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## **Human Rights Council**

Forty-fifth session

14 September-7 October 2020

Agenda item 3

Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development

> Albania,\* Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan,\* Belgium,\* Bulgaria, Chile, Croatia,\* Cyprus,\* Czechia, Ecuador,\* Estonia,\* Finland,\* Georgia,\* Germany, Greece,\* Hungary,\* Iceland,\* Iraq,\* Ireland,\* Italy, Latvia,\* Liechtenstein,\* Lithuania,\* Luxembourg,\* Malta,\* Marshall Islands, Montenegro,\* Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand,\* North Macedonia,\* Norway,\* Paraguay,\* Philippines, Portugal,\* Romania,\* Slovakia, Slovenia,\* Spain, Sweden,\* Switzerland,\* Tunisia,\* Turkey\* and Uruguay: draft resolution

> 45/... Promoting and protecting the human rights of women and girls in conflict and post-conflict situations on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of Security Council resolution 1325 (2000)

The Human Rights Council,

Guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Reaffirming the obligations of State parties under the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women,

Reaffirming also General Assembly resolution 60/251 of 15 March 2006 by which the Assembly established the Human Rights Council and, inter alia, acknowledged that peace and security, development and human rights are the pillars of the United Nations system and the foundations for collective security and well-being, and recognizing that development, peace and security and human rights are interlinked and mutually reinforcing,

Reaffirming further Human Rights Council resolution 5/1 of 18 June 2007 on the institution-building of the Council, and bearing in mind the primary responsibility of the Security Council for the maintenance of international peace and security under the Charter,

Recalling Security Council resolution 1325 (2000) of 31 October 2000 on women and peace and security and subsequent, mutually reinforcing resolutions, comprising the women and peace and security agenda, Council resolutions 1820 (2008) of 19 June 2008, 1888 (2009) of 30 September 2009, 1889 (2009) of 5 October 2009, 1960 (2010) of 16 December 2010, 2106 (2013) of 24 June 2013, 2122 (2013) of 18 October 2013, 2242 (2015) of 13 October 2015, 2467 (2019) of 23 April 2019 and 2493 (2019) of 29 October 2019, in which the Council addressed, inter alia, the human rights of women and girls in conflict and postconflict situations,

<sup>\*</sup> State not a member of the Human Rights Council.









Noting that 2020 marks the twentieth anniversary of the adoption of Security Council resolution 1325 (2000), and emphasizing that anniversaries offer a valuable opportunity to raise awareness and to reflect on achievements, best practices and challenges with regard to the full realization of human rights,

Reaffirming the importance of the full, equal and meaningful participation of women in planning and decision-making with regard to mediation, confidence-building, and conflict prevention and resolution, and of their involvement in all efforts to maintain and promote peace and security, and the need to prevent and redress human rights violations, such as sexual and gender-based violence,

Recognizing the important contribution of civil society in mainstreaming the women and peace and security agenda, and in this regard the importance of sustained dialogue with civil society, including women's organizations, women human rights defenders and women peacebuilders,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 70/1 of 27 September 2015, entitled "Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development", and the Sustainable Development Goals enshrined therein, including the commitment of all States to achieve gender equality and the empowerment of women and girls, and recalling also the commitments of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action,

Welcoming the fact that a significant number of States have adopted national action plans on women and peace and security, and encouraging the adoption of these plans by those who have yet to do so,

Expressing deep concern that women's full, equal and meaningful participation in the prevention and resolution of conflicts, peace-building and peacekeeping remains a far-off goal, while violations of the human rights of women and girls, including of women refugees and internally displaced persons in the context of conflict and post-conflict situations, remain widespread and underreported, including sexual and gender-based violence, multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination and lack of access to services,

