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IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE
 TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES BY THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND
 THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

Report of the Secretary-General

Addendum

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* A/36/50.

REPLIES FROM THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND INTERNATIONAL
INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

/Original: English/
/24 April 1981/

General Assembly resolutions 35/29 of 11 November 1980 and 35/227 of 6 March 1981 have been brought to the attention of the Executive Board of the International Monetary Fund.

UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION

/Original: French/
/22 May 1981/

1. In accordance with article IV of the United Nations/Universal Postal Union Agreement, the Director-General of UPU submitted to the Executive Council a report on the action taken by the International Bureau in connexion with the "Recommendations by the United Nations concerning the implementation by the specialized agencies of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples" together with the General Assembly resolutions which the Secretary-General had transmitted to UPU concerning the implementation of the Declaration, parts of which concerned the specialized agencies (see enclosure).
2. The Executive Council considered the report at the session which has just ended and took note of it at its meeting on 11 May 1981.

Enclosure

/Original: Arabic/English/
French/Spanish/

Relations with the United Nations and other international
organizations

(Agenda item 4)

Document CE 1981-Doc 4/Annex 1

Recommendations by the United Nations concerning the implementation
by the specialized agencies of the Declaration on the Granting of
Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Secretary-General's report

1. Each year, the International Bureau informs the Executive Council of the measures it has taken in connexion with the "Recommendations by the United Nations concerning the implementation by the specialized agencies of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples". This document reports on what has been done in this field since the last Executive Council session.

I. ASSISTANCE TO REFUGEES AND COLONIAL PEOPLES

A. Fellowships for refugees

2. Thanks to fellowships granted on the Executive Council's authorization, two Palestinians are continuing their long-term training (from 1979 to 1983) at the Higher Arab Postal Institute (HAPI) in Damascus.

3. The UPU attended the Day of Solidarity with the Palestinian People, which was marked on 28 November 1980 by a ceremony at the Palais des Nations at Geneva.

B. Caribbean territories

4. Antigua, Belize, the Cayman Islands, Montserrat, St. Kitts, Nevis and Anguilla, the Turks and Caicos Islands and the British Virgin Islands participated in the activities of regional project RLA/75/051, the first phase of which ended in December 1980. Activities to bridge the gap between this phase and that which will probably begin in January 1982 are at present under way in the subregion.

II. ASSISTANCE TO NEWLY INDEPENDENT COUNTRIES

A. Portuguese-speaking African countries

5. Regional project RAF/77/028, "Improvement of postal organization and operations in the Portuguese-speaking countries", which began in 1978 and concerns Angola,

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Cape Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Sao Tome and Principe and Mozambique continued in 1980. Within the framework of this project, three fellowships under the UPU Special Fund were granted to Guinea-Bissau and Mozambique to enable them to take part in a mail routing and delivery course organized for the Portuguese-speaking countries.

6. These administrations are also participating in regional project RAF/78/026, "Improvement of postal services and exchanges between countries belonging to the same economic grouping and between neighbouring countries", which is continuing in 1981.

7. Regional project RAF/77/027, "Organization of training services and postal instructor training", begun in 1978, comprises both French-speaking and Portuguese-speaking African countries. It will continue until September 1981.

8. A course for Portuguese-speaking postal instructors was held in 1980 at Sao Vicente (Cape Verde). Four fellowships were granted within the framework of this project to Angola, Guinea-Bissau and Mozambique under the UPU Special Fund.

9. In Angola, country project ANG/79/017, "Assistance in the administration of postal services" (20 expert/months, 1 fellowship) started on 1 January 1980 and ended on 31 December 1980.

10. A one-month consultant's mission in rate-fixing was carried out in March-April 1980 under the resources of UPU for the benefit of the same country.

11. Two consultants' missions were carried out in Cape Verde in 1980: one two-month mission (February-March-April) on the preparation of a development plan, and a one-month rate-fixing mission in May.

12. A one-month consultant's mission to Guinea-Bissau in postal buildings was carried out in September-October 1980.

13. In Sao Tome and Principe, country project STP/79/002, "Assistance to postal services", comprising six fellowships and equipment, began in 1980. Three UNDP-financed fellowships were granted to enable that country to attend the above-mentioned two courses for Portuguese-speaking countries (postal instructors' course and routing course).

