



General Assembly

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Human Rights Council

Forty-second session

9–27 September 2019

Agenda item 1

Organizational and procedural matters

Agenda and annotations

Agenda

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Annotations

1. Organizational and procedural matters

Date and venue of the session

1. In accordance with its three-year programme of work, as considered on 15 January 2019 at its organizational meeting, the Human Rights Council will hold its forty-second session from 9 to 27 September 2019 at the United Nations Office at Geneva.
2. In accordance with rule 8 (b) of the rules of procedure of the Human Rights Council, as contained in section VII of the annex to Council resolution 5/1, the organizational meeting for the forty-second session will be held on 26 August 2019.



Agenda of the session

3. The agenda of the Human Rights Council is contained in section V of the annex to Council resolution 5/1. The Council will have before it the present annotations relating to items included in the agenda for the forty-second session.

Composition of the Human Rights Council

4. The composition of the Human Rights Council at its forty-second session is as follows:¹ Afghanistan (2020); Angola (2020); Argentina (2021); Australia (2020); Austria (2021); Bahamas (2021); Bahrain (2021); Bangladesh (2021); Brazil (2019); Bulgaria (2021); Burkina Faso (2021); Cameroon (2021); Chile (2020); China (2019); Croatia (2019); Cuba (2019); Czechia (2021); Democratic Republic of the Congo (2020); Denmark (2021); Egypt (2019); Eritrea (2021); Fiji (2021); Hungary (2019); Iceland (2019); India (2021); Iraq (2019); Italy (2021); Japan (2019); Mexico (2020); Nepal (2020); Nigeria (2020); Pakistan (2020); Peru (2020); Philippines (2021); Qatar (2020); Rwanda (2019); Saudi Arabia (2019); Senegal (2020); Slovakia (2020); Somalia (2021); South Africa (2019); Spain (2020); Togo (2021); Tunisia (2019); Ukraine (2020); United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (2019); and Uruguay (2021).

Bureau of the Human Rights Council

5. At its organizational session held on 3 December 2018, and its organizational meeting held on 15 January 2019, the Human Rights Council elected the following members of the Bureau for its thirteenth cycle, from 1 January to 31 December 2019:

<i>President</i>	Coly Seck (Senegal)
<i>Vice-Presidents</i>	Harald Aspelund (Iceland) Nazhat Shameem Khan (Fiji) Carlos Mario Foradori (Argentina)
<i>Vice-President and Rapporteur</i>	Vesna Batistić Kos (Croatia)

Selection and appointment of mandate holders

6. In accordance with paragraph 47 of the annex to Human Rights Council resolution 5/1 and the requirements set out in Council decision 6/102, the consultative group for the period from 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020 is composed of Kadra Ahmed Hassan (Djibouti), Alejandro Dávalos (Ecuador), Abbas Kadhom Obaid Al-Fatlawi (Iraq), Oxana Domentí (Republic of Moldova) and Ernesto Massimo Bellelli (Italy). The Group will propose to the President of the Council a list of candidates for the mandate of the Independent Expert on the situation of human rights in the Central African Republic.

7. In accordance with the procedure stipulated in paragraphs 52 and 53 of the annex to Human Rights Council resolution 5/1, the appointment of special procedure mandate holders will be completed upon the subsequent approval by the Council. The mandate holders in question will be appointed before the end of the forty-second session.

Election of members of the Human Rights Council Advisory Committee

8. At its seventh session, the Human Rights Council conducted the first elections of the 18 members of the Advisory Committee. Four members were elected for a one-year term, seven for a two-year term and seven for a three-year term.

9. Pursuant to Human Rights Council decision 18/121, the term of office of seven members of the Advisory Committee will end on 30 September 2019.

10. At its forty-second session, the Human Rights Council will elect Advisory Committee members for seven vacant seats: two for the Group of African States, one for the Group of Latin American and Caribbean States, one for the Group of Western European

¹ The term of membership of each State expires at the end of the year indicated in parentheses.

and other States, two for the Group of Asian and Pacific States, and one for the Group of Eastern European States.

11. Pursuant to paragraph 70 of the annex to its resolution 5/1, the Human Rights Council is to elect the members of the Advisory Committee, in secret ballot, from the list of candidates whose names have been presented in accordance with the agreed requirements.

