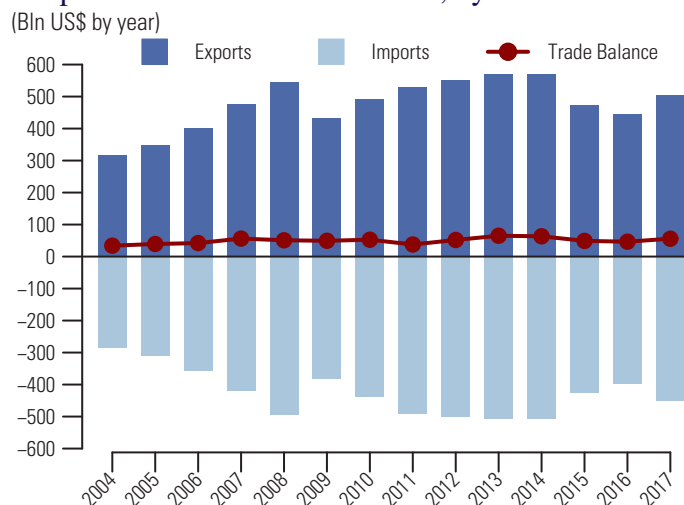
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		6612.1	8878.5	10037.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		606.2	728.0	1099.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg 334
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		235.7	368.3	472.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 672
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		186.8	269.4	300.0				764
1006 Rice.....		213.8	235.0	246.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 042
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		140.7	147.4	262.0	36.4	39.3	40.9	thsd US\$/kg 971
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		148.3	164.4	231.9	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 343
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		89.8	173.1	264.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor.....		94.9	196.3	202.0	701.9	680.5		US\$/unit 785
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		133.3	164.2	192.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 673
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		46.7	175.5	237.3	1.0	1.2		thsd US\$/unit 723

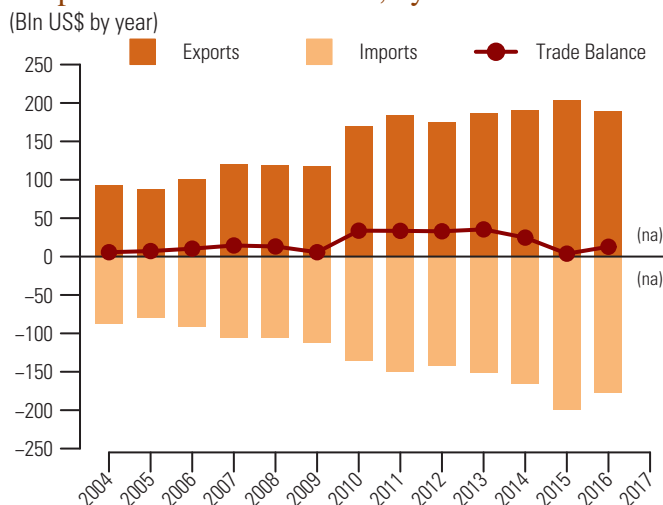
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Netherlands increased substantially by 13.7 percent to reach 505.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.0 percent to reach 450.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 55.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 101.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Netherlands were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Netherlands decreased moderately by 6.9 percent, reaching 189.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 11.5 percent and reached 177.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 12.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 29.8, 17.0 and 15.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Belgium and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 22.5, 10.3 and 8.8 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 62.0 bln US\$, followed by "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 43.3 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 33.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

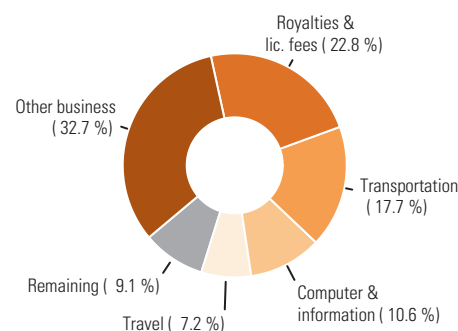


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	473834.3	444867.4	505941.3				
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	41959.0	37724.3	44034.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	15729.2	15163.2	17433.7				764
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	16629.8	13581.9	14381.0	206.1	175.2	183.5	US\$/kg 542
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	10275.5	9502.6	10332.7	173.5	187.4	222.6	US\$/unit 752
8443	Printing machinery used for printing by means of the printing type, blocks.....	8679.6	8595.2	9198.8				726
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....	7859.6	8677.6	9709.6				872
8486	Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices.....	6591.2	6237.8	8441.7				728
8473	Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....	7567.2	7007.8	6554.4	272.1	310.4	309.9	US\$/kg 759
9021	Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....	5739.8	6476.4	7780.2				899
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....	6998.6	1864.4	7827.4	0.9	0.5	1.8	thsd US\$/kg 541

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	505941.3	-3.0	13.7	100.0
0+1	77536.4	-1.1	7.9	15.3
2+4	29089.4	-2.6	12.3	5.7
3	54494.0	-16.7	26.9	10.8
5	85860.1	-2.8	20.9	17.0
6	45575.9	-0.4	9.9	9.0
7	150853.8	1.0	12.3	29.8
8	59264.1	2.4	8.8	11.7
9	3267.6	-0.2	14.9	0.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

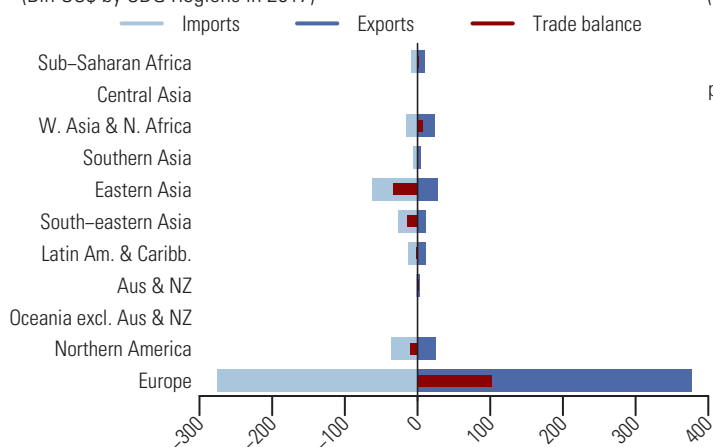
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	450075.7	-2.9	13.0	100.0
0+1	51490.3	-0.2	8.4	11.4
2+4	22764.7	-1.8	18.2	5.1
3	65271.5	-15.1	24.4	14.5
5	55393.4	-4.2	10.9	12.3
6	45024.4	0.0	11.5	10.0
7	148180.0	1.8	13.2	32.9
8	60608.0	3.1	7.3	13.5
9	1343.5	-7.4	-0.7	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

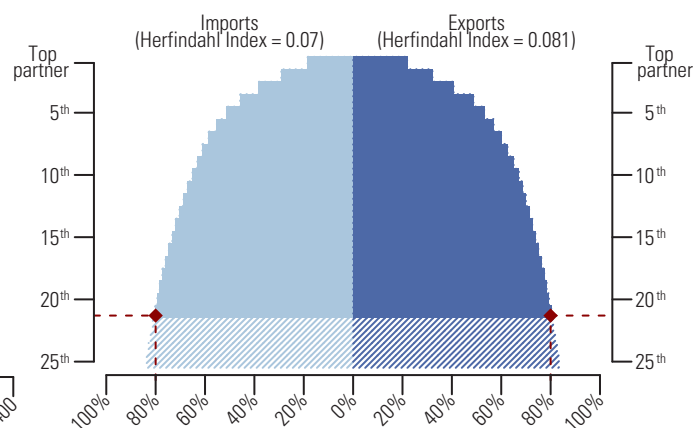
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



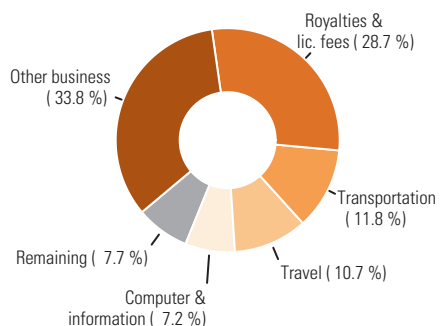
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 32.9, 14.5 and 13.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Belgium and China, accounting for respectively 18.0, 10.4 and 9.0 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 59.9 bln US\$, followed by "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 50.8 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 20.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

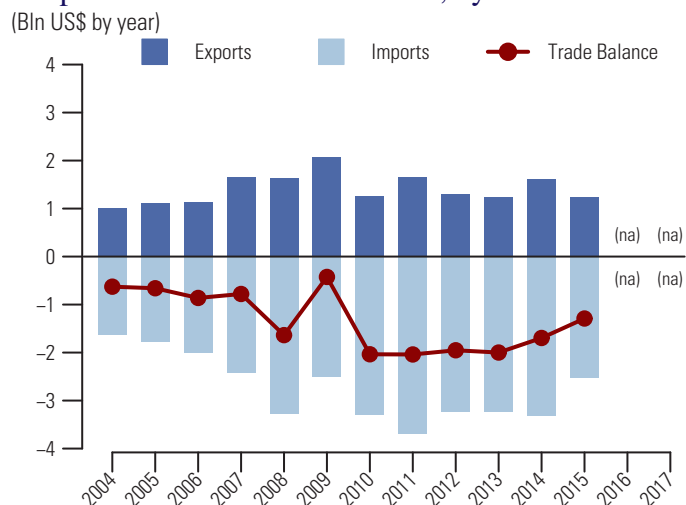
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		424851.4	398336.3	450075.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		26601.0	24495.4	28408.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		25211.0	21579.3	28327.9	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		20065.3	18457.3	20506.4				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		12521.4	11268.3	12875.8	170.3	158.6	177.4	752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		11550.6	8660.8	8661.7	152.9	96.3	87.9	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		9509.0	9256.3	9923.0	16.8	15.9	15.9	781
8443 Printing machinery used for printing by means of the printing type, blocks.....		8377.0	7250.8	7837.1				726
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		6472.0	7731.1	8069.4				872
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		7485.7	6776.7	6893.8	221.5	228.7	232.9	759
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....		5092.9	5009.2	5438.6				899

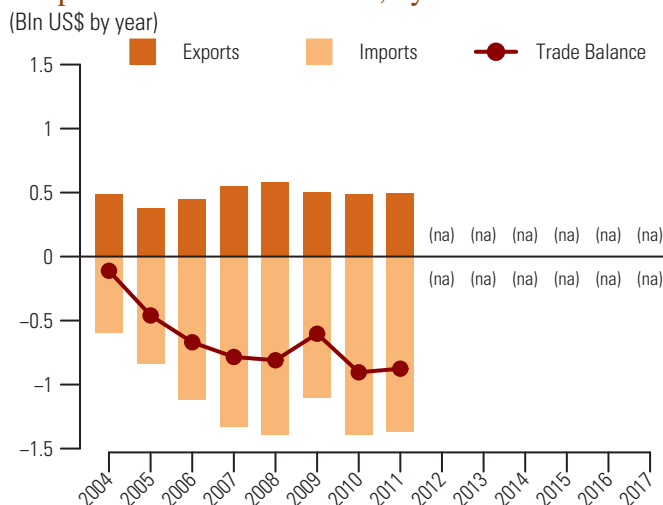
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of New Caledonia decreased substantially by 23.5 percent to reach 1.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 23.7 percent to reach 2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -858.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in New Caledonia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2011, the value of exports of services of New Caledonia increased slightly by 2.3 percent, reaching 497.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.2 percent and reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 876.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 49.3, 37.8 and 6.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Ferro-alloys" (HS code 7202) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Japan and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 21.6, 15.3 and 11.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2011 at 146.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 132.7 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 106.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

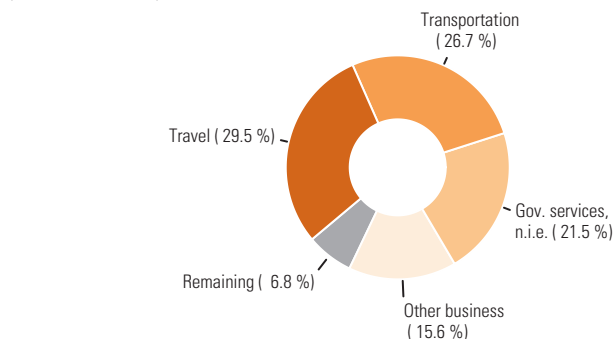


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		1 237.4	1 619.0	1 238.9					
7202 Ferro-alloys.....		546.0	853.2	605.9	3.2	3.8	2.9	US\$/kg	671
7501 Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products.....		259.1	246.1	225.4	9.1	11.4	8.6	US\$/kg	284
2604 Nickel ores and concentrates.....		195.3	264.8	237.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg	284
2825 Hydrazine and hydroxylamine and their inorganic salts.....		88.0	130.4	26.5	2.0	1.9	1.6	US\$/kg	522
2836 Carbonates; peroxocarbonates (percarbonates).....		13.2	9.1	47.2	8.8	9.1	11.4	US\$/kg	523
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		18.5	23.4	18.1					931
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		14.5	15.9	11.2	16.7	16.6	17.4	US\$/kg	036
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		14.3	6.7	0.7	0.6	1.8	0.4	US\$/kg	282
8609 Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids).....		6.3	3.4	7.5					786
3301 Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes.....		4.2	5.0	5.5	637.2	620.7	698.4	US\$/kg	551

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	1238.9	-7.0	-23.5	100.0
0+1	17.1	-8.3	-35.1	1.4
2+4	468.4	-5.3	-10.2	37.8
3	0.2	3.9	493.2	0.0
5	82.4	-11.4	-44.2	6.7
6	611.4	-8.0	-29.2	49.3
7	32.4	-8.8	12.3	2.6
8	8.9	3.2	29.2	0.7
9	18.1	14.1	-23.7	1.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	2529.5	-9.1	-23.7	100.0
0+1	392.0	-1.8	-10.2	15.5
2+4	98.5	10.1	28.0	3.9
3	563.9	-4.2	-35.2	22.3
5	267.4	0.0	2.3	10.6
6	368.3	0.3	-2.2	14.6
7	493.4	-14.7	-47.0	19.5
8	314.8	-1.9	-1.9	12.4
9	31.1	-53.0	-26.2	1.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

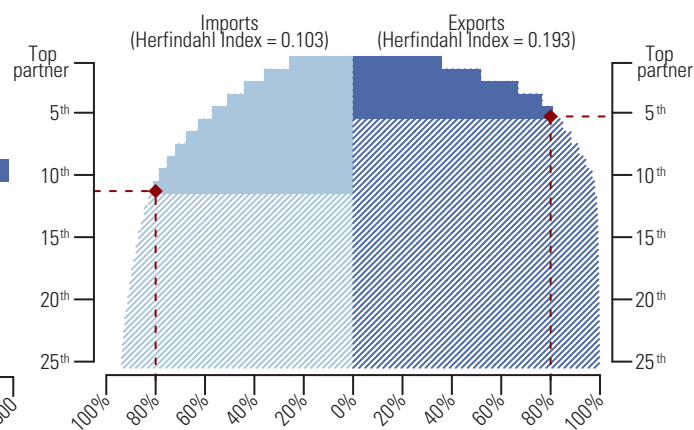
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



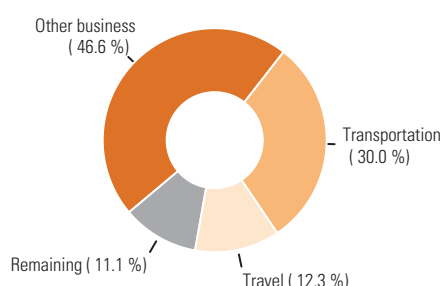
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2011)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 22.3, 19.5 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 23.6, 15.6 and 8.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2011 at 640.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 412.4 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 168.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	
All Commodities.....		3237.0	3315.2	2529.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		742.9	762.7	517.1	0.8	0.8	0.6	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		166.1	169.5	145.7	18.9	19.4	19.9	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		74.8	75.0	76.3	60.9	54.2	58.9	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		43.5	83.8	49.1				782
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		92.8	41.9	30.8				931
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		70.3	63.4	8.3	0.1	0.1	1.5	321
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		36.0	34.7	35.6				625
2503 Sulphur of all kinds.....		24.5	27.2	46.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	274
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		32.2	34.9	29.8	22.2	20.6	21.6	784
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....		30.0	31.8	29.3	4.4	4.3	3.6	112

New Zealand

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

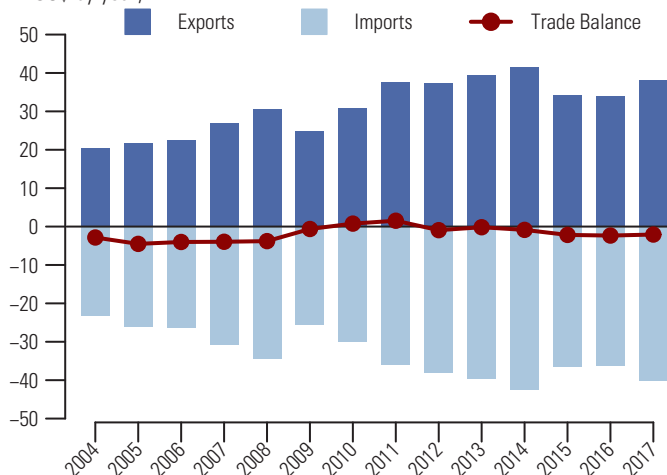
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of New Zealand increased substantially by 12.3 percent to reach 38.1 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.8 percent to reach 40.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in New Zealand were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of New Zealand increased slightly by 4.2 percent, reaching 14.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.1 percent and reached 11.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 3.2 bln US\$.

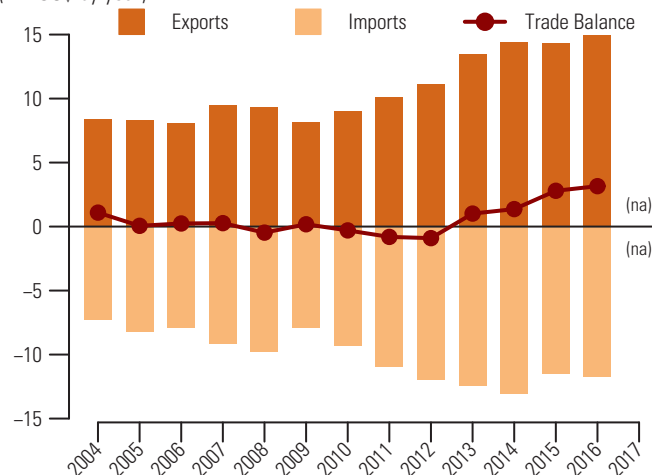
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 60.0, 13.0 and 6.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar" (HS code 0402) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Australia and the United States, accounting for respectively 19.9, 16.8 and 10.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 9.7 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.8 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

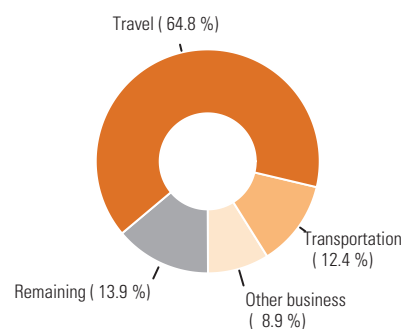


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	34357.4	33869.9	38050.3				
0402	Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....	4463.4	4070.3	5132.3	2.5	2.2	2.9	US\$/kg
0204	Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen.....	2148.0	1848.0	2317.4	5.1	4.8	5.9	US\$/kg
0405	Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk; dairy spreads.....	1637.8	1719.5	2366.5	3.1	3.2	5.5	US\$/kg
0202	Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....	2055.9	1708.7	1794.0	4.8	4.4	4.7	US\$/kg
4403	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood.....	1396.2	1786.6	2177.8	90.7	102.5	113.0	US\$/m ³
0406	Cheese and curd.....	1165.1	1206.8	1381.1	3.4	3.3	4.0	US\$/kg
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	1095.9	1135.7	1269.1				
0810	Other fruit, fresh.....	1040.8	1231.8	1215.1	2.0	2.1	2.6	US\$/kg
2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....	1073.3	1123.4	1198.3	5.0	4.9	4.7	US\$/litre
1901	Malt extract; food preparations of flour.....	468.8	696.8	897.1	4.5	5.1	7.1	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	38050.3	-0.9	12.3	100.0
0+1	22843.7	0.9	16.2	60.0
2+4	4961.4	-1.3	12.3	13.0
3	616.9	-18.8	27.6	1.6
5	1775.0	-2.0	4.4	4.7
6	2476.9	-5.1	3.4	6.5
7	2380.7	-1.6	-2.5	6.3
8	1362.0	-2.3	1.0	3.6
9	1633.7	-2.0	15.3	4.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

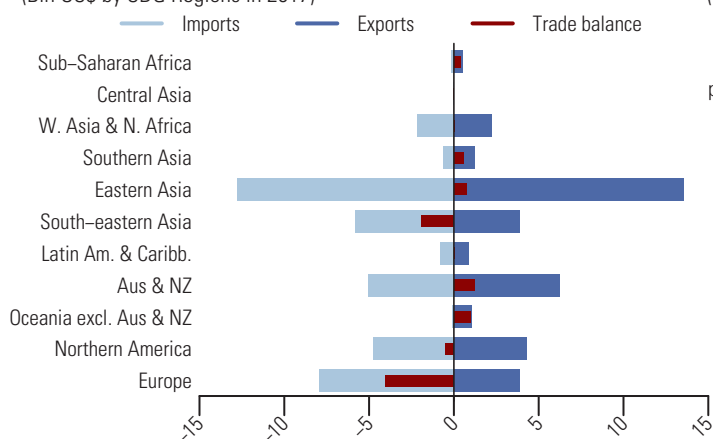
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	40128.4	0.3	10.8	100.0
0+1	4405.9	2.4	11.3	11.0
2+4	1001.3	0.5	12.0	2.5
3	3774.1	-13.3	22.6	9.4
5	4261.3	-0.2	9.6	10.6
6	4451.5	1.1	6.4	11.1
7	16379.7	4.2	12.7	40.8
8	5496.3	1.4	2.8	13.7
9	358.5	3.2	8.6	0.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

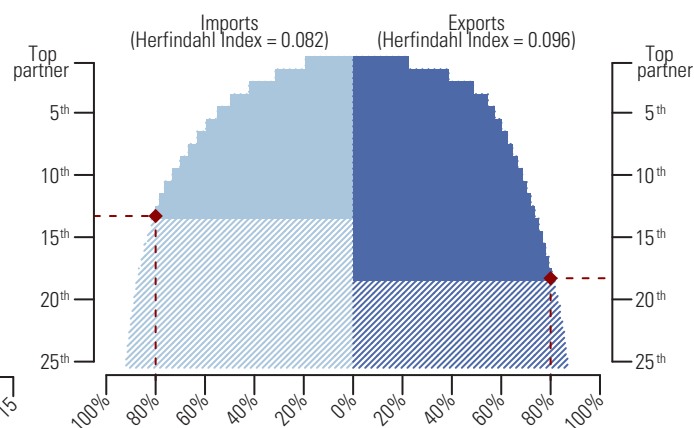
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



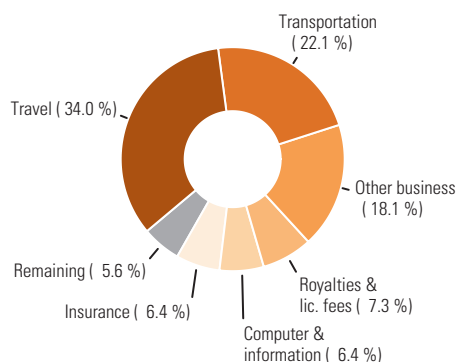
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 40.8, 13.7 and 11.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Australia and the United States, accounting for respectively 19.6, 12.2 and 11.2 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.6 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

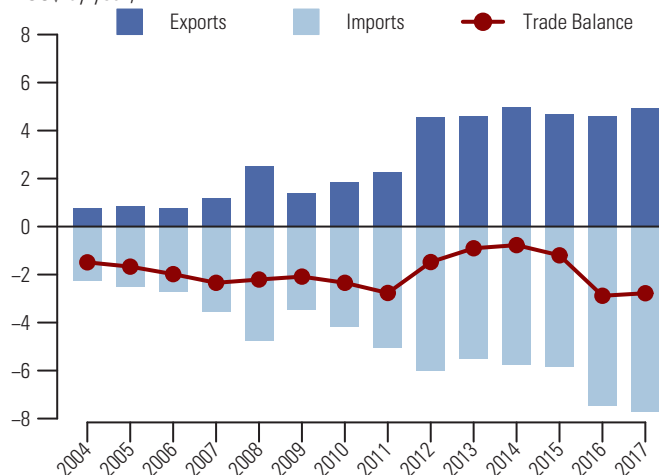
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		36528.3	36213.0	40128.4				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3018.0	3373.2	3867.3	11.4	12.1	12.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2232.6	1779.7	2211.3	0.4	0.3		US\$/kg 333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1323.4	1198.8	1470.2	0.7	0.5		US\$/kg 334
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		1020.1	1044.0	1303.3	24.7	23.8	24.8	thsd US\$/unit 782
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		987.2	1014.9	1115.0				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		903.9	775.6	913.7				752
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		1107.5	873.9	494.5	5.3	1.3	1.1	mln US\$/unit 792
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		509.4	570.9	800.8				714
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		592.0	627.9	615.0		31.9	131.4	US\$/kg 542
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		391.1	410.9	430.5	7.6	8.0	10.7	US\$/kg 098

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Nicaragua increased moderately by 7.3 percent to reach 4.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 3.1 percent to reach 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Nicaragua were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Nicaragua increased substantially by 13.8 percent, reaching 850.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 8.5 percent and reached 947.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 97.9 mln US\$.

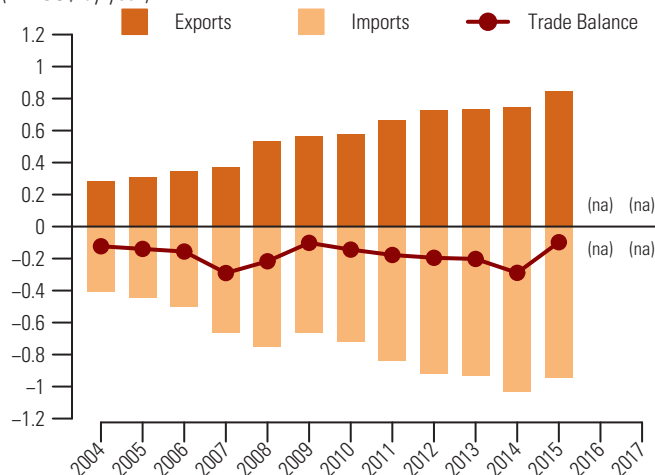
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 45.3, 27.8 and 12.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable" (HS code 8544) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Mexico and El Salvador, accounting for respectively 55.9, 10.4 and 5.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 528.6 mln US\$, followed by "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 161.0 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 95.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

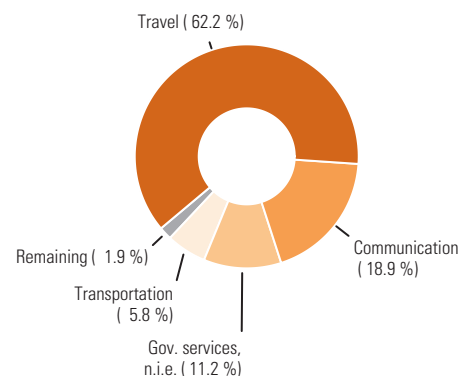


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		4667.4	4592.0	4925.6					
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		567.6	656.7	587.4	15.8	14.6	US\$/kg	773	
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		424.2	463.8	540.7	5.6	4.7	4.8	US\$/unit	845
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		396.5	405.0	512.5	3.7	3.4	3.5	US\$/kg	071
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		313.7	357.9	328.4	25.3	36.4	33.7	thsd US\$/kg	971
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		291.8	234.7	303.1	4.7	4.3	4.5	US\$/kg	011
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		225.1	202.4	220.0	7.1	8.2	8.5	US\$/kg	036
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled.....		162.5	185.7	204.5	5.4	4.9	4.7	US\$/kg	011
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		156.2	175.1	203.7	29.7	39.5	42.3	US\$/kg	122
6203 Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		143.2	176.8	176.3		14.5	15.9	US\$/unit	841
6206 Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses.....		180.9	135.1	122.5		9.8	10.3	US\$/unit	842

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4925.6	1.8	7.3	100.0
0+1	2233.0	4.9	18.2	45.3
2+4	238.0	-2.5	24.9	4.8
3	11.6	-12.6	54.0	0.2
5	42.6	3.9	9.4	0.9
6	89.4	-2.5	1.8	1.8
7	613.7	0.7	-10.0	12.5
8	1368.5	1.3	2.3	27.8
9	328.9	-6.9	-8.3	6.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

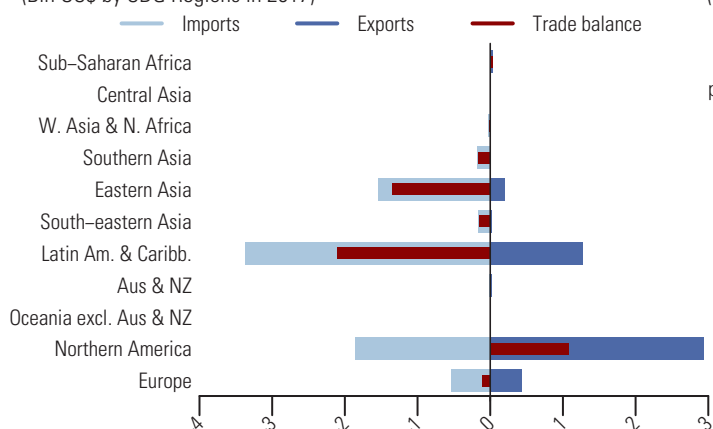
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	7703.8	8.8	3.1	100.0
0+1	993.0	4.4	3.0	12.9
2+4	180.7	1.3	5.0	2.3
3	668.9	-10.3	8.8	8.7
5	1198.8	6.5	6.3	15.6
6	1805.6	21.8	5.6	23.4
7	1669.0	8.4	-9.8	21.7
8	1183.8	24.7	14.8	15.4
9	4.0	-6.8	-6.6	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

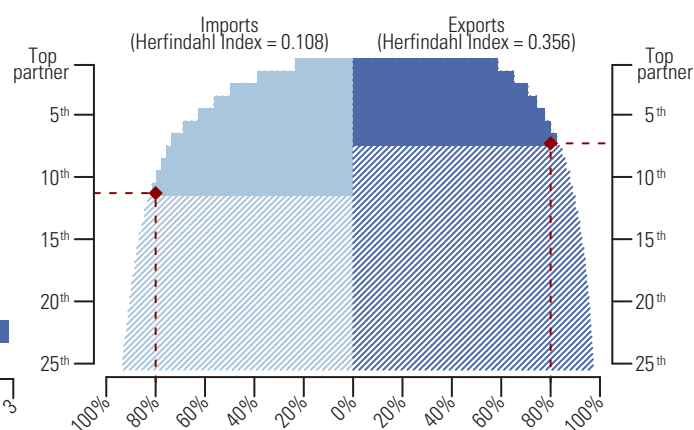
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



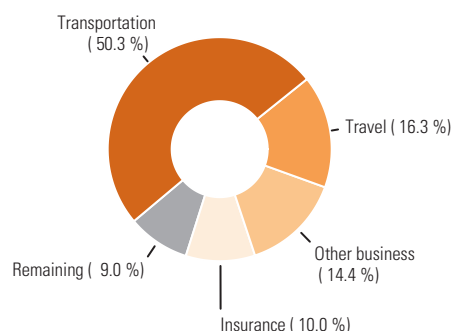
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 23.4, 21.7 and 15.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 21.5, 15.0 and 10.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 477.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 154.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 136.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

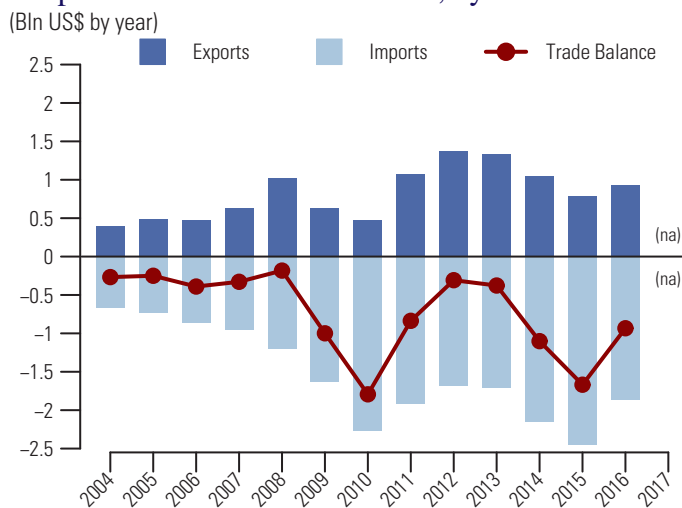
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		5866.3	7475.8	7703.8				
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		365.1	377.1	415.5	25.7	29.2	28.5	US\$/kg 542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		388.0	364.0	338.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		300.8	195.1	255.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics.....		3.2	319.7	355.0	4.6	7.0	6.4	US\$/kg 655
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		6.8	276.8	324.2	5.3	4.5	4.6	US\$/unit 845
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		177.8	182.1	158.3				782
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		170.8	164.9	148.2				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		136.6	143.7	135.1	15.5	15.4		thsd US\$/unit 781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		50.6	171.4	189.7	5.7	8.6	8.0	US\$/kg 773
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		19.4	178.0	166.1	13.5	18.4	17.1	US\$/kg 772

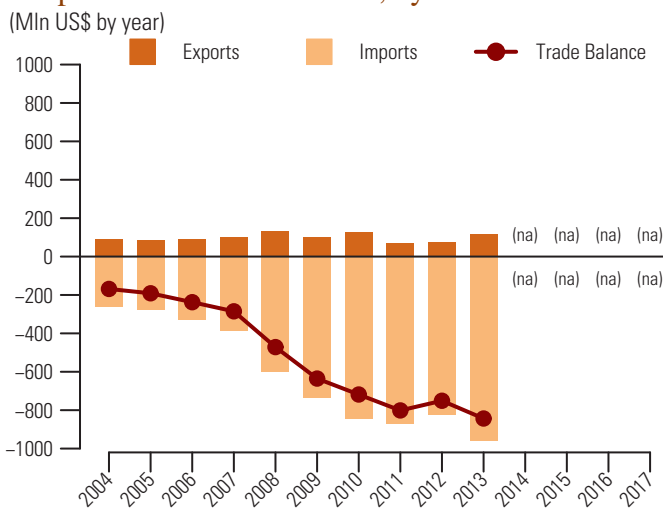
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of the Niger increased substantially by 17.4 percent to reach 927.2 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 24.3 percent to reach 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 933.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -350.7 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Niger were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of the Niger increased substantially by 53.4 percent, reaching 115.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 16.1 percent and reached 958.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 843.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 47.6, 23.1 and 16.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates" (HS code 2612) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, Nigeria and the United States, accounting for respectively 35.3, 11.6 and 9.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 87.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 7.3 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2013)

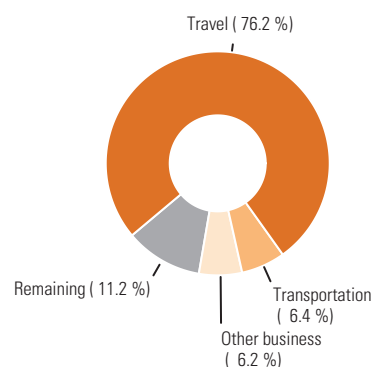


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		1049.7	789.8	927.2					
2612 Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates.....		478.2	401.8	298.9	116.7	90.4	102.9	US\$/kg	286
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		271.8	141.5	151.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice.....		23.4	19.4	134.1	0.6	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	042
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		9.7	28.5	129.8	1.1	0.8	2.0	US\$/kg	422
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		...	41.7	35.4		35.1	11.7	thsd US\$/kg	971
9015 Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic.....		68.4	0.1	0.1					874
5208 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		15.0	11.0	23.3	26.7	17.0		US\$/kg	652
1902 Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed.....		7.6	5.1	30.9	0.6	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	048
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		2.3	34.5	2.4					782
6309 Worn clothing and other worn articles.....		14.9	11.4	9.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	US\$/kg	269

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	927.2	-9.5	17.4	100.0
0+1	214.3	-2.1	161.5	23.1
2+4	441.0	45.0	-0.4	47.6
3	152.7	-10.4	2.9	16.5
5	4.8	10.1	93.5	0.5
6	30.3	-1.0	137.0	3.3
7	46.4	22.3	-18.0	5.0
8	2.4	-18.0	-22.4	0.3
9	35.4	-53.4	-15.4	3.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

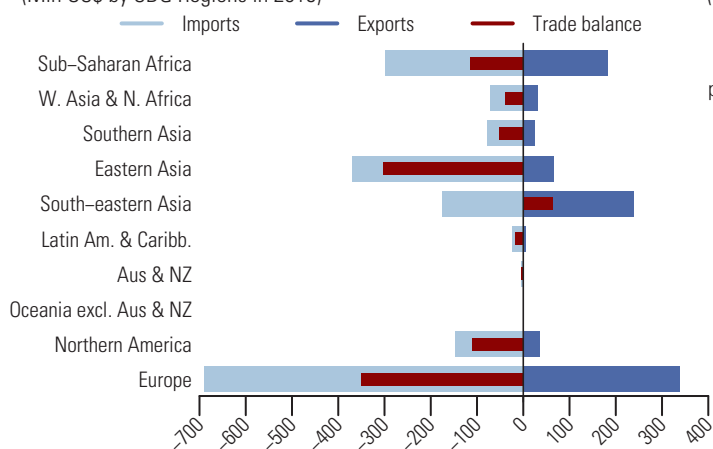
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	1860.7	2.5	-24.3	100.0
0+1	385.9	-5.3	-12.9	20.7
2+4	121.2	-1.3	17.5	6.5
3	66.2	3.0	-40.9	3.6
5	129.3	-9.6	-8.3	7.0
6	208.8	-1.6	-34.0	11.2
7	843.6	13.3	-29.8	45.3
8	105.6	3.6	-21.1	5.7
9	0.0	392.0	-99.3	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

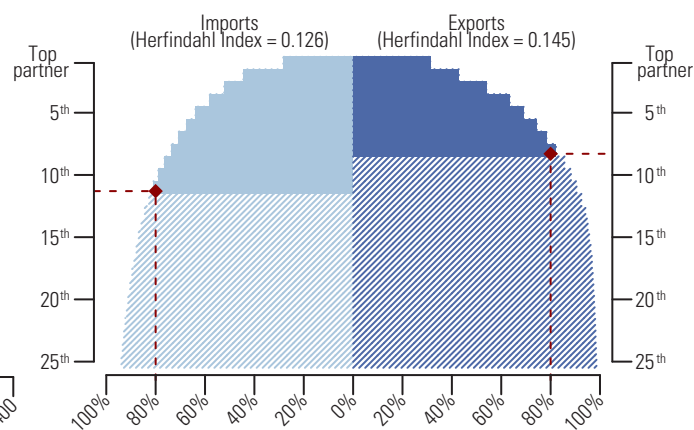
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



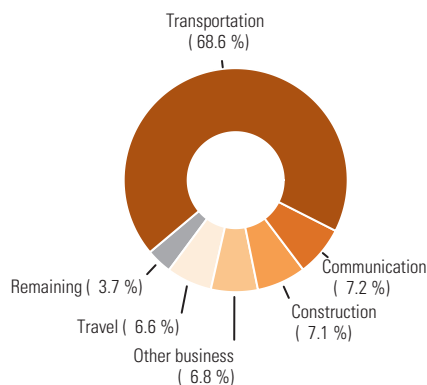
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 45.3, 20.7 and 11.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02" (HS code 8803) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 25.0, 20.9 and 6.0 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 657.5 mln US\$, followed by "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 69.4 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 68.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

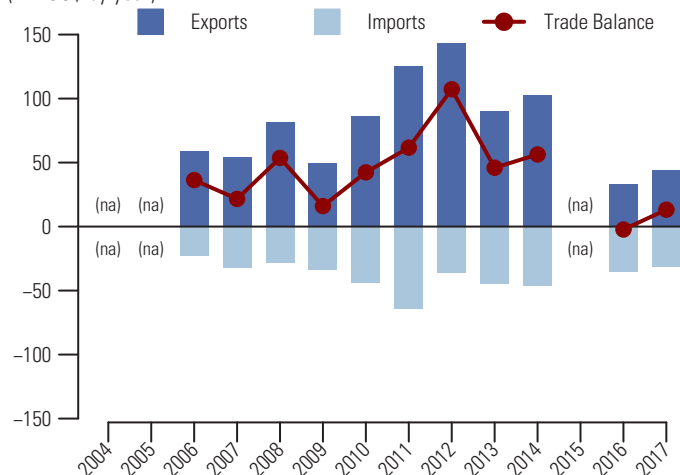
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		2151.1	2458.3	1860.7				
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		131.7	271.1	368.8	18.7	186.3	545.7	US\$/kg
1006 Rice.....		160.5	160.1	152.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		4.1	341.5	0.3				792
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		106.2	79.2	69.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		57.4	67.1	77.2	0.9	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		66.9	56.1	58.4	16.6	17.2	15.4	thsd US\$/unit
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		89.9	42.6	28.9	27.3	24.6	12.0	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		45.4	79.0	35.0	1.2	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		57.4	44.9	56.5	14.1	11.3	13.0	US\$/kg
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		47.8	49.3	49.5				782

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Nigeria increased substantially by 35.2 percent to reach 44.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 11.2 percent to reach 31.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 13.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at 6.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Nigeria were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Nigeria increased substantially by 16.2 percent, reaching 3.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 17.5 percent and reached 20.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 16.8 bln US\$.

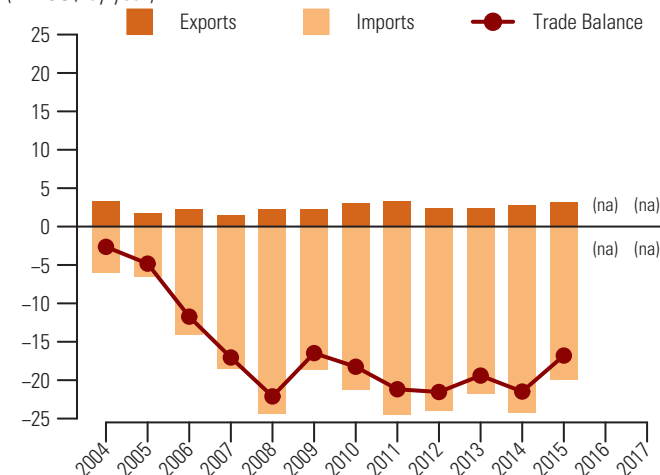
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 96.0, 1.4 and 0.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, the United States and Spain, accounting for respectively 17.9, 12.5 and 9.6 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 1.8 bln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 496.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 412.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

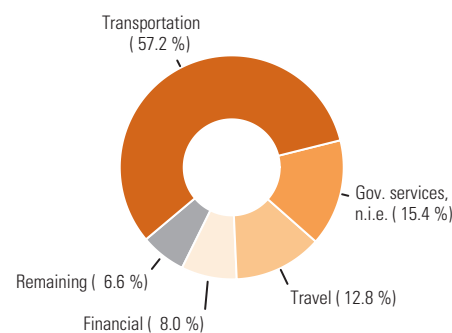


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
...	All Commodities.....	...	32 883.0	44 466.4				
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	...	26 979.8	36 057.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	333
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	...	4 540.7	6 169.1				343
1801	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....	...	230.7	191.1	2.8	2.7	US\$/kg	072
2707	Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar.....	...	58.0	183.1		0.5	US\$/kg	335
3102	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....	...	70.1	165.7	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	562
1207	Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken.....	...	99.2	136.1		1.5	US\$/kg	222
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....	...	119.9	111.5		17.7	US\$/kg	122
2716	Electrical energy.....	...	113.0	112.1	47.7	41.5	US\$/MWh	351
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	...	33.5	180.1		1.3	US\$/kg	334
8908	Vessels and other floating structures for breaking up.....	...	...	145.9				793

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	44 466.4	-16.3	35.2	100.0
0+1	607.3	-36.2	15.1	1.4
2+4	322.1	-46.4	76.2	0.7
3	42 701.8	-14.3	34.6	96.0
5	284.1	-4.9	104.4	0.6
6	249.2	-38.7	29.5	0.6
7	279.8	-24.1	2305.7	0.6
8	21.9	-56.2	37.2	0.0
9	0.1	-83.5	-99.9	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

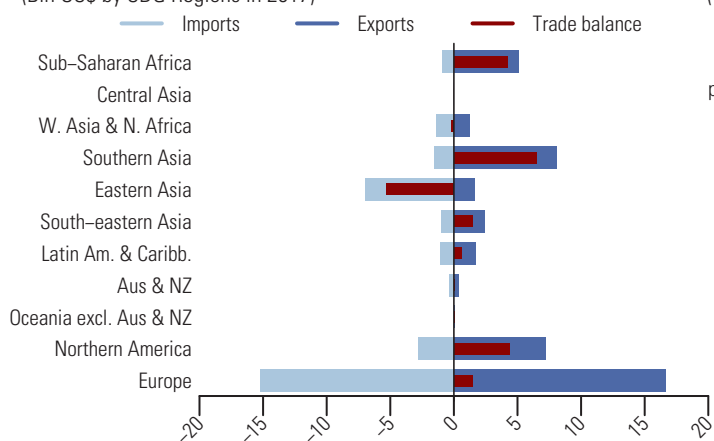
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	31 270.1	-8.5	-11.2	100.0
0+1	4 821.5	-10.7	13.5	15.4
2+4	1 327.0	-7.3	80.1	4.2
3	8 730.4	-0.7	-13.2	27.9
5	4 438.0	-5.0	0.0	14.2
6	3 025.4	-15.8	-10.3	9.7
7	7 999.9	-11.9	-27.1	25.6
8	926.5	-10.7	-22.7	3.0
9	1.3	-40.7	-99.2	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

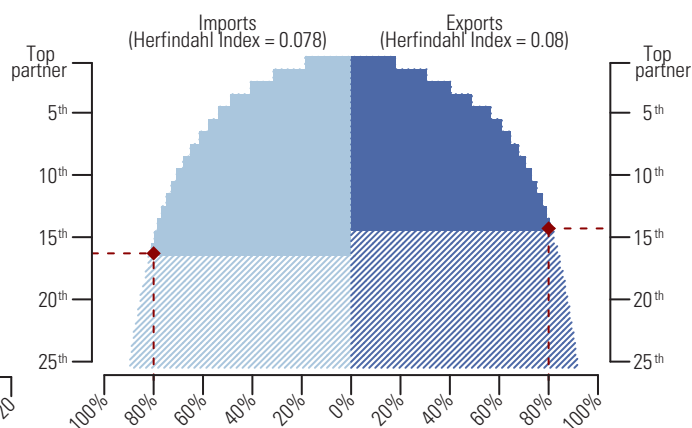
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



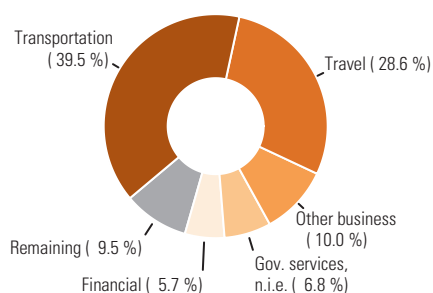
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.9, 25.6 and 15.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Belgium and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 19.2, 12.5 and 10.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 7.9 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		...	35 194.3	31 270.1				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		...	9 876.2	8 563.7	0.7		US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		...	1 088.3	1 348.3	0.3		US\$/kg	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		...	675.5	734.7	16.3	24.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		...	684.8	582.1	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg	061
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		...	465.4	580.5	1.4		US\$/kg	034
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		...	597.1	369.3				764
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		...	429.6	474.3	32.9		US\$/kg	747
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....		...	810.6	88.4				728
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		...	442.1	335.1	101.4		US\$/kg	542
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		...	346.4	426.6	2.6		US\$/kg	022

Norway, including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

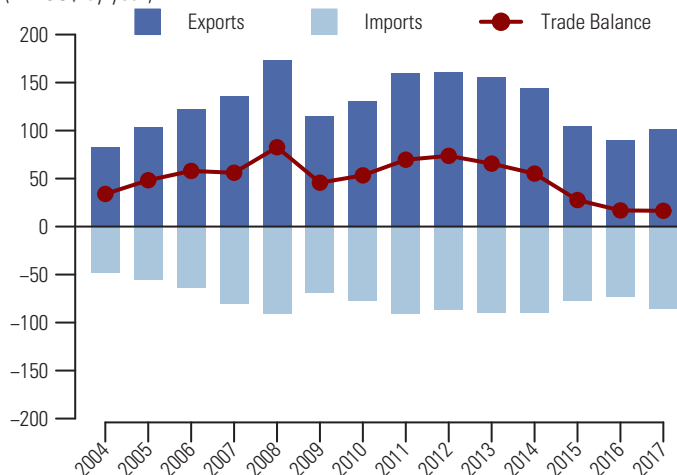
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Norway increased substantially by 13.8 percent to reach 102.0 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.5 percent to reach 85.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 16.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 30.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Norway were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Norway decreased substantially by 10.3 percent, reaching 37.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.9 percent and reached 48.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 10.8 bln US\$.

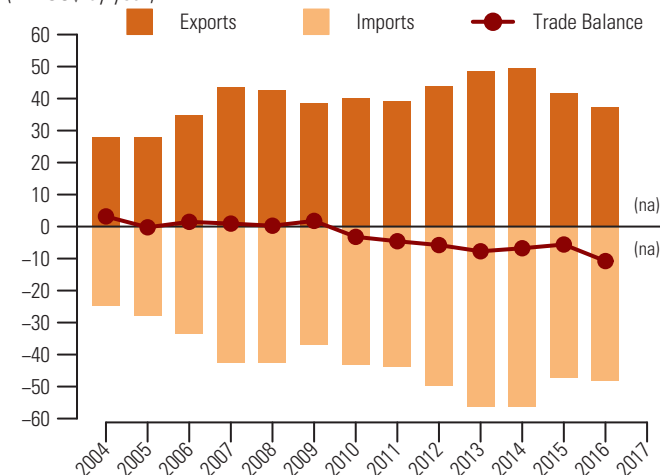
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 57.2, 11.7 and 9.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Kingdom, Germany and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 20.6, 15.9 and 10.5 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2012 (the latest year for which data by detailed EBOPS category is available) at 17.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 14.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2012)

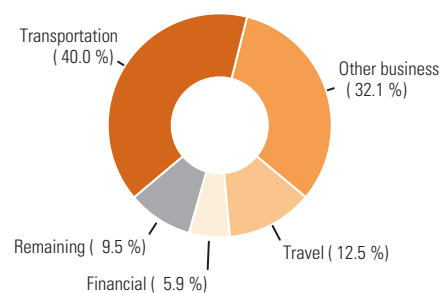


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		104800.1	89628.3	101976.0				
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		29391.8	20686.9	26488.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		25351.7	22832.1	25874.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		5206.7	6485.4	6725.1	4.1	5.9	5.7	US\$/kg 034
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		5123.3	3242.6	5180.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		4203.6	3495.5	4182.6				931
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		2673.6	2423.2	3080.0	2.2	1.9	2.3	US\$/kg 684
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....		1452.0	1716.7	1866.8	6.1	6.6	7.0	US\$/kg 034
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		1285.1	1394.5	1463.7	1.9	2.1	2.0	US\$/kg 034
7502 Unwrought nickel.....		1172.6	900.7	892.3	12.4	9.5	10.4	US\$/kg 683
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		500.8	1291.8	1153.8	15.6	23.1		mln US\$/unit 793

Norway, including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	101 976.0	-10.0	13.8	100.0
0+1	11 939.8	2.1	4.7	11.7
2+4	1 999.6	-5.2	11.0	2.0
3	58 315.9	-13.7	22.8	57.2
5	3 676.3	0.2	5.5	3.6
6	9 011.6	-4.0	12.4	8.8
7	9 889.8	-7.4	-8.9	9.7
8	2 860.1	-7.5	-4.6	2.8
9	4 283.1	-4.8	19.3	4.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

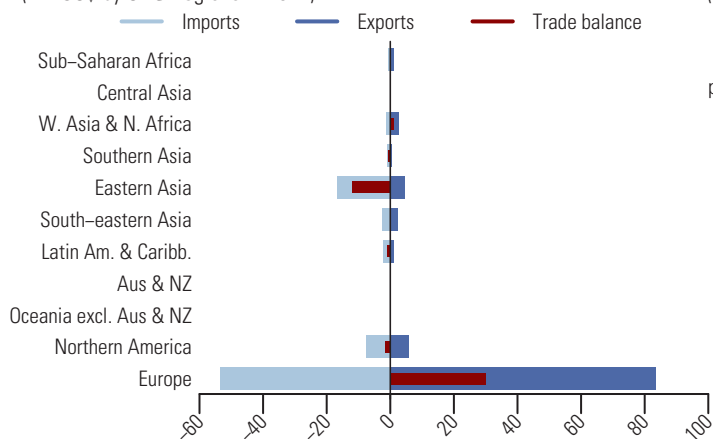
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	85 525.9	-1.2	17.5	100.0
0+1	6 639.9	-1.8	6.6	7.8
2+4	5 475.1	-1.7	21.8	6.4
3	3 829.1	-11.9	48.2	4.5
5	8 208.6	0.5	15.9	9.6
6	14 774.9	3.3	43.7	17.3
7	33 283.8	-1.1	13.5	38.9
8	12 414.1	-2.0	3.8	14.5
9	900.3	-6.3	5.9	1.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

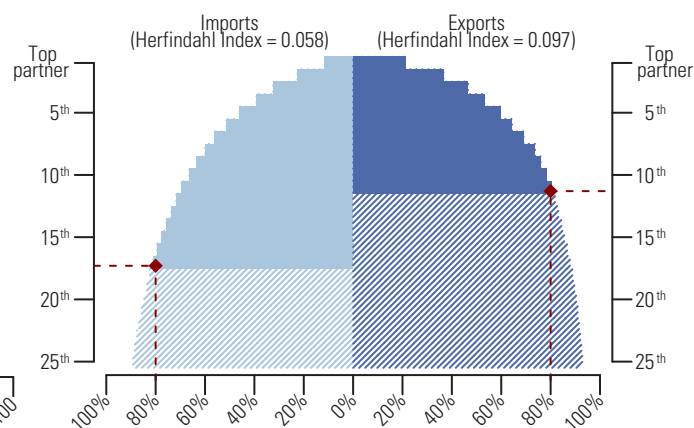
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



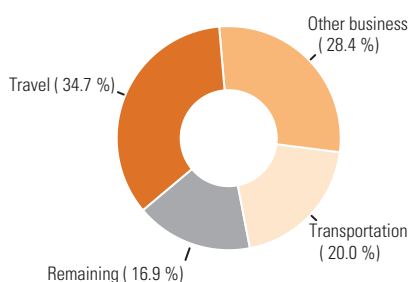
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2012)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 38.9, 17.3 and 14.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Sweden, Germany and China, accounting for respectively 11.6, 11.4 and 10.4 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2012 (the latest year for which data by detailed EBOPS category is available) at 17.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 14.1 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 9.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

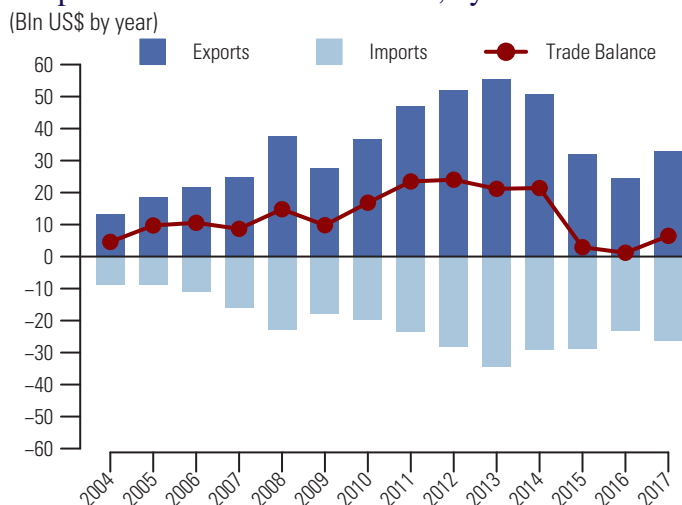
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		77 193.2	72 809.8	85 525.9				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		4 951.1	5 150.7	6 318.5	24.6	25.8	30.8	thsd US\$/unit 781
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		1 140.6	891.8	4 414.8	3.7	3.2	10.6	US\$/kg 691
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 191.1	1 804.3	2 361.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 707.1	1 748.2	1 885.2				764
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		937.7	2 138.8	1 336.3	25.3	37.5		mIn US\$/unit 793
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 307.1	1 327.6	1 652.5	104.3	102.1	116.2	US\$/kg 542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1 391.2	1 266.9	1 406.8	289.3	284.6	317.2	US\$/unit 752
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		2 337.8	23.5	1 325.9	53.1		25.5	mIn US\$/unit 793
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		1 102.5	1 223.2	1 348.5	38.6	38.4	40.1	thsd US\$/unit 782
7501 Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products.....		1 326.6	969.5	1 231.0	8.4	6.0	9.0	US\$/kg 284

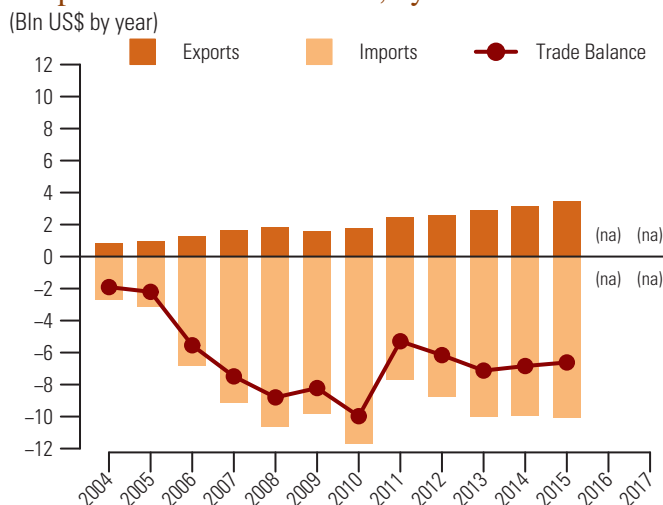
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Oman increased substantially by 34.6 percent to reach 32.9 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.6 percent to reach 26.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 6.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -6.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Oman were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Oman increased substantially by 11.3 percent, reaching 3.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.3 percent and reached 10.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 6.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 66.8, 8.3 and 6.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 30.7, 28.5 and 6.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 1.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.3 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 556.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

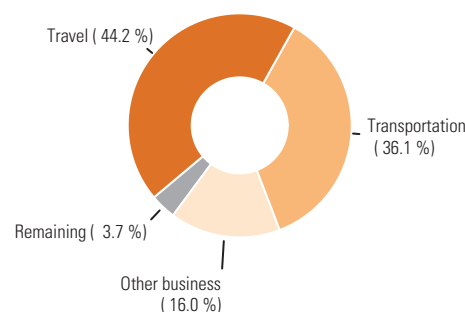


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		31 926.5	24 454.7	32 904.0					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		17 425.8	12 868.0	15 072.3			0.4	US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 256.0	2 356.9	3 699.0	1.2	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		4 215.4	2 462.4	1 435.2					931
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		110.3	53.0	3 175.0	0.8	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	343
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		683.6	502.4	592.6	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	562
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives.....		543.8	358.2	680.8	0.8	0.3	0.6	US\$/kg	512
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons.....		417.4	463.6	576.4	1.0	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	511
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		621.0	477.5	279.7	1.4	0.8	1.5	US\$/kg	684
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		293.7	81.3	898.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	US\$/kg	281
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		250.0	273.2	348.0	0.6	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	672

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	32904.0	-12.3	34.6	100.0
0+1	1469.0	4.4	22.1	4.5
2+4	1430.6	-4.8	197.9	4.3
3	21977.3	-14.7	41.9	66.8
5	2738.6	-3.3	44.3	8.3
6	2143.1	-2.1	20.7	6.5
7	1187.8	9.9	33.1	3.6
8	493.8	24.7	112.5	1.5
9	1463.9	-24.7	-41.0	4.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

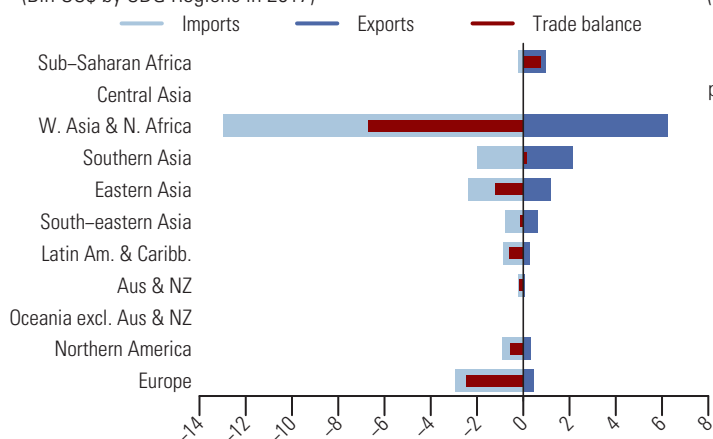
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	26434.9	-6.3	13.6	100.0
0+1	3365.2	3.6	7.7	12.7
2+4	1520.3	-7.6	23.3	5.8
3	1559.2	-32.8	-19.6	5.9
5	2335.7	-5.9	10.3	8.8
6	5219.6	0.5	12.2	19.7
7	6461.3	-13.4	24.1	24.4
8	2270.8	5.5	25.8	8.6
9	3702.7	97.3	16.6	14.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

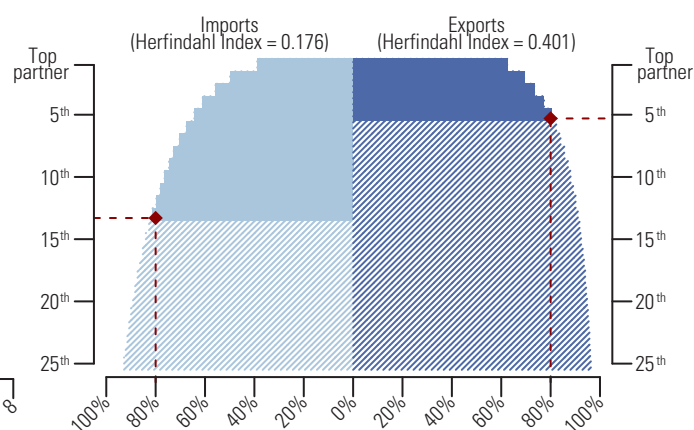
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



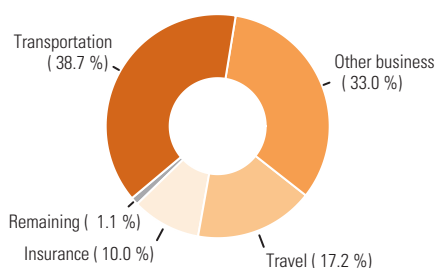
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.4, 19.7 and 14.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, Areas nes and China, accounting for respectively 39.3, 12.4 and 5.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 3.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.3 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

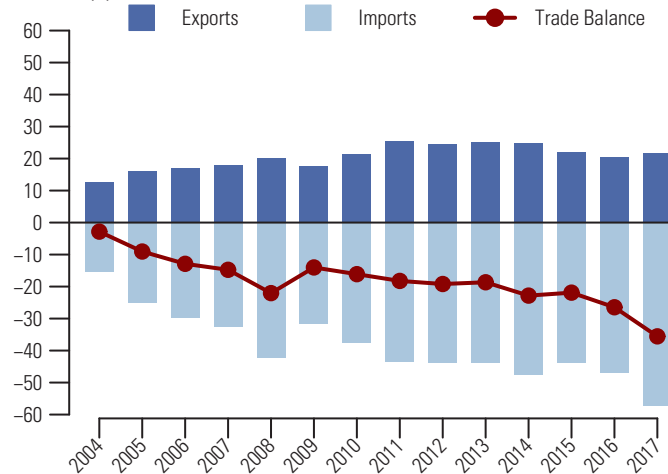
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		29007.1	23260.0	26434.9				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		4242.3	2617.7	2938.7				931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3071.4	1860.8	1402.8	0.7	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg 334
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		414.2	558.9	763.8	28.2	23.3	42.1	thsd US\$/kg 971
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		438.0	337.7	844.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg 281
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		461.1	507.7	464.0				764
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		413.5	373.5	547.7	0.7	5.9	26.2	thsd US\$/kg 897
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		342.6	335.2	365.7	16.5	17.2	17.7	US\$/kg 747
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		356.4	415.2	270.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		386.5	246.6	403.1	1.4	1.2	1.4	US\$/kg 679
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		457.5	246.7	269.2	8.9	0.1	7.0	US\$/kg 723

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Pakistan increased moderately by 6.5 percent to reach 21.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.2 percent to reach 57.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 35.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -16.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Pakistan were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 23 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Pakistan decreased substantially by 13.5 percent, reaching 5.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.1 percent and reached 8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 3.7 bln US\$.

