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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF  
WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE  
REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The complete list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/11935 of 5 January 1976 and the pertinent addenda. During the week ending 20 March 1976, the Security Council took action on the following item:

Request by Mozambique under Article 50 of the Charter of the United Nations in relation to the situation which has arisen as a result of its decision to impose sanctions against Southern Rhodesia in full implementation of the relevant decisions of the Security Council

In a telegram dated 10 March 1976 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/12009), the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Mozambique stated that, in accordance with the relevant decisions of the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity, his Government had imposed sanctions against Southern Rhodesia as from 3 March 1976, and in conformity with Article 50 of the United Nations Charter, was requesting that a meeting of the Security Council should be convened as a matter of urgency.

At its 1890th meeting on 16 March 1976, the Security Council included the item in its agenda. The Council continued its consideration of the question at its 1891st and 1892nd meetings on 17 March. In the course of the proceedings, the President, with the consent of the Council invited the representatives of Mozambique, Jamaica, Kenya, Zambia and Egypt, at their requests, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

At the 1890th meeting, the representative of the United Republic of Tanzania introduced a draft resolution (S/12013), sponsored by Benin, Guyana, Italy, Japan, the Libyan Arab Republic, Pakistan, Panama, Romania, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the United Republic of Tanzania.

At its 1892nd meeting, the Security Council unanimously adopted the draft resolution as resolution 386 (1976), the operative paragraphs of which read as follows:

1. Commends the Government of Mozambique for its decision to sever all economic and trade relations with Southern Rhodesia;
2. Condemns all provocative and aggressive acts, including military incursions, against the People's Republic of Mozambique by the illegal minority régime of Southern Rhodesia;
3. Takes note of the urgent and special economic needs of Mozambique arising from its implementation of resolution 253 (1968), as indicated in the statement by its Foreign Minister;
4. Appeals to all States to provide immediate financial technical and material assistance to Mozambique, so that Mozambique can carry out its economic development programme normally and enhance its capacity to implement fully the system of sanctions;
5. Requests the United Nations and the organizations and programmes concerned, in particular the Economic and Social Council, the United Nations Development Programme, the World Food Programme, the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund and all United Nations specialized agencies to assist Mozambique in the present economic situation and to consider periodically the question of economic assistance to Mozambique as envisaged in the present resolution;
6. Requests the Secretary-General, in collaboration with the appropriate organizations of the United Nations system, to organize, with immediate effect, all forms of financial, technical and material assistance to Mozambique to enable it to overcome the economic difficulties arising from its application of economic sanctions against the racist régime in Southern Rhodesia.

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