

**Economic and Social Council**

Distr.: General

English only

**High-level political forum on sustainable development
Convened under the auspices of the Economic and Social Council**

Special Edition of the Sustainable Development Goals Progress Report**Report of the Secretary-General****Supplementary Information*****Summary***

The following information is supplementary to the Report of the Secretary-General: Special Edition of the Sustainable Development Goals Progress Report (E/2019/68). It contains the Statistical Annex of global and regional data for the global indicators for the Sustainable Development Goals and targets, adopted by the Statistical Commission at its forty-eighth session in March 2017, by the United Nations Economic and Social Council in June 2017 and the General Assembly in July 2017. The indicators presented in the Annex are those for which data are available. This Statistical Annex is available electronically in English at the following website: unstats.un.org/sdgs/.

Explanatory notes

Composition of regions

Except where indicated, regional groupings are based on United Nations geographical regions, with some modifications necessary to create, to the extent possible, homogeneous groups of countries for analysis and presentation. The information about the regional groupings used for the Special Edition of the Sustainable Development Goals Progress Report (E/2019/68) is available at: <<https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups/>>.

There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. Where shown, the expression "developed regions" comprises Japan in Asia, the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe – including Israel and Cyprus. For monitoring indicators related to "developing countries," in general data for all countries located in "developing regions" are being aggregated.

Methodological notes

The concepts and definitions, method of computation and other reference metadata of each indicator presented in this document are available at the Global SDG indicators metadata repository at: <<https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/>>.

Symbols and conventions used in the tables

- . A point is used to indicate decimals.
- A hyphen between years, for example, 2010-2015, indicates the full period involved, including the beginning and end years.
- / A slash indicates a financial year, school year or crop year, for example, 2014/15.
- ... Data are not available or not applicable.
- * Data are provisional, estimated or include a major revision.

A comma is used as a thousand separator; for example, 1,000 is one thousand. Subtotals and percentages in the tables do not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Supplementary Information

Statistical Annex: Global and regional data for Sustainable Development Goal indicators

Goal 1

End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target 1.1

By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day

Indicator 1.1.1

Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)¹

(a) Proportion of population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, both sexes
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2002</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 25.5 | 20.7 | 15.7 | 9.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 56.4 | 51.9 | 47.8 | 42.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 5.8 | 5.2 | 3.4 | 4.3 |
| Northern Africa | 8.0 | 7.2 | 4.4 | 2.2 |
| Western Asia | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 6.6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 35.0 | 31.3 | 22.8 | ... |
| Central Asia | 38.0 | 31.3 | 15.2 | 7.4 |
| Southern Asia | 35.0 | 31.3 | 23.0 | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 24.6 | 16.3 | 10.8 | 1.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 24.9 | 15.4 | 10.3 | 0.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 23.5 | 19.7 | 12.4 | 6.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 11.8 | 9.8 | 6.1 | 3.9 |
| Oceania | 13.6 | 12.6 | 9.7 | 8.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | 31.6 | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.7 |
| Europe | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Northern America | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 48.2 | 41.7 | 34.4 | 30.2 |
| Least developed countries | 55.5 | 48.1 | 40.5 | 35.2 |

Source: World Development Indicators database, the World Bank.

(b) Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, both sexes²

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 26.3 | 18.7 | 14.2 | 8.6 | 8.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 54.7 | 48.9 | 44.5 | 39.5 | 38.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.3 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 3.2 |
| Northern Africa | 5.3 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Western Asia | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 3.1 | 4.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 37.0 | 30.8 | 23.6 | 14.3 | 11.9 |
| Central Asia | 35.8 | 28.1 | 19.1 | 15.2 | 14.3 |
| Southern Asia | 37.0 | 30.9 | 23.8 | 14.3 | 11.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 32.0 | 17.2 | 11.1 | 2.2 | 1.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 33.2 | 17.5 | 11.5 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 27.6 | 16.4 | 9.8 | 5.3 | 3.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.9 | 6.6 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Oceania | 10.8 | 8.5 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 47.5 | 40.5 | 25.6 | 20.9 | 19.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 48.2 | 38.9 | 32.4 | 28.3 | 26.5 |
| Least developed countries | 53.0 | 45.2 | 38.2 | 33.2 | 31.5 |
| Small island developing States | 13.9 | 12.2 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 8.1 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(c) Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, both sexes, by age³

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> |
| World | 25.0 | 32.1 | 17.4 | 24.5 | 13.2 | 19.6 | 7.2 | 13.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 53.0 | 59.5 | 47.3 | 53.4 | 43.0 | 49.1 | 36.6 | 42.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 5.0 |
| Northern Africa | 5.3 | 5.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| Western Asia | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 4.1 | 7.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 36.6 | 38.2 | 30.5 | 31.8 | 23.1 | 25.9 | 11.4 | 14.8 |
| Central Asia | 35.3 | 37.7 | 27.8 | 29.3 | 18.8 | 20.2 | 13.9 | 16.4 |
| Southern Asia | 36.7 | 38.2 | 30.7 | 31.9 | 23.3 | 26.1 | 11.2 | 14.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 30.6 | 38.0 | 16.0 | 23.0 | 10.3 | 15.2 | 1.5 | 2.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 31.8 | 39.9 | 16.3 | 23.7 | 10.7 | 16.4 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 26.2 | 32.6 | 15.2 | 21.1 | 9.3 | 12.3 | 3.6 | 5.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.3 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 8.3 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Oceania | 9.6 | 16.0 | 7.6 | 12.3 | 4.3 | 7.5 | 3.3 | 6.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 45.5 | 53.2 | 38.5 | 46.9 | 23.8 | 32.0 | 18.2 | 25.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 46.7 | 52.1 | 37.4 | 42.6 | 30.8 | 36.6 | 24.9 | 30.9 |
| Least developed countries | 52.3 | 54.8 | 44.3 | 47.5 | 37.1 | 41.0 | 30.2 | 35.5 |
| Small island developing States | 12.9 | 18.8 | 11.4 | 16.7 | 8.9 | 12.1 | 7.7 | 10.9 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(d) Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, by sex²
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 27.3 | 25.7 | 19.0 | 18.5 | 14.2 | 14.3 | 8.3 | 7.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 56.3 | 53.3 | 50.5 | 47.5 | 46.0 | 43.3 | 39.3 | 36.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 3.8 |
| Northern Africa | 5.4 | 5.3 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Western Asia | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 5.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 42.6 | 35.1 | 35.2 | 29.3 | 25.1 | 23.2 | 13.3 | 11.4 |
| Central Asia | 34.2 | 37.0 | 26.7 | 29.2 | 16.8 | 20.8 | 11.9 | 16.1 |
| Southern Asia | 43.1 | 35.0 | 35.8 | 29.3 | 25.8 | 23.2 | 13.4 | 11.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 32.8 | 31.3 | 17.6 | 16.9 | 11.3 | 10.9 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 33.9 | 32.7 | 17.8 | 17.2 | 11.9 | 11.2 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 28.5 | 27.0 | 17.0 | 16.0 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.9 | 9.4 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Oceania | 11.9 | 9.9 | 9.4 | 7.8 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 50.5 | 44.9 | 43.9 | 37.7 | 28.5 | 23.1 | 22.1 | 17.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 48.8 | 47.7 | 39.3 | 38.5 | 32.8 | 32.1 | 27.2 | 25.9 |
| Least developed countries | 58.1 | 49.4 | 50.3 | 41.6 | 42.5 | 35.1 | 34.6 | 29.2 |
| Small island developing States | 16.5 | 12.2 | 14.3 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 8.2 | 9.6 | 7.1 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(e) Proportion of employed female population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, by age³

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> |
| World | 25.7 | 33.7 | 17.6 | 25.1 | 13.1 | 19.7 | 7.4 | 14.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 55.2 | 59.3 | 49.5 | 53.4 | 45.1 | 48.7 | 38.5 | 41.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
| Northern Africa | 5.2 | 6.0 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Western Asia | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 42.1 | 44.1 | 34.8 | 36.5 | 24.4 | 28.1 | 12.8 | 16.3 |
| Central Asia | 33.7 | 36.8 | 26.2 | 28.7 | 16.1 | 19.7 | 11.2 | 16.1 |
| Southern Asia | 42.7 | 44.5 | 35.4 | 37.0 | 25.1 | 28.7 | 12.9 | 16.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 31.3 | 38.6 | 16.5 | 22.8 | 10.7 | 14.8 | 1.5 | 2.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 32.4 | 40.3 | 16.6 | 23.3 | 11.1 | 15.9 | 0.9 | 1.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 27.0 | 33.3 | 15.9 | 21.2 | 9.2 | 11.7 | 3.6 | 4.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.7 | 8.7 | 5.9 | 7.2 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Oceania | 10.7 | 16.8 | 8.5 | 13.0 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 6.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 48.5 | 56.1 | 42.0 | 49.6 | 27.1 | 33.2 | 21.1 | 25.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 47.6 | 51.6 | 38.3 | 41.9 | 31.7 | 35.8 | 26.1 | 30.4 |
| Least developed countries | 57.9 | 58.8 | 49.9 | 51.3 | 42.0 | 43.8 | 33.7 | 37.1 |
| Small island developing States | 15.3 | 22.4 | 13.3 | 19.7 | 10.4 | 14.2 | 9.1 | 12.9 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(f) Proportion of employed male population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, by age³

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> |
| World | 24.5 | 31.1 | 17.2 | 24.1 | 13.2 | 19.5 | 7.0 | 13.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 51.1 | 59.6 | 45.4 | 53.5 | 41.3 | 49.5 | 35.0 | 42.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 5.9 |
| Northern Africa | 5.3 | 5.6 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Western Asia | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 5.0 | 8.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 34.7 | 36.1 | 29.0 | 30.2 | 22.7 | 25.1 | 10.9 | 14.3 |
| Central Asia | 36.7 | 38.4 | 29.1 | 29.6 | 20.9 | 20.6 | 16.0 | 16.6 |
| Southern Asia | 34.7 | 36.1 | 29.0 | 30.2 | 22.8 | 25.3 | 10.7 | 14.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 30.1 | 37.5 | 15.7 | 23.2 | 10.0 | 15.6 | 1.5 | 3.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 31.3 | 39.6 | 16.0 | 24.1 | 10.3 | 16.8 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 25.6 | 32.1 | 14.8 | 21.0 | 9.3 | 12.8 | 3.7 | 5.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.7 | 11.9 | 6.2 | 8.9 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Oceania | 8.7 | 15.4 | 7.0 | 11.8 | 3.7 | 7.3 | 2.9 | 6.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 43.0 | 50.5 | 35.6 | 44.5 | 21.0 | 31.0 | 15.8 | 24.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 45.9 | 52.4 | 36.7 | 43.1 | 30.1 | 37.2 | 24.0 | 31.4 |
| Least developed countries | 48.4 | 51.9 | 40.4 | 44.6 | 33.8 | 38.8 | 27.6 | 34.3 |
| Small island developing States | 11.4 | 16.5 | 10.1 | 14.6 | 7.8 | 10.7 | 6.7 | 9.5 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

¹Based on the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day.

²Refers to persons aged 15 and above.

³Adults refer to persons aged 25 and above; youth refers to persons aged 15 to 24 inclusive.

Target 1.3

Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable

Indicator 1.3.1

Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable

(a) Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, distinguishing children, mothers with newborns, retirees, unemployed persons, persons with disabilities and the vulnerable

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | <i>Children¹</i> | <i>Mothers with newborns²</i> | <i>Older persons³</i> | <i>Unemployed⁴</i> | <i>disabled⁵</i> | <i>Vulnerable⁶</i> |
| World | 34.9 | 41.1 | 67.9 | 21.8 | 27.8 | 24.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 13.1 | 2.3 ⁷ | 22.7 | 3.0 | 10.6 ⁷ | 7.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 45.3 ⁷ | 51.8 ⁷ | 59.9 ⁷ | 12.6 ⁷ | 12.8 ⁷ | 28.6 ⁷ |
| Northern Africa | 32.1 ⁷ | 69.1 | 47.0 ⁷ | 13.8 ⁷ | 8.4 ⁷ | 19.7 ⁷ |
| Western Asia | 61.1 ⁷ | 33.4 ⁷ | 72.4 ⁷ | 11.3 | 17.5 | 37.8 ⁷ |
| Central and Southern Asia | 38.8 ⁷ | 42.0 | 25.8 | 16.7 ⁷ | 11.0 | 4.3 |
| Central Asia | 43.9 | 42.4 | 90.7 | 14.4 | 94.8 | 40.3 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | <i>Children¹</i> | <i>Mothers with newborns²</i> | <i>Older persons³</i> | <i>Unemployed⁴</i> | <i>disabled⁵</i> | <i>Vulnerable⁶</i> |
| Southern Asia | 38.6 ⁷ | 42.0 | 23.6 | 16.9 ⁷ | 7.9 | 3.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 14.4 | 25.5 | 69.3 | 25.1 | 9.2 ⁷ | 27.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 10.8 | 22.5 | 77.3 | 19.5 | 8.7 | 32.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 20.1 ⁷ | 32.5 ⁷ | 31.5 | 43.8 ⁷ | 10.4 | 13.6 ⁷ |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 56.0 | 53.5 | 70.8 | 12.2 | 59.4 | 39.2 |
| Oceania | 65.5 | 84.0 ⁷ | 74.1 | 47.0 | 92.4 | 38.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 99.2 | 99.8 ⁷ | 79.5 | 49.7 | 96.9 | 46.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 14.5 ⁷ | 41.4 ⁷ | 9.9 | 36.2 ⁷ | 79.4 ⁷ | 16.6 ⁷ |
| Europe and Northern America | 92.2 | 95.6 | 97.5 | 44.3 | 95.3 | 60.5 |
| Europe | 93.2 | 93.6 | 96.4 | 49.4 | 94.6 | 71.5 |
| Northern America | 90.6 ⁷ | 99.9 ⁷ | 100.0 | 28.5 | 96.7 | 37.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 20.7 ⁷ | 13.0 ⁷ | 43.4 | 6.4 | 21.5 ⁷ | 14.0 |
| Small island developing States | 35.1 | 63.6 ⁷ | 64.3 ⁷ | 19.3 ⁷ | 45.1 ⁷ | 22.4 ⁷ |

¹ Proportion of children/households receiving child/family cash benefit.

² Proportion of mothers with newborns receiving maternity cash benefit.

³ Proportion of the population above statutory pensionable age receiving a pension.

⁴ Proportion of unemployed persons receiving unemployment cash benefits.

⁵ Proportion of the population with severe disabilities collecting disability cash benefits.

⁶ Proportion of the vulnerable population receiving social assistance cash benefit.

⁷ The figure is based on reported data coverage of less than 40 per cent of the population in the region, and thus should be interpreted with caution.

Source: ILO estimates based on country data compiled through the ILO Social Security Inquiry (SSI), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(b) Proportion of population covered by at least one social protection benefit

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------------|
| World | 45.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 12.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 46.9 ¹ |
| Northern Africa | 39.2 |
| Western Asia | 54.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 15.8 |
| Central Asia | 59.3 ¹ |
| Southern Asia | 14.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 58.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 64.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia ¹ | 45.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 61.4 |
| Oceania | 71.7 ¹ |
| Australia and New Zealand | 79.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 49.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 85.7 |
| Europe | 89.3 |
| Northern America | 78.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 24.1 |

| Regions | 2016 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Small island developing States | 56.9 ¹ |

¹The figure is based on reported data coverage of less than 40 per cent of the population in the region, and thus should be interpreted with caution.

Source: ILO estimates based on country data compiled through the ILO Social Security Inquiry (SSI), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Goal 2

End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Target 2.1

By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round

Indicator 2.1.1

Prevalence of undernourishment

Prevalence of undernourishment

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017¹</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| World | 14.8 | 14.5 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 10.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 28.4 | 24.3 | 21.7 | 21.1 | 23.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 8.7 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 9.6 | 10.0 |
| Northern Africa | 6.7 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 8.0 | 8.5 |
| Western Asia | 10.3 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 10.9 | 11.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 18.0 | 21.1 | 16.8 | 15.2 | 14.5 |
| Central Asia | 12.7 | 11.1 | 7.3 | 5.8 | 6.2 |
| Southern Asia | 18.2 | 21.5 | 17.2 | 15.6 | 14.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 16.5 | 15.2 | 11.5 | 8.7 | 8.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 14.7 | 14.1 | 11.2 | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 21.9 | 18.1 | 12.3 | 9.3 | 9.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 11.9 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Oceania | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 7.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 |
| Europe | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 |
| Northern America | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 | <2.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 31.8 | 26.4 | 22.5 | 21.8 | 22.6 |
| Least developed countries | 34.1 | 28.6 | 24.8 | 23.7 | 24.4 |
| Small island developing States | 21.7 | 21.0 | 18.2 | 17.4 | 16.8 |

¹Projections.

Source: Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Indicator 2.1.2**Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)****Prevalence of severe food insecurity**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| World | 8.7 (8.4 - 9.0) | 9.2 (8.9 - 9.4) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 26.3 (25.6 - 26.9) | 29.3 (28.7 - 29.9) |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 9.9 (9.5 - 10.4) | 10.4 (10.0 - 10.9) |
| Northern Africa | 10.9 (10.2 - 11.6) | 11.4 (10.6 - 12.1) |
| Western Asia | 9.1 (8.5 - 9.7) | 9.6 (9.0 - 10.2) |
| Central and Southern Asia | 11.5 (10.4 - 12.5) | 10.6 (9.7 - 11.5) |
| Central Asia | 2.1 (1.8 - 2.4) | 2.6 (2.3 - 3.0) |
| Southern Asia | 11.8 (10.7 - 12.9) | 10.9 (10.0 - 11.8) |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 2.6 (2.3 - 2.9) | 3.0 (2.7 - 3.3) |
| Eastern Asia | 0.6 (0.3 - 0.9) | 0.8 (0.5 - 1.1) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 7.8 (7.0 - 8.6) | 8.7 (7.9 - 9.6) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | ... |
| Oceania | ... | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | 2.7 (2.1 - 3.3) | 3.2 (2.5 - 4.0) |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | 1.4 (1.3 - 1.5) | 1.4 (1.3 - 1.5) |
| Europe | 1.6 (1.4 - 1.7) | 1.5 (1.4 - 1.6) |
| Northern America | 1.1 (1.0 - 1.1) | 1.1 (1.0 - 1.1) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 18.4 (18.0 - 18.9) | 20.2 (19.7 - 20.6) |
| Least developed countries | ... | ... |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... |

Note: (1) Upper and lower bounds in parenthesis. (2) The observation values represent the 3-year averages – 2014-2016 for 2015 and 2015-2017 for 2016.

Source: Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO), with data collected through the Gallup World Poll.

Target 2.2

By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons

Indicator 2.2.1

Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organisation (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age

Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are stunted (HAZ <-2)¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| World | 32.5 (30.9 - 34.1) | 26.2 (24.6 - 27.8) | 23.3 (21.7 - 25.0) | 21.9 (20.3 - 23.6) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 40.7 (38.3 - 43.1) | 35.8 (33.6 - 38.1) | 33.5 (31.2 - 35.8) | 32.1 (29.7 - 34.6) |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 23.4 (18.1 - 28.7) | 19.1 (13.3 - 24.8) | 17.2 (11.4 - 23.0) | 16.1 (10.3 - 22.0) |
| Northern Africa | 23.7 (17.5 - 31.3) | 19.9 (13.9 - 27.7) | 18.2 (12.2 - 26.2) | 17.2 (11.3 - 25.3) |
| Western Asia | 23.1 (16.0 - 32.1) | 18.3 (10.9 - 29.2) | 16.2 (8.9 - 27.8) | 15.1 (7.8 - 27.1) |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Central and Southern Asia | 49.0 (44.9 - 53.2) | 39.2 (34.8 - 43.6) | 34.4 (29.8 - 39.1) | 31.8 (27.0 - 36.6) |
| Central Asia | 28.0 (21.2 - 36.0) | 17.0 (13.6 - 21) | 12.9 (10.5 - 15.8) | 10.9 (8.9 - 13.3) |
| Southern Asia | 49.7 (45.5 - 54.0) | 40.0 (35.6 - 44.6) | 35.4 (30.7 - 40.4) | 32.7 (27.9 - 38.0) |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia ² | 26.5 (24.1 - 28.9) | 17.5 (15.3 - 19.8) | 14.3 (11.8 - 16.8) | 12.8 (10.1 - 15.5) |
| Eastern Asia ² | 19.2 (17.8 - 20.6) | 9.2 (8.5 - 10.0) | 6.2 (5.7 - 6.8) | 4.9 (4.5 - 5.3) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 38.4 (32.6 - 44.5) | 30.6 (25.2 - 36.6) | 27.0 (21.1 - 33.9) | 25.0 (18.8 - 32.5) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16.7 (13.3 - 20.2) | 11.9 (8.7 - 15.2) | 10.0 (6.9 - 13.1) | 9.0 (6.0 - 12.0) |
| Oceania | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 36.8 (19.8 - 57.8) | 37.6 (20.7 - 58.0) | 37.9 (21.2 - 58.2) | 38.2 (21.5 - 58.2) |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern America | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 44.6 (38.0 - 51.3) | 36.6 (31.8 - 41.7) | 32.9 (28.6 - 37.5) | 30.8 (26.7 - 35.2) |
| Least developed countries | 49.6 (45.6 - 53.7) | 39.6 (37.7 - 41.6) | 34.9 (32.5 - 37.3) | 32.1 (29.2 - 35.3) |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | ... | ... |

¹HAZ<-2 refers to chronic malnutrition among children aged 0 to 59 months whose height for age is below minus two standard deviations from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards.

²Excluding Japan

Note: Numbers in parenthesis represent a 95 per cent confidence interval.

Source: Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates (2018 Edition), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), World Health Organisation (WHO) and the World Bank Group.

Indicator 2.2.2

Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight)

(a) Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are moderately or severely wasted (WHZ <-2)¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---|--------------------|
| World | 7.3 (6.1 - 8.5) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.9 (5.9 - 7.9) |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 6.2 (2.9 - 9.6) |
| Northern Africa | 8.5 (4.5 - 15.2) |
| Western Asia | 4.0 (1.3 - 11.2) |
| Central and Southern Asia | 14.1 (10.0 - 18.3) |
| Central Asia | 3.6 (3.0 - 4.3) |
| Southern Asia | 14.6 (10.8 - 19.5) |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia ² | 4.5 (3.4 - 5.5) |
| Eastern Asia ² | 1.7 (1.7 - 1.8) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 8.7 (6.2 - 11.9) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.3 (0.8 - 1.7) |
| Oceania | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 9.4 (5.9 - 14.5) |
| Europe and Northern America | ... |
| Europe | ... |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Northern America | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.8 (5.2 - 8.9) |
| Least developed countries | 8.5 (6.8 - 10.5) |
| Small island developing States | ... |

¹WHZ<-2 refers to children aged 0 to 59 months whose weight for height is below minus two standard deviations from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards.

²Excluding Japan

Note: Numbers in parenthesis represent a 95 per cent confidence interval.

Source: Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates (2018 Edition), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), World Health Organisation (WHO) and the World Bank Group.

(b) Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are moderately or severely overweight (WHZ >+2)¹
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| World | 4.9 (4.4 - 5.5) | 5.1 (4.6 - 5.6) | 5.4 (4.8 - 6.0) | 5.7 (5.0 - 6.5) | 5.9 (5.0 - 6.8) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4.4 (3.7 - 5.1) | 4.2 (3.6 - 4.8) | 4.1 (3.5 - 4.6) | 3.9 (3.4 - 4.4) | 3.9 (3.4 - 4.4) |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 7.4 (4.9 - 9.9) | 8 (5.0 - 11) | 8.7 (4.8 - 12.5) | 9.4 (4.4 - 14.3) | 9.8 (4.1 - 15.6) |
| Northern Africa | 8.1 (4.5 - 14.4) | 8.8 (4.6 - 16.1) | 9.4 (4.7 - 18.2) | 10.2 (4.8 - 20.4) | 10.6 (4.8 - 21.8) |
| Western Asia | 6.7 (4.9 - 9.1) | 7.3 (5.0 - 10.5) | 7.9 (4.5 - 13.6) | 8.6 (3.9 - 17.9) | 9 (3.5 - 21.1) |
| Central and Southern Asia | 2.8 (1.6 - 3.9) | 2.9 (2.3 - 3.5) | 3.1 (2.7 - 3.5) | 3.3 (2.2 - 4.3) | 3.4 (1.9 - 4.9) |
| Central Asia | 9 (5.5 - 14.4) | 9.1 (6.5 - 12.6) | 9.2 (6.3 - 13.3) | 9.3 (5.2 - 16.2) | 9.4 (4.5 - 18.6) |
| Southern Asia | 2.6 (1.6 - 4.1) | 2.7 (2.2 - 3.4) | 2.9 (2.5 - 3.3) | 3.0 (2.1 - 4.3) | 3.1 (1.9 - 5.1) |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia ² | 5.2 (4.7 - 5.7) | 5.5 (4.8 - 6.1) | 5.9 (4.9 - 6.9) | 6.5 (4.9 - 8) | 6.9 (4.9 - 8.8) |
| Eastern Asia ² | 6.4 (5.7 - 7.1) | 6.4 (5.7 - 7.1) | 6.3 (5.6 - 7.2) | 6.3 (5.6 - 7.2) | 6.3 (5.5 - 7.2) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3.2 (2.5 - 3.9) | 4.1 (2.9 - 5.6) | 5.2 (3.3 - 8.1) | 6.6 (3.7 - 11.5) | 7.7 (4.0 - 14.2) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.6 (5.5 - 7.7) | 6.8 (5.9 - 7.7) | 7.1 (6.3 - 7.9) | 7.3 (6.5 - 8.1) | 7.5 (6.6 - 8.4) |
| Oceania | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 4.7 (3.3 - 6.5) | 5.6 (3.9 - 8.1) | 6.8 (4.6 - 9.9) | 8.2 (5.4 - 12.2) | 9.1 (5.9 - 13.8) |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern America | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3.8 (2.7 - 5.4) | 3.8 (2.8 - 5.2) | 3.8 (2.8 - 5.1) | 3.8 (2.8 - 5.1) | 3.8 (2.7 - 5.1) |
| Least developed countries | 2.2 (1.1 - 4.4) | 2.6 (1.7 - 4.0) | 3.1 (2.4 - 3.9) | 3.6 (2.9 - 4.4) | 3.9 (2.8 - 5.3) |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

¹WHZ >+2 refers to children aged 0 to 59 months whose weight for height is above plus two standard deviations from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards.

²Excluding Japan

Note: Numbers in parenthesis represent a 95 per cent confidence interval.

Source: Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates (2018 Edition), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), World Health Organisation (WHO) and the World Bank Group.

Target 2.5

By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed

Indicator 2.5.1

Number of plant and animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities

(a) Number of plant genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities

(Number)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2014</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 3,386,229 | 4,175,111 | 4,742,990 | 5,047,817 | 5,309,861 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 138,034 | 167,269 | 181,563 | 187,608 | 193,476 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 55,508 | 91,599 | 138,627 | 156,695 | 177,931 |
| Northern Africa | 6,261 | 34,524 | 76,548 | 90,937 | 109,187 |
| Western Asia | 49,247 | 57,075 | 62,079 | 65,758 | 68,744 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 288,025 | 393,118 | 433,828 | 458,651 | 484,382 |
| Southern Asia | 288,025 | 393,118 | 433,828 | 458,651 | 484,382 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 201,076 | 247,030 | 270,857 | 285,490 | 295,484 |
| Eastern Asia | 180,725 | 202,158 | 215,792 | 228,294 | 237,061 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 20,351 | 44,872 | 55,065 | 57,196 | 58,423 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 235,529 | 265,252 | 307,717 | 354,860 | 372,470 |
| Oceania | 197,493 | 231,511 | 244,403 | 255,765 | 263,011 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 196,146 | 229,264 | 241,543 | 252,235 | 259,281 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1,347 | 2,247 | 2,860 | 3,530 | 3,730 |
| Europe and Northern America | 1,581,069 | 2,043,583 | 2,402,577 | 2,554,230 | 2,653,142 |
| Europe | 1,025,356 | 1,461,845 | 1,749,367 | 1,878,023 | 1,959,836 |
| Northern America | 555,713 | 581,738 | 653,210 | 676,207 | 693,306 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 106,622 | 130,386 | 147,817 | 156,610 | 161,898 |
| Least developed countries | 113,222 | 140,152 | 159,136 | 175,604 | 184,287 |
| Small island developing States | 15,582 | 18,287 | 20,915 | 23,816 | 25,096 |

Note: Estimates based on the date of acquisition of each conserved accession as reported in 2014, 2016, 2017 and 2018. Holdings of the regional centres are included, as applicable.

Source: World Information and Early Warning System on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (WIEWS), 2018, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

(b) Number of animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities

(Number)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2019</i> | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| | <i>Number of local breeds (including extinct ones)</i> | <i>Number of local breeds with genetic material stored</i> | <i>Number of local breeds with genetic material stored sufficient to reconstitute the breed in case of extinction</i> |
| World | 7760 | 258 | 79 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 771 | 1 | 0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 506 | 8 | 0 |
| Northern Africa | 190 | 0 | 0 |
| Western Asia | 316 | 8 | 0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 692 | 4 | 0 |
| Central Asia | 132 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Asia | 560 | 4 | 0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1139 | 4 | 0 |
| Eastern Asia | 772 | 2 | 0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 367 | 2 | 0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 643 | 13 | 3 |
| Oceania | 211 | 0 | 0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 149 | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 62 | 0 | 0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 3798 | 228 | 76 |
| Europe | 3657 | 228 | 76 |
| Northern America | 141 | 0 | 0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 711 | 6 | 0 |
| Least developed countries | 1037 | 13 | 0 |
| Small island developing States | 1042 | 58 | 12 |

Source: Domestic Animal Diversity Information System (DAD-IS), 2019, Food and Agriculture Organisation of United Nations (FAO).

Indicator 2.5.2

Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk, not at risk or at unknown level of risk of extinction

Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk as a share of local breeds with known level of extinction risk

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | 76 | 79 | 80 | 83 | 84 |
| Northern America | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

Source: Domestic Animal Diversity Information System (DAD-IS), Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Target 2.a

Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries

Indicator 2.a.1

The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures

The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures¹

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2001</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 0.42 | 0.39 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.26 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.23 | 0.25 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.20 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.58 | 0.33 | 0.31 | 0.41 | 0.45 |
| Northern Africa | 1.05 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| Western Asia | 0.53 | 0.56 | 0.41 | 0.55 | 0.61 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.20 | 0.28 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 0.51 |
| Central Asia | 0.38 | 0.58 | 0.92 | 0.54 | 0.38 |
| Southern Asia | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.39 | 0.30 | 0.56 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.94 | 0.65 | 0.33 | 0.43 | 0.33 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.53 | 1.58 | 0.39 | 0.41 | 0.29 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.50 | 0.33 | 0.22 | 0.50 | 0.42 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.27 | 0.23 | 0.18 | 0.33 | 0.26 |
| Oceania | 0.23 | 0.30 | 0.36 | 0.22 | 0.21 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.24 | 0.30 | 0.37 | 0.22 | 0.21 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.10 | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.32 | 0.33 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.60 | 0.59 | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.39 |
| Europe | 0.60 | 0.59 | 0.47 | 0.43 | 0.39 |
| Northern America | ... | ... | 1.10 | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.23 | 0.33 | 0.38 | 0.35 | 0.38 |
| Least developed countries | 0.16 | 0.24 | 0.15 | 0.23 | 0.26 |
| Small island developing States | 0.47 | 1.09 | 1.01 | 0.45 | 0.52 |

¹The Agriculture Orientation Index (AOI) for Government Expenditures is defined as the Agriculture Share of Government Expenditures, divided by the Agriculture Share of GDP, where Agriculture refers to the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting sector.

Note: Combined Budgetary and Central Government Expenditure.

Source: Food and Agriculture Organisation of United Nations (FAO).

Indicator 2.a.2

Total official flows (official development assistance plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector

Total official flows (gross disbursements) to the agriculture sector

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000¹</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total official flows | 7,539.0 | 5,263.2 | 10,923.2 | 11,351.5 | 12,636.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1,919.5 | 1,464.9 | 2,691.0 | 3,137.8 | 3,692.8 |
| Northern Africa | 556.4 | 243.4 | 297.7 | 699.6 | 906.9 |
| Western Asia | 544.0 | 187.4 | 442.6 | 623.0 | 737.6 |
| Central Asia | 107.9 | 80.4 | 157.8 | 193.8 | 206.5 |
| Southern Asia | 744.5 | 809.9 | 1,897.4 | 2,102.4 | 1,726.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 333.7 | 353.3 | 357.3 | 413.8 | 481.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 887.4 | 530.0 | 1,543.7 | 940.2 | 1,233.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1,704.2 | 794.0 | 1,633.8 | 1,172.8 | 1,138.2 |
| Oceania | 90.4 | 44.3 | 57.7 | 83.5 | 97.3 |
| Europe | 188.1 | 109.2 | 286.3 | 274.1 | 284.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1,749.9 | 1,234.1 | 2,509.2 | 2,532.6 | 2,939.9 |
| Least developed countries | 2,146.7 | 1,651.4 | 3,316.8 | 3,626.7 | 4,101.9 |
| Small island developing States | 583.7 | 123.5 | 347.4 | 254.8 | 311.0 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 462.9 | 646.4 | 1,557.9 | 1,710.4 | 2,132.6 |

¹Based on commitments.

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Target 2.b

Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round

Indicator 2.b.1

Agricultural export subsidies

Agricultural export subsidies

(Millions of current United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| WTO member States | 2,972.9 | 2,718.0 | 490.5 | 117.2 |
| WTO developing member States | 85.3 | 77.9 | 55.7 | 1.3 |
| WTO developed member States | 2,887.6 | 2,640.2 | 434.8 | 115.9 |

Note: The notification record varies from year to year, and therefore the set of countries represented in the data may differ among the years reported, particularly in more recent periods.

Source: Notifications by WTO Members under the Agreement on Agriculture, 2019, World Trade Organisation (WTO).

Target 2.c

Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility

Indicator 2.c.1

Indicator of food price anomalies

Proportion of countries recording high/moderately high food price anomalies
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| World | 19 | 15 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 29 | 12 |
| Western Asia and Northern Africa | 21 | 21 |
| Western Asia | 20 | 20 |
| Northern Africa | 25 | 25 |
| Central Asia and Southern Asia | 20 | 20 |
| Central Asia | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Asia | 29 | 29 |
| Eastern Asia and South-Eastern Asia | 29 | 7 |
| Eastern Asia | 25 | 0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 30 | 10 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 10 | 7 |
| Oceania | 40 | 0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 40 | 0 |
| Northern America and Europe | 10 | 25 |
| Northern America | 0 | 0 |
| Europe | 11 | 26 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 33 | 22 |
| Least developed countries | 36 | 12 |
| Small island developing States | 15 | 12 |

Source: Food and Agriculture Organisation of United Nations (FAO).

Goal 3

Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Target 3.1

By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births

Indicator 3.1.1

Maternal mortality ratio

Maternal mortality ratio

(Maternal deaths per 100,000 live births)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| World | 341 (325-370) | 288 (277-310) | 246 (237-271) | 216 (207-249) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 858 (797-956) | 728 (688-803) | 635 (599-717) | 555 (518-664) |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 166 (149-195) | 142 (128-164) | 117 (104-138) | 105 (91-131) |
| Northern Africa | 224 (189-274) | 184 (160-219) | 144 (123-175) | 125 (101-162) |
| Western Asia | 115 (99-138) | 103 (88-125) | 90 (74-115) | 85 (68-116) |
| Central and Southern Asia | 368 (331-418) | 280 (251-318) | 214 (191-249) | 170 (148-209) |
| Central Asia | 52 (48-56) | 48 (44-53) | 39 (33-49) | 34 (27-48) |
| Southern Asia | 377 (340-429) | 288 (257-327) | 221 (197-257) | 176 (153-216) |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 112 (103-125) | 94 (86-104) | 74 (68-86) | 59 (53-72) |
| Eastern Asia | 55 (50-63) | 46 (41-52) | 34 (30-39) | 26 (22-32) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 201 (179-228) | 166 (148-191) | 136 (120-165) | 110 (95-142) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 99 (96-104) | 88 (84-93) | 81 (77-88) | 67 (64-77) |
| Oceania | 134 (79-253) | 108 (61-202) | 91 (50-179) | 82 (44-163) |
| Australia and New Zealand | 9 (9-10) | 8 (8-9) | 8 (7-8) | 7 (6-8) |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 292 (166-559) | 239 (130-455) | 206 (109-418) | 187 (95-381) |
| Europe and Northern America | 18 (17-19) | 16 (15-16) | 14 (13-15) | 13 (12-15) |
| Europe | 21 (20-23) | 17 (16-19) | 14 (13-15) | 13 (11-15) |
| Northern America | 12 (11-12) | 13 (13-13) | 14 (13-14) | 13 (11-15) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 723 (673-802) | 596 (557-667) | 472 (438-545) | 388 (362-470) |
| Least developed countries | 732 (698-801) | 614 (589-675) | 519 (499-585) | 436 (418-514) |
| Small island developing States | 261 (223-335) | 233 (196-310) | 204 (171-285) | 192 (159-283) |

Note: Numbers in parenthesis represent a 95 per cent confidence interval.

