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QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

Report of the Secretary-General

Addendum

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I. REPLIES FROM GOVERNMENTS

MEXICO

/Original: Spanish/

/16 November 1981/

1. Since 1972, Mexico has been a member of the United Nations Council for Namibia, in which it has championed the right of the Namibian people to self-determination, and has condemned the racist régime of South Africa for its persistent refusal to comply with United Nations resolutions.
2. The Government of Mexico informed a mission of consultation of the United Nations Council for Namibia which visited Mexico in 1980 that, as a direct contribution to the people of Namibia, Mexico was most willing to offer scholarships at the professional level to nationals of Namibia.
3. With respect to South Africa, Mexico categorically condemns racial discrimination of all kinds; and, in support of the many resolutions adopted by the United Nations, our Government: (a) does not maintain diplomatic relations with South Africa; (b) has broken off all cultural, educational and sports exchanges with the racist régime of South Africa; (c) does not grant visas to South African nationals; and (d) has suspended all sales of petroleum to that country.
4. Mention may also be made of the prominent role played by Mexico this year with regard to the problem of South Africa, as a member of the Security Council, as Chairman of the Committee on the arms embargo against South Africa and as Vice-President of the International Conference on Sanctions Against South Africa, held at Paris from 20 to 27 May 1981.

TUNISIA

/Original: French/

/13 November 1981/

1. Tunisia wishes to reaffirm the importance it attaches to the implementation of General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) and Security Council resolution 435 (1978). It strongly condemns the policy of illegal occupation of Namibian territory by South Africa, a country with which Tunisia has no political, economic, cultural or military relations.
2. With regard to financial assistance for the Namibian people, Tunisia has made three contributions. In February 1981, it contributed \$US 20,000 to the Non-Aligned Solidarity Fund for Namibia; it contributed \$US 5,000 to the United Nations Institute for Namibia, and \$US 20,000 to the United Nations Fund for Namibia.

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II. REPLIES FROM SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL
INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

UNITED NATIONS INSTITUTE FOR TRAINING AND RESEARCH

/Original: English/

/15 October 1981/

The United Nations Institute for Namibia was invited to participate in the annual meeting of Directors of Institutes of Training, Research and Planning within the United Nations system, which UNITAR regularly chairs each July in Geneva. The Institute began taking part in these meetings last year, and its Director found it a very useful vehicle for exchanging information and views on areas of common interest. It is to be hoped that the Institute can continue to participate