United Nations S/2020/1173



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## Letter dated 4 December 2020 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General and the Permanent Representatives of the members of the Security Council

I have the honour to refer to Security Council resolution 2554 (2020), related to agenda item "The situation in Somalia" and adopted on 4 December 2020. Resolution 2554 (2020) was adopted in accordance with the voting procedure set out in the letter by the President of the Security Council dated 27 March 2020 (S/2020/253), a procedure agreed in the light of the extraordinary circumstances caused by the coronavirus disease pandemic.

Pursuant to that procedure, I enclose herewith copies of the related documents:

My letter dated 3 December 2020, addressed to the Permanent Representatives of Security Council members (see annex I), putting to the vote the draft resolution contained in document S/2020/1160 (see enclosure to annex I);

Letters received in reply from Security Council members indicating their national position on the draft resolution (see annexes II to XVI);

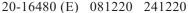
A statement subsequently submitted by a Security Council member providing an explanation of its vote (see annex XVII);

A statement subsequently submitted by Somalia (see annex XVIII).

This letter and its enclosures will be issued as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Jerry Matthews **Matjila** President of the Security Council







#### Annex I

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General and the Permanent Representatives of the members of the Security Council

In accordance with the procedure agreed upon by the Members of the Security Council in the light of the extraordinary circumstances caused by the coronavirus disease pandemic, as set out in the letter dated 27 March 2020 from the President of the Security Council addressed to all members of the Council (S/2020/253), I would like to draw your attention to the following:

The members of the Council have discussed a draft resolution, submitted by the United States of America, in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia". That draft resolution, contained in document S/2020/1160 and enclosed herein, has been put into blue.

In my capacity as President of the Security Council, I hereby put the above-mentioned draft resolution to a vote. The non-extendable 24-hour voting period for this draft resolution will begin at 10 a.m. on Thursday, 3 December 2020. The non-extendable 24-hour voting period will expire at 10 a.m. on Friday, 4 December 2020.

Please submit your vote (in favour, against or abstain) on the draft resolution, as well as your possible explanation of vote, by sending a letter signed by the Permanent Representative or Chargé d'affaires a.i. within the non-extendable 24-hour voting period set out above to the Director of the Security Council Affairs Division of the Secretariat (egian@un.org).

It is my intention to circulate a letter listing the outcome of the vote within three hours of the conclusion of the 24-hour voting period. I also intend to convene a video-teleconference of the Security Council to announce the outcome of the vote shortly after the conclusion of the voting period, on the morning of Friday, 4 December 2020.

(Signed) Jerry Matthews **Matjila** President of the Security Council

#### **Enclosure**

United Nations S/2020/1160



### **Security Council**

Provisional 3 December 2020

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#### United States of America: draft resolution

The Security Council,

Recalling its previous resolutions concerning the situation in Somalia, especially resolutions 1814 (2008), 1816 (2008), 1838 (2008), 1844 (2008), 1846 (2008), 1851 (2008), 1897 (2009), 1918 (2010), 1950 (2010), 1976 (2011), 2015 (2011), 2020 (2011), 2077 (2012), 2125 (2013), 2184 (2014), 2246 (2015), 2316 (2016), 2383 (2017), 2442 (2018), and 2500 (2019), as well as the Statements of its President (S/PRST/2010/16) of 25 August 2010 and (S/PRST/2012/24) of 19 November 2012,

Welcoming the report of the Secretary-General (S/2020/1072), as requested by resolution 2500 (2019), on the implementation of that resolution and on the situation with respect to piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia,

Reaffirming its respect for the sovereignty, territorial integrity, political independence, and unity of Somalia, including Somalia's sovereign rights in accordance with international law, with respect to offshore natural resources, including fisheries,

Welcoming that there were no successful piracy attacks off the coast of Somalia in the prior 12 months, and noting that joint counter-piracy efforts have resulted in a steady decline in pirate attacks as well as in hijackings since 2011, with no successful ship hijackings for ransom reported off the coast of Somalia since March 2017 however, recognizing the ongoing threat that resurgent piracy and armed robbery at sea poses, noting the letter of 2 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations requesting international assistance to counter piracy off its coast, and recalling reports of the Secretary General and communiqués of the Contact Group on Piracy off the Coast of Somalia (CGPCS), which continue to illustrate that piracy off the coast of Somalia has been repressed but not eradicated, and commending countries and organizations that have deployed naval counter-piracy missions in the region to suppress piracy and protect ships transiting through the waters off the coast of Somalia and the region,

