Economic and Social Council

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Summary record of the 12th meeting

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Held at Head	quarters, New York, on Tuesday, 7 May 2019, at 10.30 a.m.
President:	Ms. Juul (Vice-President) (Norway)

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In the absence of Ms. King (Saint Vincent and the Grenadines), Ms. Juul (Norway), Vice-President, took the Chair.

The meeting was called to order at 10.45 a.m.

Agenda item 4: Elections, nominations, confirmations and appointments (continued) (E/2019/9, E/2019/9/Corr.1, E/2019/9/Add.4, E/2019/9/Add.5, E/2019/9/Add.6, E/2019/9/Add.7, E/2019/9/Add.8, E/2019/9/Add.9, E/2019/9/Add.10, E/2019/9/Add.11, E/2019/9/Add.12, E/2019/9/Add.13, E/2019/9/Add.14, E/2019/100/Add.1 and E/2019/100/Add.1/Corr.1)

1. **The President** drew the Council's attention to the list of candidates for election to subsidiary bodies, dated 6 May 2019, which had been circulated to the delegations.

International Narcotics Control Board (E/2019/9/Add.11, E/2019/9/Add.12 and E/2019/9/Add.13)

2. The President invited the Council to elect one member to the International Narcotics Control Board from among the candidates nominated by the World Health Organization for a term beginning on 2 March 2020 and expiring on 1 March 2025. Since the number of candidates exceeded the number of vacancies, she invited the Council to elect the member by secret ballot.

3. At the invitation of the President, Ms. Brojan (Philippines) and Mr. Pronin (Russian Federation) acted as tellers.

4. *A vote was taken by secret ballot.*

Number of ballot papers:	54
Number of valid ballots:	54
Abstentions:	1
Number of members voting:	53
Required majority:	27
Number of votes obtained:	
Ms. Zingela (South Africa)	21
Ms. Omigbodun (Nigeria)	19
Ms. Mandlhate (Mozambique)	13

5. No candidate having obtained the required majority, a second vote was taken by secret ballot and was restricted to the two candidates having received the highest number of votes.

6. At the invitation of the President, Ms. Brojan (Philippines) and Mr. Pronin (Russian Federation) acted as tellers.

7. A vote was taken by secret ballot.

Number of ballot papers:	54
Number of valid ballots:	54
Number of members voting:	54
Required majority:	28
Number of votes obtained:	
Ms. Zingela (South Africa)	35
Ms. Omigbodun (Nigeria)	19

8. Having obtained the required majority, Ms. Zingela (South Africa) was elected a member of the International Narcotics Control Board.

9. The President invited the Council to elect five members to the International Narcotics Control Board from among the candidates nominated by Governments for a term beginning on 2 March 2020 and expiring on 1 March 2025. Since the issuance of E/2019/9/Add.12, Ms. Boateng and Mr. Botwe, both from Ghana, Mr. Hama and Ms. Venot, from Madagascar, and Mr. Nyandindi, from the United Republic of Tanzania, had withdrawn from the election process. Since the number of candidates exceeded the number of vacancies, she invited the Council to elect the members by secret ballot.

10. At the invitation of the President, Ms. Birkeland (Norway), Ms. Sol (Philippines), Mr. Pronin (Russian Federation) and Mr. Phillips (Saint Vincent and the Grenadines) acted as tellers.

11. A vote was taken by secret ballot.

Number of ballot papers:	54
Number of valid ballots:	54
Number of members voting:	54
Required majority:	28
Number of votes obtained:	
Ms. Pavadia (India)	44
Mr. Toufiq (Morocco)	32
Mr. Arce Rivas (Paraguay)	31
Ms. Manrique Zuluaga (Colombia)	27
Mr. Leroy (France)	26
Ms. Graça (Angola)	23
Mr. Wei Hao (China)	23
Mr. Negm (Egypt)	17
Mr. Sumyai (Thailand)	14
Mr. Gouya (Islamic Republic of Iran)	7
Mr. Lucas (Seychelles)	7
Mr. Onovo (Nigeria)	7
Mr. Atia (Libya)	2
Mr. Ivanovic (Serbia)	2
Ms. Vucinic (Serbia)	1

12. Having obtained the required majority, Ms. Pavadia (India), Mr. Toufiq (Morocco) and Mr. Arce

Rivas (Paraguay) were elected members of the International Narcotics Control Board.