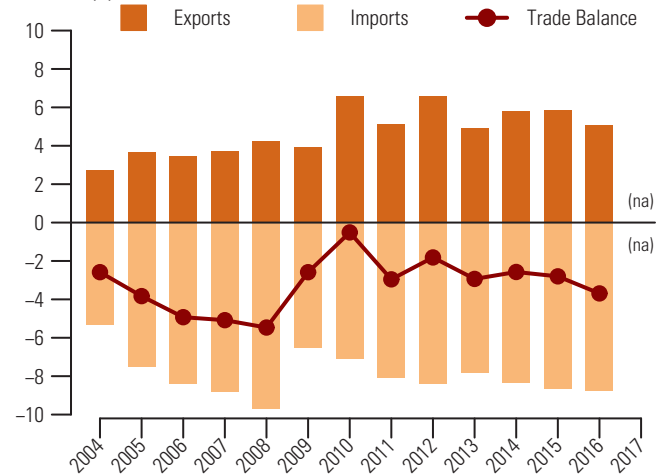
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 40.9, 30.4 and 17.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen" (HS code 6302) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 16.5, 7.8 and 7.4 percent of total exports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

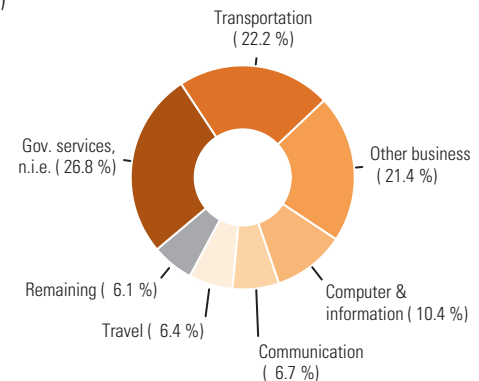


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		22 089.0	20 533.8	21 877.8				
6302 Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen.....		2 908.1	2 989.0	3 137.6	5.7	5.3	5.2	US\$/kg
1006 Rice.....		1 927.2	1 703.0	1 743.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		1 173.4	1 478.7	1 980.5	6.0	5.9	6.0	US\$/unit
5205 Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85 % or more.....		1 529.8	1 186.8	1 217.1	3.0	2.9	2.6	US\$/kg
5209 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		1 006.2	936.1	940.9		7.3	1.1	US\$/m ²
4203 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather.....		640.9	599.8	587.2				
5208 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		627.9	584.8	557.0	10.0	7.9	1.0	US\$/m ²
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		781.2	593.1	307.7	6.4	6.7	6.0	US\$/unit
6105 Men's or boys'shirts, knitted or crocheted.....		518.9	483.8	501.4	4.1	4.1	4.4	US\$/unit
6103 Men's, boys'suits,jackets,trousers etc knitted or crocheted.....		437.4	438.7	470.3	5.1	5.2	4.9	US\$/unit

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	21 877.8	-3.4	6.5	100.0
0+1	3 916.6	-4.8	6.0	17.9
2+4	714.3	-13.4	21.1	3.3
3	258.5	-16.3	66.7	1.2
5	1 033.2	-1.9	29.6	4.7
6	8 947.7	-5.0	1.3	40.9
7	357.1	-1.9	15.4	1.6
8	6 649.3	2.4	8.0	30.4
9	1.1	48.3	36.7	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

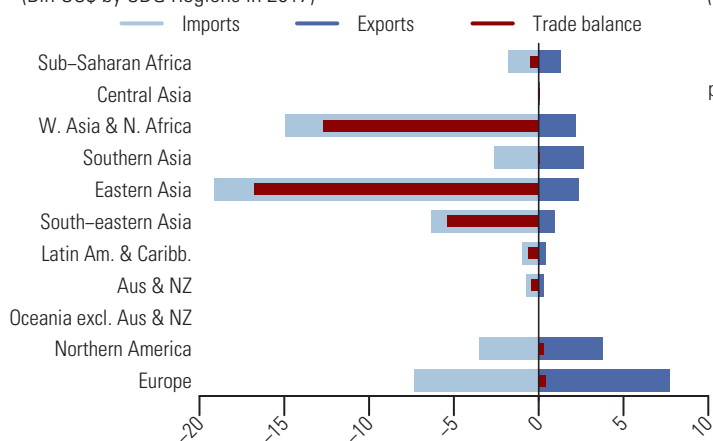
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	57 440.0	7.0	22.2	100.0
0+1	3 080.1	10.7	3.7	5.4
2+4	7 619.0	10.4	27.0	13.3
3	13 711.7	-2.6	43.9	23.9
5	8 269.3	6.7	17.3	14.4
6	7 304.2	12.3	11.6	12.7
7	15 513.0	17.7	17.3	27.0
8	1 887.6	0.0	20.0	3.3
9	55.2	-38.9	-45.1	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

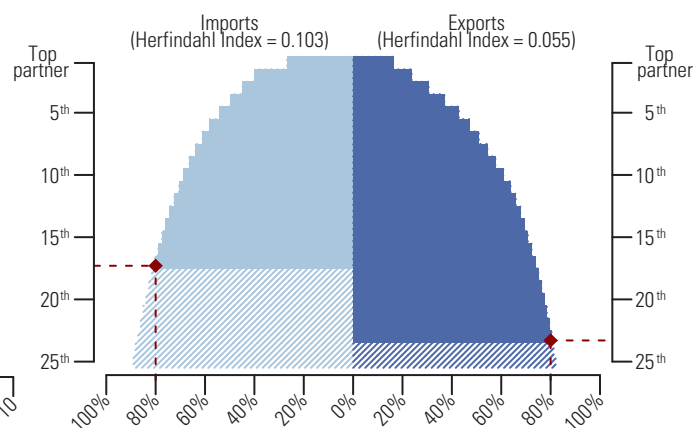
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



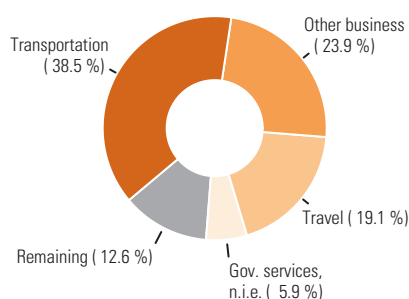
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.0, 23.9 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 27.0, 13.1 and 5.1 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 3.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

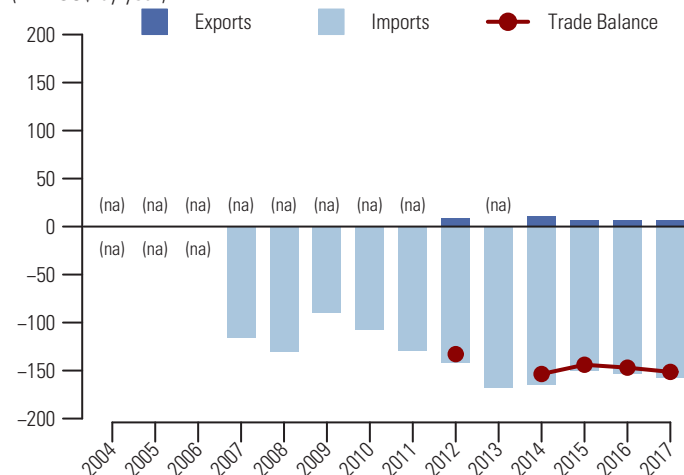
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		43 989.6	46 998.3	57 440.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		5 898.3	5 749.8	7 409.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		3 022.9	1 983.0	3 135.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	333
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		1 653.4	1 701.2	2 096.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	422
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 192.2	1 170.5	1 253.8			81.2	764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		506.1	1 061.0	1 943.9				343
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		1 024.7	1 030.5	1 454.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	282
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		891.5	1 009.0	1 394.5	478.7	689.7	792.6	781
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters.....		801.2	977.7	686.9	11.0	13.9	9.4	716
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		478.4	523.5	1 062.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	321
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....		493.1	698.3	850.8	0.6	0.8	0.7	054

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Palau decreased slightly by 1.8 percent to reach 6.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 2.8 percent to reach 157.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 151.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -56.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Palau were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). No trade in services data is available.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: No Data Available

Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 50.3, 21.7 and 19.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic" (HS code 9015) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, the United States and Guam, accounting for respectively 51.6, 17.2 and 12.5 percent of total exports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for exports.

Graph 3: No Data Available

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	6.4	6.5	6.4				
9015	Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic.....	1.9	2.8	1.1				874
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....	0.4	0.3	1.2	3.2	2.4	3.6	US\$/kg 034
8429	Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....	...	0.1	1.3		8.1		thsd US\$/unit 723
7308	Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....	1.0	0.0	0.0		6.1	5.1	US\$/kg 691
8427	Fork-lift trucks; other works trucks fitted with lifting or handling equipment.....	0.7	0.0	0.2		3.8		thsd US\$/unit 744
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	...	0.0	0.8		10.0	74.6	thsd US\$/unit 782
7311	Containers for compressed or liquefied gas, of iron or steel.....	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 692
8462	Machine-tools (including presses) for working metal by forging, hammering.....	0.0	...	0.3	0.2			thsd US\$/unit 733
8906	Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats.....	0.0	0.3	...	0.1			thsd US\$/unit 793
8802	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....	0.2	...	0.1	100.0		95.0	thsd US\$/unit 792

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	6.4	...	-1.8	100.0
0+1	1.4	...	147.8	21.7
2+4	0.2	...	39.2	3.5
3	0.0	...	766.5	0.5
5	0.0	...	-82.5	0.1
6	0.3	...	-4.1	4.0
7	3.2	...	77.7	50.3
8	1.3	...	-65.4	19.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	157.8	-1.6	2.8	100.0
0+1	36.1	1.8	1.8	22.9
2+4	2.7	4.1	5.1	1.7
3	31.0	-13.6	17.7	19.7
5	11.7	9.3	-8.1	7.4
6	18.1	3.6	25.9	11.5
7	38.3	-0.4	8.8	24.3
8	19.8	8.7	-24.3	12.6
9	0.0	-22.6	-99.8	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

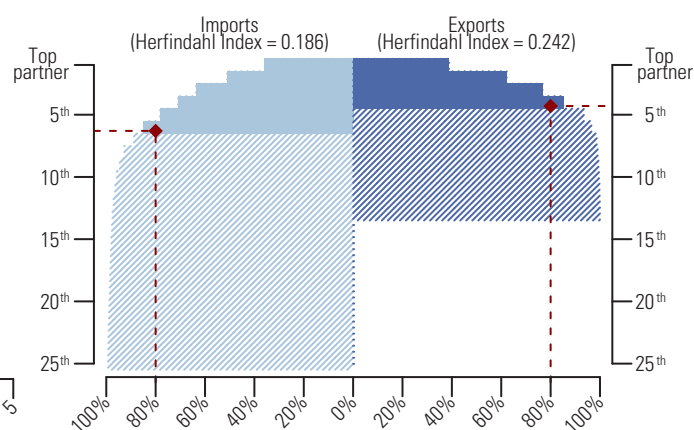
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: No Data Available

Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.3, 22.9 and 19.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Singapore and Japan, accounting for respectively 38.5, 13.8 and 12.3 percent of total imports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for imports.

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

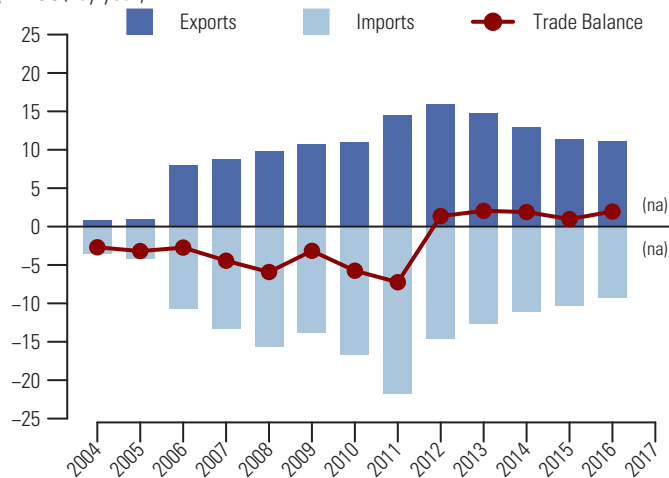
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		150.3	153.5	157.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		26.3	25.2	29.7	1.1	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		6.3	6.2	5.7	4.2	4.5	4.6 thsd US\$/unit	781
9015 Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic.....		2.0	8.1	1.7				874
2203 Beer made from malt.....		3.3	3.3	3.2	1.4	1.4	1.4 US\$/litre	112
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		2.8	2.6	2.5	6.3	5.2	3.5 US\$/kg	011
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		2.4	2.5	2.4	1.1	0.8	0.8 US\$/litre	111
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		2.9	3.2	1.0	11.5	14.8	9.6 thsd US\$/unit	793
1006 Rice.....		2.0	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.0	1.0 US\$/kg	042
3917 Tubes, pipes and hoses, and fittings therefor.....		0.6	2.7	1.8	4.9	12.3	6.0 US\$/kg	581
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares.....		1.7	1.5	1.6	3.5	2.3	2.3 US\$/kg	048

Overview:

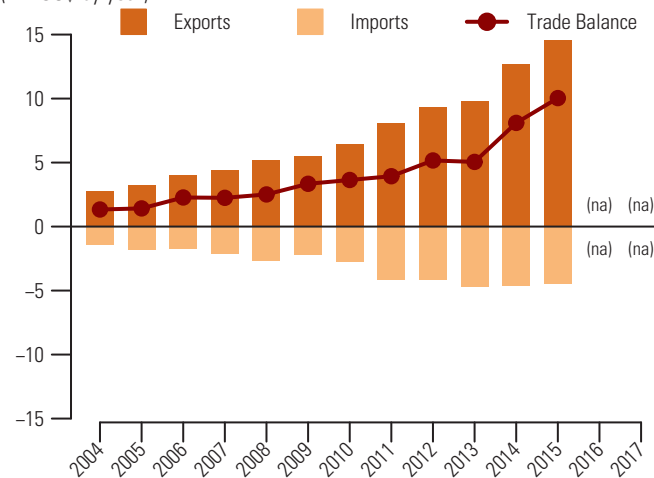
In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Panama decreased slightly by 1.3 percent to reach 11.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 11.0 percent to reach 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at 5.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Panama were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Panama increased substantially by 14.3 percent, reaching 14.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.6 percent and reached 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 10.0 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

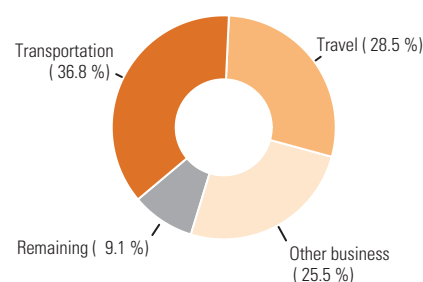
(Bln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 36.5, 27.5 and 18.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Colombia and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 20.8, 12.4 and 9.4 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 5.4 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 4.1 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		12 960.0	11 347.9	11 194.9				
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 637.6	1 656.0	1 542.2	95.0	110.3	102.7	US\$/kg
2935 Sulphonamides.....		1 167.2	1 198.0	846.2	3.9	3.9	3.8	thsd US\$/kg
2922 Oxygen-function amino-compounds.....		803.2	526.3	812.0	2.4	3.3	3.9	thsd US\$/kg
6402 Other footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics.....		542.9	456.5	404.8	9.6	9.8	6.3	US\$/pair
3303 Perfumes and toilet waters.....		511.0	443.5	380.5	57.8	53.8	50.5	US\$/kg
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		433.3	329.4	337.1	5.3	4.5	3.7	US\$/litre
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		336.6	292.1	289.5				
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		325.5	234.8	217.6				
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		302.6	247.5	212.4				
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		145.3	157.3	426.9				

*From 2004 to 2011 merchandise data including Zona Libre de Colon.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	11 194.9	-8.5	-1.3	100.0
0+1	945.8	19.9	87.9	8.4
2+4	141.1	98.3	1043.8	1.3
3	2.3	11.7	247.2	0.0
5	4 081.2	-10.2	-9.8	36.5
6	853.1	-7.4	0.0	7.6
7	2 039.2	-7.4	5.2	18.2
8	3 082.3	-12.5	-11.3	27.5
9	49.9	17.9	20.1	0.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

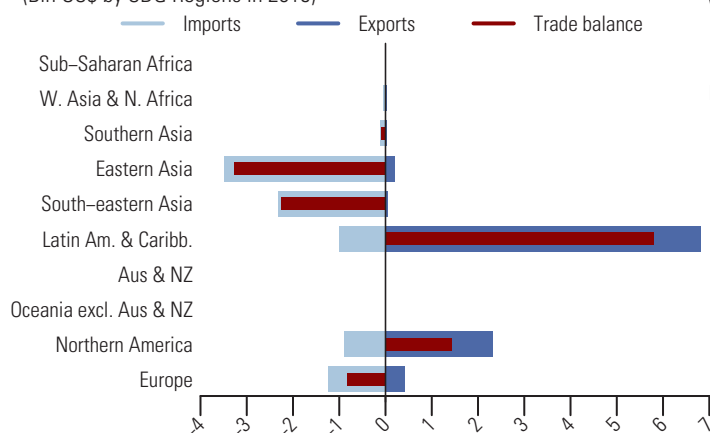
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	9 238.0	-10.8	-11.0	100.0
0+1	459.4	2.6	5.2	5.0
2+4	18.1	18.0	67.8	0.2
3	1.1	-6.2	-2.9	0.0
5	3 631.6	-9.5	-2.9	39.3
6	660.8	-12.9	-16.4	7.2
7	1 772.5	-9.5	-7.0	19.2
8	2 669.5	-14.3	-22.8	28.9
9	25.1	1.7	-28.6	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

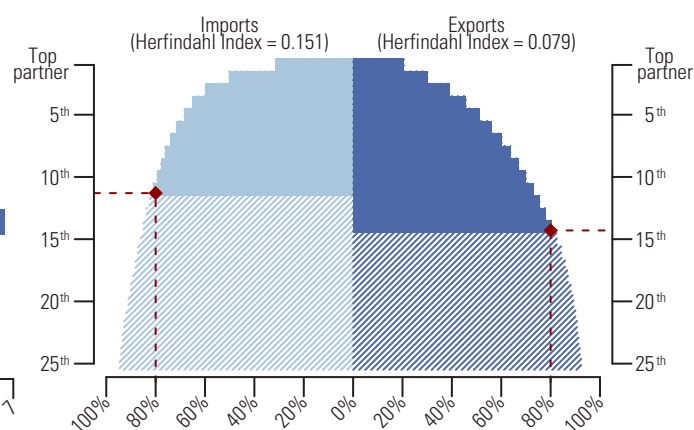
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



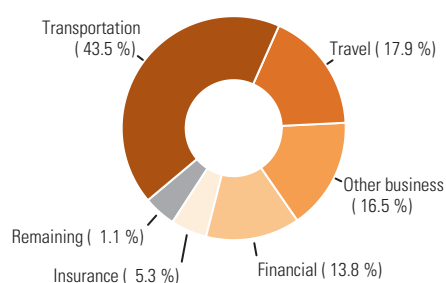
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 39.3, 28.9 and 19.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Singapore and the United States, accounting for respectively 33.1, 18.5 and 9.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 2.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 806.3 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 740.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

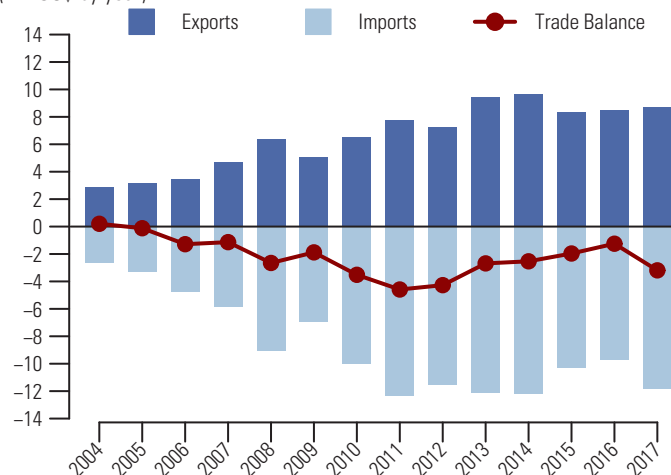
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		11 065.9	10 374.5	9 238.0				
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 134.8	1 097.3	1 289.4	70.9	68.6	81.6	US\$/kg
2935 Sulphonamides.....		899.3	1 182.9	870.9	3.7	3.9	3.9	thsd US\$/kg
2922 Oxygen-function amino-compounds.....		646.8	570.8	758.8	3.6	1.4	3.3	thsd US\$/kg
6402 Other footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics.....		459.7	410.6	335.8	8.5	9.3	9.2	US\$/pair
3303 Perfumes and toilet waters.....		380.5	299.4	295.2	36.7	32.9	36.8	US\$/kg
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		308.0	317.1	251.4				
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		345.2	306.5	224.3				
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		194.9	243.5	392.6				
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		282.1	250.8	255.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	US\$/litre
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		237.5	264.7	175.6				

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Paraguay increased slightly by 2.1 percent to reach 8.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 21.7 percent to reach 11.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Paraguay were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Paraguay decreased slightly by 3.7 percent, reaching 858.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.9 percent and reached 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 244.9 mln US\$.

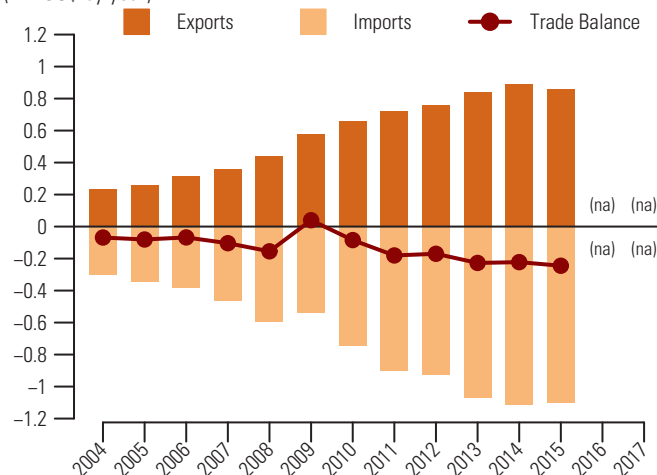
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 33.4, 30.4 and 24.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electrical energy" (HS code 2716) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Brazil, Argentina and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 33.0, 10.0 and 7.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 322.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 317.0 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 171.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

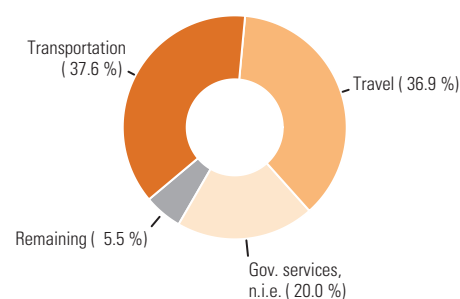


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		8327.5	8501.8	8679.8				
2716 Electrical energy.....		2035.6	2130.5	2104.5	46.8	41.5	41.8	US\$/MWh 351
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken.....		1594.2	1819.1	2132.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 222
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		904.7	852.5	730.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 081
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		659.3	582.0	574.7	3.7	3.5	3.7	US\$/kg 011
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled.....		462.6	518.6	571.4	5.0	4.7	5.0	US\$/kg 011
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions.....		445.2	466.2	477.1	0.6	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 421
1005 Maize (corn).....		441.2	339.2	244.6	0.1	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg 044
1006 Rice.....		129.8	196.0	194.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 042
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		115.5	150.1	230.6	22.2	23.7	26.2	US\$/kg 773
4104 Tanned or crust hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo).....		150.0	115.6	108.8	2.9	2.3	2.3	US\$/kg 611

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8679.8	-2.1	2.1	100.0
0+1	2640.7	-3.3	-9.2	30.4
2+4	2903.1	-3.7	12.9	33.4
3	2150.4	-1.3	-0.4	24.8
5	167.7	-4.8	5.9	1.9
6	308.8	0.9	11.7	3.6
7	311.5	37.8	46.2	3.6
8	187.9	1.2	21.6	2.2
9	9.7	-26.9	-84.0	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

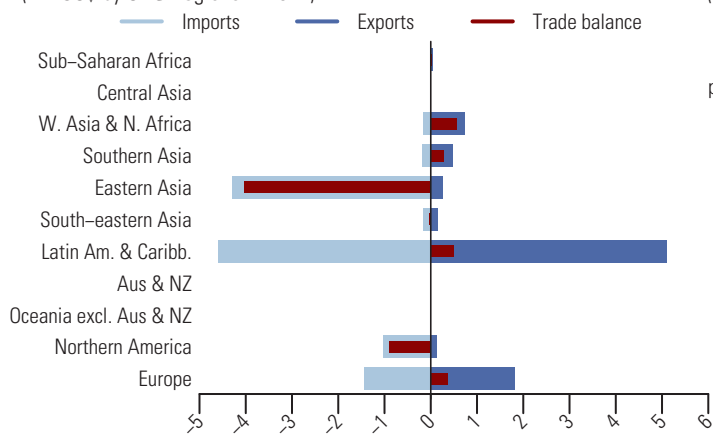
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	11873.4	-0.6	21.7	100.0
0+1	995.1	1.8	14.1	8.4
2+4	164.3	2.2	17.8	1.4
3	1383.1	-5.5	18.0	11.6
5	1994.4	0.6	12.7	16.8
6	1572.0	1.0	20.7	13.2
7	4652.7	-0.3	30.3	39.2
8	1107.6	-1.3	19.4	9.3
9	4.1	53.6	>	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

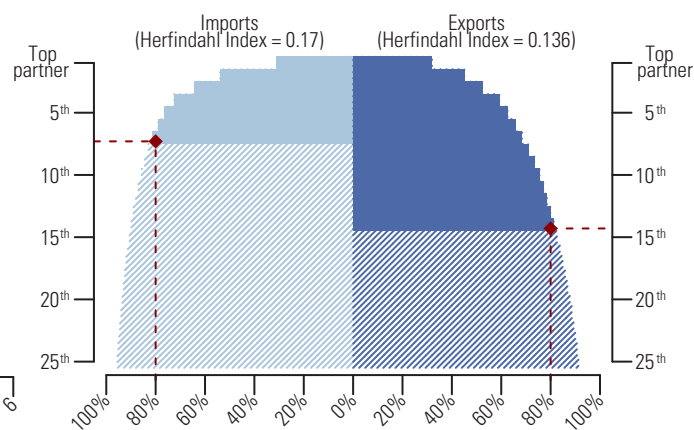
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



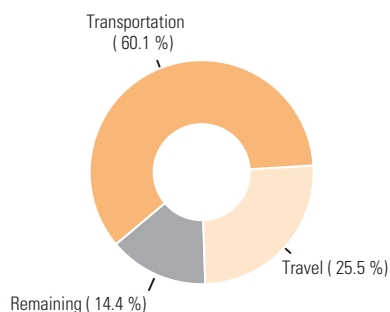
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 39.2, 16.8 and 13.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Brazil and Argentina, accounting for respectively 27.4, 23.9 and 10.6 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 663.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 281.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

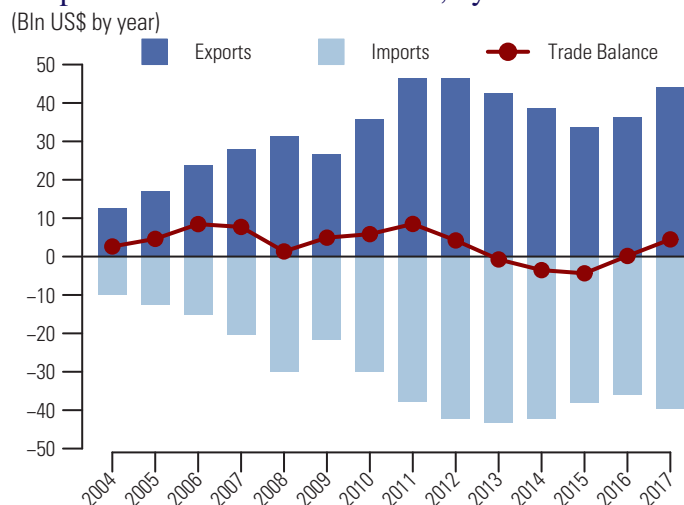
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		10291.2	9752.6	11873.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1324.2	1091.9	1281.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		512.1	660.5	795.7				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		452.7	414.5	525.1	16.6	17.3		thsd US\$/unit 781
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		335.0	282.1	330.1	8.6	7.3	7.9	US\$/kg 591
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		341.0	258.0	269.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 562
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		172.0	206.3	332.1				752
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		232.3	186.8	248.5	19.2			thsd US\$/unit 782
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		137.0	202.4	241.4				761
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		166.5	180.3	217.3				625
9504 Articles for funfair, table or parlour games, including pintables.....		141.9	126.0	213.2				894

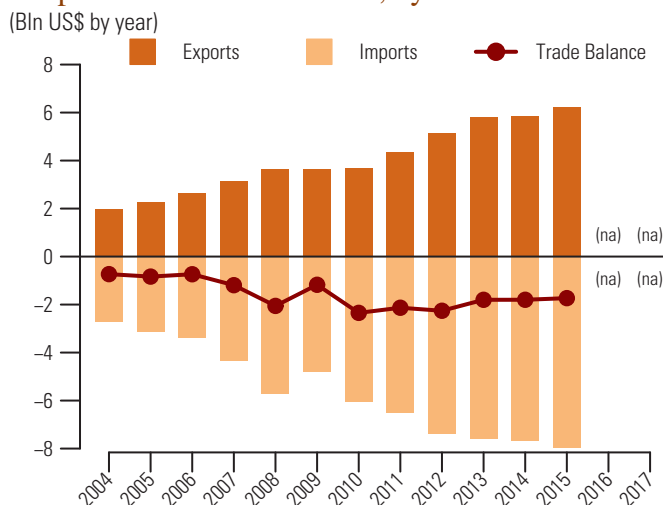
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Peru increased substantially by 21.8 percent to reach 44.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 10.0 percent to reach 39.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Peru were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Peru increased moderately by 6.0 percent, reaching 6.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.7 percent and reached 8.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 1.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 40.2, 18.4 and 16.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Switzerland, accounting for respectively 24.1, 16.1 and 6.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 3.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.4 bln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 636.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

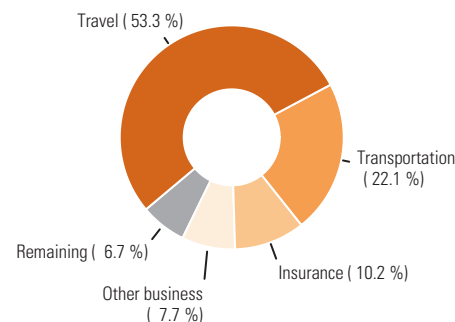


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		33667.0	36310.0	44237.9				
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		6599.7	8730.4	11998.8	1.3	1.1	1.5	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		5880.8	6612.7	7096.5	18.2	14.5	14.1	thsd US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1772.2	1713.9	2637.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....		1505.6	1380.2	1776.3	5.6	4.9	6.1	US\$/kg
2608 Zinc ores and concentrates.....		1202.8	1196.7	2021.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg
2301 Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal.....		1189.1	1014.7	1476.0		1.6	1.4	US\$/kg
2607 Lead ores and concentrates.....		1093.9	1167.7	1068.7	1.9	2.1	2.2	US\$/kg
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		613.7	762.6	710.1	3.3	3.2	2.9	US\$/kg
0806 Grapes, fresh or dried.....		709.1	660.5	654.6	2.3	2.2	2.4	US\$/kg
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried.....		503.0	598.3	775.2		1.7	1.9	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	44 237.9	1.0	21.8	100.0
0+1	8 153.0	6.5	13.1	18.4
2+4	17 796.6	8.3	33.0	40.2
3	3 514.1	-10.7	50.9	7.9
5	1 130.1	-1.3	2.9	2.6
6	4 741.1	-5.8	18.4	10.7
7	439.4	-0.9	14.7	1.0
8	1 365.1	-8.2	5.2	3.1
9	7 098.5	-3.6	7.3	16.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

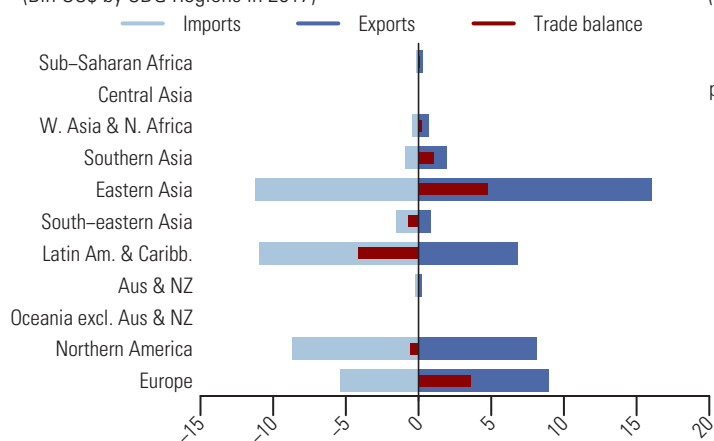
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	39 763.9	-2.1	10.0	100.0
0+1	4 209.8	3.8	13.8	10.6
2+4	1 471.8	0.2	27.5	3.7
3	5 660.4	-4.1	38.5	14.2
5	5 954.3	-0.6	9.2	15.0
6	5 647.2	-3.0	1.7	14.2
7	13 426.0	-3.7	3.0	33.8
8	3 393.8	-0.3	7.1	8.5
9	0.6	-10.7	7.8	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

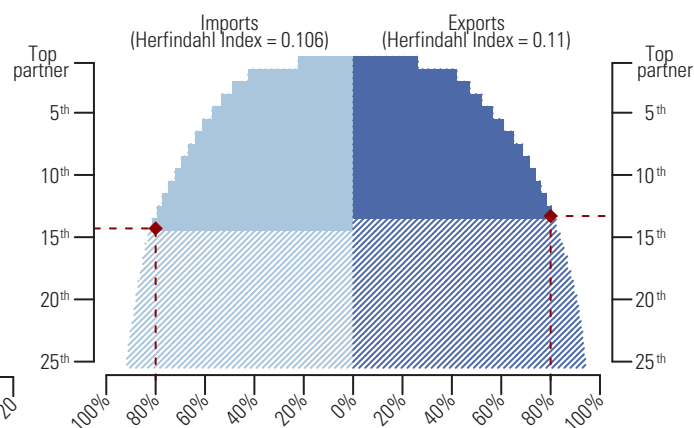
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



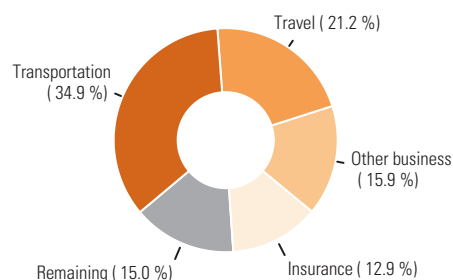
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 33.8, 15.0 and 14.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Brazil, accounting for respectively 22.6, 20.2 and 5.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 2.8 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		38 026.4	36 147.7	39 763.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 191.6	2 316.8	2 989.0	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		1 620.7	1 632.5	2 470.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1 585.2	1 640.0	1 736.9	10.7	10.4	10.2	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1 627.4	1 653.0	1 599.9				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		744.7	840.2	772.5	27.3	29.5	24.6	thsd US\$/unit 782
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		750.2	701.2	650.5	94.4	93.9	90.1	US\$/unit 752
1005 Maize (corn).....		576.0	604.9	653.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 044
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		529.9	514.3	553.5	114.5	127.8	141.4	US\$/unit 761
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		509.6	507.6	485.2		27.7	27.5	US\$/kg 542
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		533.9	425.9	524.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041

Philippines

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

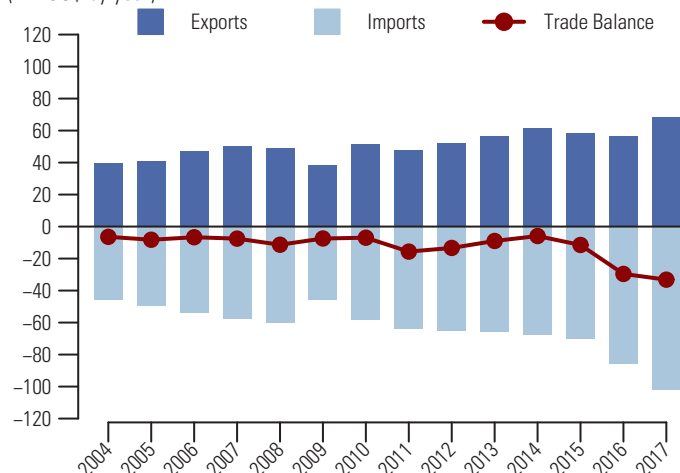
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Philippines increased substantially by 22.0 percent to reach 68.7 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.6 percent to reach 101.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 33.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -16.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Philippines were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Philippines increased moderately by 7.9 percent, reaching 31.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.3 percent and reached 23.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 7.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 65.7, 8.2 and 7.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Japan, the United States and China, Hong Kong SAR, accounting for respectively 19.0, 14.8 and 11.9 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 17.9 bln US\$, followed by "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 5.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

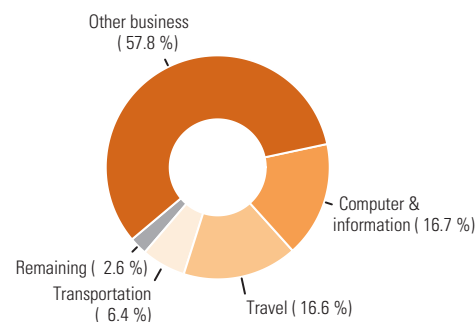


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		58648.1	56312.7	68712.6				
8542 Electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies.....		14352.4	14792.7	13991.6				776
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		4687.4	4669.2	6332.9	36.4	61.6	US\$/unit	752
8543 Electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions.....		118.7	80.6	7233.8				778
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		3038.8	2346.4	1797.2				776
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		2263.3	2264.2	2242.7	13.1	12.5	14.0	US\$/kg
4418 Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood.....		2750.2	2785.7	1153.7	2.0	1.8	1.6	US\$/kg
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		1949.0	1729.7	1048.3	2.8	6.4	93.1	US\$/kg
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters (for example, rectifiers).....		1544.2	1575.2	1573.3				771
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		1478.4	1037.8	1675.6	0.0	30.5	0.0	mln US\$/unit
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil.....		1122.6	1145.1	1519.6	1.3	1.5	1.6	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	68 712.6	4.9	22.0	100.0
0+1	4 717.7	0.9	34.3	6.9
2+4	4 102.6	-2.0	23.4	6.0
3	1 036.8	-16.5	38.2	1.5
5	1 724.6	-7.2	11.4	2.5
6	5 083.4	-4.4	10.5	7.4
7	45 160.6	9.4	24.3	65.7
8	5 607.9	1.7	0.5	8.2
9	1 279.0	38.7	89.0	1.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

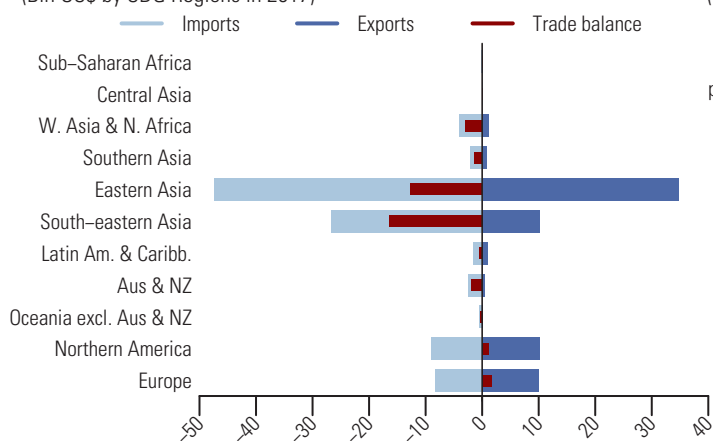
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	101 889.4	11.6	18.6	100.0
0+1	9 879.5	11.5	11.1	9.7
2+4	4 292.3	17.7	87.2	4.2
3	11 402.3	-4.2	36.6	11.2
5	10 031.8	11.4	15.4	9.8
6	13 074.0	21.1	23.8	12.8
7	47 270.7	13.8	12.4	46.4
8	5 842.9	23.1	18.6	5.7
9	95.9	-18.7	-29.8	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

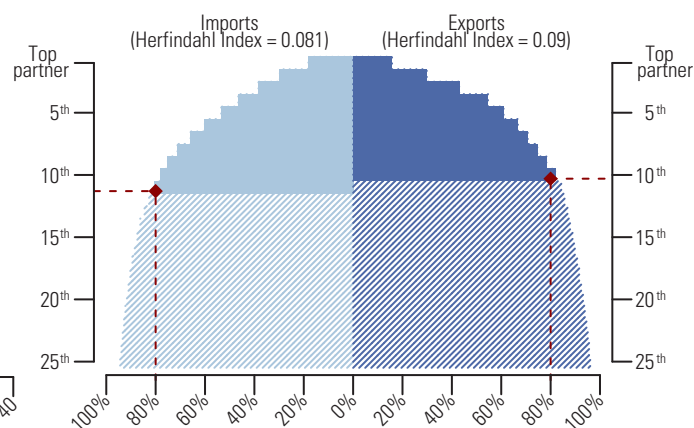
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



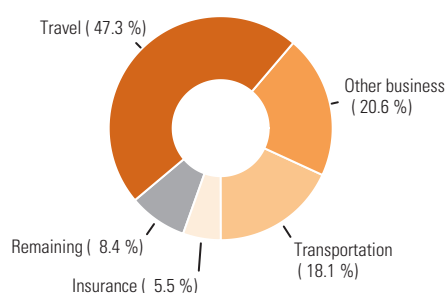
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 46.4, 12.8 and 11.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Japan and the United States, accounting for respectively 17.8, 11.1 and 9.2 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 11.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 4.9 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

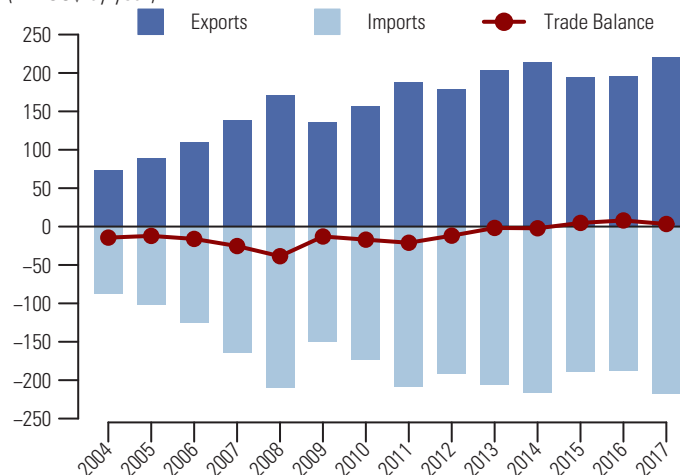
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		70 153.5	85 908.6	101 889.4				
8542 Electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies.....		13 617.4	12 248.7	12 756.8				776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3 337.0	3 953.1	5 604.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2 322.3	3 958.7	4 571.5	6.6	1.0	1.0	781
2709 Petroleum oils, crude.....		3 952.4	2 905.1	3 492.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	333
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		2 077.2	3 311.6	1 647.0	30.4	0.5	60.2	759
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		825.5	1 150.3	1 418.1		14.0	5.6	792
8443 Printing machinery used for printing by means of the printing type, blocks.....		140.6	130.9	3 117.4				726
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		985.9	1 093.5	1 294.2	21.8	19.1	19.8	542
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		982.1	1 040.8	1 303.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	041
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		670.5	1 026.5	1 597.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	321

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Poland increased substantially by 12.7 percent to reach 221.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.6 percent to reach 218.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 43.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Poland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Poland increased substantially by 10.4 percent, reaching 44.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.4 percent and reached 32.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 11.9 bln US\$.

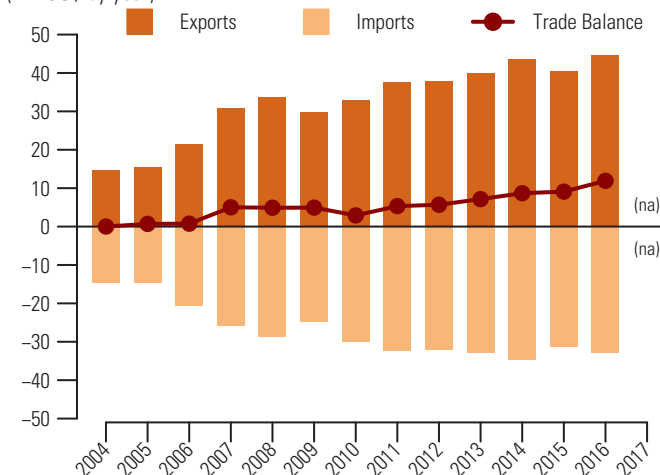
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 37.6, 18.7 and 16.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, the United Kingdom and Czechia, accounting for respectively 27.0, 6.6 and 6.5 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 13.4 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 11.0 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 10.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

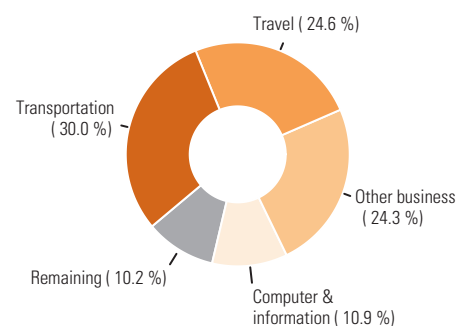


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		194 461.2	196 455.3	221 307.6					
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	9 934.8	11 162.3	12 390.1	6.7	6.9	7.0	US\$/kg	784
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	6 491.5	7 599.5	7 514.2	11.1	11.6		thsd US\$/unit	781
9401	Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....	5 154.5	5 457.2	5 914.3					821
8528	Reception apparatus for television.....	5 073.0	3 981.6	4 458.0	279.2	215.9	211.2	US\$/unit	761
9403	Other furniture and parts thereof.....	3 602.5	3 985.6	4 313.8					821
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	3 679.7	3 797.2	4 233.9	185.0	156.5	178.2	US\$/unit	752
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	2 674.4	2 361.0	3 306.7	39.9	28.7	47.8	US\$/kg	542
8901	Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....	4 541.4	2 059.6	1 724.3	0.5	9.0	0.0	mln US\$/unit	793
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	3 153.5	2 650.0	2 432.0					764
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	2 572.3	2 562.9	2 747.5	9.6	7.4	8.8	US\$/kg	773

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	221 307.6	2.1	12.7	100.0
0+1	28 243.8	3.0	16.8	12.8
2+4	4 794.1	-3.9	9.5	2.2
3	5 638.2	-12.4	12.4	2.5
5	21 273.4	3.3	17.6	9.6
6	41 365.2	0.3	14.2	18.7
7	83 316.8	1.9	9.6	37.6
8	36 167.5	8.5	13.1	16.3
9	508.6	-2.3	-6.1	0.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	217 978.6	1.5	15.6	100.0
0+1	17 601.0	1.7	12.7	8.1
2+4	7 713.8	0.0	17.4	3.5
3	16 130.4	-9.4	37.1	7.4
5	31 426.2	1.8	14.7	14.4
6	38 047.6	1.8	14.7	17.5
7	77 032.4	2.7	13.0	35.3
8	26 657.2	9.5	13.4	12.2
9	3 370.0	-10.1	44.2	1.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

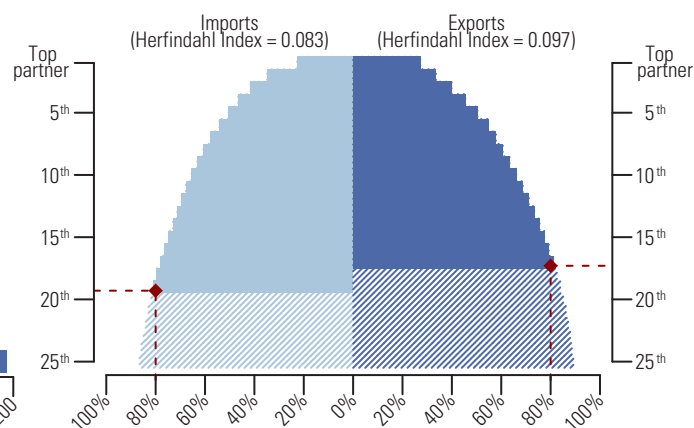
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



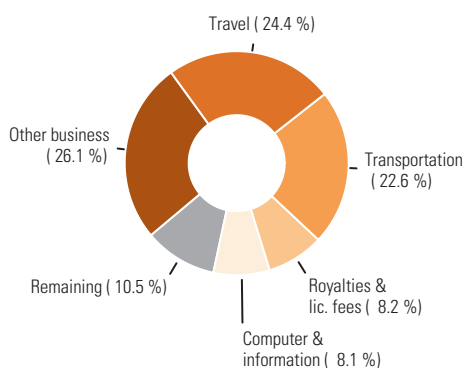
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 35.3, 17.5 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 22.7, 12.1 and 6.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 8.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 8.0 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 7.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

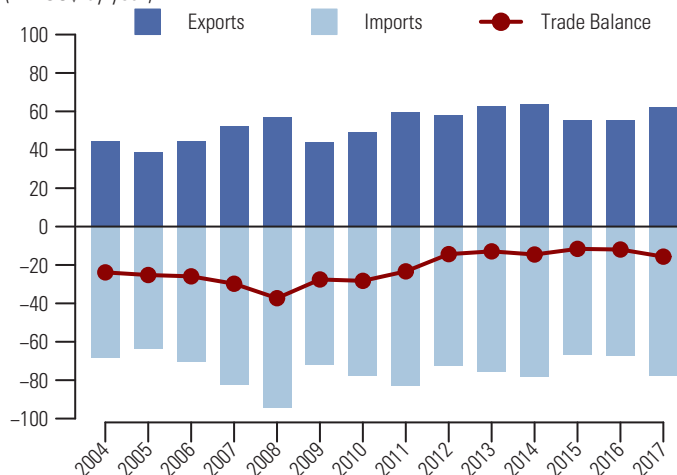
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		189 696.5	188 517.8	217 978.6				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		9 855.4	7 126.3	8 996.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5 389.9	7 232.8	9 126.3	15.4	16.3		781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		5 931.4	6 720.3	7 384.9	6.2	6.6	6.5	784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		3 893.1	3 988.1	4 439.9	68.4	57.1	54.5	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		3 738.2	3 748.1	4 002.1				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		3 526.4	3 273.6	3 390.5	75.2	75.5	80.8	752
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		2 779.7	2 244.0	3 149.6				931
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....		2 553.7	2 394.3	2 642.8	29.5	24.9	27.1	764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 815.3	2 259.8	3 481.1	0.6	0.5	0.5	334
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		3 960.9	1 592.2	1 282.9	13.8	7.7	3.9	793

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Portugal increased substantially by 11.7 percent to reach 62.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.1 percent to reach 77.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -15.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Portugal were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Portugal increased slightly by 4.8 percent, reaching 28.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.9 percent and reached 13.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 14.6 bln US\$.

