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INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE

Austria*: draft resolution

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 50/27 of 6 December 1995,

<u>Deeply convinced</u> of the common interest of mankind in promoting the exploration and use of outer space for peaceful purposes and in continuing efforts to extend to all States the benefits derived therefrom, and also of the importance of international cooperation in this field, for which the United Nations should continue to provide a focal point,

<u>Reaffirming</u> the importance of international cooperation in developing the rule of law, including the relevant norms of space law and their important role in international cooperation for the exploration and use of outer space for peaceful purposes,

<u>Stressing</u> the importance of the widest possible adherence to international treaties that promote the peaceful uses of outer space,

Concerned about the possibility of an arms race in outer space,

^{*} On behalf of the Working Group on International Cooperation in the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space of the Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee).

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<u>Recognizing</u> that all States, in particular those with major space capabilities, should contribute actively to the goal of preventing an arms race in outer space as an essential condition for the promotion of international cooperation in the exploration and use of outer space for peaceful purposes,

Considering that space debris is an issue of concern to all nations,

<u>Noting</u> the progress achieved in the further development of peaceful space exploration and application as well as in various national and cooperative space projects, which contribute to international cooperation, and the importance of further international cooperation in this field,

<u>Taking note</u> of the report of the Secretary-General $\underline{1}/$ on the implementation of the recommendations of the Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, $\underline{2}/$

<u>Having considered</u> the report of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space on the work of its thirty-ninth session, $\underline{3}/$

1. <u>Endorses</u> the report of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space;

2. <u>Invites</u> States that have not yet become parties to the international treaties governing the uses of outer space 4/ to give consideration to ratifying or acceding to those treaties;

3. <u>Notes</u> that, at its thirty-fifth session, the Legal Subcommittee of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, in its working groups, continued its work as mandated by the General Assembly in its resolution 50/27; 5/

<u>1</u>/ A/51/276.

2/ See <u>Report of the Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration</u> and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, Vienna, 9-21 August 1982, and corrigenda (A/CONF.101/10 and Corr.1 and 2).

<u>3</u>/ <u>Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifty-first Session,</u> <u>Supplement No. 20</u> (A/51/20).

<u>4</u>/ Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (resolution 2222 (XXI), annex); Agreement on the Rescue of Astronauts, the Return of Astronauts and the Return of Objects Launched into Outer Space (resolution 2345 (XXII), annex); Convention on International Liability for Damage Caused by Space Objects (resolution 2777 (XXVI), annex); Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space (resolution 3235 (XXIX), annex); Agreement Governing the Activities of States on the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (resolution 34/68, annex).

5/ See Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifty-first Session, Supplement No. 20 (A/51/20), sect. II.C. 4. <u>Endorses</u> the recommendations of the Committee that the Legal Subcommittee, at its thirty-sixth session, taking into account the concerns of all countries, particularly those of developing countries, should:

 (\underline{a}) Continue its consideration of the question of review and possible revision of the Principles Relevant to the Use of Nuclear Power Sources in Outer Space; $\underline{6}/$

 (\underline{b}) Continue, through its working group, its consideration of matters relating to the definition and delimitation of outer space and to the character and utilization of the geostationary orbit, including consideration of ways and means to ensure the rational and equitable use of the geostationary orbit without prejudice to the role of the International Telecommunication Union;

5. <u>Also endorses</u> the recommendation of the Committee that the Legal Subcommittee, at its thirty-sixth session, should suspend consideration in its working group of the Principles Relevant to the Use of Nuclear Power Sources in Outer Space pending the results of the work in the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, without prejudice to the possibility of reconvening its working group on that item if in the opinion of the Legal Subcommittee sufficient progress was made in the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee at its session in 1997 to warrant the reconvening of the working group;

6. <u>Notes</u> that deliberations on the question of the geostationary orbit have been undertaken by the Legal Subcommittee as reflected in its report, 5/ on the basis of recent proposals which might provide a new and enhanced basis for future work;

7. <u>Endorses</u> the recommendations and agreements concerning the organization of work in the Legal Subcommittee;

8. <u>Notes</u> that the Chairman of the Legal Subcommittee, at its thirty-fifth session, conducted open-ended informal consultations with all members of the Subcommittee on the working methods of the Subcommittee, including the consideration of possible additional items for inclusion in its agenda, as outlined in the report of the Committee, <u>7</u>/ and that the implementation of several recommendations made by the Subcommittee at its thirty-fourth session resulted in a general recognition of the improvements in the working methods of the Subcommittee at its thirty-fifth session;

9. <u>Welcomes</u> that, pursuant to its request in paragraph 12 of its resolution 50/27, the Legal Subcommittee reviewed its requirement for summary records and that, beginning with its thirty-sixth session, it would be provided with unedited verbatim transcripts in lieu of summary records;

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^{6/} See resolution 47/68.

^{7/} See Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifty-first Session, Supplement No. 20 (A/51/20), sect. II.C.4.