Source: Trends in maternal mortality: 1990 to 2015, estimates by World Health Organisation (WHO), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), World Bank Group and the United Nations Population Division.

Indicator 3.1.2

Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel

Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2003</i> | <i>2009</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 62.2 | 68.6 | 81.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 42.2 | 47.2 | 59.3 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 70.8 | 79.3 | 89.0 |
| Northern Africa | 67.6 | 77.8 | 90.4 |
| Western Asia | 72.8 | 80.3 | 88.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 39.8 | 51.2 | 78.8 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2003</i> | <i>2009</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Central Asia | 97.7 | 97.7 | 98.9 |
| Southern Asia | 38.0 | 49.4 | 78.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 85.2 | 90.1 | 95.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 96.3 | 99.4 | 99.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 67.9 | 75.1 | 89.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 87.6 | 91.4 | 93.9 |
| Oceania | 98.4 | 98.1 | 96.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 99.1 | 98.7 | 96.9 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | 99.2 | 99.3 | 99.1 |
| Europe | 99.2 | 99.3 | 99.2 |
| Northern America | 99.3 | 99.2 | 99.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 34.1 | 45.6 | 60.3 |
| Least developed countries | 32.6 | 44.1 | 60.9 |
| Small island developing States | 69.6 | 70.5 | 76.5 |

Note: Figures are based on the latest country-level data available in the 2000-2005 period for 2003, 2006-2012 for 2009 and 2013-2018 for 2018.

Source: Joint global database on skilled attendance at birth, 2019, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) and World Health Organisation (WHO).

Target 3.2

By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births

Indicator 3.2.1

Under-five mortality rate

(a) Under-five mortality rate, both sexes

(Deaths per 1,000 live births)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 77.1 | 63.5 | 51.5 | 41.9 | 39.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 155.6 | 127.6 | 101.7 | 81.9 | 75.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 50.7 | 40.7 | 33.1 | 28.6 | 27.2 |
| Northern Africa | 59.5 | 48.5 | 39.3 | 33.1 | 31.4 |
| Western Asia | 42.9 | 33.5 | 26.9 | 23.9 | 22.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 91.0 | 74.6 | 59.9 | 47.1 | 42.9 |
| Central Asia | 62.9 | 47.3 | 34.7 | 25.8 | 23.3 |
| Southern Asia | 91.9 | 75.5 | 60.9 | 48.0 | 43.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 39.8 | 29.2 | 21.8 | 17.0 | 15.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 34.4 | 22.5 | 15.1 | 10.4 | 9.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 48.6 | 39.8 | 32.7 | 27.7 | 26.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 33.0 | 25.7 | 24.4 | 18.3 | 17.7 |
| Oceania | 33.3 | 31.6 | 27.7 | 24.0 | 22.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 6.4 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 66.4 | 63.9 | 58.0 | 50.7 | 47.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 9.6 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.7 |
| Europe | 10.4 | 8.2 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 5.3 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern America | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 6.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 138.6 | 109.9 | 84.5 | 65.9 | 60.8 |
| Least developed countries | 137.4 | 110.7 | 89.6 | 71.4 | 66.3 |
| Small island developing States | 61.7 | 55.9 | 80.0 | 44.6 | 42.3 |

Source: United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (UN IGME), 2018.

(b) Under-five mortality rate, by sex

(Deaths per 1,000 live births)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 74.9 | 79.1 | 49.5 | 53.4 | 37.0 | 41.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 147.0 | 163.7 | 95.0 | 108.2 | 70.2 | 81.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 47.6 | 53.7 | 30.6 | 35.4 | 25.0 | 29.2 |
| Northern Africa | 55.8 | 62.9 | 36.6 | 41.9 | 29.0 | 33.6 |
| Western Asia | 40.1 | 45.5 | 24.7 | 28.9 | 21.0 | 24.7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 93.2 | 88.8 | 60.7 | 59.1 | 42.5 | 43.3 |
| Central Asia | 55.9 | 69.6 | 30.3 | 38.8 | 20.3 | 26.1 |
| Southern Asia | 94.4 | 89.4 | 61.9 | 59.9 | 43.4 | 44.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 36.9 | 42.6 | 19.9 | 23.6 | 14.2 | 17.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 32.3 | 36.4 | 13.9 | 16.1 | 8.4 | 9.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 44.0 | 52.9 | 29.1 | 36.1 | 23.0 | 29.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 29.6 | 36.2 | 22.2 | 26.6 | 15.8 | 19.5 |
| Oceania | 30.6 | 35.9 | 25.4 | 30.0 | 20.6 | 24.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 5.7 | 7.1 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 4.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 61.6 | 71.0 | 53.6 | 62.4 | 43.6 | 51.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 8.5 | 10.6 | 6.1 | 7.5 | 5.2 | 6.3 |
| Europe | 9.2 | 11.6 | 5.9 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 5.8 |
| Northern America | 7.4 | 9.1 | 6.5 | 7.8 | 5.9 | 7.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 130.9 | 146.0 | 78.7 | 90.0 | 56.1 | 65.3 |
| Least developed countries | 130.2 | 144.2 | 83.8 | 95.1 | 61.4 | 71.0 |
| Small island developing States | 57.2 | 66.0 | 76.0 | 83.8 | 38.6 | 45.7 |

Source: United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (UN IGME), 2018.

Indicator 3.2.2

Neonatal mortality rate

Neonatal mortality rate, both sexes

(Deaths per 1,000 live births)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 30.6 | 26.0 | 22.1 | 19.0 | 18.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 40.8 | 36.2 | 32.1 | 28.4 | 27.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 23.2 | 19.9 | 16.9 | 14.9 | 14.2 |
| Northern Africa | 26.3 | 23.2 | 19.8 | 17.1 | 16.3 |
| Western Asia | 20.3 | 16.9 | 14.0 | 12.6 | 11.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 45.1 | 38.4 | 33.0 | 27.6 | 25.7 |
| Central Asia | 26.5 | 21.9 | 17.5 | 12.7 | 11.6 |
| Southern Asia | 45.7 | 38.9 | 33.6 | 28.2 | 26.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 20.1 | 14.9 | 10.9 | 8.4 | 7.8 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Eastern Asia | 19.7 | 12.9 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 4.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 20.8 | 18.1 | 15.6 | 13.5 | 12.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 15.8 | 12.7 | 11.0 | 9.9 | 9.6 |
| Oceania | 13.5 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 10.8 | 10.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3.5 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 25.8 | 25.3 | 23.8 | 21.9 | 21.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 5.2 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.1 |
| Europe | 5.5 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| Northern America | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 41.5 | 36.3 | 31.4 | 26.7 | 25.3 |
| Least developed countries | 41.8 | 36.5 | 31.7 | 27.6 | 26.2 |
| Small island developing States | 23.4 | 22.8 | 22.3 | 20.3 | 19.6 |

Source: United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (UN IGME), 2018.

Target 3.3

By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases

Indicator 3.3.1

Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations

(a) Estimated HIV incidence rate, both sexes, all ages

(Per 1,000 uninfected population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 0.49 | 0.40 | 0.33 | 0.27 | 0.25 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.55 | 2.63 | 2.00 | 1.44 | 1.25 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| Northern Africa | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Western Asia | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.07 |
| Central Asia | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.19 | 0.21 |
| Southern Asia | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.15 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.25 | 0.23 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.19 |
| Oceania | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.68 | 0.47 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.35 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.17 |
| Europe | 0.12 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.19 |
| Northern America | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.11 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.90 | 1.33 | 1.13 | 0.78 | 0.66 |
| Least developed countries | 1.42 | 1.08 | 0.88 | 0.63 | 0.55 |
| Small island developing States | 0.85 | 0.64 | 0.49 | 0.41 | 0.38 |

Source: The Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS).

(b) Estimated HIV incidence rate, all ages, by sex
(Per 1,000 uninfected population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 0.50 | 0.48 | 0.40 | 0.39 | 0.33 | 0.34 | 0.24 | 0.26 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.99 | 3.12 | 2.96 | 2.31 | 2.25 | 1.75 | 1.40 | 1.10 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.06 |
| Northern Africa | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.05 |
| Western Asia | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.07 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.14 | 0.19 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.09 |
| Central Asia | 0.06 | 0.16 | 0.07 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.21 | 0.12 | 0.30 |
| Southern Asia | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.08 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.11 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.06 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.17 | 0.34 | 0.17 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.27 | 0.09 | 0.22 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.18 | 0.32 | 0.16 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.26 |
| Oceania | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.14 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.08 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.77 | 0.60 | 0.52 | 0.41 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 0.38 | 0.32 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.07 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.24 |
| Europe | 0.08 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 0.13 | 0.26 |
| Northern America | 0.06 | 0.23 | 0.06 | 0.23 | 0.05 | 0.21 | 0.04 | 0.18 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.08 | 1.71 | 1.45 | 1.22 | 1.23 | 1.03 | 0.71 | 0.60 |
| Least developed countries | 1.60 | 1.24 | 1.22 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.78 | 0.61 | 0.48 |
| Small island developing States | 0.76 | 0.94 | 0.60 | 0.67 | 0.45 | 0.53 | 0.34 | 0.41 |

Source: The Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS).

(c) Estimated HIV incidence rate, both sexes, by age
(Per 1,000 uninfected population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | <i>Children</i> | <i>Adults</i> | <i>Children</i> | <i>Adults</i> | <i>Children</i> | <i>Adults</i> | <i>Children</i> | <i>Adults</i> |
| | <i>(0-14)</i> | <i>(15-49)</i> | <i>(0-14)</i> | <i>(15-49)</i> | <i>(0-14)</i> | <i>(15-49)</i> | <i>(0-14)</i> | <i>(15-49)</i> |
| World | 0.23 | 0.75 | 0.21 | 0.60 | 0.15 | 0.52 | 0.09 | 0.40 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.42 | 6.04 | 1.15 | 4.34 | 0.72 | 3.39 | 0.39 | 2.14 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.08 |
| Northern Africa | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.08 |
| Western Asia | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.09 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.14 | 0.01 | 0.11 |
| Central Asia | 0.01 | 0.19 | 0.01 | 0.20 | 0.01 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0.36 |
| Southern Asia | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.01 | 0.10 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.01 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.12 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.07 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.03 | 0.44 | 0.03 | 0.45 | 0.03 | 0.35 | 0.03 | 0.27 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.05 | 0.43 | 0.04 | 0.39 | 0.03 | 0.36 | 0.02 | 0.33 |
| Oceania | 0.06 | 0.30 | 0.07 | 0.22 | 0.07 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.20 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.09 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.16 | 1.16 | 0.20 | 0.72 | 0.18 | 0.56 | 0.14 | 0.54 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.01 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0.27 | 0.01 | 0.29 | 0.01 | 0.33 |

| Regions | 2000 | | 2005 | | 2010 | | 2017 | |
|---------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| | Children | Adults | Children | Adults | Children | Adults | Children | Adults |
| | (0-14) | (15-49) | (0-14) | (15-49) | (0-14) | (15-49) | (0-14) | (15-49) |
| Europe | 0.01 | 0.22 | 0.01 | 0.27 | 0.01 | 0.31 | 0.01 | 0.38 |
| Northern America | 0.00 | 0.26 | 0.00 | 0.26 | 0.00 | 0.26 | 0.00 | 0.23 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.03 | 2.93 | 0.71 | 2.06 | 0.49 | 1.82 | 0.22 | 1.10 |
| Least developed countries | 0.69 | 2.26 | 0.56 | 1.69 | 0.41 | 1.39 | 0.22 | 0.88 |
| Small island developing States | 0.22 | 1.40 | 0.22 | 1.02 | 0.19 | 0.78 | 0.13 | 0.61 |

Source: The Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS).

Indicator 3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population

Estimated incidence of tuberculosis

(Per 100,000 population)

| Regions | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| World | 170 (142 - 201) | 167 (139 - 197) | 154 (129 - 181) | 134 (120 - 148) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 344 (307 - 381) | 356 (317 - 396) | 321 (288 - 354) | 244 (218 - 270) |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 58 (52 - 63) | 52 (46 - 57) | 46 (40 - 51) | 36 (33 - 39) |
| Northern Africa | 68 (57 - 80) | 63 (53 - 73) | 60 (49 - 71) | 49 (43 - 55) |
| Western Asia | 47 (44 - 51) | 40 (38 - 43) | 32 (30 - 34) | 24 (23 - 26) |
| Central and Southern Asia | 258 (147 - 369) | 252 (145 - 359) | 229 (134 - 324) | 197 (148 - 246) |
| Central Asia | 144 (118 - 171) | 151 (125 - 177) | 116 (93 - 139) | 76 (63 - 89) |
| Southern Asia | 263 (147 - 378) | 255 (144 - 367) | 233 (135 - 332) | 201 (151 - 252) |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 171 (148 - 194) | 158 (141 - 176) | 145 (130 - 160) | 134 (119 - 148) |
| Eastern Asia | 107 (83 - 132) | 93 (78 - 109) | 80 (70 - 90) | 67 (59 - 75) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 353 (300 - 406) | 335 (285 - 385) | 315 (268 - 363) | 300 (254 - 347) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 53 (49 - 57) | 48 (44 - 52) | 42 (39 - 46) | 42 (39 - 45) |
| Oceania | 88 (58 - 117) | 92 (60 - 123) | 94 (62 - 126) | 98 (81 - 115) |
| Australia and New Zealand | 7.0 (6.1 - 7.8) | 6.5 (5.7 - 7.3) | 6.8 (5.9 - 7.6) | 6.9 (6.0 - 7.7) |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 310 (199 - 421) | 317 (204 - 431) | 322 (206 - 438) | 329 (270 - 389) |
| Europe and Northern America | 34 (28 - 39) | 31 (25 - 36) | 27 (22 - 31) | 19 (16 - 22) |
| Europe | 46 (37 - 54) | 42 (34 - 49) | 37 (30 - 44) | 26 (22 - 31) |
| Northern America | 6.7 (5.8 - 7.5) | 5.5 (4.8 - 6.2) | 4.2 (3.7 - 4.8) | 3.3 (2.9 - 3.7) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 280 (242 - 318) | 249 (218 - 280) | 206 (181 - 232) | 148 (132 - 164) |
| Least developed countries | 297 (266 - 328) | 278 (250 - 306) | 254 (228 - 280) | 217 (196 - 239) |
| Small island developing States | 119 (96 - 143) | 128 (104 - 152) | 123 (100 - 147) | 121 (108 - 135) |

Note: Lower and upper bounds in parentheses.

Source: WHO Global Tuberculosis Report 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Indicator 3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population

Malaria incidence per 1,000 population at risk (Per 1,000 population at risk)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 78.9 | 80.7 | 71.7 | 59.5 | 59.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 325.3 | 321.3 | 271.9 | 221.7 | 216.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 49.1 | 38.9 | 34.2 | 36.0 | 35.6 |
| Northern Africa | 61.5 | 48.8 | 26.4 | 36.0 | 35.3 |
| Western Asia | 30.1 | 24.0 | 45.7 | 35.9 | 36.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 21.6 | 20.8 | 16.3 | 9.3 | 7.4 |
| Central Asia | 9.1 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Southern Asia | 10.8 | 10.4 | 8.2 | 4.6 | 3.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 5.2 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6.3 | 5.5 | 6.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.3 | 5.6 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 3.7 |
| Oceania | 292.2 | 266.2 | 171.2 | 126.3 | 175.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 292.2 | 266.2 | 171.2 | 126.3 | 175.9 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Europe | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Northern America | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 253.3 | 245.4 | 223.2 | 176.7 | 178.2 |
| Least developed countries | 244.4 | 237.2 | 198.4 | 169.6 | 167.9 |
| Small island developing States | 112.5 | 96.4 | 66.6 | 44.7 | 60.8 |

Source: The World Malaria Report, 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Indicator 3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population

Prevalence of hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) in children under 5 years of age (Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| World | 1.3 (0.9-2.2) | 0.8 (0.64-1.04) |

Note: Lower and upper bounds in parentheses.

Source: World Health Organisation (WHO).

Indicator 3.3.5 Number of people requiring interventions against neglected tropical diseases

Population requiring interventions against neglected tropical diseases (Number)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| World | 2,029,908,853 | 1,630,986,293 | 1,582,943,913 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 632,128,842 | 645,415,908 | 597,375,743 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 79,518,653 | 39,840,824 | 29,628,844 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 888,716,138 | 624,317,141 | 637,099,490 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 329,452,489 | 242,190,834 | 234,720,936 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 88,382,477 | 70,756,727 | 75,503,184 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 89,786 | 20,769 | 23,255 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 10,536,459 | 8,439,657 | 8,588,353 |
| Europe and Northern America | 1,084,009 | 4,433 | 4,108 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 249,364,741 | 249,666,308 | 226,842,763 |
| Least developed countries | 662,782,809 | 583,843,018 | 522,023,818 |
| Small island developing States | 26,175,055 | 24,301,964 | 22,437,690 |

Source: Global Health Observatory (GHO), World Health Organisation (WHO).

Note: Data aggregated across interventions and diseases.

Target 3.4

By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being

Indicator 3.4.1

Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease

(a) Probability of dying from any of cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, chronic respiratory disease between age 30 and exact age 70, both sexes

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 22.4 | 20.9 | 19.4 | 18.5 | 18.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 24.2 | 23.1 | 21.8 | 21.1 | 21.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 23.8 | 22.5 | 21.1 | 20.1 | 19.8 |
| Northern Africa | 24.6 | 23.5 | 22.3 | 21.8 | 21.4 |
| Western Asia | 23.2 | 21.6 | 20.0 | 18.5 | 18.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 26.4 | 25.2 | 24.0 | 23.2 | 23.0 |
| Central Asia | 33.3 | 33.6 | 29.0 | 26.7 | 25.7 |
| Southern Asia | 26.1 | 24.8 | 23.9 | 23.0 | 22.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 20.7 | 19.0 | 18.1 | 17.5 | 17.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 20.0 | 17.7 | 16.8 | 16.2 | 15.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 23.7 | 23.8 | 23.2 | 22.4 | 22.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 20.6 | 18.7 | 17.4 | 16.2 | 16.0 |
| Oceania | 16.2 | 14.4 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 12.4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 13.6 | 11.7 | 10.3 | 9.5 | 9.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 31.6 | 29.9 | 28.5 | 29.3 | 29.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 21.8 | 20.2 | 17.1 | 15.8 | 15.6 |
| Europe | 23.2 | 21.9 | 18.4 | 16.6 | 16.3 |
| Northern America | 17.6 | 15.7 | 14.1 | 13.9 | 14.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 27.1 | 26.2 | 23.7 | 22.5 | 22.2 |
| Least developed countries | 24.3 | 23.5 | 22.5 | 21.8 | 21.7 |
| Small island developing States | 22.1 | 20.1 | 19.2 | 19.0 | 18.8 |

Source: Global Health Estimates 2016: Deaths by Cause, Age and Sex, by Country, 2000-2016, 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).

(b) Probability of dying from any of cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, chronic respiratory disease between age 30 and exact age 70, by sex
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2016</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 18.6 | 26.4 | 17.4 | 24.5 | 16.0 | 22.8 | 15.0 | 21.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 24.3 | 24.2 | 23.1 | 23.1 | 21.5 | 22.2 | 20.5 | 21.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 19.8 | 27.9 | 18.7 | 26.3 | 17.6 | 24.6 | 16.5 | 23.0 |
| Northern Africa | 21.5 | 27.8 | 20.6 | 26.5 | 19.7 | 25.1 | 18.8 | 24.0 |
| Western Asia | 18.3 | 27.9 | 17.0 | 26.0 | 15.7 | 24.2 | 14.4 | 22.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 23.5 | 29.1 | 22.5 | 27.8 | 21.2 | 26.8 | 19.8 | 26.1 |
| Central Asia | 25.8 | 41.2 | 25.8 | 41.8 | 22.2 | 36.3 | 19.5 | 32.7 |
| Southern Asia | 23.4 | 28.6 | 22.4 | 27.2 | 21.2 | 26.5 | 19.8 | 25.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 17.2 | 24.2 | 15.8 | 22.1 | 14.8 | 21.4 | 14.0 | 20.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 16.3 | 23.4 | 14.6 | 20.7 | 13.6 | 19.8 | 12.9 | 18.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 20.5 | 27.2 | 20.0 | 27.9 | 19.1 | 27.5 | 18.0 | 26.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 17.6 | 23.9 | 15.9 | 21.7 | 14.8 | 20.3 | 13.5 | 18.7 |
| Oceania | 13.1 | 19.2 | 11.8 | 17.0 | 10.7 | 15.3 | 10.3 | 14.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 10.5 | 16.6 | 9.2 | 14.2 | 8.1 | 12.4 | 7.4 | 11.1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 28.1 | 35.1 | 26.4 | 33.4 | 25.2 | 31.9 | 25.4 | 33.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 15.6 | 28.3 | 14.4 | 26.3 | 12.3 | 22.2 | 11.3 | 20.2 |
| Europe | 16.0 | 30.7 | 15.1 | 29.2 | 12.7 | 24.5 | 11.2 | 21.7 |
| Northern America | 14.2 | 21.2 | 12.7 | 18.8 | 11.4 | 17.0 | 11.4 | 16.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 24.4 | 30.0 | 23.4 | 29.3 | 21.2 | 26.5 | 19.6 | 25.1 |
| Least developed countries | 24.1 | 24.5 | 22.9 | 24.1 | 21.6 | 23.5 | 20.5 | 23.0 |
| Small island developing States | 19.6 | 24.8 | 17.6 | 22.7 | 16.7 | 21.8 | 16.2 | 21.4 |

Source: Global Health Estimates 2016: Deaths by Cause, Age and Sex, by Country, 2000-2016, 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Indicator 3.4.2
Suicide mortality rate

(a) Suicide rate
(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 12.9 | 12.3 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 10.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.5 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Northern Africa | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 |
| Western Asia | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 14.7 | 14.7 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 13.0 |
| Central Asia | 14.8 | 15.3 | 13.1 | 11.4 | 10.7 |
| Southern Asia | 14.7 | 14.7 | 13.6 | 13.2 | 13.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 12.2 | 11.3 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 9.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 14.2 | 13.3 | 12.8 | 11.1 | 11.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 6.8 |
| Oceania | 11.7 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 11.5 | 11.1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 13.2 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 13.5 | 13.0 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 7.2 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Europe and Northern America | 20.3 | 19.5 | 17.6 | 16.5 | 16.4 |
| Europe | 24.2 | 22.9 | 19.6 | 17.4 | 17.1 |
| Northern America | 11.4 | 12.0 | 13.2 | 14.7 | 15.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 10.1 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 |
| Least developed countries | 7.7 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Small island developing States | 10.5 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.6 |

Source: Global Health Estimates 2016: Deaths by Cause, Age, Sex, by Country and by Region, 2000-2016, 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).

(b) Suicide rate, by sex

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2016</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 9.7 | 16.0 | 9.3 | 15.3 | 8.6 | 14.3 | 7.7 | 13.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.0 | 11.0 | 5.5 | 10.6 | 5.4 | 10.1 | 4.9 | 10.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 2.7 | 6.9 | 2.7 | 7.0 | 2.7 | 7.1 | 2.5 | 6.8 |
| Northern Africa | 3.2 | 6.5 | 2.9 | 6.4 | 2.6 | 6.2 | 2.3 | 6.4 |
| Western Asia | 2.3 | 7.2 | 2.5 | 7.5 | 2.8 | 7.9 | 2.7 | 7.2 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 13.2 | 16.2 | 13.8 | 15.6 | 12.2 | 14.8 | 11.5 | 14.4 |
| Central Asia | 5.5 | 24.4 | 5.5 | 25.3 | 5.4 | 20.9 | 4.9 | 16.6 |
| Southern Asia | 13.5 | 15.9 | 14.2 | 15.2 | 12.5 | 14.5 | 11.8 | 14.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 12.0 | 12.3 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 8.5 | 10.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 14.8 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 12.7 | 10.5 | 11.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.1 | 8.2 | 3.6 | 7.8 | 3.6 | 8.1 | 3.5 | 8.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.8 | 10.2 | 2.9 | 10.0 | 3.0 | 10.2 | 3.1 | 10.7 |
| Oceania | 5.6 | 17.8 | 5.5 | 16.0 | 5.7 | 15.8 | 5.9 | 16.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 5.9 | 20.5 | 6.2 | 18.8 | 6.5 | 18.6 | 6.9 | 19.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 4.4 | 9.8 | 3.4 | 8.1 | 3.1 | 7.8 | 3.2 | 8.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 8.4 | 33.0 | 8.1 | 31.6 | 7.4 | 28.4 | 7.2 | 26.1 |
| Europe | 9.8 | 39.6 | 9.2 | 37.6 | 8.0 | 32.2 | 7.3 | 27.6 |
| Northern America | 5.0 | 18.0 | 5.5 | 18.7 | 6.1 | 20.5 | 7.2 | 23.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.9 | 14.4 | 5.6 | 13.9 | 5.1 | 12.3 | 4.7 | 11.1 |
| Least developed countries | 6.0 | 9.4 | 5.7 | 8.8 | 5.3 | 8.3 | 4.8 | 8.3 |
| Small island developing States | 5.4 | 15.7 | 4.6 | 13.7 | 4.5 | 14.1 | 4.4 | 14.8 |

Source: Global Health Estimates 2016: Deaths by Cause, Age, Sex, by Country and by Region, 2000-2016, 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Target 3.5**Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol****Indicator 3.5.2****Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol****Alcohol consumption per capita¹**

(Litres of pure alcohol)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 5.7 | 5.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Northern Africa | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| Western Asia | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Central Asia | 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 4.6 |
| Southern Asia | 2.2 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 4.3 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 4.9 | 4.6 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 6.9 |
| Oceania | 9.6 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 8.7 | 8.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 11.5 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 12.2 | 12.5 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 10.7 |
| Europe | 13.4 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 11.4 | 11.2 |
| Northern America | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Least developed countries | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Small island developing States | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.8 |

*Source: Global Information System on Alcohol and Health (GISAH), 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).*¹ For persons aged 15 and above.**Target 3.6****By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents****Indicator 3.6.1****Death rate due to road traffic injuries****Death rate due to road traffic injuries**

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2013</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 18.0 | 18.8 | 18.0 | 17.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 28.3 | 27.9 | 27.1 | 26.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 17.9 | 18.1 | 18.4 | 18.2 |
| Northern Africa | 19.6 | 19.7 | 21.5 | 20.6 |
| Western Asia | 16.3 | 16.7 | 15.8 | 16.1 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2013</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Central and Southern Asia | 16.6 | 17.3 | 17.1 | 16.7 |
| Central Asia | 12.9 | 19.4 | 17.8 | 16.9 |
| Southern Asia | 16.8 | 17.3 | 17.1 | 16.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 18.2 | 19.8 | 18.9 | 17.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 17.8 | 19.9 | 18.8 | 17.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.3 | 19.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16.5 | 17.2 | 18.7 | 19.2 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 9.9 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 5.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 16.3 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 15.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 14.4 | 14.1 | 10.3 | 9.1 |
| Europe | 14.1 | 13.8 | 9.9 | 8.7 |
| Northern America | 14.9 | 14.9 | 11.1 | 10.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 21.4 | 23.0 | 22.9 | 23.3 |
| Least developed countries | 23.4 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 23.9 |
| Small island developing States | 17.6 | 16.5 | 15.4 | 15.2 |

Source: Global Status Report on Road Safety 2015, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Target 3.7

By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes

Indicator 3.7.1

Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods

Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 73.5 | 74.8 | 75.3 | 75.4 | 75.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 35.9 | 40.4 | 45.6 | 51.6 | 54.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 55.6 | 59.0 | 60.5 | 61.5 | 62.9 |
| Northern Africa | 67.0 | 69.5 | 70.6 | 70.9 | 71.7 |
| Western Asia | 45.8 | 49.7 | 51.9 | 53.7 | 55.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 63.9 | 66.9 | 66.7 | 66.3 | 68.0 |
| Central Asia | 74.2 | 75.1 | 75.2 | 75.7 | 76.1 |
| Southern Asia | 63.5 | 66.6 | 66.4 | 66.0 | 67.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 86.3 | 86.3 | 86.4 | 86.4 | 86.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 90.1 | 89.9 | 89.9 | 90.0 | 90.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 70.2 | 72.6 | 73.8 | 74.3 | 74.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 76.2 | 79.2 | 81.0 | 82.1 | 82.6 |
| Oceania | 76.5 | 75.8 | 76.0 | 76.9 | 77.1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 83.7 | 83.0 | 83.2 | 84.2 | 84.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 42.3 | 44.8 | 47.1 | 49.2 | 51.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 73.6 | 75.9 | 78.1 | 79.6 | 80.5 |
| Europe | 70.0 | 73.1 | 76.0 | 78.2 | 79.3 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern America | 81.4 | 82.0 | 82.6 | 82.9 | 83.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 43.8 | 48.3 | 54.1 | 59.4 | 61.9 |
| Least developed countries | 39.1 | 44.5 | 50.0 | 55.0 | 57.6 |
| Small island developing States | 67.7 | 68.7 | 70.1 | 69.8 | 70.0 |

Source: Estimates and Projections of Family Planning Indicators: The 2019 Revision. 2019. United Nations Population Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

Indicator 3.7.2

Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group

Adolescent birth rate per 1,000 women aged 15-19 years

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 56.0 | 50.6 | 47.5 | 45.2 | 43.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 129.6 | 122.4 | 114.4 | 105.9 | 101.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 50.9 | 46.9 | 44.7 | 42.2 | 40.5 |
| Northern Africa | 48.5 | 47.2 | 46.0 | 43.7 | 41.6 |
| Western Asia | 53.2 | 46.7 | 43.6 | 40.8 | 39.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 70.0 | 55.5 | 43.7 | 35.0 | 31.8 |
| Central Asia | 34.5 | 25.2 | 25.7 | 25.4 | 24.3 |
| Southern Asia | 71.4 | 56.7 | 44.4 | 35.4 | 32.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 19.4 | 18.6 | 19.5 | 20.7 | 20.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 8.7 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 5.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 43.8 | 44.4 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 44.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 80.7 | 74.0 | 68.5 | 64.0 | 61.3 |
| Oceania | 34.7 | 32.6 | 30.8 | 28.4 | 27.4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 20.0 | 19.1 | 17.8 | 15.2 | 14.1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 61.9 | 57.3 | 53.5 | 49.7 | 48.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 28.7 | 25.9 | 22.7 | 17.4 | 15.0 |
| Europe | 21.9 | 19.7 | 17.7 | 14.6 | 13.2 |
| Northern America | 44.4 | 38.8 | 31.8 | 22.2 | 18.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 110.5 | 99.9 | 91.5 | 84.3 | 80.6 |
| Least developed countries | 121.4 | 113.1 | 104.0 | 95.3 | 91.2 |
| Small island developing States | 69.2 | 63.0 | 58.3 | 53.4 | 51.1 |

Note: Estimated birth rates for women aged 10-14 years are not reported due to current data limitations.

Source: World Population Prospects: The 2017 Revision, Special aggregates, 2017, United Nations Population Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

Target 3.8

Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all

Indicator 3.8.1

Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population)

Universal health coverage (UHC) service coverage index

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World | 64 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 42 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 65 |
| Northern Africa | 64 |
| Western Asia | 65 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 54 |
| Central Asia | 70 |
| Southern Asia | 53 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 72 |
| Eastern Asia | 77 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 59 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 75 |
| Oceania | 74 |
| Australia and New Zealand | ≥80 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 45 |
| Europe and Northern America | 77 |
| Europe | 74 |
| Northern America | ≥80 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 47 |
| Least developed countries | 42 |
| Small island developing States | 63 |

Source: Tracking universal health coverage: 2017 Global Monitoring Report, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Indicator 3.8.2

Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income

(a) Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health (greater than 25 per cent) as a share of total household expenditure or income

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 1.85 | 2.39 | 2.60 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.66 | 2.12 | 2.60 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.25 | 1.30 | 1.58 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Central and Southern Asia | 2.05 | 2.18 | 2.98 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 2.18 | 3.39 | 3.40 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.58 | 3.22 | 2.50 |
| Oceania | 0.46 | 0.43 | 0.53 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.90 | 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Europe | 0.89 | 1.00 | 0.98 |
| Northern America | 1.00 | 0.91 | 0.76 |

Source: Global database on financial protection, World Health Organisation (WHO); Tracking Universal Health Coverage: 2017 Global Monitoring Report, World Health Organisation (WHO) and the World Bank.

(b) Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health (greater than 10 per cent) as a share of total household expenditure or income

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 9.66 | 11.43 | 11.72 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.66 | 9.67 | 10.32 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 8.06 | 10.08 | 11.38 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 11.59 | 11.78 | 13.27 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 9.72 | 13.03 | 13.02 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 13.44 | 17.53 | 14.81 |
| Oceania | 3.51 | 3.37 | 3.92 |
| Europe and Northern America | 6.20 | 6.50 | 6.40 |
| Europe | 6.51 | 7.01 | 7.22 |
| Northern America | 5.50 | 5.31 | 4.55 |

Source: Global database on financial protection, World Health Organisation (WHO); Tracking Universal Health Coverage: 2017 Global Monitoring Report, World Health Organisation (WHO) and the World Bank.

Target 3.9

By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination

Indicator 3.9.1

Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution

(a) Crude mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | <i>Household air pollution</i> | <i>Ambient air pollution</i> | <i>Joint ambient and air pollution</i> |
| World | 51 | 57 | 95 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 75 | 44 | 100 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 13 | 44 | 56 |
| Northern Africa | 15 | 55 | 66 |
| Western Asia | 11 | 42 | 47 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 73 | 73 | 123 |
| Central Asia | 13 | 48 | 58 |
| Southern Asia | 75 | 74 | 126 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 63 | 66 | 116 |
| Eastern Asia | 67 | 77 | 128 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | <i>Household air pollution</i> | <i>Ambient air pollution</i> | <i>Joint ambient and air pollution</i> |
| South-Eastern Asia | 54 | 40 | 85 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 13 | 26 | 37 |
| Oceania | 19 | 18 | 35 |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | 16 | 16 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 70 | 24 | 86 |
| Europe and Northern America | 4 | 46 | 50 |
| Europe | 6 | 57 | 62 |
| Northern America | ... | 23 | 23 |

Source: Global Health Observatory (GHO), World Health Organisation (WHO).

(b) Age-standardized mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | <i>Household air pollution</i> | <i>Ambient air pollution</i> | <i>Joint ambient and air pollution</i> |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 138 | 82 | 187 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 22 | 73 | 86 |
| Northern Africa | 25 | 81 | 99 |
| Western Asia | 19 | 65 | 75 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 100 | 100 | 170 |
| Central Asia | 19 | 69 | 85 |
| Southern Asia | 103 | 102 | 174 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 60 | 58 | 106 |
| Eastern Asia | 55 | 61 | 103 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 73 | 51 | 113 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 15 | 27 | 39 |
| Oceania | 31 | 17 | 44 |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | 8 | 8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 117 | 40 | 144 |
| Europe and Northern America | 2 | 23 | 24 |
| Europe | 3 | 27 | 30 |
| Northern America | ... | 13 | 13 |

Source: Global Health Observatory (GHO), World Health Organisation (WHO).

Indicator 3.9.2**Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)****Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene**

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World | 11.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 48.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.2 |
| Northern Africa | 4.5 |
| Western Asia | 2.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 16.5 |
| Central Asia | 1.0 |
| Southern Asia | 17.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 2.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.7 |
| Oceania | 3.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 13.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.2 |
| Europe | 0.2 |
| Northern America | 0.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 32.4 |
| Least developed countries | 34.3 |
| Small island developing States | 9.0 |

*Source: Global Health Observatory (GHO), World Health Organisation (WHO).***Indicator 3.9.3****Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning****(a) Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisonings, both sexes**

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Northern Africa | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Western Asia | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 4.3 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Central Asia | 5.4 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Southern Asia | 4.3 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Oceania | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Europe | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Northern America | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4.1 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Least developed countries | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Small island developing States | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 |

Source: Global Health Estimates 2016: Deaths by Cause, Age, Sex, by Country and by Region, 2000-2016, World Health Organisation (WHO).