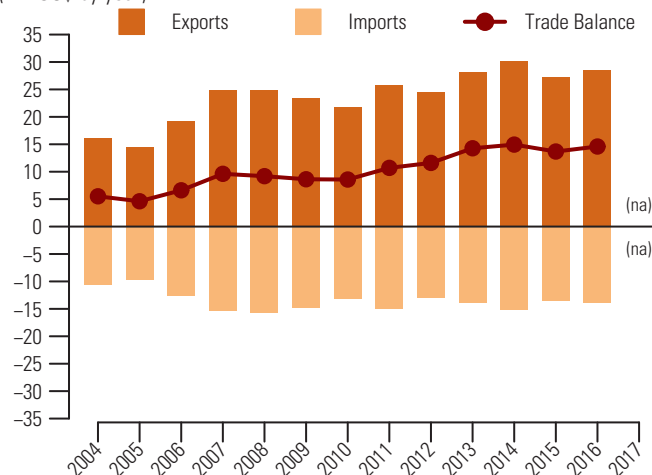
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 27.2, 22.4 and 17.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, France and Germany, accounting for respectively 25.5, 12.4 and 11.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 14.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 6.1 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

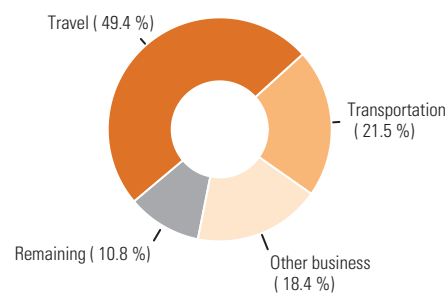


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		55 258.7	55 676.8	62 169.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3 758.0	2 896.0	3 790.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		2 504.1	2 673.3	3 083.2	7.0	7.0	7.3	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2 302.4	1 960.7	2 404.8	18.7	18.2	18.3	thsd US\$/unit
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		1 837.7	1 875.6	1 931.5	31.0	31.0	31.8	US\$/pair
4802 Uncoated paper and paperboard, of a kind used for writing.....		1 323.6	1 304.3	1 336.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		1 023.3	1 019.2	1 110.0	56.4	54.6	56.7	US\$/unit
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....		868.1	950.4	985.8				
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		871.0	927.5	985.0	5.8	5.7	6.1	US\$/unit
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		823.8	959.6	935.4	39.5	40.1	35.0	US\$/kg
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....		815.0	804.6	879.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	US\$/litre

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	62 169.9	-0.2	11.7	100.0
0+1	6 720.6	0.9	4.6	10.8
2+4	3 282.3	-1.4	17.7	5.3
3	4 479.3	-9.0	29.5	7.2
5	5 460.1	-0.6	8.5	8.8
6	13 907.1	-0.4	9.9	22.4
7	16 900.1	1.7	14.2	27.2
8	11 117.7	2.1	8.9	17.9
9	302.8	-14.1	-2.4	0.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

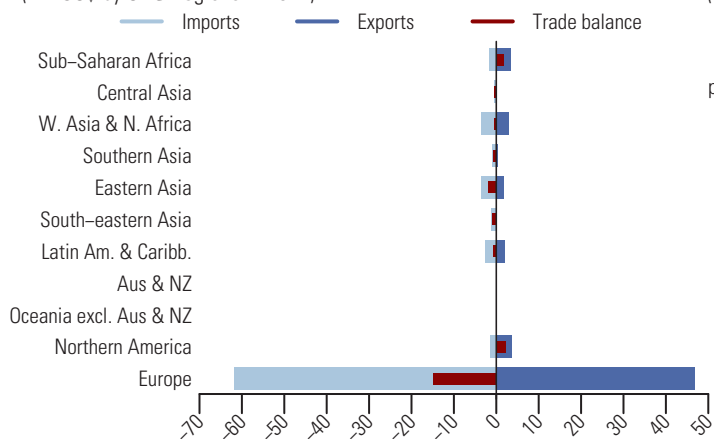
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	77 833.8	0.7	15.1	100.0
0+1	10 151.0	-0.1	9.4	13.0
2+4	3 524.3	-1.6	19.2	4.5
3	9 042.2	-11.6	32.7	11.6
5	10 423.0	0.6	9.0	13.4
6	11 863.6	1.5	16.3	15.2
7	23 850.4	7.6	15.7	30.6
8	8 936.8	3.6	9.7	11.5
9	42.5	-17.5	-30.5	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

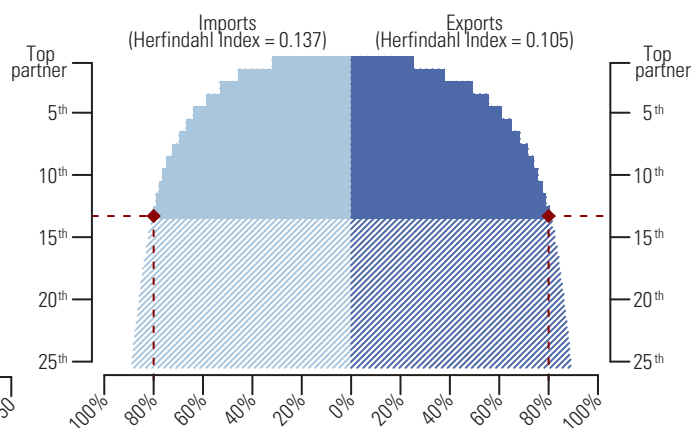
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



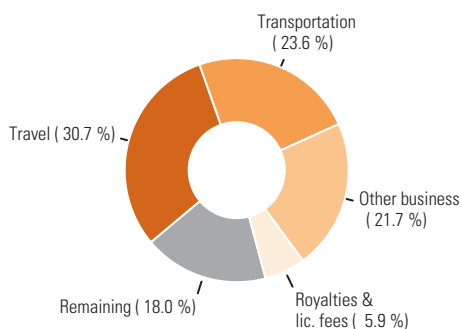
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 30.6, 15.2 and 13.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Spain, Germany and France, accounting for respectively 32.6, 13.4 and 7.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 4.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 3.3 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

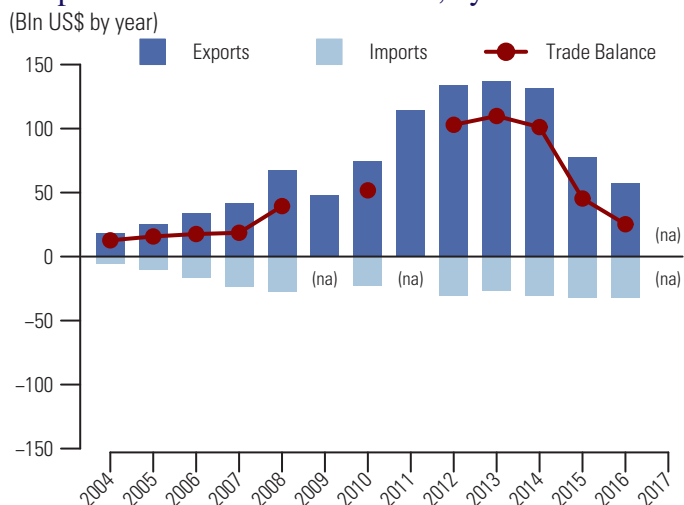
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		66 870.9	67 631.8	77 833.8				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		5 465.9	4 286.7	5 544.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		3 791.2	4 491.2	5 006.7	15.6	15.5	16.4	781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		2 466.8	2 397.5	2 758.3	9.3	9.2	9.0	784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2 020.7	2 093.3	2 088.3	56.0	59.7	61.8	542
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		1 546.4	1 145.0	1 508.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 131.6	877.3	1 122.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		932.3	983.8	1 060.4				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		667.1	610.1	723.9	133.9	127.3	154.6	752
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		335.0	612.4	760.2				776
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		221.2	703.3	698.1	0.0	0.7	4.1	792

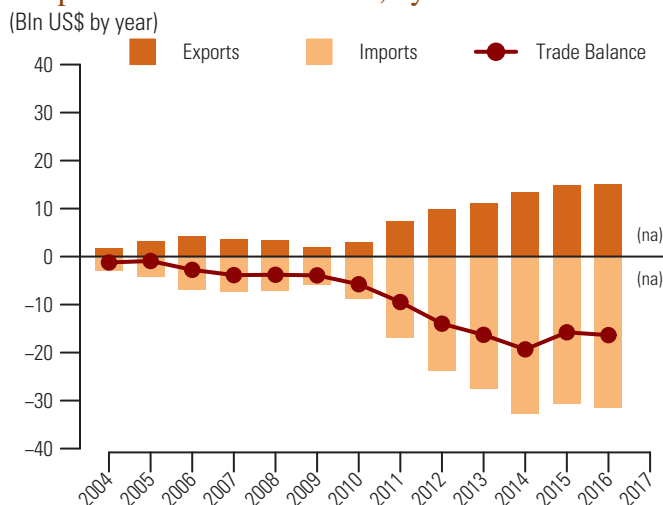
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Qatar decreased substantially by 26.5 percent to reach 57.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 1.7 percent to reach 32.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 25.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 20.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Qatar were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Qatar increased slightly by 1.2 percent, reaching 15.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.5 percent and reached 31.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 16.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 81.6, 17.6 and 0.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Japan, the Republic of Korea and India, accounting for respectively 22.6, 17.7 and 12.5 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 7.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

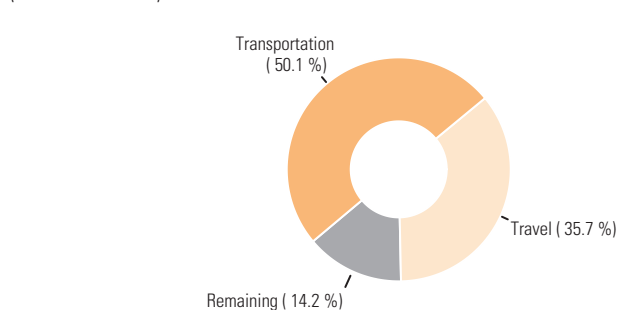


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
	All Commodities.....	131 591.6	77 971.1	57 310.5				
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	86 040.0	50 522.9	35 157.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 343
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	21 484.3	10 603.5	8 851.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 333
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	17 137.3	8 733.9	10 082.8				931
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	6 375.0	3 407.1	2 730.5	0.9	0.5	0.3	US\$/kg 334
2503	Sulphur of all kinds.....	324.2	331.4	199.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 274
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	...	514.9	...		15.5		thsd US\$/unit 781
2903	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons.....	...	486.5	...		0.5		US\$/kg 511
7214	Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....	...	396.2	...		0.5		US\$/kg 676
8905	Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....	...	327.4	...				793
3817	Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes.....	58.8	102.8	145.5	1.7	1.2	1.0	US\$/kg 598

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	57 310.5	-19.1	-26.5	100.0
0+1	14.2	-32.4	-91.2	0.0
2+4	255.2	-15.7	-54.2	0.4
3	46 739.3	-20.5	-27.6	81.6
5	174.3	-63.3	-81.8	0.3
6	10.6	-78.1	-98.6	0.0
7	7.5	-71.3	-99.6	0.0
8	26.8	-34.9	-90.4	0.0
9	10 082.8	92.4	15.4	17.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

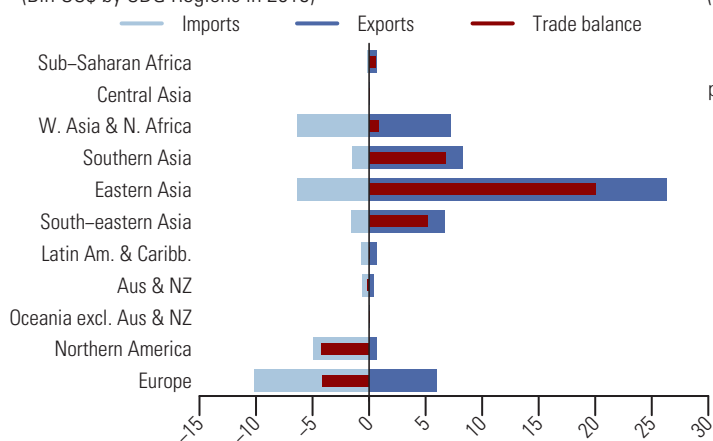
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	32 060.1	1.0	-1.7	100.0
0+1	3 082.3	5.6	-3.0	9.6
2+4	1 513.5	-1.4	-14.2	4.7
3	303.7	2.0	-20.5	0.9
5	2 525.2	7.7	0.7	7.9
6	4 915.4	3.0	-9.4	15.3
7	14 258.8	6.1	-3.9	44.5
8	4 172.7	9.1	-2.1	13.0
9	1 288.5	-31.8	382.9	4.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

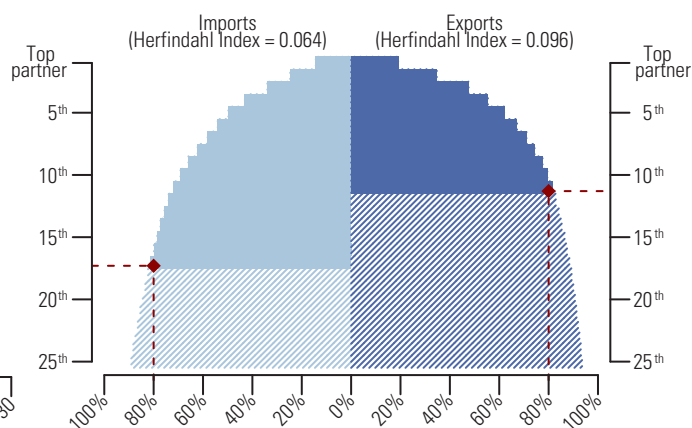
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



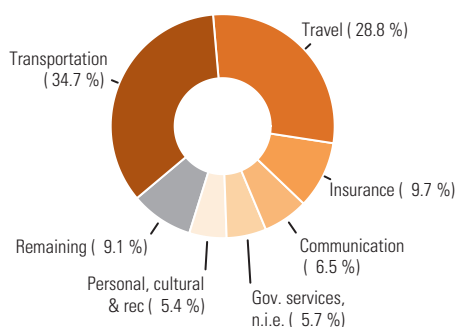
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 44.5, 15.3 and 13.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 12.3, 10.8 and 8.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 11.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 9.1 bln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

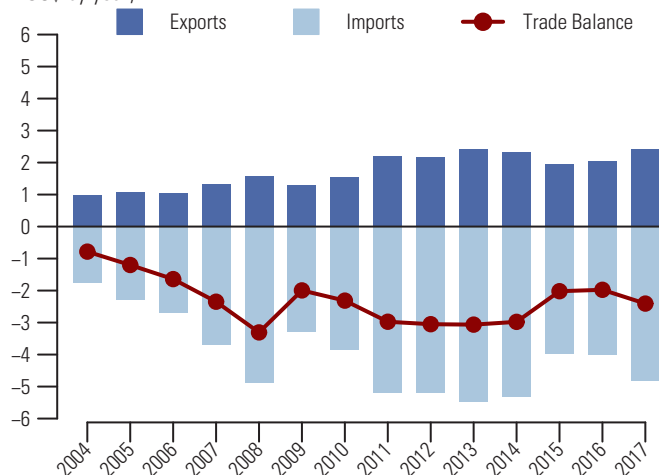
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		30 447.7	32 610.5	32 060.1				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		2 625.3	2 981.0	2 278.5	15.0	16.3	17.5	thsd US\$/unit
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		1 769.4	1 896.9	1 112.6	426.8	425.2	443.1	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		786.7	879.1	913.2				
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		437.7	373.6	1 241.5				
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		631.7	659.0	418.0	7.1	6.7	5.9	US\$/kg
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		436.6	508.9	394.0				
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		460.0	502.8	375.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		514.2	481.8	316.0				
2517 Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone.....		385.9	449.0	436.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		370.8	460.5	437.4	1.9	1.8	2.0	US\$/kg

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Republic of Moldova increased substantially by 18.6 percent to reach 2.4 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 20.2 percent to reach 4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Republic of Moldova were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Republic of Moldova increased moderately by 9.2 percent, reaching 893.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.8 percent and reached 823.5 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 70.0 mln US\$.

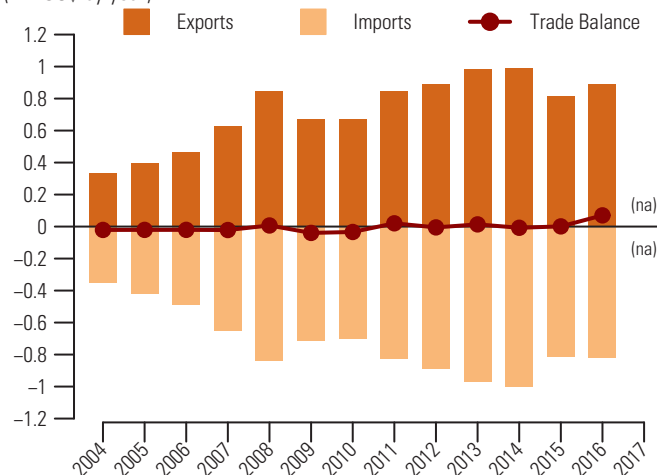
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 33.4, 22.1 and 17.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable" (HS code 8544) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Romania, the Russian Federation and Italy, accounting for respectively 24.2, 11.3 and 9.8 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 338.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 244.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 91.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

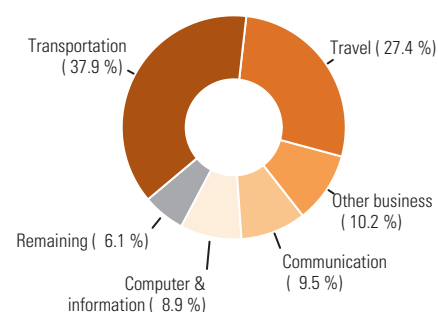


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		1966.8	2044.6	2425.1					
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		212.6	224.8	301.3	11.3	11.9	12.4	US\$/kg	773
1206 Sunflower seeds, whether or not broken.....		143.7	178.7	197.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	222
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....		97.7	107.9	128.4	0.9	0.8	0.9	US\$/litre	112
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....		81.0	100.9	109.0					821
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled.....		101.1	85.5	98.6	6.7	5.4	6.5	US\$/kg	057
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		52.5	96.5	105.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	041
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		75.6	48.6	61.7	63.5		60.7	US\$/kg	542
1512 Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil.....		69.0	51.5	51.3	0.7	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg	421
1005 Maize (corn).....		43.9	45.9	53.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	044
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		47.5	42.7	41.8	6.1	6.4		US\$/litre	112

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2425.1	0.0	18.6	100.0
0+1	810.9	0.3	21.0	33.4
2+4	330.6	2.7	15.5	13.6
3	18.2	-9.2	172.6	0.8
5	127.7	-8.4	12.7	5.3
6	168.5	-9.1	-2.0	6.9
7	431.4	4.6	32.7	17.8
8	536.7	1.2	13.9	22.1
9	1.1	17.2	137.0	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4831.4	-3.2	20.2	100.0
0+1	633.4	-3.2	15.3	13.1
2+4	126.8	-1.1	19.2	2.6
3	536.1	-7.9	29.5	11.1
5	717.8	-2.1	14.0	14.9
6	993.5	-0.1	16.4	20.6
7	1081.6	-1.1	24.8	22.4
8	511.5	1.0	29.6	10.6
9	230.7	-17.3	11.6	4.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

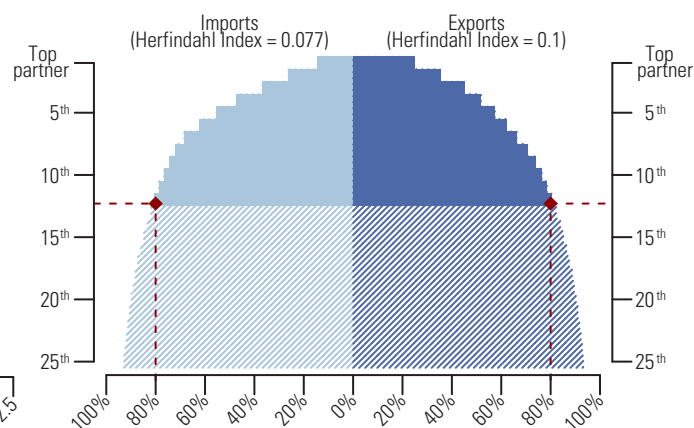
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



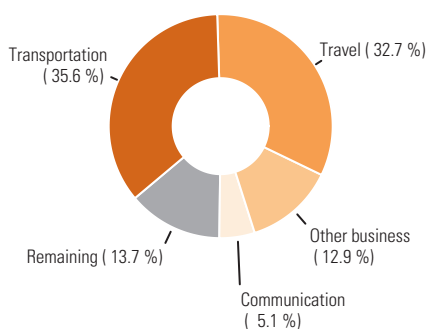
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 22.4, 20.6 and 14.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Romania, the Russian Federation and Ukraine, accounting for respectively 14.0, 12.8 and 9.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 293.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 268.9 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 106.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

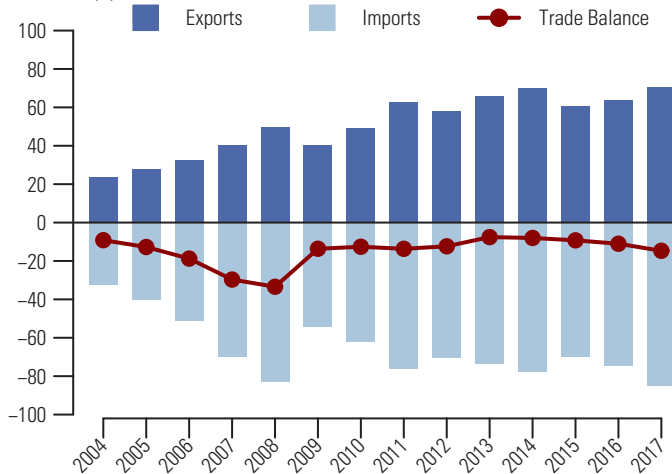
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		3986.8	4020.4	4831.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		396.3	365.8	463.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		266.0	206.7	230.6				931
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		171.5	168.4	203.9	31.4		33.8	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		87.1	107.3	145.7	18.9	20.6	20.0	781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		82.2	84.0	102.1	7.2	7.2	8.0	773
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		59.5	60.4	81.7				764
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		54.1	61.1	65.8	12.1	11.3	11.7	591
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		54.3	54.3	62.6	11.3	10.9		122
7408 Copper wire.....		48.0	38.7	66.8	6.4	5.4	6.8	682
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		31.8	40.6	53.0	7.5	4.6	5.8	722

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Romania increased substantially by 11.1 percent to reach 70.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.4 percent to reach 85.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 14.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -12.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Romania were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Romania increased moderately by 9.0 percent, reaching 16.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.3 percent and reached 10.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 5.8 bln US\$.

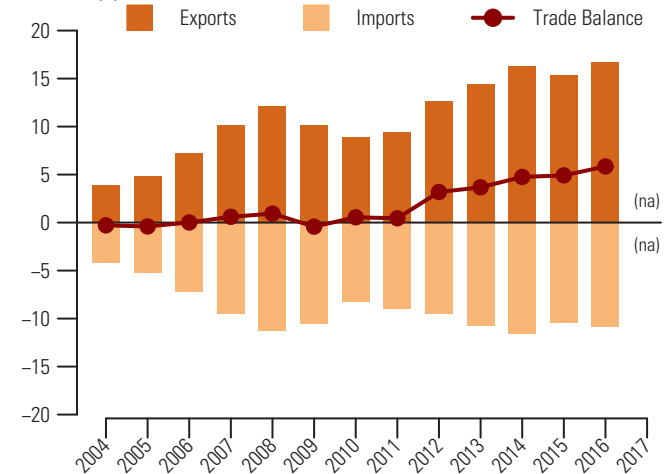
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 45.7, 16.3 and 15.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and France, accounting for respectively 21.5, 11.7 and 6.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 6.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 4.2 bln US\$ and "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 2.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

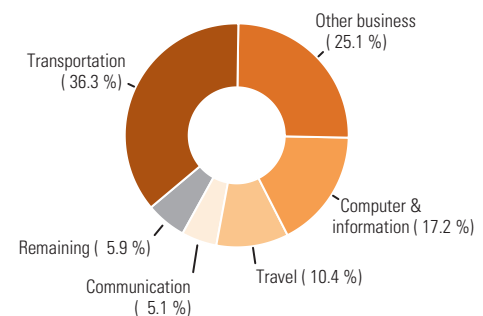


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
	All Commodities.....	60605.0	63581.0	70626.9				
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	4950.7	5918.7	7365.8	9.7	10.0	10.1	US\$/kg 784
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	3648.1	4166.7	4325.2	12.2	12.4	13.5	US\$/kg 773
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	3233.0	3178.6	3378.3	8.7	9.2	9.7	thsd US\$/unit 781
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	1997.9	2088.8	2149.8				931
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	2022.4	1792.5	2079.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8537	Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases.....	1383.1	1847.3	1808.0	68.4	72.0	74.5	US\$/kg 772
9401	Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....	1523.7	1597.7	1607.4				821
4011	New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....	1377.8	1440.9	1514.0	46.4	45.6	46.7	US\$/unit 625
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	1118.4	1178.0	1124.4				764
1001	Wheat and meslin.....	769.3	1264.1	1129.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	70626.9	1.8	11.1	100.0
0+1	5553.5	0.8	7.7	7.9
2+4	2954.1	-7.0	13.3	4.2
3	2662.0	-6.2	16.3	3.8
5	2993.9	-4.4	14.8	4.2
6	11486.0	1.9	15.7	16.3
7	32287.4	4.5	9.8	45.7
8	11046.9	4.2	16.3	15.6
9	1643.0	-9.2	-21.3	2.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

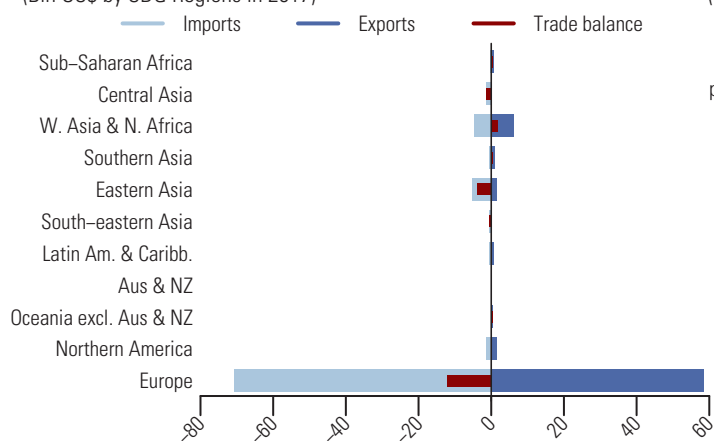
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	85318.2	3.8	14.4	100.0
0+1	7395.7	7.5	14.6	8.7
2+4	2624.0	1.9	17.4	3.1
3	5571.6	-6.2	33.5	6.5
5	11055.4	2.5	14.4	13.0
6	16540.0	2.8	14.0	19.4
7	30593.9	5.3	12.4	35.9
8	8652.8	9.3	18.1	10.1
9	2884.9	3.1	-4.9	3.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

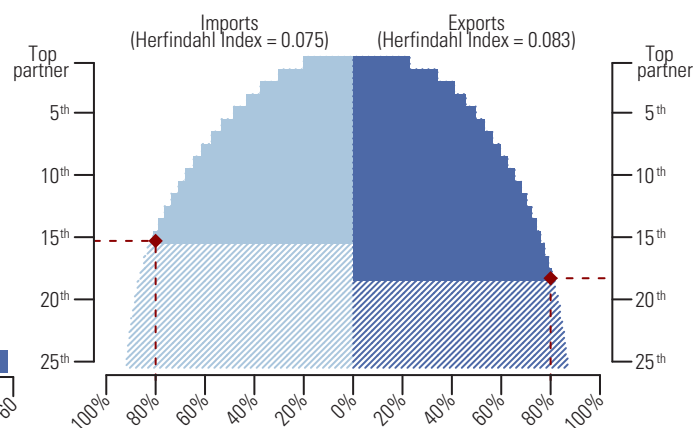
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



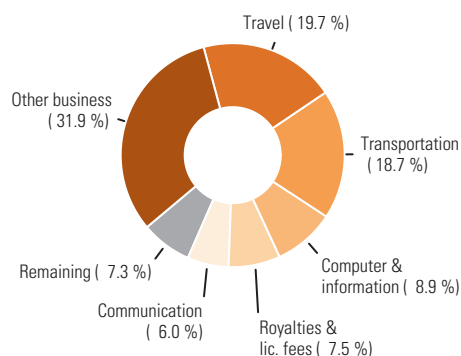
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 35.9, 19.4 and 13.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and Hungary, accounting for respectively 20.1, 10.4 and 7.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 3.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		69857.7	74604.6	85318.2				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		2567.3	3034.5	3667.3				931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		2820.2	2998.4	3328.6	7.2	7.3	7.1	US\$/kg 784
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2518.0	2298.6	3031.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2400.5	2561.2	2744.5	62.2	61.8	60.9	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1452.4	1879.8	2227.8	17.1	18.2	18.7	thsd US\$/unit 781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		1487.4	1666.5	1938.8	9.6	9.7	10.4	US\$/kg 773
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		1559.8	1674.0	1760.5				764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1210.0	1017.3	1440.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		1049.1	1202.7	1335.2	22.4	26.4	27.5	US\$/kg 772
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		840.8	1014.2	1199.9				776

Russian Federation

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

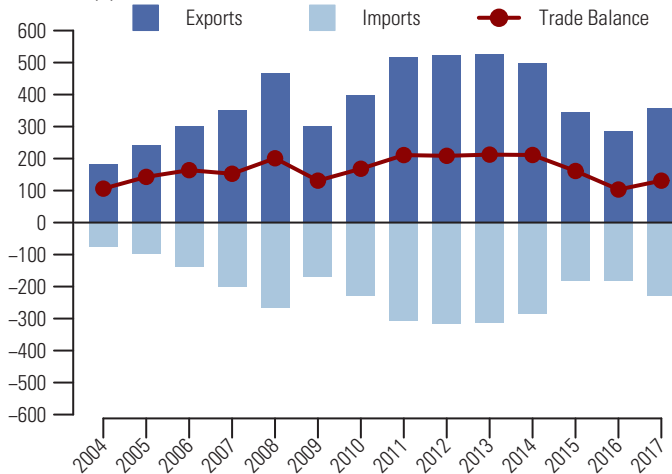
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Russian Federation increased substantially by 25.8 percent to reach 359.2 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 25.2 percent to reach 228.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 130.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 84.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Russian Federation were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 26 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 23 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Russian Federation decreased slightly by 3.4 percent, reaching 52.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 16.6 percent and reached 80.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 28.1 bln US\$.

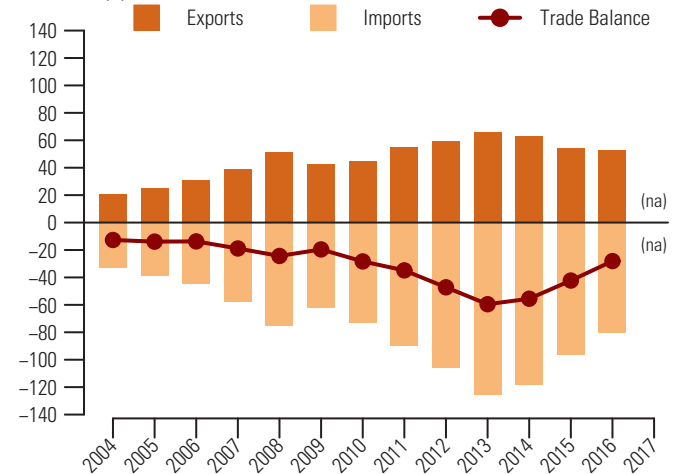
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 48.3, 15.4 and 14.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Netherlands, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 10.6, 9.6 and 6.4 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 18.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 12.9 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 8.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

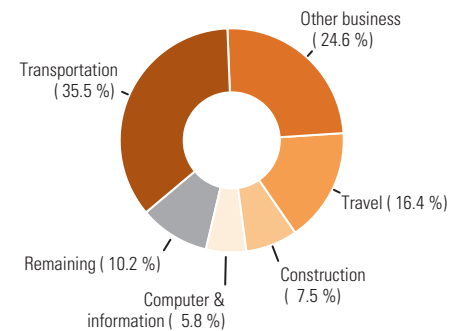


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		343907.7	285491.1	359152.0				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		89576.5	73676.3	93306.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		67403.1	45951.8	58244.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		10796.9	45261.9	52839.4				
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		47517.7	4063.9	4721.0	0.5	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		9480.3	8907.2	13530.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		6075.7	4988.1	5464.4	1.8	1.4	1.7	US\$/kg
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		4636.7	4471.4	6031.0	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		3948.7	4215.8	5791.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		3945.3	4832.5	4700.0			103.5	US\$/carat
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		3073.5	3192.2	3989.8	125.8	118.5		US\$/m ³

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	359 152.0	-9.2	25.8	100.0
0+1	17 340.6	6.1	21.4	4.8
2+4	18 335.3	0.2	27.5	5.1
3	173 299.6	-17.4	28.7	48.3
5	18 746.1	-5.5	19.3	5.2
6	51 832.7	-0.9	23.4	14.4
7	19 709.1	-2.0	36.2	5.5
8	4 687.6	-5.3	23.8	1.3
9	55 201.1	30.9	19.5	15.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

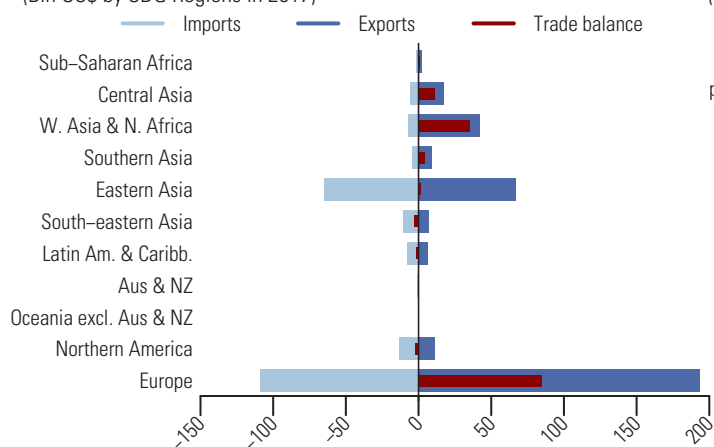
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	228 212.7	-7.7	25.2	100.0
0+1	25 037.2	-10.6	17.1	11.0
2+4	9 449.8	-2.3	22.2	4.1
3	1 925.9	-14.7	37.3	0.8
5	32 336.2	-5.3	18.8	14.2
6	27 325.7	-9.2	25.6	12.0
7	104 082.8	-7.4	38.7	45.6
8	26 248.8	-9.0	24.4	11.5
9	1 806.2	1.4	-72.7	0.8

SITC Legend

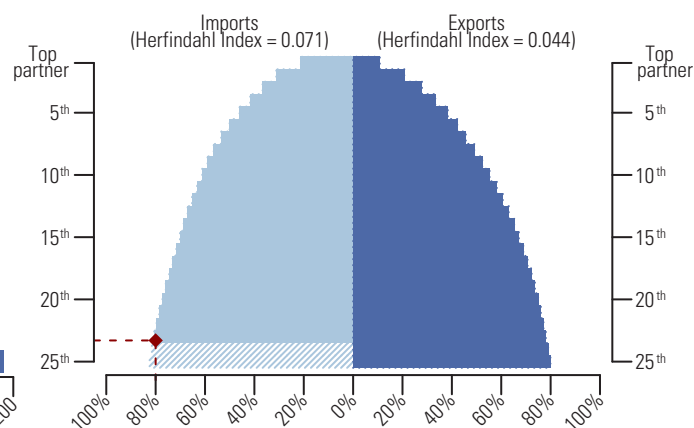
SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

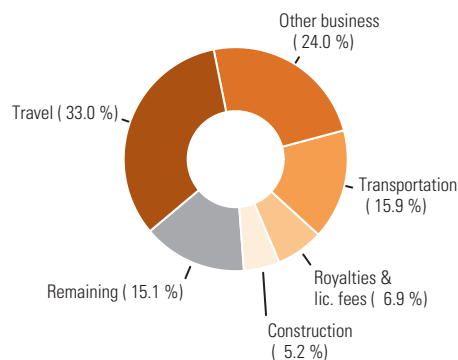
(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)


Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)


Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 45.6, 14.2 and 12.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 20.5, 10.3 and 5.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 26.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 19.4 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 12.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

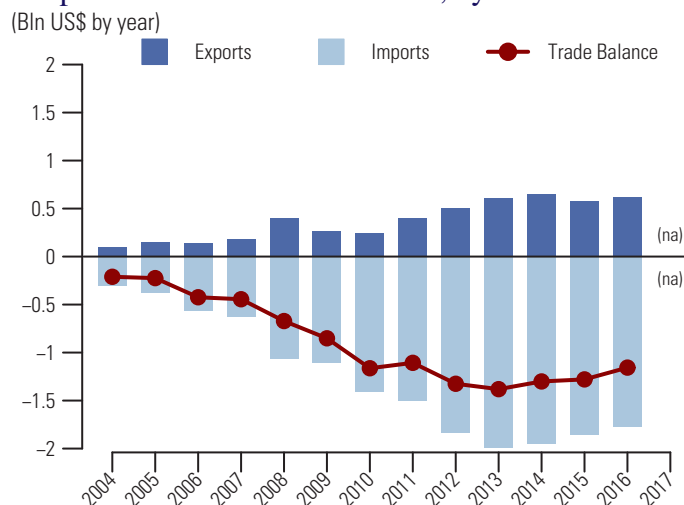
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		182 782.0	182 257.2	228 212.7				
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		6 796.5	6 948.1	8 395.3	48.4	49.2	56.7	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		6 335.0	6 713.8	8 392.5				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		6 490.2	6 027.4	6 697.5	18.5	22.6	25.0	thsd US\$/unit
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		5 377.4	5 716.6	7 939.1	6.2	6.0	6.3	US\$/kg
8419 Machinery, plant or laboratory equipment.....		2 558.3	6 106.3	6 949.6				
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		4 034.0	3 824.1	5 097.1	100.8	96.0	114.6	US\$/unit
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		3 170.0	...	6 450.3	14.0	...	9.2	mIn US\$/unit
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		838.6	6 602.9	1 794.2				
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		1 526.6	1 586.0	1 825.0	12.0	11.1	11.7	US\$/kg
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		1 574.7	1 617.4	1 737.9				

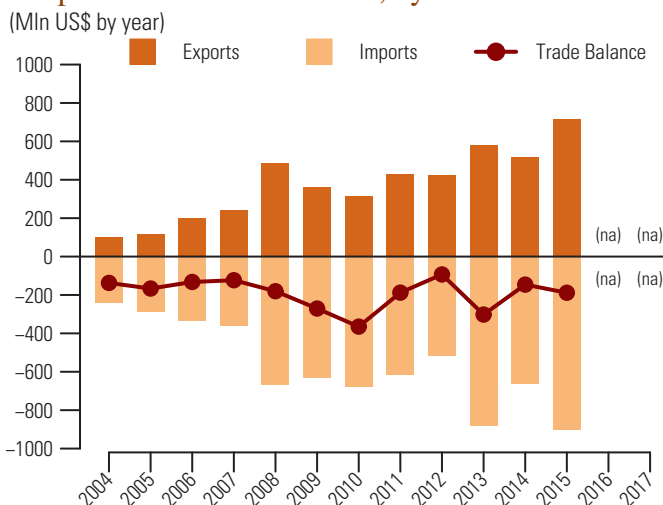
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Rwanda increased moderately by 7.4 percent to reach 621.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 4.3 percent to reach 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -453.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Rwanda were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Rwanda increased substantially by 38.1 percent, reaching 714.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 36.1 percent and reached 902.5 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 188.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 35.3, 20.9 and 17.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Democratic Republic of the Congo, Kenya and the United Republic of Tanzania, accounting for respectively 29.0, 14.2 and 10.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 317.8 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 250.9 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 93.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2015)

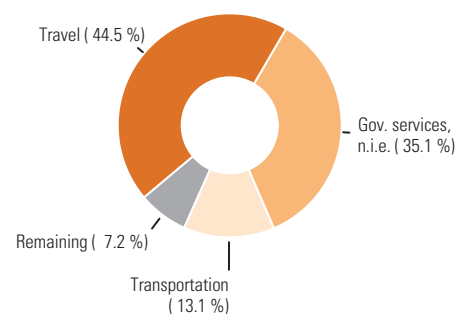


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		653.4	578.7	621.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		103.3	86.2	108.2	2.0			US\$/kg 334
2615 Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates.....		103.3	63.9	39.6	45.7	33.8		US\$/kg 287
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured.....		57.8	67.4	73.5	2.4	4.1	4.2	US\$/kg 074
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		60.8	64.1	59.5	3.7	3.4	2.8	US\$/kg 071
2609 Tin ores and concentrates.....		71.7	33.5	35.0	12.0		8.5	US\$/kg 287
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		7.6	29.8	79.7	37.5	40.3	36.8	thsd US\$/kg 971
2611 Tungsten ores and concentrates.....		25.9	17.4	11.7	11.9	14.5	10.1	US\$/kg 287
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		20.4	15.1	17.1	0.8	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 046
1006 Rice.....		14.9	16.6	20.8	0.7	0.6	0.4	US\$/kg 042
1516 Animal or vegetable fats and oils.....		9.3	10.1	12.9	1.3			US\$/kg 431

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	621.6	5.2	7.4	100.0
0+1	219.5	0.0	0.9	35.3
2+4	129.8	-5.5	-16.8	20.9
3	108.4	20.0	25.5	17.4
5	8.6	24.6	52.8	1.4
6	22.8	7.6	37.6	3.7
7	36.6	0.0	-15.0	5.9
8	16.2	2.8	-31.6	2.6
9	79.7	361.0	167.6	12.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	1778.3	-0.7	-4.3	100.0
0+1	279.7	3.5	4.8	15.7
2+4	110.6	-4.2	-12.1	6.2
3	25.7	-33.5	-26.3	1.4
5	244.8	0.7	-3.8	13.8
6	361.0	-3.2	-18.9	20.3
7	562.6	2.9	0.4	31.6
8	193.7	6.9	14.0	10.9
9	0.1	-74.7	-56.8	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

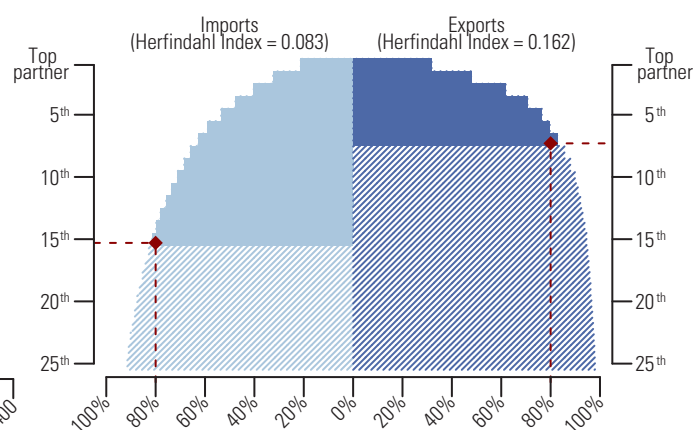
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



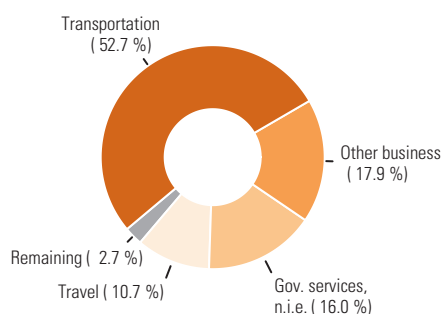
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 31.6, 20.3 and 15.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Uganda and India, accounting for respectively 19.7, 12.5 and 8.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 475.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 161.5 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 144.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

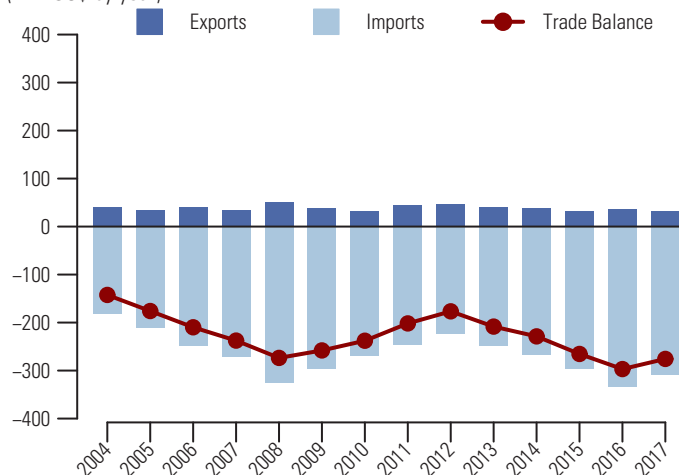
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		
All Commodities.....		1954.2	1858.1	1778.3					
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		98.7	98.7	92.7				764	
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		83.7	87.2	56.8	0.2		US\$/kg	661	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		67.2	65.6	73.8	20.3		US\$/kg	542	
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		55.7	59.4	53.3	0.7	0.7	0.5	US\$/kg	061
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		34.6	47.3	56.0	22.3	25.4	22.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		53.9	35.0	35.4	0.4		0.2	US\$/kg	041
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		42.8	42.8	26.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg	674
1516 Animal or vegetable fats and oils.....		50.5	36.1	20.6	1.4			US\$/kg	431
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		68.0	17.0	11.1	1.1			US\$/kg	334
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		18.6	30.6	41.9					782

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Saint Kitts and Nevis decreased moderately by 9.8 percent to reach 33.2 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 7.4 percent to reach 308.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 275.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -192.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Saint Kitts and Nevis were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of Saint Kitts and Nevis increased substantially by 21.5 percent, reaching 236.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.4 percent and reached 126.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 110.0 mln US\$.

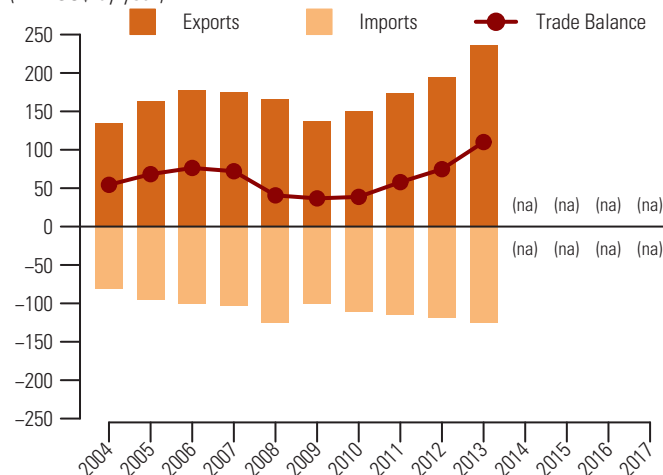
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 59.4, 20.8 and 11.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits" (HS code 8536) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and Saint Lucia, accounting for respectively 68.1, 6.5 and 5.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 101.0 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 91.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 19.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2013)

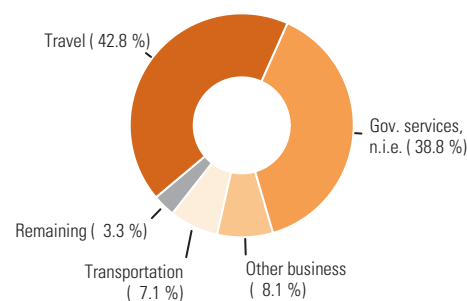


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		31.7	36.9	33.2					
8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....	5.7	9.5	7.9	5.0	16.9	13.9	US\$/kg	772
8525	Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-broadcasting.....	4.5	5.7	5.9			31.1	US\$/kg	764
4907	Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....	3.8	5.0	3.8	85.5	124.8		US\$/kg	892
8529	Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....	2.4	4.1	2.6	13.8	50.9	57.6	US\$/kg	764
8538	Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of heading 85.35, 85.36 or 85.37.....	4.9	0.1	...	14.9	37.3		US\$/kg	772
2203	Beer made from malt.....	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.0	US\$/litre	112
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	1.4	0.7	0.6	5.8	4.7	4.9	US\$/litre	112
3925	Builders' ware of plastics, not elsewhere specified or included.....	1.2	0.7	0.1	6.8	6.2	8.2	US\$/kg	893
2202	Waters with added sugar.....	1.5	0.1	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.8	US\$/litre	111
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	...	...	1.8			257.1	thsd US\$/kg	897

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	33.2	-4.8	-9.8	100.0
0+1	3.7	-5.0	-11.1	11.0
2+4	0.1	7.1	617.9	0.3
3	0.1	343.0	975.1	0.2
5	0.1	20.9	107.5	0.4
6	2.6	69.6	67.3	7.9
7	19.7	-10.0	-18.6	59.4
8	6.9	6.5	0.8	20.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

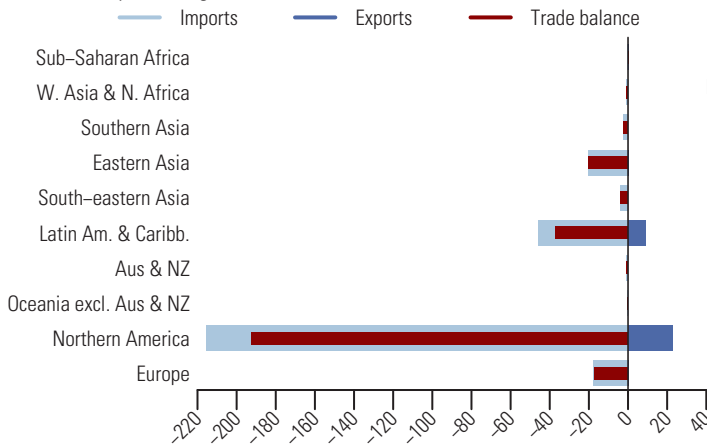
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	308.9	5.6	-7.4	100.0
0+1	77.3	9.6	-5.6	25.0
2+4	8.4	4.9	-3.5	2.7
3	2.1	-11.9	-0.8	0.7
5	25.3	6.6	-10.8	8.2
6	51.5	2.8	-17.9	16.7
7	80.4	3.3	-12.5	26.0
8	63.5	7.4	9.5	20.6
9	0.3	-13.8	1112.8	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

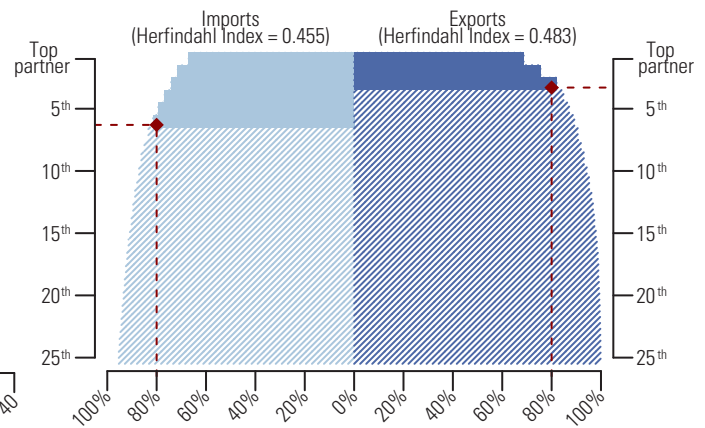
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



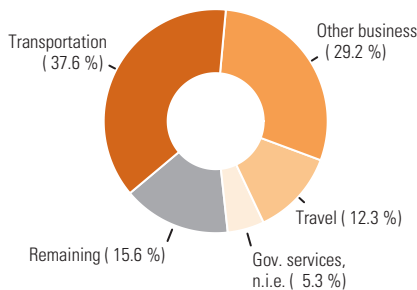
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 26.0, 25.0 and 20.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and Japan, accounting for respectively 65.3, 5.3 and 3.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 47.3 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 36.8 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 15.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

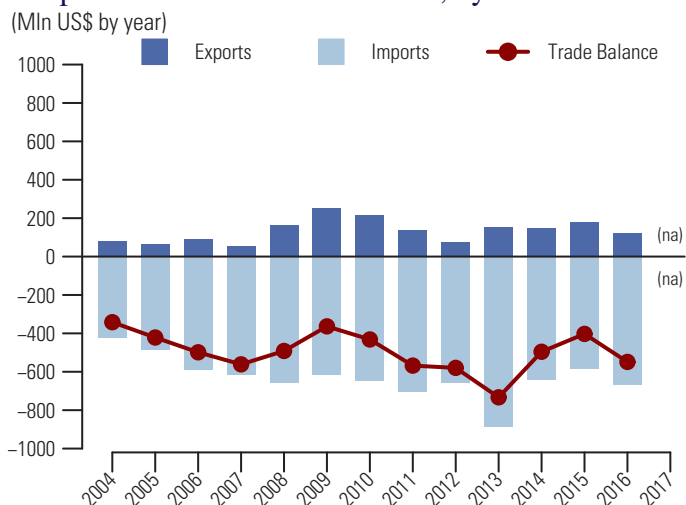
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		297.1	333.8	308.9					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		15.5	20.2	14.8	16.6	18.5	18.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		10.3	7.7	9.8	3.2	1.7	2.7	thsd US\$/kg	897
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		5.3	5.7	8.6					821
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		5.0	6.2	6.4	1.7	1.6	1.8	US\$/kg	012
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		5.2	6.2	5.0	3.7	3.0	2.5	US\$/kg	098
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		5.6	5.4	4.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	661
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		4.4	5.8	4.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	US\$/litre	111
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		6.7	3.4	4.4					764
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....		4.0	5.2	4.0	45.9	31.4	22.1	US\$/kg	764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		9.1	1.8	1.8	0.8	3.3	2.7	US\$/kg	334

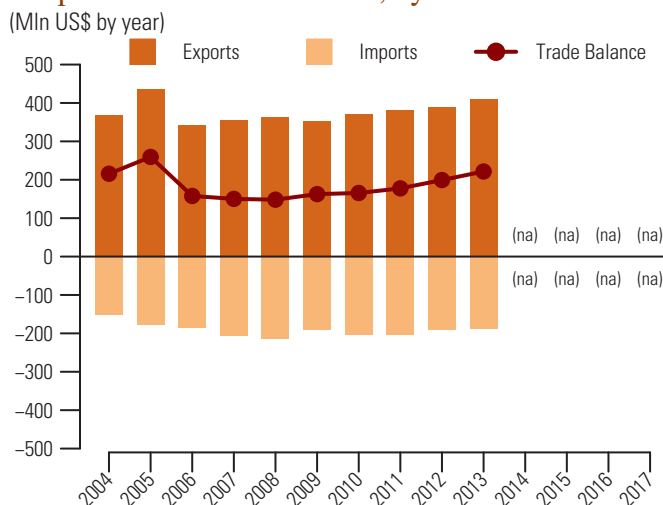
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Saint Lucia decreased substantially by 33.7 percent to reach 119.8 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.6 percent to reach 668.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 548.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -271.3 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Saint Lucia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of Saint Lucia increased moderately by 5.0 percent, reaching 409.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.4 percent and reached 187.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 221.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 36.2, 21.2 and 21.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 45.3, 12.2 and 10.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 354.0 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 26.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2013)

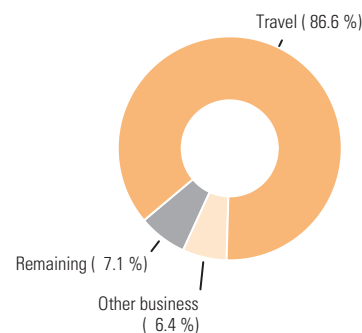


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		146.3	180.6	119.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		30.2	38.5	2.7	1.2	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg 334
2203 Beer made from malt.....		14.2	16.5	16.4	0.9	0.8	0.8	US\$/litre 112
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....		11.5	14.8	9.9	52.3	44.9	51.3	US\$/kg 764
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		12.5	13.3	9.2	5.3	16.1	6.4	thsd US\$/kg 897
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		7.2	9.2	8.0	5.1	5.0	4.8	US\$/litre 112
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....		6.4	8.6	8.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 057
4819 Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper.....		4.0	4.7	3.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	US\$/kg 642
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		3.4	3.6	4.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/litre 111
2517 Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone.....		5.8	4.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg 273
9102 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal.....		2.5	3.9	2.6				885

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	119.8	11.9	-33.7	100.0
0+1	43.4	23.4	-1.1	36.2
2+4	2.1	-3.1	-79.2	1.8
3	2.7	-40.4	-93.1	2.2
5	9.0	33.7	-3.5	7.5
6	11.5	18.2	-25.1	9.6
7	25.4	17.3	-18.4	21.2
8	25.1	21.9	-19.8	21.0
9	0.7	8.6	-22.5	0.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	668.5	0.5	14.6	100.0
0+1	148.5	-1.2	-2.4	22.2
2+4	12.9	-1.5	-7.9	1.9
3	128.3	2.9	36.1	19.2
5	53.3	5.5	9.7	8.0
6	92.2	1.7	11.6	13.8
7	152.0	3.7	28.9	22.7
8	77.5	-1.2	10.3	11.6
9	3.7	-40.5	5.1	0.6

SITC Legend

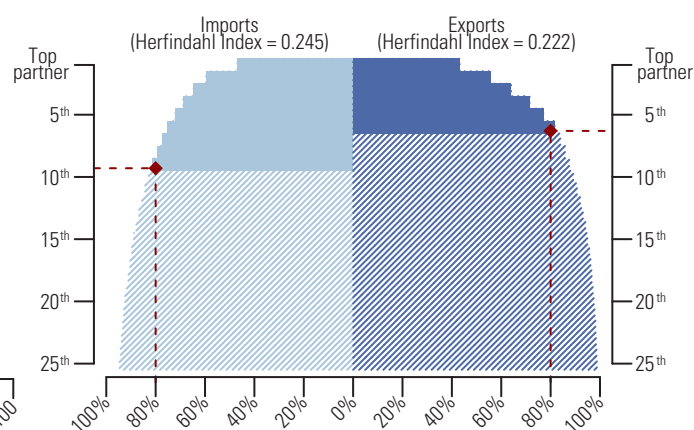
SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

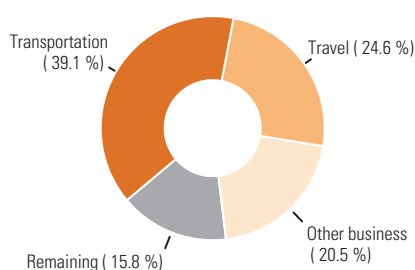
(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)


Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)


Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 22.7, 22.2 and 19.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 45.5, 17.6 and 4.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 73.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 46.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 38.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		642.1	583.4	668.5				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		145.3	85.1	121.8	3.9	2.0	4.0	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		15.3	15.3	22.4	16.1	17.0	16.9	thsd US\$/unit
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		14.4	12.9	12.1	1.5	1.3	1.3	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		12.0	11.0	9.8				
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		10.3	9.5	8.6	0.9	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		12.6	9.1	6.3	8.8	8.6	6.0	US\$/kg
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		8.3	8.4	7.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		8.1	8.1	8.0	3.3	3.5	2.9	US\$/kg
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		4.9	7.0	10.5				
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		6.8	7.3	7.5				

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

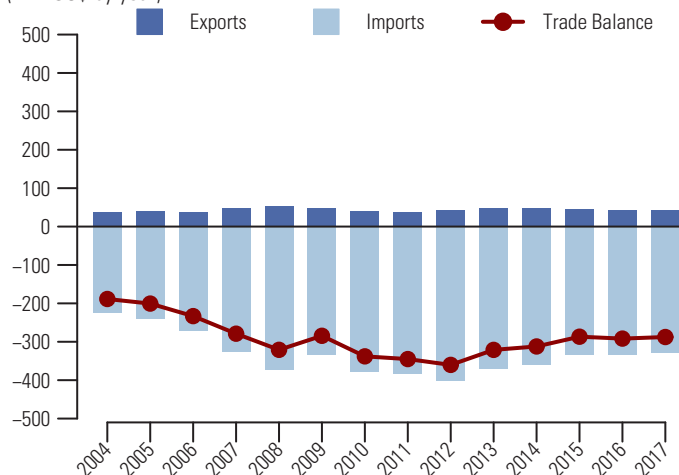
Trade System: Special

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines decreased slightly by 1.7 percent to reach 42.3 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 1.4 percent to reach 330.0 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 287.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -127.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines increased slightly by 0.1 percent, reaching 140.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.9 percent and reached 91.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 49.3 mln US\$.

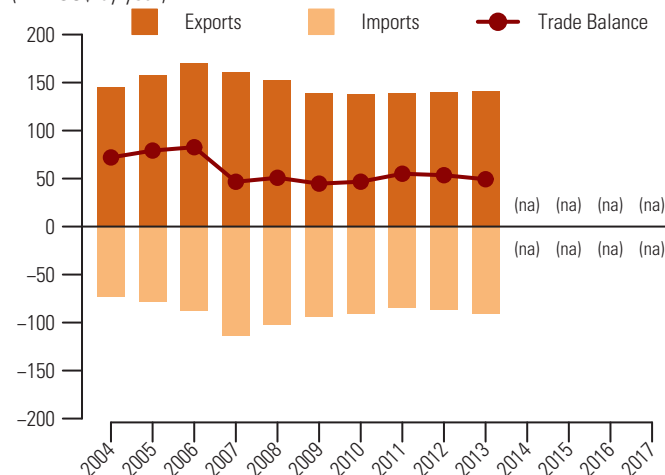
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 70.3, 15.6 and 11.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Wheat or meslin flour" (HS code 1101) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Barbados, Saint Lucia and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 17.5, 16.8 and 15.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 92.3 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 25.4 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 9.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)

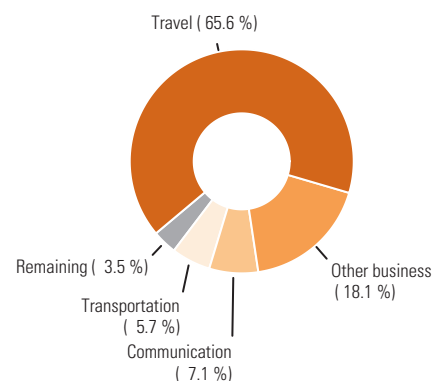


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		46.9	43.0	42.3				
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		13.0	12.3	10.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg 046
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots.....		6.6	5.1	3.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 054
2203 Beer made from malt.....		4.8	4.7	3.5	1.3	1.4	1.3	US\$/litre 112
2309 Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding.....		3.4	3.5	3.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 081
1006 Rice.....		3.0	2.4	2.4	1.0	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg 042
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		1.5	1.6	4.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	US\$/kg 674
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		2.4	2.1	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.6	US\$/litre 111
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried.....		1.8	2.0	1.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 057
7610 Aluminium structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		0.9	1.2	1.3	5.5	6.9	6.8	US\$/kg 691
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not.....		0.5	0.5	1.0	7.4	10.0	6.1	US\$/kg 036

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	42.3	-3.5	-1.7	100.0
0+1	29.7	-4.2	-13.5	70.3
2+4	0.2	-33.2	26.3	0.4
3	0.0	-40.8	-23.2	0.0
5	0.3	20.0	-11.5	0.8
6	6.6	7.9	63.1	15.6
7	4.7	-6.6	97.0	11.1
8	0.8	-14.8	-54.7	1.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	330.0	-2.8	-1.4	100.0
0+1	90.0	-0.1	1.6	27.3
2+4	9.8	0.9	-22.4	3.0
3	30.7	-15.0	-22.0	9.3
5	26.4	-4.2	-4.8	8.0
6	60.7	-1.5	10.3	18.4
7	75.4	1.0	3.5	22.8
8	37.0	-3.7	-4.2	11.2
9	0.0	...	9223.7	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

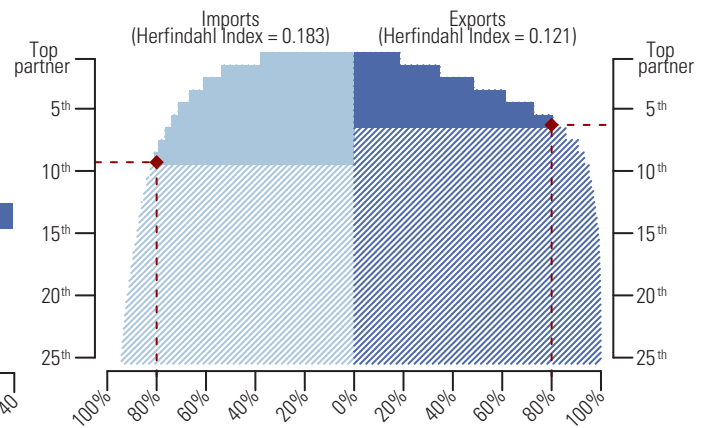
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



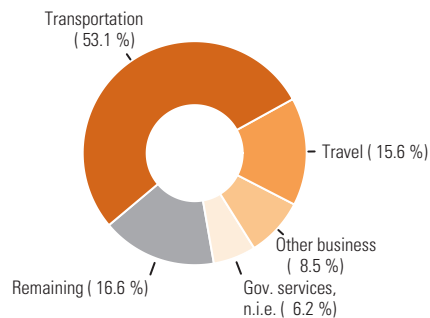
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.3, 22.8 and 18.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 38.9, 16.5 and 6.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 48.5 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 14.2 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

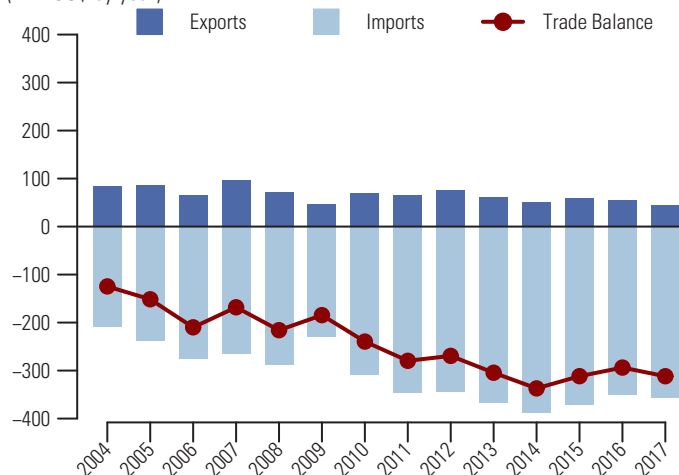
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		333.7	334.8	330.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		34.0	35.4	26.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	334
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		10.0	10.1	11.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	012
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		11.3	9.0	8.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	041
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		9.9	7.2	6.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	661
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5.7	7.7	8.7	17.0	16.8	16.1	781
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included.....		6.6	6.9	6.5	1.6	1.3	1.3	098
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		5.7	5.3	4.4				764
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		4.4	4.7	4.8	1.1	1.1	0.9	111
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		6.0	3.9	4.0	1.0	0.8	1.0	343
1006 Rice.....		3.9	3.4	4.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	042

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Samoa decreased substantially by 20.8 percent to reach 44.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 1.8 percent to reach 356.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 311.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Australia and New Zealand at -113.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Samoa were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Samoa decreased moderately by 6.9 percent, reaching 173.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.8 percent and reached 73.3 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 100.6 mln US\$.

