

# UNITED NATIONS



## GENERAL ASSEMBLY SECURITY COUNCIL

Distr.  
GENERAL

A/34/132  
S/13193  
26 March 1979  
ENGLISH  
ORIGINAL: FRENCH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
Thirty-fourth session  
Item 46 of the preliminary list\*  
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE  
STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL  
Thirty-fourth year

Letter dated 26 March 1979 from the Permanent Representative  
of Democratic Kampuchea to the United Nations addressed to  
the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith, for your information, the statement by the spokesman for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea dated 23 March 1979 on the farce of the signing of the so-called treaty and agreements between the lackeys of the Vietnamese in Vientiane (Laos) and the lackeys of the Vietnamese in Phnom Penh.

I should be grateful if you would have this statement circulated as an official document of the General Assembly, under item 46 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) THIOUNN PRASITH  
Permanent Representative of  
Democratic Kampuchea

\* A/34/50.

ANNEX

Statement made on 23 March 1979 by the spokesman for the Ministry  
of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea

On 20 March 1979, a delegation of the puppet Laotian administration met the running dogs of the Vietnamese at Phnom Penh and held talks with them. In this connexion, the spokesman for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea is authorized to make the following statement:

1. The visit of the delegation of the puppet Laotian administration, headed by President Souphanouvong, to Phnom Penh was made on the orders of the Le Duan-Pham Van Dong clique and the Soviet international expansionists. It is common knowledge that the present Laotian administration is, and has been for a long time, completely the lackey of the Vietnamese. The affairs of Laos are managed and administered directly by the Vietnamese in all fields, including the political, military, economic, cultural and diplomatic fields, and at all levels, from the village and commune level to the national level. Fifty thousand Vietnamese soldiers, tens of thousands of Vietnamese administrative officials and hundreds of thousands of Vietnamese nationals are occupying and controlling Laos. Moreover, the eastern part of Laos is now completely under Vietnamese administration. Even worse, the Vietnamese-Laotian treaty of July 1977 abolished the frontier between the two countries and legalized the annexation of Laos by the Vietnamese expansionists. It is certain that within a few years Laos will become a Vietnamese province and the Lao people a national minority of Viet Nam.

It is common knowledge, moreover, that the running dogs of the Vietnamese installed in Phnom Penh have nothing to do with Kampuchea. They are purely and simply Vietnamese creatures shaped by the Vietnamese in Viet Nam. They will disappear at the same time as the Vietnamese when the latter are annihilated in their war of aggression against Kampuchea.

2. Now, on the orders of the Le Duan-Pham Van Dong clique, the lackeys of the Vietnamese in Vientiane have gone to meet the running dogs of the Vietnamese in Phnom Penh. Together they have proclaimed the so-called "special friendship" and "special solidarity", under the sign of the sinister "Fédération Indochinoise" of the Vietnamese in Hanoi. With the master pulling the strings, the two lackeys have acted out the farce of signing the treaties and agreements of military co-operation in order to mislead world public opinion and cover up the intensification of the Vietnamese war of aggression in Kampuchea. In fact, Viet Nam is sending its troops stationed in Laotian territory to attack Democratic Kampuchea.

3. The visit of the lackeys of the Vietnamese in Vientiane is being made at a time when the Le Duan-Pham Van Dong clique is intensifying its war of

/...

aggression in Kampuchea, decreeing martial law and general mobilization in order to increase the strength of its troops of aggression in Kampuchea. The treaty between the lackeys of the Vietnamese in Vientiane and the running dogs of the Vietnamese in Phnom Penh, added to the two other treaties which the Vietnamese have hatched with their lackeys in Vientiane and Phnom Penh, is a prelude to the extension of the war of aggression and expansion of the Vietnamese regional expansionists and the Soviet international expansionists in South-East Asia, in Asia, in the Pacific and in the world.

All this constitutes a direct threat to the security, peace and stability of Thailand and the other countries of South-East Asia. In the face of this danger of an extension of the war, Thailand and the other countries of South-East Asia have joined together and have taken practical measures to stop the acts of aggression and expansion of the Le Duan-Pham Van Dong clique, acts encouraged and supported by the Soviet international expansionists.

4. The Government of Democratic Kampuchea and the people of Kampuchea denounce and most strongly condemn the insolent violation of the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Democratic Kampuchea which the lackeys of Vientiane have committed and are in the process of committing on the orders of their Vietnamese masters. The Government of Democratic Kampuchea solemnly declares, once again, that any agreement or treaty which the Vietnamese authorities, through their running dogs in Phnom Penh, have concluded with other countries are null and void and it rejects them categorically. The Government of Democratic Kampuchea and the people of Kampuchea reserve the right to defend their independence, their sovereignty and the integrity of their territory and to counter-attack and punish the aggressors.

The lackeys of the Vietnamese in Vientiane assume full responsibility for their acts of violation and aggression and their crimes against Democratic Kampuchea and the people of Kampuchea.

5. The peoples of Kampuchea and Laos have similar civilizations, cultures, customs and traditions. They have always felt sympathy for one another and they have been linked by the deepest sentiments of friendship. In 1975, 1976 and 1977, immediately after the liberation, at a time when Kampuchea lacked everything following the devastating war, the people of Kampuchea willingly accepted additional privations in order to come to the aid of the Laotian people, sending them thousands of tons of rice and hundreds of tons of salt. Moreover, the people and Government of Democratic Kampuchea have always maintained an attitude of patience, serenity and political maturity in the face of the continual acts of provocation of all kinds carried out by the lackeys of the Vietnamese in Vientiane at the instigation of their masters. The lackeys of the Vietnamese in Vientiane have undertaken activities designed to destroy the traditional unblemished friendship between the people of Kampuchea and the people of Laos.

/...

The people of Kampuchea and the Government of Democratic Kampuchea are convinced, however, that the deep sentiments of friendship and solidarity forged throughout history which link the peoples of Kampuchea and Laos can never be destroyed. These sentiments will certainly be preserved and developed and they will always flourish in the common struggle against the Vietnamese aggressors, who swallow up territories and exterminate nations and who are the traditional enemies of the two nations and the two peoples of Kampuchea and Laos.

-----