12. Pursuant to paragraph 67 of the annex to resolution 5/1, the Human Rights Council adopted decision 6/102 containing technical and objective requirements for the submission of candidatures for members of the Advisory Committee with the aim of ensuring that the best possible expertise is made available to the Council.

13. In accordance with paragraph 71 of the annex to Human Rights Council resolution 5/1, the list of candidates for the seven vacant seats and relevant information will be made available to Member States and to the public in a note by the Secretary-General (A/HRC/42/64).

Report on the session

14. At the end of its forty-second session, the Human Rights Council will have before it for adoption a draft report prepared by the Rapporteur. It will contain a technical summary of the proceedings of the session.

2. Annual report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and reports of the Office of the High Commissioner and the Secretary-General

15. All reports of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, the Office of the High Commissioner (OHCHR) and the Secretary-General are submitted under agenda item 2, which remains an open-ended item throughout the session. The reports will be considered under the relevant agenda items, as appropriate. The specific timing of their introduction will be reflected in the programme of work.

Situation of human rights in the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela

16. In its resolution 39/1, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to present an oral update on the situation of human rights in the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will hear the oral update by the High Commissioner.

Ensuring accountability and justice for all violations of international law in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem

17. In its resolution 40/13, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to strengthen the field presence of the Office of the High Commissioner in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, particularly in the occupied Gaza Strip, and to deploy the personnel and expertise necessary to monitor and document the ongoing violations of international law in the context of large-scale civilian protests in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, particularly in the occupied Gaza Strip, in accordance with the findings of the independent international commission of inquiry on the protests in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, to follow up on the implementation of the recommendations contained in the report of the commission of inquiry and to provide the Council with an oral update at its forty-second session. The Council will hear the oral update by the High Commissioner.

Human rights, technical assistance and capacity-building in Yemen

18. In its resolution 39/16, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Group of Eminent International and Regional Experts with knowledge of human rights law and the context of Yemen for a further period of one year, renewable as authorized by the Council. It also requested the Group of Eminent International and Regional Experts to submit a comprehensive written report to the High Commissioner for presentation to the Council at its forty-second session, to be followed by an interactive dialogue. In the same resolution, the Council requested the High Commissioner to present to the Council at its forty-second session a written report on the situation of human rights, including violations

and abuses committed since September 2014, as well as on the implementation of technical assistance as stipulated in that resolution. The Council will hold an interactive dialogue on the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/17) (see para. 93 below).

19. Reference is made to the report of the High Commissioner on the implementation of technical assistance in Yemen (A/HRC/42/33) (see para. 94 below).

Promotion and protection of human rights in Nicaragua

20. In its resolution 40/2, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to prepare a comprehensive written report on the human rights situation in Nicaragua and to present it to the Council at its forty-second session, to be followed by an enhanced interactive dialogue. The Council will hold an enhanced interactive dialogue on the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/18).

Situation of human rights of Rohingya Muslims and other minorities in Myanmar

21. In its resolution 39/2, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the independent international fact-finding mission on the situation of human rights of Rohingya Muslims and other minorities in Myanmar, established by the Council in its resolution 34/22, and requested the fact-finding mission to submit a final report on its main activities to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the final report of the fact-finding mission (A/HRC/42/50).

22. Also in its resolution 39/2, the Human Rights Council established an ongoing independent mechanism to collect, consolidate, preserve and analyse evidence of the most serious international crimes and violations of international law committed in Myanmar since 2011, and to prepare files in order to facilitate and expedite fair and independent criminal proceedings, in accordance with international law standards, in national, regional or international courts or tribunals that have or may in the future have jurisdiction over these crimes, in accordance with international law. In the same resolution, the Council decided that the mechanism would report on its main activities on an annual basis to the Council as of its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the Independent Investigative Mechanism for Myanmar (A/HRC/42/66).

Rights of indigenous peoples

23. Reference is made to the report of the High Commissioner on the rights of indigenous peoples (A/HRC/42/19) (see para. 53 below).

Human rights in the administration of justice, including juvenile justice

24. Reference is made to the report of the High Commissioner on human rights in the administration of justice, in particular on violence, death and serious injury in situations of deprivation of liberty (A/HRC/42/20) (see para. 42 below).

Human rights and the regulation of civilian acquisition, possession and use of firearms

25. Reference is made to the report of the High Commissioner on the impact of civilian acquisition, possession and use of firearms on civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights (A/HRC/42/21) (see para. 60 below).