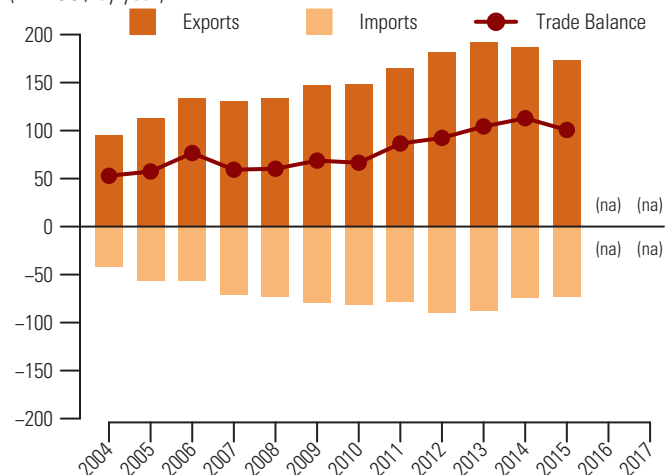
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 54.0, 29.1 and 8.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Australia, American Samoa and New Zealand, accounting for respectively 34.3, 23.4 and 15.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 125.8 mln US\$, followed by "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 13.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

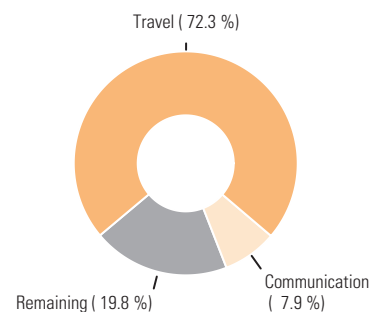


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		58.9	56.0	44.4					
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		11.6	16.1	12.3	2.4	2.0	1.8	US\$/kg	034
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		14.9	12.0	12.9	1.0		0.6	US\$/kg	334
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		16.2	13.3	3.2			33.6	US\$/kg	773
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots.....		2.3	2.5	4.2	1.1	1.1	1.4	US\$/kg	054
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices.....		3.0	3.2	1.7	2.7	2.4	0.9	US\$/kg	059
2203 Beer made from malt.....		2.6	1.4	1.9	0.6	1.3	1.0	US\$/litre	112
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil.....		1.2	0.9	0.9		4.6	0.8	US\$/kg	422
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		1.4	0.2	0.6	2.8	5.0	5.6	US\$/kg	034
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		0.0	1.7	0.0			36.3	US\$/kg	772
1203 Copra.....		1.1	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.2	US\$/kg	223

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	44.4	-8.0	-20.8	100.0
0+1	24.0	13.6	-5.9	54.0
2+4	1.7	7.0	2.7	3.8
3	12.9	-3.9	7.2	29.1
5	0.3	-9.1	168.2	0.6
6	0.6	-3.8	65.7	1.2
7	3.7	-39.8	-76.4	8.4
8	0.8	2.2	53.1	1.8
9	0.5	-17.2	841.9	1.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	356.2	-0.7	1.8	100.0
0+1	96.5	-0.5	0.0	27.1
2+4	12.1	-3.8	12.5	3.4
3	56.7	-8.4	19.1	15.9
5	24.5	3.4	-6.9	6.9
6	61.7	1.1	3.2	17.3
7	70.8	5.0	-4.6	19.9
8	33.9	2.3	-2.3	9.5
9	0.1	-60.8	28.9	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

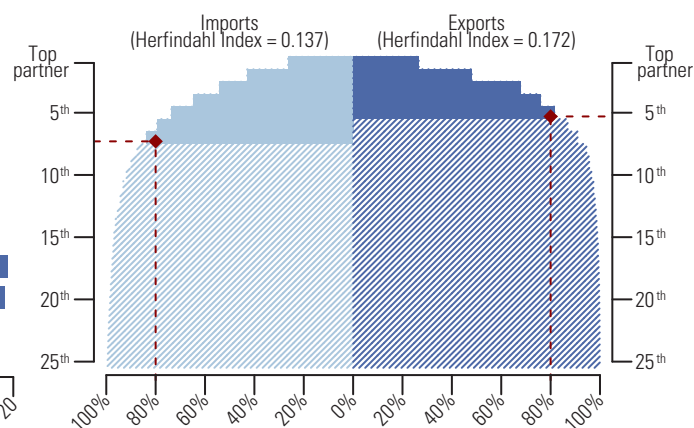
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



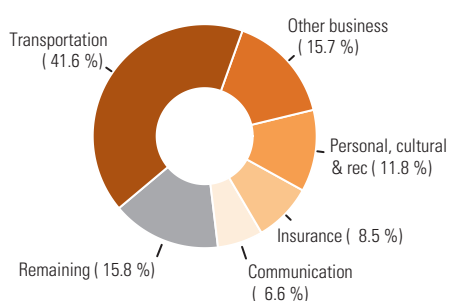
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 27.1, 19.9 and 17.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were New Zealand, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 25.4, 15.6 and 12.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 30.5 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 11.5 mln US\$ and "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code 287) at 8.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		370.6	349.8	356.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		52.2	45.1	54.1	1.1	0.5	US\$/kg	334
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		17.0	18.1	19.4	1.4	0.9	US\$/kg	012
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		8.2	10.6	10.0	8.9	4.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		6.1	8.9	7.5	23.1	8.7	thsd US\$/unit	782
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		6.9	6.0	5.8	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	661
3926 Other articles of plastics.....		8.1	6.8	2.1	14.5	13.3	US\$/kg	893
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		4.6	6.9	5.5				764
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares.....		5.2	5.3	5.4	1.8	0.9	US\$/kg	048
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....		6.2	4.7	4.9	2.0	1.5	US\$/kg	037
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		4.4	5.5	5.7	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	061

Sao Tome and Principe

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

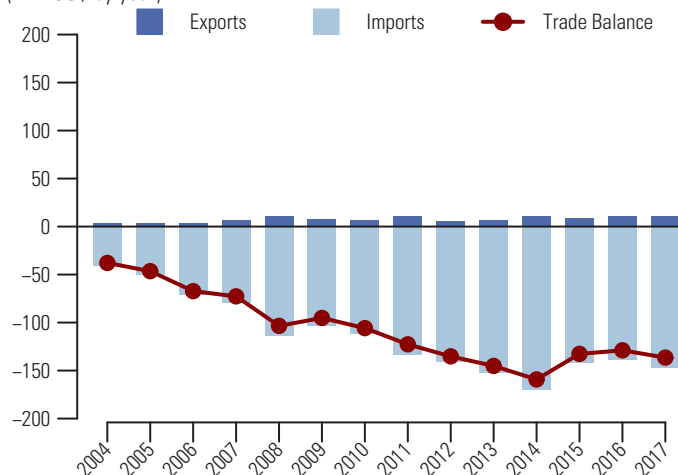
Trade System: Special

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Sao Tome and Principe increased slightly by 0.8 percent to reach 10.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 5.5 percent to reach 147.0 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 136.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -81.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sao Tome and Principe were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Sao Tome and Principe increased substantially by 11.2 percent, reaching 87.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 10.6 percent and reached 60.0 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 27.6 mln US\$.

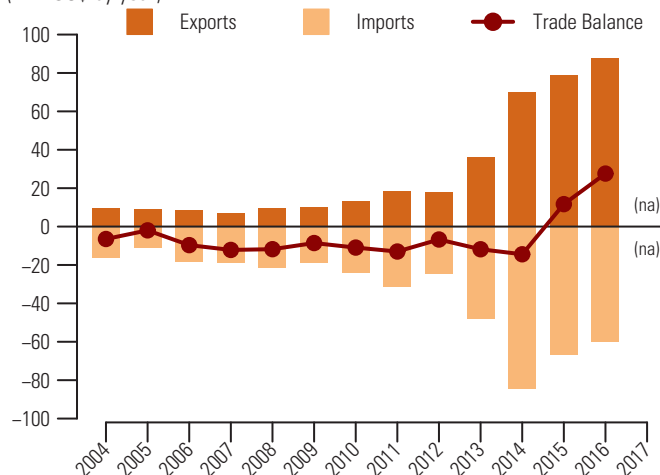
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 85.2, 6.4 and 4.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted" (HS code 1801) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Free zones, the Netherlands and Belgium, accounting for respectively 93.1, 21.8 and 18.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 68.9 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 9.5 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 4.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

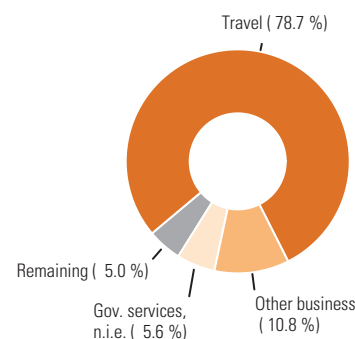


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	9.2	10.5	10.6				
1801	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....	8.0	8.7	8.4	2.9	2.9	2.4	US\$/kg
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	0.0	0.7	0.0				764
1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa.....	0.2	0.2	0.2	31.5	34.9	36.8	US\$/kg
0801	Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
0904	Pepper of the genus Piper.....	0.1	0.2	0.2	15.5	14.2	14.2	US\$/kg
7204	Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	0.1	0.1	0.2	18.1	19.9	14.6	thsd US\$/unit
4907	Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....	...	...	0.3			169.0	US\$/kg
8802	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....	...	...	0.2				792
8525	Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-broadcasting.....	0.2	0.0	0.0				764

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	10.6	11.1	0.8	100.0
0+1	9.0	11.3	-2.6	85.2
2+4	0.4	16.4	206.2	4.2
3	0.0	...	...	0.0
5	0.0	-31.5	20.9	0.0
6	0.1	-19.7	-13.9	0.6
7	0.7	3.9	-21.4	6.4
8	0.4	44.5	155.5	3.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	147.0	-0.8	5.5	100.0
0+1	39.6	-1.9	-6.2	26.9
2+4	7.0	3.2	23.9	4.8
3	28.6	-8.0	4387.8	19.4
5	7.9	-1.2	2.5	5.4
6	17.5	-0.8	-8.0	11.9
7	37.4	7.7	13.1	25.4
8	9.1	-0.3	-7.1	6.2
9	0.0	-52.4	-100.0	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

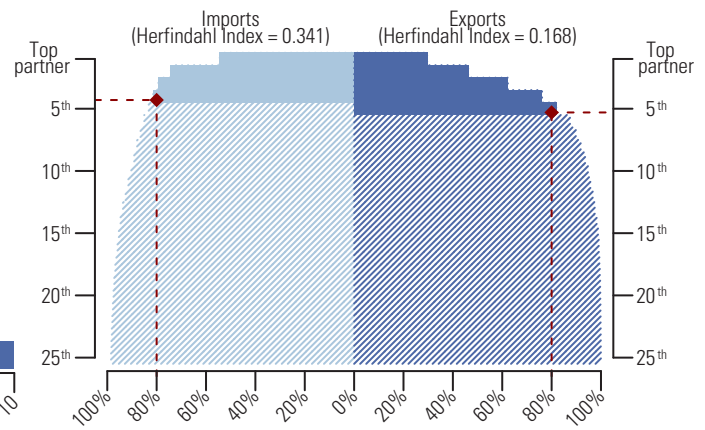
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



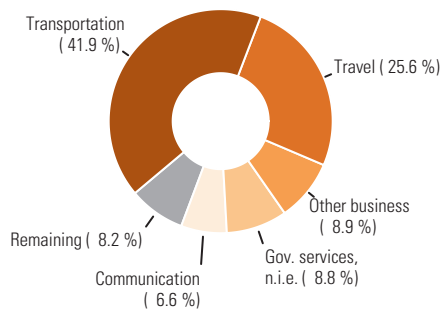
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 26.9, 25.4 and 19.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Portugal, Angola and China, accounting for respectively 57.3, 18.7 and 4.6 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 25.1 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 15.3 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 5.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

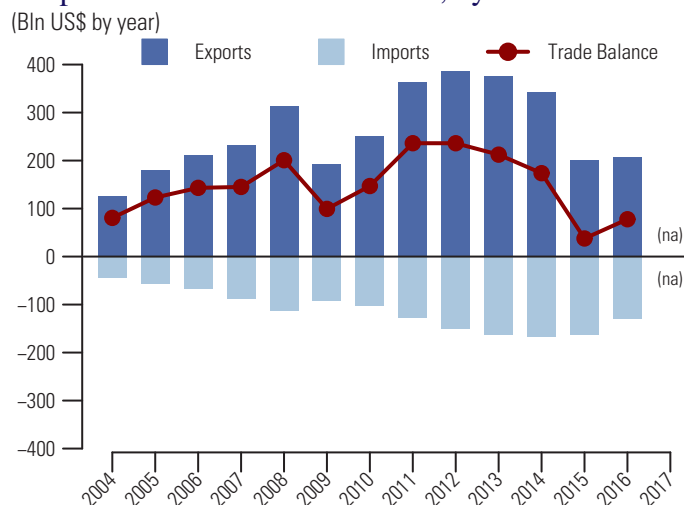
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		141.8	139.4	147.0				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		31.4	21.3	0.0				931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		0.0	0.0	27.9	2.8	2.7	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice.....		6.5	5.5	6.0	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg	042
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5.1	5.7	5.4	20.1	19.9	20.5 thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		4.2	4.5	3.7	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....		4.2	4.6	3.5	1.3	1.2	US\$/litre	112
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		3.2	3.3	3.2	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	046
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		3.4	3.2	2.5	1.8	1.5	US\$/kg	012
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		3.1	2.3	3.3				764
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions.....		2.9	2.1	3.6	1.1	1.1	US\$/kg	421

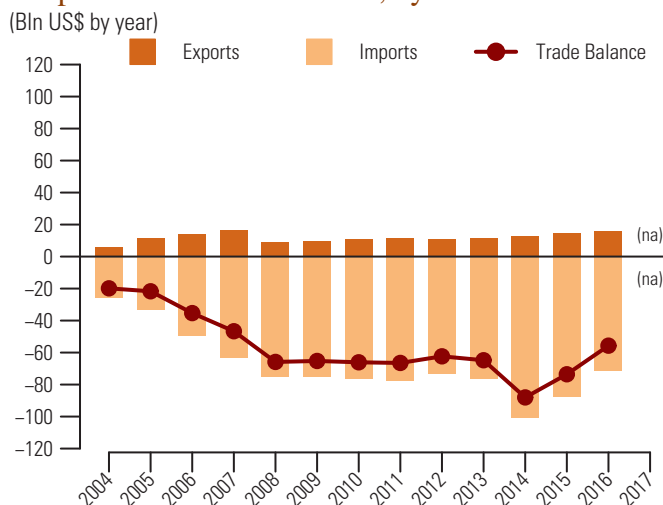
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Saudi Arabia increased slightly by 3.0 percent to reach 207.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 20.8 percent to reach 129.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 77.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -28.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Saudi Arabia were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Saudi Arabia increased substantially by 10.3 percent, reaching 16.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 18.6 percent and reached 71.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 55.7 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 78.9, 12.4 and 3.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Other Asia nes, Areas nes and North and Central America, Caribbean nes, accounting for respectively 36.7, 26.0 and 13.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 11.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

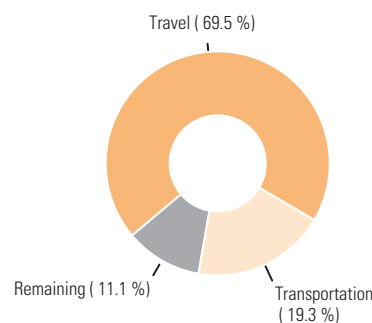


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		341 947.2	201 491.8	207 572.1				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		250 522.8	129 745.7	136 179.9	0.7	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		25 787.7	17 417.1	23 674.6	0.7	0.4	358.7	US\$/kg 334
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		10 336.1	8 286.4	8 089.4	1.3	1.1	1.0	US\$/kg 571
3902 Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, in primary forms.....		6 465.8	5 133.3	4 443.8	1.4	1.1	1.0	US\$/kg 575
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		6 868.6	4 090.0	3 829.3	0.8	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 343
2909 Ethers, ether-alcohols, ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols.....		5 541.0	4 377.1	3 227.8	0.9	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg 516
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives.....		3 410.7	2 377.8	1 352.3	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 512
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons.....		2 393.1	1 750.4	1 546.0	1.5	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg 511
8904 Tugs and pusher craft.....		1 748.6	2 029.3	1 805.0			2.9	mln US\$/unit 793
2814 Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution.....		2 064.0	1 245.1	524.8	0.5	0.5	0.3	US\$/kg 522

*Major export partners were defined as regions only and resulted in high partner concentration for exports in graph 5.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	207 572.1	-14.4	3.0	100.0
0+1	3 390.8	1.3	-2.5	1.6
2+4	1 285.0	10.0	-3.5	0.6
3	163 684.2	-16.5	7.0	78.9
5	25 646.3	-6.3	-13.9	12.4
6	4 867.8	1.1	-8.3	2.3
7	6 616.3	2.6	-8.3	3.2
8	1 111.3	-7.9	1.3	0.5
9	970.5	25.7	177.5	0.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

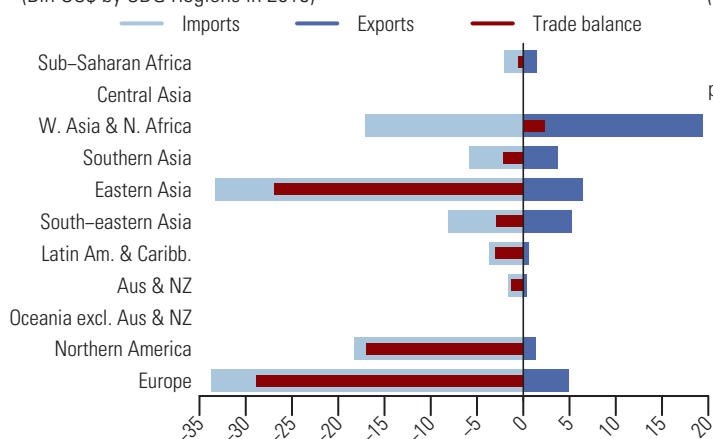
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	129 796.0	-3.8	-20.8	100.0
0+1	18 108.6	-2.2	-14.6	14.0
2+4	3 136.9	-9.8	-21.4	2.4
3	747.1	3.5	-38.5	0.6
5	14 081.5	-1.2	-13.7	10.8
6	19 428.7	-10.2	-24.4	15.0
7	53 841.9	-5.2	-28.2	41.5
8	13 427.6	1.9	-12.4	10.3
9	7 023.7	32.5	37.7	5.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

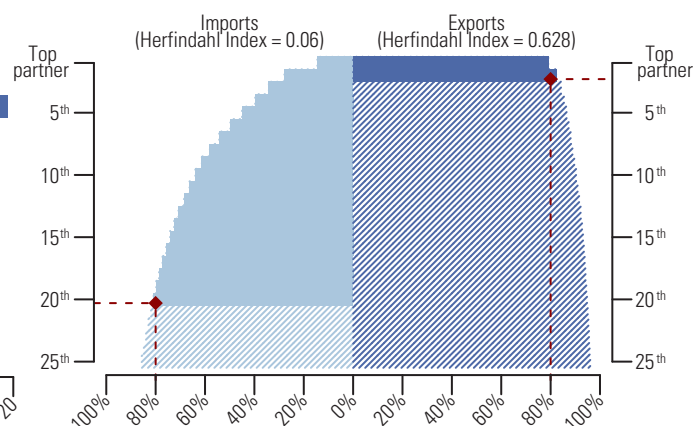
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



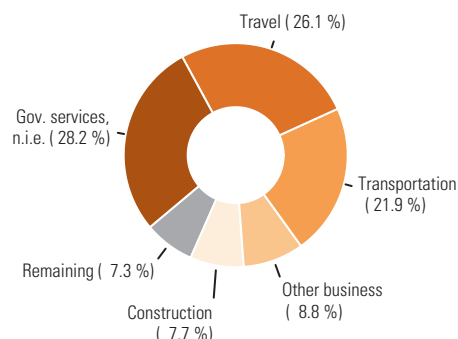
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 41.5, 15.0 and 14.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Germany, accounting for respectively 14.3, 13.1 and 7.0 percent of total imports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 20.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 18.7 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

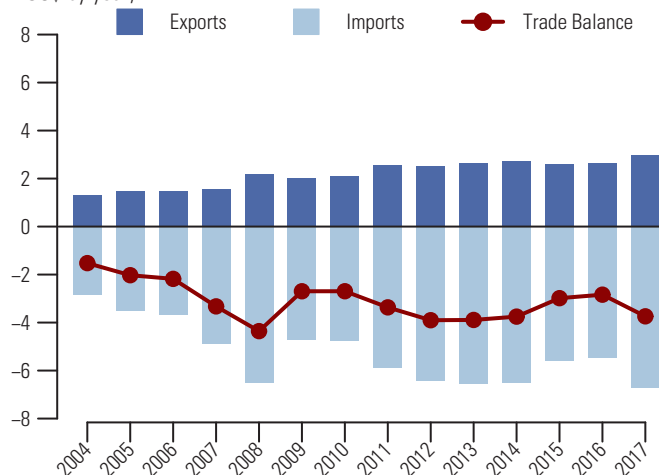
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
All Commodities.....		168 239.6	163 821.0	129 796.0				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		16 050.8	17 643.3	12 875.9	21.9	22.7	23.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		7 255.5	7 646.3	5 082.7				764
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		4 626.7	5 085.2	2 162.9	41.1	26.3		thsd US\$/kg 971
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		3 550.2	3 868.2	3 544.0	66.2	103.1		US\$/kg 542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		3 276.7	3 484.2	2 190.8				782
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		1 697.9	2 872.7	2 704.3		462.3	499.0	US\$/kg 792
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		2 240.1	2 005.1	1 439.6				752
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		2 129.1	1 835.6	1 625.6	19.7	15.3	15.1	US\$/kg 747
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		2 018.8	1 951.4	1 440.2	8.5	7.4	7.4	US\$/kg 784
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		1 708.6	1 920.9	1 509.7	2.1	2.1	1.7	US\$/kg 012

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Senegal increased substantially by 13.2 percent to reach 3.0 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.8 percent to reach 6.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Senegal were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Senegal decreased slightly by 1.1 percent, reaching 1.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.6 percent and reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 138.5 mln US\$.

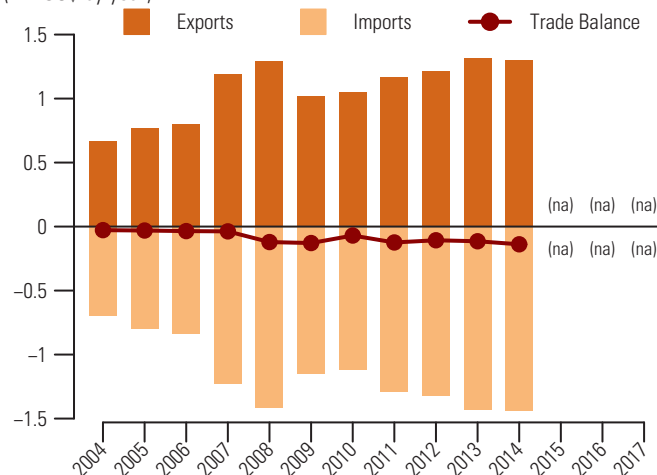
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 30.0, 14.8 and 13.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Mali, Switzerland and India, accounting for respectively 18.2, 9.6 and 6.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 423.0 mln US\$, followed by "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 275.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 188.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

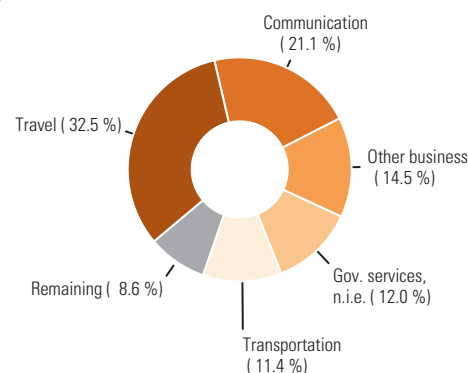


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		2611.7	2640.3	2989.0				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		346.8	262.1	407.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		254.4	329.1	375.9	32.5	33.9	32.2	thsd US\$/kg
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		180.1	212.6	227.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	US\$/kg
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		177.3	209.0	201.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
2809 Diphosphorus pentoxide; phosphoric acid.....		158.9	196.7	163.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg
2104 Soups and broths and preparations therefor.....		108.2	107.1	123.7	2.1	1.7	1.9	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		162.6	103.3	...				
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not.....		54.3	59.0	70.8	4.6	4.7	5.4	US\$/kg
2614 Titanium ores and concentrates.....		46.3	46.9	78.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg
2615 Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates.....		46.2	52.6	62.2	1.0	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2989.0	2.9	13.2	100.0
0+1	898.1	1.9	18.5	30.0
2+4	387.7	17.6	25.6	13.0
3	441.7	0.1	56.5	14.8
5	320.9	1.9	-7.1	10.7
6	358.2	-2.1	7.3	12.0
7	102.2	7.4	14.9	3.4
8	104.1	12.2	14.0	3.5
9	375.9	1.2	-13.0	12.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

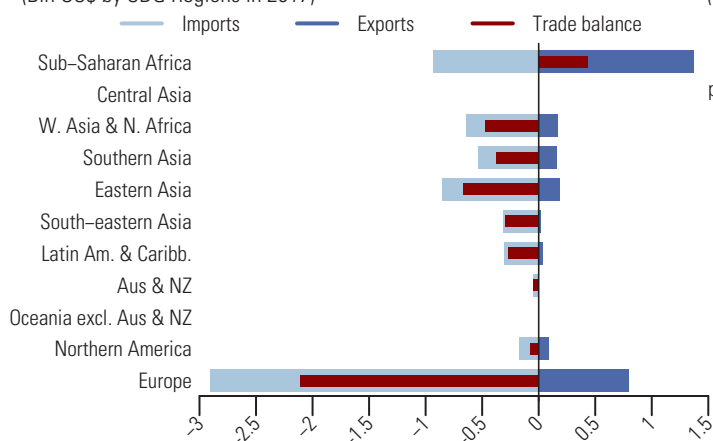
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	6728.7	0.7	22.8	100.0
0+1	1430.1	0.4	26.3	21.3
2+4	348.7	2.4	14.9	5.2
3	1473.8	-6.7	35.9	21.9
5	665.5	1.8	13.0	9.9
6	842.5	3.4	26.1	12.5
7	1659.5	6.7	14.8	24.7
8	307.4	5.8	25.0	4.6
9	1.2	-18.6	-88.3	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

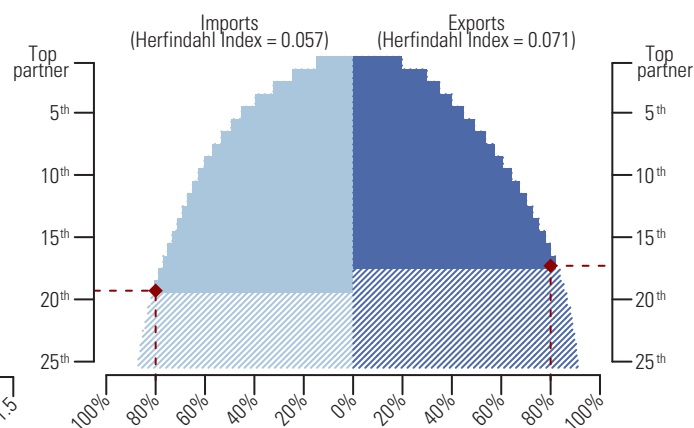
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



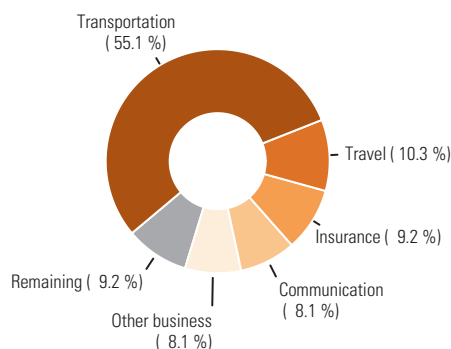
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.7, 21.9 and 21.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, China and Nigeria, accounting for respectively 15.6, 9.9 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 794.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 148.3 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 132.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

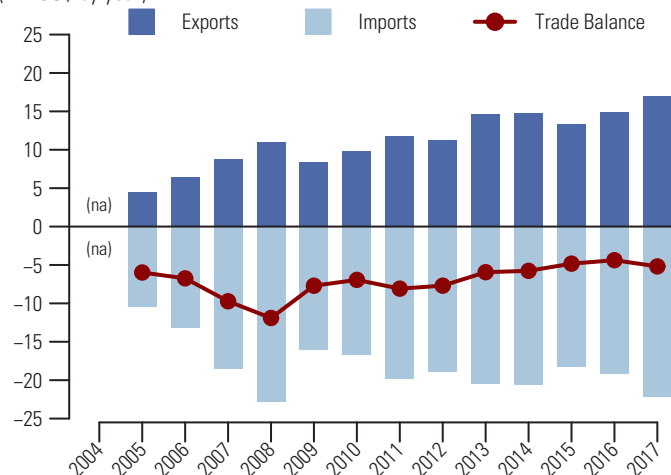
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		5595.4	5477.9	6728.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		709.6	519.6	768.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		450.6	418.0	519.8	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 333
1006 Rice.....		382.6	325.6	428.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 042
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		171.4	166.7	202.1	17.7	17.8	17.8	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		128.1	161.8	184.7	23.5	24.4	27.2	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		145.7	133.7	171.3				764
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		78.1	128.8	153.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041
1901 Malt extract; food preparations of flour.....		90.4	112.4	144.4	2.1	1.9	2.0	US\$/kg 048
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		109.8	102.2	117.4				782
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		73.0	94.3	127.1	0.7	0.8	0.6	US\$/kg 422

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Serbia increased substantially by 14.2 percent to reach 17.0 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.2 percent to reach 22.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Serbia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Serbia increased moderately by 9.3 percent, reaching 4.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.6 percent and reached 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 846.0 mln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 28.1, 23.8 and 16.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Germany and Bosnia and Herzegovina, accounting for respectively 14.5, 12.7 and 8.3 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.0 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

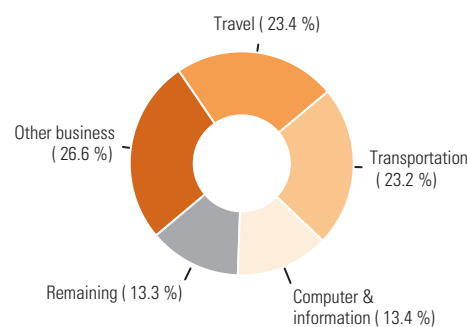


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		13378.9	14851.8	16959.0				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1300.5	1231.1	1058.1	13.5	11.7		781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		506.1	664.0	938.9	12.8	14.2		773
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		397.1	432.9	611.3				625
0811 Fruit and nuts.....		379.4	352.2	384.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	058
1005 Maize (corn).....		389.6	371.8	307.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	044
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		234.3	244.0	381.0	0.4	0.4	0.6	673
8501 Electric motors and generators (excluding generating sets).....		84.2	387.5	386.1				716
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		193.9	258.9	349.1				931
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....		210.3	248.6	290.8				821
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		218.0	279.8	237.7	10.9	9.6	7.5	122

*Special trade system up to 2008.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	16959.0	3.8	14.2	100.0
0+1	2776.1	3.5	-0.5	16.4
2+4	753.3	-2.8	10.3	4.4
3	431.2	-11.6	13.1	2.5
5	1565.6	5.9	20.1	9.2
6	4037.5	8.5	32.7	23.8
7	4763.3	1.2	8.3	28.1
8	2253.1	5.4	14.1	13.3
9	379.1	33.6	36.4	2.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

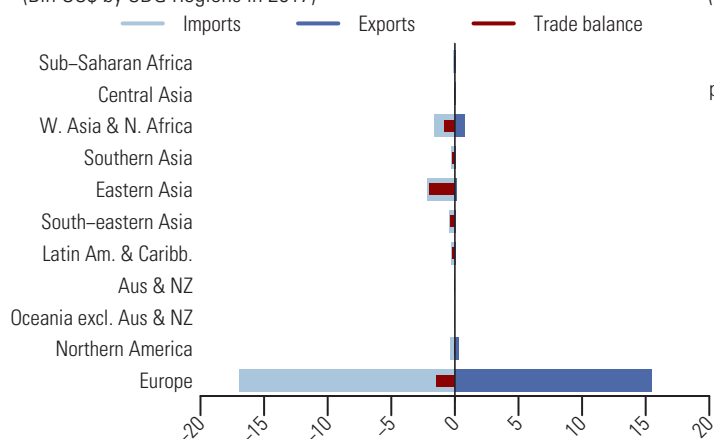
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	22146.4	1.9	15.2	100.0
0+1	1484.9	1.3	16.9	6.7
2+4	1075.6	10.9	37.9	4.9
3	2301.5	-7.3	35.8	10.4
5	3054.7	-0.9	14.6	13.8
6	4060.1	3.4	22.5	18.3
7	5356.1	-1.8	10.1	24.2
8	1628.0	1.1	15.1	7.4
9	3185.5	25.2	-1.2	14.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

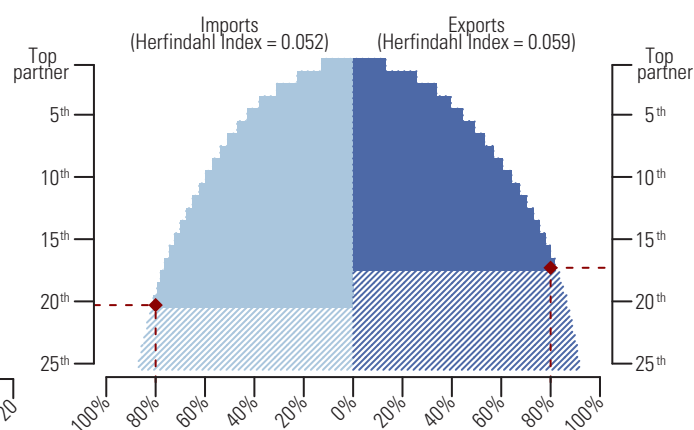
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



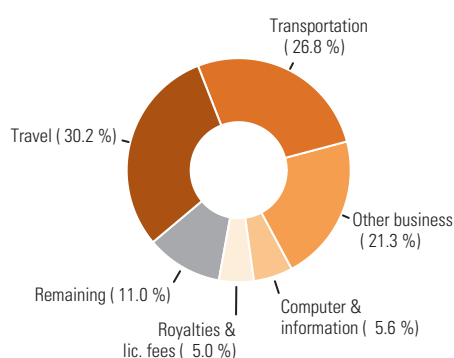
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.2, 18.3 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and China, accounting for respectively 12.6, 10.3 and 8.3 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 963.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 765.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

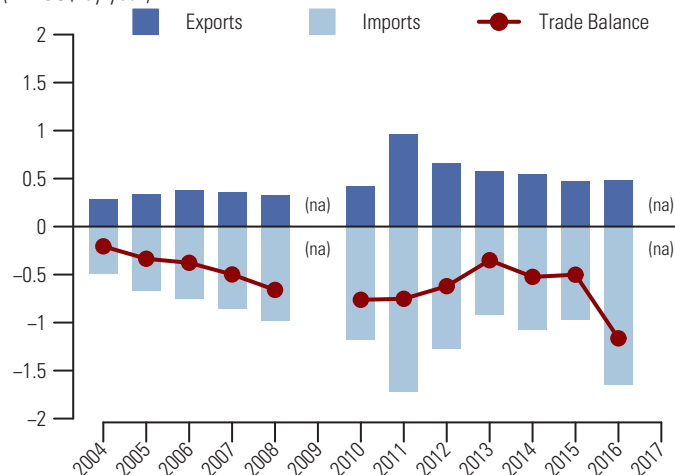
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		18210.2	19230.9	22146.4				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		1510.4	3225.2	3185.2				931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		1062.4	873.5	840.6	6.1	6.0	6.3	US\$/kg 784
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		766.1	686.2	935.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		497.0	518.7	646.4	52.4	53.3	61.1	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		566.1	537.5	446.4	18.7	16.8		thsd US\$/unit 781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		623.1	382.7	514.0	0.5	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		414.3	353.2	432.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		285.6	313.7	367.2				764
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		197.1	217.7	318.4	9.8	8.4	9.0	US\$/kg 773
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		110.9	144.9	234.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 281

Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Seychelles increased slightly by 2.1 percent to reach 483.7 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 69.0 percent to reach 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -521.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Seychelles were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Seychelles increased slightly by 4.3 percent, reaching 1.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.8 percent and reached 507.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 845.5 mln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 62.9, 26.2 and 7.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Prepared or preserved fish; caviar" (HS code 1604) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Arab Emirates, France and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 30.7, 22.3 and 17.8 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 707.5 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 413.7 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 203.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

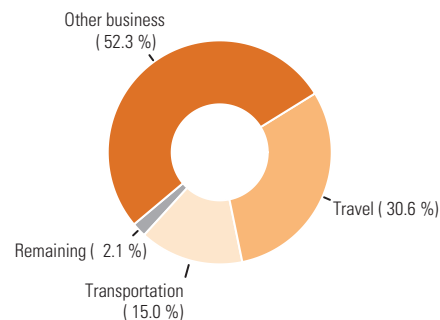


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		551.2	473.8	483.7				
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar.....		319.7	228.4	256.8	9.8	5.3	6.8	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		190.2	140.8	126.5	1.0	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		4.1	50.3	7.5				931
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		1.8	3.3	30.1	52.8			US\$/unit
2301 Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal.....		13.5	12.0	6.8	1.1	1.2	0.7	US\$/kg
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		3.0	12.2	15.8	5.5	13.3	30.0	US\$/kg
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		0.7	1.3	17.8	2.8	1.7	1.3	US\$/kg
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		2.5	8.3	2.4	92.7	235.7	58.7	US\$/kg
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine.....		3.0	3.5	2.6	52.4	51.4	45.2	US\$/kg
1504 Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals.....		2.4	2.8	3.8	4.0	2.3	2.9	US\$/kg

As of 2010, trade in services data reflect improvement of the coverage of balance of payments statistics.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	483.7	-7.4	2.1	100.0
0+1	304.0	-7.7	17.0	62.9
2+4	3.8	-0.5	36.3	0.8
3	126.5	-8.7	-10.1	26.2
5	0.6	-3.7	6.0	0.1
6	1.2	1.8	-12.7	0.3
7	35.8	12.0	142.9	7.4
8	4.2	-2.0	21.7	0.9
9	7.5	-26.4	-85.0	1.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

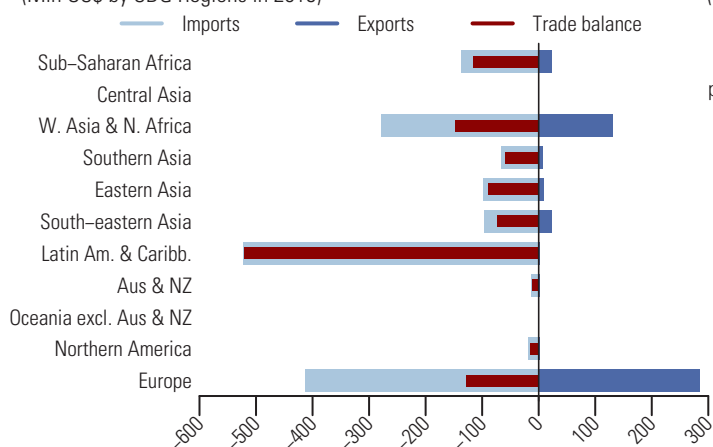
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	1648.0	6.5	69.0	100.0
0+1	284.5	2.9	26.3	17.3
2+4	32.4	2.2	20.8	2.0
3	192.1	-10.3	11.0	11.7
5	59.1	11.1	25.8	3.6
6	129.3	-2.6	3.4	7.8
7	803.2	43.3	208.6	48.7
8	139.1	15.1	24.4	8.4
9	8.2	-57.3	39.7	0.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

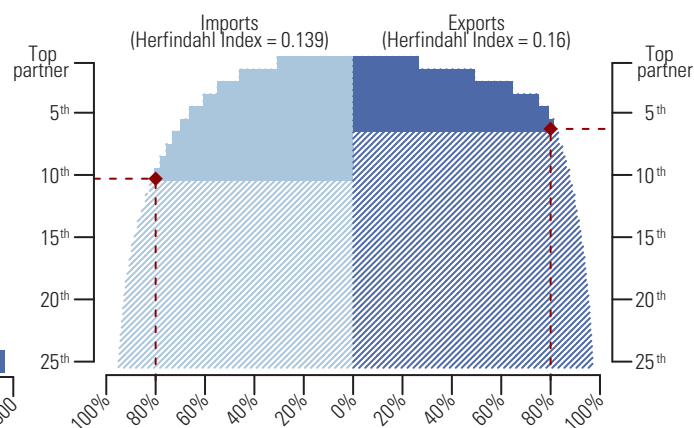
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



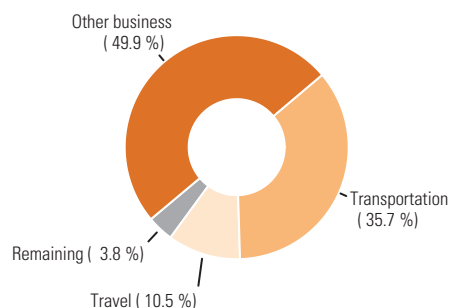
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 48.7, 17.3 and 11.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes" (HS code 8903) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, Cayman Islands and Spain, accounting for respectively 22.7, 13.8 and 8.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 253.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 181.1 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 53.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

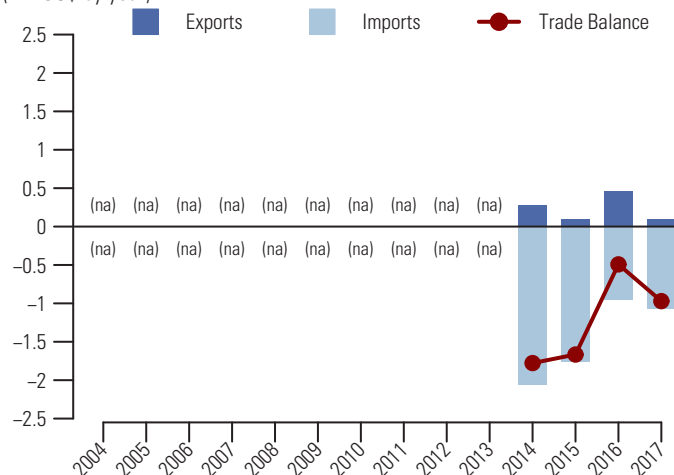
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		
All Commodities.....		1075.3	975.2	1648.0					
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes.....		38.9	40.8	558.4	100.4		US\$/unit	793	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		277.2	170.8	162.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	334
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		126.0	92.3	119.3	1.9	1.4	1.6	US\$/kg	034
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		90.2	5.9	8.2					931
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		29.7	17.9	50.5	11.3	7.6	4.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
3926 Other articles of plastics.....		18.6	3.4	57.3	26.1	3.4	49.7	US\$/kg	893
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		13.3	15.5	15.3	1.8	1.7	1.6	US\$/kg	674
4821 Paper or paperboard labels of all kinds, whether or not printed.....		3.0	36.4	1.9	8.5	115.3	6.7	US\$/kg	892
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		4.0	2.2	29.0	1.2	1.1	0.0	US\$/kg	343
8409 Parts suitable for use with the engines of heading 84.....		10.4	18.4	4.6	13.3	52.9	28.9	US\$/kg	713

Overview:

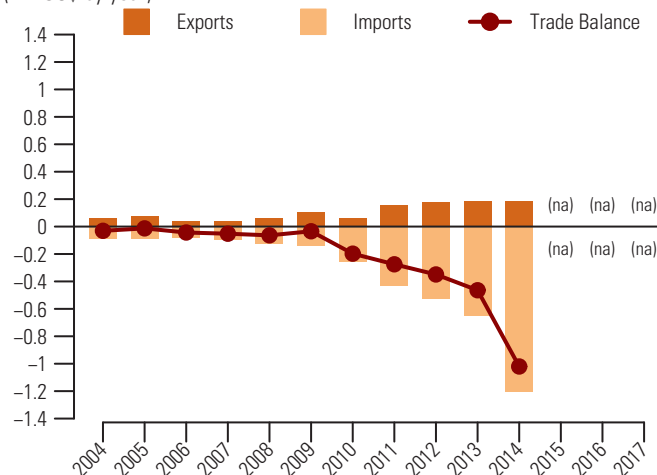
In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Sierra Leone decreased substantially by 78.0 percent to reach 102.7 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.1 percent to reach 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 971.0 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -239.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sierra Leone were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2014, the value of exports of services of Sierra Leone increased slightly by 1.6 percent, reaching 187.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 86.1 percent and reached 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)

**Graph 2: Total services trade, by value**

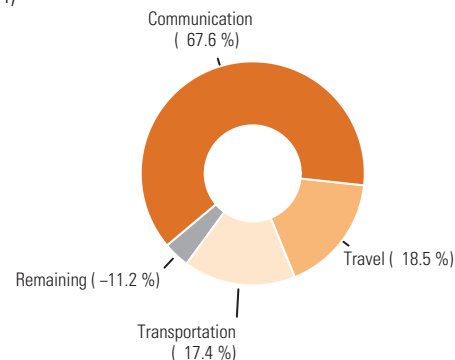
(Bln US\$ by year)

**Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 33.4, 31.1 and 30.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved" (HS code 1605) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Côte d'Ivoire, Belgium and the United States, accounting for respectively 39.5, 22.4 and 22.1 percent of total exports. "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2014 at 126.8 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 34.6 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 32.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)

**Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017**

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		93.3	465.6	102.7					
1605 Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved.....		...	158.9	0.0	15.9	0.0	thsd US\$/kg	037	
0409 Natural honey.....		...	142.4	0.1				061	
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....		61.3	17.4	14.5	13.8	1.7	0.1	US\$/kg	072
1108 Starches; inulin.....		0.0	87.8	0.0	11.0	87.7	0.0	US\$/kg	592
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		1.1	27.4	5.6	2.1	1.3	0.3	US\$/kg	034
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		0.0	4.1	17.9	10.8		0.0	thsd US\$/unit	782
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		0.6	4.7	8.3		207.4	213.7	US\$/m ³	248
1802 Cocoa shells, husks, skins and other cocoa waste.....		2.4	0.6	8.9	15.7	27.7	2.0	US\$/kg	072
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		4.5	3.8	0.7	14.4	1.0	0.9	US\$/kg	071
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken.....		0.0	0.0	6.9	0.0	0.1	1.7	US\$/kg	222

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	102.7	...	-78.0	100.0
0+1	34.3	...	-90.3	33.4
2+4	31.9	...	271.9	31.1
3	0.0	...	...	0.0
5	1.6	...	-98.2	1.6
6	2.5	...	-16.0	2.4
7	31.5	...	161.9	30.7
8	0.8	...	-61.1	0.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

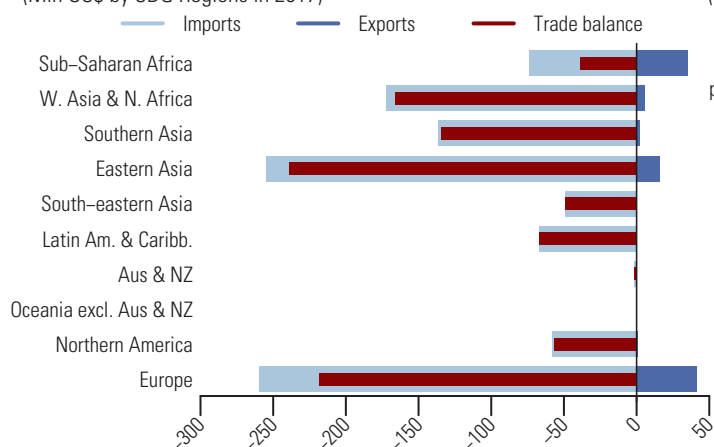
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1 073.6	...	12.1	100.0
0+1	334.0	...	29.6	31.1
2+4	37.6	...	-43.6	3.5
3	6.2	...	-89.4	0.6
5	92.6	...	-9.7	8.6
6	204.8	...	25.3	19.1
7	310.1	...	30.1	28.9
8	88.4	...	28.9	8.2
9	0.0	...	-99.7	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

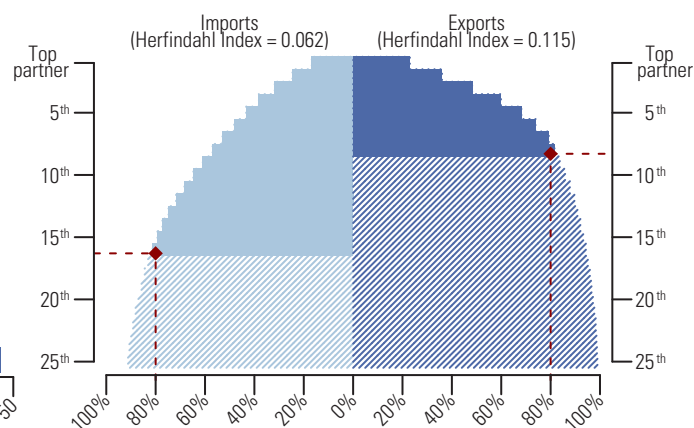
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



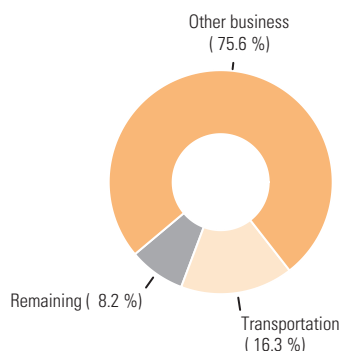
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2014)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 31.1, 28.9 and 19.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Senegal and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 13.3, 12.3 and 9.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2014 at 912.7 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 196.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

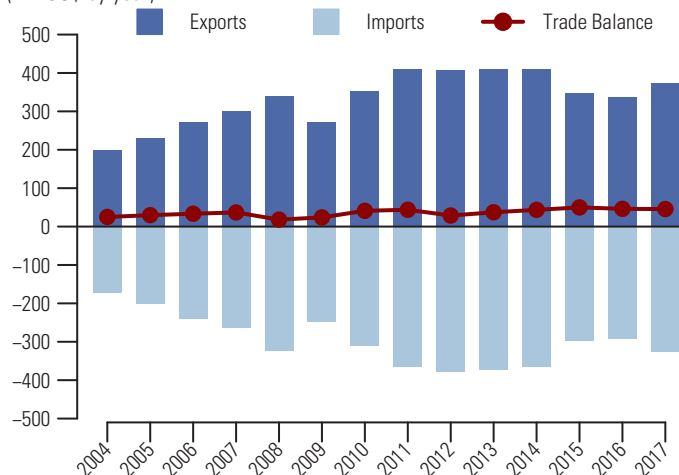
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		1 759.4	957.9	1 073.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		477.8	56.0	5.4	148.9	7.6	1.3	US\$/kg 334
1006 Rice.....		11.7	110.0	193.1	0.9	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 042
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		86.4	40.8	68.9	30.1	19.7	31.7	thsd US\$/unit 781
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....		132.4	0.0	...	8.9	0.0		thsd US\$/kg 057
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		0.2	50.9	55.4	0.8	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		31.5	31.6	27.1	19.5			thsd US\$/unit 782
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		25.8	30.5	15.5	9.6	7.1	2.9	US\$/kg 542
6309 Worn clothing and other worn articles.....		14.1	40.1	14.2	1.8	3.2	1.2	US\$/kg 269
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		43.4	3.5	6.3				764
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		5.3	19.9	19.1	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 046

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Singapore increased substantially by 10.4 percent to reach 373.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.3 percent to reach 327.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 45.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 37.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Singapore were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Singapore increased slightly by 0.5 percent, reaching 142.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.7 percent and reached 155.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 12.3 bln US\$.

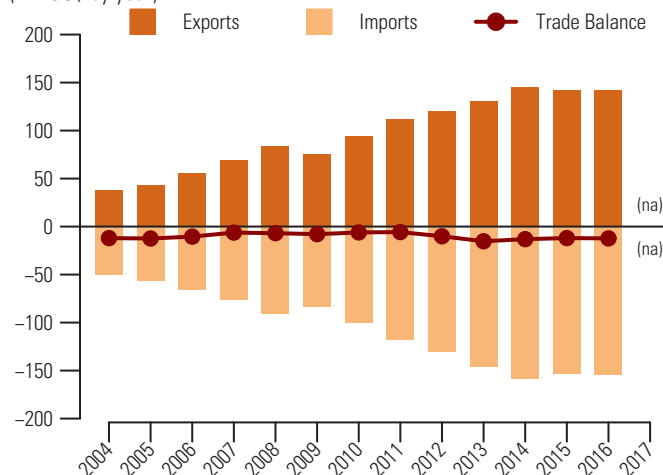
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 49.0, 13.5 and 12.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, China, Hong Kong SAR and Malaysia, accounting for respectively 13.8, 12.2 and 10.7 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 48.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 37.1 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 18.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

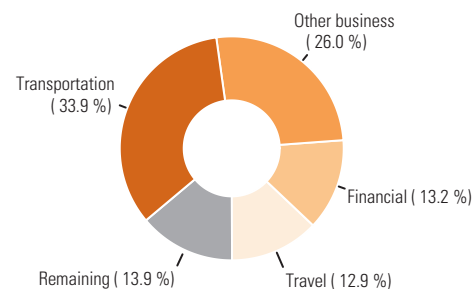


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
	All Commodities.....	346638.0	338082.0	373254.6					
8542	Electronic integrated circuits.....	75750.9	71780.6	80025.7				776	
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	42006.7	36101.1	45751.9	0.5		US\$/kg	334	
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	19839.0	15947.3	21250.3				931	
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	10229.9	9751.7	9591.8				764	
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	10063.3	9076.2	9142.4	123.8	126.0	49.6	US\$/unit	752
8541	Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....	8478.8	8983.6	8199.1				776	
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	1103.8	10399.5	11542.1	10.9		29.8	thsd US\$/kg	971
8486	Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices.....	4302.5	5734.8	9135.8				728	
8803	Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....	6038.5	6354.9	6384.2	626.9	640.0		US\$/kg	792
8411	Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....	4931.9	5935.0	6487.3				714	

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	373254.6	-2.3	10.4	100.0
0+1	9541.9	0.6	-0.2	2.6
2+4	3411.8	1.9	12.5	0.9
3	47803.0	-9.5	27.7	12.8
5	50319.2	0.1	9.1	13.5
6	13017.6	-4.8	0.5	3.5
7	182840.3	-1.0	6.9	49.0
8	33108.3	-1.6	6.8	8.9
9	33212.5	-1.2	22.9	8.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

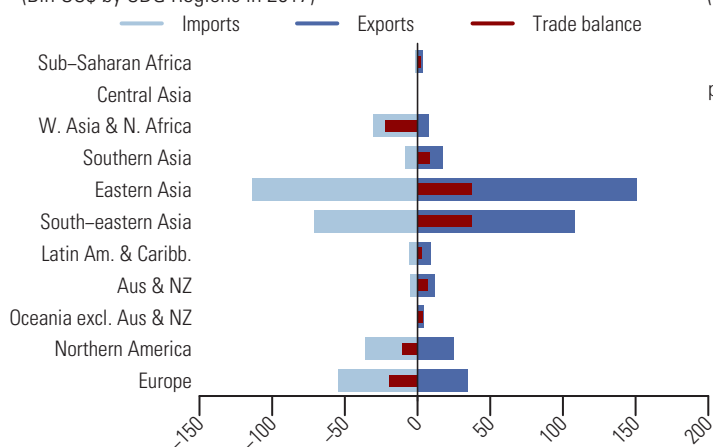
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	327709.7	-3.2	12.3	100.0
0+1	11264.7	-1.4	3.2	3.4
2+4	3946.0	-2.0	23.1	1.2
3	72374.9	-11.3	41.8	22.1
5	26334.0	1.1	15.4	8.0
6	17959.1	-6.2	-6.0	5.5
7	150533.4	-0.8	7.9	45.9
8	27789.2	-0.7	3.5	8.5
9	17508.5	22.3	-5.5	5.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

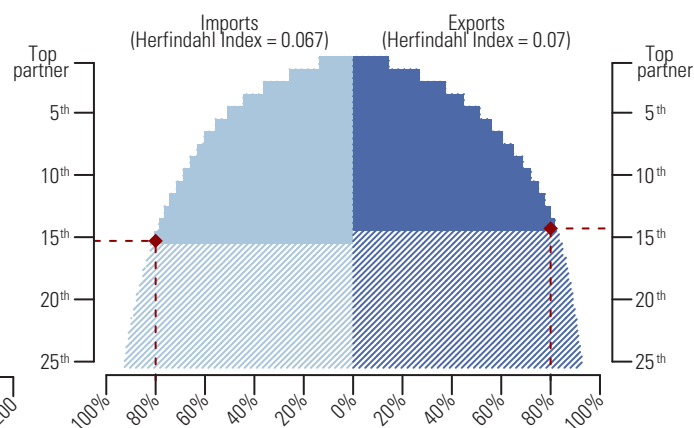
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



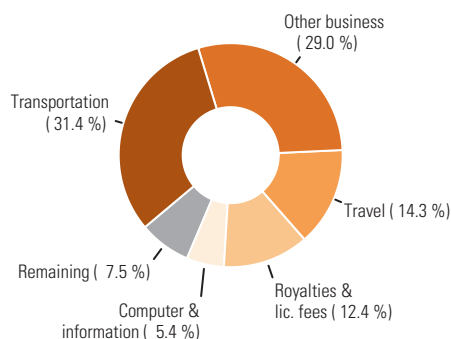
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 45.9, 22.1 and 8.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Malaysia and the United States, accounting for respectively 14.0, 11.4 and 10.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 48.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 44.9 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 22.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		296744.6	291908.4	327709.7					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		53054.5	53338.8	59211.4				776	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		42573.7	33069.4	46729.0	0.4		US\$/kg	334	
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		18202.8	15047.4	21419.9	0.4		US\$/kg	333	
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		2048.3	11323.0	13119.8	29.8	40.1	thsd US\$/kg	971	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		8420.6	8354.7	9144.0				764	
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		6202.0	7370.2	8732.0				714	
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		6185.7	5550.2	6478.6	88.1	100.1	107.4	US\$/unit	752
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		4635.5	5154.2	6069.9	584.5	555.3		US\$/kg	792
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		5096.5	5138.0	5221.4				776	
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72.....		4868.9	4418.1	5016.6	185.7	204.6		US\$/kg	759

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Slovakia increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 84.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.4 percent to reach 83.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 15.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Slovakia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Slovakia increased moderately by 5.2 percent, reaching 8.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.5 percent and reached 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 306.6 mln US\$.

