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ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA AND ORGANIZATION OF WORK

Letter dated 21 September 1979 from the Permanent Representative of
Viet Nam to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith the message dated 21 September 1979 from His Excellency Mr. Hun Sen, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of Kampuchea, addressed to you and to His Excellency Mr. Salim Ahmed Salim, President of the thirty-fourth session of the United Nations General Assembly and request you to circulate this message as an official document of the General Assembly under item 8 of the provisional agenda.

(Signed) HA VAN LAU
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary,
Permanent Representative
to the United Nations

* A/34/150.

ANNEX

Message dated 21 September 1979 addressed to the President
of the General Assembly and to the Secretary-General

I am regretful to learn that the General Committee has passed the recommendation to include the so-called problem of "The Situation in Kampuchea" in the agenda of the thirty-fourth session of the United Nations General Assembly.

Following the message of 7 September 1979 (A/34/459-S/13531), I have the honour to reiterate that:

Since 7 January 1979, after the Kampuchean people overthrew the genocidal Pol Pot-Ieng Sary régime and established the People's Republic of Kampuchea and its supreme leading organ - the People's Revolutionary Council of Kampuchea - our country, from a springboard for waging aggressive war in the service of the expansionist schemes by the Peking reactionaries, has changed into an independent and sovereign State in which the people are the absolute masters of their life. That is a positive factor for peace and stability in the region. It is common knowledge that the People's Revolutionary Council of Kampuchea, only after eight months of its establishment, has been in full control of the country's situation, quickly restored the ordinary life of the people, initially overcome extremely heavy consequences left over by the genocidal Pol Pot-Ieng Sary régime, and pursued the foreign policy of independence, peace, friendship and co-operation with all the other countries.

Therefore there is no problem of "The Situation in Kampuchea". The posing up of this problem is only the design of the Peking expansionists in collusion with the imperialists and the other reactionaries with a view to distorting the real situation of Kampuchea and the just struggle of the Kampuchean people and to continuing their dark design in this region.

The inclusion of the problems related to Kampuchea in the agenda of the United Nations General Assembly and the discussion of these problems without the agreement of the People's Revolutionary Council of Kampuchea and the presence of the representatives of the latter constitute a brazen interference in Kampuchean internal affairs and a crude violation of the United Nations Charter and fundamental principles of international law. All resolutions that are born out of such discussions are illegal and absolutely invalid.

The Kampuchean situation is irreversible, all manoeuvres of making use of the United Nations to interfere in the internal affairs of the Kampuchean people will certainly be doomed to failure.

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I urgently request the General Assembly, for the sake of justice, peace, international security and for the role and prestige of the United Nations, to reject the above-mentioned wrong recommendation by the General Committee.

Phnom Penh

HUN SEN
Minister for Foreign Affairs
of the
People's Republic of Kampuchea