Local government and human rights

26. Reference is made to the report of the High Commissioner on effective methods to foster cooperation between local government and local stakeholders (A/HRC/42/22) (see para. 61 below).

World Programme for Human Rights Education

27. Reference is made to the plan of action for the fourth phase of the World Programme for Human Rights Education (2020–2024) prepared by OHCHR (A/HRC/42/23) (see para. 62 below).

Preventable maternal mortality and morbidity and human rights

28. Reference is made to the summary report of the High Commissioner on the two-day meeting in 2019 to discuss good practices, gaps and challenges in the application of a human rights-based approach to the implementation of policies and programmes to reduce preventable maternal mortality and morbidity in humanitarian settings (A/HRC/42/24) (see para. 57 below).

Question of the death penalty

29. Reference is made to the summary report of OHCHR on the biennial high-level panel discussion held at the fortieth session of the Human Rights Council on human rights violations related to the use of the death penalty, in particular with respect to the rights to non-discrimination and equality (A/HRC/42/25) (see para. 43 below).

30. Reference is also made to the report of the Secretary-General on capital punishment and the implementation of the safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty (A/HRC/42/28) (see para. 44 below).

Human rights and climate change

31. Reference is made to the summary report of OHCHR on the panel discussion on the theme “Women’s rights and climate change: climate action, best practices and lessons learned” (A/HRC/42/26) (see para. 63 below).

Right to development

32. Reference is made to the consolidated report of the Secretary-General and the High Commissioner on the right to development (A/HRC/42/29) (see para. 49 below).

Cooperation with the United Nations, its representatives and mechanisms in the field of human rights

33. Reference is made to the report of the Secretary-General on cooperation with the United Nations, its representatives and mechanisms in the field of human rights (A/HRC/42/30) (see para. 75 below).

The incompatibility between democracy and racism

34. Reference is made to the summary report of the High Commissioner on the intersessional high-level panel discussion on the incompatibility between democracy and racism, held on 2 April 2019 (A/HRC/42/27) (see para. 89 below).

Technical assistance and capacity-building to improve human rights in Libya

35. Reference is made to the oral update by the High Commissioner on the situation of human rights in Libya and the implementation of Council resolution 40/27 (see para. 92 below).

Advisory services and technical assistance to Cambodia

36. Reference is made to the report of the Secretary-General on the role and achievements of OHCHR in assisting the Government and the people of Cambodia in the promotion and protection of human rights (A/HRC/42/31) (see para. 97 below).

Technical assistance and capacity-building in the field of human rights in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

37. Reference is made to the comprehensive report of the High Commissioner on the situation of human rights in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (A/HRC/42/32) (see para. 95 below).

Cooperation with Georgia

38. Reference is made to the report of the High Commissioner on developments relating to and the implementation of Human Rights Council resolution 40/28 on cooperation with Georgia (A/HRC/42/34) (see para. 96 below).

Cooperation with and assistance to Ukraine in the field of human rights

39. Reference is made to the oral presentation by the High Commissioner on the situation of human rights in Ukraine (see para. 102 below).

3. Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development

Economic, social and cultural rights

Environmentally sound management and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes

40. In its resolution 36/15, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the implications for human rights of the environmentally sound management and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes for a period of three years, and invited the Special Rapporteur to report to the Council in accordance with its programme of work. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Baskut Tuncak (A/HRC/42/41).

Access to safe drinking water and sanitation

41. In its resolution 33/10, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the human rights to safe drinking water and sanitation, and requested the Special Rapporteur to continue to report to the Council on an annual basis. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Léo Heller (A/HRC/42/47 and Add.1–3 and 5–7).

Civil and political rights

Human rights in the administration of justice, including juvenile justice

42. In its resolution 36/16, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to submit to the Council, at its forty-second session, a report on human rights in the administration of justice, in particular on violence, death and serious injury in situations of deprivation of liberty. The Council will consider the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/20) (see para. 24 above).

Question of the death penalty

43. Pursuant to its resolution 36/17, the Human Rights Council will have before it the summary report of OHCHR on the biennial high-level panel discussion on human rights violations related to the use of the death penalty, in particular with respect to the rights to non-discrimination and equality, held at its fortieth session (A/HRC/42/25) (see para. 29 above).

