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Item 7 of the provisional agenda\*

NOTIFICATION BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL UNDER ARTICLE 12,  
PARAGRAPH 2, OF THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with the provisions of Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations and with the consent of the Security Council, the Secretary-General has the honour to notify the General Assembly of matters relative to the maintenance of international peace and security which are being dealt with by the Security Council and of matters with which the Council has ceased to deal.
2. The matters relative to the maintenance of international peace and security which have been discussed during the period since the notification to the thirty-third session of the General Assembly 1/ are as follows:
  1. The situation in the Middle East.
  2. The situation in Namibia.
  3. Question concerning the situation in Southern Rhodesia.
  4. The situation in Cyprus.
  5. Telegram dated 3 January 1979 from the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  6. The situation in South-East Asia and its implications for international peace and security (letter dated 22 February 1979 from the representatives of Norway, Portugal, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council).

\* A/34/150.

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-third Session, Annexes, agenda item 7, document A/33/237.

7. The situation in the occupied Arab territories.
  8. Complaint by Angola against South Africa.
  9. The question of South Africa.
  10. Letters dated 13 June 1979 and 15 June 1979 from the Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  11. The question of the exercise by the Palestinian people of its inalienable rights.
3. During the same period, the Security Council has not discussed the following matters of which it remains seized:
1. Special agreements under Article 43 of the Charter and the organization of the armed forces to be made available to the Security Council.
  2. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations.
  3. The Egyptian question.
  4. The Palestine question.
  5. The India-Pakistan question.
  6. The Czechoslovak question.
  7. The Hyderabad question.
  8. Identical notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America to the Secretary-General.
  9. International control of atomic energy.
  10. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa).
  11. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China.
  12. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons.
  13. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare.
  14. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

15. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister for External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council.
16. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
17. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China; letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China.
18. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888.
19. Actions against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, which constitute a danger to international peace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations.
20. The situation in Hungary.
21. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria.
22. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council.
23. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General.
24. Complaint of the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft with atomic and hydrogen bombs in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union".
25. Report by the Secretary-General on the letter received from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos, transmitted on 4 September 1959 by a note from the Permanent Mission of Laos to the United Nations.

26. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, the Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council.
27. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council.
28. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council.
29. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
30. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.
31. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Affairs of Cuba.
32. Letter dated 20 February 1961 from the representative of Liberia addressed to the President of the Security Council.
33. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroon, the Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, the Congo (Brazzaville), the Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, the Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, the United Arab Republic, the Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia.
34. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security.
35. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.
36. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative

- of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council.
37. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti to the President of the Security Council.
  38. Reports by the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen.
  39. Question concerning the situation in Territories under Portuguese administration.
  40. The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa.
  41. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  42. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yemen, Chargé d'affaires a.i., addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  43. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia.
  44. Letter dated 4 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  45. Letter dated 3 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  46. Letter dated 5 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council, and letter dated 8 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  47. Letter dated 6 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council.
  48. Letter dated 1 December 1964 addressed to the President of the Security Council from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, the Central African Republic, the Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Indonesia, Kenya, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Somalia, the Sudan, Uganda, the United Arab Republic, the United Republic of Tanzania, Yugoslavia and Zambia.
  49. Letter dated 9 December 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Democratic Republic of the Congo addressed to the President of the Security Council.

50. Letter dated 1 May 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council.
51. Letter dated 31 January 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
52. Letter dated 2 August 1966 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council.
53. Letter dated 25 January 1968 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
54. Letter dated 21 May 1968 from the Permanent Representative a.i., of Haiti addressed to the President of the Security Council.
55. Letter dated 12 June 1968 from the Permanent Representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
56. Letter dated 21 August 1968 from the representatives of Canada, Denmark, France, Paraguay, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
57. Complaint by Zambia.
58. Complaint by Guinea.
59. The situation created by increasing incidents involving the hijacking of commercial aircraft.
60. The situation in the India-Pakistan subcontinent.
61. Letter dated 3 December 1971 from the Permanent Representatives of Algeria, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
62. Consideration of questions relating to Africa with which the Security Council is currently seized and implementation of its relevant resolutions.
63. Consideration of measures for the maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security in Latin America in conformity with the provisions and principles of the Charter.

64. Complaint by Cuba.
65. Complaint by Iraq concerning incidents on its frontier with Iran.
66. Relationship between the United Nations and South Africa.
67. The situation concerning Western Sahara.
68. The situation in Timor.
69. Letter dated 12 December 1975 from the Permanent Representative of Iceland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
70. The Middle East problem including the Palestinian question.
71. The situation in the Comoros.
72. Communications from France and Somalia concerning the incident of 4 February 1976.
73. Request by Mozambique under Article 50 of the Charter of the United Nations in relation to the situation which has arisen as a result of its decision to impose sanctions against Southern Rhodesia in full implementation of the relevant decisions of the Security Council.
74. Request by the Libyan Arab Republic and Pakistan for consideration of the serious situation arising from recent developments in the occupied Arab territories.
75. Complaint by Kenya, on behalf of the African Group of States at the United Nations, concerning the act of aggression committed by South Africa against the People's Republic of Angola.
76. Situation in South Africa: killings and violence by the apartheid régime in South Africa, in Soweto and other areas.
77. Complaint by the Prime Minister of Mauritius, current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity, of the "act of aggression" by Israel against the Republic of Uganda.
78. Complaint by Zambia against South Africa.
79. Complaint by Greece against Turkey.
80. Complaint by Lesotho against South Africa.
81. Complaint of the Government of Botswana against the illegal régime in Southern Rhodesia concerning violations of its territorial sovereignty, as contained in the letter dated 22 December 1976 from the Permanent

Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the  
President of the Security Council.

82. Complaint by Benin.

83. Complaint by Mozambique.

84. Complaint by Chad.

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