Reaffirming that international law, as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 ("The Convention"), sets out the legal framework within which all activities in the oceans and seas must be carried out, including countering piracy and armed robbery at sea,

Recognizing the need and commending the efforts of States, including in particular States in the region, to investigate and prosecute not only suspects

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captured at sea, but also anyone who incites or intentionally facilitates piracy operations, including key figures of criminal networks involved in piracy including those who plan, organize, facilitate or illicitly finance or profit from such attacks, and *reiterating* its concern over persons suspected of piracy having been released without facing justice, or released prematurely, *reaffirming* that the failure to prosecute persons responsible for acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia undermines anti-piracy efforts,

Welcoming the work of the CGPCS and the Law Enforcement Task Force (LETF) to facilitate the prosecution of suspected pirates and facilitators, and international efforts to coordinate the work of investigators and prosecutors, inter alia, through the LETF and collect and share information to disrupt the pirate enterprise, as exemplified by INTERPOL's Global Database on Maritime Piracy, further commending the Padang Communique and Maritime Cooperation Declaration adopted by the Indian Ocean Rim Association (IORA), and the operationalization of the Regional Maritime Information Fusion Center (RMIFC) in Madagascar and emphasizing the need for States and international organizations to further enhance international efforts in this regard,

Welcoming efforts by the CGPCS, the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the Maritime Security Coordination Committee (MSCC), the financing mechanism provided by the Trust Fund to Support Initiatives of States Combating Piracy off the Coast of Somalia (the Trust Fund), and donors to strengthen regional judicial and law enforcement capacity to investigate, arrest, and prosecute suspected pirates as well as those associated with facilitating piracy and to incarcerate those convicted consistent with applicable international human rights law, noting with appreciation the assistance and capacity-building provided by UNODC Global Maritime Crime Programme, the Trust Fund, the International Maritime Organization (IMO), the funded Djibouti Code of Conduct, and the European Union Capacity Building Mission in Somalia (EUCAP Somalia), and recognizing the need for all engaged international and regional organizations to coordinate and cooperate fully,

Commending the efforts of the European Union Naval Forces (EUNAVFOR) Operation ATALANTA and EUCAP Somalia, Combined Maritime Forces' Combined Task Force 151 (CMF), the counter piracy activities of the African Union onshore in Somalia and other States acting in a national capacity in cooperation with Somali authorities to suppress piracy and to protect ships transiting through the waters off the coast of Somalia, and welcoming the Shared Awareness and Deconfliction Initiative (SHADE), and the efforts of individual countries, including China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, and the Russian Federation, which have deployed naval counter-piracy missions in the region,

Commending the efforts of the CGPCS and Kenya, which assumed the Chair of the CGPCS for the period 2020 to 2022, and despite their work being severely restrained due to the COVID-19 pandemic welcoming their efforts to convene a successful virtual Friends of the CGPCS Chair meeting, with participants from over 50 countries as well as regional and international organizations, to update on maritime threats and activities off the coast of Somalia and finalise the Terms of Reference for the Strategic Planning Steering Group that will develop a strategic plan on future priorities of the CGPCS, and explore the possibility of establishing a financial mechanism to replace the Trust Fund in consultation with FGS and in line with its policies,

Underlining the importance of cooperation between the Federal Government of Somalia and the Federal Member States in the development of a coast guard in Somalia, noting with appreciation the efforts made by the IMO and the

shipping industry to develop and update guidance, best management practices, recommendations to assist ships to prevent and suppress piracy attacks off the coast of Somalia, and publishing the fifth version of the Best Management Practices to deter Piracy and Enhance Maritime Security in the Red Sea, Gulf of Aden, Indian Ocean and the Arabian Sea (BMP5),

Reaffirming international condemnation of acts of kidnapping and hostage-taking, including offences contained within the International Convention against the Taking of Hostages, and expressing serious concern at the inhumane conditions hostages face in captivity, and noting the importance of cooperation between Member States on the issue of hostage-taking and the prosecution of suspected pirates for taking hostages,

