



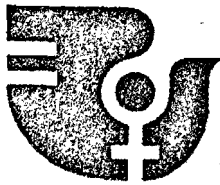
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WORLD CONFERENCE
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S YEAR
MEXICO CITY, 19 JUNE TO 2 JULY 1975

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Second Committee
Agenda item 10

THE INTEGRATION OF WOMEN IN THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS
AS EQUAL PARTNERS WITH MEN

Social and economic indicators for measuring the
contribution of women in the development process

Philippines: draft resolution

The World Conference of the International Women's Year,

Reaffirming its conviction that the welfare of the world, the cause of peace and the full development of a country require the maximum participation not only of men but of women as well in all fields,

Recalling that the United Nations has included the full integration of women in the total development efforts as a stated objective of the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade,

Emphasizing once more that one of the three objectives of the International Women's Year as proclaimed by the General Assembly in its resolution 3010 (XXVII) of 18 December 1972 is to intensify action to ensure the full integration of women in the total development effort, especially by emphasizing women's responsibility and important role in economic, social and cultural development at the national, regional and international levels, particularly during the Second United Nations Development Decade,

Bearing in mind the recommendations of the interregional meeting of experts in the integration of women in development, formulated in compliance with General Assembly resolutions 2626 (XXV) on the International Development Strategy and 2716 (XXV) on the Programme of Concerted International Action for the Advancement of Women,

Taking note of Economic and Social Council resolution 1684 (LIII) on the integration of women at all levels of development,

Recognizing that women constitute more than a third of the world's economically active population but their contribution to the national economy has not been fully measured,

Convinced that a major difficulty in assessing the economic contribution of women is the lack of information and analysis on the various aspects of the economic, social and political situation of women and their participation in the process of development,

Mindful of the fact that the present system of national and international statistics does not fully take account of the total contribution of women particularly homemaking activities, self-employment in handicraft and other home industries and unpaid family workers in agriculture,

1. Invites Governments to collect, analyse and publish all census and survey data relating to characteristics of individuals, households and family composition; and social and economic activity, by sex;

2. Urges Governments to develop and use economic and social indicators as an integral part of national and international programme of statistics, planning and policy-making;

3. Further invites them to employ such indicators particularly in relation to:

(a) The participation of women in local and national planning and policy-making in all sectors of national life;

(b) The extent of women's activities in food production (cash crop and subsistence agriculture), in water and fuel supply, and marketing, and in transportation;

(c) The economic and social contribution of housework and other domestic chores, handicrafts and other home-based economic activities;

(d) The effect on the national economy of women's activities and on leisure by girls and women compared to boys and men;

(e) The effect on the national economy of women's activities as consumers of goods and services;

(f) The quality of life of women, such as job satisfaction, income situation, family characteristics and use of leisure time; and

(g) The extension of civil rights to women in law and the exercise of these rights in fact;

4. Calls upon the United Nations system to take account of these needs in its national international statistical programme on research activities;

5. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations to prepare an inventory of social and economic indicators relevant to the analysis of the role and status of women as soon as possible and no later than 1980, in co-operation with the interested specialized agencies, the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development, the regional commissions and other relevant bodies;

6. Appeals to all Governments and all Members of the United Nations system to collect and exchange information and research findings making maximum use of existing national and regional research institutes and universities including the United Nations University, United Nations Institute for Training and Research, the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development and the United Nations Social Defense Institute, and that a network of such institutes and universities should be built up to facilitate the regular exchange of information and knowledge in co-operation with the United Nations.