(b) Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisonings, by sex

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2016</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 1.7 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2.6 | 4.9 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 3.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.1 |
| Northern Africa | 1.2 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.3 |
| Western Asia | 0.8 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.4 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| Central Asia | 2.5 | 8.4 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 1.9 |
| Southern Asia | 3.4 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| Oceania | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.8 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.9 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 2.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.7 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Europe | 0.8 | 2.4 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 1.0 |
| Northern America | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.7 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 2.9 |
| Least developed countries | 2.3 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 2.9 |
| Small island developing States | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.1 |

Source: Global Health Estimates 2016: Deaths by Cause, Age, Sex, by Country and by Region, 2000-2016, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Target 3.a**Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organisation Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate****Indicator 3.a.1****Age-standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and older**

Age-standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and older, by sex
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | | <i>2015</i> | | | <i>2016</i> | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Both sexes</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Both sexes</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Both sexes</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 26.9 | 10.9 | 43.0 | 20.3 | 6.4 | 34.1 | 19.9 | 6.2 | 33.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 12.2 | 4.3 | 20.5 | 9.5 | 2.3 | 17.0 | 9.4 | 2.3 | 16.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 22.4 | 8.2 | 36.5 | 21.3 | 4.6 | 37.2 | 21.3 | 4.5 | 37.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 22.5 | 7.4 | 37.0 | 14.1 | 2.3 | 25.6 | 13.7 | 2.1 | 25.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 30.3 | 4.6 | 55.6 | 26.4 | 2.9 | 49.3 | 26.2 | 2.8 | 49.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 26.2 | 19.1 | 33.6 | 15.1 | 9.6 | 20.9 | 14.6 | 9.2 | 20.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 25.3 | 23.5 | 27.2 | 15.4 | 13.8 | 17.1 | 14.9 | 13.3 | 16.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 55.5 | 35.7 | 75.2 | 34.8 | 21.8 | 47.8 | 33.9 | 21.2 | 46.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 35.9 | 27.7 | 44.5 | 28.0 | 22.1 | 34.0 | 27.5 | 21.8 | 33.3 |

Source: Department of the Prevention of Noncommunicable Diseases, World Health Organisation (WHO); Secretariat of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control.

Target 3.b

Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all

Indicator 3.b.1**Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme**

(a) Proportion of the target population with access to 3 doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP3)

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 72 | 77 | 84 | 85 | 85 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 51 | 61 | 71 | 71 | 71 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 85 | 87 | 91 | 87 | 88 |
| Northern Africa | 86 | 91 | 95 | 94 | 95 |
| Western Asia | 84 | 84 | 87 | 80 | 81 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 63 | 69 | 78 | 86 | 87 |
| Central Asia | 96 | 96 | 98 | 98 | 98 |
| Southern Asia | 62 | 69 | 77 | 86 | 87 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 83 | 85 | 93 | 92 | 94 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Eastern Asia | 85 | 88 | 99 | 99 | 99 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 81 | 81 | 85 | 81 | 86 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 91 | 94 | 93 | 90 | 89 |
| Oceania | 79 | 84 | 84 | 86 | 84 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 95 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 65 | 75 | 72 | 76 | 68 |
| Europe and Northern America | 94 | 96 | 94 | 93 | 93 |
| Europe | 94 | 96 | 94 | 91 | 93 |
| Northern America | 94 | 96 | 94 | 95 | 95 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 55 | 67 | 77 | 79 | 79 |
| Least developed countries | 57 | 70 | 76 | 80 | 80 |
| Small island developing States | 71 | 78 | 81 | 81 | 78 |

Source: WHO/UNICEF coverage estimates 2017 revision, July 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).

(b) Proportion of the target population with access to measles-containing-vaccine second-dose (MCV2)

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 15 | 30 | 39 | 59 | 67 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3 | 2 | 3 | 16 | 23 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 35 | 72 | 69 | 81 | 84 |
| Northern Africa | 52 | 68 | 56 | 89 | 90 |
| Western Asia | 18 | 75 | 81 | 74 | 79 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 6 | 6 | 11 | 66 | 75 |
| Central Asia | 92 | 88 | 78 | 98 | 99 |
| Southern Asia | 3 | 4 | 9 | 65 | 74 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 5 | 56 | 85 | 84 | 90 |
| Eastern Asia | 2 | 77 | 99 | 99 | 99 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 10 | 22 | 63 | 58 | 75 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 60 | 56 | 61 | 72 | 67 |
| Oceania | 0 | 43 | 45 | 58 | 58 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0 | 70 | 72 | 92 | 92 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 10 |
| Europe and Northern America | 33 | 45 | 49 | 59 | 91 |
| Europe | 51 | 71 | 78 | 87 | 89 |
| Northern America | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 93 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 12 | 12 | 13 | 26 | 36 |
| Least developed countries | 0 | 1 | 5 | 30 | 38 |
| Small island developing States | 6 | 23 | 26 | 28 | 35 |

Source: WHO/UNICEF coverage estimates 2017 revision, July 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).

(c) Proportion of the target population with access to pneumococcal conjugate 3rd dose (PCV3)

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2008</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 4 | 11 | 38 | 44 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0 | 3 | 63 | 66 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1 | 19 | 45 | 58 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2008</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern Africa | 0 | 0 | 33 | 50 |
| Western Asia | 1 | 38 | 58 | 67 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0 | 0 | 16 | 24 |
| Central Asia | 0 | 0 | 18 | 73 |
| Southern Asia | 0 | 0 | 16 | 22 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0 | 0 | 7 | 14 |
| Eastern Asia | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0 | 0 | 7 | 24 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3 | 35 | 82 | 77 |
| Oceania | 43 | 53 | 65 | 75 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 75 | 91 | 93 | 94 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0 | 1 | 27 | 48 |
| Europe and Northern America | 40 | 56 | 62 | 74 |
| Europe | 12 | 37 | 45 | 64 |
| Northern America | 89 | 90 | 92 | 92 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0 | 2 | 58 | 72 |
| Least developed countries | 0 | 1 | 62 | 75 |
| Small island developing States | 0 | 1 | 17 | 35 |

Source: WHO/UNICEF coverage estimates 2017 revision, July 2018, World Health Organisation (WHO) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).

Indicator 3.b.2

Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors

(a) Total net official development assistance disbursements to medical research and basic health sectors

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total net ODA | 6,634.5 | 9,128.0 | 10,687.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2,661.3 | 4,944.6 | 5,034.7 |
| Northern Africa | 162.0 | 127.0 | 114.2 |
| Western Asia | 267.0 | 270.1 | 735.3 |
| Central Asia | 89.7 | 74.5 | 113.5 |
| Southern Asia | 986.4 | 991.1 | 1,107.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 143.2 | 81.2 | 134.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 478.3 | 472.8 | 770.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 236.4 | 162.4 | 237.3 |
| Oceania | 48.5 | 119.0 | 71.0 |
| Europe | 46.8 | 70.7 | 106.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1,336.5 | 2,068.7 | 2,513.0 |
| Least developed countries | 2,693.7 | 4,473.7 | 4,740.0 |
| Small island developing States | 130.4 | 231.2 | 225.4 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 1,515.0 | 1,814.7 | 2,262.8 |

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

(b) Total gross official development assistance disbursement to medical research and basic health sectors
(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total gross ODA | 2,179.1 | 3,895.9 | 6,771.3 | 9,496.9 | 11,085.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 676.9 | 1,092.8 | 2,676.5 | 4,989.7 | 5,124.6 |
| Northern Africa | 63.2 | 114.2 | 163.7 | 133.7 | 123.0 |
| Western Asia | 95.5 | 643.8 | 271.1 | 274.1 | 747.8 |
| Central Asia | 20.8 | 42.5 | 91.6 | 76.3 | 116.2 |
| Southern Asia | 470.0 | 594.2 | 1,021.8 | 1,140.1 | 1,214.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 53.3 | 58.3 | 155.9 | 110.8 | 177.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 197.6 | 219.3 | 514.1 | 516.5 | 809.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 143.3 | 218.4 | 261.1 | 232.4 | 265.0 |
| Oceania | 133.0 | 62.1 | 50.7 | 123.4 | 71.5 |
| Europe | 43.5 | 41.3 | 47.6 | 74.5 | 112.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 416.8 | 688.6 | 1,348.7 | 2,088.5 | 2,550.4 |
| Least developed countries | 790.5 | 1,277.7 | 2,709.7 | 4,525.2 | 4,803.2 |
| Small island developing States | 163.5 | 106.9 | 134.8 | 238.2 | 230.9 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 282.1 | 808.9 | 1,517.2 | 1,825.5 | 2,323.8 |

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Target 3.d

Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks

Indicator 3.d.1

International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness

Average of 13 International Health Regulations (IHR) core capacity scores

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010¹</i> | <i>2015¹</i> | <i>2017¹</i> | <i>2018²</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| World | 58.0 | 76.4 | 71.3 | 60.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 39.5 | 59.7 | 54.9 | 40.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 63.4 | 83.6 | 81.0 | 73.4 |
| Northern Africa | 63.4 | 68.5 | 75.7 | 68.2 |
| Western Asia | 63.4 | 87.9 | 83.1 | 75.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 52.4 | 72.0 | 64.0 | 54.8 |
| Central Asia | ... | 83.5 | ... | 59.4 |
| Southern Asia | 52.4 | 68.7 | 64.0 | 52.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 69.8 | 85.9 | 86.1 | 70.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 79.0 | 89.5 | 90.4 | 84.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 65.5 | 84.4 | 83.7 | 64.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 49.9 | 75.9 | 79.0 | 63.6 |
| Oceania | 54.0 | 76.0 | 69.0 | 57.4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 89.5 | 99.0 | 99.0 | 90.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 45.1 | 69.4 | 60.4 | 52.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 68.7 | 83.6 | 78.5 | 74.2 |
| Europe | 67.9 | 82.4 | 77.2 | 73.1 |

| Regions | 2010¹ | 2015¹ | 2017¹ | 2018² |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Northern America | 79.0 | 98.5 | 100.0 | 95.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 50.5 | 67.1 | 58.0 | 48.3 |
| Least developed countries | 39.9 | 59.6 | 52.6 | 41.0 |
| Small island developing States | 46.7 | 67.3 | 66.3 | 52.8 |

¹For the 2010-2017 period, the score used 1st version of the IHR monitoring questionnaire with percentage of attributes of the following 13 core capacities : (1) National legislation, policy and financing; (2) Coordination and National Focal Point communications; (3) Surveillance; (4) Response; (5) Preparedness; (6) Risk communication; (7) Human resources; (8) Laboratory; (9) Points of entry; (10) Zoonotic events; (11) Food safety; (12) Chemical events; (13) Radionuclear emergencies.

²From year 2018 onward the scores used new version of the questionnaire – the IHR State Party Self-Assessment Annual Reporting (SPAR) Tool – with percentage of attributes of the following 13 core capacities: (1) Legislation and financing; (2) IHR Coordination and National Focal Point Functions; (3) Zoonotic events and the Human-Animal Health Interface; (4) Food safety; (5) Laboratory; (6) Surveillance; (7) Human resources; (8) National Health Emergency Framework; (9) Health Service Provision; (10) Risk communication; (11) Points of entry; (12) Chemical events; (13) Radiation emergencies.

Source: Global Health Observatory SDG Target 3.d, National and global health risks: Data tables Country data IHR Capacity Scores 2010-2018, World Health Organisation (WHO).

Goal 4

Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

Target 4.2

By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education

Indicator 4.2.1

Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex

Proportion of children aged 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following domains: literacy-numeracy, physical development, social-emotional development and learning¹
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World ² (72 countries, 29 per cent population coverage) | 71.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (24 countries, 57 per cent population coverage) | 61.0 |
| Small island developing States (14 countries, 67 per cent population coverage) | 72.1 |

¹The number of countries with comparable survey data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of children aged 36-59 months are presented in parentheses.

²The figure represents less than 50 per cent of the global population, and thus should be interpreted with caution.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and other national surveys conducted in the 2010-2018 period.

Source: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) global databases, 2019.

Indicator 4.2.2

Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex

(a) Adjusted net enrolment rate, one year before the official primary entry age, both sexes
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | ... | ... | 62.7 | 67.8 | 68.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 34.9 | 41.6 | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 35.0 | 37.6 | 45.8 | 51.1 | 52.2 |
| Northern Africa | 28.7 | 30.6 | 48.0 | 56.8 | 56.6 |
| Western Asia | 40.9 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 45.8 | 48.1 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | 46.3 | 48.9 | 55.6 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 88.0 | 87.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | 74.4 | 82.4 | 91.7 | 90.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 84.3 | 88.1 | 92.2 | 92.6 | 94.6 |
| Oceania | 57.5 | 64.1 | 61.3 | 81.0 | 83.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 58.8 | 65.7 | 58.1 | 88.1 | 90.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | 70.3 | 71.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | 87.7 | 93.6 | 94.6 | 95.3 |
| Europe | 89.2 | 88.2 | 94.4 | 96.2 | 96.4 |
| Northern America | ... | ... | 92.2 | 91.6 | 93.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | 34.0 | 42.7 | 45.7 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Least developed countries | ... | ... | 36.7 | 42.7 | ... |
| Small island developing States | 74.2 | 77.6 | 77.8 | 79.9 | 78.9 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(b) Adjusted net enrolment rate, one year before the official primary entry age, by sex (Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | ... | ... | 63.0 | 62.4 | 68.7 | 69.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 34.6 | 35.1 | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 33.8 | 36.2 | 45.2 | 46.4 | 51.2 | 53.3 |
| Northern Africa | 25.9 | 31.4 | 46.7 | 49.3 | 55.3 | 57.8 |
| Western Asia | 41.1 | 40.8 | 43.9 | 43.7 | 47.2 | 48.9 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | 46.7 | 45.9 | 56.3 | 54.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | 88.1 | ... |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | 82.5 | 82.2 | 92.3 | 89.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 84.8 | 83.9 | 93.0 | 91.5 | 95.4 | 93.8 |
| Oceania | 58.1 | 56.9 | 61.2 | 61.4 | 82.8 | 83.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 59.6 | 58.1 | 57.9 | 58.2 | 90.3 | 91.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | ... | 94.0 | 93.2 | 95.6 | 95.1 |
| Europe | 89.3 | 89.0 | 94.4 | 94.4 | 96.3 | 96.5 |
| Northern America | ... | ... | 93.2 | 91.2 | 94.3 | 92.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | 34.2 | 33.8 | 45.3 | 46.2 |
| Least developed countries | ... | ... | 36.7 | 36.7 | ... | ... |
| Small island developing States | 74.3 | 74.2 | 77.4 | 78.2 | 78.8 | 78.9 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

Target 4.5

By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations

Indicator 4.5.1

Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated

Gender parity index of adjusted net enrolment rate, one year before the official primary entry age (Ratio of girls to boys)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | ... | ... | 1.01 | 1.00 | 0.99 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 0.99 | 0.99 | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.93 | 0.96 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.96 |
| Northern Africa | 0.82 | 0.88 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.96 |
| Western Asia | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 0.98 | 0.97 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | 1.02 | 1.06 | 1.03 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 1.01 | ... |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.03 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.02 | 1.01 | 1.02 |
| Oceania | 1.02 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.99 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.03 | 1.01 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 0.99 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | 1.00 | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | 1.01 | 1.01 | 0.99 | 1.01 |
| Europe | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| Northern America | ... | ... | 1.02 | 0.98 | 1.02 |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | 1.01 | 1.00 | 0.98 |
| Least developed countries | ... | ... | 1.00 | 0.99 | ... |
| Small island developing States | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

Target 4.a

Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

Indicator 4.a.1

Proportion of schools with access to (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)

(a) Proportion of schools with access to electricity, by education level

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015</i> | | | <i>2017</i> | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | <i>Primary</i> | <i>Lower secondary</i> | <i>Upper secondary</i> | <i>Primary</i> | <i>Lower secondary</i> | <i>Upper secondary</i> |
| World | 68.4 | 78.9 | 88.8 | 69.1 | 79.5 | 89.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 34.3 | 49.1 | 56.0 | 35.1 | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 94.4 | 97.4 | 93.3 | 95.0 | 97.3 | 97.2 |
| Northern Africa | 94.9 | 97.6 | 90.7 | 95.6 | 97.6 | 98.8 |
| Western Asia | ... | 97.3 | 95.4 | ... | 96.9 | 95.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 51.4 | 66.6 | 87.6 | 51.7 | 67.3 | 88.6 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | 100.0 | 99.1 | ... |
| Southern Asia | 50.4 | 65.1 | 87.1 | 50.7 | 65.8 | 88.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 83.9 | 93.0 | 95.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 83.3 | 93.2 | 95.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 86.1 | ... | 92.4 | 86.5 | ... | 92.7 |
| Oceania | 88.4 | 98.4 | 97.9 | 88.3 | 97.6 | 98.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 97.4 | 99.7 | 99.5 | 97.4 | 99.5 | 99.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.9 | ... | ... | 99.9 |
| Europe | ... | ... | 99.8 | ... | 100.0 | 99.8 |
| Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | ... | 44.0 | 66.6 | 78.6 |

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| Least developed countries | 33.8 | 50.2 | 59.5 | 33.8 | 52.3 | 63.3 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(b) Proportion of schools with access to the internet for pedagogical purposes, by education level

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| World | ... | ... | 64.5 | ... | ... | 63.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 24.9 | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | 72.3 | 76.8 | 69.9 | 73.8 | 78.2 |
| Northern Africa | 62.0 | 65.0 | 70.0 | 63.7 | 66.5 | 70.9 |
| Western Asia | ... | 78.6 | 82.5 | ... | 81.0 | 84.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | ... | ... | 49.0 | ... | ... | 48.2 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | 75.7 | 76.3 | ... |
| Southern Asia | ... | ... | 47.6 | ... | ... | 47.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 53.5 | 71.0 | ... | 56.0 | 68.1 | 86.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 83.9 | 93.2 | 92.5 | 89.7 | 93.9 | 93.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 31.5 | ... | ... | 33.3 | 50.7 | 81.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 35.5 | 58.8 | 68.7 | 35.5 | 58.0 | 66.3 |
| Oceania | 63.3 | 79.8 | 88.9 | 63.0 | 79.7 | 89.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 91.8 | 95.7 | 97.5 | 91.7 | 95.7 | 97.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 94.9 | 97.7 | 98.2 | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | ... | 96.8 | 97.6 | ... | 97.2 | 97.9 |
| Northern America | 99.6 | 99.8 | 99.8 | ... | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | 15.9 | 43.6 | 46.8 | 16.4 | 43.4 | 46.5 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(c) Proportion of schools with access to computers for pedagogical purposes, by education level

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| World | 47.0 | 63.9 | 76.6 | 47.9 | 64.5 | 76.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 40.3 | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | 94.4 | 92.4 | 83.9 | 94.5 | 92.1 |
| Northern Africa | 79.6 | 93.7 | 93.2 | 83.2 | 93.9 | 93.3 |
| Western Asia | ... | 95.0 | 91.7 | ... | 95.1 | 90.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 16.9 | 42.8 | 71.1 | 17.5 | 43.5 | 70.8 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | 95.2 | 94.5 | ... |
| Southern Asia | 15.3 | 40.4 | 69.9 | 15.9 | 41.1 | 69.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 64.9 | 79.7 | 82.2 | 65.6 | 78.7 | 81.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 87.8 | 96.7 | 92.6 | 91.7 | 97.1 | 92.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | 75.9 | 47.9 | 66.3 | 75.2 |

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 56.7 | 74.7 | 76.3 | 56.5 | 74.1 | 76.1 |
| Oceania | 66.1 | 83.0 | 94.5 | 65.8 | 82.8 | 94.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 92.5 | 96.5 | 98.8 | 92.4 | 96.5 | 98.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 98.1 | 99.4 | 99.3 | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | ... | ... | 99.1 | ... | ... | 99.1 |
| Northern America | 99.8 | 99.9 | 99.9 | ... | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | 22.9 | 44.2 | 48.1 | 23.3 | ... | 47.9 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

Note: Data for the "proportion of schools with access to adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities" are not available.

(e) Proportion of schools with access to basic drinking water, by education level

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| World | 78.8 | 84.3 | 83.4 | 78.6 | 83.5 | 83.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 50.0 | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | 94.3 | ... | ... | 94.5 |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... | 94.5 | ... | ... | 95.1 |
| Western Asia | ... | ... | 94.2 | ... | 96.5 | 94.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 84.6 | 87.5 | 87.2 | 84.6 | 87.2 | 88.2 |
| Southern Asia | 84.3 | 86.9 | 86.5 | 84.3 | 86.6 | 87.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | 77.1 | 80.7 | 78.8 | 75.9 | 80.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 71.4 | 67.5 | 73.7 | 71.2 | 66.5 | 73.4 |
| Oceania | 72.0 | 87.8 | 88.9 | 71.7 | 87.0 | 88.8 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 93.7 | 97.4 | 97.5 | 93.6 | 97.2 | 97.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.1 | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | ... | ... | 98.8 | ... | 100.0 | 98.9 |
| Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | ... | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | 58.0 | 58.4 | 53.1 | 58.9 | 58.5 | 54.4 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(f) Proportion of schools with access to single-sex basic sanitation facilities, by education level

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| World | 81.9 | 87.1 | 87.2 | 81.5 | 86.5 | 87.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | 93.9 | 96.7 | ... | 94.9 | 97.2 |
| Northern Africa | 93.8 | 95.4 | 97.7 | 93.7 | 96.1 | 98.0 |
| Western Asia | ... | ... | 95.9 | ... | ... | 96.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 83.3 | 91.8 | 90.4 | 82.2 | 91.3 | 90.4 |
| Southern Asia | 83.0 | 91.5 | 90.0 | 81.8 | 90.9 | 90.0 |

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 73.0 | 73.6 | 71.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 61.7 | 62.4 | 60.9 |
| Oceania | 83.9 | 91.8 | 95.7 | 84.1 | 92.0 | 96.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 96.6 | 98.3 | 99.1 | 96.6 | 98.3 | 99.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.7 | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | ... | ... | 99.5 | ... | 100.0 | 99.5 |
| Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | ... | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | ... | ... | 73.7 | 57.4 | 71.6 | 73.0 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(g) Proportion of schools with basic handwashing facilities, by education level

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2015 | | | 2017 | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary | Primary | Lower secondary | Upper secondary |
| World | 65.2 | 69.1 | 72.9 | 65.6 | 68.9 | 72.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 40.1 | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | 99.7 | 99.6 | ... | 99.9 | 99.7 |
| Northern Africa | 98.0 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 98.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Western Asia | ... | ... | 99.4 | ... | ... | 99.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 48.2 | 53.5 | 61.4 | 48.0 | 53.1 | 61.4 |
| Southern Asia | 47.1 | 51.4 | 59.6 | 47.0 | 51.0 | 59.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 75.1 | 71.1 | 76.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 66.9 | 60.6 | 68.3 |
| Oceania | 72.9 | 86.0 | 88.0 | 72.6 | 85.7 | 88.1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 94.0 | 97.0 | 97.3 | 93.9 | 97.0 | 97.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 98.5 | 99.6 | 99.5 | ... | ... | 99.5 |
| Europe | ... | 99.4 | 99.4 | ... | 99.6 | 99.4 |
| Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | ... | 55.0 | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | 41.7 | 41.0 | 37.5 | 42.7 | 40.5 | 37.3 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

Target 4.b

By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries

Indicator 4.b.1

Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study

Volume of official development assistance (gross disbursements) for scholarships

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2006</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total ODA | 429.3 | 1,262.7 | 1,214.8 | 1,331.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 35.1 | 110.1 | 134.6 | 184.5 |
| Northern Africa | 8.7 | 27.3 | 68.0 | 84.5 |
| Western Asia | 25.5 | 47.4 | 71.8 | 96.4 |
| Central Asia | 3.5 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 15.9 |
| Southern Asia | 18.4 | 86.7 | 85.1 | 71.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 15.2 | 275.8 | 29.8 | 26.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 119.2 | 205.3 | 186.3 | 105.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 19.9 | 74.3 | 65.7 | 63.6 |
| Oceania | 39.2 | 48.9 | 62.0 | 50.3 |
| Europe | 5.9 | 16.8 | 54.9 | 66.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 31.3 | 124.8 | 125.2 | 141.5 |
| Least developed countries | 66.4 | 193.8 | 205.0 | 219.8 |
| Small island developing States | 49.2 | 84.8 | 94.7 | 83.9 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 138.6 | 358.1 | 443.1 | 565.9 |

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Target 4.c

By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially Least developed countries and small island developing States

Indicator 4.c.1

Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre-primary; (b) primary; (c) lower secondary; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g., pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country

(a) Proportion of trained teachers in pre-primary education, both sexes

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 54.3 | 47.6 | 48.7 | 47.7 | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | 92.3 | ... | 84.5 | 84.1 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern Africa | ... | 97.0 | ... | 83.2 | 82.1 |
| Western Asia | 89.0 | ... | ... | 85.5 | 85.6 |
| Central Asia | ... | 94.5 | 96.4 | 91.0 | 89.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | 90.6 | 95.6 | 94.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | 80.0 | 78.0 | 63.8 | 75.8 |
| Least developed countries | ... | ... | 58.8 | 53.8 | 61.8 |
| Small island developing States | 81.1 | 85.2 | 87.6 | ... | ... |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(b) Proportion of trained teachers in primary education, both sexes

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | ... | ... | ... | 85.6 | 85.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 84.5 | 71.4 | 70.1 | 61.8 | 63.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | 85.8 | 84.4 |
| Northern Africa | ... | 98.2 | ... | 85.7 | 84.4 |
| Western Asia | 94.6 | ... | ... | 85.8 | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 73.5 | 71.9 |
| Central Asia | ... | 93.5 | 96.5 | 99.1 | 98.6 |
| Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 72.4 | 70.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 97.6 | 96.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | ... | 88.1 | 88.5 | 88.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 72.9 | 76.1 | 74.2 | 70.8 | 76.5 |
| Least developed countries | 73.5 | 73.1 | 72.5 | 69.2 | 71.8 |
| Small island developing States | 81.3 | 81.1 | 77.7 | 74.1 | 73.9 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(c) Proportion of trained teachers in lower secondary education, both sexes

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 64.1 | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | 81.8 | 81.2 |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... | ... | 79.2 | 77.8 |
| Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | 83.4 | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 84.7 | 77.2 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | 95.5 |
| Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 82.8 | 74.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 97.7 | 95.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | ... | 82.5 | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | ... | ... | 80.7 |
| Least developed countries | 70.4 | 65.7 | 66.2 | 62.4 | 59.5 |
| Small island developing States | 80.9 | 84.3 | 82.5 | 81.2 | 76.0 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(d) Proportion of trained teachers in upper secondary education, both sexes
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | ... | 54.7 | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | 79.0 | ... |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... | ... | 76.5 | 77.4 |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | 97.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 92.3 | 91.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | ... | 79.8 | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | ... | ... | 84.5 |
| Least developed countries | 54.7 | 52.3 | 50.9 | 52.9 | 57.2 |
| Small island developing States | 83.0 | 74.9 | 75.9 | 76.4 | 81.5 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

(e) Proportion of trained teachers in secondary education, both sexes
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | ... | 79.1 | 60.4 | 49.3 | 50.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | 80.5 | ... |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... | ... | 77.9 | 77.6 |
| Central Asia | ... | 89.8 | 95.1 | 94.7 | 96.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | 95.9 | 94.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | ... | 81.3 | 80.1 | 79.7 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 88.6 | 91.5 | 89.2 | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | 86.1 | 84.0 | 81.1 | 82.0 |
| Least developed countries | 64.5 | 60.5 | 60.2 | 58.6 | 58.6 |
| Small island developing States | 81.8 | 79.8 | 79.0 | 78.7 | 78.7 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

Goal 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Target 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere

Indicator 5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex

Legal frameworks that promote, enforce and monitor gender equality

(Percentage)

| Regions | Area 1: Overarching legal frameworks and public life | Area 2: Violence against women | Area 3: Employment and economic benefits | Area 4: Marriage and family |
|---------|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| World | 67.8 | 73.9 | 71.3 | 76.4 |

Note: (1) Data are derived from an assessment of country's legal frameworks completed by National Statistical Offices and/or National Women's Machinery, and legal practitioners/researchers on gender equality, using a questionnaire. (2) The score for each area of law (a number between 0 and 100) represents the percentage of achievement on average for the countries in the sample (unweighted average), per area of law. (3) 53 countries are included in the sample in 2018.

Source: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women), World Bank Group, OECD Development Centre.

Target 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation

Indicator 5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age

Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15-49 subjected to physical and/or sexual violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2017 |
|---|------|
| World (106 countries, 50 per cent population coverage) | 17.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (31 countries, 82 per cent population coverage) | 21.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia ² (6 countries, 41 per cent population coverage) | 12.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia (7 countries, 81 per cent population coverage) | 23.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia ² (7 countries, 13 per cent population coverage) | 9.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (16 countries, 50 per cent population coverage) | 11.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) ² (10 countries, 20 per cent population coverage) | 34.7 |
| Europe (29 countries, 74 per cent population coverage) | 6.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries (22 countries, 80 per cent population coverage) | 21.8 |
| Least developed countries (34 countries, 83 per cent population coverage) | 24.3 |
| Small island developing States (19 countries, 51 per cent population coverage) | 15.5 |

¹The number of countries with comparable survey data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of

women aged 15-49 are presented in parentheses.

²The figure represents less than 50 per cent of the population in the region, and thus should be interpreted with caution.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and other national surveys conducted in the 2005-2017 period.

Source: World Health Organization (WHO), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women).

Target 5.3

Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation

Indicator 5.3.1

Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18

(a) Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15¹

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2003 | 2008 | 2013 | 2018 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World (105 countries, 77 per cent population coverage) | 8.1 | 7.5 | 6.4 | 5.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (37 countries, 88 per cent population coverage) | 14.9 | 15.1 | 14.2 | 11.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia (14 countries, 84 per cent population coverage) | 5.7 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| Northern Africa (5 countries, 95 per cent population coverage) | 5.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Western Asia (9 countries, 71 per cent population coverage) | 6.2 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 3.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia (10 countries, 94 per cent population coverage) | 18.9 | 16.9 | 12.8 | 7.6 |
| Central Asia (4 countries, 52 per cent population coverage) | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Southern Asia (6 countries, 96 per cent population coverage) | 19.3 | 17.2 | 13.2 | 7.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia (8 countries, 94 per cent population coverage) | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (22 countries, 54 per cent population coverage) | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 4.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries (26 countries, 86 per cent population coverage) | 13.8 | 13.8 | 12.2 | 9.7 |
| Least developed countries (38 countries, 94 per cent population coverage) | 19.6 | 18.2 | 16.1 | 12.2 |
| Small island developing States (17 countries, 70 per cent population coverage) | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 5.7 |

¹The number of countries with comparable survey data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of women aged 20-24 are presented in parentheses.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and other national surveys conducted in the 2010-2018 period.

Source: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) global databases, 2019.

(b) Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 18¹

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2003 | 2008 | 2013 | 2018 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World (105 countries, 77 per cent population coverage) | 27.2 | 25.4 | 22.2 | 20.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (37 countries, 88 per cent population coverage) | 41.8 | 42.2 | 39.6 | 37.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia (14 countries, 84 per cent population coverage) | 23.5 | 20.8 | 18.6 | 17.8 |
| Northern Africa (5 countries, 95 per cent population coverage) | 20.8 | 18.6 | 17.5 | 16.6 |

| Regions | 2003 | 2008 | 2013 | 2018 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Western Asia (9 countries, 71 per cent population coverage) | 27.0 | 23.5 | 20.0 | 19.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia (10 countries, 94 per cent population coverage) | 52.5 | 47.3 | 38.4 | 29.4 |
| Central Asia (4 countries, 52 per cent population coverage) | 14.4 | 8.5 | 7.0 | 8.0 |
| Southern Asia (6 countries, 96 per cent population coverage) | 53.3 | 48.2 | 39.2 | 29.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia (8 countries, 94 per cent population coverage) | 19.7 | 17.7 | 15.7 | 15.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (22 countries, 54 per cent population coverage) | 24.1 | 25.6 | 24.9 | 24.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries (26 countries, 86 per cent population coverage) | 43.4 | 42.5 | 37.8 | 35.0 |
| Least developed countries (38 countries, 94 per cent population coverage) | 50.2 | 49.1 | 45.0 | 39.6 |
| Small island developing States (17 countries, 70 per cent population coverage) | 26.8 | 28.0 | 24.9 | 23.2 |

¹The number of countries with comparable survey data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of women aged 20-24 are presented in parentheses.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and other national surveys conducted in the 2010-2019 period.

Source: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) global databases, 2019.

Indicator 5.3.2

Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting, by age

Proportion of girls aged 15-19 who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting¹

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2003 | 2008 | 2013 | 2018 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa (25 countries, 68 per cent population coverage) | 34.8 | 31.8 | 29.3 | 24.5 |
| Northern Africa (2 countries, 65 per cent population coverage) | 91.5 | 88.8 | 83.0 | 73.9 |

¹The number of countries with comparable survey data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of girls aged 15-19 are presented in parentheses.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and other national surveys conducted in the 2003-2018 period.

Source: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) global databases, 2019.

Target 5.5

Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life

Indicator 5.5.1

Proportion of seats held by (a) women in national parliaments and (b) local governments

Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (single and lower chambers)

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2019 |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 13.3 | 15.9 | 19.0 | 22.3 | 24.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 11.5 | 14.4 | 18.4 | 22.6 | 23.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 5.3 | 7.5 | 10.9 | 17.2 | 18.7 |
| Northern Africa | 5.4 | 10.8 | 13.2 | 24.6 | 22.7 |
| Western Asia | 5.2 | 5.7 | 9.3 | 12.8 | 15.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 6.9 | 9.3 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 16.9 |
| Central Asia | 7.0 | 11.6 | 20.0 | 21.8 | 21.1 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Southern Asia | 6.8 | 8.8 | 18.2 | 17.6 | 15.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 16.4 | 17.2 | 18.9 | 19.4 | 20.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 18.2 | 18.1 | 18.7 | 20.4 | 21.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 12.3 | 15.5 | 19.3 | 17.8 | 19.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 15.2 | 19.0 | 22.7 | 27.4 | 31.6 |
| Oceania | 11.3 | 11.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 16.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 25.5 | 26.3 | 30.1 | 28.8 | 34.4 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 3.6 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 4.4 | 6.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 16.8 | 20.3 | 22.9 | 26.4 | 29.4 |
| Europe | 16.8 | 20.5 | 23.2 | 26.7 | 29.8 |
| Northern America | 16.3 | 17.5 | 19.0 | 21.8 | 25.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 7.8 | 13.4 | 21.6 | 24.9 | 26.5 |
| Least developed countries | 9.3 | 13.1 | 19.3 | 21.7 | 22.9 |
| Small island developing States | 14.0 | 17.9 | 20.5 | 23.3 | 25.0 |

Note: The data concern single and lower chambers and are as at 1 February for 2013 – 2019, as at 31 January for 2005 and 2010, and as at 25 January for 2000.

Source: Women in National Parliament database, 31 January 2019, Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU).

Indicator 5.5.2

Proportion of women in managerial positions

Proportion of managerial positions held by women

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 25.1 | 26.4 | 26.6 | 26.3 | 27.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 27.7 | 26.5 | 28.1 | 29.0 | 29.3 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 10.4 | 10.3 | 13.2 | 10.9 | 11.8 |
| Northern Africa | 9.2 | 9.7 | 12.9 | 7.4 | 7.7 |
| Western Asia | 11.8 | 10.9 | 13.4 | 14.8 | 16.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 12.6 | 13.1 | 12.1 | 13.4 | 14.4 |
| Central Asia | 27.2 | 29.6 | 30.4 | 30.2 | 30.3 |
| Southern Asia | 12.1 | 12.5 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 14.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 22.7 | 24.7 | 26.6 | 28.4 | 30.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 17.1 | 19.4 | 22.0 | 24.7 | 26.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 34.7 | 36.8 | 38.8 | 37.0 | 41.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 32.0 | 35.3 | 36.6 | 38.4 | 38.5 |
| Oceania | 32.2 | 33.9 | 34.6 | 37.2 | 36.8 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 32.7 | 34.4 | 35.1 | 37.9 | 37.4 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 23.1 | 24.5 | 25.7 | 26.8 | 27.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 33.0 | 35.4 | 36.7 | 36.7 | 37.5 |
| Europe | 31.4 | 34.3 | 35.6 | 35.5 | 35.9 |
| Northern America | 35.0 | 37.0 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 39.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 26.1 | 27.6 | 28.5 | 29.2 | 28.9 |
| Least developed countries | 24.2 | 20.0 | 21.7 | 21.6 | 22.1 |
| Small island developing States | 30.3 | 33.2 | 35.6 | 35.7 | 36.5 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organization (ILO).