13. **The President** said that, Ms. Manrique Zuluaga (Colombia), Mr. Leroy (France), Ms. Graça (Angola) and Mr. Wei Hao (China) having received the highest number of votes, a second vote would be taken by secret ballot at the Council's thirteenth meeting.

Statistical Commission (E/2019/9)

14. The President invited the Council to elect eight members to the Statistical Commission for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2023. Since the number of candidates from African States, Eastern European States, Latin American and Caribbean States and Western European and other States was equal to the number of vacancies to be filled from each of those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

15. It was so decided.

16. Brazil, Czechia, Georgia, Madagascar, Sierra Leone and the United States of America were elected members of the Statistical Commission by acclamation.

17. **The President** invited the Council to elect by secret ballot two members from Asia-Pacific States for a term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2023.

18. At the invitation of the President, Ms. Orthassel (Norway) and Ms. Brojan (Philippines) acted as tellers.

19. A vote was taken by secret ballot.

Number of ballot papers:	54
Number of valid ballots:	54
Number of members voting:	54
Required majority:	28
Number of votes obtained:	
Kuwait	41
Republic of Korea	41
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	22

20. Having obtained the required majority, Kuwait and the Republic of Korea were elected members of the Statistical Commission.

Commission on Population and Development (E/2019/9)

21. **The President** invited the Council to elect nine members to the Commission on Population and Development for a four-year term beginning at the first meeting of the Commission's fifty-fourth session in 2020 and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-seventh session in 2024. Since the number of candidates from each regional group was equal to or less than the number of vacancies to be filled from those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

22. It was so decided.

23. Lebanon, Libya, Somalia, Turkmenistan and Ukraine were elected members of the Commission on Population and Development by acclamation.

24. The President said that, in the absence of any other candidates for election to the Commission on Population and Development, she took it that the Council wished to postpone the election of one member from African States, one member from Latin American and Caribbean States and two members from Westem European and other States for a four-year term beginning at the first meeting of the Commission's fifty-fourth session in 2020 and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-seventh session in 2024.

25. It was so decided.

26. **The President** recalled that there were outstanding vacancies on the Commission on Population and Development to be filled by candidates from Latin American and Caribbean States and Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-sixth session in 2023. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

27. It was so decided.

28. Israel and Jamaica were elected members of the Commission on Population and Development by acclamation.

29. The President said she took it that the Council wished to further postpone the elections for three outstanding vacancies on the Commission for Population and Development: one to be filled from Asia-Pacific States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-fourth session in 2021; and one to be filled from African States and one from Asia-Pacific States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring at the close of the commission in 2021; and one to be filled from African States and one from Asia-Pacific States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring at the close of the Commission's fifty-fifth session in 2022.

30. It was so decided.

Commission for Social Development (E/2019/9)

31. **The President** invited the Council to elect 15 members to the Commission for Social Development for a four-year term beginning at the first meeting of the Commission's fifty-ninth session in 2020 and expiring at the close of the Commission's sixth-second session in 2024. Since the number of candidates from African States, Asia-Pacific States, Eastern European States, and Western European and other States was equal to or less than the number of vacancies to be filled from each of those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

32. It was so decided.

33. The Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ethiopia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Japan, Libya, Nigeria, the Republic of Korea and the Russian Federation were elected members of the Commission for Social Development by acclamation.

34. **The President** informed the Council that a request had been made in accordance with rule 68 of the Council's rules of procedure to conduct by secret ballot the election for the vacancies to be filled from Latin American and Caribbean States.

35. **Mr. Suárez Moreno** (Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela) asked which State had requested the secret ballot.

36. **The President** said that the United States had requested the secret ballot.

37. **Mr. Chumakov** (Russian Federation) said that the holding of a secret ballot on the selection of candidates from regional groups was an inefficient use of the resources of the Organization and participating delegations.

38. **Mr. Chu** Guang (China) said that his delegation was displeased by the decision to challenge the decision of the Group of Latin American and Caribbean States and to depart from the Council's standard practice. The United States delegation should respect the decision taken by that Group in order to avoid politicizing the election of candidates endorsed by regional groups.

Commission on the Status of Women (E/2019/9)

39. The President invited the Council to elect 10 members to the Commission on the Status of Women for a four-year term beginning at the first meeting of the Commission's sixty-fifth session in 2020 and expiring at the close of the Commission's sixth-eighth session in 2024. Since the number of candidates from each regional group was equal to the number of vacancies, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

40. It was so decided.

41. Brazil, Colombia, Denmark, Mexico, Mongolia, the Philippines, the Russian Federation, Senegal, Somalia and Switzerland were elected members of the Commission on the Status of Women by acclamation.

