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OFFERS BY MEMBER STATES OF STUDY AND TRAINING FACILITIES FOR
INHABITANTS OF NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES

Report of the Secretary-General

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I. INTRODUCTION

1. By General Assembly resolution 845 (IX) of 22 November 1954, Member States were invited to extend to the inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories offers of facilities not only for study and training of university standard, but also for study at the post-primary level, as well as technical and vocational training of immediate practical value.
2. In accordance with General Assembly resolution 1696 (XVI) of 19 December 1961, offers extended under resolution 845 (IX) are communicated by the Secretariat to the administering Powers to enable them to give appropriate publicity to the offers in the Territories under their administration.
3. A description of the scholarships made available under the programme is contained in a brochure prepared by the Secretariat for the information of prospective applicants. Information about these offers is also included in the twenty-fourth edition of the handbook entitled Study Abroad (1981/82-1982/83), published by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).
4. Under the terms of General Assembly resolution 845 (IX) and other resolutions relating to scholarships adopted in subsequent years, 1/ the Secretary-General submitted reports to the General Assembly containing detailed information on the offers made and the extent to which they were utilized. 2/
5. The twenty-seventh report, which covers the period from 1 October 1980 to 30 September 1981, is submitted herewith in accordance with paragraph 5 of General Assembly resolution 35/31 of 11 November 1980.

II. SCHOLARSHIP OFFERS AND AWARDS

A. Offering States

6. The following 32 States Members of the United Nations have offered to make scholarships available for the use of inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories in response to the resolutions mentioned above. These Member States are:

Austria
Brazil
Bulgaria

Cyprus
Czechoslovakia
Egypt

1/ The most recent resolutions adopted by the General Assembly on this question were resolutions 33/34 of 13 December 1978, 34/32 November 1979 and 35/31 of 11 November 1980.

2/ For the most recent reports, see A/32/277, A/33/372, A/34/572 and A/35/518.

German Democratic Republic	Pakistan
Germany, Federal Republic of	Philippines
Ghana	Poland
Greece	Romania
Hungary	Sri Lanka
India	Syrian Arab Republic
Iran	Tunisia
Israel	Turkey
Italy	Uganda
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
Malawi	United Arab Emirates
Malta	United States of America
Mexico	Yugoslavia

B. Offers and awards

7. Information regarding the scholarships offered by Member States up to 30 September 1980 and the extent to which they were utilized is contained in previous reports submitted to the General Assembly.

8. The relevant information received by the Secretary-General between 1 October 1980 and 30 September 1981 is given below. Information received after 30 September will be issued in an addendum to the present report.

Cyprus

9. In a note dated 26 August 1981, the Permanent Representative of Cyprus to the United Nations informed the Secretary-General that, for the academic year 1980/81, his Government had offered 4 scholarships to students from Zimbabwe.

Italy

10. In a note dated 14 September 1981, the Permanent Representative of Italy to the United Nations informed the Secretary-General that since the last group of 26 students from Zimbabwe, who had studied on scholarships in Rome during the period overlapping the date of the accession to independence of that country, there were no students from Non-Self-Governing Territories among the recipients of scholarships from his Government.

Poland

11. In a note dated 19 August 1981, the Acting Permanent Representative of Poland to the United Nations informed the Secretary-General that 12 students from South Africa and 4 students from Namibia were currently studying in Poland on scholarships offered by his Government.

United States of America

12. In a note dated 21 August 1981, the Acting Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations informed the Secretary-General that his Government continued to offer financial assistance to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories and from South Africa. The United States scholarships, which were at university level, were offered to students from minority-ruled countries in Africa through the Southern Africa Student Program (SASP) and the Southern Africa Training Program (SATP). Participants in both programmes received tuition, living expenses and round-trip air fare costs.

13. Approximately 580 students had benefited from the Southern Africa Student Program since its inception in 1961. Some 20 students (9 from Zimbabwe and 11 from South Africa) were currently attending universities in the United States under that programme. The Southern Africa Training Program had awarded scholarships to almost 800 Namibian, Zimbabwean and South African students. Approximately two-thirds of that number were currently studying under the programme.

Yugoslavia

14. In a note dated 17 September 1981, the Permanent Mission of Yugoslavia to the United Nations informed the Secretary-General that, in 1980/81, the Government had granted 20 scholarships to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories for studies in Yugoslavia.

III. APPLICATIONS MADE THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS

15. In accordance with the procedure established in General Assembly resolution 1696 (XVI), applications for scholarships received by the United Nations Secretariat from inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories are transmitted simultaneously to the offering States for consideration and to the administering Powers for information.

16. Up to 30 September 1981, a total of 540 students (371 from Zimbabwe and 169 from other countries) had requested information and application forms from the Secretariat. In addition, 53 students from Zimbabwe sent completed application forms for onward transmission. While acknowledging the letters and application forms, the Secretariat informed the applicants that since the country of which they were nationals was now independent, they were no longer eligible for scholarships under General Assembly resolution 845 (IX).

17. A total of 450 application forms and relevant information were sent to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories. (In the previous period, ended 30 September 1980, 1,752 application forms and information were sent to applicants.) Of the 450 application forms, 29 completed forms were returned to the Secretariat (101 in the previous period) for onward transmission to the offering States concerned in accordance with established procedure.

18. The countries offering the scholarships for which applications were made are listed below, with the number of applications sent to each country given in parenthesis:

Cyprus (1)	India (1)
Czechoslovakia (1)	Philippines (3)
Egypt (3)	Poland (2)
Germany, Federal Republic of (5)	Sri Lanka (4)
Greece (4)	United Arab Emirates (1)
Hungary (3)	Yugoslavia (1)

19. Applicants who wish to study in Ghana, Poland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States of America are requested, in the information sent to them, to apply direct to the Government concerned; consequently, not all applications for study in those countries are received by the Secretariat. A number of other offering States also receive applications mailed direct by applicants from Non-Self-Governing Territories, and act on them without going through the Secretariat.