10. <u>Notes with satisfaction</u> that, in accordance with paragraph 11 of its resolution 50/27, the Committee was provided, at its thirty-ninth session, with unedited verbatim transcripts of that session in lieu of verbatim records and that the Committee would evaluate the use of unedited verbatim transcripts at its fortieth session to inform the General Assembly at its fifty-second session of the experience of the Committee with the transcripts;

11. <u>Also notes</u> that, in accordance with paragraph 9 of its resolution 50/27, the Committee reconvened, at its thirty-ninth session, the Working Group of the Whole to examine the working methods of the Committee and its subsidiary bodies;

12. <u>Endorses</u> the recommendations of the Committee as contained in the report of its thirty-ninth session with regard to its working methods; 8/

13. <u>Notes</u> that, in accordance with the agreement of the Committee at its thirty-ninth session, the Chairman of the Committee had undertaken and will continue to hold, as necessary, inter-sessional informal consultations among the members of the Committee with a view to reaching consensus decisions before the fortieth session of the Committee on the modalities of establishing a new composition of bureaux, keeping in view the principles of equitable geographical representation and rotation, and that all proposals made by delegations and groups of delegations, including the need for agenda restructuring and an examination of session duration, were taken into account in the framework of those informal consultations;

14. <u>Agrees</u> that if consensus agreement is reached among the members of the Committee on measures relating to the working methods of the Committee and its subsidiary bodies, including the composition and election of the bureaux, duration of sessions of those bodies and inclusion of additional items in the agenda of the Legal Subcommittee, those measures should be implemented during the 1997 sessions of the Committee and its subsidiary bodies as the transitional arrangements for the year 1997;

15. <u>Notes</u> that the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, at its thirty-third session, continued its work as mandated by the General Assembly in its resolution 50/27; 9/2

16. <u>Notes with satisfaction</u> that the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee continued to consider on a priority basis the agenda item on space debris and that the work of the Subcommittee at its thirty-third session had concentrated on the topic of measurements of space debris, understanding of data and effects of this environment on space systems, based on the multi-year work plan adopted by the Subcommittee at its thirty-second session; <u>10</u>/

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^{8/} Ibid., sect. II.E.3.

^{9/} Ibid., sect. II.B.

^{10/} A/AC.105/605, para. 83.

17. <u>Agrees</u> that the multi-year work plan for the consideration of the item on space debris should continue to be implemented with flexibility;

18. <u>Also endorses</u> the recommendations of the Committee that the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, at its thirty-fourth session, taking into account the concerns of all countries, particularly those of developing countries, should:

- (a) Consider the following items on a priority basis:
- (i) United Nations Programme on Space Applications and the coordination of space activities within the United Nations system;
- (ii) Implementation of the recommendations of the Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space; <u>2</u>/
- (iii) Matters relating to remote sensing of the Earth by satellites, including, <u>inter alia</u>, applications for developing countries;
- (iv) Use of nuclear power sources in outer space;
- (v) Space debris;
- (b) Consider the following items:
- (i) Questions relating to space transportation systems and their implications for future activities in space;
- (ii) Examination of the physical nature and technical attributes of the geostationary orbit and of its utilization and applications, including, <u>inter alia</u>, in the field of space communications, as well as other questions relating to space communications developments, taking particular account of the needs and interests of developing countries;
- (iii) Matters relating to life sciences, including space medicine;
- (iv) Progress in national and international space activities related to the Earth's environment, in particular progress in the international geosphere-biosphere (global change) programme;
- (v) Matters relating to planetary exploration;
- (vi) Matters relating to astronomy;
- (vii) The theme fixed for special attention at the thirty-fourth session of the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee: "Space systems for direct broadcasting and global information systems for space research"; the Committee on Space Research and the International Astronautical Federation, in liaison with Member States, should be invited to arrange a symposium, with as wide a participation as possible, to be

held during the first week of the Subcommittee's session, to complement discussions within the Subcommittee on the special theme;

19. <u>Considers</u>, in the context of paragraph 18 (a) (ii) above, that it is particularly urgent to implement the following recommendations:

 (\underline{a}) All countries should have the opportunity to use the techniques resulting from medical studies in space;

(<u>b</u>) Databases at the national and regional levels should be strengthened and expanded and an international space information service should be established to function as a centre of coordination;

(<u>c</u>) The United Nations should support the creation of adequate training centres at the regional level, linked, whenever possible, to institutions implementing space programmes; necessary funding for the development of such centres should be made available through financial institutions;

 (\underline{d}) The United Nations should organize a fellowship programme through which selected graduates or postgraduates from developing countries should get in-depth, long-term exposure to space technology or applications; it is also desirable to encourage the availability of opportunities for such exposure on other bilateral or multilateral bases outside the United Nations system;

20. <u>Endorses</u> the recommendations of the Working Group of the Whole of the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, as endorsed by the Committee and as contained in the report of the Working Group of the Whole; $\underline{11}$ /