Target 5.6

Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences

Indicator 5.6.1

Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care

Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and health care¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2014</i> |
|---|-------------|
| World ² (51 countries, 10 per cent population coverage) | 56.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (35 countries, 90 per cent population coverage) | 47.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia ² (2 countries, 3 per cent population coverage) | 71.1 |
| Western Asia ² (2 countries, 5 per cent population coverage) | 71.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia ² (3 countries, 2 per cent population coverage) | 48.7 |
| Central Asia ² (2 countries, 14 per cent population coverage) | 51.9 |
| Southern Asia ² (1 country, 2 per cent population coverage) | 47.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia ² (4 countries, 5 per cent population coverage) | 76.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia ² (4 countries, 22 per cent population coverage) | 76.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean ² (5 countries, 6 per cent population coverage) | 68.3 |
| Europe and Northern America ² (2 countries, 5 per cent population coverage) | 80.2 |
| Europe ² (2 countries, 7 per cent population coverage) | 80.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries (17 countries, 65 per cent population coverage) | 47.0 |
| Least developed countries (30 countries, 57 per cent population coverage) | 49.4 |
| Small island developing States ² (6 countries, 36 per cent population coverage) | 68.6 |

¹The number of countries used to calculate the regional values and the population coverages are presented in parentheses.

²The figure represents less than 50 per cent of the population in the region, and thus should be interpreted with caution.

Source: UNFPA Global Database, 2019, United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA).

Target 5.c

Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels

Indicator 5.c.1

Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment

Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World (69 countries and areas) | 19 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (27 countries) | 11 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia (7 countries) | 29 |
| Central and Southern Asia (4 countries) | 75 |

| Regions | 2018 |
|--|-------------|
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia (<i>6 countries</i>) | 33 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (<i>9 countries</i>) | 11 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) (<i>10 countries and areas</i>) | 20 |
| Europe and Northern America (<i>6 countries and areas</i>) | 0 |

¹The number of countries used to calculate the global and regional values are presented in parentheses. Population coverage is not applicable.

Note: (1) Data are derived from an assessment of country systems to track allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment, based on reporting on three criteria collected through a questionnaire; (2) The proportion represents the percent of reporting countries that fully meet the three criteria for the indicator; (3) Data is collected through the Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation.

Source: United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women); United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Goal 6 Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Target 6.1

By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all

Indicator 6.1.1

Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services

(a) Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 61.3 | 64.2 | 66.5 | 69.5 | 70.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 17.7 | 19.6 | 22.4 | 25.4 | 26.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Western Asia | 66.5 | 67.9 | 71.8 | 75.0 | 75.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 41.4 | 46.9 | 52.5 | 58.2 | 60.4 |
| Central Asia | 54.6 | 58.2 | 63.7 | 69.1 | 71.0 |
| Southern Asia | 40.3 | 45.9 | 51.5 | 57.2 | 59.4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 56.2 | 57.5 | 73.0 | 74.0 | 74.3 |
| Oceania | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | 90.3 | 93.5 | 94.5 | 95.2 | 95.3 |
| Europe | 89.6 | 91.0 | 92.4 | 93.3 | 93.4 |
| Northern America | ... | 98.9 | 99.0 | 99.0 | 99.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 25.7 | 28.0 | 30.9 | 33.7 | 34.9 |
| Least developed countries | 25.1 | 27.0 | 30.2 | 33.5 | 34.7 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

Source: The WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) for Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene, 2019.

(b) Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services, by residence

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> |
| World | 39.4 | 86.2 | 45.8 | 85.9 | 53.0 | 85.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.5 | 42.3 | 8.9 | 46.0 | 11.6 | 50.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Western Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | 31.0 | 66.0 | 47.0 | 63.8 | 59.7 | 61.8 |
| Central Asia | 30.1 | 83.6 | 41.6 | 87.6 | 52.9 | 90.4 |
| Southern Asia | 31.0 | 63.0 | 47.1 | 60.7 | 59.9 | 58.5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | 90.6 | ... | 91.5 | ... | 90.8 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> |
| Eastern Asia | ... | 93.9 | ... | 93.8 | ... | 93.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | 82.4 | 39.0 | 82.3 | 41.7 | 82.3 |
| Oceania | ... | 91.6 | ... | 95.3 | ... | 96.1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | 91.9 | ... | 95.7 | ... | 96.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | 96.5 | ... | 96.7 | ... | 96.8 |
| Europe | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern America | ... | 99.6 | ... | 99.6 | ... | 99.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 11.8 | 63.6 | 16.2 | 67.3 | 19.8 | 69.3 |
| Least developed countries | 18.4 | 45.0 | 22.3 | 49.0 | 26.2 | 52.2 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

Source: The WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) for Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene, 2019.

Target 6.2

By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations

Indicator 6.2.1

Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services and (b) a hand-washing facility with soap and water

(a.1) Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 28.2 | 31.5 | 37.1 | 42.7 | 45.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 14.8 | 16.1 | 17.2 | 18.0 | 18.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 26.2 | 29.2 | 33.2 | 36.5 | 37.5 |
| Northern Africa | ... | 20.1 | 23.8 | 27.5 | 28.8 |
| Western Asia | 36.2 | 38.4 | 42.4 | 45.2 | 45.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Southern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 31.6 | 37.3 | 47.1 | 58.5 | 63.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 31.3 | 37.8 | 49.6 | 63.6 | 69.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 11.5 | 14.6 | 20.7 | 28.2 | 31.3 |
| Oceania | 45.9 | 46.4 | 49.2 | 52.0 | 52.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 60.6 | 61.9 | 66.1 | 70.2 | 71.9 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | 69.4 | 70.2 | 73.6 | 75.6 | 76.2 |
| Europe | 63.4 | 65.5 | 75.6 | 78.1 | 78.9 |
| Northern America | 77.2 | 78.1 | 79.0 | 79.6 | 79.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

Source: The WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) for Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene, 2019.

(a.2) Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, by residence

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> |
| World | 21.8 | 35.6 | 32.5 | 41.3 | 42.5 | 47.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 13.8 | 17.2 | 16.1 | 19.1 | 17.5 | 19.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | ... | 39.9 | ... | 46.0 | ... | 49.4 |
| Northern Africa | ... | 30.1 | ... | 35.7 | ... | 39.3 |
| Western Asia | ... | 54.9 | ... | 60.9 | ... | 64.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 6.9 | ... | 25.6 | ... | 39.7 | ... |
| Central Asia | ... | ... | ... | 49.0 | ... | 49.0 |
| Southern Asia | 5.5 | ... | 24.3 | ... | 38.7 | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 27.2 | 27.5 | 37.6 | 56.0 | 52.1 | 71.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 26.7 | 34.5 | 38.0 | 59.3 | 56.2 | 78.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | 14.6 | ... | 25.0 | ... | 37.0 |
| Oceania | 22.6 | 56.7 | 22.8 | 61.6 | 23.5 | 66.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | 78.9 | 45.8 | 82.6 | 48.1 | 84.7 |
| Europe | 40.8 | 72.6 | 50.1 | 77.9 | 53.3 | 81.1 |
| Northern America | ... | 89.1 | ... | 90.1 | ... | 90.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Least developed countries | 11.5 | ... | 17.0 | ... | 20.9 | ... |
| Small island developing States | ... | 23.2 | ... | 24.4 | ... | ... |

Source: The WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) for Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene, 2019.

(b) Proportion of population with basic handwashing facilities on premises, by residence

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>All areas</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> |
| World | 60.1 | 45.5 | ... |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 25.0 | 17.3 | 36.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 76.8 | 64.0 | ... |
| Northern Africa | 74.2 | 65.9 | 81.9 |
| Western Asia | ... | 61.2 | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | 58.4 | 47.5 | 78.0 |
| Central Asia | 91.8 | 86.9 | 97.0 |
| Southern Asia | 57.1 | 46.3 | 77.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... |
| Eastern Asia | ... | ... | ... |
| South-Eastern Asia | 74.4 | 68.9 | 80.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | ... | 59.1 | ... |
| Oceania | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> | | |
|--|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>All areas</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern America | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 34.0 | 24.6 | 55.4 |
| Least developed countries | 27.7 | 21.8 | 39.4 |
| Small island developing States | 51.4 | 32.9 | 62.8 |

Source: The WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) for Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene, 2019.

Target 6.5

By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate

Indicator 6.5.1

Degree of integrated water resources management implementation (0-100)

(a) Degree of integrated water resources management implementation (0-100)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World | 49 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 40 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 55 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 37 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 53 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 35 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 72 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 38 |
| Europe and Northern America | 67 |

Note: Based on 172 countries' response to the Integrated Water Resources Management questionnaire.

Source: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

(b) Proportion of countries by integrated water resources management implementation level

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|
| | <i>Very low</i> | <i>Low</i> | <i>Medium-low</i> | <i>Medium-high</i> | <i>High</i> | <i>Very high</i> |
| World | 0.6 | 18.6 | 40.7 | 20.9 | 15.1 | 4.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2.2 | 17.8 | 51.1 | 28.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.0 | 4.5 | 45.5 | 27.3 | 18.2 | 4.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.0 | 30.0 | 60.0 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 15.4 | 46.2 | 15.4 | 7.7 | 15.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.0 | 44.8 | 48.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 0.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.0 | 37.5 | 50.0 | 12.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.0 | 4.7 | 16.3 | 25.6 | 44.2 | 9.3 |

Note: Based on 172 countries' response to the Integrated Water Resources Management questionnaire.

Source: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

Indicator 6.5.2**Proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation****(a) Proportion of transboundary basin area (river and lake basins, and aquifers) with an operational arrangement for water cooperation**

(Percentage)

| <i>Transboundary basin grouping</i> | <i>2017-2018</i> |
|---|------------------|
| River and lake basins, and aquifer ¹ | 59.2 |
| River and lake basins component ² | 63.3 |

¹Based on 67 countries out of 153 countries sharing transboundary river and lake basins and/or transboundary aquifers.²Based on 89 countries out of 149 countries sharing transboundary river and lake basins.**Source:** Data compiled by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO).**(b) Proportion of countries by levels of transboundary cooperation**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Very high (90-100)¹</i> | <i>High (70-90)¹</i> | <i>Medium high (50-70)¹</i> | <i>Medium low (30-50)¹</i> | <i>Low (10-30)¹</i> | <i>Very low (0-10)¹</i> | <i>Information provided needs to be clarified</i> |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|---|
| World | 14.4 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 10.5 | 29.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 44.2 | 9.3 | 2.3 | 4.7 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 30.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.1 | 19.0 | 7.1 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 9.5 | 28.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4.5 | 0.0 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 31.8 | 13.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.0 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.5 | 19.0 | 23.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.0 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 33.3 |
| Eastern and South-eastern Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.3 | 25.0 |
| Oceania | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

¹Levels of transboundary cooperation (percentage)**Note:** Based on 107 countries' responses in 2017-2018 to the SDG 6.5.2 questionnaire.**Source:** Data compiled by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO).**Target 6.6****By 2020 protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes****Indicator 6.6.1****Change in the extent of water-related ecosystems over time****(a) Water Body Extent (permanent)**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 2.06 | 2.08 | 2.08 | 2.09 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.10 | 1.09 | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.78 | 0.79 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| Northern Africa | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| Western Asia | 1.88 | 1.92 | 1.94 | 1.95 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.47 | 3.41 | 3.31 | 3.30 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Central Asia | 7.03 | 6.82 | 6.58 | 6.57 |
| Southern Asia | 1.28 | 1.31 | 1.30 | 1.30 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.19 | 1.23 | 1.26 | 1.26 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.11 | 1.15 | 1.19 | 1.19 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 1.41 | 1.45 | 1.46 | 1.45 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.15 | 1.16 | 1.14 | 1.15 |
| Oceania | 0.31 | 0.30 | 0.33 | 0.33 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.26 | 0.24 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.09 | 1.12 | 1.18 | 1.18 |
| Europe and Northern America | 3.75 | 3.82 | 3.83 | 3.85 |
| Europe | 2.95 | 3.04 | 3.07 | 3.09 |
| Northern America | 4.71 | 4.74 | 4.74 | 4.75 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.94 | 2.89 | 2.84 | 2.84 |
| Least developed countries | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 |
| Small island developing States | 1.16 | 1.19 | 1.24 | 1.24 |

Source: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

(b) Water Body Extent (permanent or maybe permanent)

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 2.11 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2.10 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.81 | 0.81 | 0.81 | 0.81 |
| Northern Africa | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| Western Asia | 1.98 | 1.98 | 1.98 | 1.98 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.56 | 3.49 | 3.38 | 3.36 |
| Central Asia | 7.25 | 7.01 | 6.75 | 6.71 |
| Southern Asia | 1.30 | 1.33 | 1.31 | 1.30 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.20 | 1.23 | 1.27 | 1.26 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.12 | 1.15 | 1.19 | 1.19 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 1.42 | 1.46 | 1.48 | 1.47 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.16 | 1.17 | 1.15 | 1.15 |
| Oceania | 0.32 | 0.31 | 0.34 | 0.33 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.26 | 0.24 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.21 | 1.26 | 1.27 | 1.24 |
| Europe and Northern America | 3.86 | 3.87 | 3.87 | 3.88 |
| Europe | 3.11 | 3.13 | 3.12 | 3.13 |
| Northern America | 4.75 | 4.76 | 4.77 | 4.77 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3.03 | 2.96 | 2.89 | 2.89 |
| Least developed countries | 1.08 | 1.07 | 1.08 | 1.07 |
| Small island developing States | 1.22 | 1.26 | 1.28 | 1.27 |

Source: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

Target 6.a

By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies

Indicator 6.a.1

Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan

Total official development assistance (gross disbursements) for water supply and sanitation
(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000¹</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total ODA | 5,779.3 | 5,444.0 | 7,273.5 | 8,839.3 | 8,846.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 966.4 | 1,152.2 | 1,962.5 | 2,437.4 | 2,583.8 |
| Northern Africa | 415.3 | 397.3 | 519.6 | 847.3 | 497.1 |
| Western Asia | 540.7 | 1,486.4 | 775.9 | 1,086.9 | 1,293.6 |
| Central Asia | 38.8 | 51.9 | 85.8 | 168.2 | 101.3 |
| Southern Asia | 433.2 | 697.0 | 1,065.6 | 1,368.1 | 1,639.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 972.0 | 525.5 | 354.6 | 207.7 | 102.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 999.0 | 365.0 | 975.9 | 1,141.7 | 1,038.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 997.3 | 394.7 | 768.4 | 532.7 | 691.5 |
| Oceania | 26.8 | 10.7 | 38.6 | 66.7 | 83.4 |
| Europe | 251.1 | 107.8 | 168.1 | 291.4 | 234.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 881.3 | 859.4 | 1,284.3 | 1,679.3 | 2,047.6 |
| Least developed countries | 1,121.2 | 1,244.7 | 2,140.1 | 2,690.6 | 2,915.9 |
| Small island developing States | 173.9 | 97.6 | 189.1 | 236.7 | 279.8 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 138.8 | 255.5 | 558.3 | 691.2 | 581.3 |

¹Based on commitments.

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Target 6.b

Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management

Indicator 6.b.1

Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for participation of local communities in water and sanitation management

(a) Proportion of countries with clearly defined procedures in law or policy for participation by service users and communities in planning programs in rural drinking-water supply

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2012</i> | <i>2014</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 87.5 | 90.7 | 83.0 | 87.8 | 75.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 88.5 | 88.6 | 86.1 | 96.0 | 75.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 50.0 | 87.5 | 90.0 | 100.0 | ... |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2012</i> | <i>2014</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern Africa | 50.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | ... | ... |
| Western Asia | ... | 80.0 | 85.7 | 100.0 | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | 66.7 | 100.0 | 75.0 | 80.0 | ... |
| Central Asia | 0.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Southern Asia | 100.0 | 100.0 | 66.7 | 100.0 | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 100.0 | 100.0 | 88.9 | 100.0 | 81.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 100.0 | 100.0 | 87.5 | 100.0 | 75.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 100.0 | 77.8 | 93.8 | 81.8 | 68.0 |
| Oceania | ... | 100.0 | 25.0 | 50.0 | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | 100.0 | 25.0 | 50.0 | 57.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | ... | ... | 71.4 | 100.0 | ... |
| Europe | ... | ... | 71.4 | 100.0 | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 81.3 | 95.8 | 96.2 | 86.4 | 84.6 |
| Least developed countries | 84.6 | 94.6 | 89.5 | 96.4 | 77.5 |
| Small island developing States | 100.0 | 100.0 | 40.0 | 64.3 | 47.8 |

Source: Key indicators of the UN-Water Global Analysis and Assessment of Sanitation and Drinking-Water (GLAAS), World Health Organisation (WHO).

(b) Proportion of countries with clearly defined procedures in law or policy for participation by service users and communities in planning programs in water resources planning and management

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| World | 82.9 | 70.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 88.0 | 72.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 100.0 | ... |
| Northern Africa | ... | ... |
| Western Asia | 100.0 | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | 90.0 | ... |
| Central Asia | 66.7 | 66.7 |
| Southern Asia | 100.0 | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 90.0 | 45.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 50.0 | 33.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 100.0 | 50.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 77.3 | 72.0 |
| Oceania | 50.0 | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 50.0 | 28.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 83.3 | ... |
| Europe | 83.3 | ... |
| Northern America | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 86.4 | 84.6 |
| Least developed countries | 85.7 | 70.0 |
| Small island developing States | 57.1 | 39.1 |

Source: Key indicators of the UN-Water Global Analysis and Assessment of Sanitation and Drinking-Water (GLAAS), World Health Organisation (WHO).

(c) Proportion of countries with a high level of users and communities participating in planning programs in rural drinking-water supply

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2014</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 22.3 | 20.7 | 33.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 22.2 | 24.0 | 37.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 10.0 | 33.3 | ... |
| Northern Africa | 33.3 | ... | ... |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | 33.3 | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | 41.7 | 20.0 | ... |
| Central Asia | 33.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Southern Asia | 44.4 | 28.6 | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 22.2 | 10.0 | 0.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 25.0 | 12.5 | 0.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 18.8 | 18.2 | 32.0 |
| Oceania | 50.0 | 33.3 | ... |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 50.0 | 33.3 | 28.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.0 | 16.7 | ... |
| Europe | 0.0 | 16.7 | ... |
| Northern America | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 30.8 | 36.4 | 38.5 |
| Least developed countries | 28.9 | 32.1 | 35.0 |
| Small island developing States | 20.0 | 21.4 | 17.4 |

Source: Key indicators of the UN-Water Global Analysis and Assessment of Sanitation and Drinking-Water (GLAAS), World Health Organisation (WHO).

(d) Proportion of countries with a high level of users and communities participating in planning programs in water resources planning and management

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| World | 8.5 | 31.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.0 | 40.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.0 | ... |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | ... |
| Central and Southern Asia | 10.0 | ... |
| Central Asia | 0.0 | 66.7 |
| Southern Asia | 14.3 | ... |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 9.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 12.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.1 | 20.0 |
| Oceania | 16.7 | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 16.7 | 0.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 16.7 | ... |
| Europe | 16.7 | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 13.6 | 50.0 |
| Least developed countries | 7.1 | 27.5 |

| Regions | 2017 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Small island developing States | 7.1 | 8.7 |

Source: Key indicators of the UN-Water Global Analysis and Assessment of Sanitation and Drinking-Water (GLAAS), World Health Organisation (WHO).

Goal 7

Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Target 7.1

By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

Indicator 7.1.1

Proportion of population with access to electricity

(a) Proportion of population with access to electricity

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 77.8 | 80.2 | 83.2 | 86.7 | 88.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 25.3 | 29.2 | 33.4 | 38.9 | 43.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 87.1 | 89.7 | 91.4 | 93.7 | 94.5 |
| Northern Africa | 81.1 | 85.0 | 86.7 | 90.5 | 91.6 |
| Western Asia | 92.6 | 93.9 | 95.6 | 96.6 | 97.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 60.0 | 67.0 | 75.1 | 85.8 | 90.8 |
| Central Asia | 99.3 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 100.0 | 99.9 |
| Southern Asia | 58.5 | 65.8 | 74.2 | 85.2 | 90.4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 91.2 | 93.2 | 95.8 | 97.3 | 98.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 95.6 | 97.1 | 98.6 | 99.0 | 99.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 78.6 | 82.8 | 88.6 | 93.0 | 95.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 91.8 | 93.6 | 95.9 | 97.3 | 98.2 |
| Oceania | 81.2 | 82.5 | 82.3 | 87.5 | 89.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 29.0 | 35.6 | 36.1 | 55.6 | 63.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Europe | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 34.5 | 37.2 | 44.5 | 49.1 | 56.3 |
| Least developed countries | 19.9 | 26.0 | 33.4 | 42.9 | 51.1 |
| Small island developing States | 71.0 | 72.4 | 74.4 | 79.2 | 81.7 |

Source: The World Bank, 2019.

(b) Proportion of population with access to electricity, by residence

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> |
| World | 63.3 | 94.4 | 70.0 | 95.8 | 78.6 | 97.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9.1 | 61.0 | 14.4 | 69.1 | 21.6 | 78.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 73.8 | 97.4 | 81.2 | 98.3 | 87.3 | 99.1 |
| Northern Africa | 67.5 | 95.7 | 77.4 | 95.9 | 85.3 | 98.0 |
| Western Asia | 82.1 | 98.5 | 86.4 | 99.8 | 90.2 | 99.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 47.5 | 90.2 | 65.4 | 94.7 | 86.0 | 99.4 |
| Central Asia | 98.9 | 99.8 | 99.0 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 |
| Southern Asia | 46.0 | 89.6 | 64.4 | 94.5 | 85.5 | 99.4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 87.0 | 97.1 | 93.0 | 98.5 | 96.5 | 99.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 93.9 | 98.1 | 98.4 | 98.7 | 99.1 | 99.0 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2017</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> | <i>Rural</i> | <i>Urban</i> |
| South-Eastern Asia | 69.0 | 94.2 | 81.4 | 97.7 | 91.6 | 99.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 71.5 | 98.4 | 83.9 | 99.2 | 92.0 | 99.7 |
| Oceania | 44.7 | 98.1 | 47.8 | 98.4 | 69.8 | 98.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 13.7 | 79.2 | 21.9 | 83.3 | 55.8 | 88.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Europe | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Northern America | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 20.4 | 76.8 | 30.2 | 80.3 | 42.7 | 87.6 |
| Least developed countries | 8.5 | 56.4 | 19.6 | 68.8 | 37.8 | 79.0 |
| Small island developing States | 41.3 | 94.1 | 46.5 | 93.2 | 60.9 | 94.8 |

Source: The World Bank, 2019.

Indicator 7.1.2

Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology

Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 50 | 53 | 57 | 60 | 61 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 14 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 78 | 84 | 87 | 89 | 90 |
| Northern Africa | 71 | 77 | 81 | 84 | 86 |
| Western Asia | 84 | 89 | 92 | 93 | 94 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 26 | 32 | 38 | 44 | 46 |
| Central Asia | 75 | 81 | 87 | 90 | 91 |
| Southern Asia | 24 | 30 | 36 | 43 | 45 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 46 | 50 | 55 | 59 | 61 |
| Eastern Asia | 54 | 56 | 59 | 61 | 62 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 23 | 33 | 45 | 56 | 60 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 78 | 82 | 85 | 87 | 88 |
| Oceania | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 |
| Australia and New Zealand | >95 | >95 | >95 | >95 | >95 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 11 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 17 |
| Europe and Northern America | >95 | >95 | >95 | >95 | >95 |
| Europe | 94 | >95 | >95 | >95 | >95 |
| Northern America | >95 | >95 | >95 | >95 | >95 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 23 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 27 |
| Small island developing States | 51 | 53 | 55 | 56 | 57 |

Source: Global Health Observatory (GHO), World Health Organisation (WHO).

Target 7.2**By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix****Indicator 7.2.1****Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption****Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 17.3 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 17.2 | 17.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 72.7 | 70.9 | 71.6 | 69.3 | 69.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 8.4 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Northern Africa | 15.0 | 13.7 | 11.2 | 10.3 | 10.0 |
| Western Asia | 6.1 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 37.8 | 34.8 | 30.7 | 27.3 | 27.1 |
| Central Asia | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 |
| Southern Asia | 43.0 | 39.3 | 34.1 | 30.0 | 29.5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 23.4 | 16.9 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 20.0 | 13.7 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 11.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 38.6 | 33.8 | 31.7 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 28.2 | 28.4 | 28.6 | 28.2 | 28.8 |
| Oceania | 13.2 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 13.4 | 13.8 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 11.4 | 10.0 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 12.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 48.5 | 42.3 | 39.1 | 36.1 | 35.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 7.4 | 7.9 | 10.0 | 12.1 | 12.3 |
| Europe | 7.4 | 8.1 | 10.9 | 13.4 | 13.5 |
| Northern America | 7.3 | 7.7 | 9.1 | 10.8 | 11.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 44.3 | 44.5 | 43.9 | 44.8 | 45.0 |
| Least developed countries | 84.0 | 81.2 | 76.9 | 73.9 | 73.2 |
| Small island developing States | 24.0 | 21.1 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 17.6 |

*Source: IEA (2018), World Energy Balances; Energy Balances, UN Statistics Division (2018).***Target 7.3****By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency****Indicator 7.3.1****Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and gross domestic product (GDP)****Energy intensity level of primary energy**

(Megajoules per constant 2011 purchasing power parity [PPP] GDP)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 6.6 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 5.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 10.3 | 8.9 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| Northern Africa | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Western Asia | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 7.0 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
| Central Asia | 17.6 | 13.5 | 11.0 | 8.9 | 8.7 |
| Southern Asia | 6.4 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.7 |

| Regions | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2016 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 7.1 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 5.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 5.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| Oceania | 6.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 6.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 5.8 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| Europe | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Northern America | 7.5 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 13.3 | 11.1 | 8.8 | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| Least developed countries | 8.5 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Small island developing States | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.0 |

Source: IEA (2018), *World Energy Balances; Energy Balances*, UN Statistics Division (2018); World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

Goal 8

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Target 8.1

Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the Least developed countries

Indicator 8.1.1

Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita

Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.7 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 0.0 | -0.3 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 1.2 |
| Northern Africa | 2.4 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 2.2 |
| Western Asia | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 2.6 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| Central Asia | 7.1 | 7.8 | 5.8 | 1.6 | 3.1 |
| Southern Asia | 2.3 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 4.1 | 4.4 | 6.8 | 3.6 | 4.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 4.3 | 4.6 | 6.9 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.4 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 3.4 | 4.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.2 | 3.0 | 4.5 | -1.5 | -0.2 |
| Oceania | 0.6 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.9 | 1.4 | 0.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | -1.4 | 0.9 | 3.7 | 2.8 | -1.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 3.9 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Europe | 4.2 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| Northern America | 3.1 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.2 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 1.0 | 2.1 |
| Least developed countries | 1.7 | 5.5 | 3.7 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
| Small island developing States | 4.1 | 3.8 | 6.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 |

Source: National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates, United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

Target 8.2

Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors

Indicator 8.2.1

Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person

Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 2.6 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.5 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4.7 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.4 |
| Northern Africa | 2.6 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 2.1 |
| Western Asia | 5.4 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 2.2 | 4.9 | 7.2 | 4.0 | 4.8 |
| Central Asia | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 1.7 | 3.5 |
| Southern Asia | 2.0 | 4.8 | 7.4 | 4.2 | 4.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3.7 | 4.5 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 4.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.8 | 4.4 | 7.2 | 3.9 | 4.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3.8 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.6 | 1.5 | 4.0 | -1.5 | 0.5 |
| Oceania | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.2 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | -0.9 | 4.6 | 6.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 2.6 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| Europe | 2.6 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
| Northern America | 2.5 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.4 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Least developed countries | 1.5 | 5.7 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 2.2 |
| Small island developing States | 3.6 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 0.2 | 0.8 |

Note: Data on labour productivity is measured by GDP in constant United States dollars based on 2010 prices.

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Target 8.3

Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services

Indicator 8.3.1

Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex

Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Both sexes</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 50.5 | 46.4 | 53.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 76.7 | 82.9 | 71.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 47.2 | 34.8 | 50.7 |
| Northern Africa | 56.4 | 41.7 | 59.8 |
| Western Asia | 38.7 | 30.9 | 41.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 76.0 | 73.1 | 76.7 |
| Central Asia | 45.1 | 37.5 | 50.0 |
| Southern Asia | 77.6 | 76.9 | 77.6 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 53.1 | 50.8 | 54.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 49.5 | 46.7 | 51.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 67.4 | 66.8 | 67.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 49.0 | 51.8 | 46.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 18.7 | 17.3 | 19.9 |
| Europe | 19.2 | 17.4 | 20.8 |
| Northern America | 17.7 | 17.1 | 18.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 66.0 | 68.0 | 64.7 |
| Least developed countries | 79.2 | 84.9 | 76.0 |

Source: ILO harmonized estimates based on country-level microdata, International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Target 8.4

Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead

Indicator 8.4.1

Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP¹

(a) Material footprint

(Millions of tonnes)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 53,826.4 | 64,573.2 | 76,532.8 | 87,435.2 | 91,973.9 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(b) Material footprint per capita

(Tonnes per capita)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 8.8 | 9.9 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 12.2 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(c) Material footprint per unit of GDP

(Kilograms per unit of constant 2010 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 1.08 | 1.12 | 1.16 | 1.16 | 1.16 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

¹Material footprint (MF) is the attribution of global material extraction to final domestic demand of a country. It is calculated as the raw material equivalent of imports plus domestic extraction minus raw material equivalents of exports.

Indicator 8.4.2**Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP****(a) Domestic material consumption**

(Millions of tonnes)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 53,032 | 63,395 | 75,456 | 83,979 | 88,180 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2,455 | 3,006 | 3,637 | 3,945 | 4,172 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 2,568 | 3,289 | 4,819 | 5,177 | 5,611 |
| Northern Africa | 963 | 1,192 | 1,851 | 1,662 | 1,815 |
| Western Asia | 1,651 | 2,152 | 3,032 | 3,581 | 3,865 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 5,999 | 7,115 | 8,806 | 10,576 | 11,181 |
| Central Asia | 530 | 675 | 793 | 941 | 996 |
| Southern Asia | 5,468 | 6,440 | 8,013 | 9,635 | 10,185 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 17,356 | 23,349 | 33,397 | 39,528 | 42,480 |
| Eastern Asia | 14,246 | 19,371 | 28,352 | 34,414 | 37,016 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3,063 | 3,923 | 4,981 | 5,047 | 5,395 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4,625 | 5,209 | 6,092 | 6,538 | 6,820 |
| Oceania | 1,054 | 1,108 | 1,092 | 1,130 | 1,140 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 964 | 1,025 | 997 | 1,032 | 1,041 |
| Europe and Northern America | 18,976 | 20,319 | 17,613 | 17,086 | 16,776 |
| Europe | 9,618 | 10,566 | 9,726 | 9,702 | 9,685 |
| Northern America | 9,358 | 9,753 | 7,887 | 7,383 | 7,091 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1,454 | 1,855 | 2,320 | 2,757 | 2,946 |
| Least developed countries | 1,699 | ... | 3,096 | 3,162 | 3,421 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | 501 | 545 | 547 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(b) Domestic material consumption per capita

(Tonnes)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 8.63 | 9.69 | 10.84 | 11.37 | 11.68 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.81 | 4.08 | 4.30 | 4.07 | 4.08 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 7.29 | 8.49 | 11.22 | 10.93 | 11.43 |
| Northern Africa | 5.58 | 6.35 | 9.06 | 7.38 | 7.77 |
| Western Asia | 8.93 | 10.46 | 13.03 | 13.87 | 14.44 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.98 | 4.33 | 4.98 | 5.59 | 5.76 |
| Central Asia | 9.54 | 11.49 | 12.55 | 13.69 | 14.06 |
| Southern Asia | 3.76 | 4.07 | 4.70 | 5.28 | 5.45 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 8.59 | 11.12 | 15.34 | 17.53 | 18.61 |
| Eastern Asia | 9.56 | 12.64 | 18.03 | 21.35 | 22.79 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.84 | 6.98 | 8.34 | 7.95 | 8.32 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.80 | 9.27 | 10.19 | 10.34 | 10.56 |
| Oceania | 33.74 | 33.00 | 29.82 | 28.58 | 28.01 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 42.05 | 42.05 | 37.65 | 36.32 | 35.69 |
| Europe and Northern America | 18.25 | 19.21 | 16.31 | 15.58 | 15.21 |
| Europe | 13.23 | 14.47 | 13.19 | 13.10 | 13.05 |
| Northern America | 29.91 | 29.78 | 23.00 | 20.74 | 19.63 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4.34 | 4.91 | 5.45 | 5.74 | 5.85 |
| Least developed countries | 2.55 | ... | 3.64 | 3.30 | 3.41 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | 7.92 | 8.13 | 8.00 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(c) Domestic material consumption per GDP

(Kilograms per constant 2010 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 1.07 | 1.09 | 1.15 | 1.11 | 1.11 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.26 | 2.86 | 2.76 | 2.43 | 2.48 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.25 | 1.21 | 1.50 | 1.33 | 1.36 |
| Northern Africa | 2.35 | 1.81 | 2.58 | 2.50 | 2.54 |
| Western Asia | 0.99 | 1.04 | 1.20 | 1.10 | 1.12 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.96 | 3.47 | 3.19 | 2.97 | 2.76 |
| Central Asia | 5.12 | 4.28 | 3.59 | 3.16 | 3.10 |
| Southern Asia | 3.88 | 3.40 | 3.15 | 2.95 | 2.73 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.79 | 1.96 | 2.20 | 2.07 | 2.04 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.68 | 1.87 | 2.15 | 2.09 | 2.06 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.58 | 2.57 | 2.51 | 2.00 | 1.94 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.14 | 1.11 | 1.16 |
| Oceania | 0.96 | 0.85 | 0.74 | 0.66 | 0.64 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.90 | 0.81 | 0.69 | 0.62 | 0.60 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.62 | 0.59 | 0.48 | 0.43 | 0.41 |
| Europe | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.49 | 0.46 | 0.44 |
| Northern America | 0.67 | 0.61 | 0.47 | 0.40 | 0.37 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.58 | 4.48 | 4.21 | 3.84 | 3.82 |
| Least developed countries | 4.90 | ... | 4.20 | 3.78 | 3.79 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | 0.85 | 0.80 | 0.78 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

Target 8.5

By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value

Indicator 8.5.2

Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities^{1,2}

(a) Unemployment rate, both sexes³

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.4 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 11.4 | 11.0 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 9.9 |
| Northern Africa | 15.4 | 12.9 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 11.8 |
| Western Asia | 7.9 | 9.3 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 8.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| Central Asia | 12.1 | 7.9 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Southern Asia | 3.0 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3.6 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3.9 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.2 | 7.9 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 8.0 |
| Oceania | 5.8 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 4.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 6.3 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 5.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 8.1 | 7.6 | 9.2 | 7.6 | 5.8 |
| Europe | 9.9 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 6.7 |
| Northern America | 4.3 | 5.3 | 9.5 | 5.5 | 4.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.2 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| Least developed countries | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| Small island developing States | 6.8 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 6.6 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(b) Unemployment rate, both sexes, by age⁴

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> |
| World | 11.5 | 4.0 | 11.9 | 4.1 | 11.6 | 4.2 | 11.8 | 3.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 12.0 | 5.6 | 11.2 | 5.2 | 10.1 | 4.7 | 9.8 | 4.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 24.6 | 7.6 | 24.0 | 7.4 | 21.7 | 6.6 | 23.9 | 7.3 |
| Northern Africa | 31.2 | 10.4 | 28.6 | 8.3 | 24.0 | 6.7 | 29.9 | 8.5 |
| Western Asia | 18.9 | 5.2 | 19.6 | 6.7 | 19.6 | 6.4 | 19.6 | 6.5 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> |
| Central and Southern Asia | 8.7 | 1.7 | 8.9 | 2.0 | 8.3 | 1.6 | 9.9 | 1.9 |
| Central Asia | 18.9 | 9.5 | 13.3 | 6.4 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 9.8 | 4.9 |
| Southern Asia | 8.3 | 1.4 | 8.7 | 1.8 | 8.3 | 1.5 | 9.9 | 1.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 8.9 | 2.5 | 10.4 | 3.2 | 9.7 | 3.1 | 10.0 | 3.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 8.2 | 2.7 | 9.5 | 3.4 | 9.8 | 3.6 | 10.1 | 3.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 10.8 | 1.9 | 12.9 | 2.2 | 9.6 | 1.8 | 9.9 | 1.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16.1 | 6.8 | 15.9 | 5.6 | 14.4 | 5.2 | 17.9 | 6.0 |
| Oceania | 11.6 | 4.5 | 9.5 | 3.3 | 11.2 | 3.7 | 10.9 | 3.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 13.3 | 4.9 | 10.5 | 3.5 | 12.4 | 3.9 | 12.2 | 4.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 7.4 | 2.9 | 6.7 | 2.5 | 6.9 | 2.4 | 7.1 | 2.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 15.3 | 6.8 | 15.5 | 6.3 | 19.1 | 7.9 | 12.4 | 5.1 |
| Europe | 18.1 | 8.4 | 18.2 | 7.4 | 19.9 | 7.8 | 15.6 | 5.8 |
| Northern America | 10.7 | 3.2 | 11.3 | 4.1 | 17.9 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 3.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 8.9 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 4.2 | 7.1 | 3.7 | 6.3 | 3.0 |
| Least developed countries | 8.5 | 3.1 | 8.3 | 3.4 | 7.4 | 3.2 | 7.5 | 2.8 |
| Small island developing States | 14.3 | 5.1 | 15.5 | 5.3 | 16.0 | 5.6 | 15.3 | 5.1 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(c) Unemployment rate, by sex³