Welcoming the readiness of the Federal Government of Somalia and Federal Member States to cooperate with each other and with States who have prosecuted suspected pirates with a view to enabling convicted pirates to be repatriated back to Somalia under suitable prisoner transfer arrangements, consistent with applicable international law, including international human rights law, to serve the full terms of their sentences, but expresses serious concern regarding the premature release of any convicted prisoners returned from Seychelles to Somalia and reiterates that sentences served must be those passed by the courts of the prosecuting states and that any proposal to vary the sentences must be in conformity with agreements with Seychelles on the transfer of sentenced persons and consistent with applicable international law, including international human rights law,

Expressing serious concern over reports of illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing (IUU) in Somalia's Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ), recognizing that IUU fishing can contribute to destabilization among coastal communities, and noting the complex relationship between IUU fishing and piracy, welcoming Somalia's accession to the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)'s Agreement on Port State Measures to Prevent, Deter and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing, and the ongoing efforts of the Federal Government of Somalia towards the development of a legal regime for the distribution and enforcement of fishing licences,

Welcoming the release of the three Iranian seafarers from the FV Siraj as a result of the efforts of the Islamic Republic of Iran and the Hostage Support Partnership who were held as hostages inside Somalia in appalling conditions, and appreciating the work of the International Seafarers Welfare and Assistance Network (ISWAN), the Maritime Piracy Response Programme (MPHRP), and the CGPCS Piracy Survivors Family Fund (PSFF) in providing support to victims of piracy and their families, and recognizing the need to continue supporting these initiatives and contributions to funds,

Emphasizing that peace and stability within Somalia, the strengthening of State institutions, economic and social development, and respect for human rights and the rule of law are necessary to create the conditions for a durable eradication of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, and further emphasizing that Somalia's long-term security rests with the effective development by Somali authorities of the Somali Coast Guard and Maritime Police Units, Somali National Army, and Somali Police Force,

Determining that the incidents of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, as well as the activity of pirate groups in Somalia, are an important factor exacerbating the situation in Somalia, which continues to constitute a threat to international peace and security in the region,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

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- 1. Reiterates that it condemns and deplores all acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia;
- 2. While noting improvements in Somalia, recognizes that piracy exacerbates instability in Somalia by introducing large amounts of illicit cash that fuels additional crime, corruption, and terrorism;
- 3. Stresses the need for a comprehensive response to prevent and suppress piracy and tackle its underlying causes by the international community in collaboration with Somali authorities and other relevant actors, and encourages Member States to continue to cooperate with Somali authorities in the fight against piracy and armed robbery at sea, without impeding the exercise of high seas freedoms or other navigational rights and freedoms by ships of any State, consistent with international law, as reflected in UNCLOS;
- 4. Underlines the primary responsibility of the Somali authorities in the fight against piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, values the recent launch of the Department of Somali Maritime Administration, and welcomes the National Maritime Coordination Committee (NMCC) meeting convened by the FGS to initiate a mapping process of all maritime activities, including international support;
- 5. Recognizes the need to continue investigating and prosecuting those who plan, organize, illicitly finance or profit from pirate attacks off the coast of Somalia, including key figures of criminal networks involved in piracy, and to develop the capacity of Somalia authorities to investigate and prosecute such persons, and the capacity of Somalia's Financial Intelligence Unit to identify illicit financial activity and support the prosecution of pirate financiers, and urges States, working in conjunction with relevant international organizations, to adopt legislation to facilitate prosecution of suspected pirates off the coast of Somalia;
- 6. Calls upon the Somali authorities to interdict, and upon interdiction to have mechanisms in place to safely return effects seized by pirates, investigate and prosecute pirates and to patrol the waters off the coast of Somalia to prevent and suppress acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea;
- 7. Calls upon the Somali authorities to make all efforts to bring to justice those who are using Somali territory to plan, facilitate, or undertake criminal acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea, and calls upon Member States to assist Somalia, at the request of Somali authorities and with notification to the Secretary-General, to strengthen maritime capacity in Somalia, including regional authorities and, stresses that any measures undertaken pursuant to this paragraph shall be consistent with applicable international law, in particular international human rights law;
- 8. Encourages the Federal Government of Somalia to accede to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, and develop a corresponding legal architecture as part of its efforts to target money laundering and financial support structures on which piracy networks survive;
- 9. Calls upon States to cooperate, as appropriate, on the issue of hostage taking, and the prosecution of suspected pirates for taking hostages;
- 10. Recognizes the need for Member States, international and regional organizations, and other appropriate partners to exchange evidence and information for anti-piracy law enforcement purposes with a view to ensuring effective arrest, prosecution of suspected, and imprisonment of convicted pirates and key figures of criminal networks involved in piracy who plan, organize, facilitate, or illicitly finance and profit from piracy operations, and keeps under review the possibility of applying targeted sanctions against individuals or entities that plan, organize,

