



Security Council

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Identical letters dated 31 May 2019 from the Permanent Representative of Israel to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council

I write to inform you, once again, of the grave violations of Security Council resolution [2231 \(2015\)](#) by the Iranian regime, as I have outlined repeatedly in previous letters, dated 18 January 2019 ([S/2019/62](#)), 20 February 2019 ([S/2019/168](#)), 2 April 2019 ([S/2019/288](#)), 4 April 2019 ([S/2019/292](#)) and 22 April 2019 ([S/2019/330](#)).

Iran continues to violate resolution [2231 \(2015\)](#) restrictions on its ballistic activity. From December 2018 to February 2019, Iran conducted seven surface-to-surface missile tests, including the following types of missiles:

- December 2018 – a Zolfaghar
- December 2018 – a Khorramshahr variant
- January 2019 – a Scud variant
- January 2019 – a Qiam
- January 2019 – a Zolfaghar
- February 2019 – a Zolfaghar
- February 2019 – a Shahab-3

All of these missiles cross the threshold of 300 km range and 500 kg payload and, therefore, violate annex B restrictions on Iran's ballistic activity.

Iran has also transferred to Iraq technological know-how for the production of the Mohajem-92 unmanned aerial vehicle, enabling the Iraq Technical Directorate for Military Production to produce the Iraqi Raqeeb unmanned aerial vehicle. This transfer occurred later than January 2016 and, therefore, constitutes a violation of Iran's arms transfers restrictions.

A statement by the Al-Quds Brigades spokesperson in the Gaza Strip in May 2019 points to Iranian military support of the Al-Quds Brigades. In his statement, the Al-Quds Brigades spokesperson mentioned that the Bader 3 missile launch to Ashkelon, manufactured in the Gaza Strip, had happened thanks to "the support ... of the Islamic Republic of Iran ... in all disciplines." This support constitutes a violation of Iran's arms transfers restrictions.

According to our information, several Iranian entities and individuals, designated under the list in resolution [2231 \(2015\)](#), have been violating the travel ban



and assets freeze restrictions. These entities include: Malek Ashtar University, Sepasad Engineering Company, Khatam Al-Anbiya Construction Headquarters, Yas Air (Pouya Air) and Qasem Soleimani.

I call upon the Security Council to investigate these severe breaches and raise the awareness of all member States regarding their responsibilities in implementing resolution [2231 \(2015\)](#).

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter distributed as a document of the Security Council. I wish to inform you that an identical letter has been sent to the Secretary-General.

(Signed) **Danny Danon**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative