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 5.9 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 4.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.0 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 5.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 14.3 | 10.4 | 15.3 | 9.7 | 15.3 | 7.6 | 16.1 | 7.9 |
| Northern Africa | 21.0 | 13.8 | 20.0 | 10.9 | 19.5 | 7.5 | 20.8 | 9.1 |
| Western Asia | 9.4 | 7.4 | 11.5 | 8.6 | 12.0 | 7.7 | 12.9 | 7.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 2.8 |
| Central Asia | 12.3 | 11.9 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| Southern Asia | 2.9 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 2.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 4.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 4.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 11.5 | 7.7 | 10.1 | 6.5 | 8.8 | 5.9 | 9.6 | 7.0 |
| Oceania | 5.4 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 6.1 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 3.5 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 4.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 8.6 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 9.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| Europe | 10.7 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 6.6 |
| Northern America | 4.4 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 8.5 | 10.3 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| Least developed countries | 4.9 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 3.6 |
| Small island developing States | 8.5 | 5.7 | 8.6 | 6.0 | 8.6 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 5.6 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(d) Unemployment rate, female, by age⁴

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> |
| World | 11.4 | 4.4 | 12.6 | 4.6 | 12.1 | 4.5 | 12.4 | 4.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 12.3 | 6.3 | 11.6 | 5.9 | 10.4 | 5.1 | 10.0 | 5.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 27.2 | 9.6 | 30.8 | 10.3 | 32.8 | 10.9 | 32.5 | 12.8 |
| Northern Africa | 37.8 | 13.9 | 39.0 | 12.9 | 41.9 | 13.1 | 40.8 | 16.3 |
| Western Asia | 17.6 | 6.7 | 22.7 | 8.4 | 24.4 | 9.2 | 25.8 | 10.6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 8.6 | 2.0 | 10.9 | 3.1 | 9.4 | 2.5 | 11.9 | 3.2 |
| Central Asia | 21.9 | 9.9 | 13.8 | 6.7 | 9.9 | 5.3 | 9.8 | 4.9 |
| Southern Asia | 7.8 | 1.3 | 10.7 | 2.8 | 9.4 | 2.3 | 12.1 | 3.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 7.4 | 2.2 | 9.7 | 2.8 | 9.0 | 2.8 | 9.4 | 2.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 6.3 | 2.2 | 8.4 | 2.9 | 8.6 | 3.0 | 9.0 | 3.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 10.6 | 1.9 | 13.8 | 2.4 | 9.9 | 1.8 | 10.2 | 1.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 20.9 | 8.5 | 20.4 | 7.2 | 18.1 | 6.5 | 21.8 | 7.2 |
| Oceania | 10.1 | 4.1 | 9.3 | 3.4 | 10.8 | 3.8 | 9.8 | 3.8 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 11.4 | 4.7 | 10.3 | 3.7 | 12.1 | 4.2 | 10.9 | 4.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 6.9 | 2.1 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 6.4 | 1.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 15.8 | 7.4 | 15.2 | 6.7 | 17.6 | 7.5 | 11.4 | 5.2 |
| Europe | 20.1 | 9.3 | 18.5 | 7.8 | 19.2 | 7.6 | 15.0 | 6.0 |
| Northern America | 9.1 | 3.4 | 10.1 | 4.3 | 15.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 3.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 9.6 | 5.4 | 8.1 | 4.5 | 7.6 | 4.2 | 6.9 | 3.4 |
| Least developed countries | 8.5 | 3.3 | 8.6 | 3.9 | 7.8 | 3.6 | 7.7 | 3.2 |
| Small island developing States | 16.6 | 6.5 | 18.4 | 6.5 | 18.9 | 6.6 | 18.7 | 6.2 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(e) Unemployment rate, male, by age⁴

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> |
| World | 11.1 | 3.7 | 11.4 | 3.7 | 11.3 | 3.9 | 11.5 | 3.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 11.7 | 5.1 | 10.9 | 4.6 | 9.9 | 4.5 | 9.7 | 4.3 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 22.4 | 7.0 | 21.6 | 6.6 | 18.0 | 5.3 | 20.9 | 5.6 |
| Northern Africa | 28.8 | 9.5 | 24.7 | 7.1 | 18.0 | 4.9 | 25.8 | 6.2 |
| Western Asia | 16.6 | 4.8 | 18.6 | 6.1 | 18.0 | 5.6 | 17.5 | 5.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 8.5 | 1.7 | 8.2 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 1.3 | 9.3 | 1.5 |
| Central Asia | 21.0 | 9.3 | 13.1 | 6.2 | 9.8 | 5.1 | 9.9 | 4.8 |
| Southern Asia | 8.2 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 1.4 | 7.9 | 1.2 | 9.3 | 1.4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 8.8 | 2.7 | 11.0 | 3.4 | 10.3 | 3.4 | 10.5 | 3.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 8.0 | 3.0 | 10.6 | 3.8 | 10.7 | 4.0 | 11.0 | 4.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 10.9 | 1.8 | 12.2 | 2.0 | 9.4 | 1.7 | 9.8 | 1.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 14.1 | 5.7 | 13.0 | 4.6 | 12.0 | 4.3 | 15.3 | 5.2 |
| Oceania | 11.7 | 4.7 | 9.7 | 3.3 | 11.4 | 3.6 | 11.9 | 3.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 13.2 | 5.0 | 10.6 | 3.4 | 12.6 | 3.7 | 13.4 | 3.7 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 8.1 | 3.4 | 7.1 | 2.9 | 7.3 | 2.8 | 7.8 | 3.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 15.5 | 6.3 | 15.9 | 6.0 | 20.3 | 8.2 | 13.2 | 5.0 |
| Europe | 18.7 | 7.7 | 17.9 | 7.0 | 20.4 | 7.9 | 16.0 | 5.7 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> | <i>Youth</i> | <i>Adult</i> |
| Northern America | 10.0 | 3.1 | 12.4 | 4.0 | 20.2 | 8.7 | 9.7 | 3.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 9.1 | 4.6 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 5.7 | 2.7 |
| Least developed countries | 8.7 | 2.9 | 8.1 | 3.1 | 7.1 | 2.9 | 7.3 | 2.4 |
| Small island developing States | 12.3 | 4.2 | 13.4 | 4.5 | 13.9 | 4.9 | 12.9 | 4.3 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

¹ Unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force, where unemployed persons are those who, during the short reference period, were not in employment, were available and seeking employment.

² Statistics on the labour force status of individuals disaggregated by their disability status are not available at the global and regional levels at this stage.

³ Refers to persons aged 15 and above.

⁴ Adults refer to persons aged 25 and above; youth refers to persons aged 15 to 24 inclusive.

Target 8.6

By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training

Indicator 8.6.1

Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training

Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training, both sexes

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 23.3 | 22.0 | 21.4 | 21.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 21.1 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 20.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 31.2 | 29.2 | 26.8 | 26.6 |
| Northern Africa | 30.9 | 29.8 | 26.9 | 26.8 |
| Western Asia | 31.5 | 28.6 | 26.8 | 26.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 30.7 | 28.1 | 27.5 | 27.2 |
| Central Asia | 19.5 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 17.8 |
| Southern Asia | 31.1 | 28.5 | 27.8 | 27.5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 20.0 | 18.5 | 17.3 | 17.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 19.2 | 17.8 | 16.7 | 16.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 22.0 | 20.1 | 18.6 | 18.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 20.9 | 20.1 | 20.8 | 21.5 |
| Oceania | 14.2 | 16.3 | 15.8 | 15.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 10.8 | 11.7 | 10.0 | 9.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 21.0 | 25.7 | 26.8 | 26.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 15.0 | 15.6 | 13.6 | 12.3 |
| Europe | 14.3 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 11.7 |
| Northern America | 16.4 | 19.3 | 15.3 | 13.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 19.7 | 17.3 | 16.6 | 17.1 |
| Least developed countries | 23.2 | 21.7 | 21.3 | 21.0 |
| Small island developing States | 24.2 | 23.9 | 24.8 | 24.5 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training, by sex

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | | <i>2010</i> | | <i>2015</i> | | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 33.5 | 13.5 | 31.6 | 12.9 | 30.7 | 12.6 | 30.4 | 12.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 26.1 | 16.0 | 25.4 | 15.7 | 25.0 | 15.5 | 25.1 | 15.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 43.5 | 19.2 | 42.5 | 16.5 | 37.7 | 16.5 | 37.7 | 16.3 |
| Northern Africa | 42.2 | 19.8 | 43.5 | 16.5 | 35.8 | 18.3 | 35.7 | 18.3 |
| Western Asia | 44.8 | 18.7 | 41.5 | 16.4 | 39.4 | 15.0 | 39.4 | 14.6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 53.1 | 9.7 | 48.0 | 9.5 | 46.6 | 9.9 | 45.7 | 10.3 |
| Central Asia | 23.0 | 16.2 | 21.6 | 14.1 | 21.8 | 13.9 | 22.0 | 13.7 |
| Southern Asia | 54.3 | 9.4 | 49.1 | 9.3 | 47.5 | 9.7 | 46.5 | 10.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 25.2 | 15.2 | 23.8 | 13.4 | 22.4 | 12.7 | 22.1 | 12.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 23.9 | 14.9 | 22.9 | 13.0 | 21.5 | 12.3 | 21.2 | 11.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 28.2 | 15.9 | 26.1 | 14.4 | 24.1 | 13.3 | 23.7 | 12.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 29.6 | 12.4 | 28.0 | 12.3 | 28.9 | 13.0 | 28.9 | 14.4 |
| Oceania | 16.1 | 12.4 | 17.7 | 14.9 | 17.1 | 14.7 | 16.5 | 14.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 12.4 | 9.2 | 12.6 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 23.4 | 18.7 | 28.2 | 23.3 | 29.1 | 24.5 | 28.8 | 24.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 16.9 | 13.2 | 16.6 | 14.6 | 14.4 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 11.6 |
| Europe | 16.2 | 12.5 | 15.1 | 12.3 | 13.4 | 11.9 | 12.5 | 11.0 |
| Northern America | 18.3 | 14.7 | 19.6 | 19.1 | 16.0 | 14.7 | 13.9 | 12.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 24.7 | 14.7 | 22.5 | 12.1 | 21.6 | 11.6 | 22.0 | 12.3 |
| Least developed countries | 32.7 | 13.7 | 29.5 | 13.9 | 29.3 | 13.4 | 28.6 | 13.5 |
| Small island developing States | 30.6 | 18.0 | 29.7 | 18.2 | 30.8 | 19.0 | 30.8 | 18.5 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Target 8.10

Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all

Indicator 8.10.1

(a) Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults and (b) number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults

(a) Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 14.5 | 15.0 | 14.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4.1 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 10.7 | 13.6 | 14.5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 9.5 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 15.3 | 16.6 | 15.8 |
| Oceania | 25.6 | 23.3 | 23.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 34.9 | 30.7 | 28.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 7.3 | 8.1 | 9.1 |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Least developed countries | 3.5 | 4.8 | 5.3 |
| Small island developing States | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.3 |

¹Adults refer to persons aged 15 and above.

Source: Financial Access Survey (FAS), Statistics Department, International Monetary Fund (IMF)

(b) Number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults¹

(Per 100,000 adults)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 44.9 | 64.6 | 66.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9.0 | 12.2 | 12.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 24.2 | 34.1 | 35.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 8.1 | 19.6 | 22.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 37.4 | 76.8 | 81.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 65.7 | 73.8 | 71.4 |
| Oceania | 122.3 | 118.6 | 117.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 122.2 | 142.1 | 144.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 8.3 | 12.0 | 13.5 |
| Least developed countries | 2.3 | 5.1 | 5.8 |
| Small island developing States | 23.4 | 27.2 | 29.1 |

¹Adults refer to persons aged 15 and above.

Source: Financial Access Survey (FAS), Statistics Department, International Monetary Fund (IMF)

Indicator 8.10.2

Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider

Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Total</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 68.5 | 64.8 | 72.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 42.6 | 36.9 | 48.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 43.2 | 31.9 | 54.2 |
| Northern Africa | 32.5 | 22.2 | 43.3 |
| Western Asia | 59.8 | 48.5 | 69.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 69.7 | 64.6 | 74.8 |
| Central Asia | 44.4 | 43.3 | 45.6 |
| Southern Asia | 70.7 | 65.5 | 75.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 73.1 | 70.9 | 75.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 82.4 | 79.2 | 85.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 47.6 | 48.7 | 46.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 55.1 | 52.0 | 58.6 |
| Oceania | 99.5 | 99.2 | 99.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 99.5 | 99.2 | 99.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 88.9 | 87.9 | 89.9 |
| Europe | 86.5 | 85.4 | 87.8 |
| Northern America | 93.8 | 93.4 | 94.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 38.9 | 34.7 | 43.4 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| | <i>Total</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| Least developed countries | 37.1 | 30.5 | 44.0 |
| Small island developing States | 60.3 | 58.0 | 62.8 |

Source: World Development Indicators database, the World Bank.

Target 8.a

Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least developed countries.

Indicator 8.a.1

Aid for trade commitments and disbursements

(a) Total official development assistance for trade, commitments

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2006</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 25,541.4 | 40,599.1 | 56,268.7 | 57,783.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 5,740.0 | 10,888.0 | 13,806.7 | 15,393.4 |
| Northern Africa | 1,562.4 | 3,644.5 | 3,478.8 | 3,781.7 |
| Western Asia | 3,690.5 | 2,918.1 | 4,037.6 | 4,213.8 |
| Central Asia | 252.3 | 1,002.5 | 1,066.3 | 1,125.6 |
| Southern Asia | 4,315.4 | 7,113.2 | 9,525.0 | 11,489.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 689.6 | 846.4 | 941.3 | 441.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2,565.5 | 3,492.0 | 10,939.5 | 6,368.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1,439.2 | 2,645.2 | 3,810.9 | 4,230.4 |
| Oceania | 3,333.0 | 372.6 | 821.9 | 718.7 |
| Europe | 964.2 | 1,385.9 | 1,244.8 | 1,450.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4,809.3 | 8,085.5 | 9,066.7 | 9,372.2 |
| Least developed countries | 6,776.0 | 12,578.5 | 17,984.5 | 18,787.2 |
| Small island developing States | 667.4 | 1,160.7 | 1,800.1 | 1,661.3 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 3,968.7 | 6,256.4 | 6,499.5 | 8,437.0 |

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

(b) Total official development assistance for trade, disbursements

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2006</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 19,571.7 | 30,288.0 | 40,864.2 | 43,066.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4,290.8 | 6,862.1 | 10,074.8 | 9,974.2 |
| Northern Africa | 1,114.0 | 2,271.1 | 2,568.1 | 3,408.1 |
| Western Asia | 4,036.8 | 2,414.9 | 3,862.9 | 4,069.6 |
| Central Asia | 177.8 | 377.4 | 688.7 | 811.0 |
| Southern Asia | 2,757.8 | 5,313.3 | 7,665.6 | 8,169.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 730.2 | 583.7 | 539.2 | 585.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2,413.7 | 3,374.5 | 4,611.9 | 4,752.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 966.4 | 2,363.5 | 2,612.3 | 2,813.3 |
| Oceania | 151.5 | 290.3 | 480.9 | 511.2 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2006</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Europe | 674.9 | 913.2 | 1,305.0 | 1,213.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3,342.7 | 5,831.4 | 6,369.9 | 7,214.5 |
| Least developed countries | 4,917.0 | 8,589.1 | 10,775.9 | 12,175.5 |
| Small island developing States | 394.6 | 1,120.7 | 1,101.9 | 1,056.3 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 2,249.5 | 5,477.3 | 6,327.4 | 6,680.7 |

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Goal 9 Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Target 9.1

Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all

Indicator 9.1.2

Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport

(a) Passenger volume, by mode of transport

(Millions of passenger-kilometres)

| Regions | 2017 | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Air | Rail | Road |
| World | 7,699,420.2 | 5,567,451.6 | 22,908,332.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 102,923.3 | 30,720.2 | 1,141,897.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 950,301.0 | 50,185.7 | 1,884,381.0 |
| Northern Africa | 58,707.5 | 2,924.7 | 719,376.3 |
| Western Asia | 891,593.5 | 47,261.0 | 1,165,004.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 286,030.7 | 944,283.8 | 3,390,472.5 |
| Central Asia | 24,209.8 | 1,123.0 | 205,191.9 |
| Southern Asia | 261,820.9 | 943,160.8 | 3,185,280.6 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 2,144,841.3 | 3,632,296.9 | 6,162,727.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 1,539,597.5 | 1,902,246.5 | 5,394,947.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 605,243.8 | 1,730,050.4 | 767,779.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 395,113.5 | 57,483.4 | 3,186,080.8 |
| Oceania | 197,725.8 | 28,975.6 | 147,073.2 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 189,630.3 | 27,066.0 | 117,209.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 8,095.5 | 1,909.6 | 29,864.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 3,622,484.6 | 823,505.9 | 6,995,700.3 |
| Europe | 1,853,740.1 | 736,372.2 | 5,117,673.2 |
| Northern America | 1,768,744.5 | 87,133.8 | 1,878,027.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 74,926.8 | 42,831.1 | 606,516.2 |
| Least developed countries | 60,625.0 | 155,099.3 | 954,480.1 |
| Small island developing States | 160,994.1 | 126,993.5 | 451,465.5 |

Source: International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO); the International Transport Forum at the OECD (ITF-OECD).

(b) Freight volumes, by mode of transport

(Millions of freight tonnes-kilometres)

| | 2017 | | |
|--|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <i>Air</i> | <i>Rail</i> | <i>Road</i> |
| World | 223,729.5 | 10,679,522.0 | 21,539,785.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3,619.4 | 165,817.5 | 396,071.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 36,711.1 | 58,881.7 | 686,803.4 |
| Northern Africa | 548.1 | 21,262.1 | 106,381.0 |
| Western Asia | 36,163.0 | 37,619.7 | 580,422.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3,519.1 | 991,029.2 | 3,113,056.1 |
| Central Asia | 186.0 | 293,061.5 | 238,422.8 |
| Southern Asia | 3,333.1 | 697,967.7 | 2,874,633.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 79,903.1 | 2,662,626.3 | 8,425,705.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 66,834.5 | 2,617,437.8 | 7,601,716.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 13,068.6 | 45,188.4 | 823,989.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 5,981.2 | 513,746.9 | 1,917,483.7 |
| Oceania | 3,465.3 | 429,160.2 | 283,429.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3,318.5 | 429,160.2 | 278,893.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 146.8 | 0.0 | 4,535.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 90,530.3 | 5,858,260.2 | 6,717,235.6 |
| Europe | 46,097.8 | 2,812,485.9 | 3,222,571.1 |
| Northern America | 44,432.5 | 3,045,774.3 | 3,494,664.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3,148.3 | 340,210.5 | 416,379.3 |
| Least developed countries | 2,367.0 | 35,287.1 | 205,048.4 |
| Small island developing States | 7,479.9 | 1,229.4 | 50,267.5 |

Source: International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO); the International Transport Forum at the OECD (ITF-OECD).

Target 9.2

Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in Least developed countries

Indicator 9.2.1

Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita

(a) Manufacturing value added share in GDP at constant 2010 United States dollars

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 15.3 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 16.2 | 16.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 11.2 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 10.2 | 10.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 10.8 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 11.7 |
| Northern Africa | 11.9 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 11.0 |
| Western Asia | 10.5 | 10.8 | 11.1 | 11.5 | 11.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 13.6 | 14.3 | 15.3 | 15.8 | 16.1 |
| Central Asia | 17.9 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 15.5 | 15.2 |
| Southern Asia | 13.3 | 14.2 | 15.3 | 15.8 | 16.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 22.0 | 23.3 | 25.6 | 26.2 | 26.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 21.7 | 23.2 | 26.0 | 26.9 | 27.1 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| South-Eastern Asia | 23.6 | 23.9 | 22.7 | 22.0 | 22.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16.0 | 15.7 | 14.3 | 13.1 | 12.8 |
| Oceania | 9.8 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 9.8 | 9.0 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 7.4 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 5.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 13.8 | 13.4 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 |
| Europe | 14.5 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 14.3 | 14.6 |
| Northern America | 12.9 | 12.5 | 12.0 | 11.4 | 11.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 13.7 | 12.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.3 |
| Least developed countries | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 11.8 | 12.7 |
| Small island developing States | 22.7 | 22.7 | 21.3 | 19.2 | 18.4 |

Source: UNIDO MVA 2019 Database, United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO).

(b) Manufacturing value added per capita at constant 2010 United States dollars

(Constant 2010 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 1,250.8 | 1,377.1 | 1,509.0 | 1,662.6 | 1,778.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 129.9 | 138.1 | 147.2 | 169.0 | 164.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 664.8 | 761.8 | 811.6 | 935.9 | 986.7 |
| Northern Africa | 306.1 | 332.0 | 358.0 | 347.0 | 357.3 |
| Western Asia | 945.9 | 1,088.8 | 1,208.9 | 1,448.4 | 1,535.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 130.5 | 171.7 | 237.6 | 296.9 | 351.8 |
| Central Asia | 333.3 | 426.4 | 549.7 | 670.4 | 706.2 |
| Southern Asia | 122.7 | 162.2 | 226.0 | 282.8 | 338.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1,051.6 | 1,320.4 | 1,784.1 | 2,214.2 | 2,510.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 1,233.3 | 1,566.4 | 2,175.6 | 2,742.3 | 3,125.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 535.4 | 649.2 | 753.4 | 873.2 | 981.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1,192.2 | 1,247.6 | 1,279.3 | 1,229.1 | 1,160.7 |
| Oceania | 3,471.0 | 3,492.0 | 3,151.2 | 2,748.9 | 2,799.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 4,577.0 | 4,654.2 | 4,220.8 | 3,694.1 | 3,794.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 256.3 | 264.9 | 244.2 | 244.8 | 207.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 4,081.9 | 4,403.5 | 4,372.2 | 4,658.7 | 4,938.5 |
| Europe | 3,344.2 | 3,652.9 | 3,696.7 | 4,059.5 | 4,373.2 |
| Northern America | 5,796.1 | 6,076.2 | 5,823.8 | 5,905.0 | 6,091.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 108.2 | 125.2 | 147.7 | 172.4 | 178.0 |
| Least developed countries | 50.7 | 59.8 | 78.5 | 99.8 | 113.5 |
| Small island developing States | 1,647.3 | 1,849.1 | 1,987.9 | 1,948.7 | 1,904.1 |

Source: UNIDO MVA 2019 Database, United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO).

Indicator 9.2.2**Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment****Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 15.3 | 15.0 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 14.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 11.1 |
| Northern Africa | 11.8 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 11.0 | 11.2 |
| Western Asia | 11.8 | 12.3 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 10.8 | 12.1 | 11.6 | 12.5 | 12.1 |
| Central Asia | 10.2 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 9.1 |
| Southern Asia | 10.9 | 12.1 | 11.7 | 12.6 | 12.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 18.7 | 18.9 | 19.4 | 20.0 | 19.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 20.6 | 20.7 | 21.6 | 22.2 | 21.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 12.0 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 13.6 | 13.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 14.5 | 13.9 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 12.2 |
| Oceania | 10.5 | 9.3 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 6.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 12.7 | 11.0 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 7.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 18.1 | 16.2 | 14.0 | 13.6 | 13.3 |
| Europe | 19.6 | 18.0 | 15.4 | 15.0 | 14.8 |
| Northern America | 15.2 | 12.6 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 10.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Least developed countries | 5.7 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 |
| Small island developing States | 10.8 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 7.9 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, November 2018, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Target 9.4

By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities

Indicator 9.4.1**CO₂ emission per unit of value added****(a) Total CO₂ emissions - Fuel Combustion¹**(Millions of tonnes of CO₂ - MtCO₂)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 23,223 | 27,070 | 30,490 | 32,276 | 32,314 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 408 | 524 | 591 | 673 | 683 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1,116 | 1,383 | 1,775 | 2,096 | 2,132 |
| Northern Africa | 251 | 334 | 405 | 468 | 475 |
| Western Asia | 865 | 1,050 | 1,370 | 1,627 | 1,657 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 1,595 | 1,973 | 2,659 | 3,223 | 3,295 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Central Asia | 269 | 319 | 384 | 397 | 398 |
| Southern Asia | 1,326 | 1,653 | 2,275 | 2,826 | 2,896 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 5,473 | 8,042 | 10,606 | 12,216 | 12,217 |
| Eastern Asia | 4,776 | 7,156 | 9,552 | 10,921 | 10,881 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 697 | 886 | 1,054 | 1,295 | 1,336 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1,189 | 1,323 | 1,529 | 1,661 | 1,630 |
| Oceania | 371 | 416 | 430 | 425 | 438 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 364 | 406 | 419 | 410 | 423 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 7 | 11 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| Europe and Northern America | 11,999 | 12,154 | 11,515 | 10,529 | 10,413 |
| Europe | 5,753 | 5,911 | 5,633 | 5,068 | 5,039 |
| Northern America | 6,246 | 6,243 | 5,882 | 5,461 | 5,374 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 360 | 418 | 486 | 530 | 538 |
| Least developed countries | 88 | 125 | 175 | 242 | 269 |
| Small island developing States | 118 | 121 | 134 | 135 | 133 |

¹CO₂ Fuel Combustion represents total CO₂ emissions from fuel combustion.

Source: CO₂ emissions from fuel combustion, 2018. International Energy Agency (IEA).

(b) CO₂ emission per GDP, PPP

(Kilogrammes of CO₂ per constant 2010 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 0.38 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.31 | 0.30 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.23 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.26 |
| Northern Africa | 0.21 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.22 |
| Western Asia | 0.28 | 0.27 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.36 | 0.33 | 0.31 | 0.29 | 0.28 |
| Central Asia | 1.09 | 0.86 | 0.74 | 0.57 | 0.55 |
| Southern Asia | 0.31 | 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.26 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.42 | 0.46 | 0.44 | 0.38 | 0.37 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.47 | 0.53 | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.41 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.19 |
| Oceania | 0.45 | 0.42 | 0.38 | 0.33 | 0.33 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.46 | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.33 | 0.33 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.23 | 0.30 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 0.28 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.39 | 0.34 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.25 |
| Europe | 0.33 | 0.30 | 0.27 | 0.23 | 0.22 |
| Northern America | 0.45 | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.30 | 0.29 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.66 | 0.55 | 0.45 | 0.36 | 0.36 |
| Least developed countries | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 |
| Small island developing States | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.14 |

Note: Regional estimates are calculated using CO₂ Fuel Combustion emissions (CO₂FCOMB) and GDP calculated using purchasing power parities.

Source: CO₂ emissions from fuel combustion, 2018. International Energy Agency (IEA).

(c) CO₂ emission per unit of manufacturing value added(Kilogrammes of CO₂ per constant 2010 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 0.49 | 0.53 | 0.56 | 0.49 | 0.47 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.65 | 0.62 | 0.55 | 0.48 | 0.47 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.04 | 0.94 | 0.96 | 0.82 | 0.78 |
| Northern Africa | 0.92 | 1.00 | 0.77 | 0.63 | 0.63 |
| Western Asia | 1.07 | 0.93 | 1.01 | 0.86 | 0.81 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 1.49 | 1.36 | 1.46 | 1.27 | 1.23 |
| Central Asia | 1.90 | 2.05 | 1.91 | 1.23 | 1.19 |
| Southern Asia | 1.45 | 1.30 | 1.41 | 1.28 | 1.23 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.65 | 0.88 | 0.84 | 0.69 | 0.64 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.67 | 0.93 | 0.88 | 0.72 | 0.66 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.51 | 0.54 | 0.52 | 0.47 | 0.44 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.41 | 0.39 | 0.41 | 0.37 | 0.35 |
| Oceania | 0.45 | 0.39 | 0.34 | 0.37 | 0.34 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.44 | 0.38 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.32 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.11 | 1.12 | 0.97 | 1.23 | 1.22 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.34 | 0.27 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| Europe | 0.34 | 0.29 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| Northern America | 0.35 | 0.26 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.21 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.58 | 1.62 | 1.54 | 1.07 | 1.04 |
| Least developed countries | 0.53 | 0.48 | 0.48 | 0.47 | 0.40 |
| Small island developing States | 0.43 | 0.35 | 0.39 | 0.37 | 0.36 |

Source: UNIDO MVA 2019 Database and IEA CO₂ Emissions from Fuel Combustion Statistics 2018, United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO) and International Energy Agency (IEA).

Target 9.5

Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending

Indicator 9.5.1**Research and development (R&D) expenditure as a proportion of GDP****Research and development (R&D) expenditure as a proportion of GDP**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 1.52 | 1.53 | 1.62 | 1.69 | 1.68 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.37 | 0.40 | 0.39 | 0.41 | 0.42 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.58 | 0.60 | 0.66 | 0.76 | 0.77 |
| Northern Africa | 0.29 | 0.32 | 0.45 | 0.61 | 0.61 |
| Western Asia | 0.70 | 0.71 | 0.74 | 0.81 | 0.83 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.57 | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.52 | 0.52 |
| Central Asia | 0.22 | 0.26 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.16 |
| Southern Asia | 0.59 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.55 | 0.55 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.51 | 1.68 | 1.83 | 2.06 | 2.07 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.85 | 2.04 | 2.17 | 2.41 | 2.42 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.56 | 0.64 | 0.75 | 0.85 | 0.87 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.53 | 0.55 | 0.66 | 0.72 | 0.66 |
| Oceania | 1.46 | 1.84 | 2.16 | 1.77 | 1.77 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.50 | 1.90 | 2.23 | 1.84 | 1.84 |
| Europe and Northern America | 2.05 | 2.00 | 2.17 | 2.22 | 2.21 |
| Europe | 1.60 | 1.59 | 1.75 | 1.85 | 1.83 |
| Northern America | 2.56 | 2.46 | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.65 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.24 | 0.24 |
| Least developed countries | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.22 | 0.24 | 0.23 |
| Small island developing States | 0.80 | 0.96 | 0.98 | 1.07 | 1.03 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

Indicator 9.5.2

Researchers (in full-time equivalent) per million inhabitants

Researchers (in full-time equivalent) per million inhabitants

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 804.3 | 903.3 | 1,017.7 | 1,151.0 | 1,162.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 63.0 | 71.2 | 80.6 | 90.6 | 91.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 535.1 | 555.7 | 618.6 | 803.4 | 830.8 |
| Northern Africa | 469.3 | 469.3 | 497.7 | 688.3 | 716.8 |
| Western Asia | 596.4 | 634.7 | 724.8 | 903.8 | 930.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 130.9 | 151.6 | 175.7 | 232.7 | 232.1 |
| Central Asia | 457.2 | 469.6 | 398.6 | 510.8 | 490.9 |
| Southern Asia | 118.4 | 139.8 | 167.4 | 222.2 | 222.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 691.6 | 877.9 | 1,141.4 | 1,384.3 | 1,426.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 842.7 | 1,087.3 | 1,397.8 | 1,687.2 | 1,733.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 279.5 | 328.9 | 491.2 | 642.5 | 678.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 280.4 | 358.8 | 426.1 | 493.1 | 502.2 |
| Oceania | 2,465.2 | 2,938.5 | 3,228.9 | 3,250.4 | 3,246.1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3,294.8 | 3,982.2 | 4,402.1 | 4,460.4 | 4,460.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 2,768.9 | 3,054.4 | 3,292.4 | 3,646.2 | 3,661.6 |
| Europe | 2,459.5 | 2,729.2 | 2,982.5 | 3,314.5 | 3,335.3 |
| Northern America | 3,488.0 | 3,779.2 | 3,958.5 | 4,336.2 | 4,336.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 140.1 | 139.2 | 132.3 | 152.2 | 146.4 |
| Least developed countries | 42.5 | 47.6 | 56.3 | 62.6 | 63.2 |
| Small island developing States | 494.7 | 605.1 | 718.7 | 807.6 | 839.4 |

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

Target 9.a

Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States

Indicator 9.a.1

Total official international support (official development assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure

Total official flows (gross disbursements) for infrastructure

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000¹</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total official flows | 22,869.9 | 16,844.3 | 44,425.6 | 58,391.4 | 58,924.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3,024.5 | 2,949.2 | 5,641.8 | 8,693.0 | 9,286.3 |
| Northern Africa | 1,097.7 | 1,038.6 | 3,563.9 | 3,712.2 | 5,124.3 |
| Western Asia | 2,385.9 | 2,960.9 | 6,177.7 | 6,840.3 | 6,479.9 |
| Central Asia | 397.4 | 159.6 | 1,386.3 | 1,488.3 | 1,248.4 |
| Southern Asia | 4,433.7 | 3,345.6 | 8,261.2 | 9,267.5 | 11,597.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 2,402.3 | 1,370.9 | 2,437.3 | 2,556.7 | 2,812.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3,383.8 | 1,925.4 | 3,503.1 | 9,916.1 | 6,547.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3,264.6 | 1,445.8 | 6,601.7 | 8,301.3 | 8,518.0 |
| Oceania | 256.9 | 136.8 | 240.8 | 703.5 | 583.0 |
| Europe | 805.0 | 720.9 | 3,068.3 | 3,009.3 | 2,169.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2,128.2 | 2,288.9 | 5,283.9 | 5,751.8 | 6,887.7 |
| Least developed countries | 3,484.6 | 3,412.9 | 5,703.9 | 7,814.2 | 9,690.8 |
| Small island developing States | 634.7 | 298.7 | 1,158.2 | 1,634.4 | 1,111.5 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 1,417.9 | 790.6 | 3,543.5 | 3,903.1 | 4,557.9 |

¹Based on commitments.**Note (1):** Total official flows include Official Development Assistance (ODA) and Other Official Flows (OOF).**Note (2):** Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.**Source:** Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).**Target 9.b**

Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities

Indicator 9.b.1

Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in total value added

Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in total value added

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 40.5 | 42.1 | 43.7 | 44.5 | 44.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 18.5 | 18.5 | 16.8 | 14.9 | 14.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 29.3 | 30.6 | 32.2 | 34.5 | 34.8 |
| Northern Africa | 24.7 | 23.4 | 22.9 | 25.2 | 26.3 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Western Asia | 30.6 | 32.5 | 34.4 | 36.3 | 36.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 29.4 | 30.2 | 34.8 | 34.1 | 34.2 |
| Central Asia | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 7.7 |
| Southern Asia | 31.2 | 31.9 | 36.4 | 35.5 | 35.6 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 46.7 | 47.6 | 47.6 | 47.3 | 47.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 48.4 | 48.9 | 48.3 | 47.7 | 48.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 39.3 | 41.6 | 43.8 | 44.5 | 44.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 27.3 | 30.1 | 31.9 | 30.9 | 30.5 |
| Oceania | 24.9 | 25.7 | 26.7 | 25.5 | 25.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 25.3 | 26.1 | 26.8 | 25.9 | 26.1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.5 | 1.7 | 7.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Europe and Northern America | 41.6 | 43.3 | 45.7 | 47.5 | 47.4 |
| Europe | 42.2 | 43.5 | 45.3 | 47.2 | 47.4 |
| Northern America | 40.7 | 43.1 | 46.1 | 48.0 | 47.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 18.3 | 8.7 | 9.9 | 10.5 | 9.9 |
| Least developed countries | 7.9 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 10.4 |
| Small island developing States | 54.7 | 56.8 | 60.8 | 58.5 | 59.0 |

Source: Estimates based on the INDSTAT 2, ISIC Revision 3 database, United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO).