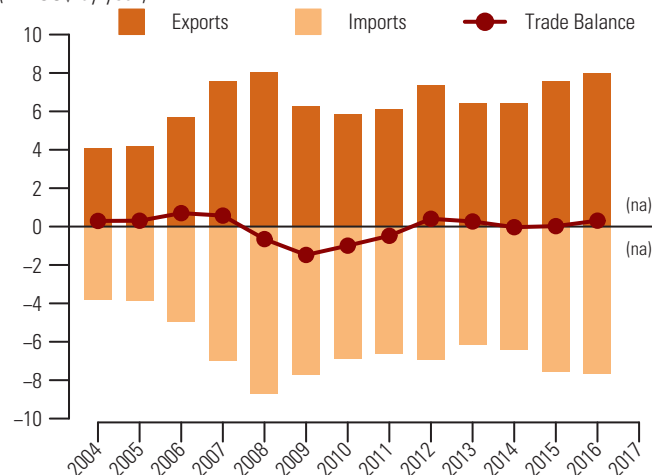
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 59.5, 17.1 and 9.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Czechia and Poland, accounting for respectively 21.6, 11.9 and 7.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.3 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

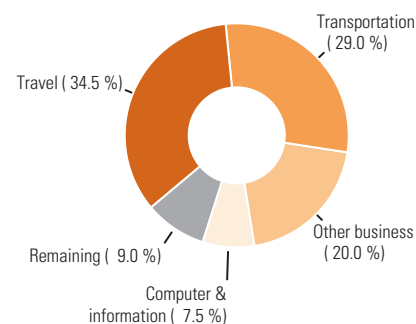


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		75 051.3	77 565.0	84 525.4					
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	13 844.2	15 483.0	16 606.9	17.6	15.4	15.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
8528	Reception apparatus for television.....	5 780.4	6 175.3	5 904.9			463.7	US\$/unit	761
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	3 938.0	4 440.2	4 761.8	7.6	7.8	8.0	US\$/kg	784
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	4 032.9	3 791.6	5 118.8					764
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	2 041.3	1 587.2	1 985.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
4011	New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....	1 756.8	1 751.3	1 850.2			78.8	US\$/unit	625
8707	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	1 909.9	1 496.0	522.8			16.0	thsd US\$/unit	784
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	1 158.9	1 186.8	1 372.6	13.0	13.8	12.9	US\$/kg	773
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	1 019.8	1 125.2	1 060.5			148.4	US\$/unit	752
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	588.8	885.6	1 700.0	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	343

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	84525.4	-0.2	9.0	100.0
0+1	2781.3	-4.2	3.0	3.3
2+4	1593.5	-9.2	12.0	1.9
3	3827.6	-5.3	47.4	4.5
5	3625.6	-2.2	4.6	4.3
6	14415.1	0.0	13.6	17.1
7	50251.3	0.9	6.2	59.5
8	7803.7	0.2	9.5	9.2
9	227.3	9.4	-2.0	0.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

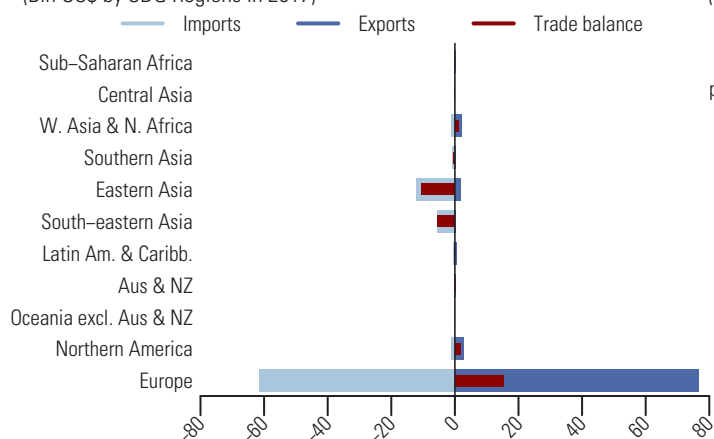
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	82993.8	0.5	10.4	100.0
0+1	4434.5	-1.0	6.3	5.3
2+4	2253.5	-6.0	29.5	2.7
3	7105.5	-9.5	44.7	8.6
5	7210.5	1.1	7.0	8.7
6	12784.5	1.4	13.6	15.4
7	39494.8	3.4	8.8	47.6
8	9279.1	-0.3	-4.1	11.2
9	431.4	11.8	13.6	0.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

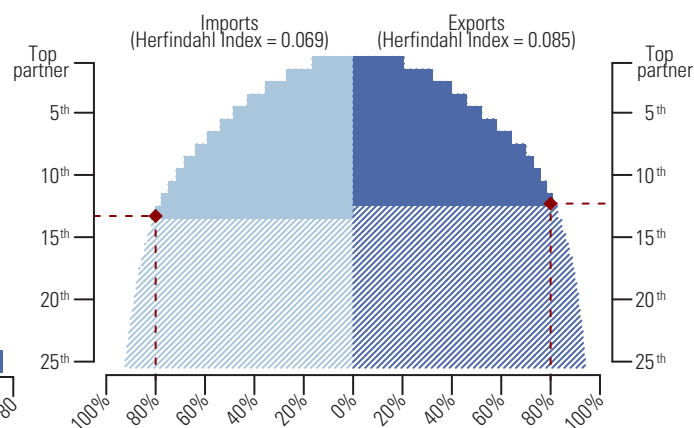
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



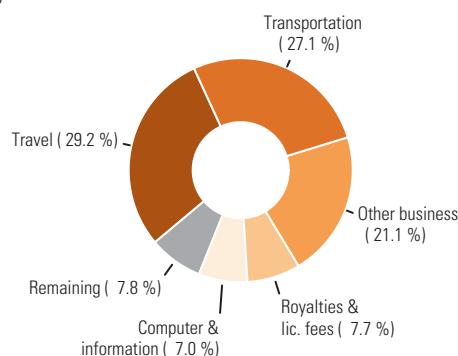
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 47.6, 15.4 and 11.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Czechia and Rest of Europe nes, accounting for respectively 16.5, 10.7 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 2.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

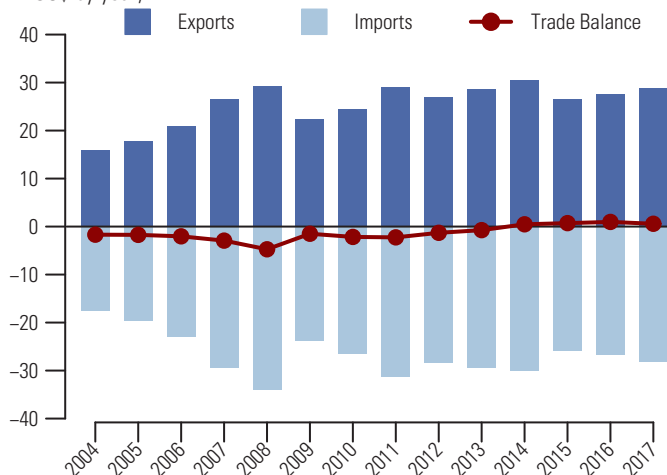
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		72957.7	75156.4	82993.8				
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	7447.2	7920.1	7927.9	3.9	5.7	US\$/kg	784
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	4909.6	5064.4	5822.6				764
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	2016.2	2429.8	2948.0	18.7	17.6	8.8 thsd US\$/unit	781
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	2434.0	1830.3	2118.0	0.4	0.3	0.4 US\$/kg	333
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	1755.2	1639.9	2900.5	0.4	0.3	0.3 US\$/kg	343
8529	Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....	1553.4	1311.5	2146.0	31.9	27.4	37.4 US\$/kg	764
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	1378.0	1506.0	1469.2	83.0	83.6	71.1 US\$/kg	542
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	1131.0	1298.9	1503.3	4.4	7.1	10.8 US\$/kg	773
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	1275.1	1237.9	1225.6			135.0 US\$/unit	752
9013	Liquid crystal devices.....	1481.8	1373.6	699.1				871

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Slovenia increased slightly by 4.0 percent to reach 28.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 5.6 percent to reach 28.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 580.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Slovenia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Slovenia increased substantially by 12.5 percent, reaching 7.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.9 percent and reached 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 39.5, 20.0 and 16.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and Croatia, accounting for respectively 20.5, 11.2 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.0 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

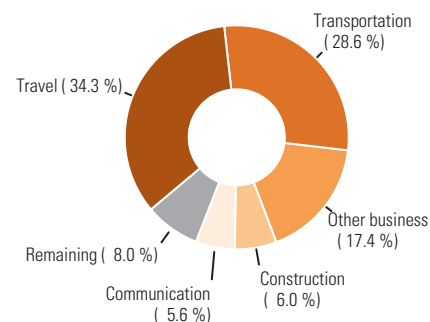


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	26587.0	27657.7	28772.7					
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	2370.6	2612.7	2996.3	10.1	10.1	11.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	2410.2	2470.0	2540.6	73.2	67.3	75.7	US\$/kg	542
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	859.4	967.1	985.9	6.9	7.1	7.5	US\$/kg	784
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	799.0	723.8	880.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8512	Electrical lighting or signalling equipment.....	484.0	485.7	561.5					778
2716	Electrical energy.....	439.0	405.4	409.7	44.5	38.0	44.4	US\$/MWh	351
8516	Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters.....	341.4	365.6	367.7					775
4011	New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....	354.2	346.9	336.4	39.1	36.1	37.9	US\$/unit	625
9401	Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....	329.3	335.4	321.5					821
7219	Flat-rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of 600 mm or more.....	337.1	275.0	297.4	2.8	2.5	2.8	US\$/kg	675

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	28 772.7	0.1	4.0	100.0
0+1	1 218.4	2.6	3.2	4.2
2+4	1 022.0	-2.6	2.1	3.6
3	1 420.3	-7.0	13.9	4.9
5	4 829.7	-2.2	1.4	16.8
6	5 766.4	-1.0	1.5	20.0
7	11 367.0	2.8	7.0	39.5
8	3 104.7	1.9	0.0	10.8
9	44.2	-24.0	-20.2	0.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

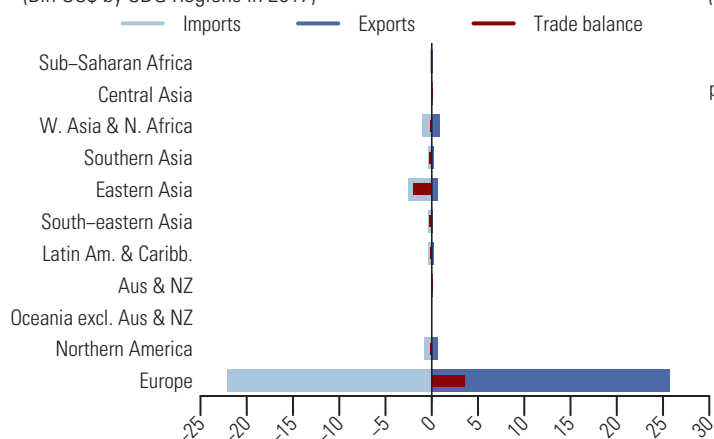
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	28 192.0	-1.0	5.6	100.0
0+1	2 210.8	-1.4	-0.6	7.8
2+4	1 484.5	-4.7	3.5	5.3
3	2 604.5	-12.4	19.7	9.2
5	4 216.3	-0.2	3.7	15.0
6	5 292.9	0.0	4.4	18.8
7	9 576.1	2.8	7.0	34.0
8	2 763.9	1.8	1.0	9.8
9	43.0	-21.8	17.1	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

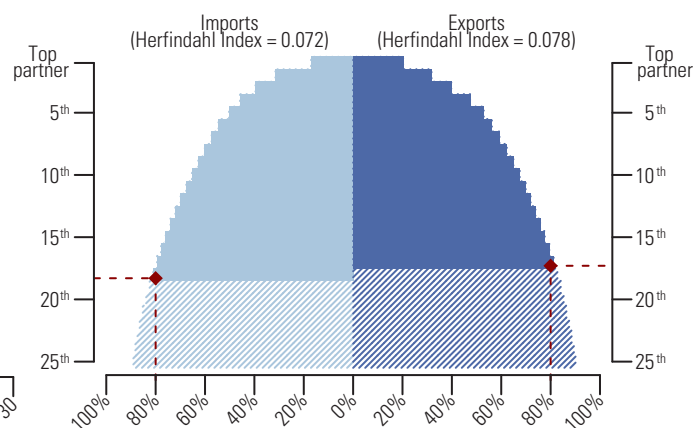
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



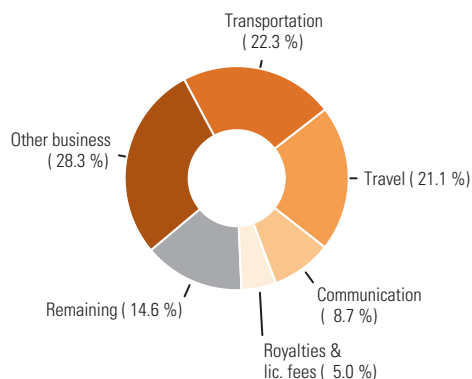
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 34.0, 18.8 and 15.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and Austria, accounting for respectively 17.3, 14.4 and 8.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.0 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 948.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

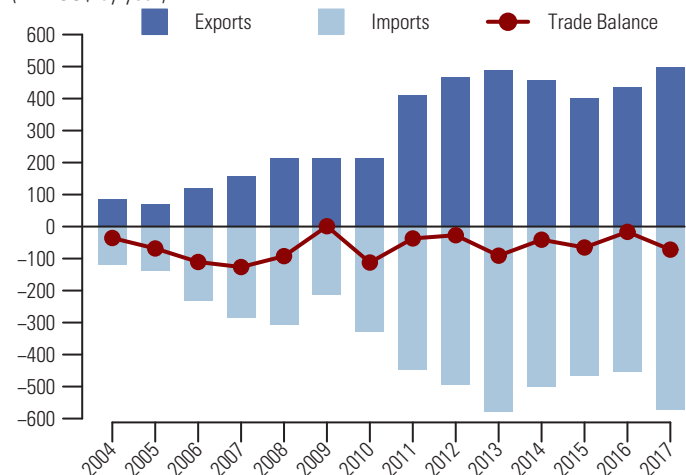
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		25 870.2	26 690.4	28 192.0				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1 541.2	1 833.8	1 933.4	12.9	12.9	14.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 882.1	1 486.2	1 781.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		899.3	952.9	973.7	76.4	78.0	80.3	US\$/kg 542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		723.4	759.2	935.2	6.5	6.7	6.7	US\$/kg 784
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		347.7	418.4	413.1	20.0	19.3	20.8	thsd US\$/unit 782
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		422.6	374.2	354.2				764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		424.9	311.3	330.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 343
2716 Electrical energy.....		319.2	266.1	359.3	46.4	40.5	47.5	US\$/MWh 351
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		248.8	257.4	282.0	7.9	7.6	8.2	US\$/kg 773
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		264.2	247.1	256.9	2.1	1.8	2.1	US\$/kg 684

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Solomon Islands increased substantially by 14.3 percent to reach 499.7 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 26.0 percent to reach 571.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 72.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 228.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Solomon Islands were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Solomon Islands increased substantially by 12.9 percent, reaching 120.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.2 percent and reached 207.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 86.9 mln US\$.

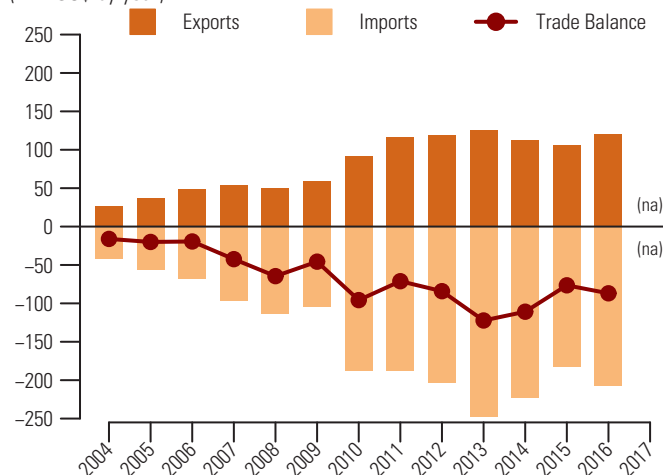
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 80.5, 12.8 and 5.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood" (HS code 4403) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Italy and India, accounting for respectively 62.2, 7.2 and 4.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 56.2 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 33.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 12.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

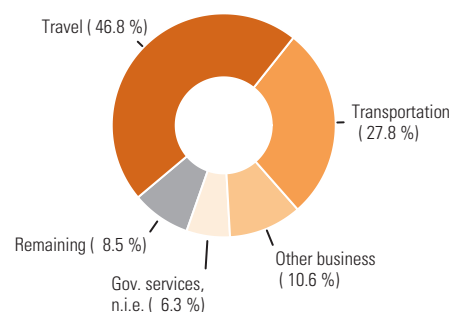


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		400.4	437.3	499.7					
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood.....		149.6	289.6	322.0	124.7	112.9	US\$/m ³	247	
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		173.9	1.7	...				931	
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		21.3	25.8	26.4	0.8	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	422
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine.....		...	26.4	42.1					035
4404 Hoopwood; split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood.....		1.7	23.8	24.1	0.4	81.0	US\$/kg	634	
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil.....		12.3	12.0	13.3	1.4	1.7	1.6	US\$/kg	422
1203 Copra.....		9.3	11.1	13.9	0.0	0.7		US\$/kg	223
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....		11.4	12.6	4.4	2.4	2.4	1.1	US\$/kg	072
2606 Aluminium ores and concentrates.....		2.7	0.6	20.2			0.3	US\$/kg	285
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		0.7	10.0	7.0	2.3			US\$/kg	034

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	499.7	0.5	14.3	100.0
0+1	63.9	53.8	17.6	12.8
2+4	402.5	9.9	16.3	80.5
3	0.0	-83.8	-99.9	0.0
5	0.1	-0.4	44.7	0.0
6	26.6	307.5	-0.2	5.3
7	3.0	34.7	-46.3	0.6
8	0.4	-35.4	-43.7	0.1
9	3.3	-64.2	-17.3	0.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	571.8	-0.4	26.0	100.0
0+1	136.0	8.1	27.5	23.8
2+4	9.4	9.8	20.7	1.7
3	79.9	-17.6	10.1	14.0
5	28.4	28.0	-9.7	5.0
6	77.1	39.4	9.0	13.5
7	201.2	38.1	55.3	35.2
8	39.7	16.8	14.1	6.9
9	0.0	-93.4	-98.7	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

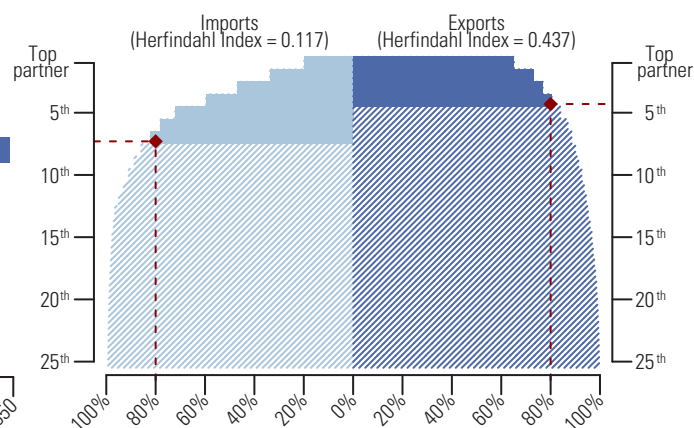
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



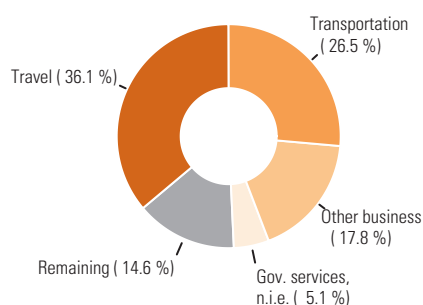
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 35.2, 23.8 and 14.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Australia, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 22.8, 15.4 and 12.6 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 74.7 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 54.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 36.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		465.8	453.9	571.8					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		72.9	66.5	75.6		0.4	US\$/kg	334	
1006 Rice.....		43.7	39.5	43.8	1.0	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg	042
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		100.9	0.3	...					931
8539 Electric filament or discharge lamps, including sealed beam lamp units.....		0.1	0.3	50.7					778
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		11.2	7.9	23.0	0.0	62.9	13.7	thsd US\$/unit	723
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		9.4	14.6	13.3	8.2	17.7	7.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		6.6	9.8	10.6	19.3		22.0	thsd US\$/unit	782
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		6.5	9.3	10.5			2.5	US\$/kg	012
2203 Beer made from malt.....		11.4	3.1	9.4	2.5	1.1	1.5	US\$/litre	112
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....		8.3	7.4	7.8			322.3	US\$/kg	892

South Africa

Goods Imports: FOB, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

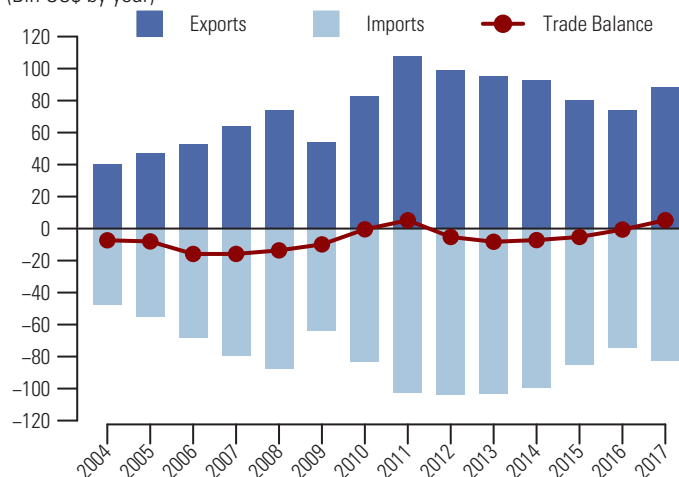
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of South Africa increased substantially by 19.1 percent to reach 88.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.1 percent to reach 83.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at 14.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in South Africa were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 24 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 24 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of South Africa decreased substantially by 19.5 percent, reaching 14.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 19.0 percent and reached 14.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 584.9 mln US\$.

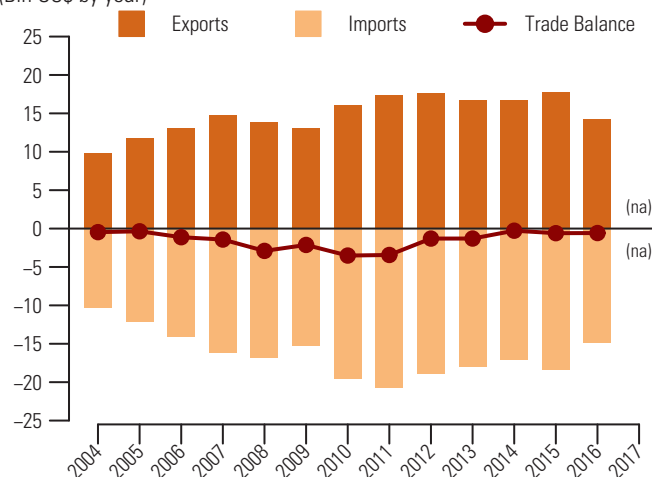
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 24.1, 20.0 and 16.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form" (HS code 7110) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Germany, accounting for respectively 9.4, 7.5 and 6.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 7.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

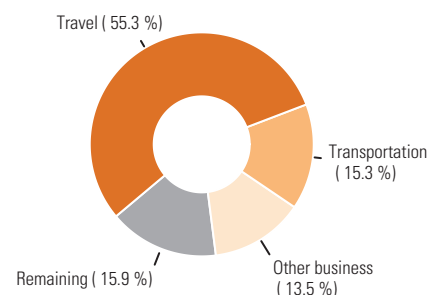


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		80 265.4	74 110.8	88 268.0					
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form.....		6 808.9	6 026.5	6 576.7	21.9		thsd US\$/kg	681	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5 558.4	5 273.6	5 660.2	16.2	20.5	23.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		4 078.1	3 862.1	5 744.8	0.1	0.1		US\$/kg	321
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		4 680.3	3 440.3	4 983.6	37.1			thsd US\$/kg	971
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		4 127.9	3 582.3	4 785.0	0.1	0.1		US\$/kg	281
7202 Ferro-alloys.....		3 546.4	3 508.5	3 739.1	0.8	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg	671
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		2 444.4	2 754.3	2 959.2	21.0	23.0		thsd US\$/unit	782
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		2 634.6	2 034.1	2 390.5	0.4		0.4	US\$/kg	334
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		1 789.6	1 972.8	1 896.6			188.9	US\$/carat	667
2602 Manganese ores and concentrates.....		1 128.1	1 401.2	2 527.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	287

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	88268.0	-1.8	19.1	100.0
0+1	9245.1	0.7	13.3	10.5
2+4	14519.6	-4.6	38.2	16.4
3	10549.7	1.0	48.9	12.0
5	6382.2	-1.8	15.6	7.2
6	21243.8	-2.6	11.7	24.1
7	17614.6	-0.3	4.3	20.0
8	2762.8	-2.3	3.6	3.1
9	5950.4	-4.0	39.8	6.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

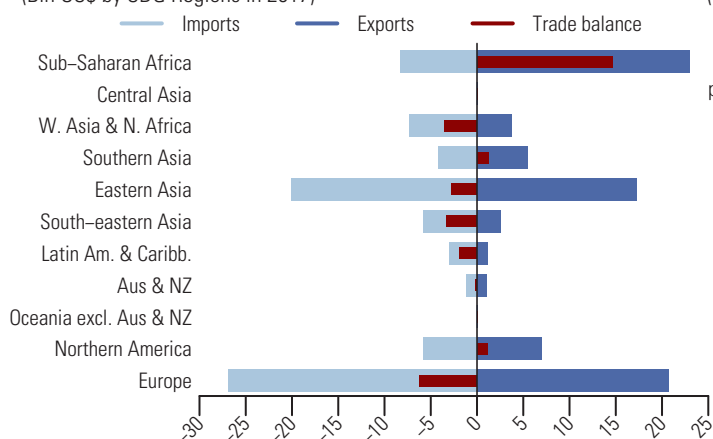
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	83030.8	-5.3	11.1	100.0
0+1	5656.4	-0.9	6.0	6.8
2+4	2567.3	-4.0	1.9	3.1
3	12248.8	-13.9	21.9	14.8
5	10368.6	-1.4	14.3	12.5
6	9436.9	-3.6	8.5	11.4
7	27796.9	-5.9	8.3	33.5
8	7805.5	-2.5	6.7	9.4
9	7150.4	3.5	17.4	8.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

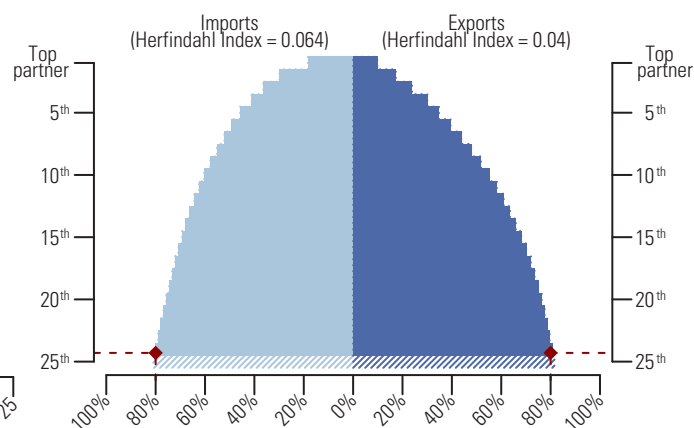
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



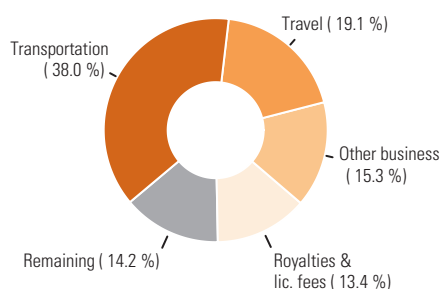
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 33.5, 14.8 and 12.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 18.3, 11.5 and 6.8 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 5.7 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 2.8 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

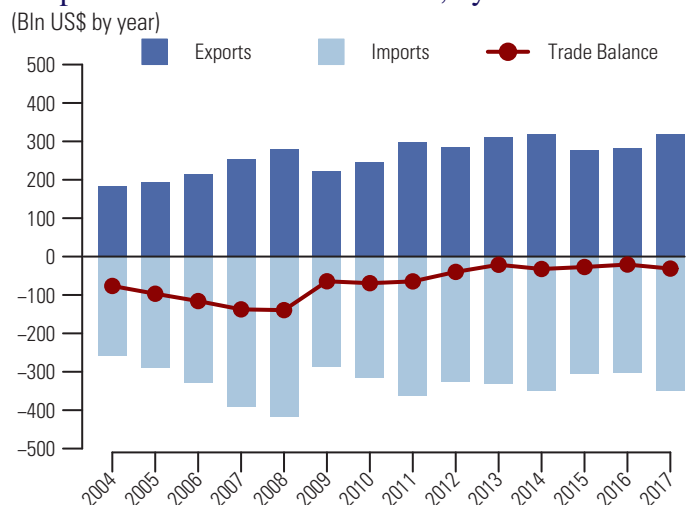
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		85509.8	74744.0	83030.8				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		7738.3	6535.5	6416.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		6345.0	6087.5	6848.7				931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		4662.8	2557.3	4446.9	0.5		0.5	US\$/kg 334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		4342.1	3342.0	3972.3	0.1	13.0	14.0	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		3461.2	2983.4	3144.0				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		1839.1	1466.9	1581.6	0.6	133.3	149.0	US\$/unit 752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1662.5	1419.7	1710.4	51.5	53.5		US\$/kg 542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		1256.9	1276.2	1359.7	6.9	7.9	7.3	US\$/kg 784
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		635.7	872.5	713.2	7.3	696.3	477.0	thsd US\$/unit 792
8443 Printing machinery used for printing by means of the printing type, blocks.....		801.0	627.9	673.0				726

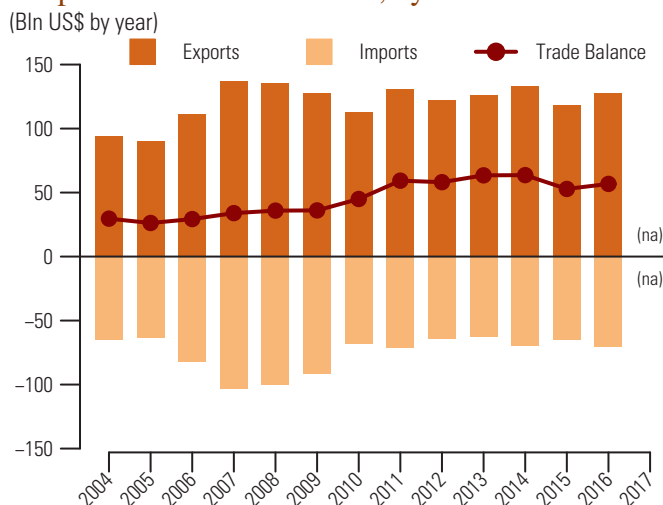
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Spain increased substantially by 13.4 percent to reach 319.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.0 percent to reach 350.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 31.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -25.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Spain were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 24 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 25 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Spain increased moderately by 7.6 percent, reaching 127.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 7.7 percent and reached 70.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 56.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 32.9, 14.7 and 14.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, Germany and Italy, accounting for respectively 15.1, 11.0 and 7.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 60.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 23.7 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 16.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

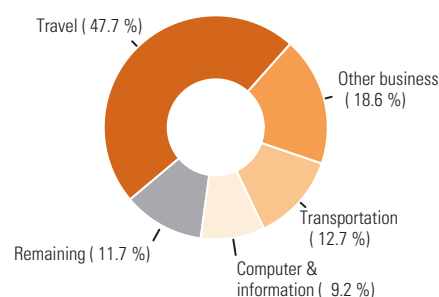


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	278122.0	281776.7	319621.9					
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	33131.2	35563.8	35776.0	15.2	13.0		thsd US\$/unit	781
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	9528.9	8316.5	12695.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	9597.0	9974.6	10844.3	5.6	5.6	5.8	US\$/kg	784
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	7842.7	7054.0	14250.3					931
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	8208.3	7485.9	7654.5	37.3	33.5	31.8	US\$/kg	542
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	4343.6	5825.2	5963.0					782
0805	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried.....	3601.2	3479.6	3588.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg	057
0203	Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen.....	2998.2	3550.2	4068.7	2.4	2.4	2.6	US\$/kg	012
1509	Olive oil and its fractions.....	2922.1	3499.4	4136.2	3.9	3.8	4.4	US\$/kg	421
2204	Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines.....	2961.7	2965.7	3255.2	1.2	1.3		US\$/litre	112

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	319621.9	0.7	13.4	100.0
0+1	46073.5	1.7	7.5	14.4
2+4	13853.4	2.8	22.4	4.3
3	17633.5	-4.8	60.6	5.5
5	40946.2	-0.4	9.8	12.8
6	46845.7	-0.8	11.4	14.7
7	105215.5	1.2	6.8	32.9
8	33516.1	4.5	10.7	10.5
9	15537.9	-0.1	84.2	4.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	350921.6	1.4	16.0	100.0
0+1	34106.9	1.6	8.6	9.7
2+4	17991.7	0.2	23.0	5.1
3	45516.5	-12.0	39.1	13.0
5	46861.6	-0.4	7.5	13.4
6	37851.3	2.3	13.2	10.8
7	109567.5	6.6	9.3	31.2
8	47542.4	5.7	5.4	13.5
9	11483.6	72.6	740.6	3.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

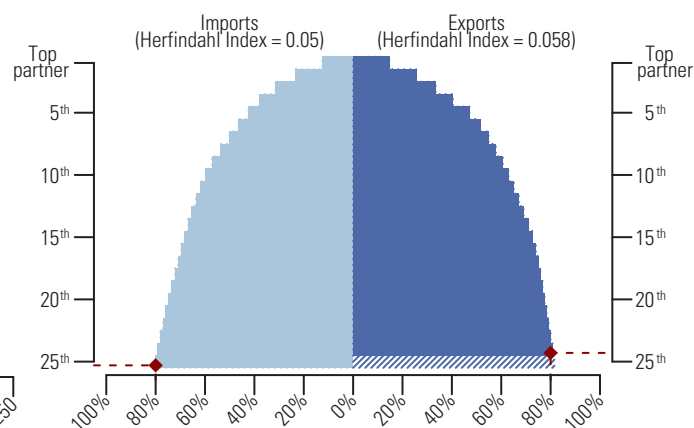
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



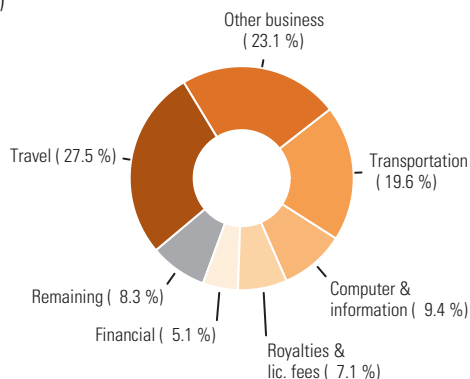
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 31.2, 13.5 and 13.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, France and China, accounting for respectively 13.0, 10.9 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 19.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 16.3 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 13.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

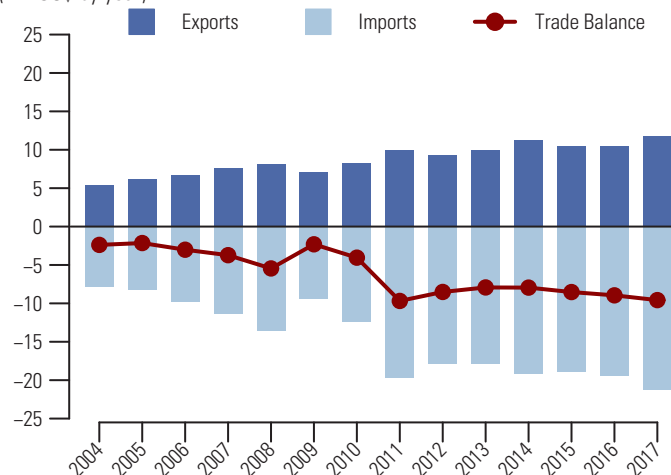
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		305266.0	302538.9	350921.6				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		24769.2	18732.8	25680.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		16241.1	18271.5	20157.4	19.0	17.2		781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		17150.7	16665.1	17278.6	7.4	7.5	7.6	784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		11165.2	10182.9	9667.4	74.7	79.2	80.7	542
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		8674.0	6696.2	7916.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		6971.4	5738.5	8064.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		5616.9	5339.7	5241.9				764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		365.3	422.8	10482.4				931
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		3255.4	3169.8	3874.1				752
6204 Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		2919.7	2884.2	3268.0				842

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Sri Lanka increased substantially by 11.3 percent to reach 11.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.3 percent to reach 21.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 9.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -5.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sri Lanka were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Sri Lanka increased substantially by 11.6 percent, reaching 7.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.6 percent and reached 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 47.3, 24.5 and 12.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Tea, whether or not flavoured" (HS code 0902) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and India, accounting for respectively 26.1, 9.5 and 6.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 3.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.3 bln US\$ and "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 858.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

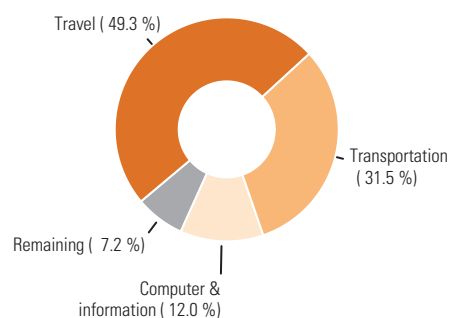


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		10 439.7	10 545.9	11 741.0				
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured.....		1 321.9	1 251.7	1 513.2	4.3	4.4	5.3	US\$/kg
6108 Women's or girls' slips, petticoats, briefs, panties, knitted or crocheted.....		562.6	607.0	582.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	US\$/unit
6212 Brassieres, girdles, corsets, braces, suspenders, garters.....		554.5	566.5	599.2	48.4	48.4	54.9	US\$/kg
6204 Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		509.3	462.5	466.9	7.9	7.7	7.8	US\$/unit
6104 Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....		436.1	480.7	495.9	6.2	6.1	6.1	US\$/unit
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....		447.6	451.6	437.0	4.1	4.4	4.5	US\$/unit
6203 Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		384.4	348.2	391.2	8.8	8.7	8.6	US\$/unit
4012 Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres of rubber.....		301.6	319.0	329.1			14.6	US\$/unit
6116 Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted.....		225.3	258.3	292.4	21.8		23.3	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		184.3	158.2	294.6	0.4		0.4	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	11 741.0	4.1	11.3	100.0
0+1	2 880.3	2.4	16.1	24.5
2+4	440.8	8.4	8.0	3.8
3	294.7	74.7	80.2	2.5
5	203.1	8.4	11.0	1.7
6	1 468.4	-1.7	10.1	12.5
7	894.1	18.6	54.0	7.6
8	5 553.4	3.5	2.9	47.3
9	6.4	-31.4	19388.6	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

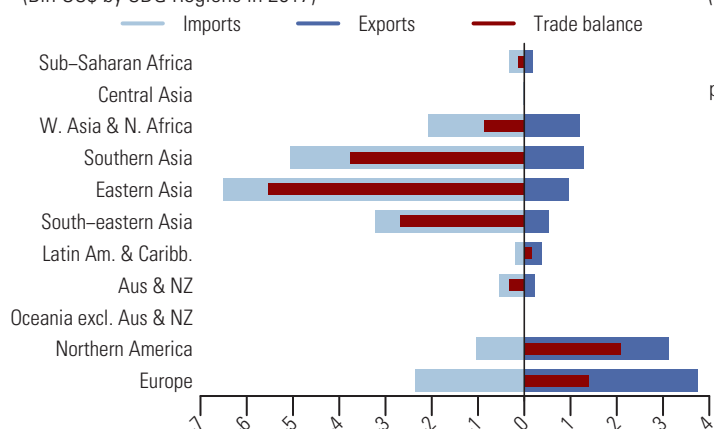
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	21 316.2	4.4	9.3	100.0
0+1	2 523.4	6.7	16.6	11.8
2+4	723.1	9.5	6.0	3.4
3	3 215.4	-6.5	37.8	15.1
5	2 042.6	2.9	-2.6	9.6
6	5 707.4	5.4	2.7	26.8
7	5 176.8	8.1	0.1	24.3
8	1 211.3	10.9	9.2	5.7
9	716.3	29.3	84.8	3.4

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

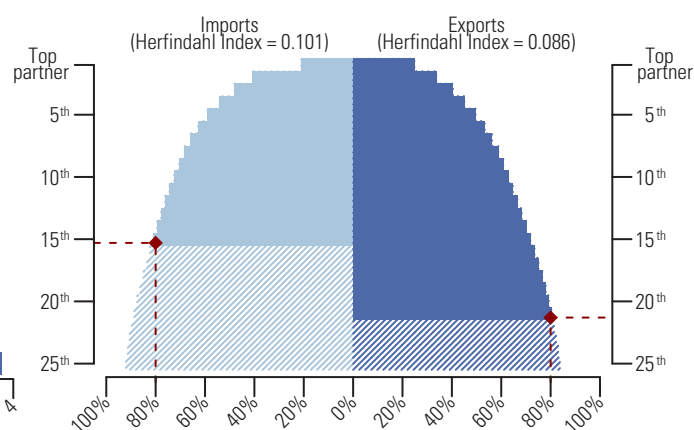
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



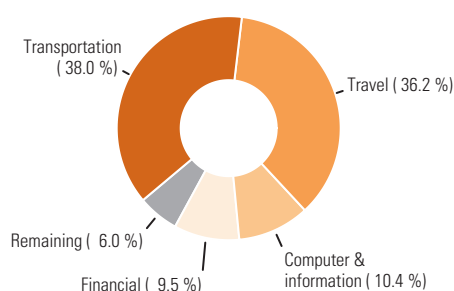
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 26.8, 24.3 and 15.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were India, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 21.1, 20.4 and 6.2 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.5 bln US\$ and "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 442.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

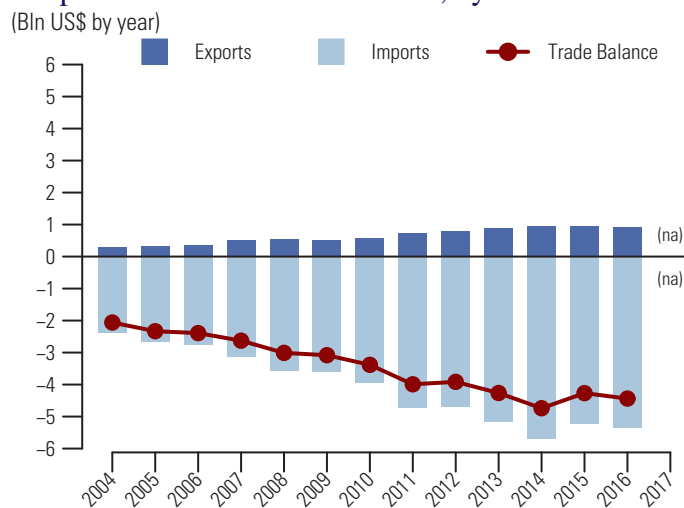
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		18 967.2	19 500.8	21 316.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 509.3	1 449.6	2 090.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		1 286.3	633.8	547.4	5.5	7.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		754.4	488.6	602.8	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	333
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics.....		550.3	602.1	612.6	8.6	9.5	US\$/kg	655
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		486.7	536.2	526.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		386.0	452.2	479.5				764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		356.3	401.1	390.6	19.1		US\$/kg	542
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		41.4	374.9	649.9	37.8	36.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		374.9	273.9	336.2	8.5	8.5	thsd US\$/unit	782
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		267.1	245.5	359.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	672

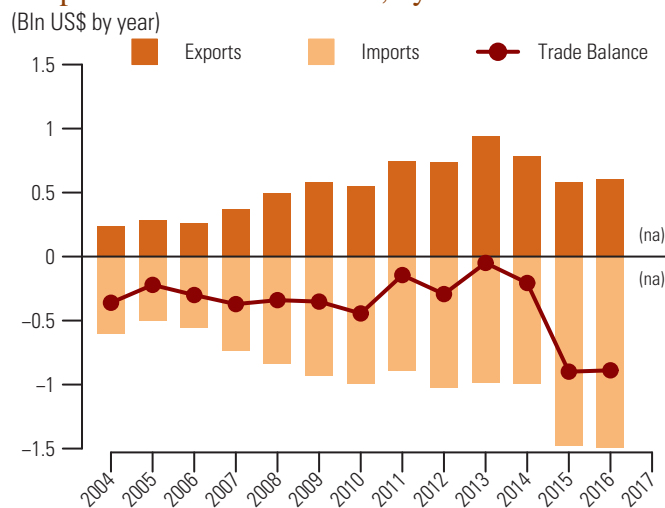
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of the State of Palestine decreased slightly by 3.3 percent to reach 926.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 2.6 percent to reach 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the State of Palestine were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the State of Palestine increased slightly by 4.0 percent, reaching 604.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.9 percent and reached 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 888.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 34.5, 23.2 and 22.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Worked monumental or building stone (except slate) and articles thereof" (HS code 6802) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Israel, Jordan and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 83.7, 6.3 and 2.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 283.7 mln US\$, followed by "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 134.6 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 59.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

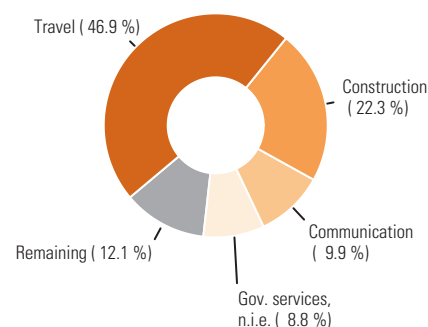


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		943.7	957.8	926.5					
6802 Worked monumental or building stone (except slate) and articles thereof.....		176.3	166.3	172.8	0.7			US\$/kg	661
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof.....		49.0	50.4	52.2					821
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		44.8	44.8	47.5	3.6	3.9	3.2	US\$/kg	893
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		36.6	37.9	34.5	14.7	15.7	14.4	US\$/kg	122
1509 Olive oil and its fractions.....		24.7	39.2	43.1	4.5	4.5	4.7	US\$/kg	421
6404 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....		38.4	36.4	30.9					851
9404 Mattress supports; articles of bedding and similar furnishing.....		31.0	28.8	23.5					821
0707 Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled.....		22.0	29.6	29.9	1.1	1.0	0.9	US\$/kg	054
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....		21.7	21.5	24.9					821
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		36.4	18.5	12.9	0.3	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg	282

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	926.5	4.3	-3.3	100.0
0+1	206.5	7.7	-3.0	22.3
2+4	99.1	-6.0	-12.7	10.7
3	1.5	-12.0	-3.8	0.2
5	54.2	1.7	6.9	5.8
6	319.4	5.9	-1.3	34.5
7	31.2	-2.4	-4.1	3.4
8	214.6	9.0	-3.7	23.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

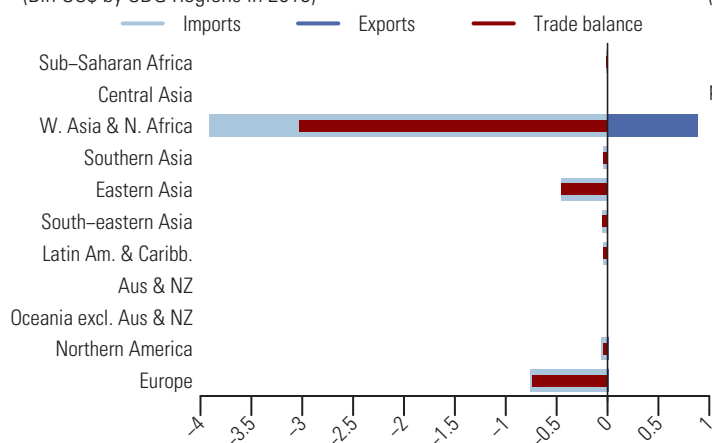
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	5363.8	3.4	2.6	100.0
0+1	1465.2	7.9	7.5	27.3
2+4	130.9	12.2	6.1	2.4
3	1074.5	-7.0	-5.1	20.0
5	504.7	6.8	-5.6	9.4
6	1027.3	5.0	9.5	19.2
7	794.3	8.0	-3.5	14.8
8	366.8	9.6	17.9	6.8
9	0.1	-73.3	19465.9	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

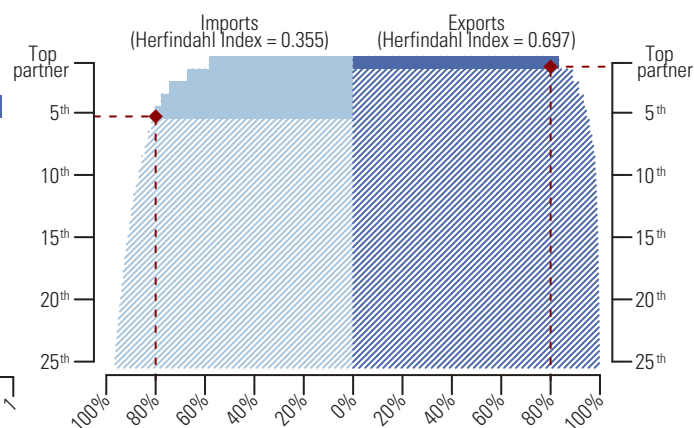
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



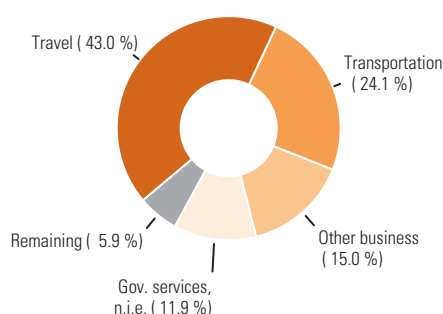
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 27.3, 20.0 and 19.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Israel, Turkey and China, accounting for respectively 62.2, 7.3 and 6.3 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 642.9 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 359.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 224.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

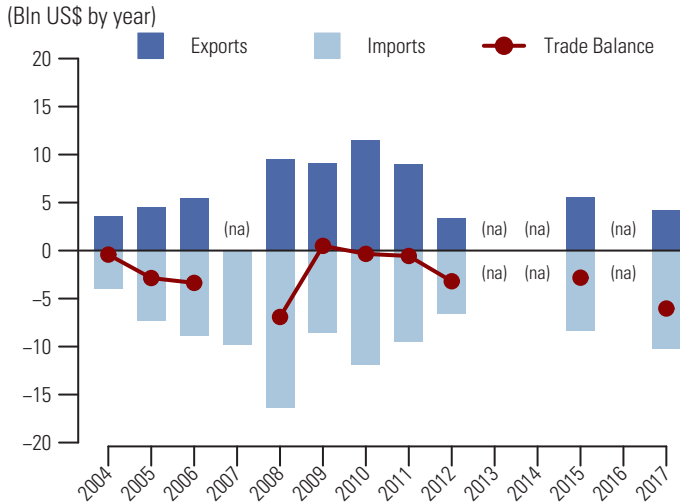
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		5683.2	5225.5	5363.8				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1009.3	514.8	392.9				334
2716 Electrical energy.....		625.7	502.8	578.8	60.6	54.8	46.3	US\$/MWh 351
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		158.7	183.5	219.7				661
2309 Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding.....		159.8	137.8	150.6	1.7	1.7	1.5	US\$/kg 081
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		215.4	105.4	93.0	0.8		0.5	US\$/kg 343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		118.4	137.0	136.8	13.5	14.4	19.8	thsd US\$/unit 781
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes.....		60.8	133.7	142.2	19.2	20.1	18.7	US\$/kg 122
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		93.1	118.5	97.1				542
0102 Live bovine animals.....		73.7	70.9	103.7	1.2	1.1	1.0	thsd US\$/unit 001
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		72.7	75.9	83.5	1.2	1.1	1.1	US\$/litre 111

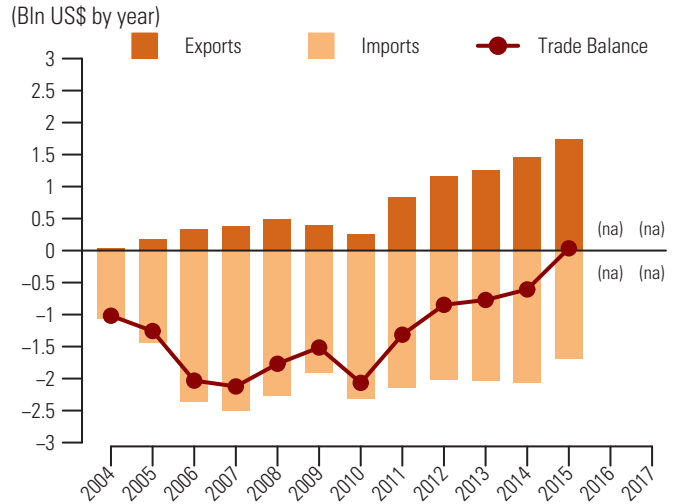
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the Sudan decreased to reach 4.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased to reach 10.3 bln US\$ compared to year 2015 (see graph 1). The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 6.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and the 14 partners accounted for more than 80 percent or more of exports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of the Sudan increased substantially by 19.2 percent, reaching 1.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 17.6 percent and reached 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 35.6 mln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2012, representing respectively 64.1, 15.3 and 9.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). In 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Arab Emirates, China, and Saudi Arabia accounting for respectively 40.2, 17.3 and 14.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 948.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 531.8 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 128.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

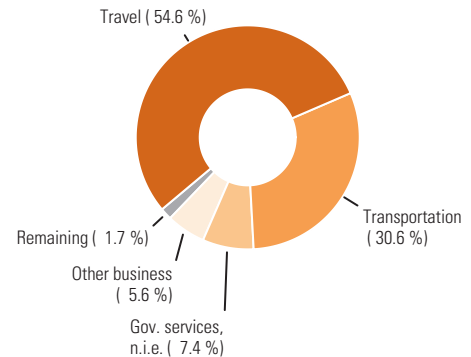


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		5587.5	...	4240.6				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		2973.9	...	429.5	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	333
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		681.7	...	1515.2	37.3	40.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken.....		841.8	...	411.8	2.8	0.7	US\$/kg	222
0104 Live sheep and goats.....		497.3	...	476.8		244.8	US\$/unit	001
0106 Other live animals.....		4.6	...	305.1		1.2	thsd US\$/unit	001
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		38.0	...	138.2	1.5	2.3	US\$/kg	263
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		25.5	...	116.4	0.8	0.5	US\$/kg	334
0204 Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen.....		119.1	...	18.3	47.5	5.1	US\$/kg	012
1301 Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and oleoresins (for example, balsams).....		0.9	...	114.7	1.1	1.4	US\$/kg	292
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....		98.0	...	10.0	79.4	80.0	thsd US\$/kg	892

*Data up to 2011 refer to former Sudan (including South Sudan) and data beginning 2012 is attributed to Sudan without South Sudan.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2012	Avg. Growth rates		2012 share
		2008-2012	2011-2012	
Total	3383.9	-22.7	-62.3	100.0
0+1	519.1	42.4	41.4	15.3
2+4	314.4	-4.1	-6.2	9.3
3	256.1	-58.9	-96.5	7.6
5	78.5	190.9	653.0	2.3
6	36.0	6.7	24.4	1.1
7	5.9	-35.1	27.3	0.2
8	4.5	10.4	504.4	0.1
9	2169.3	409.4	161.9	64.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

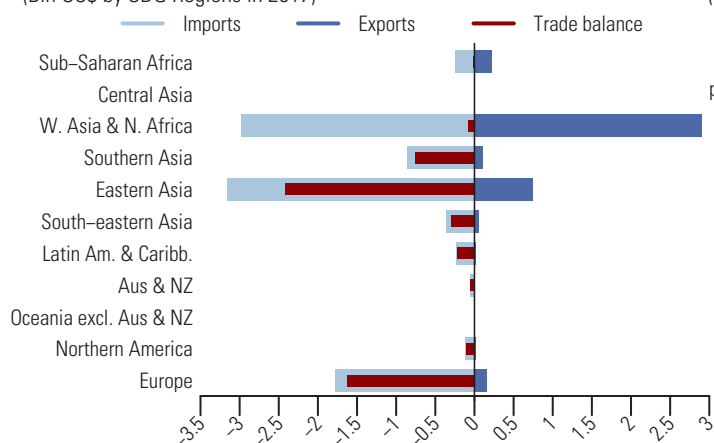
SITC	2012	Avg. Growth rates		2012 share
		2008-2012	2011-2012	
Total	6580.6	-20.4	-31.1	100.0
0+1	940.7	-5.7	-40.9	14.3
2+4	269.0	35.0	-46.2	4.1
3	563.4	150.5	-40.4	8.6
5	797.6	19.2	-34.9	12.1
6	1152.5	-3.9	-21.1	17.5
7	1873.6	-32.0	-39.7	28.5
8	622.5	-1.2	-9.4	9.5
9	361.4	-45.0	1226.2	5.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

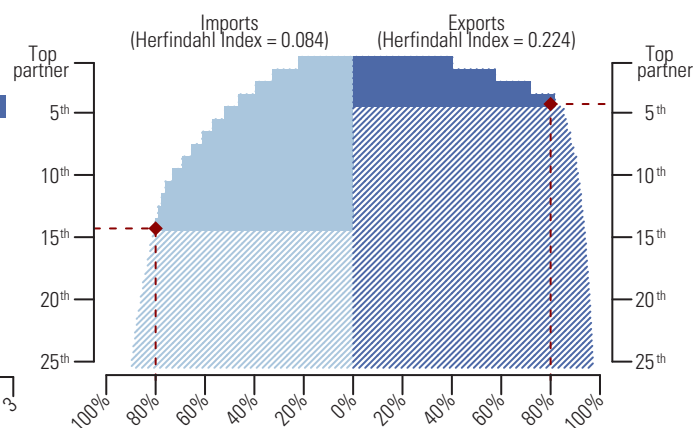
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



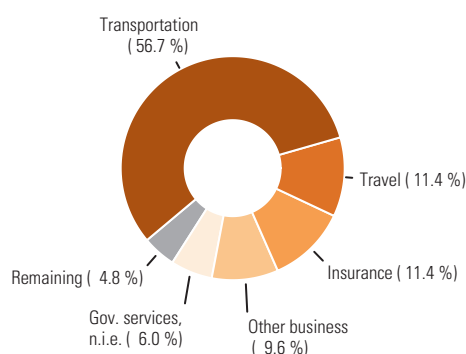
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2012, representing respectively 28.5, 17.5 and 14.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). In 2017, the largest import commodity was "2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 22.0, 10.6 and 6.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 963.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 194.6 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 193.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

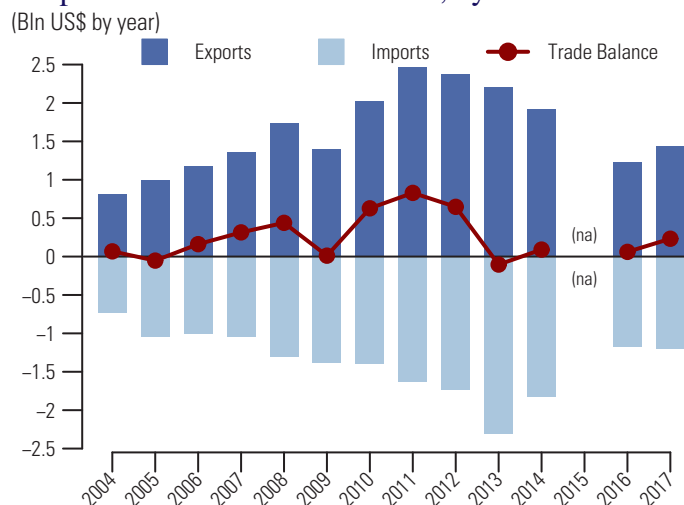
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		8413.4	...	10276.9				
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		535.8	...	379.5	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	061
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		60.5	...	789.0	0.8	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		246.7	...	468.9	14.4		thsd US\$/unit	781
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		662.5	...	10.0	10.9		mln US\$/unit	792
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		603.3		0.3	US\$/kg	041
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		276.0	...	314.8	33.2		thsd US\$/unit	782
3003 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		262.6	...	254.2	53.8	139.1	US\$/kg	542
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		221.7	...	250.6	22.0		thsd US\$/unit	722
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		168.9	...	208.2	5.5	123.4	US\$/kg	542
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		119.3	...	208.0	17.6	19.2	US\$/kg	723

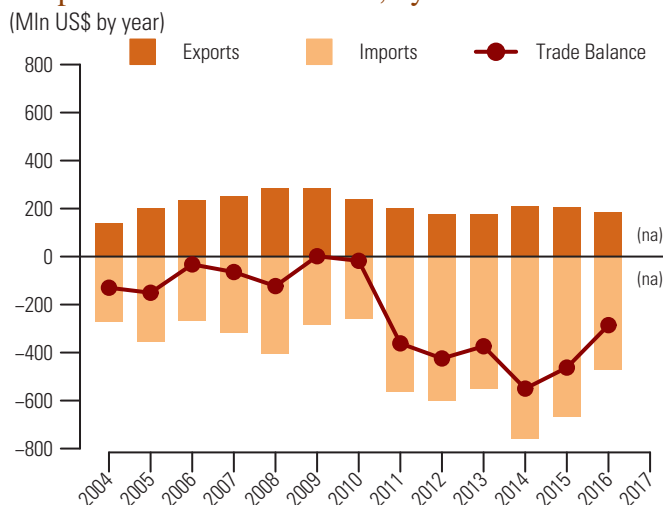
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Suriname increased substantially by 16.7 percent to reach 1.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 2.9 percent to reach 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 232.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -366.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Suriname were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Suriname decreased moderately by 9.3 percent, reaching 185.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 29.4 percent and reached 470.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 285.7 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 77.4, 9.7 and 5.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, the United Arab Emirates and China, Hong Kong SAR, accounting for respectively 31.1, 19.2 and 12.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 63.5 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 51.5 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 32.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

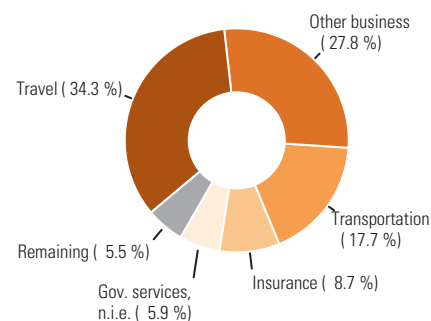


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		...	1 235.3	1 441.0				
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		1 054.3	5.6	thsd US\$/kg	971	
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		...	935.0	61.6			931	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		...	114.4	139.3	0.3	0.4 US\$/kg	334	
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood.....		...	29.5	52.3	0.1	US\$/kg	247	
1006 Rice.....		...	40.4	30.4	0.3	0.4 US\$/kg	042	
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....		...	13.1	21.8	8.2	14.2 US\$/litre	112	
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....		...	8.1	5.5	0.4	US\$/kg	248	
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....		...	7.4	5.1	13.2	16.6 US\$/kg	723	
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		...	5.4	4.3	23.0	US\$/kg	872	
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		...	4.2	3.3	0.6	0.6 US\$/litre	111	

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1441.0	-10.1	16.7	100.0
0+1	73.4	-0.7	6.0	5.1
2+4	65.3	22.4	43.8	4.5
3	139.6	-6.8	21.1	9.7
5	6.5	-4.9	-26.3	0.5
6	5.6	-4.7	-56.1	0.4
7	22.6	-5.0	-19.3	1.6
8	12.2	-4.6	-41.4	0.8
9	1115.9	-12.0	19.3	77.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

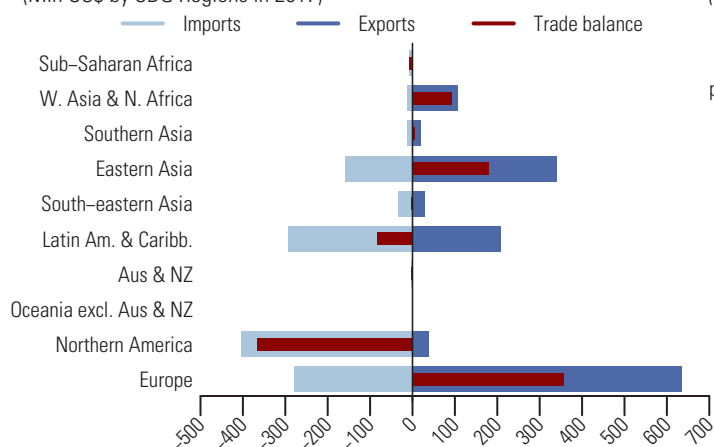
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1208.8	-14.9	2.9	100.0
0+1	186.9	-6.2	4.5	15.5
2+4	20.7	-5.7	6.2	1.7
3	132.2	-28.3	-40.5	10.9
5	163.1	-5.8	18.3	13.5
6	191.4	-10.8	-0.4	15.8
7	428.5	-16.0	26.2	35.5
8	81.9	-14.9	6.4	6.8
9	4.0	-26.1	-41.3	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

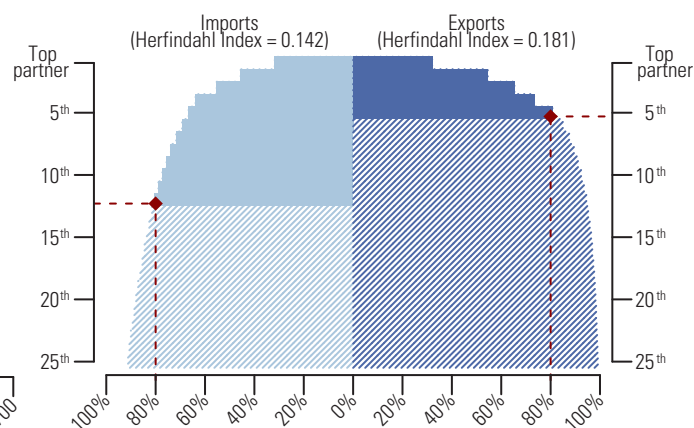
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



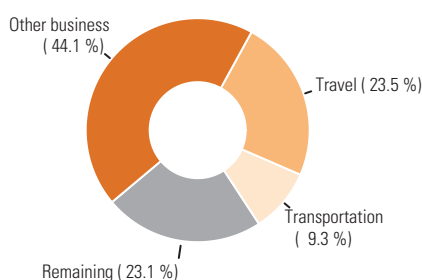
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 35.5, 15.8 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, the Netherlands and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 29.2, 14.3 and 12.7 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 207.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 110.7 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 43.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

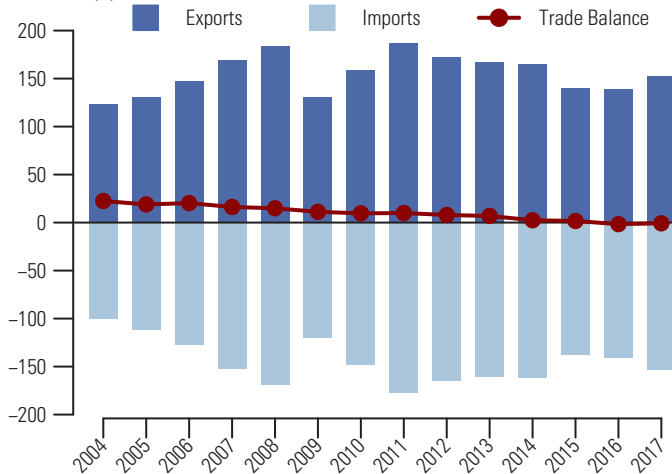
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....	...	1174.2	1208.8					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	...	203.3	131.9	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334	
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25.....	...	40.2	64.8	12.0	15.4	US\$/kg	723	
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	...	26.7	44.1				782	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	...	29.5	28.1	17.0	16.3	thsd US\$/unit	781	
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....	...	23.3	27.4	64.1		thsd US\$/unit	723	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	...	18.3	29.5				764	
2837 Cyanides, cyanide oxides and complex cyanides.....	...	14.1	21.6	2.1	2.7	US\$/kg	523	
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....	...	18.9	15.0	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg	012	
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....	...	17.3	16.2				728	
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....	...	19.8	13.6	0.1	0.0	US\$/kg	661	

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Sweden increased moderately by 9.8 percent to reach 153.1 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 153.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 750.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -19.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sweden were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Sweden decreased slightly by 0.9 percent, reaching 80.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 0.4 percent and reached 60.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 20.2 bln US\$.