42. **The President** said that the membership of the Commission on the Status of Women was complete.

Commission on Narcotic Drugs (E/2019/9 and E/2019/9/Corr.1)

43. The President invited the Council to elect 33 members to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2023. Since the number of candidates from African States, Eastern European States and Western European and other States was equal to or less than the number of vacancies, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

44. It was so decided.

45. Angola, Austria, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Kenya, Libya, Morocco, the Netherlands, Poland, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, Ukraine, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America were elected members of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs by acclamation.

Committee for Programme and Coordination (E/2019/9/Add.4)

46. **The President** invited the Council to nominate seven members for election by the General Assembly to the Committee for Programme and Coordination for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022. Since the number of candidates from each regional group was equal to or less than the number of vacancies to be filled from those groups, she took it that the Council wished to nominate the candidates proposed.

47. It was so decided.

48. China, the Comoros, Liberia, Mauritania, the Republic of Korea and Uruguay were nominated for election by the General Assembly to the Committee for Programme and Coordination.

49. The President said that, in the absence of any other candidates, she took it that the Council wished to postpone the nomination of one member from Asia-Pacific States for election by the General Assembly to the Committee for Programme and Coordination for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022.

50. It was so decided.

51. The President recalled that there was an outstanding vacancy on the Committee for Programme and Coordination to be filled from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2021. She took it that the Council wished to nominate the candidate proposed.

52. It was so decided.

53. Paraguay was nominated for election by the General Assembly to the Committee for Programme and Coordination.

54. The President recalled that there was one outstanding vacancy on the Committee for Programme and Coordination to be filled by a candidate from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2020 and one to be filled by a candidate from Westem European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2021.

Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues (E/2019/9/Add.5 and E/2019/9/Add.6)

55. **The President** invited the Council to elect eight members to the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022.

56. Ms. Nemroff (United States of America) said that she wished to draw attention to the inappropriate conduct of the Chinese delegation and its so-called independent expert, Ms. Zhang Xiaoan, at the 2019 session of the Forum, at which China had repeatedly sought to undermine a widely respected human rights defender and stifle the voice of a representative of Uighur civil society. Such conduct was inconsistent with the principles of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and, if allowed to persist, would seriously weaken the Forum's integrity. The Chinese delegation's blatant bullying and the expert's political bias contradicted the expectation that independent experts should be objective and support the Forum itself rather than narrow national goals. China had exhibited extreme hostility to organized religion since the founding of the Communist Party of China and had consistently exploited United Nations bodies to target Uighurs and shield its Government from international criticism. It was particularly alarming that over one million Uighurs, ethnic Kazakh and Kyrgyz people, and Muslims had suffered arbitrary detention, forced labour, torture and death in camps in the Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region. The ongoing atrocities in that region were irreconcilable with the Forum's mandate to

uphold the rights of indigenous peoples and advance respect for their culture.

57. Mr. Chu Guang (China) said that his delegation firmly opposed the unreasonable accusations made by the United States delegation. The Uighur representative mentioned had been identified by the Chinese Government as a terrorist. The United States Government had provided him with support and was using him to defame China for no clear reason. The statements that he had made about China during the Forum were totally untrue. China had consistently adhered to a policy of protecting the interests, rights, culture and languages of minority groups: many regions had a dual-language education system; official documents and deliberations of the National People's Congress were conducted in or interpreted into multiple languages of ethnic minorities; and the banknotes of the national currency were printed in five languages, including the Uighur language. China could not be accused of trying to eradicate the languages and culture of minority groups given that it was doing so much to protect and promote them.

The United States representative had also 58. explicitly questioned the impartiality of the Chinese expert, but the Chinese Government had not influenced her work at the Forum in any way. If re-elected, she would discharge her independent duties as an international expert impartially, objectively and neutrally. In addition, there should be no need to provide further clarification about the Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region, since the Chinese Government had invited representatives of many States and international organizations to conduct missions there. Those representatives had explicitly stated that what they saw was completely different to the depiction in Western media. China had drawn on its practices and experience to carry out preventive measures against terrorism in that region that were similar to those adopted by other States, including in the West.