44. In its decision 18/117, the Human Rights Council requested the Secretary-General to continue to submit a yearly supplement to his quinquennial report on capital punishment and the implementation of the safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty. In its resolution 37/16, the Council requested the Secretary-General to dedicate the 2019 supplement to his quinquennial report on capital punishment to the consequences arising at various stages of the imposition and application of the death penalty on the enjoyment of the human rights of persons facing the death penalty and other affected persons, paying specific attention to the impact of the resumption of the use of the death penalty on human rights, and to present it to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the Secretary-General (A/HRC/42/28) (see para. 30 above).

Arbitrary detention

45. In its resolution 33/30, the Council extended the mandate of the Working Group on Arbitrary Detention for a further period of three years. The Council will consider the report of the Working Group (A/HRC/42/39 and Add. 1).

Enforced or involuntary disappearances

46. In its resolution 36/6, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Working Group on Enforced or Involuntary Disappearances for a further period of three years, in conformity with the terms set forth in Council resolution 7/12. The Council will consider the report of the Working Group (A/HRC/42/40 and Add.1–3).

Contemporary forms of slavery

47. In its resolution 33/1, the Human Rights Council renewed the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on contemporary forms of slavery, including its causes and consequences for a period of three years, and requested the Special Rapporteur to submit reports on the implementation of the mandate to the Council in accordance with its annual programme of work. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Urmila Bhoola (A/HRC/42/44 and Add.1).

Truth, justice, reparation and guarantees of non-recurrence

48. In its resolution 36/7, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the promotion of truth, justice, reparation and guarantees of non-recurrence for a period of three years, and requested the Special Rapporteur to continue to report annually to the Council. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Fabián Salvioli (A/HRC/42/45 and Add.1).

Right to development

49. In its resolution 39/9, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to continue to submit to the Council an annual report on the activities of OHCHR that have direct relevance to the realization of the right to development, and to provide an analysis of its implementation. In its resolution 73/166, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to submit an interim report to the Council on the implementation of that resolution, including efforts made at the national, regional and international levels in the promotion and realization of the right to development. The Council will consider the consolidated report of the Secretary-General and the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/29) (see para. 32 above).

50. In its resolutions 9/3, 27/2 and 39/9, the Human Rights Council decided that the Working Group on the Right to Development should convene annual sessions of five working days and submit its reports to the Council. The Council will have before it the report of the Working Group on its twentieth session, held from 29 April to 3 May 2019 (A/HRC/42/35).

51. In its resolution 33/14, the Human Rights Council decided to appoint, for a period of three years, a Special Rapporteur on the right to development, and requested the Special Rapporteur to submit an annual report to the Council covering all activities relating to the mandate. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Saad Alfarargi (A/HRC/42/38 and Add.1).

Rights of peoples and of specific groups and individuals*Human rights of indigenous peoples*

52. In its resolution 39/13, the Human Rights Council decided, in accordance with its resolution 18/8, that the theme for the annual half-day panel discussion on the rights of indigenous peoples, to be held during its forty-second session, would be “Promotion and preservation of indigenous languages” (see annex).

53. In its resolution 39/13, the Human Rights Council also requested the High Commissioner to continue to submit to the Council an annual report on the rights of indigenous peoples containing information on relevant developments in human rights bodies and mechanisms and the activities undertaken by OHCHR at headquarters and in the field that contribute to the promotion of, respect for and the full application of the provisions of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, and follow-up on the effectiveness of the Declaration. The Council will consider the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/19) (see para. 23 above).

54. In its resolution 33/12, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the rights of indigenous peoples for a period of three years, and requested the Special Rapporteur to submit a report to the Council on the implementation of the mandate in accordance with its annual programme of work. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Victoria Tauli Corpuz (A/HRC/42/37 and Add.1–2).

55. Reference is made to the annual study of the Expert Mechanism on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (A/HRC/42/56) (see para. 81 below).

56. Reference is also made to the report of the Expert Mechanism on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples on the efforts to implement the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples: recognition, reparations and reconciliation (A/HRC/42/57) (see para. 82 below).