Acknowledging that women's and girls' empowerment and gender equality are critical to efforts to maintain international peace and security, and emphasizing that persisting barriers to the full implementation of Security Council resolution 1325 (2000) and subsequent mutually reinforcing ones will only be dismantled through dedicated commitment to women's human rights, empowerment and participation, and through concerted leadership, consistent information and action, and support to build women's engagement at all levels of decision-making,

*Mindful* of the report of the Secretary-General on women and peace and security,<sup>1</sup> and its operational recommendations for the United Nations and for Member States in the lead-up to the twentieth anniversary of Seurity Council resolution 1325,

Acknowledging the need for a comprehensive approach to the promotion, protection and fulfilment of all human rights of women and girls and the need to integrate a gender perspective in a more systemic way into all aspects of the work of the United Nations system, including the treaty bodies, and the Human Rights Council and its mechanisms,

Welcoming the work of the United Nations treaty bodies in promoting gender equality and in the promotion and protection of the rights of women and girls at all times, including in conflict and post-conflict situations, and noting general recommendation No. 30 (2013) of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women on women in conflict prevention, conflict and post-conflict situations,

Welcoming also the fact that the Human Rights Council and its mechanisms have made efforts to mainstream the human rights of women and girls at all times, including by documenting, in relevant reports, sexual and gender-based violence in conflict and post-conflict situations,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> S/2019/800.

- 1. Recognizes the crucial role of women in the prevention and resolution of conflicts in peace- and confidence-building, the importance of their full, equal and meaningful participation and full involvement in all efforts for the maintenance and promotion of peace and security, and urges the United Nations system and Governments to make further efforts to ensure and support the full, equal and meaningful participation of women at all levels of decision-making and implementation of conflict prevention and resolution, mediation, post-conflict reconstruction, peacekeeping, peacemaking and peacebuilding;
- 2. Calls upon States to create and support an enabling environment for the meaningful participation of, inter alia, women mediators, women mediators networks, women's civil society organizations, women peacebuilders and women human rights defenders, in the creation and implementation of all relevant activities related to conflict prevention and resolution, mediation, post-conflict reconstruction, peacemaking and peacebuilding;
- 3. Strongly condemns all forms of violence against women and girls committed in conflict and post-conflict situations, recognizes that the term "violence against women and girls" is not limited to sexual violence, but includes any act of gender-based violence that results, or is likely to result, in physical, sexual or psychological harm or suffering, including threats of such acts, coercion or arbitrary deprivation of liberty, and calls for effective measures of accountability where those acts amount to violations of international human rights and humanitarian law;
- 4. Encourages States to enhance the promotion and protection of human rights in relation to the women and peace and security agenda through the universal periodic review by increasing their attention to women and peace and security themes in national reports, as appropriate, to make specific, action-oriented recommendations to States under review, and to act on the recommendations made, and to report on achievements and challenges in implementation at subsequent cycles of review;
- 5. Calls upon the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to, in accordance with her mandate, systematically include, as applicable, the human rights of women and girls in conflict and post-conflict situations arising from the women and peace and security agenda in country-specific relatedwork and relevant thematic reports, and encourages her to hold consultations with women human rights defenders, women's organizations and women peacebuilders;
- 6. Encourages all States to pay full and systematic attention to the recommendations of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women and other treaty bodies relating to the human rights of women and girls in conflict and post-conflict situations, and encourages all relevant entities of the United Nations system to continue to assist States parties, upon the request of those States, in abiding by their international human rights obligations relating to women and girls' rights at all times, including in conflict and post-conflict situations;
- 7. Requests the High Commissioner to submit to the Human Rights Council, at its forty-eighth session, an analytical report, to be followed by an interactive dialogue, on the current state of play of mainstreaming of the human rights of women and girls in conflict and post-conflict situations addressed in Security Council resolution 1325 (2000) and subsequent mutually reinforcing ones in the work of the Human Rights Council, namely in relevant resolutions, as well as and in its mechanisms, with a view to making recommendations, as applicable, to States, Human Rights Council mechanisms and relevant stakeholders.