facilitate, or illicitly finance or profit from piracy operations if they meet the listing criteria set out in paragraph 43 of resolution 2093 (2013), and *calls upon* all States to cooperate fully with the Panel of Experts on Somalia, including on information-sharing regarding possible violations of the arms embargo or charcoal ban;

- 11. Recognizes the importance of capacity building and request donors to consider providing support to reinforce Somalia's national coast guard capacities through Human Resources development, training, equipping and building of coastal guard stations;
- 12. Renews its call upon States and regional organizations that are able to do so to take part in the fight against piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, in particular, consistent with this resolution and international law, by deploying naval vessels, arms, and military aircraft, by providing basing and logistical support for counter-piracy forces, and by seizing and disposing of boats, vessels, arms, and other related equipment used in the commission of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, or for which there are reasonable grounds for suspecting such use;
- 13. Highlights the importance of coordination among Member states and international organizations in order to deter acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, commends the work of the CGPCS to facilitate such coordination in cooperation with the IMO, flag States, and Somali authorities, encourages the full participation of Somalia in all coordination efforts and urges continued support of these efforts;
- 14. Decides that, for a further period of 12 months from the date of this resolution to renew the authorizations as set out in paragraph 14 of resolution 2500 (2019) granted to States and regional organizations cooperating with Somali authorities in the fight against piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, for which advance notification has been provided by Somali authorities to the Secretary-General;
- 15. Affirms that the authorizations renewed in this resolution apply only with respect to the situation in Somalia and shall not affect the rights, obligations, or responsibilities of Member States under international law, including any rights or obligations under The Convention, with respect to any other situation, and underscores in particular that this resolution shall not be considered as establishing customary international law; and affirms further that such authorizations have been renewed in response to the 2 December 2020 letter conveying the request of Somali authorities;
- 16. Decides that the arms embargo on Somalia imposed by paragraph 5 of resolution 733 (1992) and further elaborated upon by paragraphs 1 and 2 of resolution 1425 (2002) and modified by paragraphs 33 to 38 of resolution 2093 does not apply to supplies of weapons and military equipment or the provision of assistance destined for the sole use of Member States, international, regional, and sub-regional organizations undertaking measures in accordance with paragraph 14 above, as most recently reaffirmed by OP 19(b) of resolution 2551 (2020);
- 17. Calls upon all States to take appropriate actions under their existing domestic law, or develop legislative processes, to prevent the illicit financing of acts of piracy and the laundering of its proceeds;
- 18. Calls upon all States, and in particular flag, port, and coastal States, States of the nationality of victims and perpetrators of piracy and armed robbery, and other States with relevant jurisdiction under international law and national legislation, to cooperate in determining jurisdiction, to criminalize piracy under their domestic law, and to favourably consider the prosecution of suspected, and imprisonment of

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those convicted, pirates apprehended off the coast of Somalia, and their facilitators and financiers ashore, decides to keep these matters under review, including, as appropriate, the establishment of specialized anti-piracy courts in Somalia with substantial international participation and/or support as set forth in resolution 2015 (2011), and encourages the CGPCS to continue its discussions in this regard;