Preventable maternal mortality and morbidity and human rights

57. Pursuant to its resolution 39/10, the Human Rights Council will have before it the summary report of the High Commissioner on the two-day meeting, held on 7 and 8 May 2019, to discuss good practices, gaps and challenges in the application of a human rights-based approach to the implementation of policies and programmes to reduce preventable maternal mortality and morbidity in humanitarian settings (A/HRC/42/24) (see para. 28 above).

Human rights of older persons

58. In its resolution 33/5, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Independent Expert on the enjoyment of all human rights by older persons for a period of three years. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Rosa Kornfeld-Matte (A/HRC/42/43 and Add.1–2).

Interrelation of human rights and human rights thematic issues

The need for an integrated approach to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development for the full realization of human rights, focusing holistically on the means of implementation

59. In its resolution 37/25, the Human Rights Council invited the President of the Economic and Social Council, commencing in 2018, to brief, on an annual basis, the Council, during one of its regular sessions, on the discussions of the high-level political forum, including on gaps, challenges and progress in the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, focusing on the means of implementation taken together as an integrated package. Accordingly, the President of the Economic and Social Council will be invited to provide the briefing to the Council.

Human rights and the regulation of civilian acquisition, possession and use of firearms

60. In its resolution 38/10, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to prepare a report on the impact of civilian acquisition, possession and use of firearms on civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights with a view to contributing to a fuller understanding of that impact by States and other relevant stakeholders, and to the strengthening or developing of effective national regulation and to other possible measures taken by States, and to present the report to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/21) (see para. 25 above).

Local government and human rights

61. In its resolution 39/7, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to prepare a report on effective methods to foster cooperation between local government and local stakeholders for the effective promotion and protection of human rights at their level through local government programmes, including raising awareness of the Sustainable Development Goals, and to indicate the major challenges and best practices in this regard, and to submit the report to the Council prior to its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/22) (see para. 26 above).

World Programme for Human Rights Education

62. In its resolution 39/3, the Human Rights Council requested OHCHR to prepare, from within existing resources, and taking into account the report of the High Commissioner on the consultation on the target sectors, focus areas or thematic human rights issues for the fourth phase of the World Programme for Human Rights Education (A/HRC/39/35) and future relevant consultations, a plan of action for the fourth phase of the World Programme for Human Rights Education (2020–2024), and to submit the plan of action to the Council for its consideration at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the plan of action prepared by OHCHR (A/HRC/42/23) (see para. 27 above).

Human rights and climate change

63. Pursuant to its resolution 38/4, the Human Rights Council will have before it the summary report of OHCHR of the panel discussion on the theme “Women’s rights and climate change: climate action, best practices and lessons learned”, focusing on best practices and lessons learned in the promotion and protection of the rights of women and girls in the context of the adverse impacts of climate change, held at its forty-first session (A/HRC/42/26) (see para. 31 above).

Open-ended intergovernmental working group to elaborate the content of an international regulatory framework on the regulation, monitoring and oversight of the activities of private military and security companies

64. In its resolution 36/11, the Human Rights Council established a new open-ended intergovernmental working group, for a period of three years, with a mandate to elaborate the content of an international regulatory framework, without prejudging the nature thereof, to protect human rights and ensure accountability for violations and abuses relating to the activities of private military and security companies. In the same resolution, the Council decided that the working group should meet for five working days and submit an annual progress report to the Council in conformity with its annual programme of work. The Council will consider the report of the intergovernmental working group on its first session held from 20 to 24 May 2019 (A/HRC/42/36).

Use of mercenaries as a means of violating human rights and impeding the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination

65. In its resolution 33/4, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Working Group on the use of mercenaries as a means of violating human rights and impeding the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination for a period of three years. In its resolution 39/5, the Council requested the Working Group to report its findings at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the Working Group (A/HRC/42/42 and Add.1–2).

Human rights and unilateral coercive measures

66. In its resolution 36/10, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the negative impact of unilateral coercive measures on the enjoyment of human rights for a period of three years. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Idriss Jazairy (A/HRC/42/46).

67. In its resolution 40/3, the Human Rights Council decided, in accordance with its resolution 27/21, that the theme for the biennial panel discussion on the issue of unilateral

coercive measures and human rights, to be held during its forty-second session, would be “The way forward to a United Nations declaration on the negative impact of unilateral coercive measures on the enjoyment of all human rights, including the right to development” (see annex).

