

Hungary, Japan, Kenya and Malaysia. He also proposed that Mr. Rabetafika (Madagascar) should be appointed Chairman of that Committee.

It was so decided.

60. The PRESIDENT invited the Secretary of the Council to make a statement on the financial implications of the draft decision recommended by the Co-ordination Committee.

61. Mr. CORDOVEZ (Secretary of the Council) said that the Council Committee on Negotiations with Intergovernmental Agencies would be able to hold five meetings during the current session, with interpretation, but without summary records. The provision of summary records would call for a specific decision by the Council. The total cost of such records would amount to \$9,000.

62. Replying to a question put by Mr. NESTERENKO (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics), Mr. CORDOVEZ (Secretary of the Council) said that the Committee in question was not a new body, since it had been established by resolution 11 (I) in 1946. The Council would merely have to appoint its members for the purpose of negotiations with WIPO.

63. Mr. WALDRON-RAMSEY (Barbados) said that he agreed to participate in the work of the Committee on

Negotiations, which would probably meet in Geneva, but would like to know what arrangements would be made for subsequent sessions.

64. The PRESIDENT said that if the Committee was unable to conclude its work in five meetings, it would report to the Council, which would decide what action should be taken to enable the Committee to accomplish its task.

65. Summary records were not necessary if the Committee's report was sufficiently detailed. Moreover, the Committee's meetings would not lend themselves to the preparation of summary records, since they involved negotiations. He accordingly suggested that the Committee on Negotiations with Intergovernmental Agencies should not have summary records of its meetings.

It was so decided.

66. The PRESIDENT invited the Council to vote on the draft decision submitted by the Co-ordination Committee (E/5383, para. 8), paragraph 2 being completed by the insertion of the names he had proposed.

The draft decision was adopted by 21 votes to none.

The meeting rose at 6.10 p.m.

1874th meeting

Monday, 30 July 1973, at 10.45 a.m.

President: Mr. S. A. FRAZÃO (Brazil)

E/SR.1874

AGENDA ITEM 3

General discussion of international economic and social policy, including regional and sectoral developments
(continued) (E/L.1561/Rev.2)

1. The PRESIDENT announced that the Council could not, as planned, take up the revised draft resolution submitted by Chile (E/L.1561/Rev.2) immediately, because the Russian and Chinese translations had not yet been issued.

AGENDA ITEM 11

Industrial development co-operation

REPORT OF THE ECONOMIC COMMITTEE (E/5385)

2. The PRESIDENT drew the attention of members of the Council to the report of the Economic Committee on agenda item 11 and, in particular, to paragraph 4, in which

the Committee recommended that the Council should adopt the draft decision which it had itself adopted without objection.

3. In the absence of any objection, he would consider the draft decision adopted.

It was so decided.

AGENDA ITEM 23

Assistance to southern Sudanese returnees
and displaced persons

REPORT OF THE CO-ORDINATION COMMITTEE
(E/5391)

4. The PRESIDENT drew the attention of members of the Council to the report of the Co-ordination Committee on agenda item 23 and, in particular, to paragraph 5, in which the Committee recommended that the Council

should adopt the draft resolution which the Committee had itself adopted unanimously.

5. He put the draft resolution to the vote.

The draft resolution was adopted unanimously.

AGENDA ITEM 16

Work programme and budget for 1974-1975 and medium-term plan for 1974-1977 relating to economic, social and human rights activities

REPORT OF THE CO-ORDINATION COMMITTEE (E/5388)

6. Mr. SANTA CRUZ (Chile), speaking on a point of order, said that the Co-ordination Committee's report on agenda item 16 (E/5388) had not been distributed in the Council's working languages.

7. The PRESIDENT, after expressing regret at that situation, adjourned the debate on the agenda item.

The meeting rose at 10.55 a.m.

1875th meeting

Tuesday, 31 July 1973, at 10.40 a.m.

President: Mr. S. A. FRAZÃO (Brazil)

E/SR.1875

AGENDA ITEM 3

**General discussion of international economic and social policy, including regional and sectoral developments
(continued) (E/L.1561/Rev.2)**

1. The PRESIDENT said that the Council had had to suspend its previous meeting very early because some of the documents it was to consider had not been distributed. He read out the letter of protest he had addressed to the Director-General of the United Nations Office at Geneva on 30 July 1973, in which he had made it clear that all the necessary arrangements had been made to ensure that the required documents would be available in good time in all the working languages. The Documents and Editorial Control Section had confirmed that the texts would actually be circulated. That type of inconvenience, which disrupted the work of the Council and its sessional committees, must not happen again.

2. He invited the representative of Chile to introduce the revised version of his draft resolution (E/L.1561/Rev.2).

3. Mr. SANTA CRUZ (Chile) wished first of all, because he feared that he had not made himself perfectly clear, to state that the purpose of the Chilean draft resolution was to enable the Council to formulate the positive conclusions called for by a general debate which had in many respects been exemplary and in which not only the members of the Council, but also the senior officers of the organizations associated with the United Nations system, and even of organizations such as GATT which were not associated, had participated.

4. He also wished to underline the spirit in which the draft resolution had been conceived. Above all, the draft should not be considered as the expression of the direct and selfish interests of the Government he represented. The

members of the Council represented not only their own countries but also the world, the regions to which they belonged and the peoples who had ratified the Charter. The Council must therefore be something more than the sum of its members, even if some of them occasionally confined themselves to meeting purely circumstantial needs, and it must continuously try to show nations the path to be followed in order to act in the general interest. If a draft resolution based on that philosophy had to be watered down, it would lose all meaning. He had, as he had been requested to do, consulted the largest possible number of his colleagues and had accepted several suggestions made to him concerning the text. Some of the difficulties encountered by one or another delegation were, moreover, due simply to translation errors, and that was hardly surprising since, of all the working languages of the United Nations, Spanish had always played the role of the poor relation.

5. He described the changes he had made in his draft resolution:

6. In the second preambular paragraph, he had corrected an omission and added the Director-General of ICAO to the list of those who had participated in the debate;

7. In section A, he had considered it necessary to refer to "the persistence of certain focal points of tension in Asia and Africa" in order to take account of the statements made in that connexion by the President, the Secretary-General and most of the members of the Council;

8. Paragraphs 2 (b), (c) and (d) of section B had been amended. In the first line of paragraph 2 (b), the word "desmedrada" in the original Spanish version had been badly translated and had been replaced by the word "difícil", which was simpler. In paragraph 2 (c) the last three lines, after the words "large multinational corpor-