United Nations A/HRC/45/NGO/151



Distr.: General 21 September 2020

English only

Human Rights Council

Forty-fifth session

14 September-2 October 2020

Agenda item 3

Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development

Written statement* submitted by Al Baraem Association for Charitable Work, a non-governmental organization in special consultative status

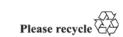
The Secretary-General has received the following written statement which is circulated in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1996/31.

[20 August 2020]

^{*} Issued as received, in the language(s) of submission only.









Youth in the Arab world

The problem of youth in the Arab world is one of the important and fundamental issues. As youth constitute the human and vital energy capable of carrying out operations, renaissance and development starting from education, education, culture and media religious and social values.

The percentage of youth in the Arab world is estimated at about 20% of the population of the Arab world (i.e. nearly 50 million young men and women), this large number requires us to study its conditions and stand up to its concerns and aspirations.

As young people are the strategic asset and they are the real wealth, so talking about them is a talk about the future and the challenges ahead.

The problem of youth stems mainly from a defect in the policies of development, information, employment, education, and socialization And political, which imposes the necessity of the participation of a large number of scientists, researchers, writers, thinkers and psychologists and the meeting on education in developing a future strategy that adopts the younger generation and helps it to overcome difficulties and the obstacles standing in his way and the Arab governments, and their various popular and official institutions, trade unions and families.

Among the most prominent of these problems:

Determining the intellectual and moral path:

One of the most important problems facing a person at this stage is determining his intellectual path and the moral one, which, as a main factor, entails his behaviors in society, and controls this behavior what a person thinks and imagination, he may be a negative thinking that results in bad morals and vice versa.

Drop out of studies:

Study is one of the most important factors driving youth to define their goals and know their path, and if the study is dropped, it is necessary, the dispersion of ideas and orientation to anti-moral behaviors as rates increase crime due to not having anything to fill their spare time with benefit, in addition to that young people are exposed to psychological problems if the desire to study is present but for various reasons, he was dropped out.

Drugs and smoking:

Another problem that young people face is the proliferation of narcotic substances, which is one of the main problems he suffers. Youth in any many societies, where many of these societies suffer from an increase in the number of users for various reasons, and addiction to alcohol and intoxicants has become a dangerous issue that is spreading among young people.

Therefore, there must be radical solutions to such problems, which inevitably cause the collapse of the societal structure in which youth constitute the main factor in its formation.

Immigration abroad:

Immigration and travel abroad from the point of view many young people are one of the root solutions to their financial problems, so youth will continue in search of job opportunities and employment contracts outside their countries, which leads to the transfer of efficiency and the monopoly of creativity in exchange for the attractive financial return offered by many companies abroad.

Solutions

Encouraging young people to communicate with governmental, civil society institutions and private programs, planning their daily programs, and family education, making them aware of the daily dangers and diseases of the age, and monitoring them.

Building a national youth strategy to deepen the meanings of national belonging and loyalty to reduce immigration problems.

Reconsidering the educational policy from its early stages, in line with ongoing development processes.

Youth development to deal with problems and find appropriate solutions to these problems by holding courses and workshops in self-development.

Regulating the family situation to allow fathers and mothers to spend more time with their children and listen to them and follow their concerns and issues.

Providing economic opportunities for youth, and reducing expatriate workers. Responsible gradual openness to accepting other cultures and developing the language of dialogue and democratic debate.

Following modern and thoughtful civilized standards in job appointments and remoteness about favoritism.

Establish programs to protect the individual security of young people from all kinds of risks.

To exert every effort to provide collective security for youth in the same areas urgent need.

Treatment of cases resulting from youth problems of delinquency and drug abuse and other disorders by adopting methods known to specialists.