Promotion of a democratic and equitable international order

68. In its resolution 39/4, the Human Rights Council requested the Independent Expert on the promotion of a democratic and equitable international order to submit to the Council, at its forty-second session, a report on the implementation of that resolution. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Livingstone Sewanyana (A/HRC/42/48).

Effects of terrorism on the enjoyment of all human rights

69. Reference is made to the note by the secretariat on the final report of the Advisory Committee on the negative effects of terrorism on the enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms (A/HRC/42/53) (see para. 77 below).

Negative impact of the non-repatriation of funds of illicit origin to the countries of origin on the enjoyment of human rights

70. Reference is made to the final study of the Advisory Committee on the possibility of utilizing non-repatriated illicit funds, with view to supporting the achievement of the Goals of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (A/HRC/42/54) (see para. 78 below).

4. Human rights situations that require the Council’s attention

Situation of human rights in South Sudan

71. In its resolution 40/19, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Commission on Human Rights in South Sudan for a period of one year, renewable as authorized by the Council. In the same resolution, the Council requested the Commission to present an oral update to the Council at its forty-second session in an interactive dialogue. The Council will hold an interactive dialogue on the oral update by the Commission.

Situation of human rights in Myanmar

72. In its resolution 40/29, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Myanmar for a further period of one year, and requested the Special Rapporteur to present an oral progress report to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will hear the oral progress report of the mandate holder, Yanghee Lee.

Situation of human rights in Burundi

73. In its resolution 39/14, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Commission of Inquiry on Burundi in order for it to deepen its investigations until it presented a final report to the Council during an interactive dialogue at its forty-second session. The Council will hold an interactive dialogue on the final report of the Commission (A/HRC/42/49).

Human rights situation in the Syrian Arab Republic

74. In its resolution 40/17, the Human Rights Council extended for one year the mandate of the Independent International Commission of Inquiry on the Syrian Arab Republic, and requested the Commission of Inquiry to present an updated written report during an interactive dialogue at its forty-second session. The Council will hold an interactive dialogue on the updated written report of the Commission of Inquiry (A/HRC/42/51).

5. Human rights bodies and mechanisms

Cooperation with the United Nations, its representatives and mechanisms in the field of human rights

75. In its resolution 12/2, the Human Rights Council invited the Secretary-General to submit a report to the Council at its fourteenth session, and annually thereafter, containing a compilation and analysis of any available information, from all appropriate sources, on alleged reprisals against those who seek to cooperate or have cooperated with the United Nations, its representatives and mechanisms, as well as recommendations on how to address the issues of intimidation and reprisals. Pursuant to its resolution 36/21, the Council will consider the report of the Secretary-General (A/HRC/42/30), followed by an interactive dialogue (see para. 33 above).

Human Rights Council Advisory Committee

76. The Advisory Committee held its twenty-second session from 18 to 22 February 2019 and its twenty-third session from 22 to 26 July 2019. In accordance with paragraph 80 of the annex to Human Rights Council resolution 5/1, Council resolution 16/21 and decision 18/121, the Council will consider the annual report of the Advisory Committee (A/HRC/42/52), which will consist of the reports of the Committee on those sessions and will be the subject of an interactive dialogue with the Chair of the Committee.

77. In its resolution 34/8, the Council requested the Advisory Committee to conduct a study and prepare a report on the negative effects of terrorism on the enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms, with a particular focus on economic, social and cultural rights, and to present the report to the Council at its thirty-ninth session, to be discussed during the interactive dialogue. Further to the decision adopted by the Council on 6 July 2018, the deadline for the submission of the report was extended until the forty-second session. The Council will have before it a note by the Secretariat thereon (A/HRC/42/53) (see para. 69 above).

78. In its resolution 34/11, the Council requested the Advisory Committee to conduct a study, in continuation of the study requested by the Council in its resolution 31/22, on the possibility of utilizing non-repatriated illicit funds, with view to supporting the achievement of the Goals of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and to submit the requested study to the Council at its thirty-ninth session. Further to the decision adopted by the Council on 6 July 2018 to endorse the request of the Advisory Committee to extend the deadline for the submission of the study until the forty-second session, the Council will have before it the final study of the Committee (A/HRC/42/54) (see para. 70 above).

79. In its resolution 39/9, the Human Rights Council requested the Advisory Committee to prepare a research-based report on the importance of a legally binding instrument on the right to development and to present an oral update on the preparation of the report to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will hear the oral update by the Advisory Committee.

