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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF  
WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE  
REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The complete list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/11935 of 5 January 1976 and the pertinent addenda. During the week ending 3 April 1976, the Security Council took action on the following item:

Complaint by Kenya, on behalf of the African Group of States at the United Nations, concerning the act of aggression committed by South Africa against the People's Republic of Angola  
(see S/11935/Add.12)

The Security Council continued its consideration of the question at its 1901st to 1906th meetings, held between 29 and 31 March 1976. In the course of those meetings, in addition to the representatives similarly invited to previous meetings, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Bulgaria, Congo, the German Democratic Republic, Guinea-Bissau, India, Mali, Mozambique, Poland, Portugal, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, the Syrian Arab Republic, Uganda, and the United Republic of Cameroon, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote. The Council also decided at its 1901st and 1902nd meetings to extend invitations, under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure, to the Chairman of the Special Committee against Apartheid and to the President and members of the United Nations Council for Namibia.

At the 1906th meeting, the representative of the United Republic of Tanzania introduced a draft resolution (S/12030), sponsored by Benin, Guyana, the Libyan Arab Republic, Panama, Romania and the United Republic of Tanzania.

Following a brief suspension of the meeting, the Security Council proceeded to vote on the draft resolution, which was adopted as resolution 387 (1976) by a vote of 9 in favour, none against, and 5 abstentions (France, Italy, Japan, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America). One member (China) did not participate in the vote.

In its operative paragraphs, resolution 387 (1976) reads as follows:

- "1. Condemns South Africa's aggression against the People's Republic of Angola;
2. Demands that South Africa scrupulously respect the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of the People's Republic of Angola;
3. Demands also that South Africa desist from the utilization of the international Territory of Namibia to mount provocative or aggressive acts against the People's Republic of Angola or any other neighbouring African State;
4. Calls upon the Government of South Africa to meet the just claims of the People's Republic of Angola for a full compensation for the damage and destruction inflicted on its State and for the restoration of the equipment and materials which its invading forces seized;
5. Requests the Secretary-General to follow the implementation of this resolution."

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