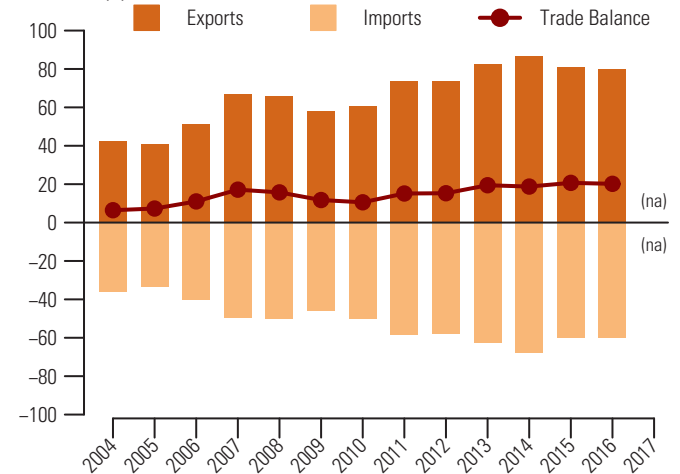
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 38.7, 17.4 and 11.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Norway and the United States, accounting for respectively 10.3, 10.1 and 6.9 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 30.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 12.7 bln US\$ and "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 12.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

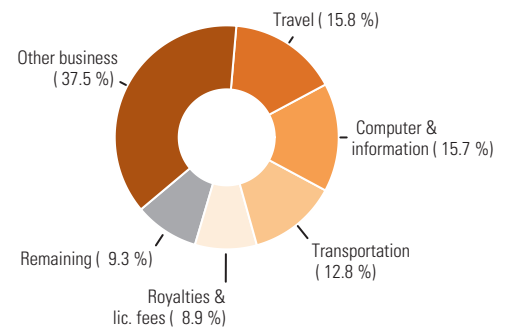


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
	All Commodities.....	140001.2	139456.2	153105.8					
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	6287.9	7468.5	8990.4	27.6	29.7	30.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	7204.5	6504.1	7742.2	0.5		0.5	US\$/kg	334
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	5736.8	5464.0	6653.3					931
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	5970.1	5600.0	6193.7			103.9	US\$/kg	542
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	5813.1	5436.2	4575.8					764
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	4485.4	5039.0	5652.8	7.7	7.8	7.9	US\$/kg	784
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....	2777.6	3466.7	3182.7			5.5	US\$/kg	034
4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled.....	2922.5	2852.3	3075.4	230.4		211.6	US\$/m ³	248
4810	Paper and paperboard, coated on one or both sides with kaolin.....	2714.4	2783.1	2784.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg	641
8408	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines.....	2358.1	2255.4	2363.2	7.3	8.2	10.5	thsd US\$/unit	713

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	153 105.8	-2.2	9.8	100.0
0+1	9 240.3	-0.1	0.3	6.0
2+4	10 227.0	-2.4	18.1	6.7
3	9 859.8	-6.9	25.1	6.4
5	17 814.5	-1.5	6.6	11.6
6	26 588.6	-3.0	9.7	17.4
7	59 304.0	-0.9	9.1	38.7
8	12 662.6	-2.9	3.8	8.3
9	7 408.9	-4.8	19.3	4.8

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

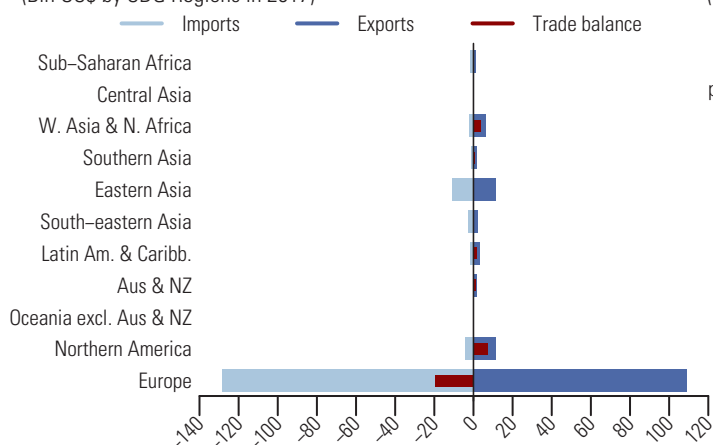
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	153 856.5	-1.1	9.0	100.0
0+1	15 412.4	-0.6	1.6	10.0
2+4	4 688.1	-4.3	11.6	3.0
3	15 460.6	-9.4	23.2	10.0
5	15 750.1	-2.7	5.8	10.2
6	19 561.2	0.0	15.0	12.7
7	57 274.1	0.8	7.8	37.2
8	17 574.1	-0.4	4.9	11.4
9	8 136.0	8.5	10.2	5.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

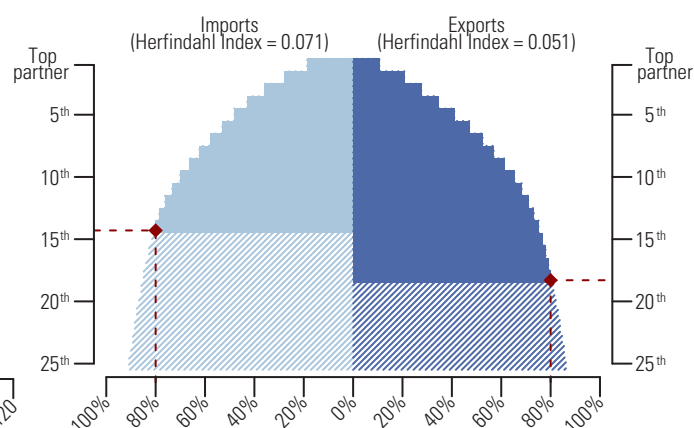
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



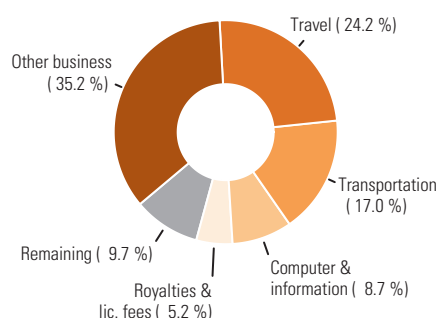
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 37.2, 12.7 and 11.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, the Netherlands and Norway, accounting for respectively 18.5, 8.6 and 8.2 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 21.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 14.5 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 10.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

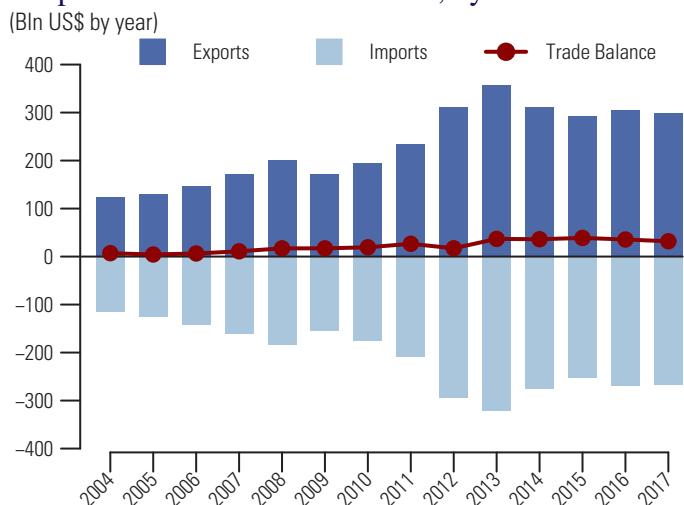
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		138 360.5	141 101.2	153 856.5				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		7 660.0	8 721.0	9 090.1	19.2	19.7		thsd US\$/unit
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		7 140.9	7 313.1	8 062.8				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		7 140.1	6 048.2	7 693.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		6 294.4	6 081.2	5 827.0				
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		5 112.5	5 503.7	6 302.6	7.8	7.1	7.1	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		4 968.8	4 948.1	6 027.3	0.6	0.7	0.7	US\$/unit
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		3 051.5	3 042.5	3 486.2	213.3	224.0	248.9	US\$/unit
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		2 828.6	3 514.5	3 228.3			6.8	US\$/kg
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2 497.6	2 738.1	2 622.7			80.1	US\$/kg
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		1 238.8	1 501.1	1 604.7	18.5	23.7		thsd US\$/unit

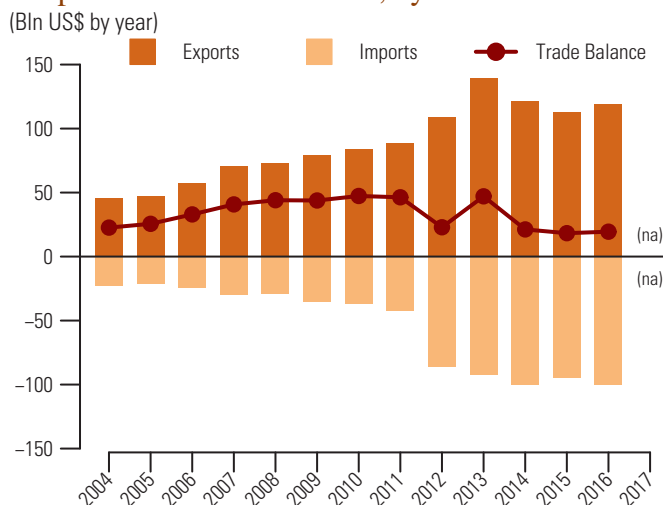
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Switzerland decreased slightly by 1.8 percent to reach 299.3 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 0.6 percent to reach 267.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 31.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 22.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Switzerland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Switzerland increased moderately by 5.4 percent, reaching 119.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.2 percent and reached 100.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 19.4 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 33.4, 23.4 and 19.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, the United States and China, accounting for respectively 14.6, 11.7 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 21.2 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 19.9 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 16.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

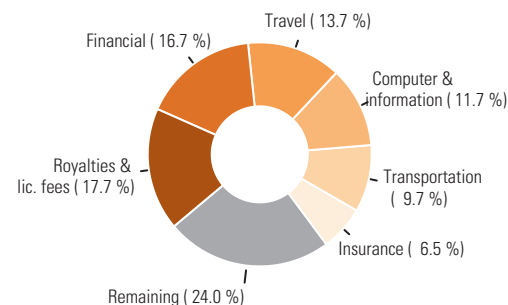


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		291 959.2	304 691.3	299 308.7					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		72 446.6	82 265.6	67 923.4	37.6	39.9	40.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		34 544.4	39 949.9	40 999.0	356.6	404.7	403.5	US\$/kg	542
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		24 943.3	26 339.7	28 073.2	3.5	3.6	4.1	thsd US\$/kg	541
9102 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal.....		13 212.5	12 320.5	12 672.9	476.2	491.1	528.0	US\$/unit	885
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		11 057.1	11 010.5	11 192.2	239.5	212.2	224.0	thsd US\$/kg	897
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.....		6 670.1	8 454.7	8 314.5			385.9	US\$/kg	515
9101 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal.....		8 015.1	6 392.6	6 454.8	16.3	16.3	16.7	thsd US\$/unit	885
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses.....		6 237.5	6 109.5	6 026.9					899
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		3 617.0	3 308.9	3 579.3					931
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		3 086.9	3 289.2	3 641.6					872

*Trade in services data limitations result in an imperfect conversion from EBOPS2010 to EBOPS2002 beginning in 2012.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	299308.7	-4.4	-1.8	100.0
0+1	9034.6	-0.1	3.3	3.0
2+4	1589.7	-4.7	8.0	0.5
3	2068.6	-13.2	-1.1	0.7
5	100113.8	3.7	4.5	33.4
6	17708.2	-4.3	8.5	5.9
7	41841.8	-1.2	4.8	14.0
8	56860.2	-0.1	4.2	19.0
9	70091.9	-15.0	-18.2	23.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

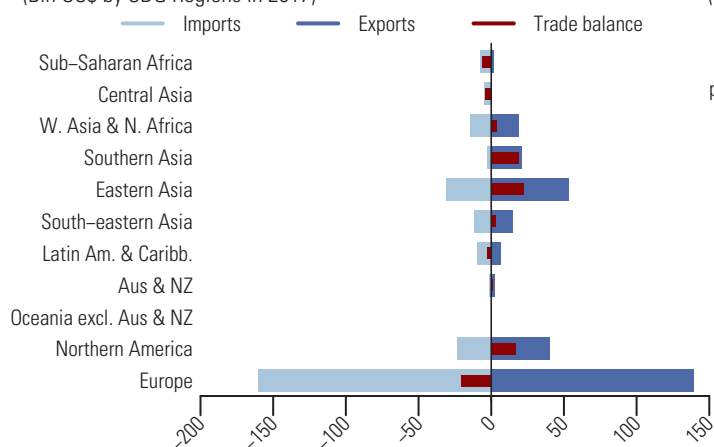
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	267501.5	-4.5	-0.6	100.0
0+1	11316.8	-0.5	4.2	4.2
2+4	2641.2	-2.8	3.8	1.0
3	8197.4	-15.0	19.2	3.1
5	49385.4	1.2	6.7	18.5
6	25966.7	-3.8	5.7	9.7
7	52251.3	0.5	4.0	19.5
8	45740.3	1.8	7.7	17.1
9	72002.5	-11.9	-15.7	26.9

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

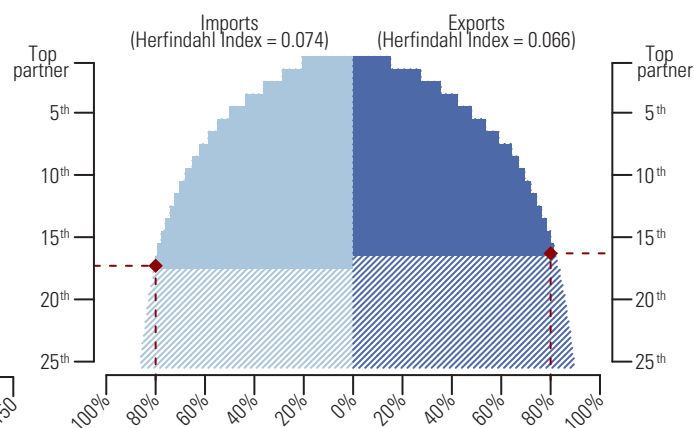
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



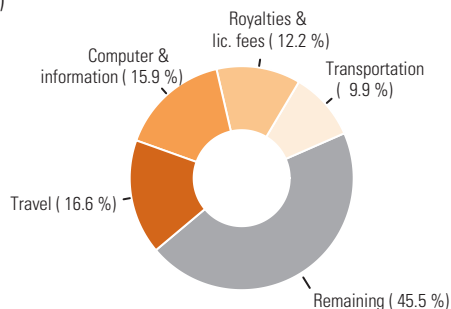
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 26.9, 19.5 and 18.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, the United Kingdom and the United States, accounting for respectively 20.2, 9.0 and 8.3 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 16.6 bln US\$, followed by "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 15.9 bln US\$ and "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 12.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

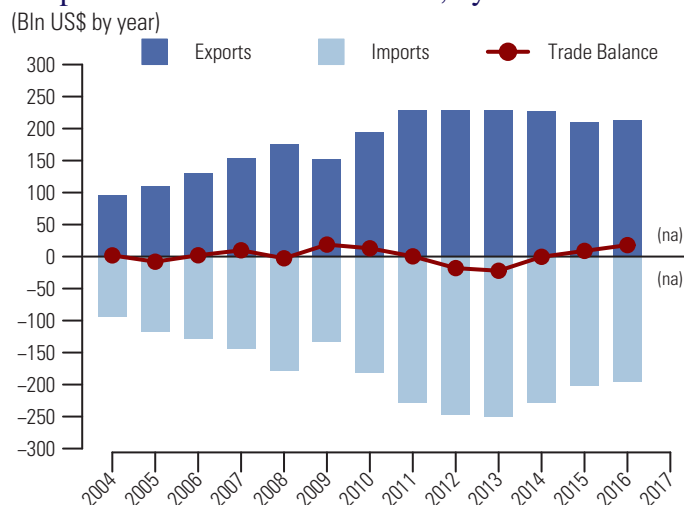
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		253152.5	269157.2	267501.5				
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		70738.4	82874.5	69831.4	28.1	30.5	29.6	thsd US\$/kg 971
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		14058.2	16633.7	19302.5	232.4	262.7	297.5	US\$/kg 542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		10508.2	10295.6	10473.6	28.1	29.5	30.5	thsd US\$/unit 781
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		9907.8	8896.0	11154.7	84.3	85.5	73.1	thsd US\$/kg 897
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		7161.8	7478.5	8806.1	0.9	0.8	1.1	thsd US\$/kg 541
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.....		5737.1	7079.9	5494.2			130.2	US\$/kg 515
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		4436.6	3375.8	4143.0	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		3205.0	3122.2	3367.9				764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		3141.5	2916.5	3019.1	343.1	334.6	326.0	US\$/unit 752
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		2772.0	2508.7	2500.0			2.9	thsd US\$/carat 667

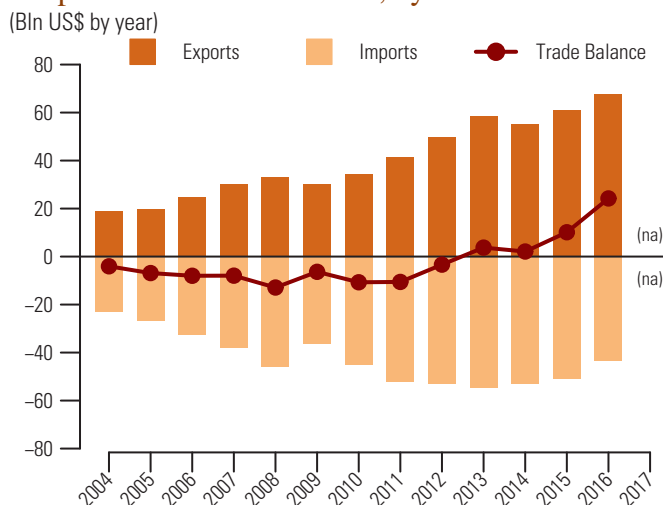
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Thailand increased slightly by 1.3 percent to reach 213.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 3.1 percent to reach 195.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 17.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -26.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Thailand were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Thailand increased substantially by 10.8 percent, reaching 67.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 14.7 percent and reached 43.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 24.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 45.3, 13.2 and 12.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Automatic data processing machines and units thereof" (HS code 8471) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Japan, accounting for respectively 11.1, 11.0 and 9.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 48.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 11.0 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 5.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

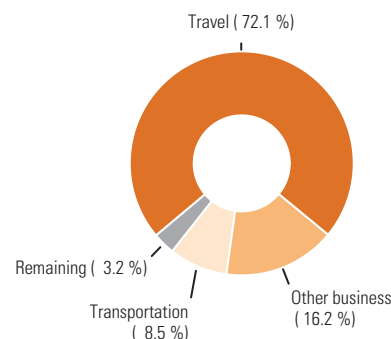


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
	All Commodities.....	227572.8	210883.4	213593.4				
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	12115.7	11413.3	10467.0	49.4	50.5	US\$/unit	752
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	6524.5	9393.6	11623.0	13.8	1.9	2.5 thsd US\$/unit	781
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	10347.3	8160.1	6458.7				782
8542	Electronic integrated circuits.....	7502.6	7610.6	7662.9				776
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	9811.1	6809.9	4800.4				334
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	6789.5	6729.7	6921.9	8.5	8.3	8.2 US\$/kg	784
4001	Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle.....	6021.5	4976.7	4414.9	1.8	1.4	1.2 US\$/kg	231
1006	Rice.....	5438.8	4544.0	4377.9	0.5	0.5	0.4 US\$/kg	042
8415	Air conditioning machines, comprising a motor-driven fan.....	4609.8	4525.9	4845.3				741
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	2779.7	3737.7	7275.8	27.2	29.5	33.1 thsd US\$/kg	971

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	213 593.4	-1.8	1.3	100.0
0+1	28 274.7	-1.5	0.3	13.2
2+4	9 590.7	-8.1	2.7	4.5
3	6 250.8	-19.6	-24.6	2.9
5	19 629.0	-4.0	-4.0	9.2
6	26 308.3	-2.3	-0.9	12.3
7	96 711.2	1.0	2.2	45.3
8	19 511.3	0.0	-1.0	9.1
9	7 317.4	2.3	93.3	3.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

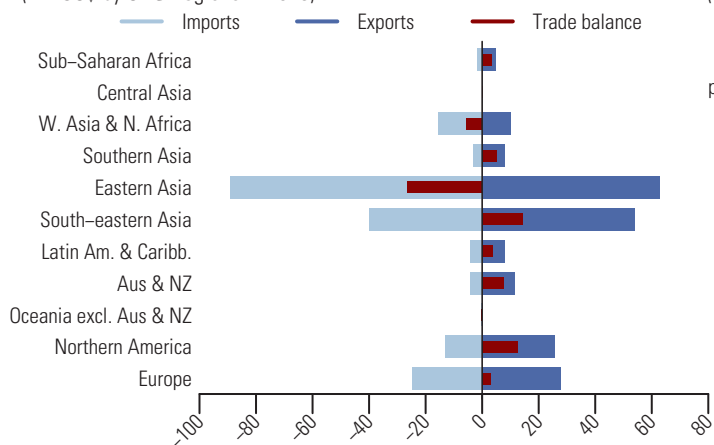
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	195 714.2	-5.7	-3.1	100.0
0+1	11 504.9	1.4	3.3	5.9
2+4	5 828.2	-6.4	-0.4	3.0
3	24 608.8	-15.3	-18.5	12.6
5	21 474.2	-2.6	-1.0	11.0
6	34 340.7	-4.0	-0.7	17.5
7	76 275.0	-4.3	0.0	39.0
8	15 626.2	0.3	3.5	8.0
9	6 056.2	-13.3	-15.9	3.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

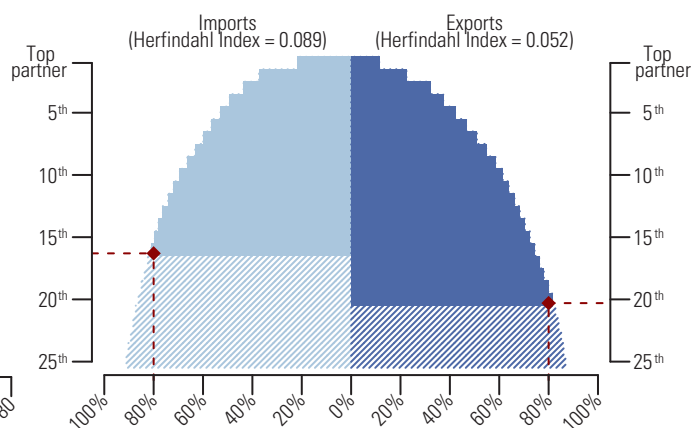
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



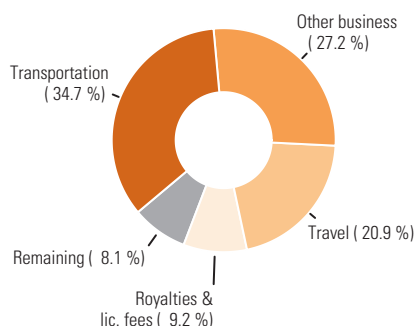
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 39.0, 17.5 and 12.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Japan and the United States, accounting for respectively 19.4, 15.6 and 6.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 15.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 11.8 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 9.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		227 931.5	202 019.4	195 714.2				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		33 216.5	19 452.1	15 236.4	0.8	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		9 680.8	9 356.3	9 474.8				
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		6 612.5	7 204.1	5 929.1	39.9	35.9	39.4	thsd US\$/kg
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		5 454.3	6 108.7	6 417.7				
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		5 313.0	5 300.4	5 892.9	10.3	9.3	9.8	US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		6 585.9	5 370.3	3 237.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		5 573.1	2 983.5	3 575.5				
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		3 560.7	3 425.3	3 127.9		25.2	26.6	US\$/unit
7326 Other articles of iron or steel.....		2 589.9	3 470.6	3 417.9	6.8	8.6	8.4	US\$/kg
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		3 009.6	3 086.7	2 437.8	0.6	4.9	3.5	mIn US\$/unit

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

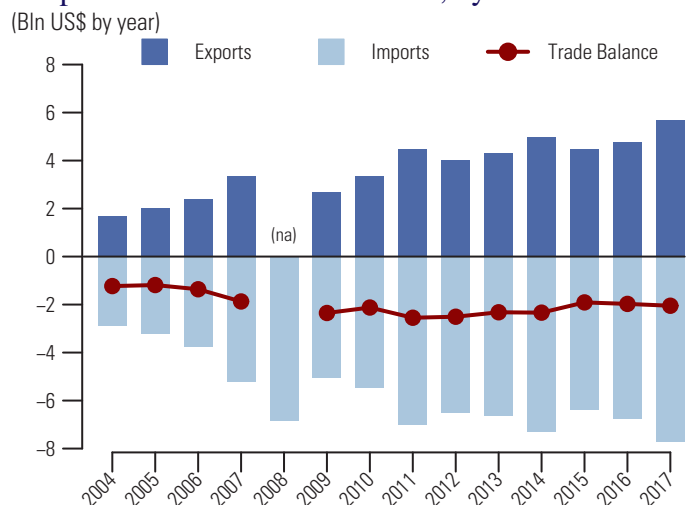
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: Special

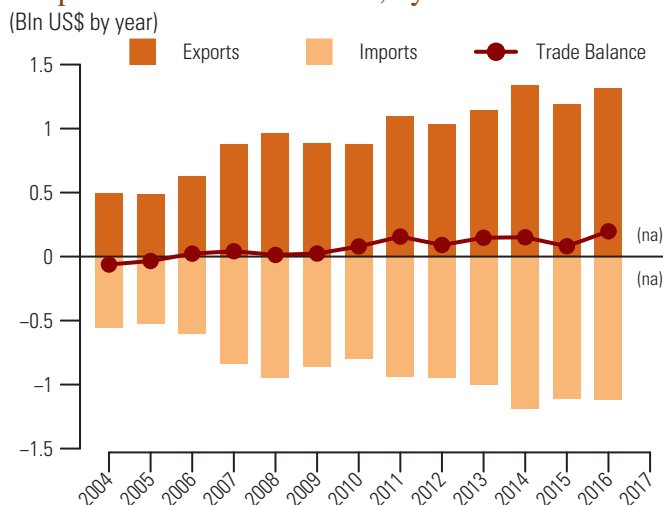
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia increased substantially by 18.5 percent to reach 5.7 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.2 percent to reach 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -522.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia increased substantially by 10.8 percent, reaching 1.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.1 percent and reached 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 197.4 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 29.5, 24.0 and 15.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations" (HS code 3815) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Serbia and Bulgaria, accounting for respectively 46.2, 8.6 and 5.7 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 356.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 301.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 284.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

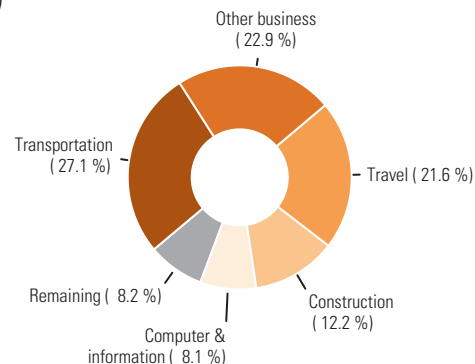


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
	All Commodities.....	4 489.9	4 784.6	5 670.4					
3815	Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations.....	856.7	972.5	1 162.3	93.4	86.4	86.8	US\$/kg	598
8421	Centrifuges, including centrifugal dryers.....	474.3	550.0	597.9					743
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	274.6	387.1	459.0	15.1	15.5	17.1	US\$/kg	773
7202	Ferro-alloys.....	300.4	140.7	69.1	2.3	1.7	2.0	US\$/kg	671
9401	Seats (other than those of heading 94.02).....	102.4	130.1	179.4					821
8702	Motor vehicles for the transport of ten or more persons, including the driver.....	104.6	142.2	148.1	214.4	230.1	245.2	thsd US\$/unit	783
2401	Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....	95.9	118.1	142.5	4.2	4.3	5.2	US\$/kg	121
6203	Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....	104.2	101.5	108.2	24.3	22.5	23.3	US\$/unit	841
6204	Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....	108.6	107.3	94.2	15.1	15.2	14.8	US\$/unit	842
7208	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....	83.2	96.3	130.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	673

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5670.4	7.2	18.5	100.0
0+1	573.9	-2.5	5.3	10.1
2+4	327.3	3.2	43.4	5.8
3	85.5	-5.3	55.6	1.5
5	1358.5	12.9	18.5	24.0
6	767.8	-7.1	11.2	13.5
7	1672.0	30.8	25.5	29.5
8	881.6	1.7	12.1	15.5
9	3.8	3.7	96.7	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

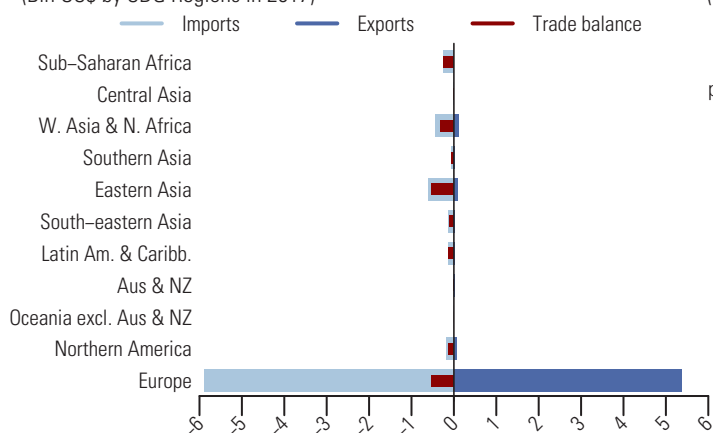
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	7719.1	3.9	14.2	100.0
0+1	769.7	0.3	10.9	10.0
2+4	244.4	-3.6	22.4	3.2
3	752.4	-8.5	24.2	9.7
5	865.5	-0.2	8.2	11.2
6	2881.3	9.0	14.4	37.3
7	1673.7	9.5	15.8	21.7
8	524.4	5.6	7.7	6.8
9	7.7	8.7	1.2	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

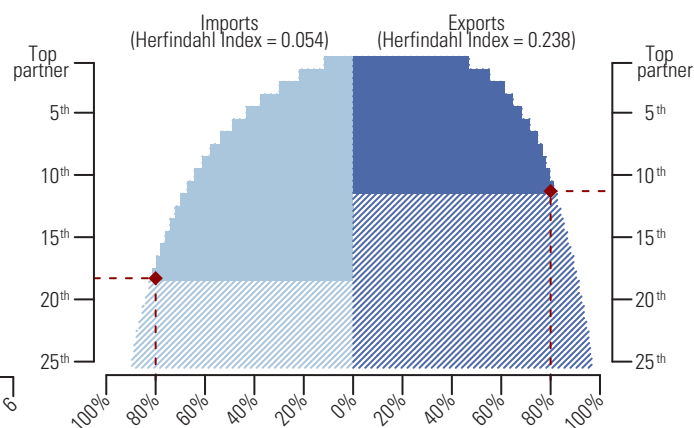
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



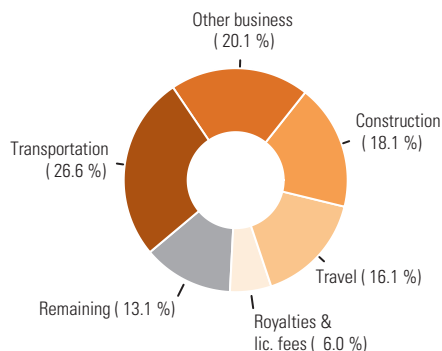
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 37.3, 21.7 and 11.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form" (HS code 7110) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, the United Kingdom and Serbia, accounting for respectively 12.2, 10.2 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 298.6 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 225.6 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 203.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

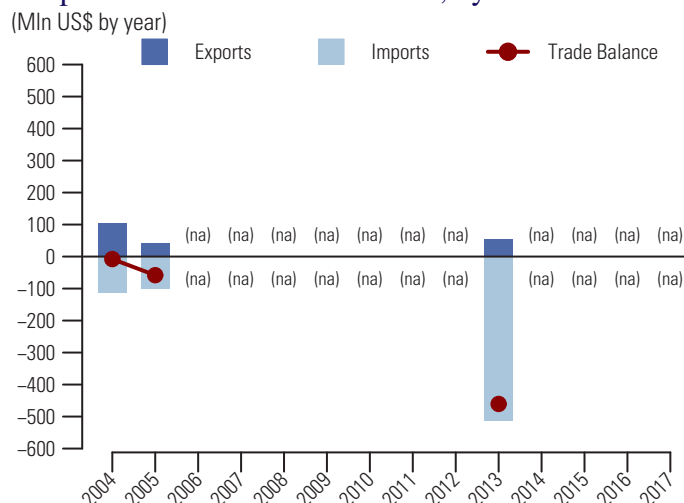
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		6399.8	6757.0	7719.1				
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form.....		738.9	830.9	958.7	31.4	27.5	30.1	thsd US\$/kg 681
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		438.8	396.6	478.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
6909 Ceramic wares for laboratory, chemical or other technical uses.....		170.0	236.9	289.7	22.1	22.6	23.2	US\$/kg 663
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		146.0	141.7	213.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg 673
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		130.3	154.0	171.9	4.7	5.0	6.1	thsd US\$/unit 781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		112.3	139.1	178.6	8.0	7.6	9.0	US\$/kg 773
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		108.6	122.6	130.5	26.9	32.6	31.0	US\$/kg 542
2716 Electrical energy.....		133.3	92.7	124.7	1.4	1.0	1.5	US\$/MWh 351
3824 Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores.....		78.5	108.6	113.2	9.2	11.2		US\$/kg 598
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		87.2	105.0	102.4				764

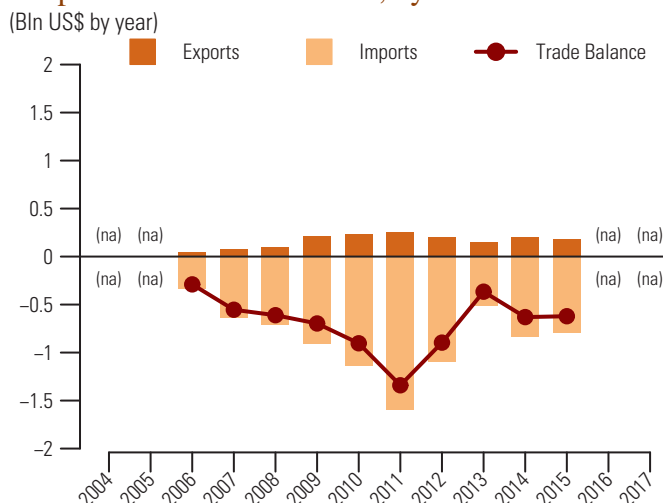
Overview:

In 2013, the value of merchandise exports of Timor-Leste reached 53.1 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 513.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 460.6 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -347.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Timor-Leste were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Timor-Leste decreased substantially by 12.4 percent, reaching 178.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 4.1 percent and reached 799.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 621.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2013, representing respectively 33.1, 30.4 and 30.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2011 to 2013, the largest export commodity was "Worn clothing and other worn articles" (HS code 6309) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Indonesia, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 34.8, 14.5 and 13.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 51.1 mln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 15.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

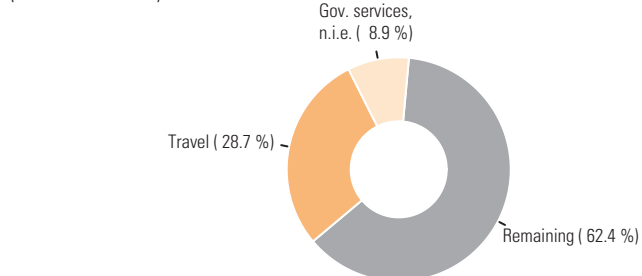


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2011 to 2013

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013		Unit
	All Commodities.....	...	...	53.1				
6309	Worn clothing and other worn articles.....	...	...	17.2	0.7		US\$/kg	269
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	...	...	15.8	0.9		US\$/kg	071
8529	Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....	...	...	4.8	24.3		US\$/kg	764
8803	Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....	...	...	3.5	85.9		US\$/kg	792
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	...	...	1.8	16.6		thsd US\$/unit	781
8426	Ships' derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting frames.....	...	...	0.9	58.8		thsd US\$/unit	744
4911	Other printed matter, including printed pictures and photographs.....	...	...	0.8	47.7		US\$/kg	892
8419	Machinery, plant or laboratory equipment.....	...	...	0.8				741
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	...	...	0.7				764
8543	Electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions.....	...	...	0.6				778

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	53.1	...	...	100.0
0+1	16.0	...	...	30.1
2+4	17.6	...	...	33.1
5	0.1	...	...	0.2
6	1.0	...	...	1.9
7	16.2	...	...	30.4
8	2.2	...	...	4.2
9	0.1	...	...	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	513.7	...	...	100.0
0+1	69.7	...	...	13.6
2+4	39.7	...	...	7.7
3	143.7	...	...	28.0
5	15.2	...	...	3.0
6	62.7	...	...	12.2
7	141.7	...	...	27.6
8	26.5	...	...	5.2
9	14.6	...	...	2.8

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

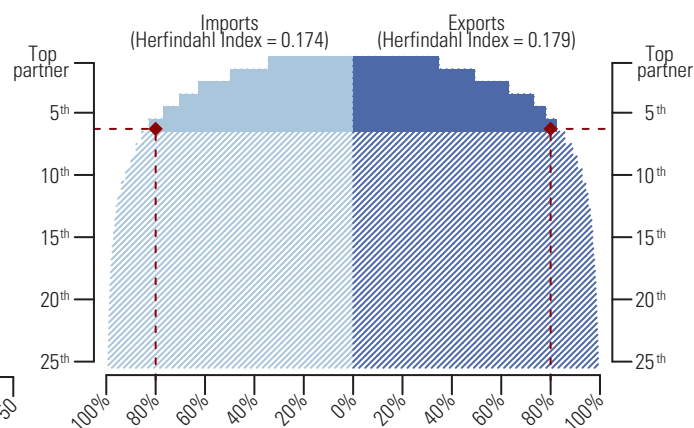
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2013)



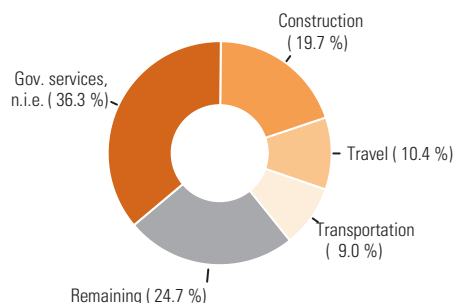
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2013)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2013, representing respectively 28.0, 27.6 and 13.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2011 to 2013, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Indonesia, Malaysia and Singapore, accounting for respectively 34.3, 15.4 and 12.8 percent of total imports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 290.1 mln US\$, followed by "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 157.3 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 83.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2011 to 2013

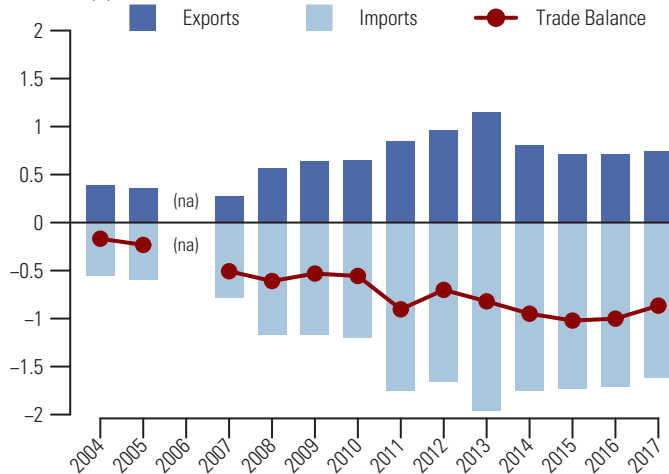
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	
All Commodities.....		513.7				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		141.5	0.9	US\$/kg	334	
6309 Worn clothing and other worn articles.....		31.9	0.8	US\$/kg	269	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		23.6	21.4	thsd US\$/unit	781	
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		22.7			782	
1006 Rice.....		22.3	0.3	US\$/kg	042	
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		15.8	0.2	US\$/kg	661	
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers.....		15.0	66.4	thsd US\$/unit	723	
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		14.6			931	
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		9.3	0.5	US\$/litre	111	
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.....		9.2	16.0	US\$/kg	764	

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Togo increased slightly by 4.8 percent to reach 749.3 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 5.9 percent to reach 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 865.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -520.3 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Togo were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Togo decreased slightly by 0.2 percent, reaching 487.3 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 12.9 percent and reached 367.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 120.3 mln US\$.

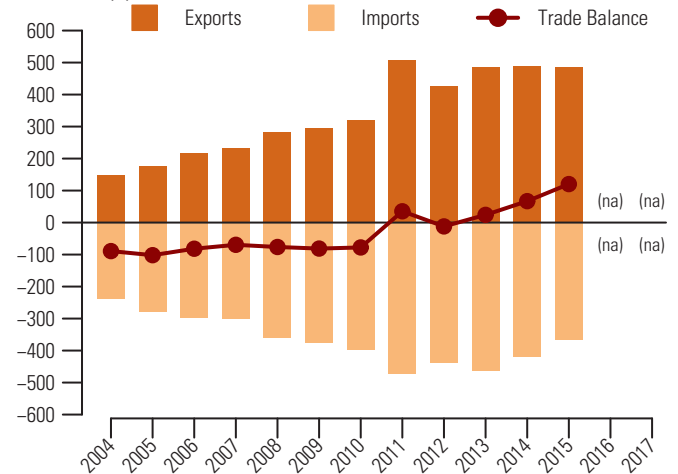
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Mln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 26.9, 17.9 and 15.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Natural calcium phosphates" (HS code 2510) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Burkina Faso, Benin and India, accounting for respectively 16.4, 15.3 and 7.7 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 203.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 113.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 100.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

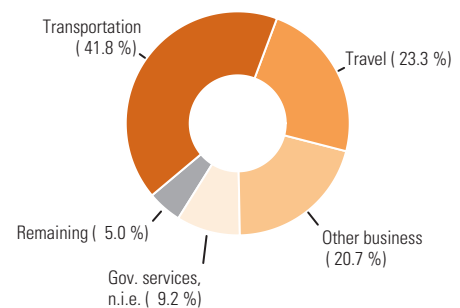


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		710.0	714.9	749.3				
2510 Natural calcium phosphates.....		100.2	81.2	67.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics.....		66.1	70.9	60.9	1.7	1.7	20.9	US\$/kg
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		49.3	53.5	94.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		63.2	51.1	72.5	1.3	1.5	16.1	US\$/kg
3304 Beauty or make-up preparations.....		43.3	46.7	51.9	3.5	4.6	33.3	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		26.5	24.7	34.5	1.7	1.7	43.1	thsd US\$/kg
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		16.7	37.8	26.8	1.1	1.3		US\$/litre
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		27.2	16.2	27.8	0.5	0.5	3.4	US\$/kg
6704 Wigs, false beards, eyebrows and eyelashes, switches and the like.....		22.8	21.3	22.1	3.8	4.5	138.7	US\$/kg
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		23.7	17.2	22.8	1.0	1.2	16.6	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	749.3	-10.1	4.8	100.0
0+1	108.8	-0.4	-1.0	14.5
2+4	201.6	-8.1	18.3	26.9
3	14.2	-30.2	27.0	1.9
5	76.4	-5.3	-16.1	10.2
6	134.4	-17.6	35.7	17.9
7	66.0	-18.6	-25.7	8.8
8	112.7	0.0	-5.9	15.0
9	35.1	-5.2	42.2	4.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

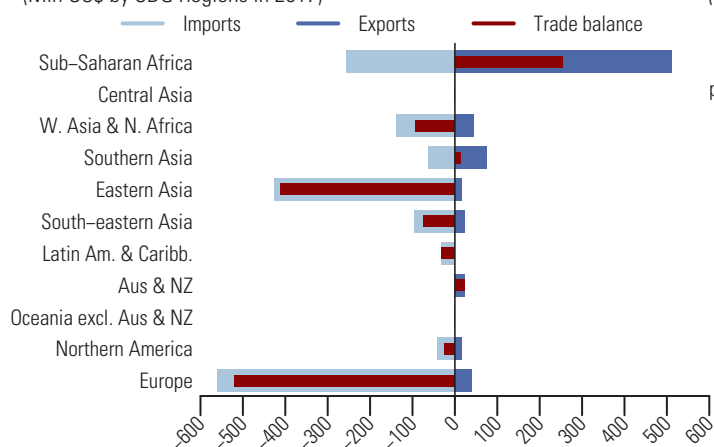
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1614.9	-4.8	-5.9	100.0
0+1	236.1	0.2	17.7	14.6
2+4	80.9	2.3	55.8	5.0
3	250.8	-12.8	7.7	15.5
5	327.2	-0.2	6.1	20.3
6	309.9	-7.5	-1.0	19.2
7	318.2	-5.0	-36.8	19.7
8	91.8	3.2	-12.8	5.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

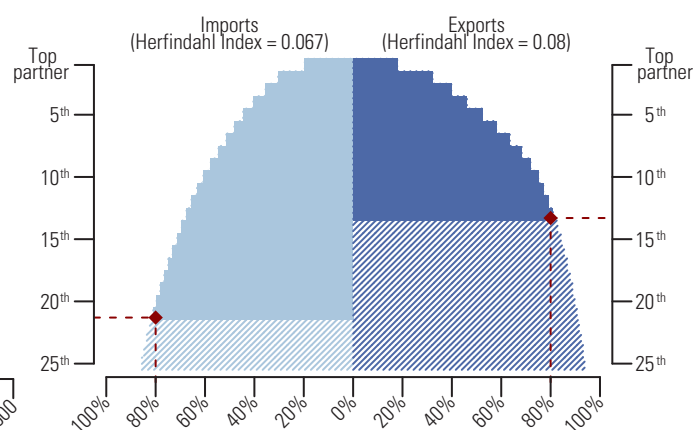
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



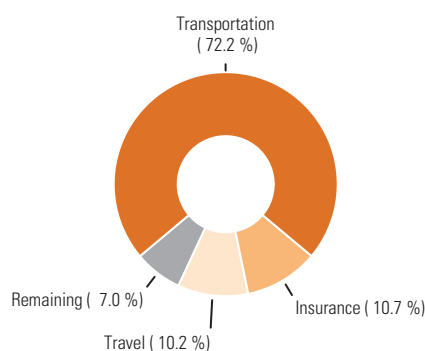
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 20.3, 19.7 and 19.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and Japan, accounting for respectively 22.9, 9.7 and 4.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 265.0 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 39.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 37.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

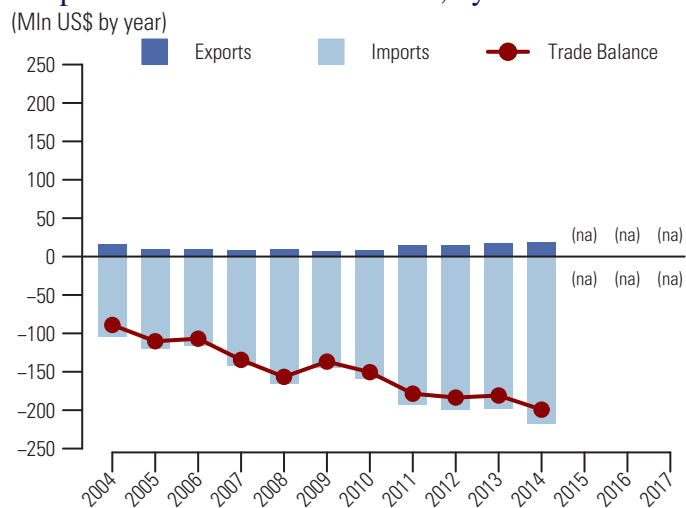
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
All Commodities.....		1730.9	1715.6	1614.9					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		188.2	198.1	201.2	0.6	0.4	US\$/kg	334	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		89.5	82.7	101.6	17.6	17.7	340.0	542	
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		63.2	54.4	71.1	1.4	1.3	US\$/kg	571	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		47.7	56.4	50.0	24.6	26.1	3.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor.....		23.9	36.5	53.5	2.0	0.2	thsd US\$/unit	785	
8426 Ships/derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting frames.....		15.8	91.7	0.6		2.6	thsd US\$/unit	744	
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		41.9	19.0	40.1	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	422	
5208 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		32.7	35.0	32.1	1.3	1.2	78.7	652	
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		39.4	24.1	27.5	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		32.6	29.3	26.1				764	

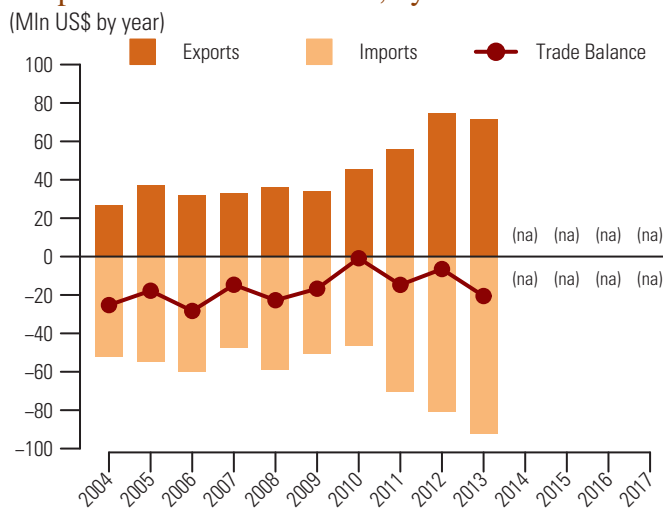
Overview:

In 2014, the value of merchandise exports of Tonga increased substantially by 10.5 percent to reach 18.9 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.2 percent to reach 218.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 199.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Australia and New Zealand at -68.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Tonga were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2013, the value of exports of services of Tonga decreased slightly by 3.6 percent, reaching 71.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.0 percent and reached 92.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 20.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2014, representing respectively 68.7, 15.5 and 6.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2012 to 2014, the largest export commodity was "Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets" (HS code 0302) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were New Zealand, the United States and China, Hong Kong SAR, accounting for respectively 24.4, 12.2 and 12.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2013 at 45.2 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 12.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 7.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2013)

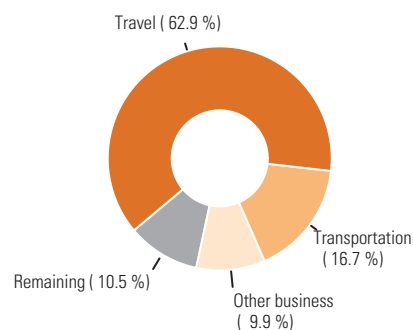


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2012 to 2014

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014		Unit
All Commodities.....		15.6	17.1	18.9					
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		2.1	2.0	2.9	7.6	9.9	5.3	US\$/kg	034
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots.....		1.7	2.5	2.7	1.0	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	054
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not.....		2.1	0.8	3.1	15.7	11.4	5.9	US\$/kg	036
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		0.0	3.0	2.9			1.1	US\$/kg	334
0709 Other vegetables, fresh or chilled.....		1.5	1.6	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	054
1212 Locust beans, seaweeds and other algae.....		1.9	1.0	1.4	4.1	5.1	7.9	US\$/kg	292
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....		0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	057
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		0.4	0.6	0.3	1.1	2.1	1.0	US\$/kg	034
1211 Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits).....		0.1	0.5	0.6	6.3	11.4	13.5	US\$/kg	292
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....		1.1	0.0	0.0					892

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2014	Avg. Growth rates		2014 share
		2010-2014	2013-2014	
Total	18.9	23.0	10.5	100.0
0+1	13.0	15.4	31.2	68.7
2+4	1.2	41.5	-12.5	6.1
3	2.9	...	-3.8	15.5
5	0.3	-3.4	-10.5	1.7
6	0.1	42.4	72.3	0.7
7	0.6	306.5	-47.3	3.1
8	0.7	31.3	-42.6	3.7
9	0.1	38.1	13.2	0.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2014	Avg. Growth rates		2014 share
		2010-2014	2013-2014	
Total	218.2	8.3	10.2	100.0
0+1	58.6	6.4	1.4	26.9
2+4	5.9	6.8	27.1	2.7
3	46.5	6.5	5.6	21.3
5	9.8	7.2	4.2	4.5
6	23.1	2.5	20.0	10.6
7	55.5	15.7	37.3	25.5
8	15.6	6.7	7.1	7.1
9	3.2	33.7	-59.9	1.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

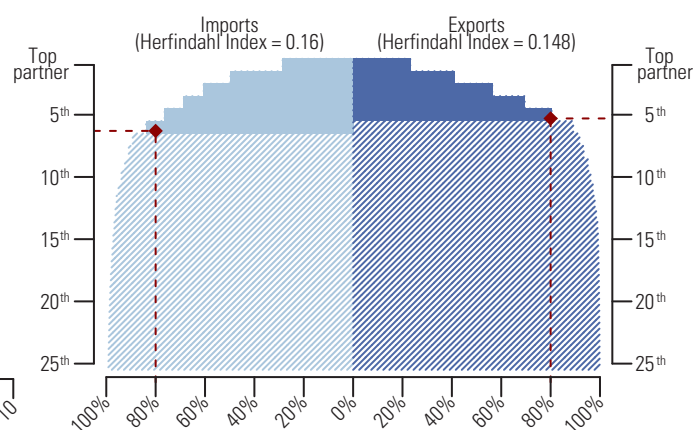
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Mln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2014)



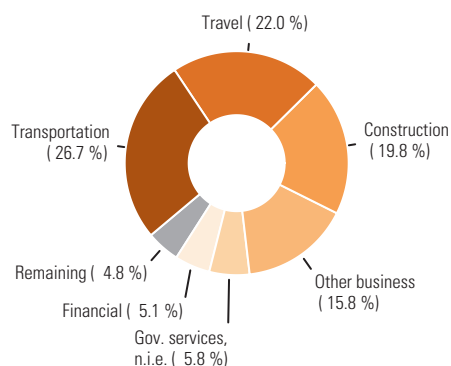
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2014)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2013)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2014, representing respectively 26.9, 25.5 and 21.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2012 to 2014, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were New Zealand, Singapore and the United States, accounting for respectively 29.0, 23.3 and 11.7 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2013 at 24.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 20.3 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 18.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2012 to 2014

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014		Unit
All Commodities.....		199.2	198.0	218.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		44.6	41.6	44.2	1.1	1.5	1.4	US\$/kg 334
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05.....		12.4	11.8	12.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	US\$/kg 012
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		2.6	9.5	6.2				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		5.1	5.3	6.3	5.1	0.9	0.6	thsd US\$/unit 781
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices.....		0.0	0.2	11.3				776
1602 Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal or blood.....		3.7	4.1	3.6	5.6	4.7	5.0	US\$/kg 017
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		0.1	7.9	3.2				931
1101 Wheat or meslin flour.....		3.8	3.6	3.3	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg 046
0204 Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen.....		4.0	3.4	2.8	4.3	4.3	4.2	US\$/kg 012
2202 Waters with added sugar.....		2.8	3.1	2.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	US\$/litre 111

Trinidad and Tobago

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

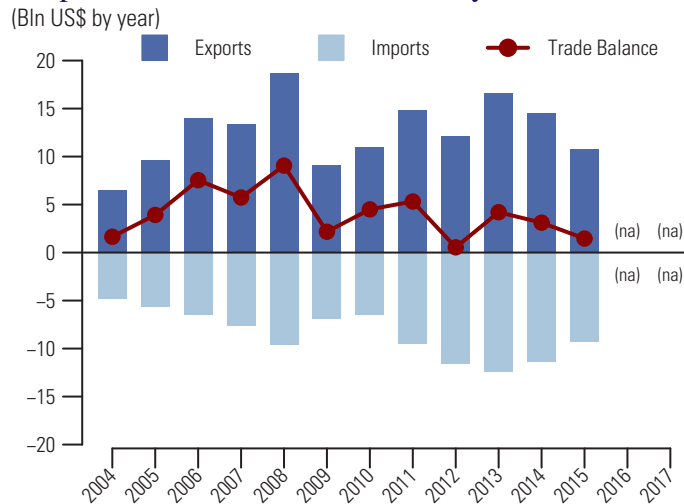
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: Special

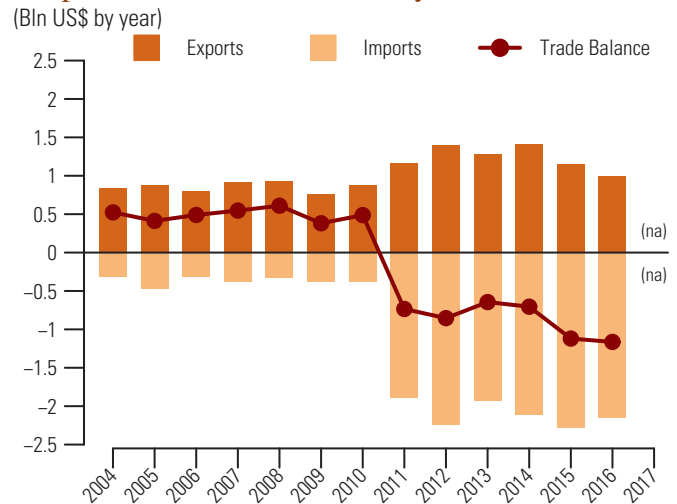
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of Trinidad and Tobago decreased substantially by 26.0 percent to reach 10.8 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 18.5 percent to reach 9.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at 2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Trinidad and Tobago were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Trinidad and Tobago decreased substantially by 14.2 percent, reaching 992.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 5.3 percent and reached 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 43.3, 32.0 and 9.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Colombia and Argentina, accounting for respectively 42.0, 4.3 and 4.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 463.5 mln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 308.2 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 124.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

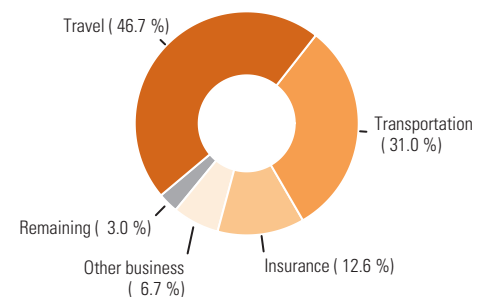


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		16597.5	14526.1	10755.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		5875.5	3262.6	1260.3	0.7	0.7	0.5	US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		3442.2	3474.5	3120.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg
2814 Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution.....		2567.8	1833.8	1649.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives.....		1096.9	1568.3	1161.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		916.5	1344.6	271.3	26.3	11.1	446.4	US\$/kg
7203 Ferrous products obtained by direct reduction of iron ore.....		406.0	841.4	386.8	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		242.1	448.1	504.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg
7213 Bars and rods, hot-rolled, in irregularly wound coils.....		783.2	178.3	120.7	1.5	0.6	0.8	US\$/kg
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels.....		20.0	0.1	457.4				
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats.....		0.3	216.6	206.4				

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	10 755.6	-7.8	-26.0	100.0
0+1	400.5	0.8	8.2	3.7
2+4	401.4	-12.9	229.0	3.7
3	4657.3	-13.5	-42.4	43.3
5	3440.9	-5.1	-13.5	32.0
6	711.5	-7.6	-46.7	6.6
7	1 042.1	51.3	102.7	9.7
8	95.8	7.7	-16.3	0.9
9	6.1	51.7	-43.3	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