Expert Mechanism on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples

80. In its resolution 33/25, the Human Rights Council decided that the Expert Mechanism on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples should report at least once a year to the Council on its work, and keep the Council fully informed of developments on the rights of indigenous peoples. The Council will consider the report of the Expert Mechanism on its twelfth session, held from 15 to 19 July 2019 (A/HRC/42/55).

81. In its resolution 33/25, the Human Rights Council also decided that the Expert Mechanism should prepare an annual study on the status of the rights of indigenous peoples worldwide in the achievement of the ends of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, focusing on one or more interrelated articles of the Declaration, to be decided by the Expert Mechanism. The Council will consider the annual study of the Expert Mechanism on indigenous peoples' rights in the context of borders, migration and displacement (A/HRC/42/56) (see para. 55 above).

82. In its resolution 33/25, the Human Rights Council further decided that the Expert Mechanism should identify, disseminate and promote good practices and lessons learned regarding the efforts to achieve the ends of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, including through reports to the Council on this matter. The Council will consider the report of the Expert Mechanism on the efforts to implement the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples: recognition, reparations and reconciliation (A/HRC/42/57) (see para. 56 above).

Complaint procedure

83. In its resolution 5/1, the Human Rights Council established the complaint procedure as contained in section IV of the annex to that resolution. In paragraph 98 of the annex to resolution 5/1, the Working Group on Situations was requested, on the basis of the information and recommendations provided by the Working Group on Communications, to present the Council with a report on consistent patterns of gross and reliably attested violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms and to make recommendations to the Council on the course of action to be taken.

84. At its forty-second session, the Council will consider the report of the Working Group on Situations on its twenty-third and twenty-fourth sessions, held in closed meetings from 28 January to 1 February 2019 and from 17 to 21 June 2019.

Special procedures

85. The Human Rights Council will have before it the communications report of special procedures (A/HRC/42/65).

6. Universal periodic review

86. In its resolution 5/1, the Human Rights Council established the universal periodic review mechanism as contained in section I of the annex to that resolution. The Working Group on the Universal Periodic Review held its thirty-third session from 6 to 17 May 2019. At its forty-second session, the Council will consider and adopt the final outcomes of the review of Albania (A/HRC/42/4), Bhutan (A/HRC/42/8), Brunei Darussalam (A/HRC/42/11), Costa Rica (A/HRC/42/12), Côte d'Ivoire (A/HRC/42/6), the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (A/HRC/42/10), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (A/HRC/42/5), Dominica (A/HRC/42/9), Equatorial Guinea (A/HRC/42/13), Ethiopia (A/HRC/42/14), Nicaragua (A/HRC/42/16), Norway (A/HRC/42/3), Portugal (A/HRC/42/7) and Qatar (A/HRC/42/15).

7. Human rights situation in Palestine and other occupied Arab territories

87. No reports are to be submitted under agenda item 7 at the forty-second session.

8. Follow-up to and implementation of the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action

Integrating the human rights of women throughout the United Nations system

88. In accordance with its resolution 6/30, the Human Rights Council will hold an annual discussion on the integration of a gender perspective throughout its work and that of its mechanisms (see annex).

9. Racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related forms of intolerance, follow-up to and implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action

The incompatibility between democracy and racism

89. Pursuant to its resolution 38/19, the Human Rights Council will have before it the summary report of the High Commissioner on the intersessional high-level panel discussion on the incompatibility between democracy and racism, held on 2 April 2019 (A/HRC/42/27) (see para. 34 above).

Elaboration of complementary standards to strengthen and update international instruments against racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance in all their aspects

90. Pursuant to its decision 3/103 and resolutions 34/36 and 36/24, the Human Rights Council will have before it the report of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Elaboration of Complementary Standards to the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, on its tenth session, held from 8 to 18 April 2019 (A/HRC/42/58).

Working Group of Experts on People of African Descent

91. In its resolution 36/23, the Human Rights Council requested the Working Group of Experts on People of African Descent to submit an annual report to the Council on all activities relating to its mandate, in the context of the International Decade for People of African Descent. The Council will consider the report of the Working Group on its twenty-third session, held from 3 to 7 December 2018, and on its twenty-fourth session, held from 25 to 29 March 2019 (A/HRC/42/59).