B. Seychelles

14. Project SEY/78/006, comprising 12 expert/months and one fellowship, ended in 1980.

C. Comoros

15. A two-month consultant's mission for the following purposes was carried out in February-March 1980:

- (a) Preparation of a master development plan;
- (b) Improvement of international affairs service operations; and
- (c) Formulation of a UNDP project.

16. A three-month instructor-training fellowship awarded under the UPU Special Fund in 1979 was used at the instructors' course in Abidjan during January-February-March-April 1980.

17. Another fellowship under the 1980 UPU Special Fund was used for training an official in mail routing and delivery at the course held at Lomé in September-October 1980.

D. Caribbean subregion

18. In October and November 1980 respectively, Antigua received a postal organization and operations mission and a further mission intended to improve the philatelic service.

19. Postal organization and operations missions, each lasting one month (September-November 1980), were carried out in favour of St. Vincent and the Cayman Islands respectively.

20. One two-month mission (October-November 1980) enabled Montserrat to update its postal regulations and rates.

21. In 1980 Antigua, for its part, hosted a course for operational staff financed within the framework of project RLA/75/051, for participants from English-speaking Caribbean countries and territories.

22. Lastly, since 1976, the newly independent countries in the Caribbean have been participating in the UNDP-financed regional project RLA/75/051 "Organization and development of postal services". The first phase of the project, involving operational and teaching activities, ended in December 1980.

E. Suriname

23. Project SUR/79/001, "Reorganization and improvement of postal services", which was supposed to last one year, involved three experts (32 months), six fellowships (20 months) and equipment. The UNDP granted an extension of 21 additional expert/months, bringing the total to 53 months.

F. Pacific countries

24. Kiribati, Nauru, the Solomon Islands, Tuvalu and Vanuatu are participating in regional project RAS/77/019 for East Asian and Pacific countries, which involves operational and training activities.

25. In 1980, the Solomon Islands and Vanuatu each received a fellowship under the 1980 UPU Special Fund to enable them to attend the course on the international Ppst held by the Asian and Oceanic Postal Training School, Bangkok.

III. CO-OPERATION WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

26. As usual, the International Bureau will provide the United Nations Secretary-General with the information he requires to prepare a report for the bodies concerned on the measures taken by the United Nations and the specialized agencies in connexion with the problem of decolonization.

IV. RESOLUTIONS SUBMITTED FOR THE ATTENTION OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

27. In accordance with article IV of the United Nations-Universal Postal Union Agreement, the International Bureau is submitting to the Executive Council all United Nations General Assembly resolutions calling for co-operation of the specialized agencies and to which the United Nations Secretary-General has called our particular attention.

Number of resolution	Date of adoption	Title of resolution	Number of the paragraphs in the operative clauses concerning the specialized agencies in particular
35/119	11 December 1980	Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples	Paragraph 6
35/120	11 December 1980	Dissemination of information on decolonization	Paragraph 4
35/206	16 December 1980	Policies of <u>apartheid</u> of the Government of South Africa	Part A, paragraph 14 Part C, paragraph 9 Part D, paragraph 6 Part G, paragraph 4 Part I, paragraph 3 Part J, paragraphs 2 and 3 Part K, paragraphs 2 and 6 Part L, paragraphs 1 and 6 Part N, paragraph 3 Part O, paragraphs 1 and 4 Part P, paragraph 8

The Executive Council is requested to take note of the present document.

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INTER-GOVERNMENTAL MARITIME CONSULTATIVE ORGANIZATION

/Original: English/

/10 June 1981/

The Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization continued to apply the measures reported in its last report (see A/35/178), in support of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples and related recommendations of the General Assembly for its implementation. In summary, the measures applied by IMCO are the following:

(a) The IMCO Council is periodically informed of the resolutions and recommendations of the General Assembly concerning implementation of the Declaration. Resolution 35/29 of 11 November 1980 was reported to the IMCO Council at its forty-sixth session, held from 15 to 19 June 1981;