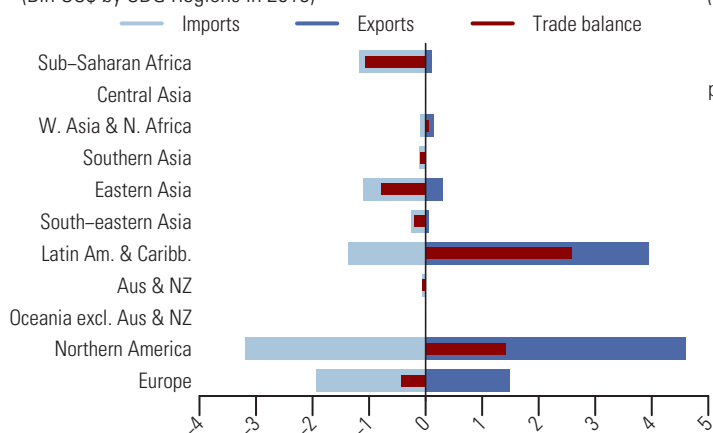
SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	9 297.8	-0.7	-18.5	100.0
0+1	998.1	5.5	-1.9	10.7
2+4	406.4	-7.5	-27.6	4.4
3	2693.0	-7.7	-45.7	29.0
5	701.2	3.3	-0.3	7.5
6	1 038.8	6.6	-2.4	11.2
7	2 870.4	1.9	11.7	30.9
8	579.9	10.0	10.5	6.2
9	10.0	10.7	-1.7	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

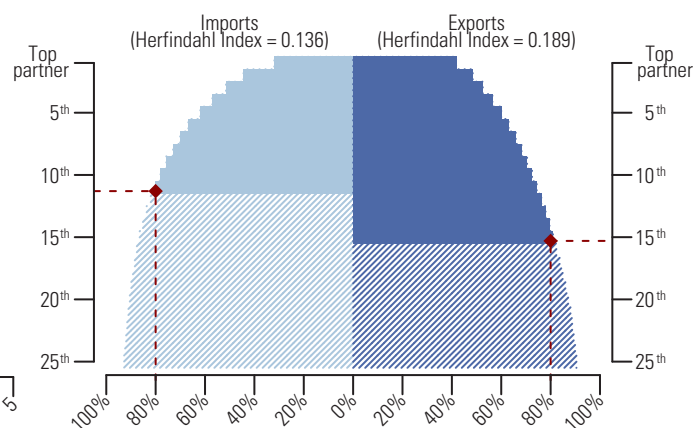
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



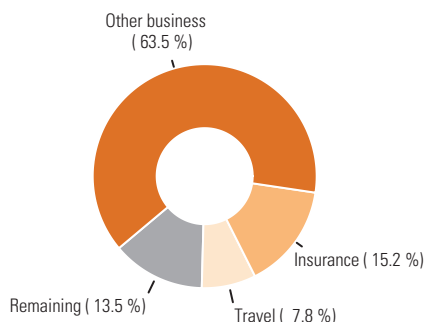
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 30.9, 29.0 and 11.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Gabon and Colombia, accounting for respectively 24.6, 16.0 and 12.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.4 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 328.3 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 168.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

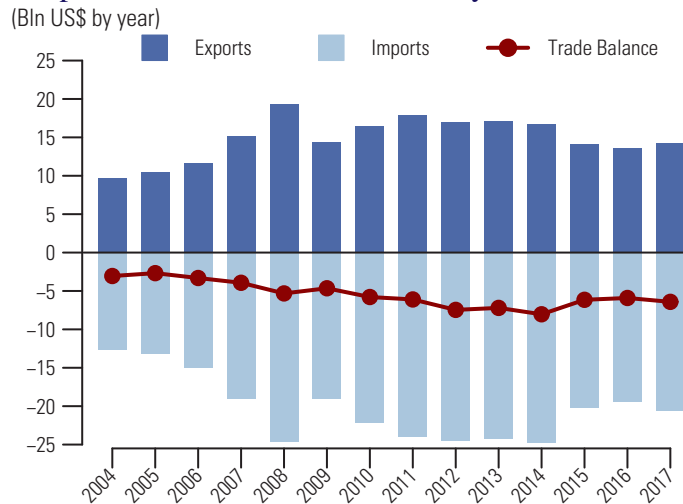
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2007	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	
All Commodities.....		12 395.8	11 411.7	9 297.8				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		5 676.3	4 799.4	2 629.2	0.8	0.7	0.4	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		334.4	345.7	366.3	16.3	16.4	17.4	781
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		335.4	381.9	247.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	281
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		659.1	157.0	56.5	1.1	1.2	2.1	334
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		174.3	202.6	195.2				782
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges.....		229.7	144.5	140.0				793
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		89.0	115.6	177.5				764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		123.9	131.5	125.8	83.1	88.2	87.9	542
8904 Tugs and pusher craft.....		3.5	201.4	175.6				793
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells.....		97.9	102.2	129.6	28.6	31.6	32.1	747

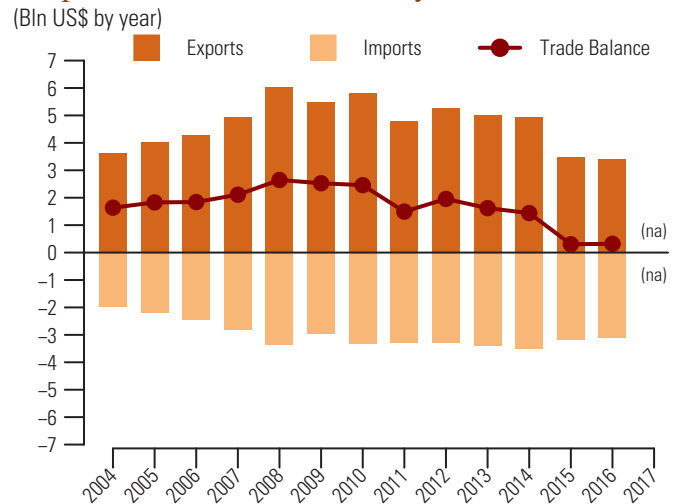
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Tunisia increased slightly by 4.6 percent to reach 14.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 5.8 percent to reach 20.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 6.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Tunisia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Tunisia decreased slightly by 1.5 percent, reaching 3.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.1 percent and reached 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 320.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 38.5, 27.1 and 8.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable" (HS code 8544) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, Italy and Germany, accounting for respectively 30.6, 17.4 and 10.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 948.6 mln US\$ and "Construction services" (EBOPS code 249) at 302.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

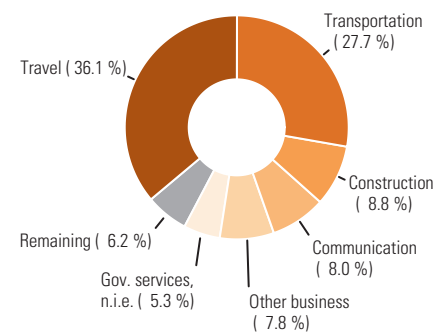


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		14 073.5	13 575.1	14 199.8					
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		1 626.8	1 559.6	1 828.2	11.9	11.0	12.3	US\$/kg	773
1509 Olive oil and its fractions.....		948.6	402.5	406.6	3.3	3.7	4.3	US\$/kg	421
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		632.5	563.7	510.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333
6211 Track suits, ski suits and swimwear; other garments.....		510.9	524.2	467.7					845
6203 Men's or boys' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers.....		452.0	499.5	517.4	15.9	14.6	16.4	US\$/unit	841
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		359.3	414.1	463.0	24.4	25.3	26.1	US\$/kg	772
8528 Reception apparatus for television.....		336.7	412.1	351.5	101.3			US\$/unit	761
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		306.0	369.2	379.1	16.0	18.0	19.5	US\$/kg	784
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		271.9	269.2	310.1	114.1	108.4	109.8	US\$/kg	792
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		291.7	185.4	309.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	334

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	14 199.8	-4.5	4.6	100.0
0+1	1 001.7	-0.8	9.0	7.1
2+4	751.4	-3.4	7.6	5.3
3	846.4	-24.4	10.4	6.0
5	1 038.6	-8.9	-5.6	7.3
6	1 243.1	-4.8	-4.0	8.8
7	5 467.2	0.6	5.3	38.5
8	3 850.6	-2.2	6.9	27.1
9	0.9	-10.3	-58.3	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

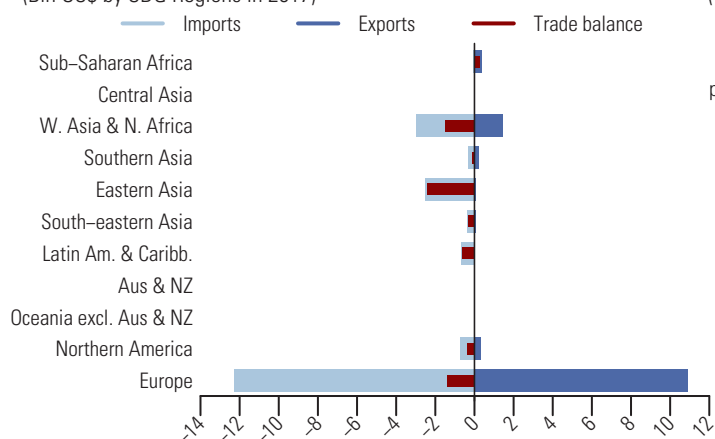
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	20 618.1	-4.0	5.8	100.0
0+1	1 766.3	-2.6	4.7	8.6
2+4	1 038.4	-5.2	-1.7	5.0
3	2 678.5	-11.3	24.9	13.0
5	2 386.8	-4.4	4.2	11.6
6	4 343.6	-1.6	11.2	21.1
7	6 620.1	-2.8	-0.9	32.1
8	1 760.9	-0.3	3.1	8.5
9	23.4	31.6	75.3	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

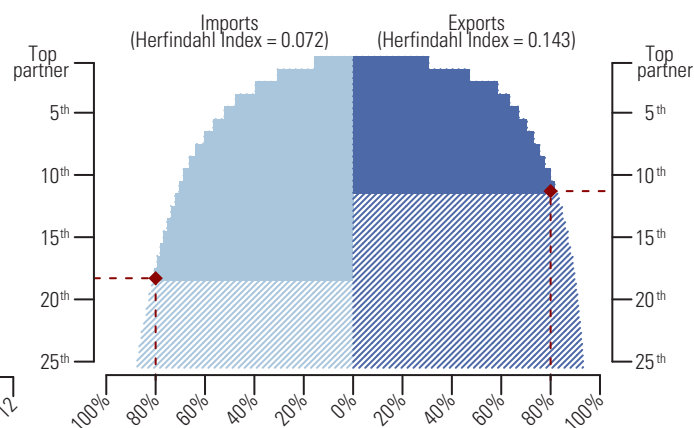
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



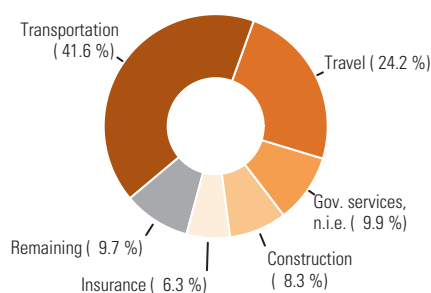
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 32.1, 21.1 and 13.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, Italy and China, accounting for respectively 16.1, 15.0 and 8.9 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 749.1 mln US\$ and "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 308.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

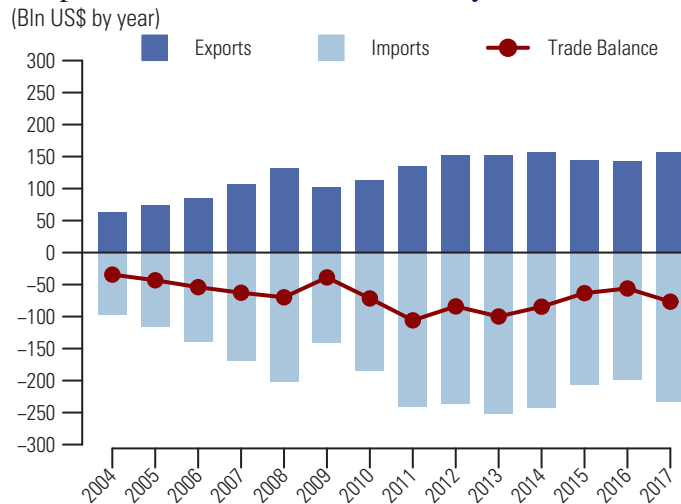
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		20 222.5	19 487.2	20 618.1				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 533.1	964.0	1 373.9	0.5	0.4	0.5	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		888.2	777.6	827.6	0.5	1.5	1.4	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		775.7	747.7	726.5	11.5	12.1		781
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		610.7	486.7	415.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	041
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits.....		355.4	370.8	447.5	24.2	24.1	24.3	772
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		323.8	327.6	369.4	12.1	11.7	12.6	773
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		389.6	349.7	278.9	18.3	20.8	17.7	782
5209 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton.....		335.1	327.5	336.1	11.2	10.6	10.7	652
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		343.0	363.9	276.5				764
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		230.3	344.1	397.1				776

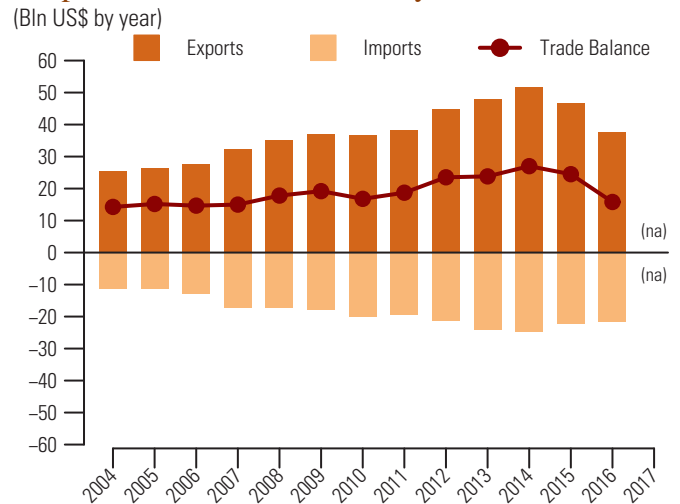
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Turkey increased substantially by 10.2 percent to reach 157.1 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.7 percent to reach 233.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 76.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -33.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Turkey were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 33 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 27 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Turkey decreased substantially by 19.6 percent, reaching 37.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.3 percent and reached 21.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 15.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 30.7, 24.7 and 17.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, the United Kingdom and Iraq, accounting for respectively 9.6, 7.2 and 5.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 18.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 13.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

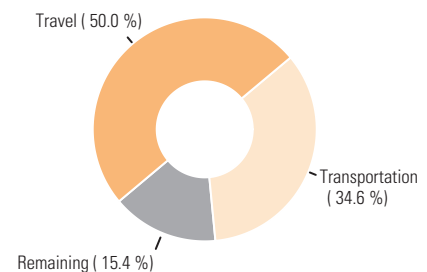


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	143850.4	142529.6	157054.8					
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	6899.8	8356.0	11814.9	10.3	10.8	12.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	7381.1	8248.5	6605.8	38.3	40.1	40.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
8704	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....	4248.9	4578.0	4821.1	12.8	13.1	13.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	3803.5	3867.2	4113.9	4.4	4.4	4.3	US\$/kg	784
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	3756.6	3761.0	4134.5	15.4	17.1	17.4	thsd US\$/kg	897
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	3966.5	2788.4	3669.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
6109	T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted.....	2979.6	2928.8	2877.1	3.8	3.6	3.6	US\$/unit	845
7214	Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....	3077.9	2664.0	2586.7	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	676
6204	Women's or girls' suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....	2195.4	2268.5	2476.8	11.2	10.6	10.7	US\$/unit	842
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	2104.9	1843.3	2342.1					931

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	157 054.8	0.9	10.2	100.0
0+1	15 554.7	0.4	4.9	9.9
2+4	5 516.3	-3.0	17.9	3.5
3	4 055.8	-11.0	34.2	2.6
5	8 617.7	0.2	10.8	5.5
6	38 817.7	-1.8	13.1	24.7
7	48 221.1	4.1	17.3	30.7
8	27 725.0	0.7	3.9	17.7
9	8 546.5	11.9	-15.3	5.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

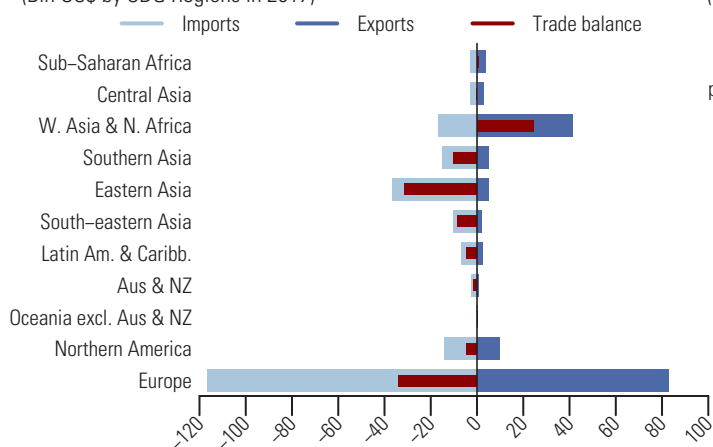
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	233 791.7	-1.8	17.7	100.0
0+1	9 077.5	4.9	25.5	3.9
2+4	17 151.1	-2.1	25.4	7.3
3	16 497.0	-5.0	38.8	7.1
5	31 379.0	-0.1	14.9	13.4
6	37 355.0	-0.9	15.4	16.0
7	71 715.8	1.2	1.9	30.7
8	12 940.3	-3.6	-0.1	5.5
9	37 675.9	-7.6	65.2	16.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

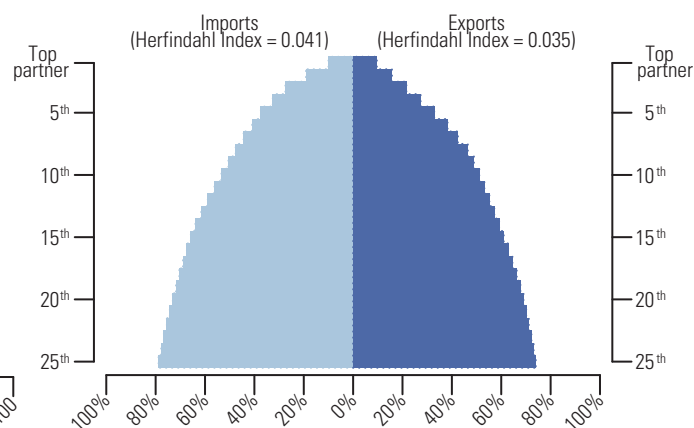
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



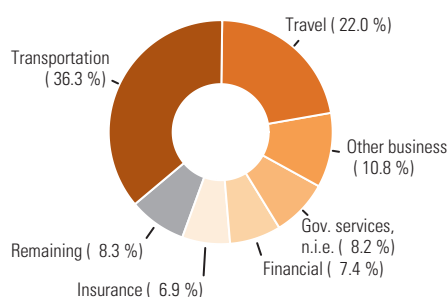
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 30.7, 16.1 and 16.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 11.5, 10.0 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 7.9 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 4.8 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

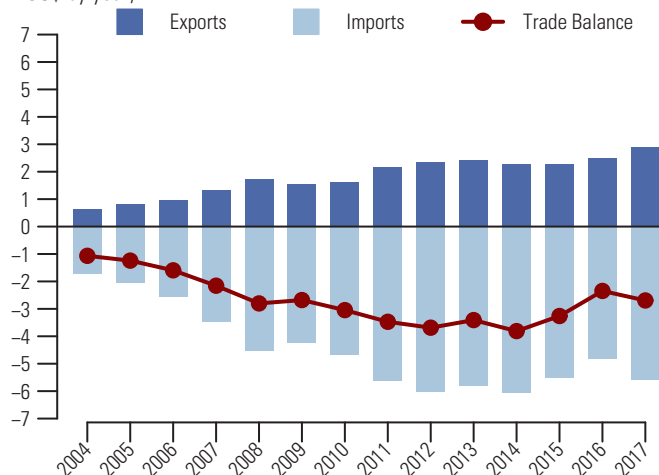
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		207 206.5	198 618.2	233 791.7					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		25 065.9	16 352.3	21 569.0				931	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		9 227.4	9 841.8	8 606.8	15.2	15.3	15.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		3 425.9	6 458.9	16 577.3	32.8	36.3	39.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		9 023.7	7 342.8	9 817.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		4 966.0	5 185.3	6 166.7	8.8	9.3	9.3	US\$/kg	784
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.....		4 288.1	3 962.2	6 138.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	282
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		4 674.8	4 750.8	4 284.9					764
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		2 956.5	2 627.9	3 899.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		3 442.4	3 869.5	2 120.5	26.7	11.7	4.3	mIn US\$/unit	792
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2 642.6	2 610.8	2 717.8	63.0	59.6	58.8	US\$/kg	542

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Uganda increased substantially by 16.9 percent to reach 2.9 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.9 percent to reach 5.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Uganda were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Uganda decreased moderately by 8.6 percent, reaching 1.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 16.2 percent and reached 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 111.7 mln US\$.

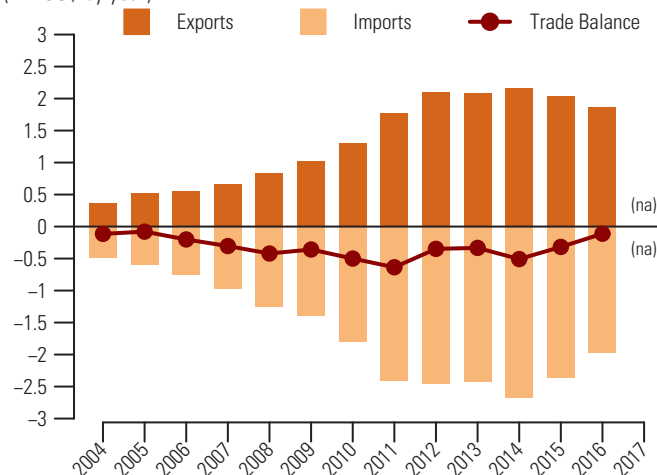
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 53.5, 14.4 and 8.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated" (HS code 0901) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Kenya, the United Arab Emirates and South Sudan, accounting for respectively 18.1, 11.8 and 10.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) at 243.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 198.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

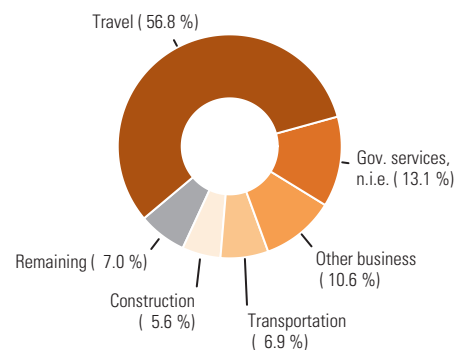


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		2 267.0	2 482.3	2 901.5					
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....		402.6	371.7	555.5	1.8	1.8	1.9	US\$/kg	071
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		35.6	339.3	415.7	34.7	40.7	39.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		131.1	6.8	130.3	1.0	1.5		US\$/kg	334
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....		79.4	79.3	96.0	5.1	5.2		US\$/kg	034
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		49.4	194.3	...					931
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured.....		70.3	71.5	79.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	US\$/kg	074
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		55.1	72.1	90.1	0.5	0.6		US\$/kg	061
1005 Maize (corn).....		63.1	56.6	83.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	044
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted.....		56.7	75.0	54.2	2.3	2.5	2.0	US\$/kg	072
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....		61.0	45.9	77.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	054

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2901.5	4.8	16.9	100.0
0+1	1551.0	6.6	38.4	53.5
2+4	222.7	-2.0	18.5	7.7
3	186.9	5.0	551.2	6.4
5	94.6	-0.5	-12.5	3.3
6	251.3	-9.4	-9.9	8.7
7	122.2	-14.9	-28.4	4.2
8	54.8	-6.9	2.0	1.9
9	418.1	85.8	-21.7	14.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

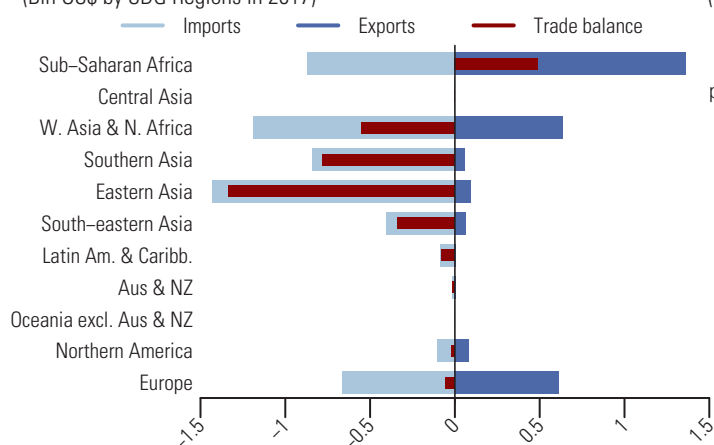
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	5595.9	-1.0	15.9	100.0
0+1	559.1	7.2	35.2	10.0
2+4	432.4	4.9	11.9	7.7
3	1033.2	-6.3	30.5	18.5
5	952.8	0.9	5.4	17.0
6	878.1	0.7	8.7	15.7
7	1368.9	-0.7	16.7	24.5
8	371.4	-2.8	5.9	6.6
9	0.0	-97.0	-100.0	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

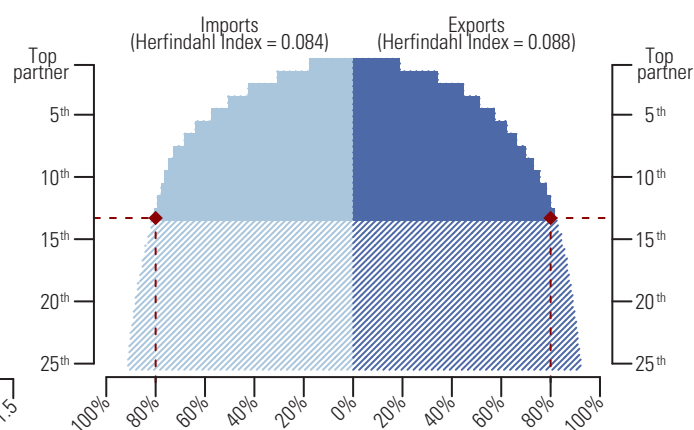
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



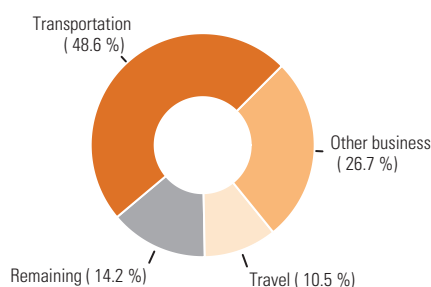
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 24.5, 18.5 and 17.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 17.2, 17.1 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 961.1 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 527.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 208.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

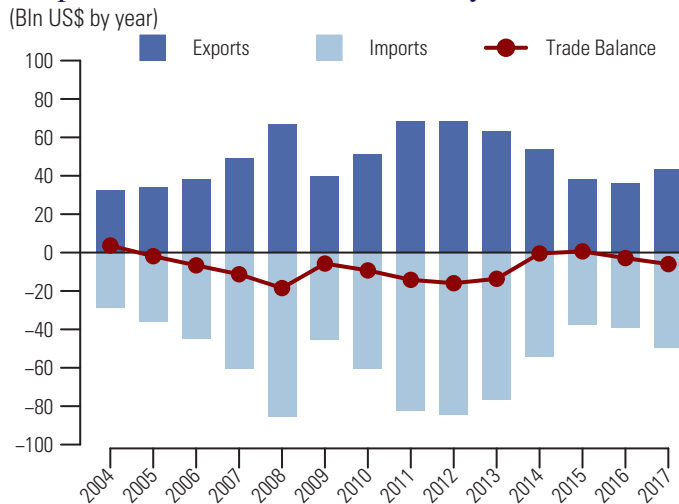
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		5528.1	4829.5	5595.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		979.9	753.5	998.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		304.1	238.3	221.9	19.4	14.0	14.0	US\$/kg 542
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		194.8	217.2	258.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg 422
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		184.5	133.1	143.8	5.8	5.4	3.9	thsd US\$/unit 781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		160.7	117.7	146.4	12.7	9.4	11.4	thsd US\$/unit 782
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		122.9	127.9	147.5	0.3	0.2		US\$/kg 041
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		137.8	86.6	108.5				
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		122.7	80.9	126.8	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 673
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		81.1	64.4	102.0	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 061
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement.....		92.1	76.6	78.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 661

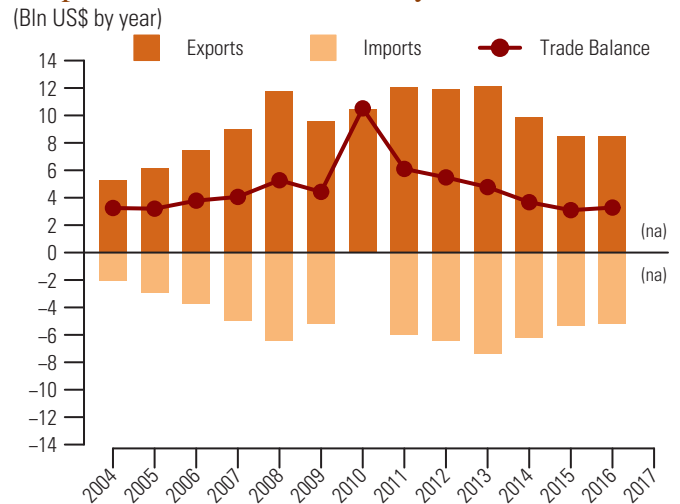
Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Ukraine increased substantially by 19.4 percent to reach 43.4 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased substantially by 26.0 percent to reach 49.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 6.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -9.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ukraine were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 30 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Ukraine increased slightly by 0.5 percent, reaching 8.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.7 percent and reached 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 3.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 27.4, 25.6 and 25.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil" (HS code 1512) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, Turkey and Poland, accounting for respectively 10.5, 6.2 and 5.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 5.3 bln US\$, followed by "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 1.4 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 790.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

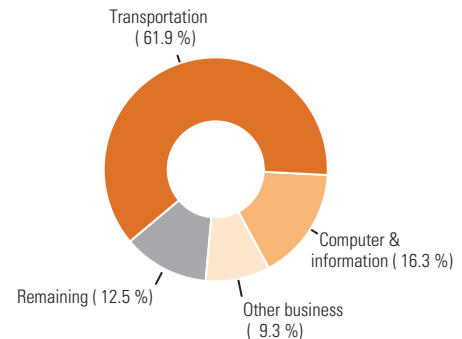


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		38127.0	36361.0	43428.4				
1512 Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil.....		3023.6	3704.9	4309.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg 421
1005 Maize (corn).....		3002.5	2653.2	2989.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 044
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		2238.2	2717.5	2759.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 041
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		2495.8	2211.1	2541.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 672
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.....		2092.0	1827.2	2588.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg 281
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		1505.8	1483.8	1760.8	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 673
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....		1036.9	1084.7	1318.4	15.7	16.7	17.7	US\$/kg 773
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken.....		805.5	985.5	1059.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 222
7202 Ferro-alloys.....		863.7	710.0	1116.1	1.1	0.8	1.2	US\$/kg 671
2306 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		787.5	751.2	804.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 081

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	43 428.4	-9.0	19.4	100.0
0+1	11 134.9	-0.8	13.7	25.6
2+4	11 075.7	-1.1	24.6	25.5
3	790.4	-27.5	77.0	1.8
5	1 493.4	-22.2	8.7	3.4
6	11 879.8	-12.3	19.9	27.4
7	4 818.0	-17.2	15.4	11.1
8	1 830.0	-5.7	17.6	4.2
9	406.2	-10.8	86.4	0.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

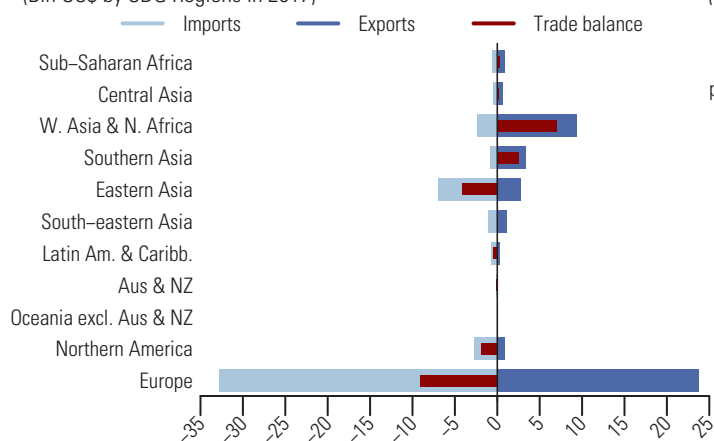
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	49 439.2	-10.5	26.0	100.0
0+1	3 585.3	-16.1	9.5	7.3
2+4	1 933.1	-7.0	19.6	3.9
3	11 559.3	-14.1	47.2	23.4
5	8 404.2	-6.9	14.9	17.0
6	6 830.9	-10.3	18.7	13.8
7	14 042.0	-6.5	29.5	28.4
8	2 729.1	-13.4	14.8	5.5
9	355.3	-21.7	62.9	0.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

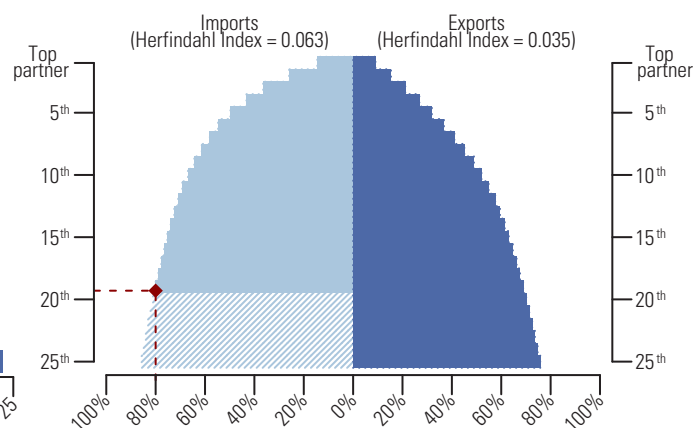
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



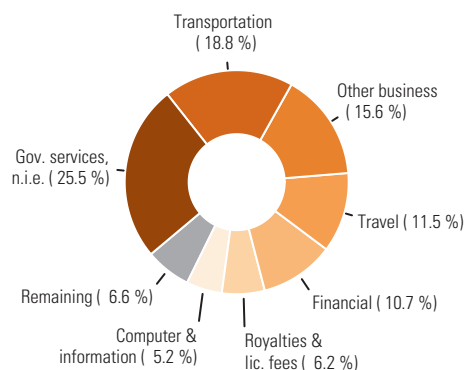
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 28.4, 23.4 and 17.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 15.7, 11.2 and 10.7 percent of total imports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 981.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 813.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

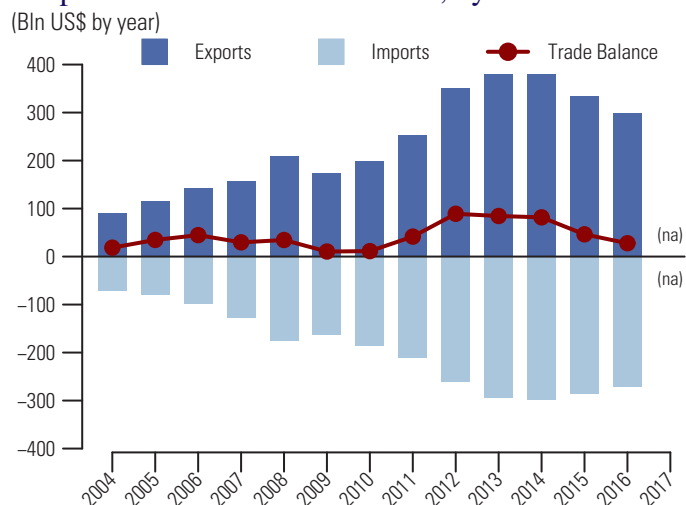
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		37 516.2	39 249.6	49 439.2				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		3 809.0	3 254.9	4 144.4	0.6	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		4 723.1	2 532.6	3 562.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 343
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.....		1 631.1	1 464.6	2 739.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg 321
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		820.0	1 441.5	2 064.1	13.2	16.5	13.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 092.8	1 291.5	1 428.5	62.8	56.7	56.1	US\$/kg 542
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		648.9	803.0	935.1	9.3	8.4	8.5	US\$/kg 591
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		634.0	688.4	965.3				764
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers.....		455.0	567.4	759.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 562
8401 Nuclear reactors; fuel elements (cartridges), non-irradiated.....		646.8	573.4	454.9	1.5	1.2	1.1	thsd US\$/kg 718
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		229.3	517.7	693.1	5.8	8.8	8.0	thsd US\$/unit 722

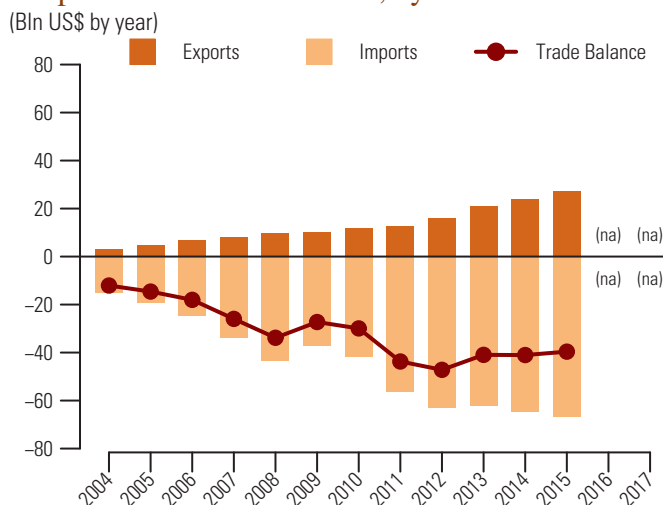
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of the United Arab Emirates decreased substantially by 10.4 percent to reach 298.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 5.6 percent to reach 270.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 27.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -25.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United Arab Emirates were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of the United Arab Emirates increased substantially by 14.3 percent, reaching 27.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 3.1 percent and reached 66.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 39.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 55.7, 15.3 and 9.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, Other Asia nes and the Islamic Republic of Iran, accounting for respectively 45.2, 17.6 and 3.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 16.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 10.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

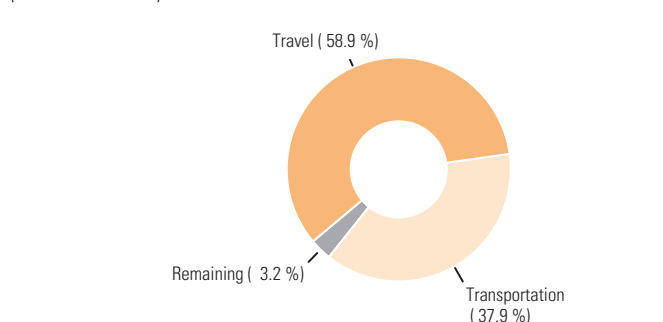


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016	
	All Commodities.....	380339.6	333362.3	298650.9				
	9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....	111131.5	177920.0	149698.2				931
	2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	72072.1	33786.9	32999.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 333
	2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	27400.2	14099.3	9668.1	1.1	1.0	0.7	US\$/kg 334
	7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	12332.3	16253.4	16471.0	38.5	31.4	32.1	thsd US\$/kg 971
	7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....	14286.5	12181.4	12812.7				667
	7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....	11806.2	10985.1	11821.4	0.2	25.8	30.5	thsd US\$/kg 897
	8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	21773.9	5028.4	4042.6				764
	8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	9944.4	5547.1	5224.7	17.1	24.3	23.0	thsd US\$/unit 781
	2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....	8380.7	4482.9	2891.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	US\$/kg 343
	7601 Unwrought aluminium.....	3647.4	4650.9	4481.0	2.4	2.2	1.8	US\$/kg 684

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	298650.9	-3.9	-10.4	100.0
0+1	6436.9	-2.6	-3.6	2.2
2+4	2446.8	-1.6	-10.2	0.8
3	45597.9	-21.2	-13.0	15.3
5	7542.2	-4.0	32.9	2.5
6	27438.7	-0.2	-0.9	9.2
7	24837.1	-17.0	-8.5	8.3
8	18009.5	-2.9	7.2	6.0
9	166341.9	10.1	-14.4	55.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

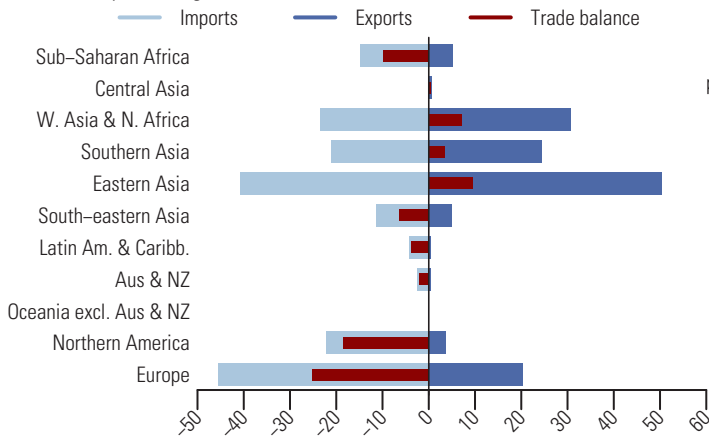
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	270882.1	0.9	-5.6	100.0
0+1	15030.5	1.9	-3.3	5.5
2+4	4529.1	-4.4	-7.5	1.7
3	3048.1	-22.4	56.6	1.1
5	11473.7	-6.5	-8.7	4.2
6	32152.2	-6.5	-2.7	11.9
7	68719.6	-7.0	1.5	25.4
8	21957.9	-6.7	-4.3	8.1
9	113971.0	19.8	-11.2	42.1

SITC Legend

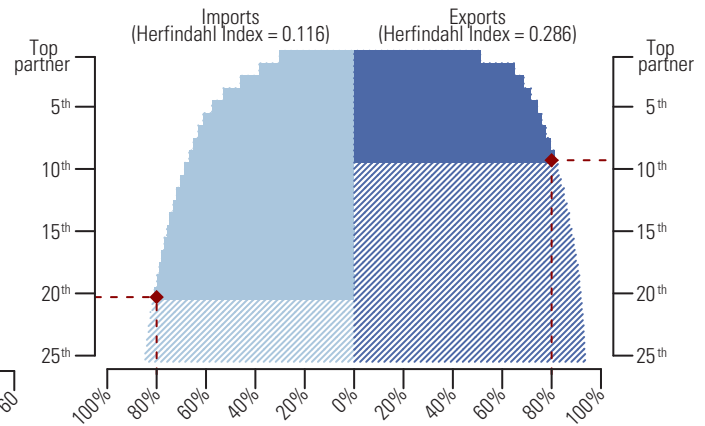
SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

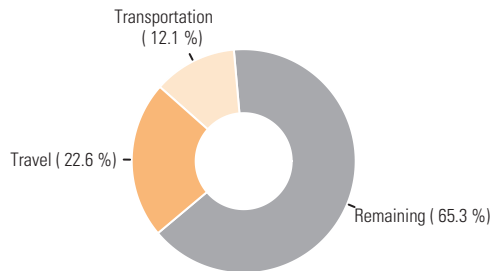
(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)


Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)


Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 42.1, 25.4 and 11.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Areas nes, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 25.3, 10.5 and 7.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 15.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 8.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		298611.3	287024.8	270882.1				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		28546.1	102879.9	81796.0				931
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		29746.4	25508.0	32173.0	5.7	34.3	33.1	thsd US\$/kg 971
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		25020.3	8952.4	9895.1				764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		15965.0	13763.1	11697.9	24.5	26.3	25.2	thsd US\$/unit 781
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		12785.6	11389.5	12544.5				667
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal.....		9804.6	7219.4	7270.9	10.5	31.1	35.1	thsd US\$/kg 897
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		5832.9	5700.8	8501.6				792
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		4891.9	3954.8	5248.7				714
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		8573.9	2490.0	2352.4				752
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		7636.3	1139.8	2349.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg 334

United Kingdom

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

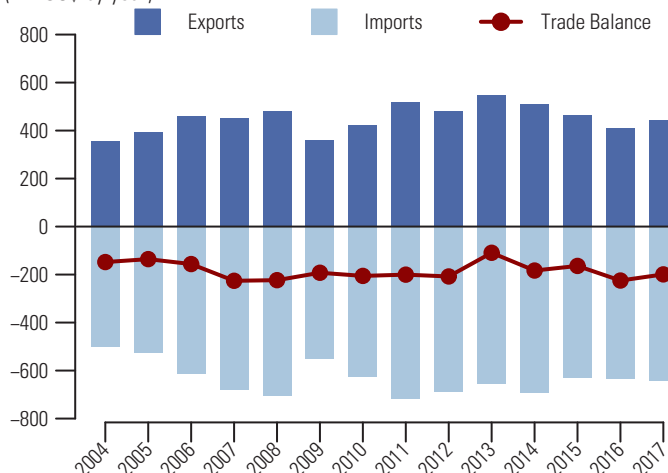
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the United Kingdom increased moderately by 7.4 percent to reach 442.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 0.8 percent to reach 641.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 199.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -146.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United Kingdom were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the United Kingdom decreased slightly by 4.8 percent, reaching 332.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 4.6 percent and reached 207.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 125.3 bln US\$.

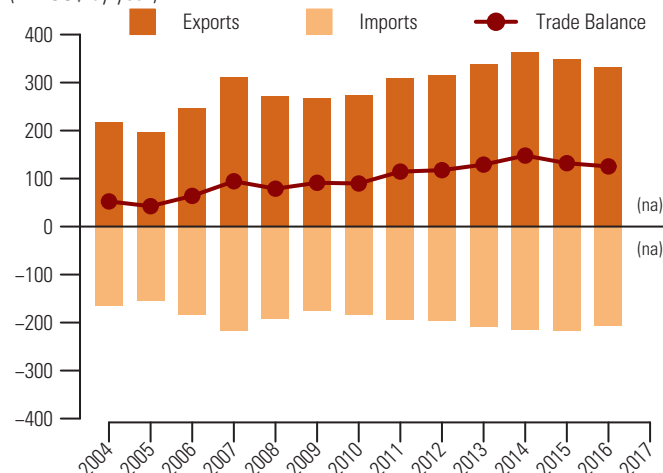
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 38.4, 15.8 and 13.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Germany and France, accounting for respectively 14.4, 10.4 and 6.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 89.6 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code 260) at 83.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 41.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

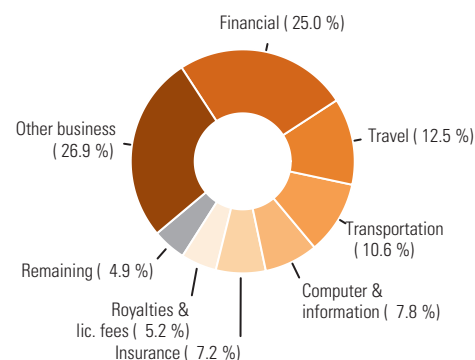


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	466295.7	411463.4	442065.7					
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	38950.9	40785.8	41988.8	26.5	23.5	25.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	38535.9	15551.5	17022.9	36.1	38.3	40.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	24240.3	21755.9	20480.6	126.7	117.3	117.6	US\$/kg	542
8411	Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....	19572.6	19372.1	22725.3					714
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	16192.7	13187.3	19145.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333
8803	Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....	14671.0	15011.1	16176.1	489.2	494.8	431.8	US\$/kg	792
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind.....	13568.3	12054.9	15708.6					931
2710	Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	11463.4	9106.6	11461.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....	9541.1	8688.1	9738.8	387.7	304.1	397.1	US\$/kg	541
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.....	7469.6	7026.8	7283.1	17.9	15.8		US\$/litre	112

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	442 065.7	-5.2	7.4	100.0
0+1	28 383.4	-1.0	3.7	6.4
2+4	9 330.7	-4.2	14.9	2.1
3	35 025.2	-13.3	36.1	7.9
5	69 813.9	-1.1	2.0	15.8
6	38 875.4	-6.0	10.5	8.8
7	169 706.5	2.5	5.3	38.4
8	57 639.8	0.2	0.5	13.0
9	33 290.8	-26.1	18.4	7.5

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	641 332.4	-0.6	0.8	100.0
0+1	58 346.0	-1.2	3.5	9.1
2+4	15 286.9	-4.5	8.4	2.4
3	51 647.3	-12.5	30.0	8.1
5	74 983.8	0.3	4.9	11.7
6	67 199.3	-2.4	8.6	10.5
7	231 209.0	3.3	1.2	36.1
8	93 867.8	-0.7	-1.4	14.6
9	48 792.5	4.2	-29.5	7.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

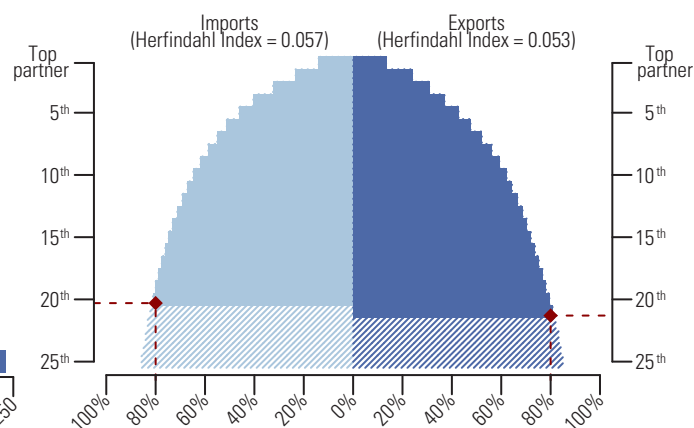
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



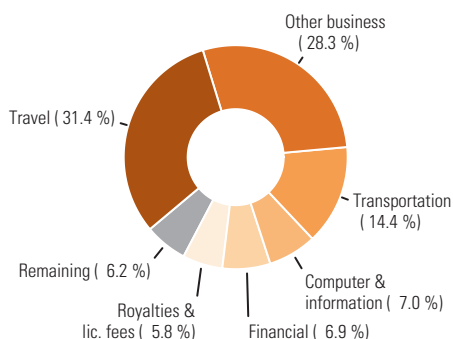
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 36.1, 14.6 and 11.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 14.3, 9.6 and 9.1 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 65.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 58.7 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 29.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		630 251.1	636 367.9	641 332.4					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		48 698.5	45 585.0	44 212.1	19.0	18.1	thsd US\$/unit	781	
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		18 708.5	57 947.9	34 473.9	37.9	39.9	41.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		20 936.6	18 848.9	17 536.3	113.5	82.4	85.0	US\$/kg	542
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		15 745.2	17 497.1	20 660.6					714
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		18 423.0	14 305.6	20 710.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		17 603.7	17 013.2	18 507.6					764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		18 125.7	14 432.3	16 626.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		15 530.3	15 746.2	16 045.8	9.3	8.9	8.9	US\$/kg	784
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		13 539.0	12 311.1	12 484.1	175.0	148.2	160.6	US\$/unit	752
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		10 114.8	13 766.1	9 659.5	24.2	1.6	1.0	mIn US\$/unit	792

United Republic of Tanzania

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

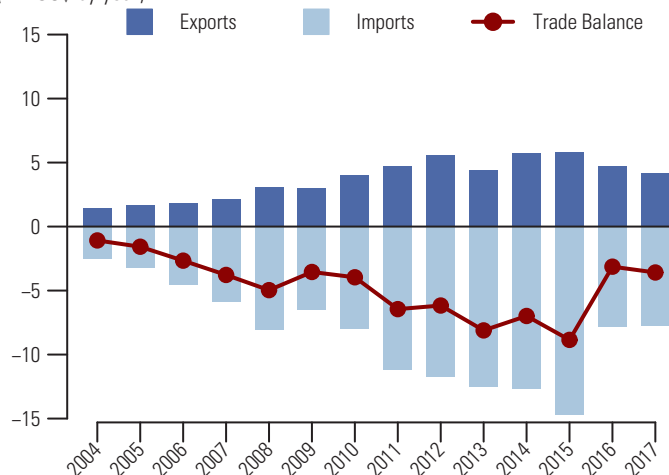
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the United Republic of Tanzania decreased substantially by 11.9 percent to reach 4.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 1.4 percent to reach 7.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United Republic of Tanzania were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the United Republic of Tanzania increased substantially by 75.9 percent, reaching 3.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 9.3 percent and reached 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.5 bln US\$.

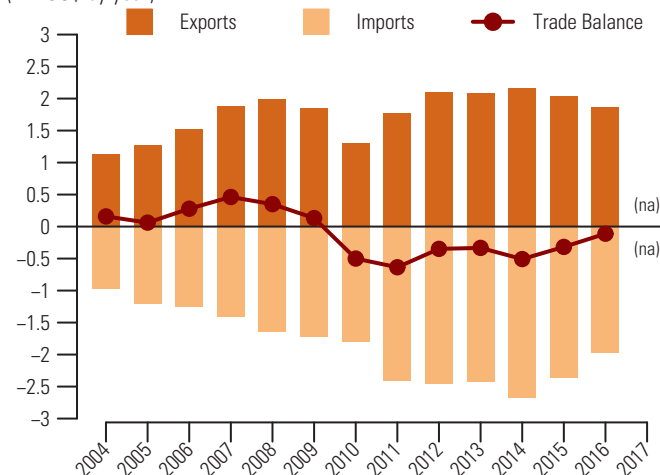
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 37.6, 36.9 and 8.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, South Africa and Kenya, accounting for respectively 19.2, 13.6 and 9.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 4.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 296.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

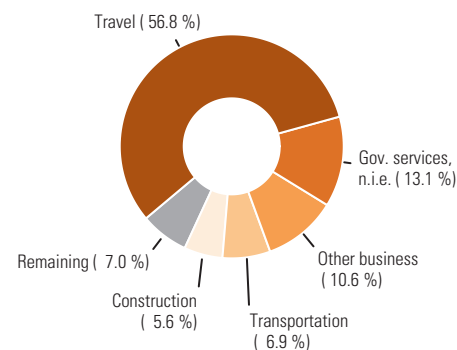


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	5854.2	4741.9	4178.1				
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	1430.9	1654.5	1538.9	4.1	20.3	28.2	thsd US\$/kg 971
0801	Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried.....	251.5	347.8	541.2	1.5	1.6	1.6	US\$/kg 057
2616	Precious metal ores and concentrates.....	469.2	321.9	62.1	6.9	5.9	7.0	US\$/kg 289
2401	Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....	216.5	360.2	195.8	3.3	4.8	4.1	US\$/kg 121
0713	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.....	265.9	159.0	92.8	1.4	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg 054
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	158.2	152.0	127.2	2.7	2.6	3.0	US\$/kg 071
0304	Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced).....	145.3	113.6	143.4	5.8	5.6	6.1	US\$/kg 034
8528	Reception apparatus for television.....	351.6	0.3	0.1				761
1207	Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken.....	131.7	130.2	74.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	US\$/kg 222
2302	Bran, sharps and other residues.....	278.7	27.9	21.6	1.8	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg 081

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	4 178.1	-1.4	-11.9	100.0
0+1	1 572.3	9.0	-1.5	37.6
2+4	338.1	-19.9	-48.8	8.1
3	47.3	-16.9	14.4	1.1
5	151.9	13.9	43.9	3.6
6	360.3	-1.7	-26.3	8.6
7	37.2	-37.5	-30.2	0.9
8	128.4	5.6	-7.2	3.1
9	1 542.4	-0.2	-6.9	36.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

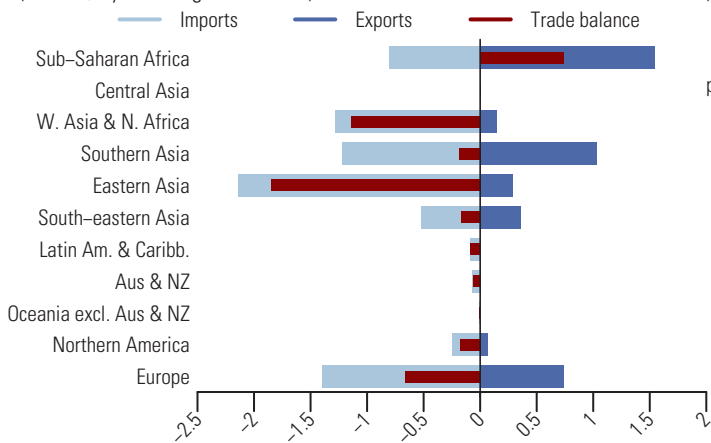
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	7 765.4	-11.3	-1.4	100.0
0+1	509.2	-9.2	-5.8	6.6
2+4	401.6	1.9	-11.5	5.2
3	1 527.9	-25.1	7.1	19.7
5	1 507.9	1.9	13.5	19.4
6	1 075.8	-12.8	-13.4	13.9
7	2 278.1	-5.0	-6.9	29.3
8	442.7	-2.3	1.4	5.7
9	22.2	16.7	9121.7	0.3

SITC Legend

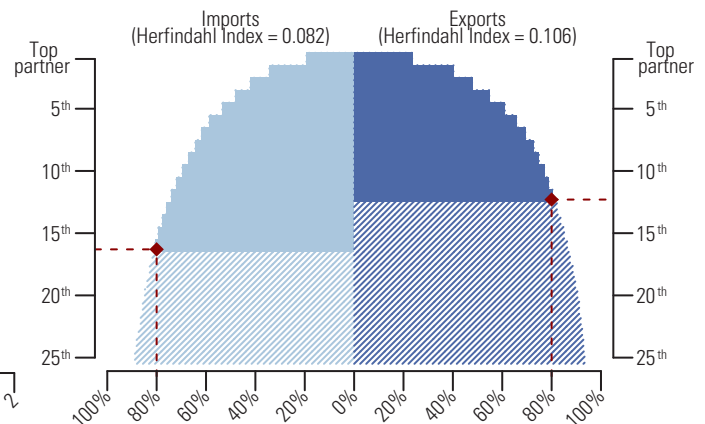
SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

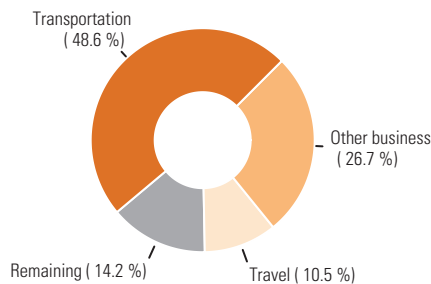
(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)


Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)


Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 29.3, 19.7 and 19.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Saudi Arabia, China and India, accounting for respectively 22.0, 16.5 and 12.7 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.7 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 948.7 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 208.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		14 706.0	7 876.1	7 765.4				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		7 328.2	1 335.9	1 405.5	2.8	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		313.7	265.5	337.8	19.6	15.1		US\$/kg 542
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		230.5	271.4	252.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg 422
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		231.0	208.2	155.5	20.2	19.2	20.2	thsd US\$/unit 781
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		222.0	189.0	158.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg 041
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		248.6	135.7	130.8				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		132.6	140.9	123.9			29.2	thsd US\$/unit 782
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09).....		150.9	113.2	99.1				722
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		112.2	114.7	114.6				625
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		130.3	104.6	103.6	1.5	1.2	1.2	US\$/kg 571

United States of America, including Puerto Rico and U.S.V.I.