Target 9.c

Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in Least developed countries by 2020

Indicator 9.c.1

Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology

(a) Proportion of the population covered by at least a 2G mobile network

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 56.8 | 73.5 | 87.7 | 94.9 | 95.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 24.8 | 51.8 | 69.8 | 86.6 | 84.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 62.4 | 82.3 | 94.2 | 96.1 | 97.6 |
| Northern Africa | 66.4 | 74.1 | 94.0 | 96.4 | 97.1 |
| Western Asia | 60.2 | 89.6 | 94.4 | 95.8 | 98.2 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 21.7 | 39.2 | 79.5 | 94.0 | 96.1 |
| Central Asia | 30.0 | 60.6 | 86.9 | 89.8 | 96.7 |
| Southern Asia | 21.7 | 38.4 | 79.2 | 94.2 | 96.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 60.9 | 90.8 | 92.1 | 97.7 | 98.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 55.9 | 93.4 | 98.0 | 99.5 | 99.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 84.3 | 81.3 | 76.0 | 93.0 | 97.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 81.2 | 89.2 | 95.1 | 93.0 | 95.0 |
| Oceania | 92.0 | 95.8 | 97.4 | 96.2 | 96.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 95.8 | 98.0 | 98.7 | 98.8 | 99.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 36.4 | 62.6 | 78.3 | 89.3 | 90.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 96.1 | 98.7 | 99.5 | 98.3 | 98.6 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Europe | 94.9 | 98.6 | 99.4 | 97.5 | 98.0 |
| Northern America | 98.1 | 98.8 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 99.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 31.1 | 45.4 | 60.5 | 88.9 | 88.2 |
| Least developed countries | 24.9 | 51.8 | 64.1 | 86.8 | 84.7 |
| Small island developing States | 57.8 | 80.7 | 85.8 | 89.8 | 88.7 |

Source: Data based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database, 2018, International Telecommunication Union (ITU).

(b) Proportion of the population covered by at least a 3G mobile network

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 41.6 | 78.7 | 87.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 21.6 | 51.3 | 60.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 50.2 | 80.6 | 90.2 |
| Northern Africa | 66.8 | 75.4 | 87.0 |
| Western Asia | 34.4 | 85.2 | 92.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | ... | 68.6 | 84.8 |
| Central Asia | ... | 54.5 | 80.2 |
| Southern Asia | ... | 69.2 | 84.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 77.8 | 89.1 | 97.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 95.7 | 95.6 | 98.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 67.7 | 72.2 | 94.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 64.9 | 86.7 | 91.1 |
| Oceania | 97.2 | 87.9 | 90.2 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 98.7 | 98.8 | 99.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 24.8 | 59.7 | 67.2 |
| Europe and Northern America | 85.9 | 93.2 | 96.1 |
| Europe | 78.6 | 90.0 | 94.2 |
| Northern America | 98.4 | 99.8 | 99.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 26.8 | 49.7 | 59.9 |
| Least developed countries | 22.9 | 53.7 | 64.2 |
| Small island developing States | 76.8 | 62.4 | 72.0 |

Source: Data based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database, 2018, International Telecommunication Union (ITU).

(c) Proportion of the population covered by at least a 4G mobile network

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 44.4 | 76.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 15.8 | 27.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 17.9 | 58.0 |
| Northern Africa | 7.0 | 56.7 |
| Western Asia | 27.3 | 59.2 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 12.0 | 79.3 |
| Central Asia | 31.1 | 57.8 |
| Southern Asia | 11.3 | 80.2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 66.0 | 92.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 85.5 | 96.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 15.7 | 83.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 57.8 | 74.1 |

| Regions | 2015 | 2017 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Oceania | 75.8 | 85.2 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 93.0 | 98.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 31.4 | 52.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 83.9 | 89.5 |
| Europe | 76.4 | 84.5 |
| Northern America | 99.4 | 99.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 12.4 | 25.0 |
| Least developed countries | 15.5 | 23.7 |
| Small island developing States | 34.6 | 51.4 |

Source: Data based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database, 2018, International Telecommunication Union (ITU).

Goal 10 Reduce inequality within and among countries

Target 10.4
Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality

Indicator 10.4.1
Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers

Labour share of GDP

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 53.1 | 52.2 | 51.8 | 51.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 50.9 | 50.7 | 52.7 | 52.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 34.5 | 34.2 | 35.8 | 36.3 |
| Northern Africa | 40.5 | 38.8 | 40.3 | 39.7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 49.7 | 50.0 | 46.3 | 45.8 |
| Southern Asia | 49.9 | 50.2 | 46.5 | 46.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 48.3 | 49.0 | 51.1 | 50.5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 58.9 | 59.0 | 57.9 | 57.6 |
| Europe | 57.6 | 58.7 | 56.7 | 56.6 |
| Northern America | 60.7 | 59.4 | 59.3 | 58.8 |

Source: ILO modelled estimates, June 2019, ILO Database of Labour Statistics (ILOSTAT), International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Target 10.6
Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions

Indicator 10.6.1
Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organisations

(a) Proportion of developing countries in the membership of international organisations

(Percentage)

| <i>International Organisations</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| African Development Bank | 77.9 | 77.9 | 77.9 | 77.5 | ... |
| Asian Development Bank | 69.5 | 68.8 | 68.7 | 68.7 | ... |
| Financial Stability Board | ... | ... | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 58.7 | 59.6 | 60.4 | 60.4 | ... |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 75.3 | 75.0 | 74.3 | 74.5 | 74.6 |
| International Finance Corporation | 74.9 | 74.7 | 74.2 | 74.5 | 74.5 |
| International Monetary Fund | 74.7 | 74.6 | 74.2 | 74.5 | 74.6 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63.0 | 68.5 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 66.7 |
| UN General Assembly | 74.6 | 74.3 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 74.1 |
| UN Security Council | 53.3 | 46.7 | 53.3 | 53.3 | ... |
| World Trade Organisation | 72.1 | 71.1 | 71.2 | 71.3 | 72.0 |

Note: There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations

system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe with Israel and Cyprus are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, aggregated data for this indicator will provisionally include all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

Source: Data compiled by the Financing for Development Office (FFDO), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations

(b) Proportion of developing countries in the voting rights at international organisations

(Percentage)

| <i>International Organisations</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| African Development Bank | 62.7 | 63.4 | 63.9 | 62.8 | ... |
| Asian Development Bank | 58.3 | 57.9 | 53.8 | 58.1 | ... |
| Financial Stability Board | ... | ... | 38.5 | 43.9 | 43.9 |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 50.1 | 50.1 | 50.1 | 50.1 | ... |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 38.2 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 39.7 |
| International Finance Corporation | 30.1 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 32.2 | 32.1 |
| International Monetary Fund | 31.3 | 32.1 | 33.4 | 35.2 | 37.7 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63.0 | 68.5 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 66.7 |
| UN General Assembly | 74.6 | 74.3 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 74.1 |
| UN Security Council | 53.3 | 46.7 | 53.3 | 53.3 | ... |
| World Trade Organisation | 72.1 | 71.1 | 71.2 | 71.3 | 72.0 |

Note: There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe with Israel and Cyprus are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, aggregated data for this indicator will provisionally include all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

Source: Data compiled by the Financing for Development Office (FFDO), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

Target 10.a

Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organisation agreements

Indicator 10.a.1

Proportion of tariff lines applied to imports from Least developed countries and developing countries with zero-tariff

Proportion of tariff lines applied to imports from Least developed countries and developing countries with zero-tariff

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Type of product</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Least developed countries | All products | 47.8 | 53.6 | 63.5 | 65.6 |
| | Agriculture products | 57.6 | 64.1 | 68.7 | 73.3 |
| | Arms | 29.4 | 25.0 | 40.4 | 53.1 |
| | Clothing | 37.3 | 39.0 | 41.0 | 44.4 |
| | Industrial | 48.5 | 55.6 | 71.9 | 74.4 |
| | Oil | 69.8 | 84.1 | 91.5 | 90.6 |
| | Textiles | 42.2 | 51.2 | 59.5 | 62.5 |
| Developing countries | All products | 40.5 | 43.8 | 49.2 | 50.8 |
| | Agriculture products | 45.6 | 46.6 | 50.3 | 53.1 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Type of product</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>Arms</i> | 47.5 | 43.8 | 43.2 | 46.4 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 23.9 | 27.7 | 32.5 | 36.0 |
| | <i>Industrial</i> | 42.7 | 45.9 | 51.7 | 53.0 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 68.8 | 77.3 | 82.4 | 83.8 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 28.3 | 34.4 | 40.2 | 42.8 |

Note: There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe with Israel and Cyprus are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, aggregated data for this indicator will provisionally include all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

Target 10.b

Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes

Indicator 10.b.1

Total resource flows for development, by recipient and donor countries and type of flow (e.g. official development assistance, foreign direct investment and other flows)

Total resource flows (net disbursements) for development

(Millions of current United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total resource flows | 134,019.8 | 290,067.1 | 524,264.8 | 320,354.2 | 413,963.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 10,477.4 | 45,059.2 | 49,041.0 | 71,258.1 | 61,958.0 |
| Northern Africa | 4,475.1 | 8,480.9 | 14,091.4 | 18,478.3 | 12,257.4 |
| Western Asia | 12,419.3 | 41,484.6 | 24,328.9 | 35,099.2 | 39,236.4 |
| Central Asia | 1,789.6 | 2,517.8 | 2,673.0 | 9,151.2 | -963.7 |
| Southern Asia | 4,191.6 | 23,071.8 | 40,312.4 | 25,616.5 | 38,174.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 1,145.5 | 23,674.0 | 50,709.0 | 18,858.3 | 37,513.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4,524.7 | 27,468.1 | 31,743.9 | 31,405.7 | 31,080.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 43,346.6 | 56,917.1 | 97,500.8 | 97,371.4 | 56,816.5 |
| Oceania | 833.5 | 3,995.6 | 7,549.4 | 1,911.2 | 2,714.6 |
| Europe | 5,698.4 | 15,713.3 | 7,740.7 | 2,896.3 | 8,173.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 8,933.5 | 18,471.7 | 28,615.1 | 38,219.1 | 31,449.2 |
| Least developed countries | 13,115.4 | 25,372.1 | 46,302.2 | 48,470.9 | 55,369.3 |
| Small island developing States | 4,177.0 | 5,523.5 | 22,306.8 | 5,978.2 | 10,594.8 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 45,118.1 | 41,684.6 | 198,574.4 | 8,308.1 | 127,002.7 |

Note: (1) Total resource flows include Official Development Assistance (ODA), Other Official Flows (OOF) and private flows.

(2) Only the country-specific aids are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated aids to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated aid" row.

Source: DAC Statistics database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Target 10.c

By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent

Indicator 10.c.1

Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted

Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2011</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 9.3 | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 12.4 | 9.8 | 9.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 7.2 | 7.5 | 6.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 8.4 | 7.4 | 6.9 |

| Regions | 2011 | 2015 | 2018 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.7 | 6.3 | 5.9 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 13.4 | 10.1 | 9.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 7.8 | 6.6 | 6.7 |

Source: World Development Indicators database, the World Bank.

Goal 11 Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Target 11.1

By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums

Indicator 11.1.1

Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing

Proportion of urban population living in slums¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2014</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 28 | 23 | 23 | 24 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 65 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 23 | 22 | 23 | 26 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 46 | 32 | 32 | 31 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 38 | 28 | 28 | 27 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 29 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |

¹Represented by the urban population living in households with at least one of the following four characteristics: lack of access to improved drinking water; lack of access to improved sanitation; overcrowding (three or more persons per room); and dwellings made of non-durable material.

Source: United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

Target 11.6

By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management

Indicator 11.6.1

Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities

Municipal Solid Waste collection coverage

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| World | 74.2 | 78.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 43.4 | 42.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 73.5 | 77.2 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 66.7 | 74.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 72.0 | 73.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 80.4 | 78.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | 60.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 94.0 | 99.0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 89.6 | 95.1 |

Note: Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) collection coverage is defined as the amount MSW collected as a proportion of total MSW generated.

Source: United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

Indicator 11.6.2

Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀) in cities (population weighted)

Mean annual concentration of fine suspended particles with a diameter of 2.5 microns or less (PM_{2.5}), by residence

(Micrograms per cubic meter)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | |
|--|-------------|-----------|
| | Urban | All areas |
| World | 39.6 | 38.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 35.5 | 36.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 51.3 | 50.9 |
| Northern Africa | 55.2 | 55.4 |
| Western Asia | 47.8 | 46.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 62.8 | 60.4 |
| Central Asia | 25.5 | 22.4 |
| Southern Asia | 64.2 | 61.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 39.6 | 38.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 46.7 | 45.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 21.8 | 21.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16.8 | 15.8 |
| Oceania | 8.2 | 8.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 7.1 | 7.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 11.3 | 10.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 12.0 | 11.5 |
| Europe | 14.2 | 13.5 |
| Northern America | 7.5 | 7.3 |

Source: Global Health Observatory (GHO), World Health Organisation (WHO).

Goal 12

Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

Target 12.1

Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries

Indicator 12.1.1

Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies

Countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or target into national policies

(Number)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| World | 71 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 14 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 14 |
| Europe and Northern America | 21 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and 10YFP Secretariat.

Target 12.2

By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources

Indicator 12.2.1

Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP¹

(a) Material footprint

(Millions of tonnes)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 53,826.4 | 64,573.2 | 76,532.8 | 87,435.2 | 91,973.9 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(b) Material footprint per capita

(Tonnes per capita)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 8.8 | 9.9 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 12.2 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(c) Material footprint per unit of GDP

(Kilograms per unit of constant 2010 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 1.08 | 1.12 | 1.16 | 1.16 | 1.16 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

¹*Material footprint (MF) is the attribution of global material extraction to final domestic demand of a country. It is calculated as the raw material equivalent of imports plus domestic extraction minus raw material equivalents of exports.*

Indicator 12.2.2

Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP¹

(a) Domestic material consumption

(Millions of tonnes)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 53,032 | 63,395 | 75,456 | 83,979 | 88,180 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2,455 | 3,006 | 3,637 | 3,945 | 4,172 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 2,568 | 3,289 | 4,819 | 5,177 | 5,611 |
| Northern Africa | 963 | 1,192 | 1,851 | 1,662 | 1,815 |
| Western Asia | 1,651 | 2,152 | 3,032 | 3,581 | 3,865 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 5,999 | 7,115 | 8,806 | 10,576 | 11,181 |
| Central Asia | 530 | 675 | 793 | 941 | 996 |
| Southern Asia | 5,468 | 6,440 | 8,013 | 9,635 | 10,185 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 17,356 | 23,349 | 33,397 | 39,528 | 42,480 |
| Eastern Asia | 14,246 | 19,371 | 28,352 | 34,414 | 37,016 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3,063 | 3,923 | 4,981 | 5,047 | 5,395 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4,625 | 5,209 | 6,092 | 6,538 | 6,820 |
| Oceania | 1,054 | 1,108 | 1,092 | 1,130 | 1,140 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 964 | 1,025 | 997 | 1,032 | 1,041 |
| Europe and Northern America | 18,976 | 20,319 | 17,613 | 17,086 | 16,776 |
| Europe | 9,618 | 10,566 | 9,726 | 9,702 | 9,685 |
| Northern America | 9,358 | 9,753 | 7,887 | 7,383 | 7,091 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1,454 | 1,855 | 2,320 | 2,757 | 2,946 |
| Least developed countries | 1,699 | ... | 3,096 | 3,162 | 3,421 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | 501 | 545 | 547 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(b) Domestic material consumption per capita

(Tonnes)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 8.63 | 9.69 | 10.84 | 11.37 | 11.68 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.81 | 4.08 | 4.30 | 4.07 | 4.08 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 7.29 | 8.49 | 11.22 | 10.93 | 11.43 |
| Northern Africa | 5.58 | 6.35 | 9.06 | 7.38 | 7.77 |
| Western Asia | 8.93 | 10.46 | 13.03 | 13.87 | 14.44 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.98 | 4.33 | 4.98 | 5.59 | 5.76 |
| Central Asia | 9.54 | 11.49 | 12.55 | 13.69 | 14.06 |
| Southern Asia | 3.76 | 4.07 | 4.70 | 5.28 | 5.45 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 8.59 | 11.12 | 15.34 | 17.53 | 18.61 |
| Eastern Asia | 9.56 | 12.64 | 18.03 | 21.35 | 22.79 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.84 | 6.98 | 8.34 | 7.95 | 8.32 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.80 | 9.27 | 10.19 | 10.34 | 10.56 |
| Oceania | 33.74 | 33.00 | 29.82 | 28.58 | 28.01 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 42.05 | 42.05 | 37.65 | 36.32 | 35.69 |
| Europe and Northern America | 18.25 | 19.21 | 16.31 | 15.58 | 15.21 |
| Europe | 13.23 | 14.47 | 13.19 | 13.10 | 13.05 |
| Northern America | 29.91 | 29.78 | 23.00 | 20.74 | 19.63 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4.34 | 4.91 | 5.45 | 5.74 | 5.85 |
| Least developed countries | 2.55 | ... | 3.64 | 3.30 | 3.41 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | 7.92 | 8.13 | 8.00 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

(c) Domestic material consumption per GDP

(Kilograms per constant 2010 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 1.07 | 1.09 | 1.15 | 1.11 | 1.11 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.26 | 2.86 | 2.76 | 2.43 | 2.48 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.25 | 1.21 | 1.50 | 1.33 | 1.36 |
| Northern Africa | 2.35 | 1.81 | 2.58 | 2.50 | 2.54 |
| Western Asia | 0.99 | 1.04 | 1.20 | 1.10 | 1.12 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.96 | 3.47 | 3.19 | 2.97 | 2.76 |
| Central Asia | 5.12 | 4.28 | 3.59 | 3.16 | 3.10 |
| Southern Asia | 3.88 | 3.40 | 3.15 | 2.95 | 2.73 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.79 | 1.96 | 2.20 | 2.07 | 2.04 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.68 | 1.87 | 2.15 | 2.09 | 2.06 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.58 | 2.57 | 2.51 | 2.00 | 1.94 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.14 | 1.11 | 1.16 |
| Oceania | 0.96 | 0.85 | 0.74 | 0.66 | 0.64 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.90 | 0.81 | 0.69 | 0.62 | 0.60 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.62 | 0.59 | 0.48 | 0.43 | 0.41 |
| Europe | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.49 | 0.46 | 0.44 |
| Northern America | 0.67 | 0.61 | 0.47 | 0.40 | 0.37 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.58 | 4.48 | 4.21 | 3.84 | 3.82 |
| Least developed countries | 4.90 | ... | 4.20 | 3.78 | 3.79 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | 0.85 | 0.80 | 0.78 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); Global Material Flows Database, International Resource Panel.

Target 12.4

By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment

Indicator 12.4.1

Number of parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement

Compliance rate for the Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEAs)
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015</i> | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| | <i>Basel Convention¹</i> | <i>Montreal Protocol²</i> | <i>Rotterdam Convention³</i> | <i>Stockholm Convention⁴</i> |
| World | 57.5 | 100.0 | 71.0 | 51.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 38.5 | 100.0 | 58.4 | 44.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 64.4 | 100.0 | ... | 46.7 |
| Northern Africa | 61.1 | 100.0 | ... | 38.9 |
| Western Asia | 62.7 | 100.0 | 73.8 | 48.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 55.8 | 100.0 | ... | 45.5 |
| Central Asia | 60.4 | 100.0 | ... | ... |
| Southern Asia | 53.7 | 100.0 | 53.2 | 47.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 52.2 | 100.0 | 67.8 | 51.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 46.7 | 100.0 | 78.4 | 53.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 59.3 | 100.0 | ... | ... |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 58.9 | 100.0 | 71.3 | 47.8 |
| Oceania | ... | 100.0 | ... | 35.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 100.0 | 100.0 | 95.1 | 83.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | 100.0 | ... | 27.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 79.5 | 100.0 | 90.8 | 70.4 |
| Europe | 79.0 | 100.0 | 90.6 | 70.1 |
| Northern America | ... | 100.0 | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 43.6 | 100.0 | 51.5 | 44.6 |
| Least developed countries | 35.8 | 100.0 | ... | 41.5 |
| Small island developing States | 40.9 | 100.0 | ... | 32.4 |

¹The Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal (Basel Convention);

²The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer (Montreal Protocol);

³The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (Stockholm Convention);

⁴The Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade (Rotterdam Convention).

Note: Data are not available for the Minamata Convention on Mercury at this time.

Source: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

Target 12.c

Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities

Indicator 12.c.1

Amount of fossil-fuel subsidies per unit of GDP (production and consumption) and as a proportion of total national expenditure on fossil fuels

Fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies (consumption and production) as a proportion of total GDP
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2013</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 0.77 | 0.43 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.44 | 1.02 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.85 | 1.92 |
| Northern Africa | 6.74 | 3.17 |
| Western Asia | 3.22 | 1.65 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 5.02 | 2.77 |
| Central Asia | 6.14 | 4.42 |
| Southern Asia | 4.91 | 2.62 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.35 | 0.06 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.04 | 0.00 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.32 | 0.45 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.79 | 0.98 |
| Oceania | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.17 | 0.16 |
| Europe | 0.25 | 0.23 |
| Northern America | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4.22 | 3.06 |
| Least developed countries | ... | 1.22 |

Source: Environment Live database, United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)

Goal 13

Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

Target 13.1

Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries

Indicator 13.1.1

Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population

Number of deaths and missing persons attributed to disasters, by hazard type

| <i>Hazard Type</i> | <i>1990-2017</i> |
|--|------------------|
| Geo-physical | 380,825 |
| <i>Tsunami</i> | <i>216,280</i> |
| <i>Earthquake</i> | <i>161,981</i> |
| <i>Other geo-physical</i> | <i>2,564</i> |
| Meteorological | 212,381 |
| <i>Storm</i> | <i>168,430</i> |
| <i>Rains</i> | <i>34,319</i> |
| <i>Cold or heat wave</i> | <i>9,527</i> |
| <i>Other meteorological</i> | <i>105</i> |
| Hydrological | 144,355 |
| <i>Flood</i> | <i>109,110</i> |
| <i>Landslide</i> | <i>31,780</i> |
| <i>Other Hydrological</i> | <i>3,465</i> |
| Biological | 78,324 |
| Climatological | 8,620 |
| Technological | 74,287 |
| Others | 2,349 |
| Unclassified <i>(under Sendai Framework Monitoring)</i> | 56,640 |

Source: The United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNISDR)

Proxy indicators

The work on methodological development of indicators 13.2.1, 13.3.1, 13.3.2, 13.a.1 and 13.b.1 as defined in the global indicator framework is still ongoing, and thus data are not yet available. A list of proxy indicators for immediate use to monitoring targets was approved by the 50th Session of the Statistical Commission.

Target 13.2

Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning

Aggregate GHG emissions for non-Annex I Parties^{1,2}

(PG CO₂ equivalent)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Non-Annex I parties Under UNFCCC | 13.04 | 13.46 | 17.02 | 18.51 |

¹ As at 15 April 2019.

² Non-Annex I parties are the parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) not listed in Annex I of the Convention and are mostly low-income developing countries.

Note: The comparison of emission trends between Annex I and non-Annex I countries should be undertaken with caution owing to the difference in the reporting requirements for Annex I and non-Annex I Parties under the UNFCCC (annual vs. periodical), as well as to the availability of data for most non-Annex I Parties (developing countries report information only for some specific years in the period 1994-2012 and not for the complete period).

Source: The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

Aggregate GHG emissions for Annex I Parties¹

(GT CO₂ equivalent)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Annex I parties Under UNFCCC | 17.89 | 18.27 | 17.42 | 16.71 | 16.65 |

¹ As at 15 April 2019.

Note: The comparison of emission trends between Annex I and non-Annex I countries should be undertaken with caution owing to the difference in the reporting requirements for Annex I and non-Annex I Parties under the UNFCCC (annual vs. periodical), as well as to the availability of data for most non-Annex I Parties (developing countries report information only for some specific years in the period 1994-2012 and not for the complete period).

Source: The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

Number of Parties to the Paris Agreement under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and Number of nationally determined contributions (NDCs)

| | 2019 ¹ |
|---|-------------------|
| Total number of Parties that ratified the Paris Agreement | 186 |
| Total number of Parties that communicated their first nationally determined contributions (NDCs) | 183 |
| Total number of Parties that communicated their second nationally determined contributions (NDCs) | 1 |

¹ As of May 2019.

Source: The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

Goal 14

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Target 14.4

By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics

Indicator 14.4.1

Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels

Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels¹

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2004 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 72.6 | 75.6 | 71.3 | 68.6 | 66.9 |
| Atlantic, Eastern Central | ... | ... | 52.4 | 53.5 | 57.1 |
| Atlantic, Northeast | ... | ... | 84.6 | 78.6 | 73.5 |
| Atlantic, Northwest | ... | ... | 72.4 | 69.0 | 73.9 |
| Atlantic, Southeast | ... | ... | 50.0 | 58.6 | 67.6 |
| Atlantic, Southwest | ... | ... | 45.0 | 50.0 | 41.2 |
| Atlantic, Western Central | ... | ... | 63.3 | 55.6 | 60.3 |
| Indian Ocean, Eastern | ... | ... | 89.7 | 84.8 | 73.1 |
| Indian Ocean, Western | ... | ... | 75.0 | 66.7 | 66.7 |
| Mediterranean and Black Sea | ... | ... | 48.0 | 40.6 | 37.8 |
| Pacific, Eastern Central | ... | ... | 90.9 | 90.9 | 86.7 |
| Pacific, Northeast | ... | ... | 88.0 | 86.2 | 85.7 |
| Pacific, Northwest | ... | ... | 78.9 | 76.2 | 82.7 |
| Pacific, Southeast | ... | ... | 63.6 | 58.3 | 38.5 |
| Pacific, Southwest | ... | ... | 84.0 | 87.5 | 74.1 |
| Pacific, Western Central | ... | ... | 86.1 | 77.5 | 82.6 |

¹Within biologically sustainable levels means that the abundance of world fish stock is at or higher than the level that can produce the maximum sustainable yield.

Source: Food and Agriculture Organisation of United Nations (FAO).

Target 14.5

By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information

Indicator 14.5.1

Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas

(a) Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas (Exclusive Economic Zones)¹

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2018 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| World | 2.23 | 3.15 | 7.27 | 11.99 | 17.16 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.21 | 0.26 | 4.75 | 8.87 | 19.17 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.58 | 0.68 | 1.22 | 1.24 | 1.30 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.28 | 0.32 | 0.35 | 0.39 | 0.39 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 2.59 | 2.82 | 3.32 | 3.67 | 3.81 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.40 | 2.03 | 3.56 | 8.85 | 20.14 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3.09 | 4.42 | 13.17 | 34.09 | 34.09 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.21 | 0.27 | 6.80 | 15.55 | 22.11 |
| Europe and Northern America | 5.52 | 8.24 | 12.76 | 13.40 | 14.26 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.38 | 1.49 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.81 |
| Least developed countries | 0.24 | 0.36 | 3.68 | 3.82 | 3.89 |
| Small island developing States | 0.24 | 0.40 | 2.49 | 7.88 | 13.62 |

¹The Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) comprises an area which extends either from the coast, or in federal systems from the seaward boundaries of the constituent states (3 to 12 nautical miles, in most cases) to 200 nautical miles (370 kilometres) off the coast.

Source: UNEP-WCMC (2018), *Protected Planet: The World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA)* [On-line], December 2018, United Nations Environment Programme's World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) and International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN).

(b) Average proportion of marine Key Biodiversity Areas (KBAs) covered by protected areas¹
(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 31.2 | 36.4 | 41.1 | 44.8 | 45.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 23.4 | 25.5 | 34.1 | 37.9 | 39.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 9.5 | 13.7 | 21.2 | 24.1 | 24.8 |
| Northern Africa | 12.3 | 23.0 | 29.8 | 36.6 | 37.7 |
| Western Asia | 8.3 | 9.9 | 17.7 | 19.0 | 19.6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 37.8 | 41.5 | 43.0 | 43.1 | 43.1 |
| Southern Asia | 37.8 | 41.5 | 43.0 | 43.1 | 43.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 27.3 | 31.3 | 33.6 | 36.8 | 37.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 38.2 | 43.8 | 44.3 | 47.8 | 47.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 17.2 | 19.9 | 23.8 | 26.7 | 28.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 24.9 | 30.1 | 34.1 | 38.1 | 39.3 |
| Oceania | 21.0 | 23.3 | 30.9 | 35.1 | 35.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 42.6 | 45.9 | 50.4 | 56.4 | 56.7 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 6.1 | 8.0 | 17.6 | 20.6 | 21.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 45.5 | 53.5 | 58.1 | 62.0 | 63.0 |
| Europe | 49.3 | 58.6 | 63.2 | 68.6 | 69.7 |
| Northern America | 37.3 | 42.5 | 46.8 | 47.4 | 48.3 |
| Least developed countries | 12.5 | 14.2 | 22.4 | 23.6 | 25.9 |
| Small island developing States | 9.5 | 12.6 | 18.5 | 22.4 | 22.8 |

¹Based on the spatial overlap between polygons for *Key Biodiversity Areas from the World Database of Key Biodiversity Areas* and polygons for *protected areas from the World Database on Protected Areas*.

Note: Figures for each region are calculated as the proportion of each Key Biodiversity Area covered by protected areas, averaged (i.e. calculated as the mean) across all Key Biodiversity Areas within the region.

Source: United Nations Environment Programme's World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) in collaboration with BirdLife International, International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN).

Target 14.6

14.6 By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and Least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation

Indicator 14.6.1

Degree of implementation of international instruments aiming to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing

Progress by regions in the degree of implementation of international instruments aiming to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing

(Levels of implementation¹)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World | 3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3 |
| Northern Africa | 3 |
| Western Asia | 4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3 |
| Central Asia | 2 |
| Southern Asia | 4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 4 |
| Eastern Asia | 5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3 |
| Oceania | 4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 5 |
| Europe | 5 |
| Northern America | 5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2 |
| Least developed countries | 3 |
| Small island developing States | 3 |

¹The value 1 represents very low level, 2 as low level, 3 as medium level, 4 as high level and 5 as very high level of implementation of international instruments aiming to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing.

Source: Data based on a country self-reported questionnaire on the implementation of the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Target 14.b
Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets

Indicator 14.b.1
Degree of application of a legal/regulatory/ policy/institutional framework which recognizes and protects access rights for small-scale fisheries

Degree of application of a legal/regulatory/policy/institutional framework which recognizes and protects access rights for small-scale fisheries

(Levels of implementation¹)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World | 3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4 |
| Northern Africa | 4 |
| Western Asia | 3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3 |
| Central Asia | 3 |
| Southern Asia | 4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 4 |
| Eastern Asia | 3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4 |
| Oceania | 3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 4 |
| Europe | 4 |
| Northern America | 4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4 |
| Least developed countries | 4 |
| Small island developing States | 4 |

¹The value 1 represents very low level, 2 as low level, 3 as medium level, 4 as high level and 5 as very high level of implementation of international instruments aiming to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing.

Source: Data based on a country self-reported questionnaire on the implementation of the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Goal 15

Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Target 15.1

By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements

Indicator 15.1.1

Forest area as a proportion of total land area

Forest area as a proportion of total land area

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 31.1 | 30.9 | 30.8 | 30.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 29.0 | 28.3 | 27.5 | 26.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| Northern Africa | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| Western Asia | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 9.7 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| Central Asia | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Southern Asia | 13.8 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 14.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 28.2 | 28.9 | 29.2 | 29.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 19.6 | 20.9 | 21.7 | 22.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 50.9 | 50.0 | 49.4 | 48.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 49.1 | 47.9 | 47.0 | 46.4 |
| Oceania | 20.9 | 20.8 | 20.3 | 20.4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 17.5 | 17.3 | 16.8 | 17.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 71.5 | 71.5 | 71.4 | 71.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 41.0 |
| Europe | 45.3 | 45.4 | 45.8 | 45.9 |
| Northern America | 34.9 | 35.0 | 35.2 | 35.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 17.2 | 16.7 | 16.3 | 15.8 |
| Least developed countries | 28.9 | 28.2 | 27.6 | 27.0 |
| Small island developing States | 68.2 | 68.4 | 68.6 | 68.8 |

Source: Global Forest Resources Assessment and FAOSTAT Database, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Indicator 15.1.2**Proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, by ecosystem type****(a) Mean percentage area of each important site (Key Biodiversity Area) for terrestrial biodiversity that is covered by protected areas¹**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 33.1 | 39.2 | 43.6 | 45.8 | 46.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 31.5 | 34.8 | 40.0 | 41.5 | 41.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 11.2 | 14.9 | 18.8 | 23.2 | 23.5 |
| Northern Africa | 14.7 | 22.6 | 26.9 | 39.8 | 40.1 |
| Western Asia | 10.0 | 12.4 | 16.2 | 17.9 | 18.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 23.6 | 24.7 | 26.4 | 28.4 | 28.4 |
| Central Asia | 12.0 | 12.3 | 15.6 | 16.3 | 16.3 |
| Southern Asia | 27.1 | 28.5 | 29.7 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 28.4 | 33.9 | 37.0 | 39.1 | 39.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 34.4 | 40.0 | 41.9 | 43.2 | 43.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 22.5 | 27.9 | 32.2 | 35.1 | 35.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 25.9 | 31.0 | 34.2 | 36.1 | 36.7 |
| Oceania | 22.2 | 25.1 | 31.6 | 35.6 | 36.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 33.9 | 37.6 | 43.7 | 49.9 | 50.4 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 7.5 | 9.6 | 16.7 | 18.0 | 18.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 45.4 | 54.8 | 60.4 | 62.2 | 62.3 |
| Europe | 47.5 | 58.1 | 64.1 | 66.1 | 66.2 |
| Northern America | 33.2 | 36.1 | 38.9 | 39.6 | 40.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 29.0 | 32.6 | 35.8 | 36.5 | 36.6 |
| Least developed countries | 28.4 | 31.9 | 35.4 | 35.8 | 36.3 |
| Small island developing States | 12.0 | 17.6 | 23.2 | 25.3 | 25.4 |

¹Based on the spatial overlap between polygons for *Key Biodiversity Areas from the World Database of Key Biodiversity Areas* and polygons for *protected areas from the World Database on Protected Areas*.

Note: Figures for each region are calculated as the proportion of each Key Biodiversity Area covered by protected areas, averaged (i.e., calculated as the mean) across all Key Biodiversity Areas within the region.

Source: United Nations Environment Programme's *World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC)* in collaboration with *BirdLife International, International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)*.

(b) Mean percentage area of each important site (Key Biodiversity Area) for freshwater biodiversity that is covered by protected areas¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 30.5 | 37.7 | 41.3 | 43.1 | 43.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 34.0 | 41.4 | 46.1 | 47.8 | 48.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 7.2 | 11.7 | 13.1 | 19.1 | 19.1 |
| Northern Africa | 12.6 | 25.8 | 29.6 | 50.9 | 50.9 |
| Western Asia | 5.6 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 16.3 | 18.1 | 20.5 | 21.1 | 21.1 |
| Central Asia | 10.2 | 10.7 | 15.9 | 16.9 | 16.9 |
| Southern Asia | 20.0 | 22.6 | 23.2 | 23.6 | 23.6 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 27.9 | 34.0 | 35.7 | 37.3 | 37.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 29.7 | 35.6 | 37.3 | 38.6 | 39.1 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| South-Eastern Asia | 23.8 | 30.3 | 31.9 | 34.2 | 34.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 21.9 | 26.8 | 32.0 | 35.3 | 36.0 |
| Oceania | 21.3 | 25.7 | 28.8 | 33.4 | 33.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 21.6 | 26.1 | 29.2 | 33.9 | 34.1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 39.4 | 49.0 | 53.4 | 54.7 | 54.7 |
| Europe | 42.2 | 52.7 | 57.5 | 58.9 | 58.9 |
| Northern America | 19.1 | 22.7 | 24.2 | 24.3 | 24.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 22.0 | 27.1 | 31.0 | 31.9 | 32.2 |
| Least developed countries | 28.8 | 35.7 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.6 |
| Small island developing States | 6.5 | 18.1 | 25.8 | 25.9 | 25.9 |

¹Based on the spatial overlap between polygons for *Key Biodiversity Areas from the World Database of Key Biodiversity Areas* and polygons for *protected areas from the World Database on Protected Areas*.

Note: Figures for each region are calculated as the proportion of each Key Biodiversity Area covered by protected areas, averaged (i.e., calculated as the mean) across all Key Biodiversity Areas within the region.

Source: United Nations Environment Programme's World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) in collaboration with BirdLife International and International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN).