59. The United States had no right to criticize or make accusations against China with regard to indigenous issues. During the 2019 session of the Forum, a number of indigenous groups, including in Hawaii, had accused the United States Government of depriving them of their rights and eliminating their culture and languages. The United States Government appeared to show more interest in issues supposedly faced by other countries than the well-being of its own indigenous groups. Such hypocritical conduct was shameless and beyond justification.

60. **The President** said that Mr. Sindayigaya and Mr. Nsabiyera, both from Burundi, had withdrawn from

the election process. Since the number of candidates from African States, Asia-Pacific States, Eastern European States and Western European and other States was equal to or less than the number of vacancies to be filled from those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

61. It was so decided.

62. Mr. Bambanze (Burundi), Mr. Gant (Denmark), Mr. Lukiyantsev (Russian Federation), Mr. Museke Mate (Namibia) and Ms. Zhang Xiaoan (China) were elected members of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues by acclamation.

63. The meeting was suspended at 11.40 a.m. and resumed at 11.45 a.m.

Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund (E/2019/9/Add.7)

64. The President invited the Council to elect 11 members to the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022. Since the number of candidates from African States, Asia-Pacific States, Eastern European States and Western European and other States was equal to the number of vacancies for each of those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

65. It was so decided.

66. China, Estonia, Ireland, Norway, the Russian Federation, Switzerland, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Yemen and Zimbabwe were elected members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund by acclamation.

67. **The President** informed the Council that a request had been made to conduct by secret ballot the election of candidates from Latin American and Caribbean States to the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund.

68. **Mr. Suárez Moreno** (Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela) asked which State had requested the secret ballot.

69. The President said that the United States had requested the secret ballot, which would be held at a later date. Australia, France, Italy and Luxembourg had resigned from the Executive Board with effect from 31 December 2019 and Japan, Germany, New Zealand and Spain, respectively, had been endorsed by their regional group to assume the resigned seats. The term of office of New Zealand would begin on 1 January 2020 and expire on 31 December 2020, while the terms of office of Japan, Germany and Spain would begin on 1 January 2020 and expire on 31 December 2021. In addition, from the Group of Eastern European States, Belarus had resigned from the Board with effect from 31 December 2019 and the Republic of Moldova had been endorsed by the Group to assume the resigned seat, with its term of office to begin on 1 January 2020 and expire on 31 December 2020. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the proposed candidates.

70. It was so decided.

71. Germany, Japan, New Zealand, the Republic of Moldova and Spain were elected members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund by acclamation.

Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund/United Nations Office for Project Services (E/2019/9/Add.8)

72. **The President** invited the Council to elect 11 members to the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund/United Nations Office for Project Services for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022. Since the number of candidates from each regional group was equal to or less than the number of vacancies to be filled from each of those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

73. It was so decided.

74. Bulgaria, China, Colombia, Czechia, Denmark, Japan, Kuwait, Norway, Peru, Somalia and the United States of America were elected members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/ United Nations Population Fund/United Nations Office for Project Services by acclamation.

75. **The President** said that Belgium, Monaco and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland had resigned from the Executive Board with effect from 31 December 2019. The Group of Western European and Other States had endorsed Switzerland and Finland to complete the terms of office of Monaco and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, respectively, beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2020; and Austria to complete the term of office of Belgium beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2021. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

76. It was so decided.

77. Austria, Finland and Switzerland were elected members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme/United Nations Population Fund/United Nations Office for Project Services by acclamation.

Executive Board of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (E/2019/9/Add.9)

78. **The President** said that, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 64/289 and Council resolution 2010/35, she invited the Council to elect 18 members to the Executive Board of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022. Since the number of candidates from each regional group was equal to or less than the number of vacancies to be filled from those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

79. It was so decided.

80. Brazil, Burundi, China, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Germany, Japan, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Lithuania, Madagascar, Mexico, New Zealand, Nigeria, the Republic of Korea, the Russian Federation, Sierra Leone and Switzerland were elected members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women by acclamation.

81. **The President** said that, in the absence of any other candidates for election to the Executive Board, she took it that the Council wished to postpone the election of one member from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022.