21. <u>Also endorses</u> the recommendation of the Committee that the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee should reconvene, at its thirty-fourth session, the Working Group of the Whole to Evaluate the Implementation of the Recommendations of the Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, to continue its work;

22. <u>Invites</u> Member States to report to the Secretary-General on a regular basis with regard to national and international research concerning the safety of space objects with nuclear power sources on board;

23. <u>Endorses</u> the United Nations Programme on Space Applications for 1997, as proposed to the Committee by the Expert on Space Applications; $\underline{12}/$

24. <u>Emphasizes</u> the urgency and importance of implementing fully the recommendations of the Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, in particular those relating to the promotion of the establishment and strengthening of regional mechanisms of cooperation through the United Nations system;

<u>11</u>/ A/AC.105/637, annex II.

<u>12</u>/ A/AC.105/625, sect. I.

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25. <u>Invites</u> all Governments within the organizations of the United Nations system and other intergovernmental organizations working in the field of outer space or on space-related matters to take effective action for the implementation of the recommendations of the Conference, and also invites the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its fifty-second session on the implementation of the recommendations of the Conference;

26. <u>Notes with satisfaction</u> that, in accordance with paragraph 30 of resolution 50/27 and in the context of paragraph 19 (c) above, the Centre for Space Science and Technology Education in Asia and the Pacific had begun its first education programme in April 1996 and that significant progress has also been achieved in establishing regional centres for space science and technology education in the other regions covered by the regional commissions;

27. <u>Notes</u> that, pursuant to its recommendation in paragraph 33 of resolution 50/27, the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, at its thirty-third session, continued to discuss the possibility of holding a third United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space before the turn of the present century, and that the Committee continued these discussions at its thirty-ninth session with a view to making a final recommendation to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session;

28. <u>Endorses</u> the recommendation of the Committee that a special session of the Committee, open to all Member States of the United Nations (UNISPACE III), should be convened at the United Nations Office at Vienna, preferably in 1999, unless progress towards agreeing on an agenda at the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee at its thirty-fourth session makes it more appropriate to consider the year 2000; <u>13</u>/

29. <u>Requests</u> the Committee and the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee to act as the Preparatory Committee and Advisory Committee and the Office for Outer Space Affairs to act as the executive secretariat for UNISPACE III; and also requests the Preparatory Committee and the Advisory Committee to carry out the tasks entrusted to them in paragraphs 178 to 185 of the report of the Committee <u>14</u>/ and to report to the General Assembly at its fifty-second session on the progress made in the preparatory work for UNISPACE III;

30. <u>Recognizes</u> the contribution of the Third Space Conference of the Americas, held at Punta del Este, Uruguay in 1996, towards promoting regional cooperation in space activities, as well as the meetings mentioned in paragraph 13 of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the recommendations of the Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, <u>15</u>/ and calls upon the regional commissions to support those initiatives;

<u>13</u>/ See <u>Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifty-first Session,</u> <u>Supplement No. 20</u> (A/51/20), sect. II.E.

 $[\]underline{14}$ / Ibid.

<u>15</u>/ A/51/276.

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31. <u>Recommends</u> that more attention be paid to all aspects related to the protection and the preservation of the outer space environment, especially those potentially affecting the Earth's environment;

32. <u>Considers</u> that it is essential that Member States pay more attention to the problem of collisions of space objects, including those with nuclear power sources, with space debris, and other aspects of space debris, calls for the continuation of national research on this question, for the development of improved technology for the monitoring of space debris and for the compilation and dissemination of data on space debris, and also considers that, to the extent possible, information thereon should be provided to the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee;

33. <u>Urges</u> all States, in particular those with major space capabilities, to contribute actively to the goal of preventing an arms race in outer space as an essential condition for the promotion of international cooperation in the exploration and uses of outer space for peaceful purposes;

34. <u>Emphasizes</u> the need to increase the benefits of space technology and its applications and to contribute to an orderly growth of space activities favourable to sustained economic growth and sustainable development in all countries, particularly in the developing countries;

35. <u>Requests</u> the Committee to continue to consider, as a matter of priority, ways and means of maintaining outer space for peaceful purposes, taking into account the views expressed at its thirty-ninth session and at the fifty-first session of the General Assembly, and to report thereon to the Assembly at its fifty-second session;

36. <u>Also requests</u> the Committee to continue to consider at its fortieth session its agenda item entitled "Spin-off benefits of space technology: review of current status";

37. <u>Endorses</u> the decision of the Committee to grant permanent observer status to The Planetary Society;

38. <u>Requests</u> the specialized agencies and other international organizations to continue and, where appropriate, enhance their cooperation with the Committee and to provide it with progress reports on their work relating to the peaceful uses of outer space;

39. <u>Requests</u> the Committee to continue its work, in accordance with the present resolution, to consider, as appropriate, new projects in outer space activities, and to submit a report to the General Assembly at its fifty-second session, including its views on which subjects should be studied in the future.