- 19. Further calls upon all States to cooperate in the investigation and prosecution of all persons responsible for or associated with acts of piracy and armed robbery off the coast of Somalia, including international criminal networks involved in piracy who plan, organize, facilitate, or illicitly finance or profit from such attack, consistent with applicable international law including international human rights law; to ensure that all pirates handed over to judicial authorities are subject to a judicial process, and to render assistance by, among other actions, providing disposition and logistics assistance with respect to persons under their jurisdiction and control, such as victims, witnesses, and persons detained as a result of operations conducted under this resolution;
- 20. *Urges* all States to ensure that counter-piracy activities, particularly land-based activities, take into consideration the need to protect women and children from exploitation, including sexual exploitation;
- 21. *Urges* all States to share information with INTERPOL for use in the global piracy database, through appropriate channels;
- 22. Welcomes the UNODC Global Maritime Crime Programme's continued work with authorities in Somalia and in neighbouring States to ensure that individuals suspected of piracy are prosecuted and those convicted are imprisoned in a manner consistent with applicable international law, including international human rights law, and welcomes the work of international and regional organizations to strengthen the capacity of financial intelligence units in Somalia and neighbouring states;
- 23. *Recognizes* the successful prosecution of piracy cases by Seychelles and implores regional authorities to honour transfer agreements;
- 24. *Urges* States parties to The Convention and the 1988 Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts Against the Safety of Maritime Navigation (SUA Convention) and its protocols to implement fully their relevant obligations under these conventions and customary international law and to cooperate with the UNODC, IMO, and other States and international organizations to build judicial capacity for the successful prosecution of persons suspected of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia;
- 25. Acknowledges the recommendations and guidance provided by the IMO on preventing and suppressing piracy and armed robbery at sea; and urges States, in collaboration with the shipping and insurance industries and the IMO, to continue to develop and implement avoidance, evasion, and defensive best practices and advisories to take when under attack or when sailing in the waters off the coast of Somalia, and further urges States to make their citizens and vessels available for forensic investigation as appropriate at the first suitable port of call immediately following an act or attempted act of piracy or armed robbery at sea or release from captivity;
- 26. Welcomes and encourages efforts by flag States and port States to further consider the development of safety and security measures on board vessels, including, where applicable, developing regulations for the use of privately contracted armed security personnel (PCASP) on board ships, aimed at preventing and suppressing piracy off the coast of Somalia, through a consultative process, including through the IMO and ISO;

- 27. Invites the IMO to continue its contributions to the prevention and suppression of acts of piracy and armed robbery against ships, in coordination, in particular, with the UNODC, the World Food Program (WFP), the shipping industry, and all other parties concerned, and recognizes the IMO's role concerning privately contracted armed security personnel on board ships in high-risk areas;
- 28. *Notes* the importance of securing the safe delivery of WFP assistance by sea, and welcomes the ongoing work by the WFP, EUNAVFOR Operation Atalanta, and flag States with regard to Vessel Protection Detachments on WFP vessels;
- 29. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council within eleven months of the adoption of this resolution on the implementation of this resolution and on the situation with respect to piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, including assessment of National Coast Guard capabilities as well as voluntary reports by cooperating States and regional organizations;
- 30. Expresses its intention to review the situation and consider, as appropriate, renewing the authorizations provided in paragraph 14 above for additional periods upon the request of Somali authority;

31. Decides to remain seized of the matter.

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#### Annex II

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I refer to the President of the Security Council's letter of 3 December 2020 relating to the draft resolution under the agenda item "The situation in Somalia" — piracy, contained in document S/2020/1160.

In accordance with the procedure set forth for the adoption of resolutions under the current extraordinary circumstance caused by the coronavirus disease pandemic, I am pleased to indicate that Belgium votes in favour of this draft resolution. At this stage, my delegation does not intend to deliver an explanation of vote.

(Signed) Philippe **Kridelka**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of Belgium to the United Nations

#### Annex III

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of China to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I thank you and your team for the continued strong support in facilitating the voting procedure.

Please be kindly informed that China votes in favour of the draft resolution (S/2020/1160) submitted by the United States for the mandate renewal on fighting piracy in Somalia.

(Signed) **Zhang** Jun
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of China to the United Nations

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#### Annex IV

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Special Envoy to the Security Council of the Dominican Republic addressed to the President of the Security Council

I refer to your letter dated 3 December 2020 regarding the draft resolution contained in document S/2020/1160, under the agenda item "The situation in Somalia".

