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STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL
Thirty-fourth year

Letter dated 6 April 1979 from the Permanent Representative
of Democratic Kampuchea to the United Nations addressed to
the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith, for your information, an editorial from La Voix du Kampuchea démocratique entitled "The whole world and all mankind condemns the Vietnamese aggressors more and more strongly".

I should be grateful if you would have this text distributed as an official document of the General Assembly, under item 46 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) THIOUNN PRASITH
Permanent Representative
of Democratic Kampuchea

* A/34/50.

ANNEX

Editorial from La Voix du Kampuchea démocratique entitled "The whole world and all mankind condemns the Vietnamese aggressors more and more strongly"

Since the invasion of Kampuchea by Viet Nam the whole world and all mankind, from the United Nations, the non-aligned countries and the countries of South-East Asia, Asia and the Pacific, to mass organizations, have condemned the Vietnamese aggressors and their Soviet masters and have demanded the withdrawal of all Vietnamese forces of aggression from Kampuchea. This movement of opposition is at present continuing and gaining strength.

Confronted with this increasingly emphatic condemnation and demand of the world and all mankind, in particular of the countries and peoples of South-East Asia, Viet Nam has responded with the most insolent and arrogant attitude.

1. Viet Nam persists in continuing and building up its war of aggression in Kampuchea in the most cynical and Fascist manner.

2. In fact, it is making frantic manoeuvres to induce Laos to enter this barbarous, unjust war of aggression as well, with a view to implementing its criminal strategy to establish an "Indo-Chinese federation". Since it is unable to control Kampuchea entirely, because the people and the Revolutionary Army of Kampuchea are heroically continuing their people's war of national liberation and are ceaselessly counterattacking powerfully and annihilating its forces of aggression, Viet Nam has resorted to the masquerades of military "treaties" that it has "concluded" with both its Vientiane lackeys (in July 1977) and its running dogs of Phnom Penh (in February 1979 following its invasion of Kampuchea), and that it also had its Vientiane lackeys and running dogs of Phnom Penh conclude with each other (in March 1979). The purpose of these "treaties" is to legalize the occupation of Kampuchea and Laos by the Vietnamese forces of aggression and transform all of "Indo-China" into a Vietnamese-Soviet military base, serving the interests of Vietnamese-Soviet expansion in South-East Asia.

3. Not only does Viet Nam have no regard for the fair and reasonable demands of the whole world and all mankind, particularly the aspirations and determination to bring about peace of the peoples and countries of South-East Asia, which are demanding that it should cease its aggression and withdraw all Vietnamese troops from foreign territories, in particular from Kampuchea, but, moreover, it is bringing arrogant and cynical threats to bear against these countries and peoples.

4. Furthermore, Viet Nam and its master, the Soviet Union, have resorted to diplomatic manoeuvres and exerted great pressure on the countries of South-East Asia, southern Asia and the rest of the world in order to achieve recognition by them of their running dogs at Phnom Penh. However, far from startling and swaying world public opinion and countries committed to peace and justice, this arrogant, cynical

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attitude on the part of Viet Nam only reveals the true barbarous and Fascist nature of that expansionist, aggressive country. It is for that reason that the whole world and all mankind abhor, denounce and condemn that country and fight with increasing determination, using all methods, to demand the total and unconditional withdrawal of the Vietnamese forces of aggression from Kampuchea. At the same time the countries and peoples of the world, in particular those of South-East Asia, have fully recognized the danger presented by this war of aggression and Vietnamese-Soviet expansion, which threatens their independence, sovereignty, security and stability. They are therefore joining forces and strengthening their position of firm opposition in order to demand that Viet Nam should cease its aggression against Kampuchea and withdraw all its troops from that country so as to restore peace, security and stability to that region of South-East Asia. It is clear that if Viet Nam is permitted to attack, invade and engulf a country as it chooses, it will become even more arrogant and its expansionist ambitions as regards other countries will be insatiable.

At present, confronted with the many manoeuvres of the Vietnamese and their Soviet masters and their policy designed to exert pressure and to intimidate, all the countries of the world, in particular those of South-East Asia, are refusing to submit to their orders. The whole Kampuchean people and the entire Revolutionary Army of Kampuchea, which are keeping aloft the banner of independence and heroic, persevering struggle in order to annihilate all the Vietnamese invaders and drive them out of their territory, welcome all the forms of action undertaken by Governments of all countries, and by peoples, mass organizations, political parties and prominent persons committed to peace and justice in the world to demand the total and unconditional withdrawal of the Vietnamese forces of aggression from Kampuchea. They express to them their deepest gratitude. At the same time the Kampuchean people is fully convinced that this movement of opposition will continue, develop and gain strength until the Vietnamese withdraw their forces of aggression from Kampuchea totally and unconditionally. For their part, the Kampuchean people and the Revolutionary Army of Kampuchea are determined to continue their struggle to annihilate all the Vietnamese forces of aggression and drive them out of their territory for the cause of independence, peace and security in Kampuchea and in order to make their contribution towards peace, security and stability in South-East Asia and throughout the world.