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

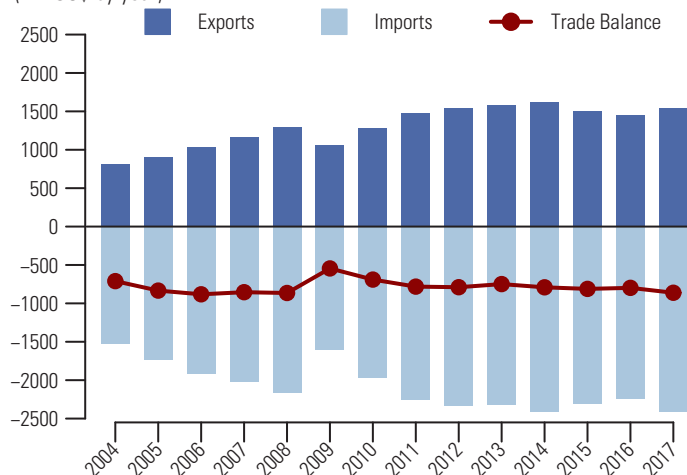
Trade System: General

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the United States increased moderately by 6.6 percent to reach 1545.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.1 percent to reach 2407.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 861.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -478.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United States were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the United States decreased slightly by 0.4 percent, reaching 727.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.7 percent and reached 495.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 231.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 34.1, 13.4 and 11.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Canada, Mexico and China, accounting for respectively 18.4, 15.8 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 205.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 137.9 bln US\$ and "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 124.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

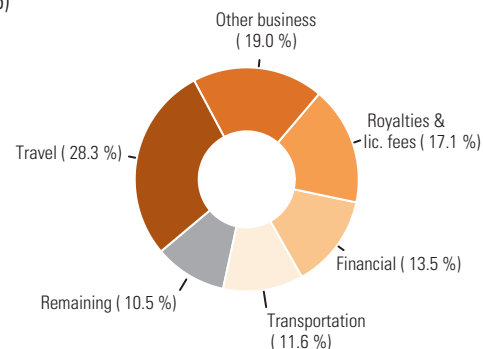


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		
	All Commodities.....	1501.8	1450.5	1545.6					
	9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....	160.9	161.1	163.4				931	
	2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....	72.7	62.0	77.8	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	334	
	8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....	55.4	53.9	53.5	21.8	22.3	thsd US\$/unit	781	
	8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....	44.0	43.0	45.2	10.9	9.2	US\$/kg	784	
	8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....	33.5	35.0	38.1				776	
	8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	34.8	33.8	34.0				764	
	9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....	26.0	26.5	26.6				872	
	8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	25.0	24.3	25.4	275.2	283.7	312.0	US\$/unit	752
	3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....	24.7	22.5	20.0	236.2	151.1		US\$/kg	542
	1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken.....	18.9	22.9	21.5	0.4	211.2		US\$/kg	222

United States of America, including Puerto Rico and U.S.V.I.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	1545609.2	-0.5	6.6	100.0
0+1	110986.0	-0.7	3.1	7.2
2+4	79553.9	-3.1	5.3	5.1
3	138909.3	-1.7	48.4	9.0
5	206497.7	-0.3	4.6	13.4
6	138896.5	-1.1	5.1	9.0
7	527378.1	-0.3	4.3	34.1
8	158962.6	0.4	1.1	10.3
9	184425.0	0.5	1.8	11.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

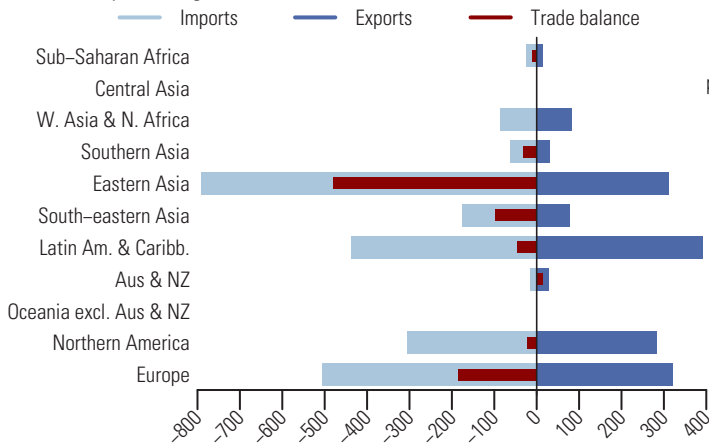
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2407390.2	0.9	7.1	100.0
0+1	137561.4	4.6	5.9	5.7
2+4	43284.2	0.2	14.1	1.8
3	203932.4	-14.9	25.0	8.5
5	225050.6	3.1	1.8	9.3
6	267383.8	2.2	10.0	11.1
7	1042078.4	3.7	7.4	43.3
8	385379.5	2.8	1.6	16.0
9	102720.1	4.3	-0.7	4.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

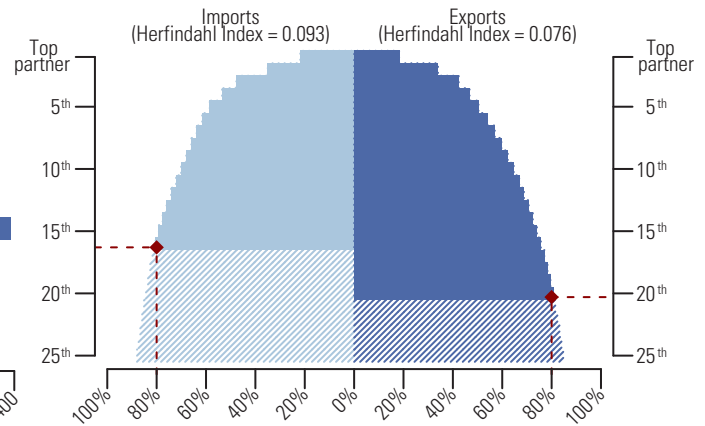
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



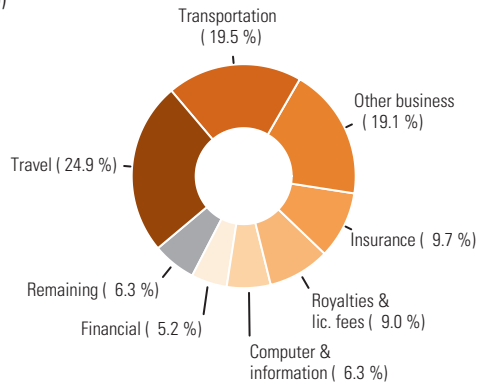
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 43.3, 16.0 and 11.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Mexico and Canada, accounting for respectively 21.7, 13.1 and 12.8 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 123.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 96.8 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 94.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

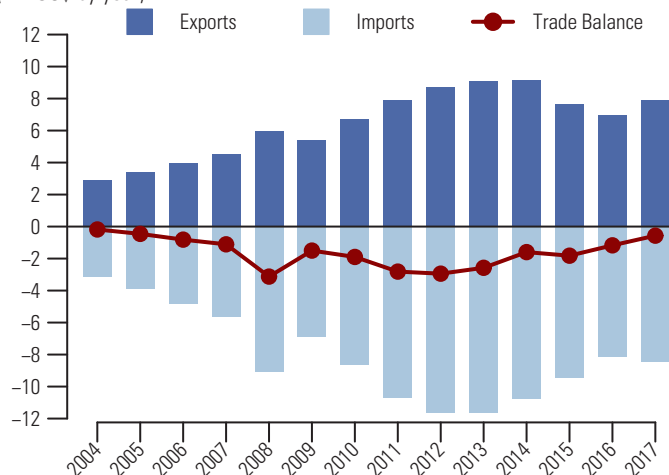
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		2313.4	2248.2	2407.4				
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		169.2	173.3	179.6	22.1	22.3	22.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		132.6	108.1	139.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		102.5	105.0	113.3				764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		85.1	86.4	91.1				931
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		81.7	77.7	84.9	167.0	178.3	203.0	US\$/unit 752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		67.1	66.5	66.6	11.9	11.2	10.8	US\$/kg 784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		64.3	67.6	64.8	232.5		179.9	US\$/kg 542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		51.4	41.3	48.1	0.5		0.6	US\$/kg 334
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		28.8	30.7	33.5				776
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		23.5	25.2	26.5	26.1	25.6	26.6	thsd US\$/unit 782

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Uruguay increased substantially by 13.3 percent to reach 7.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 3.9 percent to reach 8.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 568.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -799.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Uruguay were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Uruguay increased substantially by 38.1 percent, reaching 4.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased by 24.8 percent and reached 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 845.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 47.2, 30.9 and 7.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Meat of bovine animals, frozen" (HS code 0202) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Free zones, Brazil and China, accounting for respectively 18.2, 16.1 and 15.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 4.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 955.0 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 449.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

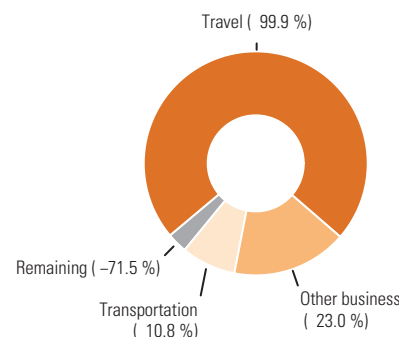


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		7 669.5	6 963.6	7 889.4				
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		1 057.9	1 060.3	1 130.3	4.8	4.2	4.3	US\$/kg 011
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken.....		1 122.0	857.2	1 200.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 222
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood.....		570.7	566.3	695.1	47.7	49.6		US\$/m ³ 247
1006 Rice.....		361.4	413.8	459.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 042
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled.....		364.6	376.7	373.2	9.2	9.0	8.9	US\$/kg 011
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		357.5	362.8	379.7	2.9	2.5	3.2	US\$/kg 022
0102 Live bovine animals.....		145.6	195.8	221.1	672.0	637.4	733.1	US\$/unit 001
4104 Tanned or crust hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo).....		184.2	148.2	150.3	6.8	5.6	5.4	US\$/kg 611
1107 Malt, whether or not roasted.....		127.8	158.3	182.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg 048
0406 Cheese and curd.....		140.8	121.9	129.2	4.6	3.4	4.1	US\$/kg 024

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	7889.4	-3.4	13.3	100.0
0+1	3720.6	-2.1	5.8	47.2
2+4	2438.4	-3.0	27.2	30.9
3	157.8	37.1	369.8	2.0
5	486.7	-3.9	1.2	6.2
6	575.3	-6.3	0.6	7.3
7	229.9	-13.1	26.9	2.9
8	237.1	-12.2	7.0	3.0
9	43.7	-17.2	7.5	0.6

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

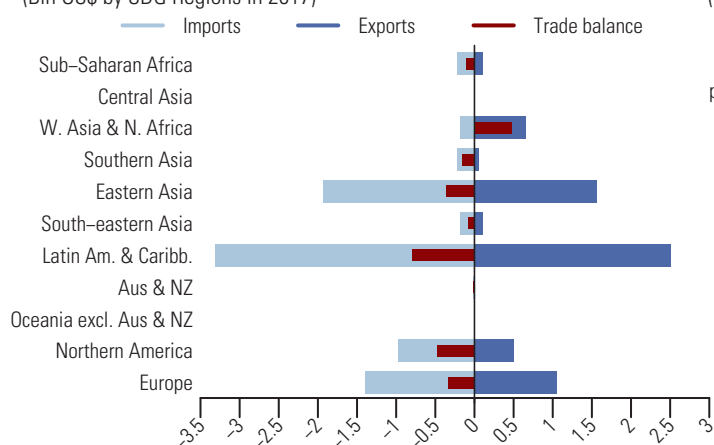
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8457.9	-7.7	3.9	100.0
0+1	1005.0	-4.1	4.8	11.9
2+4	320.8	-6.9	2.1	3.8
3	1040.5	-16.5	25.2	12.3
5	1509.1	-7.2	5.0	17.8
6	1054.7	-4.5	10.5	12.5
7	2522.0	-8.1	-7.0	29.8
8	1005.9	-0.9	8.2	11.9
9	0.0	-7.8	40.5	0.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

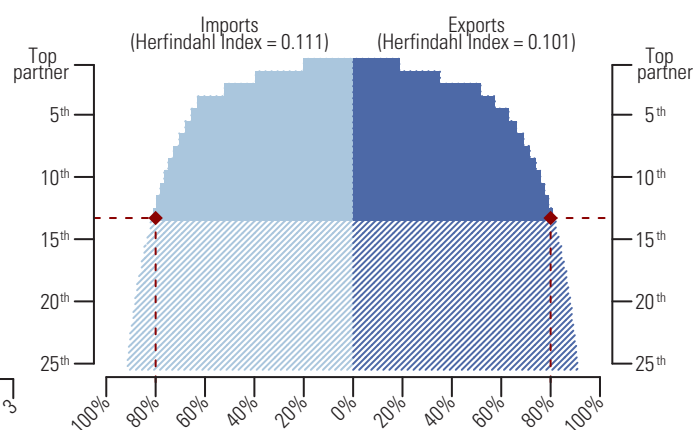
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



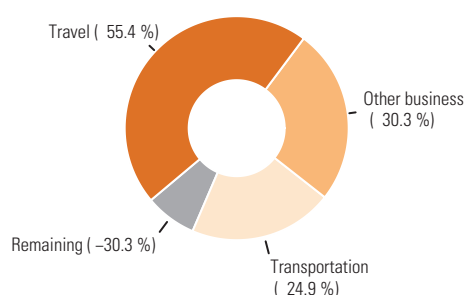
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 29.8, 17.8 and 12.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Brazil and Argentina, accounting for respectively 19.1, 18.2 and 13.0 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 1.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 1.0 bln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 823.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		9489.4	8136.6	8457.9				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		818.1	677.5	219.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg 333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		368.8	322.1	409.4	9.5	9.6	9.4	thsd US\$/unit 781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		241.3	83.7	684.4	0.8	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg 334
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters.....		502.6	440.0	10.2			1.5	thsd US\$/unit 716
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		273.8	283.9	315.7				764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		174.4	160.1	213.9	15.9	15.5	14.3	thsd US\$/unit 782
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		149.3	150.3	147.3	30.0	29.0	29.2	US\$/kg 542
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides.....		145.2	121.7	147.0	4.8	3.9	4.0	US\$/kg 591
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		125.2	106.0	98.1	97.1	87.4	91.2	US\$/unit 752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		131.9	60.1	109.9	8.0	8.8	8.3	US\$/kg 784

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

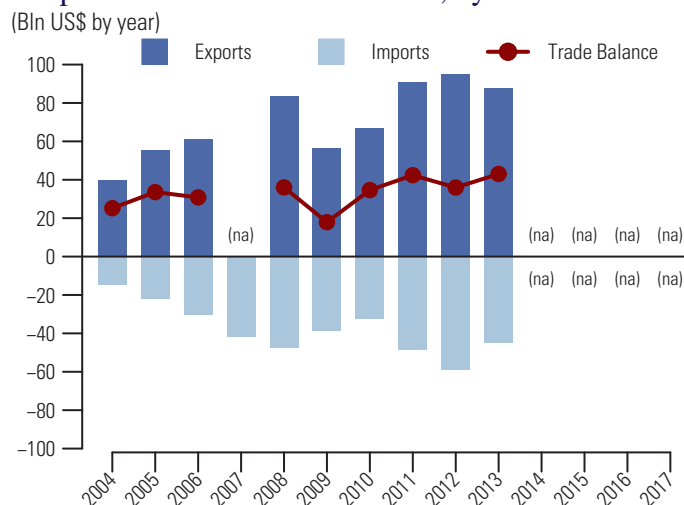
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: General

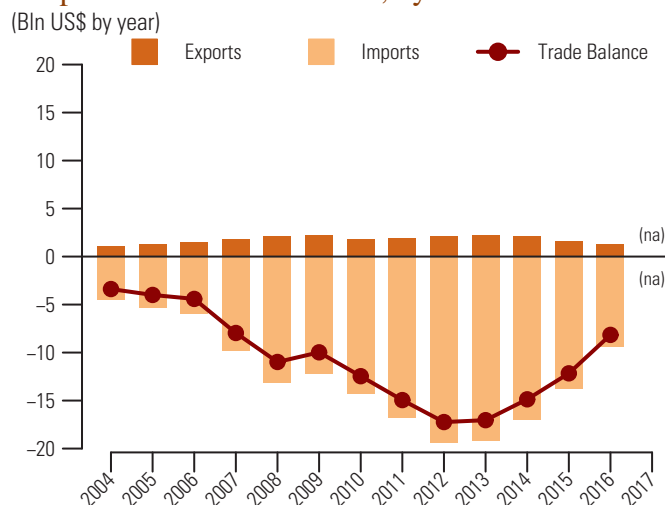
Overview:

In 2013, the value of merchandise exports of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela decreased moderately by 7.4 percent to reach 88.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 23.9 percent to reach 45.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 43.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 19.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela decreased substantially by 21.5 percent, reaching 1.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 31.6 percent and reached 9.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 8.2 bln US\$. See footnote*.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2013, representing respectively 97.7, 1.1 and 0.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2011 to 2013, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were LAIA nes, North and Central America, Caribbean nes and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 24.4, 23.9 and 22.9 percent of total exports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 534.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 473.0 mln US\$ and "Communications services" (EBOPS code 245) at 108.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2016)

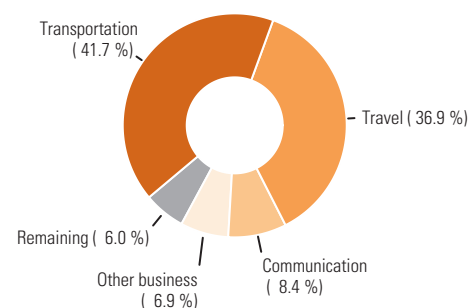


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2011 to 2013

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013		Unit
All Commodities.....		91 094.2	95 034.9	87 961.2				
2709 Petroleum oils, crude.....		60 913.2	68 912.5	74 850.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg 333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		...	24 656.5	11 010.4		1.1		US\$/kg 334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		27 217.8	...	17.0				931
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives.....		53.1	401.1	597.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 512
7203 Ferrous products obtained by direct reduction of iron ore.....		447.6	304.5	204.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg 671
2601 Iron ores and concentrates.....		567.3	...	262.3	0.1		0.1	US\$/kg 281
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		128.3	250.6	152.8	0.4	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg 562
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		292.7	...	43.3	0.7		0.6	US\$/kg 673
2814 Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution.....		73.0	131.6	83.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 522
7601 Unwrought aluminium.....		146.3	90.3	28.1	1.6	2.0	2.0	US\$/kg 684

*Major export partners were defined as regions only and resulted in high partner concentration for exports in graph 5.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	87961.2	11.7	-7.4	100.0
0+1	29.0	-18.6	5711.9	0.0
2+4	299.9	2.8	766.6	0.3
3	85918.6	12.2	-8.2	97.7
5	998.1	37.1	20.5	1.1
6	488.1	-23.8	-0.9	0.6
7	171.8	-7.6	64.2	0.2
8	38.7	-7.1	1078.6	0.0
9	17.0	...	...	0.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

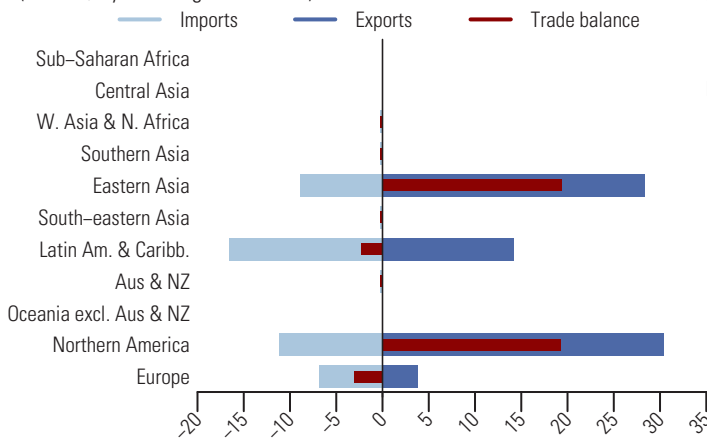
SITC	2013	Avg. Growth rates		2013 share
		2009-2013	2012-2013	
Total	44951.8	3.8	-23.9	100.0
0+1	7368.9	6.4	-12.8	16.4
2+4	1386.6	5.9	-29.2	3.1
3	373.6	-28.7	-34.5	0.8
5	8550.6	6.6	-20.5	19.0
6	6739.7	4.1	-18.4	15.0
7	13003.2	-0.6	-36.7	28.9
8	3889.9	-2.4	-35.0	8.7
9	3639.4	72.2	43.1	8.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

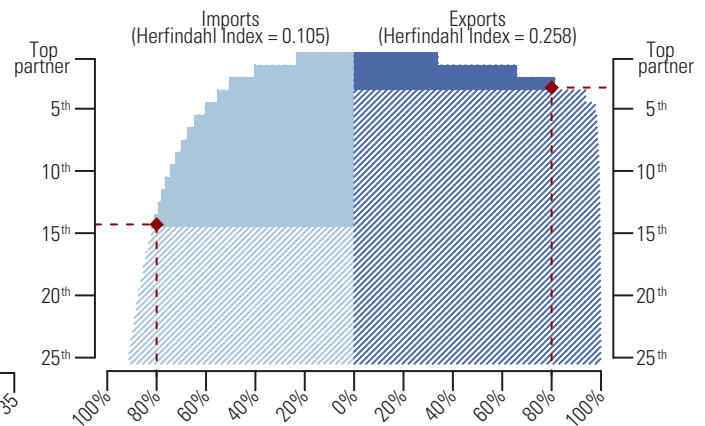
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2013)



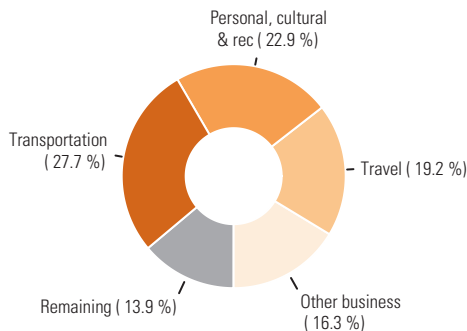
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2013)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2013, representing respectively 28.9, 19.0 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2011 to 2013, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Brazil, accounting for respectively 25.0, 15.9 and 9.4 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 2.6 bln US\$, followed by "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code 287) at 2.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

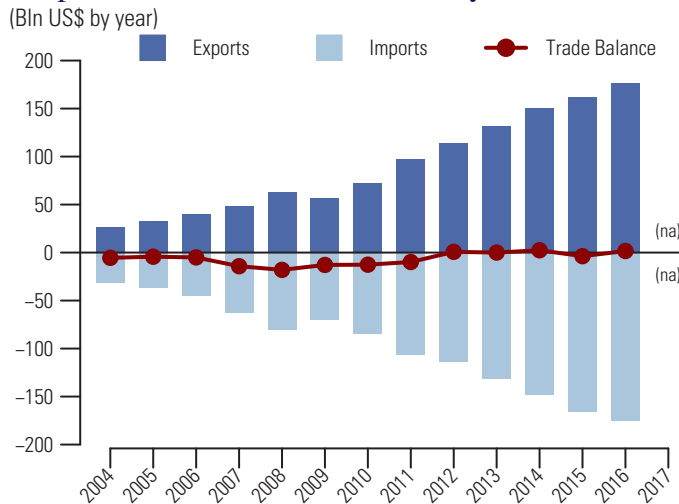
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2011 to 2013

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2002	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	
All Commodities.....		48725.7	59073.2	44951.8				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		2148.8	2542.5	3638.8				931
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		2309.7	2800.9	2566.3	49.0	55.7	51.0	US\$/kg 542
8525 Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-broadcasting.....		1010.7	999.0	724.2				764
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary.....		1040.0	852.2	486.2				872
0102 Live bovine animals.....		603.2	1118.8	633.9	925.0	960.4	971.4	US\$/unit 001
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		682.8	869.4	729.5	4.2	4.1	4.0	US\$/kg 022
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen.....		602.0	776.8	865.4	5.8	5.7	5.7	US\$/kg 011
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron).....		489.1	663.5	918.8	2.2	2.3	3.0	US\$/kg 679
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		592.7	618.7	747.2	0.5	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg 081
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		624.4	728.3	480.3				752

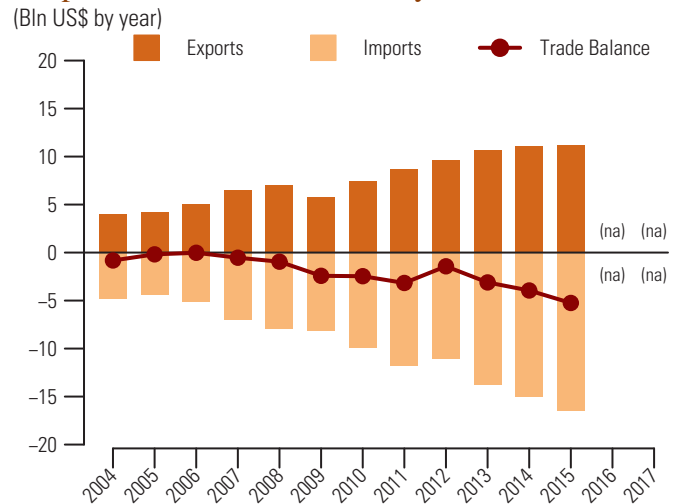
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Viet Nam increased moderately by 9.0 percent to reach 176.6 bln US\$, and its merchandise imports increased moderately by 5.6 percent to reach 175.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -53.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Viet Nam were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Viet Nam increased slightly by 1.8 percent, reaching 11.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 10.0 percent and reached 16.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 5.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 39.7, 30.6 and 12.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Japan, accounting for respectively 20.6, 10.9 and 8.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 7.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2015)

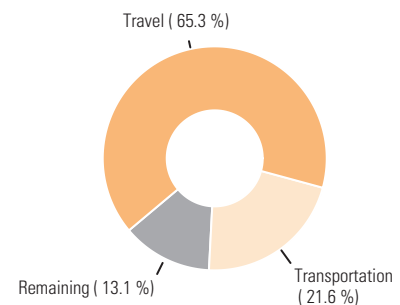


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
	All Commodities.....	150217.1	162016.7	176580.8					
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....	24392.8	31314.3	36101.4				764	
6404	Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....	3667.1	4852.9	6138.0			18.5	US\$/pair	851
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....	7224.2	3823.8	2578.3	0.8	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	333
6403	Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather.....	4290.8	4661.0	4295.3			28.9	US\$/pair	851
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....	3811.9	4757.8	3713.5					752
8542	Electronic integrated circuits.....	2219.2	4077.7	5187.3					776
9403	Other furniture and parts thereof.....	3430.5	3746.7	3901.3					821
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated.....	3311.4	2415.4	3040.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	US\$/kg	071
6204	Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts.....	2766.8	3009.9	2986.9					842
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable.....	2719.1	2840.9	3049.7			17.2	US\$/kg	773

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	176 580.8	11.4	9.0	100.0
0+1	22 493.7	4.1	8.8	12.7
2+4	4 299.4	-1.5	-1.6	2.4
3	3 578.2	-25.1	-28.4	2.0
5	4 015.5	1.8	-2.0	2.3
6	17 884.4	10.2	5.4	10.1
7	70 036.9	22.9	15.6	39.7
8	54 020.3	13.6	8.7	30.6
9	252.4	-13.8	-59.6	0.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	174 978.4	11.4	5.6	100.0
0+1	13 864.3	15.0	11.5	7.9
2+4	8 071.0	2.6	-3.2	4.6
3	7 707.1	-9.4	-1.8	4.4
5	21 341.6	7.2	6.0	12.2
6	38 505.1	10.2	3.7	22.0
7	74 515.5	17.6	6.0	42.6
8	10 629.3	18.2	22.2	6.1
9	344.5	-6.6	-61.4	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

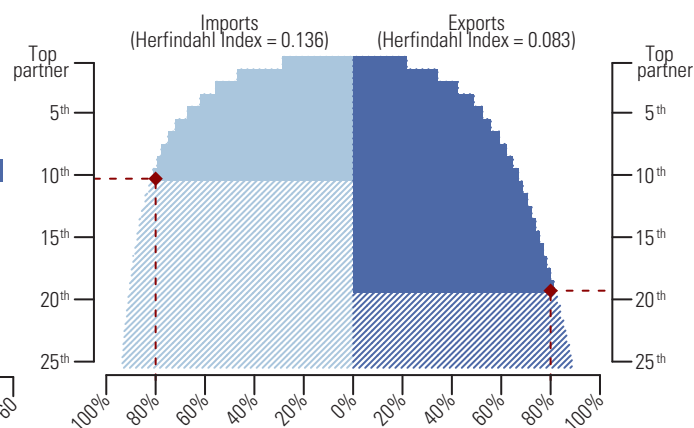
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



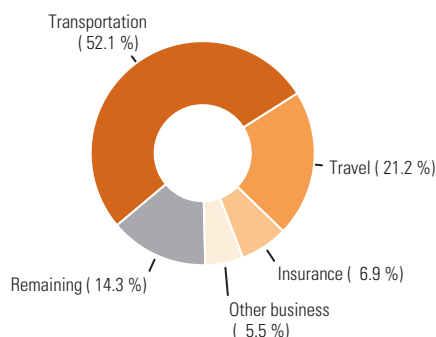
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 42.6, 22.0 and 12.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Republic of Korea and Japan, accounting for respectively 29.3, 16.7 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 8.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 3.5 bln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

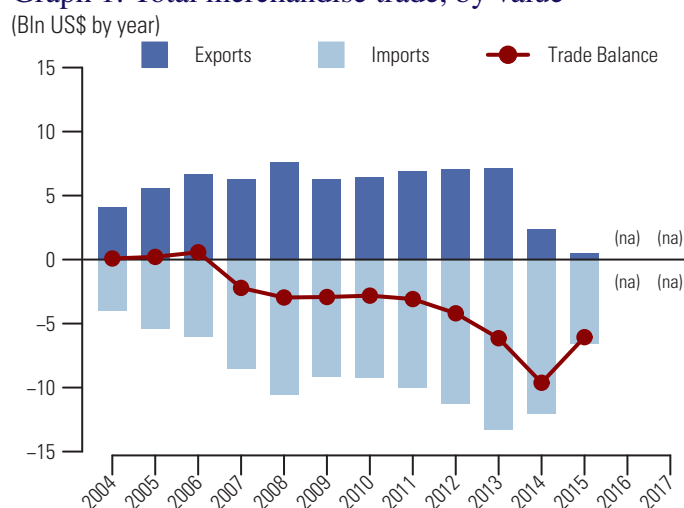
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		147 839.0	165 775.9	174 978.4					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits.....		10 295.2	12 941.5	16 263.3				776	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		9 376.3	11 721.0	11 990.2				764	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		8 028.9	5 972.2	5 646.0		0.5	US\$/kg	334	
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics.....		1 924.0	2 180.9	2 353.9	10.0	9.5	7.9	US\$/kg	655
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		1 870.1	2 090.0	2 271.9				542	
7225 Flat-rolled products of other alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more.....		1 907.3	1 926.7	2 280.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	675
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues.....		1 859.8	1 966.1	1 854.7	0.6	0.6	0.4	US\$/kg	081
8534 Printed circuits.....		1 455.3	1 889.0	2 311.8		80.8	US\$/kg	772	
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.....		1 934.4	1 786.8	1 922.1	1.7	1.4	1.3	US\$/kg	571
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel.....		2 163.1	1 552.9	1 773.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	673

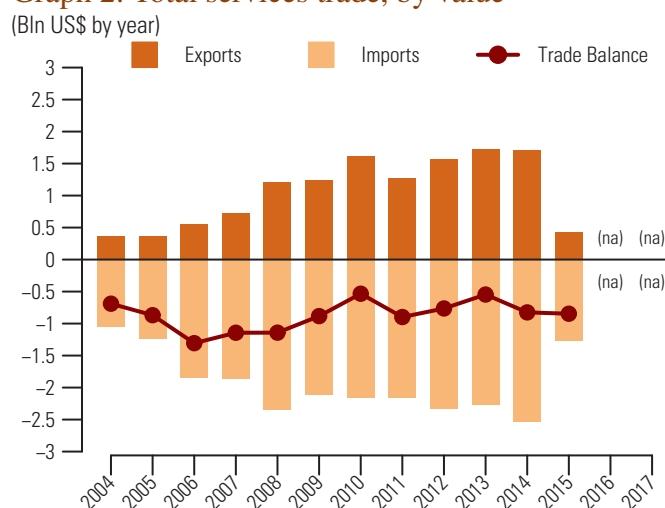
Overview:

In 2015, the value of merchandise exports of Yemen decreased substantially by 78.9 percent to reach 509.9 mln US\$, and its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 45.4 percent to reach 6.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 6.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Yemen were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Yemen decreased substantially by 74.9 percent, reaching 428.4 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 49.7 percent and reached 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 846.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2015, representing respectively 58.7, 29.9 and 4.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2013 to 2015, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Thailand and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 25.7, 17.1 and 9.3 percent of total exports. "Government services, n.i.e." (EBOPS code 291) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 166.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 100.0 mln US\$ and "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 86.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category
(% share in 2015)

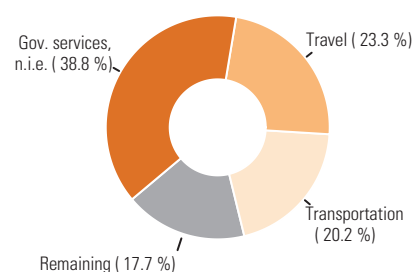


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2013 to 2015

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015		Unit
All Commodities.....		7 129.8	2 416.9	509.9				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		3 248.7	1 271.5	0.0	0.8	0.8	5.7	US\$/kg
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		2 053.7	68.8	0.0	0.3	0.6	33.9	US\$/kg
2707 Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar.....		642.3	0.0	...	0.9	0.9		US\$/kg
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		483.6	0.2	0.1				
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets.....		121.3	114.1	64.4	2.0		2.5	US\$/kg
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		...	215.9	57.5	632.4	961.6	168.3	US\$/unit
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02.....		27.8	67.2	15.5	632.4	961.6	864.9	US\$/kg
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not.....		41.7	38.0	20.6	2.4	4.2	2.3	US\$/kg
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		11.3	51.3	24.5	11.4	17.6	19.8	US\$/kg
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04.....		27.4	27.9	24.2	1.0		1.5	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	509.9	-48.0	-78.9	100.0
0+1	299.2	-12.5	-35.7	58.7
2+4	18.0	-19.6	-56.2	3.5
3	1.0	-88.7	-99.9	0.2
5	14.7	-24.4	-63.8	2.9
6	20.2	-27.8	-72.0	4.0
7	152.2	4.8	-64.1	29.9
8	2.9	-38.1	-62.3	0.6
9	1.7	98.5	-90.1	0.3

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC
(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

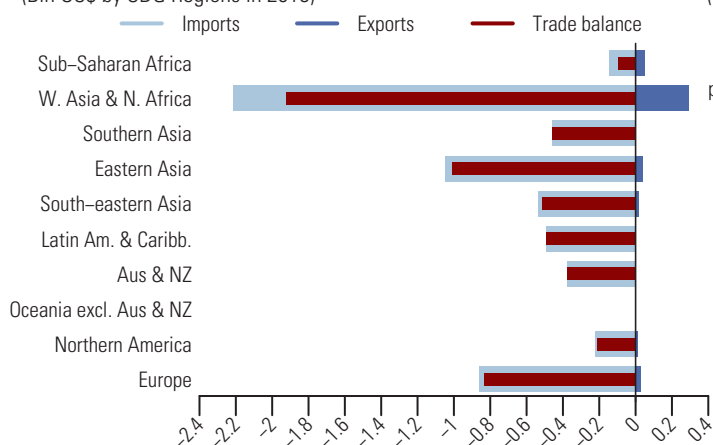
SITC	2015	Avg. Growth rates		2015 share
		2011-2015	2014-2015	
Total	6572.8	-10.0	-45.4	100.0
0+1	2784.9	-1.5	-36.8	42.4
2+4	296.2	0.4	-46.9	4.5
3	647.7	-32.2	150.1	9.9
5	511.5	-6.0	-54.4	7.8
6	806.2	-3.8	-61.3	12.3
7	1080.3	-7.7	-58.6	16.4
8	282.5	-18.4	-65.1	4.3
9	163.5	205.7	-17.3	2.5

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

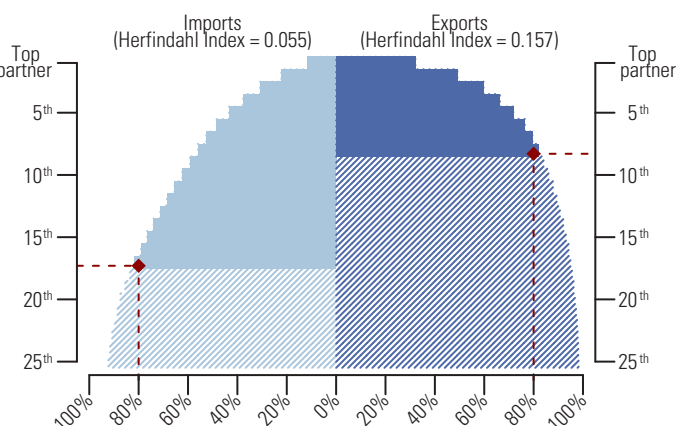
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2015)



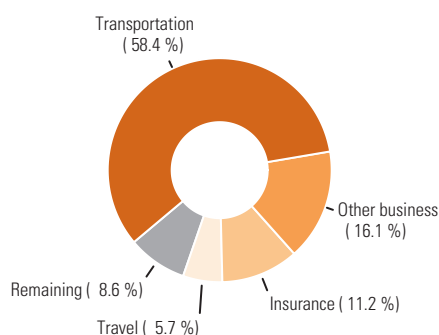
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2015)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2015, representing respectively 42.4, 16.4 and 12.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2013 to 2015, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, China and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 11.1, 9.7 and 7.0 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 744.9 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) at 204.9 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 143.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2013 to 2015

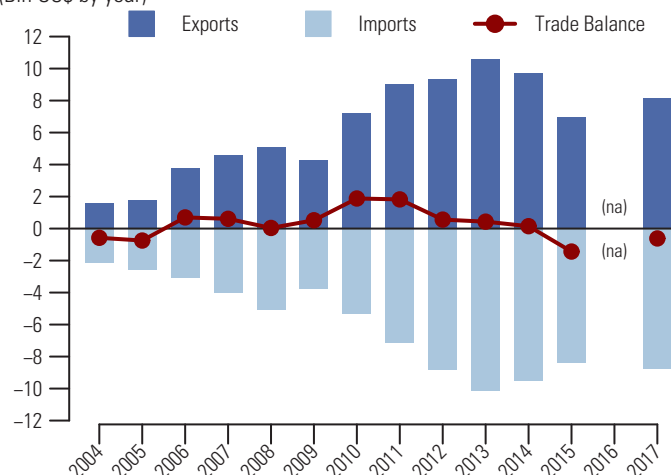
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	
All Commodities.....		13272.9	12041.6	6572.8				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		4173.4	0.1	19.9				931
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		1048.4	1060.3	811.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		523.8	711.2	370.8	8.4	8.5	3.3	781
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		342.1	583.8	202.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	061
1006 Rice.....		363.1	384.4	313.3	0.8	0.9	0.7	042
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		138.6	195.7	627.6	1.7	1.5	0.8	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		330.9	341.8	42.9	5.2		11.5	542
1511 Palm oil and its fractions.....		211.3	296.0	189.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	422
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar.....		222.4	286.0	165.0	3.9	4.6	3.6	022
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel.....		178.5	366.0	93.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	676

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of Zambia reached 8.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 616.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Zambia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of Zambia increased slightly by 2.7 percent, reaching 885.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 2.8 percent and reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 491.6 mln US\$.

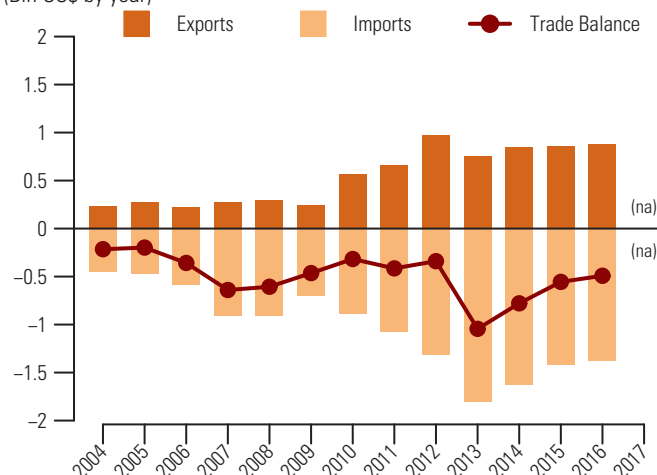
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 80.1, 6.2 and 4.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought" (HS code 7403) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, China and Democratic Republic of the Congo, accounting for respectively 44.4, 15.4 and 7.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 682.6 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 88.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

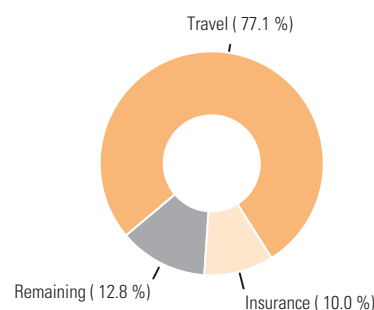


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
	All Commodities.....	6983.2	...	8157.6				
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.....	4446.3	...	2447.7	5.6	5.9	US\$/kg	682
7402	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining.....	643.0	...	3623.1	5.1	6.2	US\$/kg	682
1005	Maize (corn).....	201.1	...	97.7	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	044
1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....	115.1	...	118.9	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061
8105	Cobalt mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy.....	75.3	...	124.7	24.2	39.2	US\$/kg	689
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....	91.3	...	95.3	4.2	37.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
2401	Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....	88.2	...	87.7	3.4	3.3	US\$/kg	121
4907	Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue.....	53.6	...	120.6	8.0	9.1	thsd US\$/kg	892
2716	Electrical energy.....	99.6	...	69.4	0.0	7.6	thsd US\$/MWh	351
2822	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides.....	3.6	...	150.8	1.4	17.5	US\$/kg	522

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8 157.6	-6.3	...	100.0
0+1	509.3	-16.3	...	6.2
2+4	263.2	-13.0	...	3.2
3	77.3	-21.0	...	0.9
5	371.8	-12.9	...	4.6
6	6 537.5	-3.5	...	80.1
7	161.6	-21.5	...	2.0
8	137.4	9.4	...	1.7
9	99.3	-16.3	...	1.2

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

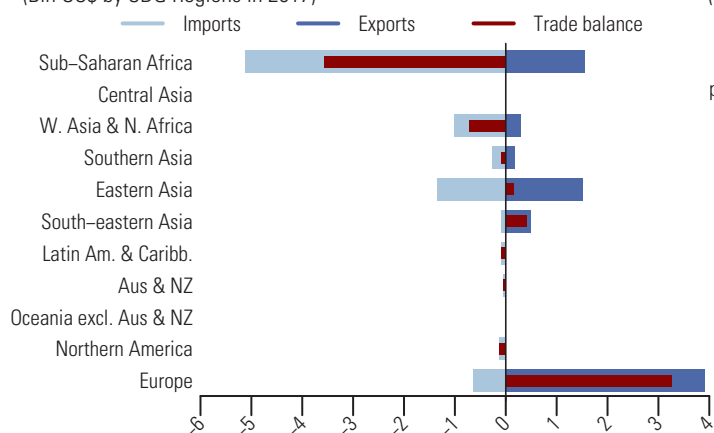
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	8 773.9	-3.6	...	100.0
0+1	419.3	5.5	...	4.8
2+4	1 266.0	-8.6	...	14.4
3	1 338.3	5.6	...	15.3
5	2 196.2	8.7	...	25.0
6	929.6	-11.7	...	10.6
7	2 261.5	-9.4	...	25.8
8	340.4	-7.0	...	3.9
9	22.6	6.8	...	0.3

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

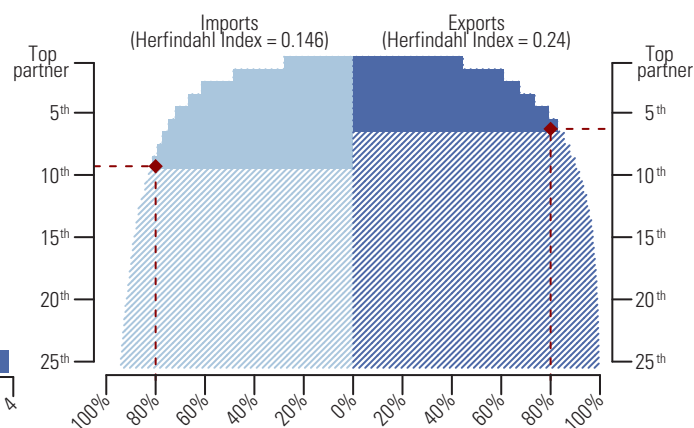
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



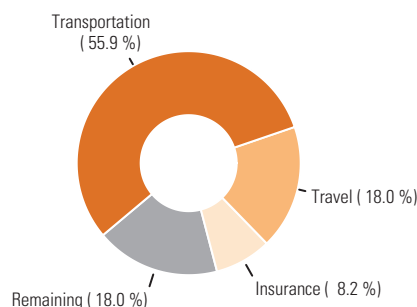
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 25.8, 25.0 and 15.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, Democratic Republic of the Congo and China, accounting for respectively 29.4, 16.0 and 10.5 percent of total imports. "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 769.1 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 247.4 mln US\$ and "Insurance services" (EBOPS code 253) at 112.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

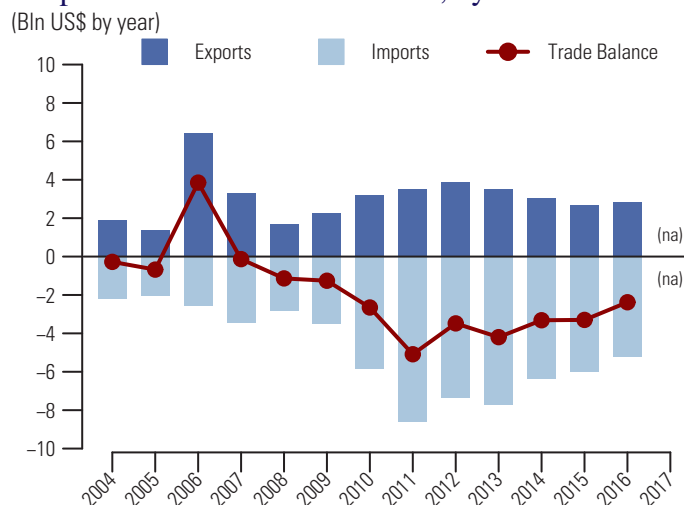
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		8 419.8	...	8 773.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1 091.9	...	695.2	1.2	0.9	US\$/kg	334
2603 Copper ores and concentrates.....		377.9	...	843.2	1.3	1.5	US\$/kg	283
2822 Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides.....		281.9	...	712.8	9.5	17.2	US\$/kg	522
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		394.4	...	429.9	1.9	0.7	US\$/kg	333
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		235.8	...	383.9	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	562
2605 Cobalt ores and concentrates.....		232.5	...	180.8	2.5	4.1	US\$/kg	287
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber.....		286.4	...	103.8				625
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		168.4	...	147.4				782
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding.....		117.9	...	169.6				728
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06).....		194.0	...	91.7	2.4	2.4	US\$/kg	691

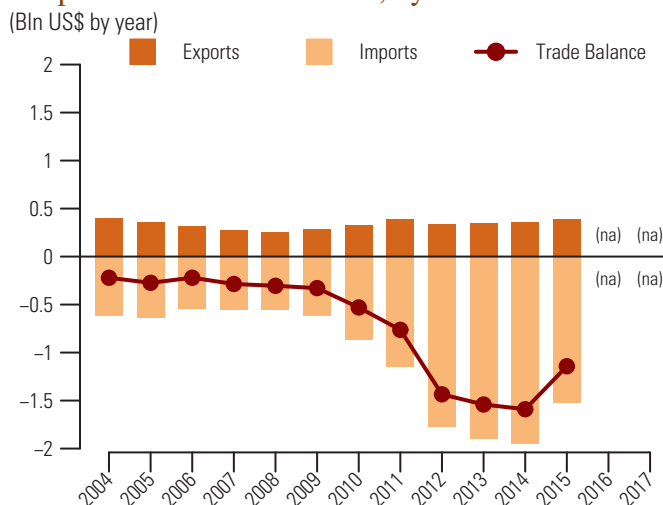
Overview:

In 2016, the value of merchandise exports of Zimbabwe increased slightly by 4.7 percent to reach 2.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 13.2 percent to reach 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Zimbabwe were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2015, the value of exports of services of Zimbabwe increased substantially by 27.3 percent, reaching 3.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 26.2 percent and reached 74.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 71.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



Exports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2016, representing respectively 37.4, 30.1 and 21.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2014 to 2016, the largest export commodity was "Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse" (HS code 2401) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, Mozambique and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 72.4, 14.6 and 4.2 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2015 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 0.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)

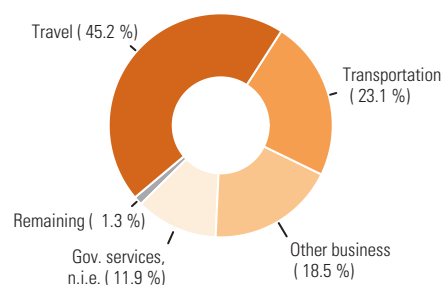


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2014 to 2016

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		3063.7	2704.1	2832.3				
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse.....		807.6	865.0	887.0	5.7	5.8	5.7	US\$/kg
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		532.9	630.6	850.2	40.5	36.6	2.0	thsd US\$/kg
2604 Nickel ores and concentrates.....		354.4	218.4	293.5	1.9	1.3	1.2	US\$/kg
7202 Ferro-alloys.....		271.4	158.8	119.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set.....		233.6	179.1	118.3				
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.....		150.3	99.8	57.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form.....		136.9	35.5	50.8	0.0	0.0	25.2	thsd US\$/kg
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed.....		66.2	48.4	17.1	1.7	1.4	1.4	US\$/kg
2516 Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other stone.....		24.1	31.6	34.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg
7501 Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products.....		4.1	22.2	35.0	50.5	50.8	43.0	US\$/kg

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	2832.3	-7.6	4.7	100.0
0+1	1058.0	1.1	-2.2	37.4
2+4	594.0	-23.2	6.9	21.0
3	7.4	-33.5	-82.2	0.3
5	14.1	-9.0	-35.8	0.5
6	228.9	-12.3	-22.0	8.1
7	41.0	-7.3	12.2	1.4
8	36.8	-1.8	-8.8	1.3
9	852.2	8.1	34.8	30.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

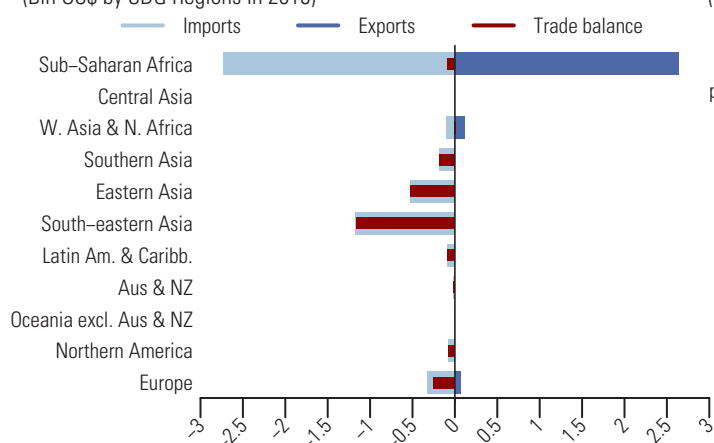
SITC	2016	Avg. Growth rates		2016 share
		2012-2016	2015-2016	
Total	5211.6	-8.3	-13.2	100.0
0+1	879.1	-7.2	4.1	16.9
2+4	200.7	-11.6	0.0	3.9
3	1501.4	-0.2	-5.2	28.8
5	766.1	-8.8	-18.9	14.7
6	549.7	-8.2	-19.2	10.5
7	1080.3	-15.6	-23.5	20.7
8	198.8	-11.0	-32.2	3.8
9	35.5	34.3	-17.9	0.7

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

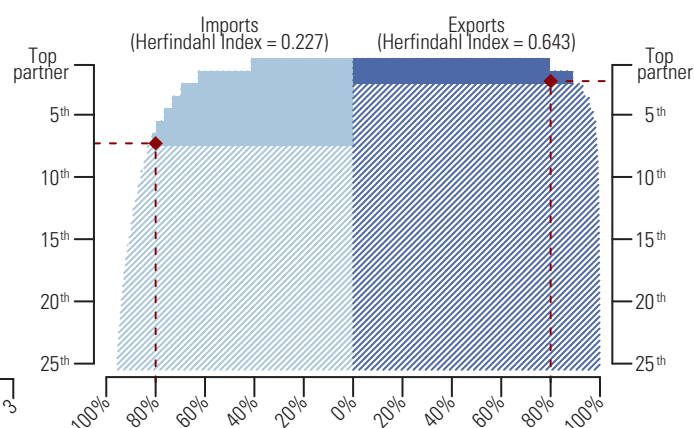
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2016)



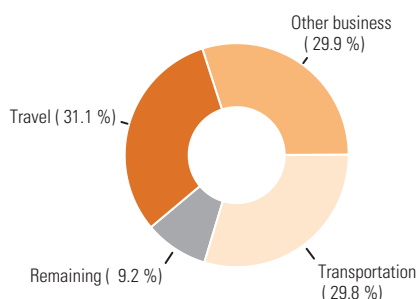
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2016)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2015)



Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2016, representing respectively 28.8, 20.7 and 16.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2014 to 2016, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 40.9, 20.6 and 6.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2015 at 42.4 mln US\$, followed by "Computer and information services" (EBOPS code 262) at 17.4 mln US\$ and "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 12.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2014 to 2016

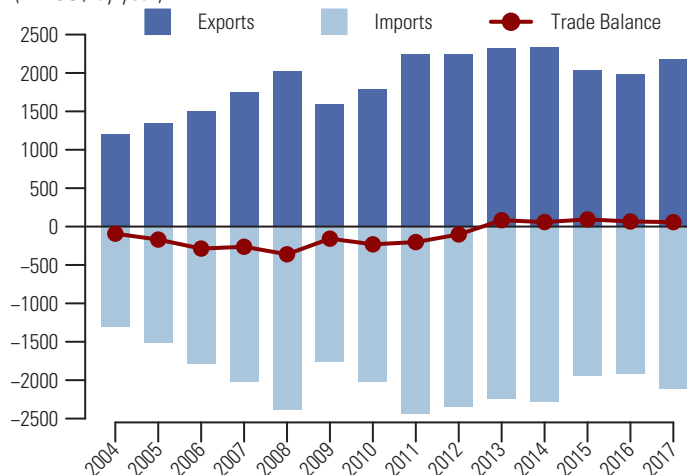
HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016		Unit
All Commodities.....		6379.8	6002.2	5211.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		1478.9	1518.6	1300.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	US\$/kg 334
1005 Maize (corn).....		114.6	174.3	296.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 044
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		203.8	176.8	160.5	46.8	41.2	26.5	US\$/kg 542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....		174.8	171.7	113.2	2.0	1.6	1.5	thsd US\$/unit 782
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		197.0	152.0	109.2	1.8	1.9	0.0	thsd US\$/unit 781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		135.8	161.0	93.3				764
1006 Rice.....		115.1	126.9	109.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg 042
1001 Wheat and meslin.....		92.0	100.0	97.9	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg 041
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions.....		56.5	108.3	124.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg 421
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.....		160.8	62.6	32.8	0.8	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg 562

Overview:

In 2017, the value of merchandise exports of the EU increased moderately by 9.6 percent to reach 2178.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.4 percent to reach 2120.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 57.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -191.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the EU were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 24 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2016, the value of exports of services of the EU decreased slightly by 0.6 percent, reaching 880.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.6 percent and reached 760.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 120.1 bln US\$. See footnote*.

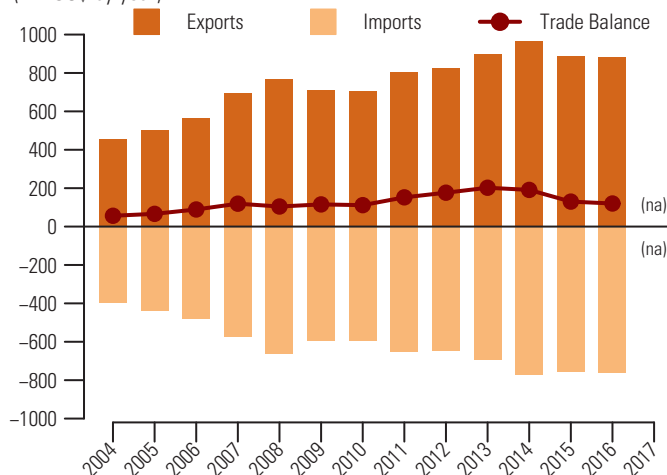
Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value

(Bln US\$ by year)



Exports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2017, representing respectively 41.1, 17.5 and 11.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2015 to 2017, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Switzerland, accounting for respectively 19.8, 9.6 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 250.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 157.6 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code 236) at 124.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)

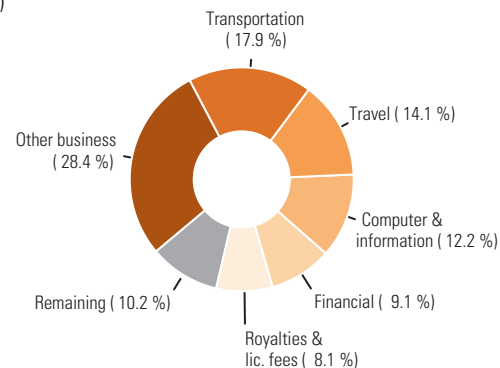


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017		Unit
All Commodities.....		2041.2	1987.0	2178.1					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		143.2	138.2	148.8	25.6	25.4	thsd US\$/unit	781	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		102.1	107.3	116.4	121.0		US\$/kg	542	
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		117.6	101.3	105.7				931	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		73.9	62.7	80.9	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft.....		60.7	63.3	63.1	8.7			mIn US\$/unit	792
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05.....		44.0	44.8	50.8	10.5	10.7	10.9	US\$/kg	784
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses.....		39.2	42.6	48.0	726.3	646.9	735.3	US\$/kg	541
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		38.2	39.6	44.5					714
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		45.8	22.8	23.7	35.4	36.6	36.8	thsd US\$/kg	971
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		24.1	21.7	22.6					764

*Data beginning 2002 reporting EU-28. Trade in services reporting EU-15 for 2000-2002; EU-25 for 2003; EU-27 for 2004-2009; and EU-28 for 2010-2016.

Services Imports and Exports: EBOPS 2002 categories

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2 178 131.2	-1.6	9.6	100.0
0+1	140 366.2	0.4	7.3	6.4
2+4	56 335.0	-1.0	17.2	2.6
3	105 187.9	-8.6	34.7	4.8
5	381 587.0	2.2	8.0	17.5
6	231 642.2	-3.2	10.2	10.6
7	895 081.2	-1.3	8.8	41.1
8	250 940.1	1.1	9.3	11.5
9	116 991.6	-10.2	2.4	5.4

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

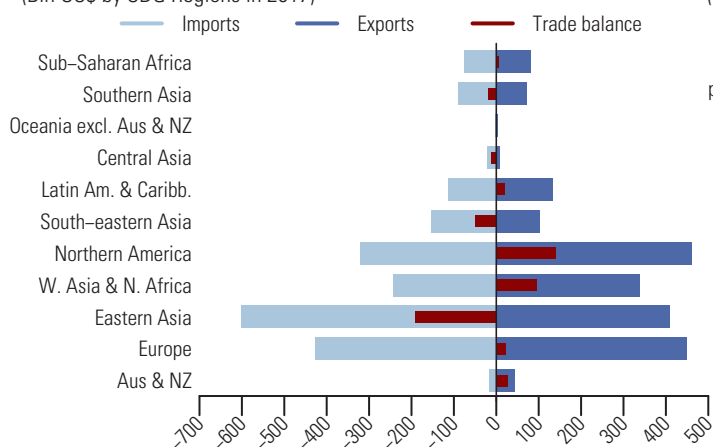
SITC	2017	Avg. Growth rates		2017 share
		2013-2017	2016-2017	
Total	2 120 367.9	-1.4	10.4	100.0
0+1	127 160.1	0.7	5.0	6.0
2+4	89 443.5	-2.9	16.9	4.2
3	355 858.0	-13.0	30.9	16.8
5	219 952.7	1.7	6.3	10.4
6	227 058.8	1.0	12.5	10.7
7	675 003.3	3.9	9.7	31.8
8	307 891.3	1.7	3.4	14.5
9	118 000.2	2.8	-8.8	5.6

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

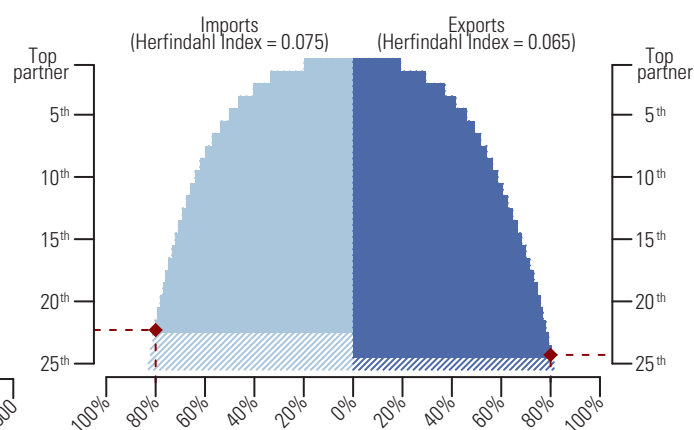
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2017)



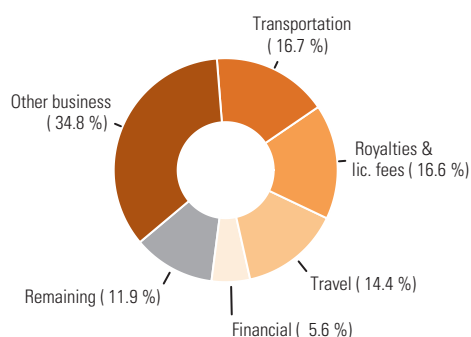
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2017)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2016)



Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2017, representing respectively 31.8, 16.8 and 14.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2015 to 2017, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 19.9, 14.0 and 7.0 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code 268) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 265.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transportation" (EBOPS code 205) at 127.2 bln US\$ and "Royalties and license fees" (EBOPS code 266) at 126.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2015 to 2017

HS code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System 2012	Value (billion US\$)			Unit value			SITC code
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	
All Commodities.....		1 947.8	1 920.7	2 120.4				
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude.....		203.6	161.3	215.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg 333
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind.....		83.8	68.2	80.3				931
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy.....		75.9	73.4	81.9				764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude.....		62.6	53.6	65.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg 334
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof.....		53.7	50.2	54.8	122.7	134.3	153.0	US\$/unit 752
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.....		50.6	39.1	50.0	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg 343
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum).....		25.8	63.9	41.9	36.6	39.3	40.1	thsd US\$/kg 971
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.....		36.3	42.3	50.5	13.8	14.0		thsd US\$/unit 781
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines.....		34.3	37.6	41.6				714
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06).....		36.8	38.5	35.4	194.9			US\$/kg 542

Country, Regional and World Trade Profiles

General notes:

For further information on sources, method of estimation, currency conversion, period, country nomenclature and regional groupings, please see the Introduction.