

UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL



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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The complete list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/11935 of 5 January 1976 and the pertinent addenda. During the week ending 24 April 1976, the Security Council took action on the following item:

87. The situation in Timor (see S/11593/Add.50, S/11593/Add.51 and S/11935/Add.15)

The Security Council continued its consideration of the question at its 1911th to 1915th meetings, held between 20 and 22 April 1976. In addition to the representatives invited previously, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Guinea, Malaysia and Mozambique, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

At the 1913th meeting on 21 April, the representative of Guyana introduced a draft resolution (S/12056) sponsored by Guyana and the United Republic of Tanzania.

At the 1914th meeting, on 22 April, the representative of Japan introduced an amendment (S/12057) to the draft resolution contained in document S/12056, providing for the insertion in operative paragraph 2 of the word "remaining" between the words "its" and "forces".

At the same meeting, the Council voted first on the Japanese amendment (S/12057). It received 8 votes in favour to 1 against (Benin), with 5 abstentions (Guyana, Romania, Sweden, USSR and United Republic of Tanzania), and was therefore not adopted, having failed to obtain the required majority. One member (China) did not participate in the voting.

The Security Council then voted on the draft resolution (S/12056) and adopted it, as resolution 389 (1976), by 12 votes in favour to none against.

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with 2 abstentions (Japan and United States of America). One member (Benin) did not participate in the voting. In its operative paragraphs, resolution 389 (1976) reads as follows:

1. <u>Calls upon</u> all States to respect the territorial integrity of East Timor, as well as the inalienable right of its people to self-determination in accordance with General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV);

2. <u>Calls upon</u> the Government of Indonesia to withdraw without further delay all its forces from the Territory;

3. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to have his special representative continue the assignment entrusted to him under paragraph 5 of Security Council resolution 384 (1975) and pursue consultations with the parties concerned;

4. <u>Further requests</u> the Secretary-General to follow the implementation of the present resolution and submit a report to the Security Council as soon as possible;

5. <u>Calls upon</u> all States and other parties concerned to co-operate fully with the United Nations to achieve a peaceful solution to the existing situation and to facilitate the decolonization of the Territory;

6. Decides to remain seized of the situation.