Upon instructions from my Government, the delegation of the Dominican Republic votes in favour of the above-mentioned draft resolution.

(Signed) José Singer Weisinger

Ambassador

Special Envoy to the Security Council of the Dominican Republic

### Annex V

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of Estonia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I have the honour to inform you, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter of the United Nations, that my delegation votes in favour of the draft resolution submitted by the United States of America in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia", contained in document S/2020/1160.

(Signed) Sven Jürgenson
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of Estonia to the United Nations

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#### Annex VI

## Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

[Original: French]

I refer to the letter dated 3 December 2020 calling on the members of the Council to vote on the draft resolution submitted by the United States of America under the agenda item "The situation in Somalia", put in blue under the symbol S/2020/1160. France votes in favour.

(Signed) Nicolas **de Rivière**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations

#### Annex VII

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

It is my honour to write to you, Sir, in response to the letter of the President of the Security Council dated 3 December 2020 initiating a written voting procedure, in line with the agreement reached among members of the Security Council.

The vote of the Federal Republic of Germany on the draft resolution submitted by the United States, in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia" and as contained in document S/2020/1160, is as follows: the Federal Republic of Germany votes in favour of the above-mentioned resolution.

(Signed) Christoph **Heusgen**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations

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#### Annex VIII

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of Indonesia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I am writing in reference to the letter from the Permanent Representative of South Africa to the United Nations, in his capacity as the President of the Security Council, dated 3 December 2020, regarding the draft resolution on the authorization to fight piracy off the coast of Somalia (S/2020/1160).

I hereby indicate that Indonesia votes in favour of said draft resolution.

(Signed) Dian Triansyah **Djani**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of Indonesia to the United Nations

#### Annex IX

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of the Niger to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I am writing in response to the letter from the President of the Security Council dated 3 December 2020 calling on the members of the Council to express their vote on the draft resolution submitted by the United States of America under the item "The situation in Somalia" (S/2020/1160).

In accordance with the agreed temporary procedures for the adoption of resolutions during the coronavirus disease pandemic restrictions, I have the honour to indicate that the Republic of the Niger decides to vote in favour of said draft resolution.

(Signed) Abdou **Abarry**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Niger to the United Nations

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#### Annex X

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 3 December 2020, on the beginning of the voting procedure for the draft resolution in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia" (S/2020/1160).

In accordance with the procedure for the adoption of resolutions of the Security Council being in place during the duration of the restrictions on movement in New York due to the coronavirus disease pandemic, outlined in a letter from the President of the Security Council dated 27 March 2020 (S/2020/253), I have the honour to inform you that the Russian Federation votes in favour of draft resolution S/2020/1160.

(Signed) Vassily **Nebenzia**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations

### Annex XI

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I have the honour to refer to the draft resolution (S/2020/1160) submitted by the United States of America on "The situation in Somalia".

In this respect, I wish to inform that Saint Vincent and the Grenadines votes in favour of the above-mentioned draft resolution.

(Signed) Inga Rhonda **King**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
to the United Nations

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#### Annex XII

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of South Africa to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

I refer to your letter dated 3 December 2020 regarding the Security Council draft resolution submitted by the United States of America in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia", contained in document S/2020/1160.

The delegation of the Republic of South Africa votes in favour of the above-mentioned draft resolution.

(Signed) Jerry Matthews **Matjila**Ambassador
Permanent Representative of South Africa to the United Nations

### Annex XIII

### Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

With reference to the letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of South Africa, in his capacity as President of the Security Council, regarding draft resolution S/2020/1160, submitted by the United States of America in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia", I would like to inform you, Sir, that Tunisia votes in favour of that draft resolution.

(Signed) Tarek Ladeb
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations

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### Annex XIV

Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

With reference to the letter from the President of the Security Council dated 3 December 2020, the United Kingdom votes in favour of the draft resolution (S/2020/1160) in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia".

(Signed) Jonathan Allen
Ambassador
Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain
and Northern Ireland to the United Nations

### Annex XV

# Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

On the draft resolution submitted by the United States of America in connection with the agenda item "The situation in Somalia" (S/2020/1160), the United States of America votes in favour.