Target 15.2

By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally

Indicator 15.2.1

Progress towards sustainable forest management

(a) Forest area net change rate

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000-2005</i> | <i>2006-2010</i> | <i>2011-2015</i> |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| World | -0.12 | -0.09 | -0.09 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | -0.51 | -0.55 | -0.47 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.05 | 0.25 | -0.07 |
| Northern Africa | -0.28 | -0.09 | -0.56 |
| Western Asia | 0.60 | 0.81 | 0.68 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.64 | 0.32 | 0.11 |
| Central Asia | 0.11 | -0.40 | -0.16 |
| Southern Asia | 0.71 | 0.41 | 0.15 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.49 | 0.27 | 0.12 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.29 | 0.71 | 0.52 |
| South-Eastern Asia | -0.35 | -0.23 | -0.36 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | -0.49 | -0.37 | -0.23 |
| Oceania | -0.13 | -0.51 | 0.18 |
| Australia and New Zealand | -0.17 | -0.66 | 0.23 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.00 | -0.01 | -0.01 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.04 |
| Europe | 0.04 | 0.19 | 0.04 |
| Northern America | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.03 |
| Landlocked developing countries | -0.55 | -0.53 | -0.55 |
| Least developed countries | -0.46 | -0.46 | -0.45 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000-2005</i> | <i>2006-2010</i> | <i>2011-2015</i> |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Small island developing States | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.06 |

Source: Global Forest Resources Assessment, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

(b) Above-ground biomass density in forest

(Tonnes per hectare)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 127.7 | 127.2 | 126.9 | 127.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 162.6 | 163.1 | 164.0 | 164.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 123.6 | 117.9 | 118.0 | 119.8 |
| Northern Africa | 142.0 | 133.3 | 131.6 | 131.8 |
| Western Asia | 87.6 | 89.4 | 93.9 | 99.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 54.7 | 55.0 | 55.8 | 52.1 |
| Central Asia | 25.3 | 26.0 | 24.5 | 27.5 |
| Southern Asia | 58.7 | 58.8 | 59.8 | 55.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 117.6 | 111.9 | 107.9 | 104.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 48.9 | 49.2 | 52.2 | 53.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 177.0 | 171.5 | 163.4 | 158.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 188.5 | 189.1 | 189.9 | 192.1 |
| Oceania | 269.5 | 270.2 | 271.4 | 272.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 207.8 | 211.0 | 216.0 | 220.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 286.4 | 286.5 | 286.6 | 286.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 72.4 | 74.1 | 75.6 | 77.0 |
| Europe | 68.1 | 69.3 | 70.4 | 72.0 |
| Northern America | 86.4 | 89.8 | 92.3 | 93.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 107.7 | 108.2 | 108.9 | 109.6 |
| Least developed countries | 152.9 | 152.9 | 153.3 | 153.9 |
| Small island developing States | 301.2 | 301.0 | 298.8 | 297.9 |

Source: Global Forest Resources Assessment, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

(c) Proportion of forest area within legally established protected areas

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 12.4 | 14.3 | 15.6 | 16.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 15.5 | 15.9 | 16.6 | 17.7 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 10.1 | 13.9 | 14.4 | 14.5 |
| Northern Africa | 12.6 | 18.3 | 19.0 | 19.1 |
| Western Asia | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 18.1 | 21.3 | 21.9 | 22.0 |
| Central Asia | 7.2 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 7.8 |
| Southern Asia | 18.7 | 22.0 | 22.6 | 22.8 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 17.5 | 20.5 | 21.1 | 22.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 10.0 | 13.4 | 14.7 | 15.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 26.5 | 29.2 | 28.9 | 31.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 24.5 | 29.6 | 33.2 | 33.6 |
| Oceania | 9.0 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 14.4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 11.2 | 13.6 | 15.2 | 17.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 5.0 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Europe and Northern America | 4.9 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| Europe | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| Northern America | 7.1 | 7.9 | 8.7 | 8.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 28.0 | 27.5 | 26.9 | 25.8 |
| Least developed countries | 12.5 | 14.5 | 13.6 | 15.7 |
| Small island developing States | 4.3 | 4.6 | 6.8 | 8.9 |

Source: Global Forest Resources Assessment, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

(d) Proportion of forest area with a long-term management plan

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 51.01 | 54.00 | 56.61 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9.37 | 10.72 | 20.29 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 51.72 | 56.53 | 62.55 |
| Northern Africa | 20.55 | 27.22 | 36.79 |
| Western Asia | 67.29 | 71.18 | 75.42 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 41.63 | 43.89 | 45.73 |
| Central Asia | 86.86 | 89.61 | 89.41 |
| Southern Asia | 38.84 | 41.08 | 43.04 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 44.89 | 64.45 | 68.87 |
| Eastern Asia | 33.02 | 56.96 | 63.03 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 82.38 | 88.08 | 87.29 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 12.80 | 14.03 | 16.51 |
| Oceania | 23.14 | 23.48 | 24.08 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 23.61 | 23.96 | 24.57 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.27 |
| Europe and Northern America | 88.60 | 89.07 | 89.55 |
| Europe | 96.22 | 96.30 | 96.39 |
| Northern America | 64.38 | 66.08 | 67.79 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 13.58 | 15.45 | 18.76 |
| Least developed countries | 16.79 | 18.77 | 27.02 |
| Small island developing States | 27.12 | 29.58 | 34.65 |

Source: Global Forest Resources Assessment, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

(e) Forest area certified under an independently verified certification scheme

(Thousands of hectares)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 36,541.0 | 239,415.0 | 337,443.8 | 393,809.6 | 422,519.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1,112.4 | 2,327.9 | 7,346.5 | 6,348.4 | 7,003.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.3 | 2,359.5 | 2,396.9 |
| Northern Africa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,359.5 | 2,396.9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 17.5 | 31.9 | 38.0 | 833.6 | 539.0 |
| Central Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| Southern Asia | 17.5 | 31.9 | 38.0 | 833.6 | 538.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 272.4 | 872.7 | 5,628.3 | 17,005.2 | 22,054.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 12.4 | 704.2 | 2,805.1 | 8,813.7 | 9,946.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 260.0 | 168.5 | 2,823.2 | 8,191.5 | 12,108.0 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1,598.1 | 8,471.5 | 13,935.6 | 14,146.9 | 15,439.6 |
| Oceania | 25.4 | 6,646.2 | 11,096.2 | 12,031.6 | 10,344.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 19.7 | 6,579.4 | 11,093.5 | 11,843.1 | 10,182.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 5.7 | 66.8 | 2.7 | 188.5 | 162.4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 33,515.2 | 221,064.8 | 299,378.9 | 341,084.4 | 364,741.6 |
| Europe | 31,205.2 | 83,346.7 | 109,105.9 | 143,487.0 | 155,025.1 |
| Northern America | 2,309.9 | 137,718.2 | 190,273.0 | 197,597.4 | 209,716.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 595.6 | 1,490.3 | 2,103.4 | 1,202.0 | 1,206.7 |
| Least developed countries | 1.4 | 245.1 | 411.5 | 452.1 | 383.6 |
| Small island developing States | 110.6 | 171.6 | 568.4 | 703.8 | 777.9 |

Source: Global Forest Resources Assessment, Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Indicator 15.3.1

Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area

Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Degraded land area (km²)</i> | <i>Total land area (km²)</i> | <i>Share of degraded land (percentage)</i> |
|--|--|---|--|
| World | 23,962,509 | 119,681,858 | 20.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4,950,699 | 22,107,557 | 22.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 847,523 | 12,211,454 | 6.9 |
| Northern Africa | 432,119 | 7,720,758 | 5.6 |
| Western Asia | 415,405 | 4,490,696 | 9.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 2,950,693 | 10,557,737 | 27.9 |
| Central Asia | 1,383,958 | 3,940,962 | 35.1 |
| Southern Asia | 1,566,735 | 6,616,775 | 23.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3,942,095 | 16,140,899 | 24.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 2,888,889 | 11,731,466 | 24.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 1,053,205 | 4,409,432 | 23.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean ¹ | 5,257,898 | 19,809,979 | 26.5 |
| Oceania ² | 2,978,078 | 8,391,420 | 35.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | ... | ... | ... |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | ... |
| Europe and Northern America ³ | 3,035,523 | 30,462,812 | 10.0 |
| Europe | ... | ... | ... |
| Northern America | ... | ... | ... |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3,835,033 | 16,734,270 | 22.9 |
| Least developed countries | 3,453,498 | 20,354,573 | 17.0 |
| Small island developing States | ... | ... | ... |

¹Excluding the islands of the Caribbean.

²Including Papua New Guinea, Australia and New Zealand but excluding the islands of Oceania.

³Excluding USA and Switzerland.

Note: Regional data are based on the country-level data submitted in UNCCD 2018 national reports from 123 countries and estimates prepared by UNCCD based on global data sources.

Source: United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD).

Target 15.4

By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development

Indicator 15.4.1

Coverage by protected areas of important sites for mountain biodiversity

Mean percentage area of each important site (Key Biodiversity Area) for mountain biodiversity that is covered by protected areas¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 32.9 | 37.8 | 42.3 | 44.4 | 44.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 34.4 | 37.0 | 41.1 | 42.0 | 42.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 10.6 | 13.6 | 17.3 | 20.4 | 20.6 |
| Northern Africa | 13.5 | 20.8 | 22.9 | 37.0 | 37.0 |
| Western Asia | 10.1 | 12.2 | 16.2 | 17.2 | 17.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 28.9 | 29.5 | 30.7 | 34.0 | 34.0 |
| Central Asia | 21.8 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.6 |
| Southern Asia | 30.1 | 30.7 | 32.1 | 35.9 | 35.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 32.5 | 39.0 | 43.0 | 44.8 | 45.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 37.9 | 44.1 | 46.5 | 47.4 | 47.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 27.4 | 34.2 | 39.7 | 42.4 | 43.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 28.8 | 33.5 | 36.8 | 38.4 | 39.3 |
| Oceania | 16.2 | 17.8 | 26.1 | 30.3 | 30.5 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 32.2 | 34.3 | 40.4 | 51.1 | 51.3 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 6.2 | 7.4 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 47.7 | 55.4 | 62.1 | 64.1 | 64.2 |
| Europe | 50.0 | 58.5 | 65.8 | 67.9 | 68.0 |
| Northern America | 31.1 | 33.6 | 36.0 | 37.3 | 38.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 38.1 | 40.0 | 42.4 | 42.9 | 42.9 |
| Least developed countries | 34.4 | 37.6 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 41.1 |
| Small island developing States | 11.5 | 17.8 | 27.7 | 28.2 | 28.4 |

¹Based on the spatial overlap between polygons for *Key Biodiversity Areas from the World Database of Key Biodiversity Areas* and polygons for *protected areas from the World Database on Protected Areas*

Note: Figures for each region are calculated as the proportion of each Key Biodiversity Area covered by protected areas, averaged (i.e., calculated as the mean) across all Key Biodiversity Areas within the region.

Source: United Nations Environment Programme's World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) in collaboration with BirdLife International and International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN).

Indicator 15.4.2

Mountain Green Cover Index

Mountain Green Cover Index

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 89.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 60.3 |
| Northern Africa | 46.5 |
| Western Asia | 67.6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 64.5 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|
| Central Asia | 31.2 |
| Southern Asia | 68.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 70.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 62.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 98.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 82.8 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 94.9 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 98.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 76.7 |
| Northern America | 69.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 72.0 |
| Least developed countries | 82.4 |

Source: Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Target 15.5

Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

Indicator 15.5.1

Red List Index

Red List Index^{1,2}

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| World | 0.80 (0.80-0.81) | 0.77 (0.75-0.77) | 0.75 (0.73-0.77) | 0.73 (0.70-0.77) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.80 (0.80-0.81) | 0.77 (0.75-0.78) | 0.75 (0.72-0.77) | 0.74 (0.70-0.77) |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0.88 (0.88-0.89) | 0.85 (0.84-0.86) | 0.84 (0.81-0.86) | 0.83 (0.79-0.86) |
| Northern Africa | 0.92 (0.91-0.93) | 0.89 (0.88-0.90) | 0.88 (0.86-0.90) | 0.87 (0.84-0.90) |
| Western Asia | 0.86 (0.85-0.87) | 0.83 (0.82-0.84) | 0.82 (0.78-0.84) | 0.81 (0.77-0.84) |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.75 (0.74-0.77) | 0.71 (0.70-0.72) | 0.69 (0.66-0.71) | 0.67 (0.64-0.71) |
| Central Asia | 0.94 (0.90-0.94) | 0.94 (0.88-0.95) | 0.94 (0.87-0.96) | 0.93 (0.86-0.96) |
| Southern Asia | 0.75 (0.73-0.76) | 0.70 (0.69-0.71) | 0.68 (0.65-0.70) | 0.67 (0.63-0.70) |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.80 (0.79-0.81) | 0.76 (0.74-0.76) | 0.73 (0.71-0.75) | 0.71 (0.67-0.75) |
| Eastern Asia | 0.81 (0.80-0.81) | 0.77 (0.75-0.78) | 0.75 (0.72-0.77) | 0.73 (0.70-0.77) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.80 (0.79-0.81) | 0.75 (0.74-0.76) | 0.73 (0.70-0.75) | 0.71 (0.67-0.75) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.78 (0.77-0.78) | 0.76 (0.75-0.76) | 0.75 (0.73-0.76) | 0.74 (0.72-0.75) |
| Oceania | 0.86 (0.86-0.87) | 0.83 (0.82-0.84) | 0.81 (0.79-0.83) | 0.80 (0.77-0.83) |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.87 (0.86-0.87) | 0.84 (0.82-0.84) | 0.82 (0.80-0.84) | 0.81 (0.77-0.83) |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.86 (0.85-0.87) | 0.82 (0.81-0.83) | 0.80 (0.78-0.82) | 0.78 (0.75-0.81) |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.87 (0.86-0.87) | 0.85 (0.84-0.86) | 0.85 (0.83-0.86) | 0.84 (0.82-0.86) |
| Europe | 0.90 (0.90-0.91) | 0.87 (0.86-0.88) | 0.86 (0.83-0.88) | 0.84 (0.80-0.88) |
| Northern America | 0.86 (0.85-0.86) | 0.85 (0.84-0.86) | 0.85 (0.83-0.86) | 0.84 (0.82-0.86) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.81 (0.81-0.81) | 0.80 (0.80-0.80) | 0.80 (0.79-0.80) | 0.79 (0.79-0.80) |
| Least developed countries | 0.83 (0.82-0.83) | 0.79 (0.78-0.80) | 0.77 (0.75-0.79) | 0.76 (0.72-0.79) |
| Small island developing States | 0.77 (0.77-0.78) | 0.74 (0.73-0.75) | 0.72 (0.70-0.74) | 0.71 (0.67-0.73) |

¹The Red List Index for each region represents an index of aggregate survival probability (the inverse of extinction risk) for all birds, mammals, amphibians, corals and cycads occurring within the region, weighted by the fraction of each species' distribution occurring within the region. It shows how adequately species are conserved or not in the region relative to its potential contribution to global species conservation.

²Lower and upper confidence intervals in parentheses.

Source: IUCN Red List Index, International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) in collaboration with BirdLife International.

Target 15.6

Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed

Indicator 15.6.1

Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits

(a) Number of countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported to the Access and Benefit-Sharing Clearing-House¹

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015 Measures</i> | <i>2018 Measures</i> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| World | 5 | 61 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1 | 17 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 0 | 3 |
| Northern Africa | 0 | 2 |
| Western Asia | 0 | 1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 1 | 2 |
| Central Asia | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Asia | 1 | 2 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1 | 3 |
| Eastern Asia | 0 | 1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 1 | 2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2 | 12 |
| Oceania | 0 | 0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0 | 0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0 | 23 |
| Europe | 0 | 23 |
| Northern America | 0 | 0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0 | 9 |
| Least developed countries | 0 | 14 |
| Small island developing States | 0 | 2 |

¹As of February 2019.

Source: Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and the Access and Benefit-sharing Clearing-House.

(b) Number of countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported through the Online Reporting System on Compliance of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 12 | 23 | 45 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1 | 4 | 10 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Northern Africa | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Western Asia | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Central Asia | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Southern Asia | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Eastern Asia | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2 | 2 | 10 |
| Oceania | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 8 | 11 | 14 |
| Europe | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| Northern America | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1 | 6 | 10 |
| Least developed countries | 0 | 4 | 10 |
| Small island developing States | 1 | 1 | 2 |

Source: Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).

(c) Number of countries that are Parties to the Nagoya Protocol¹

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| World | 69 | 115 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 28 | 41 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 5 | 8 |
| Northern Africa | 2 | 2 |
| Western Asia | 3 | 6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 6 | 8 |
| Central Asia | 3 | 3 |
| Southern Asia | 3 | 5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 7 | 11 |
| Eastern Asia | 1 | 2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6 | 9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9 | 15 |
| Oceania | 5 | 7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 5 | 7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 9 | 25 |
| Europe | 9 | 25 |
| Northern America | 0 | 0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 15 | 24 |
| Least developed countries | 25 | 38 |
| Small island developing States | 12 | 17 |

¹*As of February 2019.*

Source: Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).

(d) Number of countries that are contracting Parties to the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 126 | 135 | 144 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 37 | 38 | 38 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 18 | 19 | 19 |
| Northern Africa | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Western Asia | 12 | 13 | 13 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 9 | 10 | 10 |
| Central Asia | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Southern Asia | 8 | 9 | 9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Eastern Asia | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16 | 16 | 21 |
| Oceania | 6 | 9 | 10 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 5 | 8 | 9 |
| Europe and Northern America | 32 | 34 | 36 |
| Europe | 31 | 33 | 34 |
| Northern America | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 20 | 22 | 24 |
| Least developed countries | 37 | 37 | 38 |
| Small island developing States | 14 | 17 | 20 |

Source: Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).

(e) Total reported number of Standard Material Transfer Agreements (SMTAs) transferring plant genetic resources for food and agriculture

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2012</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 34374 | 58855 | 72518 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1331 | 2553 | 4280 |
| Northern Africa | 6714 | 12885 | 13029 |
| Western Asia | 1002 | 1872 | 3145 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 1465 | 2689 | 5086 |
| Central Asia | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Asia | 1465 | 2689 | 5086 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3814 | 6509 | 8895 |
| Eastern Asia | 0 | 310 | 777 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3814 | 6199 | 8118 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 12528 | 18481 | 20876 |
| Oceania | 1 | 34 | 34 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1 | 34 | 34 |
| Europe and Northern America | 7519 | 13832 | 17173 |
| Europe | 6878 | 12784 | 15952 |
| Northern America | 641 | 1048 | 1221 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1233 | 2180 | 3380 |
| Least developed countries | 750 | 1373 | 1781 |
| Small island developing States | 1 | 34 | 34 |

Source: Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) in collaboration with Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO).

Target 15.a
Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems

Indicator 15.a.1
Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems

Total official development assistance commitments on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total ODA | 4,902.5 | 11,742.7 | 17,694.8 | 17,358.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 468.0 | 1,122.2 | 2,355.9 | 2,127.2 |
| Northern Africa | 93.2 | 101.3 | 121.1 | 303.3 |
| Western Asia | 67.8 | 75.7 | 1,097.7 | 265.4 |
| Central Asia | 5.9 | 9.8 | 0.8 | 10.3 |
| Southern Asia | 396.4 | 706.0 | 356.5 | 527.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 593.5 | 231.1 | 181.2 | 178.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 140.9 | 434.0 | 374.8 | 367.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 278.2 | 1,230.4 | 1,227.8 | 1,467.5 |
| Oceania | 18.9 | 120.5 | 46.5 | 122.9 |
| Europe | 7.1 | 48.7 | 1,000.2 | 180.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 240.0 | 1,062.3 | 964.0 | 1,320.8 |
| Least developed countries | 479.5 | 1,421.5 | 2,025.0 | 2,062.5 |
| Small island developing States | 124.4 | 507.4 | 241.8 | 254.5 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 2,832.5 | 7,662.9 | 10,932.4 | 11,807.1 |

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Goal 16

Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Target 16.1

Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere

Indicator 16.1.1

Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age

Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population

(Per 100,000 population)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 6.8 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 16.4 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 14.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 4.6 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 21.0 | 19.8 | 22.2 | 22.6 | 24.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 6.7 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| Europe and Northern America | 7.0 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.6 |

Source: United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC).

Target 16.2

End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children

Indicator 16.2.1

Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month

Proportion of children aged 1-14 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---|-------------|
| World ² (83 countries, 31 per cent with population coverage) | 78.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (26 countries, 59 per cent with population coverage) | 83.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia (14 countries, 76 per cent with population coverage) | 84.0 |
| Northern Africa (5 countries, 98 per cent with population coverage) | 85.1 |
| Western Asia (9 countries, 55 per cent with population coverage) | 82.2 |
| Central Asia (4 countries, 57 per cent with population coverage) | 55.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries (23 countries, 62 per cent with population coverage) | 75.2 |
| Least developed countries (30 countries, 63 per cent with population coverage) | 79.8 |
| Small island developing States (16 countries, 68 per cent with population coverage) | 69.4 |

¹The number of countries with comparable survey data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of children aged 1-14 are presented in parentheses.

²The figure represents less than 50 per cent of the global population, and thus should be interpreted with caution.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and other nationally

representative surveys conducted in the 2006-2018 period.

Source: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) global databases, 2019.

Indicator 16.2.3

Proportion of young women and men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18

Proportion of women aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---|-------------|
| World ² (46 countries, 40 per cent population coverage) | 3.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (25 countries, 76 per cent population coverage) | 6.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia (5 countries, 81 per cent population coverage) | 1.5 |
| Southern Asia (4 countries, 83 per cent population coverage) | 1.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries (13 countries, 66 per cent population coverage) | 4.2 |
| Least developed countries (25 countries, 77 per cent population coverage) | 4.8 |

¹The number of countries with comparable survey data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of women aged 18-29 are presented in parentheses.

²The figure represents less than 50 per cent of the global population, and thus should be interpreted with caution.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) conducted in the 2005-2017 period.

Source: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) global databases, 2019.

Target 16.3

Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all

Indicator 16.3.2

Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population

Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2003-2005</i> | <i>2012-2014</i> | <i>2015-2017</i> |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| World | 31.9 | 29.7 | 30.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 44.2 | 41.0 | 40.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 43.9 | 23.1 | 22.7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 68.0 | 59.6 | 62.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 31.7 | 29.3 | 30.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 40.9 | 42.6 | 40.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 20.0 | 21.8 | 28.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 27.5 | 32.0 | 35.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 22.2 | 19.2 | 18.9 |

Note: Figures are the averages for 3 years (2003-2005, 2012-2014, 2015-2017).

Source: United Nations Survey on Crime Trends and Operations of Criminal Justice Systems, United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC); World Prison Brief-Institute for Criminal Policy Research (WPB-ICPR).

Target 16.5

Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms

Indicator 16.5.2

Proportion of businesses that had at least one contact with a public official and that paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials during the previous 12 months

Bribery incidence (proportion of firms experiencing at least one bribe payment request)¹

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World | 19.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 23.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 21.2 |
| Northern Africa | 19.5 |
| Western Asia | 21.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 32.5 |
| Central Asia | 37.3 |
| Southern Asia | 29.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 32.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 25.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 33.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.7 |
| Oceania | 21.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 21.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 11.2 |
| Europe | 11.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 22.6 |
| Least developed countries | 28.9 |
| Small island developing States | 14.4 |

¹Regional averages are computed by taking a simple average of country-level point estimates. For each country, only the latest available year of survey data in the 2006-2018 period is used in this computation.

Source: World Development Indicators database, the World Bank

Target 16.8

Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance

Indicator 16.8.1

Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organisations

(a) Proportion of developing countries in the membership of international organisations

(Percentage)

| <i>International Organisations</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| African Development Bank | 77.9 | 77.9 | 77.9 | 77.5 | ... |
| Asian Development Bank | 69.5 | 68.8 | 68.7 | 68.7 | ... |
| Financial Stability Board | ... | ... | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 58.7 | 59.6 | 60.4 | 60.4 | ... |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 75.3 | 75.0 | 74.3 | 74.5 | 74.6 |
| International Finance Corporation | 74.9 | 74.7 | 74.2 | 74.5 | 74.5 |

| International Organisations | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2018 |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| International Monetary Fund | 74.7 | 74.6 | 74.2 | 74.5 | 74.6 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63.0 | 68.5 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 66.7 |
| UN General Assembly | 74.6 | 74.3 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 74.1 |
| UN Security Council | 53.3 | 46.7 | 53.3 | 53.3 | ... |
| World Trade Organisation | 72.1 | 71.1 | 71.2 | 71.3 | 72.0 |

Note: There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe with Israel and Cyprus are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, aggregated data for this indicator will provisionally include all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

Source: Data compiled by the Financing for Development Office (FFDO), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations

(b) Proportion of developing countries in the voting rights at international organisations

(Percentage)

| International Organisations | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2018 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| African Development Bank | 62.7 | 63.4 | 63.9 | 62.8 | ... |
| Asian Development Bank | 58.3 | 57.9 | 53.8 | 58.1 | ... |
| Financial Stability Board | ... | ... | 38.5 | 43.9 | 43.9 |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 50.1 | 50.1 | 50.1 | 50.1 | ... |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 38.2 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 39.7 |
| International Finance Corporation | 30.1 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 32.2 | 32.1 |
| International Monetary Fund | 31.3 | 32.1 | 33.4 | 35.2 | 37.7 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63.0 | 68.5 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 66.7 |
| UN General Assembly | 74.6 | 74.3 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 74.1 |
| UN Security Council | 53.3 | 46.7 | 53.3 | 53.3 | ... |
| World Trade Organisation | 72.1 | 71.1 | 71.2 | 71.3 | 72.0 |

Note: There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe with Israel and Cyprus are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, aggregated data for this indicator will provisionally include all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

Source: Data compiled by the Financing for Development Office (FFDO), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

Target 16.9

By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration

Indicator 16.9.1

Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age

Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered¹

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2018 |
|--|-------------|
| World (161 countries, 84 per cent population coverage) | 72.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (43 countries, 98 per cent population coverage) | 45.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia (17 countries, 87 per cent population coverage) | 89.1 |
| Northern Africa (5 countries, 98 per cent population coverage) | 92.0 |
| Western Asia (12 countries, 76 per cent population coverage) | 85.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia (11 countries, 97 per cent population coverage) | 68.0 |

| Regions | 2018 |
|--|-------------|
| Central Asia (4 countries, 59 per cent population coverage) | 98.3 |
| Southern Asia (7 countries, 99 per cent population coverage) | 67.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia (8 countries, 95 per cent population coverage) | 82.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (28 countries, 100 per cent population coverage) | 94.2 |
| Oceania (9 countries, 64 per cent population coverage) | 98.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand (2 countries, 100 per cent population coverage) | 100.0 |
| Europe and Northern America (43 countries, 98 per cent population coverage) | 100.0 |
| Europe (41 countries, 97 per cent population coverage) | 100.0 |
| Northern America (2 countries, 100 per cent population coverage) | 100.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries (30 countries, 95 per cent population coverage) | 41.5 |
| Least developed countries (43 countries, 98 per cent population coverage) | 40.0 |
| Small island developing States (23 countries, 73 per cent population coverage) | 83.5 |

¹The number of countries with comparable data included in the regional aggregations and regional population coverage of children under age 5 are presented in parentheses.

Note: Based on the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS), other national surveys, censuses and vital registration systems conducted in the 2010-2018 period.

Source: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) global databases, 2019.

Target 16.10

Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements

Indicator 16.10.1

Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months

Number of cases of killings of human rights defenders, journalists and trade unionists

| Regions | 2015¹ | | 2016² | | 2017³ | | 2018⁴ | |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> | <i>Female</i> | <i>Male</i> |
| World | 49 | 314 | 49 | 351 | 50 | 325 | 39 | 358 |

¹Incidents that occurred from 1 Jan to 31 December 2015.

²Incidents that occurred from 1 Jan to 31 December 2016.

³Incidents that occurred from 1 Jan to 31 December 2017.

⁴Incidents that occurred from 1 Jan to 31 October 2018.

Note: Data compiled as of 28 February 2019.

Source: The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) in collaboration with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) and the International Labour Organisation of the United Nations (ILO).

Indicator 16.10.2

Number of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information

Number of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information

(Number)

| Regions | 2019 |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| World | 125 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 12 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 12 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 9 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2019</i> |
|--|-------------|
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 23 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 4 |
| Europe and Northern America | 43 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 21 |
| Least developed countries | 20 |
| Small island developing States | 16 |

Note: Data as of 28 February 2019. Reference year represents the year of data compilation.

Source: Data compiled by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).

Target 16.a

Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime

Indicator 16.a.1

Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles

(a) Proportion of countries with independent National Human Rights Institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 16.2 | 27.9 | 32.9 | 35.5 | 39.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 18.8 | 35.4 | 27.1 | 33.3 | 39.6 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 8.3 | 12.5 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 29.2 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 7.1 | 14.3 | 21.4 | 21.4 | 28.6 |
| Southern Asia | 11.1 | 22.2 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 44.4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 11.8 | 35.3 | 41.2 | 35.3 | 35.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 18.2 | 36.4 | 45.5 | 36.4 | 36.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 23.5 | 32.4 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 8.3 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 15.2 | 28.3 | 39.1 | 45.7 | 52.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 12.5 | 31.3 | 34.4 | 34.4 | 37.5 |
| Least developed countries | 12.5 | 22.9 | 20.8 | 27.1 | 31.3 |
| Small island developing States | 2.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 7.9 | 10.5 |

Source: The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) in collaboration with the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions (GANHRI).

(b) Proportion of countries that applied for accreditation as independent National Human Rights Institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 21.3 | 35.5 | 45.2 | 54.3 | 59.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 18.8 | 39.6 | 41.7 | 47.9 | 57.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 8.3 | 12.5 | 41.7 | 58.3 | 62.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 21.4 | 28.6 | 42.9 | 71.4 | 71.4 |
| Southern Asia | 33.3 | 44.4 | 66.7 | 77.8 | 77.8 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 17.7 | 41.2 | 47.1 | 52.9 | 52.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 18.2 | 36.4 | 45.5 | 54.5 | 54.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 26.5 | 41.2 | 50.0 | 52.9 | 55.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 8.3 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 28.3 | 43.5 | 56.5 | 67.4 | 73.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 12.5 | 34.4 | 43.8 | 59.4 | 65.6 |
| Least developed countries | 12.5 | 27.1 | 31.3 | 43.8 | 50.0 |
| Small island developing States | 2.6 | 10.5 | 15.8 | 18.4 | 21.1 |

Source: The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) in collaboration with the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions (GANHRI).

Goal 17 Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

Target 17.1

Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection

Indicator 17.1.1

Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source

Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source

(Percentage)

| Regions | 2000 | | 2010 | | 2015 | | 2017 | |
|--|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | Tax | non-Tax | Tax | non-Tax | Tax | non-Tax | Tax | non-Tax |
| World | 17.9 | 7.7 | 17.7 | 11.1 | 18.4 | 10.6 | 19.4 | 10.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 17.4 | 7.0 | 15.2 | 9.6 | 17.7 | 6.0 | 16.9 | 5.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 19.1 | 8.8 | 16.2 | 12.3 | 13.6 | 8.9 | 18.7 | 7.3 |
| Northern Africa | 23.4 | 3.5 | 19.3 | 4.7 | 13.9 | 4.7 | 21.7 | 4.6 |
| Western Asia | 14.7 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 19.9 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 15.7 | 10.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 11.2 | 5.7 | 14.1 | 11.8 | 15.4 | 10.6 | 15.9 | 10.5 |
| Central Asia | 13.2 | 1.9 | 17.3 | 6.7 | 19.4 | 9.6 | 18.5 | 9.6 |
| Southern Asia | 9.2 | 9.5 | 10.8 | 16.9 | 11.4 | 11.6 | 13.3 | 11.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 14.2 | 6.3 | 17.0 | 6.5 | 15.6 | 9.4 | 16.8 | 9.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 14.5 | 8.4 | 20.4 | 8.8 | 19.2 | 10.6 | 21.5 | 11.8 |
| South-eastern Asia | 13.9 | 4.3 | 13.6 | 4.2 | 12.0 | 8.2 | 12.0 | 7.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 18.1 | 6.5 | 17.6 | 8.0 | 18.5 | 6.6 | 18.7 | 7.5 |
| Oceania | 20.2 | 5.3 | 21.4 | 15.5 | 23.7 | 18.4 | 24.4 | 18.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 27.8 | 4.4 | 26.5 | 7.0 | 28.6 | 6.7 | 28.6 | 6.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 12.6 | 6.3 | 16.2 | 24.0 | 18.9 | 30.1 | 20.3 | 30.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 25.4 | 14.4 | 22.7 | 14.2 | 24.1 | 14.2 | 24.6 | 13.2 |
| Europe | 24.6 | 15.7 | 23.4 | 16.8 | 24.2 | 16.7 | 24.7 | 14.8 |
| Northern America | 26.1 | 13.0 | 22.0 | 11.7 | 24.0 | 11.8 | 24.5 | 11.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.0 | 3.6 | 13.0 | 11.1 | 14.7 | 8.8 | 14.8 | 8.0 |
| Least developed countries | 3.5 | 2.9 | 11.1 | 10.6 | 11.6 | 10.5 | 11.5 | 8.9 |
| Small island developing countries | 8.9 | 4.0 | 15.9 | 10.6 | 16.9 | 14.7 | 16.9 | 15.0 |

Source: Government Finance Statistics (GFS) Database classified according to the Government Finance Statistics Manual 2014 (GFSM 2014) revenue classification, International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Indicator 17.1.2

Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes

Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes

(Percentage of GDP)

| Regions | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2017 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 69.4 | 68.9 | 63.8 | 64.0 | 65.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 75.5 | 63.3 | 60.7 | 65.4 | 66.7 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 65.0 | 63.5 | 54.9 | 55.2 | 64.2 |
| Northern Africa | 89.3 | 78.8 | 67.4 | 64.7 | 73.2 |
| Western Asia | 40.8 | 48.2 | 42.4 | 45.7 | 55.1 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 66.9 | 66.5 | 74.0 | 64.5 | 61.3 |
| Central Asia | 88.4 | 85.8 | 95.7 | 68.6 | 63.8 |
| Southern Asia | 45.3 | 47.3 | 52.4 | 60.5 | 58.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 66.0 | 75.2 | 81.4 | 68.9 | 73.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 52.6 | 71.2 | 88.1 | 74.6 | 80.2 |
| South-eastern Asia | 79.4 | 79.1 | 74.7 | 63.2 | 65.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 69.4 | 72.3 | 66.3 | 69.9 | 68.5 |
| Oceania | 76.3 | 78.8 | 57.4 | 64.1 | 65.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 89.9 | 79.6 | 70.2 | 77.8 | 80.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 62.7 | 78.1 | 44.7 | 50.4 | 50.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 66.5 | 62.3 | 52.0 | 59.8 | 61.8 |
| Europe | 60.4 | 60.4 | 52.3 | 56.9 | 60.0 |
| Northern America | 72.5 | 64.1 | 51.7 | 62.6 | 63.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 57.5 | 55.4 | 57.0 | 59.7 | 58.9 |
| Least developed countries | 52.9 | 53.5 | 54.3 | 56.6 | 56.0 |
| Small island developing countries | 72.3 | 72.1 | 63.1 | 65.0 | 65.0 |

Source: Government Finance Statistics (GFS) Database classified according to the Government Finance Statistics Manual 2014 (GFSM 2014) revenue classification, International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Target 17.2

Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to Least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries

Indicator 17.2.1

Net official development assistance, total and to least developed countries, as a proportion of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee donors' gross national income (GNI)

Total net official development assistance (ODA) from DAC donors

(Billions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total net ODA | 72.9 | 118.1 | 122.9 | 147.2 | 143.2* |
| Total net ODA to landlocked developing countries | 11.1 | 16.2 | 22.6 | 24.7 | ... |
| Total net ODA to least developed countries | 19.1 | 28.1 | 41.8 | 42.8 | ... |
| Total net ODA to small island developing states | 3.0 | 3.0 | 6.4 | 3.9 | ... |

* Preliminary data.

Note: The Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the OECD measures the headline ODA data as of 2018 on a grant equivalent basis. See here for more details: <http://www.oecd.org/dac/financing-sustainable-development/development-finance-standards/officialdevelopmentassistancedefinitionandcoverage.htm>

Source: DAC Statistics database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Target 17.3**Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources****Indicator 17.3.2****Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP****Personal remittances (personal transfers and compensation of employees) received as a proportion of total GDP**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 0.37 | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.77 | 0.73 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.25 | 2.92 | 2.41 | 2.79 | 2.80 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 2.22 | 1.71 | 1.65 | 1.68 | 1.81 |
| Northern Africa | 2.73 | 3.29 | 3.87 | 3.97 | 5.13 |
| Western Asia | ... | 1.23 | 1.02 | 1.03 | 0.97 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 2.38 | 2.73 | 3.24 | 3.73 | 3.07 |
| Central Asia | ... | 1.36 | 2.91 | 2.39 | 2.36 |
| Southern Asia | 2.44 | 2.80 | 3.26 | 3.86 | 3.11 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.24 | 0.39 | 0.44 | 0.61 | 0.50 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.09 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 0.32 | 0.21 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.29 | 3.11 | 2.48 | 2.97 | 2.80 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.92 | 1.81 | 1.10 | 1.41 | 1.55 |
| Oceania | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.20 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.16 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | ... | ... | 2.32 | 2.26 | 2.29 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.21 | 0.28 | 0.35 | 0.37 | 0.38 |
| Europe | 0.41 | 0.49 | 0.60 | 0.71 | 0.73 |
| Northern America | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.15 | 3.74 | 3.98 | 3.88 | 3.81 |
| Least developed countries | 3.78 | 4.50 | 4.13 | 4.50 | 3.96 |

*Source: World Development Indicators database, the World Bank.***Target 17.4****Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress****Indicator 17.4.1****Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services****Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services¹**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9.1 | 8.5 | 2.5 | 4.7 | 5.5 |
| Northern Africa | 15.9 | 10.4 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 8.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 13.2 | 8.6 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 4.3 |
| Central Asia | 8.9 | 4.1 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 3.5 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Southern Asia | 13.6 | 9.4 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 4.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 19.7 | 15.9 | 6.5 | 8.9 | 9.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 6.0 | ... | ... | 3.7 | 1.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 8.2 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 3.9 | 5.2 |
| Least developed countries | 12.4 | 7.0 | 3.6 | 7.1 | 6.5 |

¹Data cover only long-term public and publicly guaranteed debt and repayments (repurchases and charges) to the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Source: World Development Indicators database, the World Bank.

