UNITED NATIONS



## **Security Council**

Distr.
GENERAL

S/RES/1083 (1996) 27 November 1996

## RESOLUTION 1083 (1996)

## Adopted by the Security Council at its 3717th meeting, on 27 November 1996

The Security Council,

Recalling its previous resolutions concerning the situation in Liberia, in particular resolution 1071 (1996) of 30 August 1996,

 $\underline{\text{Welcoming}}$  the report of the Secretary-General dated 19 November 1996 (S/1996/962),

Noting with grave concern the continued violations by the factions of the ceasefire as agreed to in the 19 August 1995 Abuja Agreement (S/1995/742) and in the timetable for implementation established on 17 August 1996 (S/1996/679) when the Abuja Agreement was extended, which threaten the prospects for peace in Liberia,

<u>Welcoming</u> the beginning of the disarmament process on 22 November in accordance with the amended implementation schedule of the Abuja Agreement and <u>urging</u> all factions to participate as they have agreed,

Reiterating that the people of Liberia and their leaders bear the ultimate responsibility for achieving peace and national reconciliation,

 ${
m Noting}$  with appreciation the active efforts of the Economic Community of the West African States (ECOWAS) to restore peace, security and stability to Liberia and  ${
m commending}$  the African States which have contributed to the ECOWAS Monitoring Group (ECOMOG),

<u>Expressing</u> its appreciation to those States which have supported the United Nations Military Observer Mission in Liberia (UNOMIL) and those which have contributed to the Trust Fund for Liberia,

Emphasizing that the continued presence of UNOMIL is predicated on the
presence of ECOMOG and its commitment to ensure the safety of UNOMIL,

96-34088 (E) /...

- 1. <u>Calls</u> upon the Liberian factions to cease hostilities immediately and to implement the commitments they have entered into, especially the agreement of ECOWAS in Abuja on 17 August 1996, which established a timetable for implementation of the agreement, adopted a mechanism to verify compliance by the faction leaders with the agreement, and proposed possible measures against the factions in the event of non-compliance;
- 2. <u>Urges</u> the factions to complete on time the disarmament process, which is one of the key steps leading up to the forthcoming elections in 1997;
- 3. <u>Stresses</u> the urgent need for the international community to support the work and training projects to help ensure the social and economic rehabilitation of demobilized combatants;
  - 4. Decides to extend the mandate of UNOMIL until 31 March 1997;
- 5. <u>Decides further</u> to maintain UNOMIL deployments at an appropriate level as recommended in paragraph 37 of the report of the Secretary-General (S/1996/962), and <u>requests</u> that the Secretary-General, taking into account the need to ensure the security of UNOMIL personnel, advise the Council of any planned further deployments;
- 6. <u>Condemns</u> in the strongest possible terms the practice of recruiting, training, and deploying children for combat, and <u>demands</u> that the warring parties immediately cease this inhumane and abhorrent activity and release all child soldiers for demobilization;
- 7. <u>Condemns</u> all attacks against and intimidation of personnel of ECOMOG, UNOMIL, and the international organizations and agencies delivering humanitarian assistance as well as the looting of their equipment, supplies, and personal property, and calls upon the leaders of the factions to return stolen property;
- 8. <u>Demands</u> that the factions facilitate the freedom of movement of UNOMIL, ECOMOG, and international organizations and agencies and the safe delivery of humanitarian assistance and that they strictly abide by the principles and rules of international humanitarian law;
- 9. <u>Stresses</u> the importance of respect for human rights in Liberia, and emphasizes the human rights aspect of UNOMIL's mandate;
- 10. <u>Stresses</u> also the obligation of all States to comply strictly with the embargo on the deliveries of weapons and military equipment to Liberia imposed by resolution 788 (1992) of 19 November 1992, to take all actions necessary to ensure strict implementation of the embargo, and to bring all instances of violations of the embargo before the Committee established pursuant to resolution 985 (1995) of 13 April 1995;
- 11. <u>Reiterates</u> strongly its appeal to all States to provide financial, logistical and other assistance in support of ECOMOG to assist it in carrying out its mission and to contribute to the United Nations Trust Fund for Liberia in order to help implement the peace process, including demobilization and reintegration;

- 12. <u>Stresses</u> the importance of close contacts and enhanced coordination between UNOMIL and ECOMOG at all levels and <u>calls upon</u> ECOMOG, in accordance with the agreement regarding the respective roles and responsibilities of UNOMIL and ECOMOG in the implementation of the Cotonou agreement (S/26272) and with the UNOMIL concept of operations, to provide security for UNOMIL;
- 13. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed of the situation in Liberia, especially on the progress of demobilization and disarmament and to submit by 31 January 1997 a progress report and recommendations on possible United Nations support for the holding of free and fair elections;

14. Decides to remain seized of the matter.

\_\_\_\_