(Signed) Kelly Craft
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the United States of America
to the United Nations

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### Annex XVI

# Letter dated 3 December 2020 from the Permanent Representative of Viet Nam to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

In reference to the letter from the President of the Security Council dated 3 December 2020 relating to the draft resolution under the agenda item entitled "The situation in Somalia", as contained in document S/2020/1160, I would like to hereby inform you that Viet Nam votes in favour of said draft resolution.

(Signed) **Dang** Dinh Quy Permanent Representative of Viet Nam to the United Nations

#### Annex XVII

### Statement by the Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations, Christoph Heusgen

Today the Security Council renewed the authorization granted to States and regional organizations cooperating with the Somali authorities in the fight against piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia.

Germany voted in favour of the resolution. With regard to operative paragraphs 11 and 29, we reiterate our understanding that the resolution includes cooperation not only with the Federal Government of Somalia but with all relevant Somalia authorities, including the federal member states.

The United Nations Assistance Mission in Somalia, the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and the European Union Capacity-Building Mission in Somalia have supported various capacity-building initiatives at the federal and state levels. Dialogue and cooperation among the Somali authorities at the federal and state levels are essential to build up effective maritime security capacities and working coast-guard structures capable of securing the sea off the coast of Somalia.

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### Annex XVIII

### Statement by the State Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation of Somalia, Balal Mohamed Osman

Allow me first of all to express to you, Mr. President, the satisfaction of the delegation of Somalia at seeing your country preside over the Security Council this month. South Africa is a friend of Somalia, and we wish it every success and pledge our full support during the presidency. I would also like to congratulate another friend of Somalia, the delegation of the Saint Vincent and Grenadines, for the able manner in which it guided the work of the Council last month.

There has been a massive reduction in the number of piracy-related incidents in the past three years thanks to the Federal Government of Somalia's efforts, in collaboration with the international community. For the first time in more than a decade, there is no single piracy-related incident off the coast of Somalia. We believe that piracy and armed robbery off the coast of Somalia must be put in the context of the political, security and economic challenges on land facing my country.

In that regard, we ask Member States and international organizations for their support for the Somali Government's policies and priorities so as to address the root causes of piracy, which is the only sustainable way of eradicating piracy- and armedrobbery-related incidents off the coast of Somalia.

We welcome the planned closure on 31 December 2021 of the Contact Group on Piracy off the Coast of Somalia Trust Fund. Furthermore, the Somali Government is concerned at the outdated mandate and structure as well as the working methods of the Group. We firmly believe that the Contact Group is neither inclusive nor useful at this stage, and we thus withdraw our support for and participation in any of the Group's future activities indefinitely. We thank the international partners for their contributions to the Trust Fund to support the initiatives of States countering piracy off the coast of Somalia in the past decade and encourage the aligning of future support with the policies of the Federal Government of Somalia to counter piracy in a systematic, sustainable manner, including reinforcing the Somali national coast guard.

As members are aware, piracy is only one of the many threats to maritime security off the coast of Somalia, and the persistence of illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing in Somalia's exclusive economic zone remains a major concern.

In that regard, we urge Member States to abide by domestic and international regulations and to take all measures necessary to ensure compliance and prevent illegal unreported unregulated fishing off the coast of Somalia.

We remain concerned at the abuse of process in piracy-related prosecutions taking place outside Somalia. In some cases, we have observed that defendants who are illiterate were not offered proper interpretation. Moreover, defendants were required to sign away their right of appeal with the facilitation of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. This is unconstitutional in Somalia as well as in the foreign prosecuting State, Seychelles in this case. As we all strive to fight piracy and armed robbery off the coast of Somalia, compliance with international human rights law and the rules that we are also fighting to protect must be strictly maintained.

In conclusion, 12 years after the adoption of resolution 1816 (2008), we have witnessed a drastic reduction in the number of piracy incidents, in particular in the last three years. The milestone reached this year of no single piracy incidents and no piracy hostages held in Somalia is a true testament to the Federal Government of Somalia's ownership of the problem, in addition to our hard work in collaboration

with our international partners. We will continue with our comprehensive approach, which combines development, security and good governance, and we will spare no effort in our fight against insecurity and injustices in all of its forms.

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