10. Technical assistance and capacity-building

Technical assistance and capacity-building to improve human rights in Libya

92. In its resolution 40/27, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to present an oral update on the situation of human rights in Libya and the implementation of that resolution at its forty-second session during an interactive dialogue, with the participation of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Libya. The Council will hold an interactive dialogue on the oral update by the High Commissioner (see para. 35 above).

Human rights, technical assistance and capacity-building in Yemen

93. Reference is made to the report of the High Commissioner on the situation of human rights in Yemen, including violations and abuses committed since September 2014, as well as on the implementation of technical assistance (A/HRC/42/17) (see para. 18 above).

94. In its resolution 39/21, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to present a written report on the implementation of technical assistance to Yemen at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/33) (see para. 19 above).

Technical assistance and capacity-building in the field of human rights in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

95. In its resolution 39/20, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to prepare a comprehensive report on the situation of human rights in the Democratic Republic of the Congo and to submit it to the Council, within the framework of an enhanced interactive dialogue, at its forty-second session. The Council will hold an enhanced interactive dialogue on the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/32) (see para. 37 above).

Cooperation with Georgia

96. In its resolution 40/28, the Human Rights Council requested the High Commissioner to continue to provide technical assistance through her office in Tbilisi and to present a written report on developments relating to and the implementation of that resolution at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the High Commissioner (A/HRC/42/34) (see para. 38 above).

Advisory services and technical assistance to Cambodia

97. In its resolution 36/32, the Human Rights Council requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council at its forty-second session on the role and achievements of OHCHR in assisting the Government and the people of Cambodia in the promotion and protection of

human rights. The Council will consider the report of the Secretary-General (A/HRC/42/31) (see para. 36 above).

98. Also in its resolution 36/32, the Human Rights Council extended the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Cambodia for two years, and requested the Special Rapporteur to report on the implementation of the mandate to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Rhona Smith (A/HRC/42/60).

Technical assistance and capacity-building in the field of human rights in the Central African Republic

99. In its resolution 39/19, the Human Rights Council renewed, for one year, the mandate of the Independent Expert on the situation of human rights in the Central African Republic, and requested the Independent Expert to submit a written report to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Marie-Thérèse Keita Bocoum (A/HRC/42/61).

Assistance to Somalia in the field of human rights

100. In its resolution 39/23, the Human Rights Council renewed the mandate of the Independent Expert on the situation of human rights in Somalia for a period of one year, and requested the Independent Expert to report to the Council at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Bahame Nyanduga (A/HRC/42/62).

Technical assistance and capacity-building to improve human rights in the Sudan

101. In its resolution 39/22, the Human Rights Council renewed the mandate of the Independent Expert on the situation of human rights in the Sudan for a period of one year, and requested the Independent Expert to present a report on the implementation of his mandate, including recommendations on technical assistance and capacity-building, to the Council for consideration at its forty-second session. The Council will consider the report of the mandate holder, Aristide Nononsi (A/HRC/42/63).

Cooperation with and assistance to Ukraine in the field of human rights

102. In its resolution 41/25, the Human Rights Council invited the High Commissioner to continue to present orally to the States Members of the Council and observers the findings of each of the reports of OHCHR on the situation of human rights in Ukraine, as part of the interactive dialogues, until the forty-seventh session of the Council. The Council will hear the oral presentation by the High Commissioner (see para. 39 above).

Annex

Panel discussions and other discussions to be held at the forty-second session of the Human Rights Council

<i>Resolution/decision</i>	<i>Panel/discussion</i>
Human Rights Council resolutions 18/8 and 39/13 on human rights and indigenous peoples	Annual half-day panel discussion on the rights of indigenous peoples, on the theme “Promotion and preservation of indigenous languages” (accessible to persons with disabilities)
Human Rights Council resolutions 27/21 and 40/3 on human rights and unilateral coercive measures	Biennial panel discussion on the issue of unilateral coercive measures and human rights, on the theme “The way forward to a United Nations declaration on the negative impact of unilateral coercive measures on the enjoyment of all human rights, including the right to development”
Human Rights Council resolution 6/30 on integrating the human rights of women throughout the United Nations system	Annual discussion on the integration of a gender perspective throughout the work of the Human Rights Council and that of its mechanisms