



Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific

Seventh Asia-Pacific Forum on Sustainable Development

Bangkok, 20 May 2020

Agenda item 2

**Regional perspectives on accelerating progress on the
2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development**

**Acceleration along transformative pathways to deliver
sustainable development**

Note by the secretariat

Corrigendum

1. Page 6, footnote 6

For the existing text *substitute*

- ⁶ ESCAP low-income member countries (based on World Bank country classifications by income level, 2019–2020): Afghanistan; Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Nepal; and Tajikistan.

2. Page 6, footnote 7

For the existing text *substitute*

- ⁷ ESCAP lower middle-income member countries (based on World Bank country classifications by income level, 2019–2020): Bangladesh; Bhutan; Cambodia; India; Indonesia; Kiribati; Kyrgyzstan; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Micronesia (Federated States of); Mongolia; Myanmar; Pakistan; Papua New Guinea; Philippines; Solomon Islands; Timor-Leste; Uzbekistan; Vanuatu; and Viet Nam.

3. Table 1

Replace table 1 with the table below.

<i>Transformative area</i>	<i>Countries</i>
Strengthening human well-being and capabilities	-
Shifting towards sustainable and just economies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bangladesh • India • Indonesia • Philippines
Building sustainable food systems and healthy nutrition patterns	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Democratic People’s Republic of Korea • Indonesia • Lao People’s Democratic Republic • Papua New Guinea • Uzbekistan • Viet Nam
Achieving energy decarbonization and universal access to energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bhutan • Indonesia • Kyrgyzstan • Tajikistan • Viet Nam
Promoting sustainable urban and peri-urban development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turkmenistan
Securing the global environmental commons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bangladesh • Indonesia • Tajikistan • Turkmenistan • Uzbekistan