Target 17.6

Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism

Indicator 17.6.2

Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed

(a) Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants

(Subscriptions per 100 inhabitants)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 3.68 | 7.74 | 11.48 | 13.65 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.04 | 0.19 | 0.38 | 0.33 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.04 | 3.90 | 7.01 | 8.57 |
| Northern Africa | 0.30 | 1.68 | 3.52 | 4.70 |
| Western Asia | 1.83 | 5.84 | 10.54 | 11.93 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.10 | 0.82 | 1.88 | 2.32 |
| Central Asia | 0.03 | 1.61 | 6.27 | 8.70 |
| Southern Asia | 0.10 | 0.79 | 1.71 | 2.08 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3.88 | 9.22 | 16.48 | 21.94 |
| Eastern Asia | 5.18 | 11.79 | 21.39 | 28.64 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.38 | 2.42 | 4.02 | 5.17 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.57 | 6.68 | 10.63 | 11.92 |
| Oceania | 8.71 | 18.41 | 21.40 | 23.85 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 9.48 | 24.92 | 29.14 | 32.60 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.17 | 1.13 | 1.44 | 1.46 |
| Europe and Northern America | 11.56 | 23.66 | 29.56 | 31.73 |
| Europe | 7.51 | 21.72 | 28.18 | 30.48 |
| Northern America | 17.58 | 27.82 | 32.41 | 34.27 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.03 | 0.61 | 1.92 | 2.26 |
| Least developed countries | 0.01 | 0.11 | 0.75 | 0.97 |
| Small island developing States | 3.36 | 5.75 | 6.41 | 6.79 |

Source: Data based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database, International Telecommunication Union (ITU)

(b) Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed

(Subscriptions per 100 inhabitants)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>256 kbit/s to less than 2 Mbit/s subscriptions</i> | | <i>2 Mbit/s to less than 10 Mbit/s subscriptions</i> | | <i>Equal to or above 10 Mbit/s subscriptions</i> | |
|--|---|-------------|--|-------------|--|-------------|
| | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 0.87 | 0.58 | 3.88 | 1.84 | 8.36 | 11.87 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.29 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.09 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.97 | 2.12 | 2.65 | 2.49 | 2.99 | 3.73 |
| Northern Africa | 2.20 | 1.95 | 1.78 | 1.88 | 0.13 | 0.81 |
| Western Asia | 1.76 | 2.28 | 3.48 | 3.11 | 5.71 | 6.36 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.96 | 0.50 | 0.74 | 1.14 | 0.19 | 0.69 |
| Central Asia | 3.55 | 3.49 | 1.81 | 4.01 | 2.05 | 3.29 |
| Southern Asia | 0.89 | 0.41 | 0.71 | 1.05 | 0.13 | 0.61 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 0.23 | 0.21 | 6.66 | 0.92 | 12.62 | 21.31 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.19 | 0.08 | 7.26 | 1.03 | 13.88 | 27.46 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.60 | 0.61 | 1.32 | 0.61 | 1.34 | 2.90 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.84 | 1.88 | 4.93 | 4.76 | 3.83 | 5.74 |
| Oceania | 0.58 | 0.05 | 7.51 | 0.22 | 40.16 | 46.08 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.47 | ... | 7.78 | 0.05 | 42.15 | 48.37 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 3.02 | 1.25 | 1.51 | 3.78 | 3.52 | 3.55 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.77 | 0.40 | 6.28 | 4.19 | 22.97 | 26.90 |
| Europe | 0.83 | 0.45 | 6.07 | 3.92 | 21.89 | 25.77 |
| Northern America | 0.63 | 0.31 | 6.71 | 4.74 | 25.06 | 29.22 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.96 | 0.83 | 0.67 | 0.81 | 0.59 | 0.66 |
| Least developed countries | 0.56 | 0.31 | 0.27 | 0.65 | 0.12 | 0.14 |
| Small island developing States | 3.10 | 1.30 | 4.55 | 3.02 | 8.02 | 5.41 |

*Source: Data based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database, International Telecommunication Union (ITU)***Target 17.8**

Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for Least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology

Indicator 17.8.1**Proportion of individuals using the Internet****Proportion of individuals using the Internet**

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 6.7 | 15.6 | 28.7 | 42.8 | 48.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.5 | 2.1 | 6.5 | 17.7 | 21.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 2.1 | 10.4 | 28.8 | 45.2 | 54.5 |
| Northern Africa | 0.6 | 9.6 | 24.6 | 38.9 | 45.5 |
| Western Asia | 3.6 | 11.1 | 32.4 | 50.7 | 62.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 0.5 | 2.8 | 8.0 | 24.9 | 32.2 |
| Central Asia | 0.5 | 3.3 | 18.5 | 43.8 | 51.0 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Southern Asia | 0.5 | 2.8 | 7.6 | 24.2 | 31.5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 5.0 | 13.9 | 33.9 | 49.0 | 54.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 6.0 | 16.2 | 39.5 | 54.5 | 59.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.4 | 8.7 | 18.8 | 35.0 | 44.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3.9 | 16.6 | 34.7 | 54.5 | 62.1 |
| Oceania | 35.1 | 47.2 | 57.6 | 65.9 | 68.4 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 46.9 | 63.0 | 76.7 | 85.2 | 87.2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 1.8 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 16.3 | 20.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 24.0 | 49.0 | 64.9 | 74.7 | 77.9 |
| Europe | 15.3 | 40.2 | 61.4 | 74.0 | 78.4 |
| Northern America | 43.9 | 68.3 | 72.6 | 76.0 | 77.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.3 | 2.0 | 8.8 | 20.9 | 25.7 |
| Least developed countries | 0.1 | 0.8 | 4.1 | 13.2 | 17.8 |
| Small island developing States | 5.2 | 14.2 | 24.0 | 37.8 | 44.2 |

Source: Data based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database, International Telecommunication Union (ITU)

Target 17.9

Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation

Indicator 17.9.1

Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) disbursed to developing countries

Total official development assistance (gross disbursements) for technical cooperation

(Millions of constant 2017 United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000¹</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total ODA | 19,709.1 | 18,438.1 | 29,999.2 | 33,404.1 | 33,514.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3,899.4 | 3,411.2 | 4,652.5 | 5,336.9 | 5,570.7 |
| Northern Africa | 1,162.0 | 1,091.7 | 1,283.2 | 1,856.3 | 2,167.8 |
| Western Asia | 1,439.5 | 4,600.0 | 2,441.8 | 2,541.5 | 3,163.3 |
| Central Asia | 252.8 | 111.1 | 605.2 | 920.1 | 563.9 |
| Southern Asia | 1,487.4 | 1,946.7 | 4,102.4 | 3,980.8 | 3,543.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 361.3 | 304.8 | 602.9 | 746.3 | 1,166.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 888.0 | 1,259.7 | 3,437.6 | 5,652.2 | 2,403.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7,567.9 | 1,813.6 | 6,350.3 | 5,227.7 | 7,089.1 |
| Oceania | 257.9 | 400.4 | 478.6 | 415.2 | 409.1 |
| Europe | 626.3 | 963.0 | 872.2 | 966.4 | 1,006.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3,083.2 | 2,513.9 | 4,367.2 | 4,467.8 | 4,634.8 |
| Least developed countries | 3,416.3 | 4,004.4 | 5,747.5 | 6,373.0 | 5,976.4 |
| Small island developing States | 1,225.1 | 736.8 | 1,252.9 | 1,449.6 | 798.4 |
| Residual/Unallocated ODA | 1,766.6 | 2,535.8 | 5,172.5 | 5,760.6 | 6,430.6 |

¹Based on commitments.

Note: Only the country-specific ODA are included in the regional aggregations. Unallocated ODA to multiple countries/regions are presented in "Residual/Unallocated ODA" row.

Source: Creditor Reporting System (CRS) database, 2019, The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

Target 17.10

Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organisation, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda

Indicator 17.10.1

Worldwide weighted tariff-average

(a) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of all products

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.3 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
| Northern Africa | 10.9 | 9.9 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 13.5 | 12.2 | 11.0 | 10.4 |
| Western Asia | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 12.8 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 7.2 | 13.4 | 8.1 | 9.2 | 8.1 |
| Central Asia | 3.9 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 2.8 | 7.8 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 3.2 |
| Southern Asia | 13.9 | 7.8 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 14.0 | 8.0 | 9.2 | 8.4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 4.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 4.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 7.3 | 7.1 |
| Oceania | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 8.6 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 11.9 | 10.0 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 12.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Europe | 2.3 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Northern America | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.7 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 7.4 |
| Least developed countries | 9.9 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 11.1 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 9.6 |
| Small island developing States | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 |

¹Under the preferential status.

²Under the most-favoured-nation status.

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(b) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of agriculture products

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 12.9 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 16.2 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 9.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 11.8 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 11.7 | 14.6 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 15.1 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 11.8 | 12.1 | 10.8 | 11.1 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 12.5 | 13.6 |
| Northern Africa | 13.7 | 16.3 | 9.8 | 8.9 | 16.1 | 18.3 | 11.5 | 11.2 |
| Western Asia | 10.9 | 10.2 | 11.2 | 12.0 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 13.0 | 14.6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 27.1 | 19.6 | 22.5 | 14.6 | 28.6 | 21.1 | 24.0 | 16.8 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| Central Asia | 8.6 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 3.3 | 16.7 | 14.6 | 14.0 | 5.1 |
| Southern Asia | 29.3 | 21.0 | 23.7 | 15.4 | 30.1 | 21.8 | 24.9 | 17.5 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 21.8 | 15.6 | 12.9 | 12.0 | 22.6 | 16.9 | 16.1 | 18.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 25.1 | 17.8 | 15.2 | 14.1 | 25.4 | 18.6 | 18.0 | 18.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 4.2 | 20.7 | 21.2 | 16.3 | 13.6 |
| Oceania | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.9 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 9.8 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 24.1 | 10.8 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 24.6 |
| Europe and Northern America | 8.7 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 11.7 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| Europe | 12.2 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 16.0 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| Northern America | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 8.1 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 13.9 | 13.3 | 12.8 | 11.3 |
| Least developed countries | 9.6 | 9.2 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 12.2 | 10.5 |
| Small island developing States | 7.5 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 8.6 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 8.9 |

¹Under the preferential status.

²Under the most-favoured-nation status.

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(c) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of arms

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 5.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 5.5 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 18.8 | 15.6 | 16.6 | 14.4 | 19.0 | 15.7 | 16.9 | 15.4 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 6.2 | 7.1 | 4.7 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 7.8 |
| Northern Africa | 24.6 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 24.0 | 25.7 | 10.3 | 16.8 | 27.5 |
| Western Asia | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.4 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 35.6 | 17.9 | 10.4 | 10.8 | 35.6 | 19.0 | 14.8 | 10.9 |
| Central Asia | 14.4 | 5.1 | 5.0 | | 14.5 | 6.2 | 5.0 | |
| Southern Asia | 35.7 | 18.4 | 13.5 | 10.8 | 35.7 | 19.5 | 20.4 | 10.9 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 3.7 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 3.7 | 7.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 13.7 | 13.0 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 16.9 | 15.8 | 12.0 | 14.6 |
| Oceania | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.8 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 18.5 | 19.8 | 26.2 | 30.0 | 19.4 | 20.8 | 26.3 | 30.2 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Europe | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Northern America | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 25.9 | 13.2 | 18.9 | 16.2 | 26.5 | 14.0 | 21.0 | 17.5 |
| Least developed countries | 25.4 | 20.3 | 21.7 | 19.4 | 25.7 | 20.8 | 23.6 | 20.6 |
| Small island developing States | 18.1 | 18.7 | 17.9 | 20.8 | 18.3 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 21.1 |

¹Under the preferential status.

²Under the most-favoured-nation status.

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(d) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of clothing

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 9.2 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 13.0 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 10.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 31.6 | 29.3 | 23.1 | 23.6 | 38.3 | 31.7 | 26.9 | 27.9 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 10.4 | 8.6 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 12.7 | 11.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 |
| Northern Africa | 27.3 | 23.5 | 17.9 | 18.7 | 31.4 | 28.5 | 23.1 | 29.3 |
| Western Asia | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 6.7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 22.2 | 18.1 | 17.9 | 15.4 | 23.0 | 18.5 | 19.1 | 16.6 |
| Central Asia | 10.6 | 12.4 | 17.1 | 7.2 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 17.7 | 7.8 |
| Southern Asia | 27.8 | 22.8 | 18.5 | 18.2 | 28.3 | 23.3 | 20.2 | 19.6 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 8.0 | 8.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 8.0 | 8.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 12.5 | 16.9 | 15.8 | 14.2 | 22.7 | 22.1 | 20.7 | 18.7 |
| Oceania | 15.3 | 15.3 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 15.2 | 15.3 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 16.3 | 16.2 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 18.3 | 20.3 | 21.4 | 15.8 | 19.5 | 21.0 | 21.7 | 15.9 |
| Europe and Northern America | 9.6 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 14.0 | 10.1 | 10.8 | 10.5 |
| Europe | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 11.5 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 |
| Northern America | 14.0 | 12.9 | 13.4 | 13.0 | 16.4 | 16.7 | 17.5 | 17.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 22.8 | 14.6 | 17.4 | 14.0 | 33.1 | 16.8 | 19.8 | 16.3 |
| Least developed countries | 25.3 | 20.2 | 19.5 | 22.5 | 28.2 | 22.4 | 21.2 | 24.4 |
| Small island developing States | 5.5 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 |

¹Under the preferential status.²Under the most-favoured-nation status.

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(e) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of industrial products

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.9 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 7.2 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.7 |
| Northern Africa | 9.6 | 8.4 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 11.9 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10.0 |
| Western Asia | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 11.4 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 11.8 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.0 |
| Central Asia | 3.4 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 2.5 | 6.8 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 2.7 |
| Southern Asia | 12.4 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 7.4 | 12.4 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 3.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 3.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4.9 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Oceania | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 8.2 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 8.5 | 9.8 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 9.3 |
| Europe and Northern America | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Europe | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 2.9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Northern America | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 6.4 |
| Least developed countries | 9.4 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 10.5 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 8.4 |
| Small island developing States | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 |

¹Under the preferential status.

²Under the most-favoured-nation status.

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(f) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of oil

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.6 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 1.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| Northern Africa | 4.1 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 8.6 | 5.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 1.9 | 2.7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 3.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 4.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Central Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 3.3 | 20.0 | 0.0 |
| Southern Asia | 4.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 4.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Oceania | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.2 |
| Europe and Northern America | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Europe | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Northern America | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.0 | 2.1 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 6.6 | 4.7 |
| Least developed countries | 3.7 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 3.0 |
| Small island developing States | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

¹Under the preferential status.

²Under the most-favoured-nation status.

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(g) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of textile

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| World | 6.8 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 15.1 | 14.4 | 14.1 | 13.9 | 17.0 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 15.4 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Preferential¹</i> | | | | <i>MFN²</i> | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 9.1 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 11.7 | 8.6 | 7.3 | 7.2 |
| Northern Africa | 22.6 | 13.4 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 26.9 | 16.6 | 12.1 | 11.8 |
| Western Asia | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 17.6 | 14.5 | 15.7 | 14.3 | 18.0 | 14.9 | 16.0 | 15.2 |
| Central Asia | 11.7 | 13.0 | 14.1 | 5.6 | 16.6 | 15.0 | 15.5 | 6.1 |
| Southern Asia | 18.0 | 14.6 | 15.8 | 14.8 | 18.1 | 14.9 | 16.1 | 15.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 7.5 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 8.6 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 7.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 5.7 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.8 | 10.0 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 14.0 | 15.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Oceania | 5.7 | 6.1 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 5.7 | 6.0 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 7.0 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 8.1 |
| Europe and Northern America | 4.9 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 7.5 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| Europe | 3.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 6.7 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Northern America | 6.5 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 9.7 | 10.6 | 11.1 | 9.1 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 11.2 |
| Least developed countries | 13.7 | 15.8 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 14.7 | 16.4 | 15.6 | 16.7 |
| Small island developing States | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.9 |

¹Under the preferential status.

²Under the most-favoured-nation status.

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

Target 17.11

Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the Least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020

Indicator 17.11.1

Developing countries' and Least developed countries' share of global exports

(a) Share of global services exports

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.08 | 1.15 | 1.20 | 1.20 | 1.19 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4.90 | 4.87 | 5.08 | 5.75 | 5.80 |
| Northern Africa | 1.10 | 1.16 | 1.23 | 0.85 | 0.85 |
| Western Asia | 3.80 | 3.70 | 3.85 | 4.89 | 4.95 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 1.61 | 2.60 | 3.85 | 4.12 | 4.32 |
| Central Asia | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.23 | 0.31 | 0.28 |
| Southern Asia | 2.85 | 4.86 | 7.24 | 7.62 | 8.09 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 15.56 | 15.76 | 18.94 | 19.90 | 19.61 |
| Eastern Asia | 11.35 | 11.46 | 13.45 | 13.34 | 12.86 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 8.40 | 8.59 | 10.98 | 13.12 | 13.48 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.34 | 7.03 | 6.93 | 6.99 | 6.93 |
| Oceania | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.47 | 1.59 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.65 | 1.59 | 1.62 | 1.40 | 1.51 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.12 | 0.23 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.16 |
| Europe and Northern America | 71.06 | 70.40 | 65.76 | 64.07 | 64.02 |
| Europe | 49.70 | 54.05 | 49.40 | 47.15 | 47.78 |
| Northern America | 21.01 | 16.35 | 16.36 | 16.93 | 16.24 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.51 | 0.50 | 0.69 | 0.81 | 0.79 |
| Least developed countries | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.62 | 0.77 | 0.74 |
| Small island developing States | 2.76 | 2.94 | 3.57 | 4.12 | 4.03 |

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(b) Share of global merchandise exports

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.44 | 1.85 | 2.25 | 1.72 | 1.70 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 5.05 | 6.54 | 7.37 | 6.62 | 6.42 |
| Northern Africa | 0.85 | 1.11 | 1.16 | 0.64 | 0.64 |
| Western Asia | 4.19 | 5.42 | 6.21 | 5.98 | 5.78 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 1.68 | 2.17 | 3.01 | 2.83 | 2.99 |
| Central Asia | 0.24 | 0.37 | 0.53 | 0.42 | 0.39 |
| Southern Asia | 1.44 | 1.80 | 2.48 | 2.41 | 2.61 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 26.17 | 26.60 | 29.71 | 32.63 | 32.34 |
| Eastern Asia | 19.51 | 20.35 | 22.85 | 25.60 | 24.92 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6.67 | 6.25 | 6.86 | 7.02 | 7.42 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 5.70 | 5.58 | 5.82 | 5.58 | 5.62 |
| Oceania | 1.28 | 1.28 | 1.65 | 1.41 | 1.59 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.20 | 1.22 | 1.59 | 1.34 | 1.52 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Europe and Northern America | 58.68 | 55.98 | 50.19 | 49.21 | 49.33 |
| Europe | 42.27 | 43.96 | 39.29 | 37.63 | 38.22 |
| Northern America | 16.41 | 12.02 | 10.90 | 11.58 | 11.11 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.53 | 0.74 | 1.08 | 0.94 | 0.91 |
| Least developed countries | 0.56 | 0.78 | 1.06 | 0.93 | 0.99 |
| Small island developing States | 2.56 | 2.55 | 2.58 | 2.38 | 2.37 |

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(c) Share of global service imports

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.69 | 1.99 | 2.80 | 2.43 | 2.19 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 5.67 | 5.69 | 7.35 | 8.00 | 7.58 |
| Northern Africa | 0.89 | 0.96 | 1.19 | 0.95 | 0.90 |
| Western Asia | 4.77 | 4.73 | 6.15 | 7.05 | 6.67 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 2.39 | 3.67 | 4.40 | 3.78 | 4.20 |
| Central Asia | 0.27 | 0.41 | 0.43 | 0.36 | 0.32 |
| Southern Asia | 4.24 | 6.53 | 7.95 | 6.84 | 7.76 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 21.44 | 19.70 | 20.72 | 24.45 | 24.32 |
| Eastern Asia | 15.90 | 14.32 | 14.78 | 17.70 | 17.71 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| South-Eastern Asia | 11.10 | 10.76 | 11.88 | 13.50 | 13.22 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.44 | 7.46 | 9.14 | 8.87 | 8.41 |
| Oceania | 1.65 | 1.73 | 1.92 | 1.64 | 1.64 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.56 | 1.59 | 1.77 | 1.55 | 1.56 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.17 | 0.29 | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.17 |
| Europe and Northern America | 62.29 | 63.49 | 58.24 | 55.27 | 55.86 |
| Europe | 45.56 | 49.32 | 44.98 | 43.01 | 43.41 |
| Northern America | 16.56 | 14.17 | 13.26 | 12.25 | 12.45 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.71 | 0.94 | 1.13 | 1.24 | 1.16 |
| Least developed countries | 0.88 | 1.09 | 1.60 | 1.55 | 1.42 |
| Small island developing States | 2.59 | 2.76 | 3.24 | 3.99 | 3.85 |

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(d) Share of global merchandise imports

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.21 | 1.55 | 1.95 | 2.15 | 1.89 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 4.00 | 4.82 | 5.89 | 6.89 | 6.39 |
| Northern Africa | 0.74 | 0.83 | 1.16 | 1.17 | 1.08 |
| Western Asia | 3.26 | 3.99 | 4.73 | 5.72 | 5.31 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 1.59 | 2.44 | 3.62 | 3.67 | 3.91 |
| Central Asia | 0.16 | 0.24 | 0.33 | 0.34 | 0.30 |
| Southern Asia | 1.42 | 2.20 | 3.29 | 3.33 | 3.60 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 22.62 | 23.49 | 27.09 | 27.99 | 28.46 |
| Eastern Asia | 16.90 | 17.90 | 20.91 | 21.42 | 21.46 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.72 | 5.59 | 6.18 | 6.57 | 7.00 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 5.84 | 4.99 | 5.81 | 6.17 | 5.63 |
| Oceania | 1.38 | 1.50 | 1.60 | 1.54 | 1.57 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 1.28 | 1.41 | 1.51 | 1.47 | 1.49 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Europe and Northern America | 63.36 | 61.20 | 54.04 | 51.59 | 52.16 |
| Europe | 40.74 | 42.14 | 38.64 | 35.15 | 36.31 |
| Northern America | 22.62 | 19.06 | 15.40 | 16.44 | 15.85 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.55 | 0.70 | 0.98 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Least developed countries | 0.65 | 0.81 | 1.10 | 1.43 | 1.39 |
| Small island developing States | 2.68 | 2.42 | 2.52 | 2.28 | 2.29 |

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

Target 17.12

Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all Least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organisation decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from Least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access

Indicator 17.12.1

Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States

(a) Average tariff applied by developed countries on key products from developing countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States, under the Most-favoured-nation (MFN) status

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Type of product</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Developing countries | <i>All products</i> | 2.55 | 2.31 | 2.00 | 2.13 | 2.16 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 10.71 | 11.16 | 10.45 | 9.09 | 9.03 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 1.57 | 1.54 | 1.73 | 1.83 | 1.66 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 13.17 | 11.78 | 11.72 | 11.62 | 11.45 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 2.33 | 2.11 | 1.79 | 1.94 | 1.98 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 8.30 | 7.24 | 7.11 | 7.10 | 7.14 |
| Landlocked developing countries | <i>All products</i> | 2.17 | 2.03 | 1.88 | 1.67 | 1.66 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 9.90 | 10.19 | 10.07 | 6.58 | 6.55 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 1.25 | 1.29 | 1.27 | 1.67 | 1.50 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 16.67 | 11.63 | 11.53 | 11.46 | 11.29 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 1.62 | 1.60 | 1.45 | 1.36 | 1.35 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 6.05 | 5.71 | 5.63 | 5.59 | 5.50 |
| Least developed countries | <i>All products</i> | 3.55 | 3.30 | 3.15 | 3.11 | 3.12 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 5.60 | 5.94 | 6.10 | 4.69 | 4.65 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 2.29 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.99 | 1.59 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 13.47 | 12.02 | 11.93 | 11.85 | 11.67 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 2.18 | 2.10 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1.98 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 6.80 | 6.27 | 6.20 | 6.07 | 5.98 |
| Small island developing States | <i>All products</i> | 1.36 | 1.29 | 1.20 | 1.17 | 1.34 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 19.02 | 17.18 | 16.67 | 7.00 | 7.01 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 0.95 | 0.83 | 0.83 | 0.83 | 0.74 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 13.07 | 11.96 | 11.88 | 11.76 | 11.58 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 1.09 | 1.04 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 1.17 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 7.50 | 7.01 | 6.88 | 6.76 | 6.69 |

Note: There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe with Israel and Cyprus are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, aggregated data for this indicator will provisionally include all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

(b) Average tariff applied by developed countries on key products from developing countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States, under the preferential status

(Percentage)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Type of product</i> | <i>2000</i> | <i>2005</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2017</i> |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Developing countries | <i>All products</i> | 1.64 | 1.32 | 1.05 | 1.15 | 1.18 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 9.21 | 8.82 | 7.34 | 6.55 | 6.52 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 0.92 | 0.80 | 0.97 | 0.92 | 0.88 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 10.79 | 8.36 | 8.01 | 7.71 | 7.50 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 1.43 | 1.14 | 0.88 | 1.00 | 1.04 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.29 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 6.57 | 5.30 | 5.03 | 4.94 | 4.96 |
| Landlocked developing countries | <i>All products</i> | 1.15 | 0.95 | 0.73 | 0.77 | 0.79 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 8.61 | 7.99 | 4.54 | 3.05 | 3.08 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 0.99 | 1.03 | 0.64 | 0.52 | 0.54 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 12.20 | 4.86 | 4.77 | 5.31 | 4.92 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 0.58 | 0.61 | 0.53 | 0.62 | 0.65 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 4.58 | 3.16 | 3.06 | 3.11 | 2.99 |
| Least developed countries | <i>All products</i> | 1.54 | 1.18 | 1.11 | 1.16 | 1.10 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 4.25 | 3.65 | 1.89 | 1.55 | 1.45 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 0.95 | 0.82 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 0.73 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 7.79 | 5.97 | 6.25 | 5.96 | 5.76 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 0.54 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 0.46 | 0.41 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 3.86 | 2.69 | 2.61 | 2.50 | 2.35 |
| Small island developing States | <i>All products</i> | 0.95 | 0.60 | 0.43 | 0.40 | 0.69 |
| | <i>Agriculture products</i> | 15.24 | 12.82 | 6.13 | 3.03 | 3.25 |
| | <i>Arms</i> | 0.85 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.20 |
| | <i>Clothing</i> | 8.34 | 2.52 | 2.46 | 2.54 | 2.54 |
| | <i>Industrial products</i> | 0.76 | 0.50 | 0.37 | 0.36 | 0.65 |
| | <i>Oil</i> | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | <i>Textiles</i> | 4.13 | 3.19 | 1.88 | 1.81 | 1.83 |

Note: There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe with Israel and Cyprus are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, aggregated data for this indicator will provisionally include all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

Source: International Trade Centre (ITC), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and World Trade Organisation (WTO).

Target 17.15

Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development

Indicator 17.15.1

Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks and planning tools by providers of development cooperation

Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks and planning tools by providers of development cooperation

(Percentage)

| | <i>Proportion of new development interventions drawn from country-led result frameworks</i> | | <i>Proportion of results indicators drawn from country-led results frameworks</i> | | <i>Proportion of results indicators which will be monitored using government sources and monitoring systems</i> | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| | <i>2016</i> | <i>2018</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2018</i> | <i>2016</i> | <i>2018</i> |
| All bilateral providers | 83 | 76 | 57 | 52 | 51 | 44 |

Source: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

Target 17.16

Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries

Indicator 17.16.1

Number of countries reporting progress in multi-stakeholder development effectiveness monitoring frameworks that support the achievement of the sustainable development goals

Proportion of countries reporting progress in multi-stakeholder development effectiveness monitoring frameworks that support the achievement of the sustainable development goals

(Percentage)

| | <i>Proportion of countries making progress</i> | <i>Proportion of countries with no progress</i> |
|--|--|---|
| Countries <i>providing</i> development cooperation | 53 (20 out of 38 countries assessed) | 47 |
| Countries <i>receiving</i> development cooperation | 41 (31 out of 76 countries assessed) | 59 |

Note: Progress is assessed by comparing results for countries participating in the 2018 monitoring exercise of the Global Partnership for Effective Development Co-operation with the latest measurement available for each specific country. The Global Partnership monitoring exercise is the tool used by development stakeholders to jointly assess the effectiveness of development cooperation.

Source: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

Target 17.18

By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for Least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts

Indicator 17.18.2

Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics

Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics

(Number)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> |
|--|-------------|
| World | 111 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 22 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 13 |
| Northern Africa | 4 |
| Western Asia | 9 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 7 |
| Central Asia | 3 |
| Southern Asia | 4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 10 |
| Eastern Asia | 5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 12 |
| Oceania | 7 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 5 |
| Europe and Northern America | 40 |
| Europe | 38 |
| Northern America | 2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 12 |
| Least developed countries | 16 |
| Small island developing States | 10 |

Source: The Partnership in Statistics for Development in the 21st Century (PARIS21)

Indicator 17.18.3**Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding****(a) Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation**

(Number)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|
| | <i>Under Implementation</i> | <i>Fully funded and under implementation</i> |
| World | 129 | 78 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 35 | 8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 13 | 10 |
| Northern Africa | 5 | 3 |
| Western Asia | 8 | 7 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 11 | 7 |
| Central Asia | 3 | 3 |
| Southern Asia | 8 | 4 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 13 | 7 |
| Eastern Asia | 6 | 4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 7 | 3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 17 | 11 |
| Oceania | 5 | 2 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 2 | 2 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 3 | 0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 35 | 33 |
| Europe | 34 | 32 |
| Northern America | 1 | 1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 23 | 7 |
| Least developed countries | 30 | 5 |
| Small island developing States | 15 | 6 |

*Source: The Partnership in Statistics for Development in the 21st Century (PARIS21)***(b) Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is under implementation, by source of funding**

(Number)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| | <i>Government</i> | <i>Donors</i> | <i>Other sources</i> |
| World | 119 | 52 | 21 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 25 | 21 | 5 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 14 | 7 | 2 |
| Northern Africa | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| Western Asia | 8 | 3 | 0 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 10 | 7 | 2 |
| Central Asia | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Southern Asia | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 9 | 3 | 0 |
| Eastern Asia | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 17 | 5 | 3 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2018</i> | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| | <i>Government</i> | <i>Donors</i> | <i>Other sources</i> |
| Oceania | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Europe and Northern America | 36 | 8 | 8 |
| Europe | 35 | 8 | 8 |
| Northern America | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 19 | 17 | 4 |
| Least developed countries | 20 | 22 | 3 |
| Small island developing States | 12 | 4 | 1 |

Source: The Partnership in Statistics for Development in the 21st Century (PARIS21)

Target 17.19

By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries

Indicator 17.19.1

Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries

Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity

(Millions of current United States dollars)

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>2006</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>2015</i> | <i>2016</i> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 214.0 | 448.0 | 590.6 | 623.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 62.4 | 79.2 | 280.9 | 166.8 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 14.4 | 17.5 | 62.3 | 63.1 |
| Northern Africa | 6.2 | 3.9 | 12.9 | 55.4 |
| Western Asia | 8.2 | 13.6 | 49.3 | 7.6 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 15.0 | 148.3 | 17.5 | 10.4 |
| Central Asia | 3.6 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 2.7 |
| Southern Asia | 11.4 | 139.6 | 10.1 | 7.7 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 20.0 | 15.7 | 23.1 | 7.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 5.1 | 1.4 | 6.8 | 0.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 14.8 | 14.4 | 16.3 | 7.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 20.0 | 114.8 | 20.7 | 49.3 |
| Oceania | 2.5 | 3.3 | 0.4 | 2.7 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 2.5 | 3.3 | 0.4 | 2.7 |
| Europe and Northern America | 4.8 | 25.2 | 19.1 | 50.8 |
| Europe | 4.8 | 25.2 | 19.1 | 50.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 36.8 | 80.7 | 36.0 | 82.1 |
| Least developed countries | 62.5 | 106.0 | 176.7 | 135.8 |
| Small island developing States | 7.3 | 9.2 | 7.1 | 9.9 |

Note: Only country-specific commitments are included in the regional aggregations. Both country-specific commitments and unallocated commitments to multiple countries/regions are included in the global total.

Source: 2018 Partner Report on Support to Statistics (PRESS), the Partnership in Statistics for Development in the 21st Century (PARIS21).

Indicator 17.19.2

Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration

(a) Number and proportion of countries that have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Number of censuses conducted 2008-2017</i> | <i>Proportion of countries that conducted a census 2008-2017 (Percentage)</i> |
|---|---|---|
| World | 212 | 89 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 41 | 80 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 19 | 76 |
| Northern Africa | 5 | 71 |
| Western Asia | 14 | 78 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 12 | 86 |
| Central Asia | 4 | 80 |
| Southern Asia | 8 | 89 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 18 | 100 |
| Eastern Asia | 7 | 100 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 11 | 100 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 45 | 90 |
| Oceania | 25 | 100 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3 | 100 |
| Oceania (excluding Australia and New Zealand) | 22 | 100 |
| Europe and Northern America | 52 | 96 |
| Europe | 47 | 96 |
| Northern America | 5 | 100 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 26 | 81 |
| Least developed countries | 38 | 79 |
| Small island developing States | 52 | 98 |

Source: Demographic and Social Statistics Branch, United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

(b.1) Number and proportion of countries with birth registration data that are at least 90 per cent complete

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Number of countries with birth registration data that are at least 90 per cent complete, 2013-2017</i> | <i>Proportion of countries with birth registration data that are at least 90 per cent complete, 2013-2017 (Percentage)</i> |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| World | 143 | 58.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9 | 17.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 18 | 72.0 |
| Northern Africa | 3 | 42.9 |
| Western Asia | 15 | 83.3 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 6 | 42.9 |
| Central Asia | 3 | 60.0 |
| Southern Asia | 3 | 33.3 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 9 | 50.0 |

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Number of countries with birth registration data that are at least 90 per cent complete, 2013-2017</i> | <i>Proportion of countries with birth registration data that are at least 90 per cent complete, 2013-2017 (Percentage)</i> |
|--|---|--|
| Eastern Asia | 5 | 71.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4 | 36.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 34 | 66.7 |
| Oceania | 14 | 48.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3 | 50.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 11 | 47.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 53 | 94.6 |
| Europe | 49 | 96.1 |
| Northern America | 4 | 80.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 10 | 31.3 |
| Least developed countries | 1 | 2.1 |
| Small island developing States | 35 | 67.3 |

Source: Demographic and Social Statistics Branch, United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

(b.2) Number and proportion of countries with death registration data that are at least 75 per cent complete

| <i>Regions</i> | <i>Number of countries with death registration data that are at least 75 per cent complete, 2013-2017</i> | <i>Proportion of countries with death registration data that are at least 75 per cent complete, 2013-2017 (Percentage)</i> |
|--|---|--|
| World | 149 | 60.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9 | 17.0 |
| Northern Africa and Western Asia | 16 | 64.0 |
| Northern Africa | 3 | 42.9 |
| Western Asia | 13 | 72.2 |
| Central and Southern Asia | 9 | 64.3 |
| Central Asia | 4 | 80.0 |
| Southern Asia | 5 | 55.6 |
| Eastern and South-Eastern Asia | 10 | 55.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 5 | 71.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5 | 45.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 38 | 74.5 |
| Oceania | 14 | 48.3 |
| Australia and New Zealand | 3 | 50.0 |
| Oceania (exc. Australia and New Zealand) | 11 | 47.8 |
| Europe and Northern America | 53 | 94.6 |
| Europe | 49 | 96.1 |
| Northern America | 4 | 80.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 10 | 31.3 |
| Least developed countries | 2 | 4.2 |
| Small island developing States | 38 | 73.1 |

Source: Demographic and Social Statistics Branch, United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations.