82. It was so decided.

83. **The President** said that Ireland and Turkey had resigned from the Executive Board with effect from 31 December 2019. The Group of Western European and Other States had endorsed Belgium and Canada to complete the terms of office of Ireland and Turkey, respectively, for a term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2021. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

84. It was so decided.

85. Belgium and Canada were elected members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women by acclamation.

Executive Board of the World Food Programme (E/2019/9/Add.10)

86. **The President** invited the Council to elect six members to the Executive Board of the World Food Programme for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022. Since the number of candidates from Lists A, B and D was equal to the number of vacancies to be filled from each list, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

87. It was so decided.

88. Australia, Burundi, Madagascar, Spain and Turkmenistan were elected members of the Executive Board of the World Food Programme by acclamation.

89. **The President** informed the Council that a request had been made to conduct by secret ballot the election of candidates from List C to the Executive Board of the World Food Programme.

90. **Mr. Suárez Moreno** (Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela) asked which State had requested the secret ballot.

91. **The President** said that the United States had requested the secret ballot.

92. Ms. Rodríguez Abascal (Observer for Cuba) said that it was regrettable that the United States delegation had requested a secret ballot on her country's election to the Executive Board of the World Food Programme. Cuba had much to contribute to United Nations subsidiary bodies: it had been the first country in the world to eliminate mother-to-child transmission of HIV/AIDS and, in 2018, had achieved the lowest infant mortality in its history for a second consecutive year and currently had a rate that was lower than that of the United States. The election of candidates should not be a competitive process, given that the Cuban candidate had already been endorsed by the Group of Latin American and Caribbean States. The decision of the United States delegation to categorically reject that endorsement represented a lack of respect for the Group of Latin American and Caribbean States and for the sovereignty of the decision taken by its member States.

93. **The President** said that Switzerland had resigned from the Executive Board with effect from 31 December 2019. Austria had been endorsed by the countries of List D to complete the term of office of Switzerland beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2021. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidate proposed.

94. It was so decided.

Programme Coordinating Board of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (E/2019/9/Add.14)

95. The President invited the Council to elect eight members to the Programme Coordinating Board of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022. Since the number of candidates from each regional group was equal to the number of vacancies to be filled from those groups, she took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

96. It was so decided.

97. Belarus, El Salvador, France, Kenya, Tunisia and the United States of America were elected members of the Programme Coordinating Board of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS by acclamation.

98. **The President** said that, in the absence of any other candidates for election to the Programme Coordinating Board, she took it that the Council wished to postpone the election of two members from Asia-Pacific States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2022.

99. It was so decided.

100. **The President** said that Belgium and Sweden had resigned from the Programme Coordinating Board with effect from 31 December 2019. Luxembourg and Switzerland had been endorsed by the Group of Westem European and Other States to complete the terms of office of Belgium and Sweden, respectively, beginning on 1 January 2020 and expiring on 31 December 2021. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

101. It was so decided.

102. Luxembourg and Switzerland were elected members of the Programme Coordinating Board of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS by acclamation.

Commission on Science and Technology for Development (E/2019/9)

103. **The President**, recalling that there was an outstanding vacancy on the Commission on Science and Technology for Development to be filled from African States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2022, said that Madagascar had been endorsed by the Group of African States. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidate proposed.

104. It was so decided.

105. Madagascar was elected a member of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development by acclamation.

106. **The President** said that, in the absence of any other candidates for election to the Commission on Science and Technology for Development, she took it that the Council wished to further postpone the election of one member from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2022.

107. It was so decided.

Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting (E/2019/9/Add.14)

108. **The President** recalled that there was an outstanding vacancy on the Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting to be filled from Asia-Pacific States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2021. She took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidate proposed.

109. It was so decided.

110. Cambodia was elected a member of the Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting by acclamation.

111. **The President** said that, in the absence of any other candidates for election to the Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting, she took it that the Council wished to further postpone the election of one member from African States, two members from Asia-Pacific States, two members from Latin American and Caribbean States and seven members from Westem European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2020; and one member from African States and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2020; and one member from African States and one member form Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2021.

112. It was so decided.

Committee for the United Nations Population Award

113. **The President** recalled that there were four outstanding vacancies on the Committee for the United Nations Population Award for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2021. She

took it that the Council wished to elect by acclamation the candidates proposed.

114. It was so decided.

115. Cote d'Ivoire, Fiji, Indonesia and Lebanon were elected members of the Committee for the United Nations Population Award by acclamation.

116. **The President** said that, in the absence of any other candidates for election to the Committee for the United Nations Population Award, she took it that the Council wished to further postpone the election of one member from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 2021.

117. It was so decided.

The meeting rose at 1 p.m.