(b) IMCO has maintained working arrangements with the Organization of African Unity (OAU) within the framework of the Co-operation Agreement of 21 February 1974 between the two organizations. In accordance with these arrangements, IMCO and OAU may request consultations to ensure adequate co-operation on all matters of common concern, including the proper modalities and extent of technical assistance to the newly independent countries and to the peoples of the countries still fighting for their independence. These contacts include consultations on arrangements for possible provision of maritime training for refugees from African countries fighting for their independence;

(c) IMCO is co-operating with the United Nations Council for Namibia and the United Nations Commissioner for Namibia in two projects entitled "Transport Survey for Namibia" and "Maritime Training and Harbour Survey";

(d) In accordance with the applicable decisions of the IMCO Assembly and the Council, the national liberation movements recognized by OAU have been granted observer status at IMCO conferences and at sessions of the Assembly, the Council and its subsidiary bodies, the Maritime Safety Committee and the Marine Environment Protection Committee.

INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY

/Original: English/

/22 April 1981/

General Assembly resolution 35/29 concerning the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations was brought to the attention of the Board of Governors of IAEA.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES

/Original: English/

/8 May 1981/

1. Resolution 35/29, adopted by the General Assembly on 11 November 1980, recommended that the organizations of the United Nations system should "extend the necessary assistance without delay to help the colonial peoples and their national liberation movements in their struggle ...". In accordance with this resolution, and those adopted by the Assembly at previous sessions, UNHCR continued, in co-operation with OAU, to provide assistance to refugees from colonial Territories in Africa within its over-all programme of assistance in southern Africa. The liberation movements recognized by OAU - the African National Congress of South Africa (ANC), the Pan Africanist Congress of Azania (PAC) and the South West Africa People's Organization (SWAPO) - participated as observers at the thirty-first session of the Executive Committee in October 1980.
2. The more than 250,000 Zimbabwean refugees who had been beneficiaries of UNHCR assistance had largely been repatriated following the signing of the Lancaster House Agreement in December 1979. The number of Namibian refugees assisted by UNHCR was estimated to be over 50,000, most of whom were in Angola, with smaller numbers in neighbouring countries. In Botswana, the number of Namibians increased from 31 to 110 during 1980, with new arrivals continuing to number about 30 per month. Some 1,000 Namibians were transferred to Zambia in late 1980 to ease crowding in refugee settlements in Angola. Most of this group was installed at the SWAPO Educational and Health Centre near Kaoma in western Zambia, for which UNHCR obligated \$US 150,000 for equipment and supplies.
3. Within the framework of assistance to southern African refugees in Botswana, the United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia, 180 Namibians received educational assistance in the form of scholarships to attend both academic and vocational training institutions in a number of African countries, at a cost of \$US 363,576; some 130 Namibians in Zambia also benefited from supplementary aid. A small number of Namibians in the United Republic of Tanzania received educational assistance under a programme of multipurpose assistance to southern African refugees in the country. In Botswana, \$US 10,000 were obligated to provide supplementary aid to 51 Namibian refugees, and 65 Namibian students sponsored by SWAPO were among the beneficiaries of an allocation which covered travel to educational institutions in the United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia.
4. Consistent with the size of the refugee population, the largest programme in favour of Namibians is in Angola, where some 30,000 adults and 19,500 children live in the region of Kwanza-Sul, Cuando-Cubango, Cunono, Hulia, Lubango and Luanda. In 1979, UNHCR made available a total of \$US 1.5 million for the purchase of tents, vehicles, agricultural implements, clothing, shoes, household equipment, medicines and food. An allocation of \$US 3.3 million for 1980 covered basic needs and measures to promote self-sufficiency. This project also covers support to the local infrastructure, including water-supply distribution, electrification and construction materials; provision of basic supplies for health and education (furniture, teaching materials, drugs, ambulances etc.); and assistance to the agricultural sector. Funds from this project also supported a transit centre at Luanda for Namibian refugees. The Executive Committee has approved an allocation of \$US 3.5 million for 1981.

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UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

/Original: English/French/
Russian/Spanish/

/18 March 1981/

PROGRAMME OF IMPLEMENTATION

ASSISTANCE TO THE NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENTS RECOGNIZED
BY THE ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY (OAU)

Document DP/513

Report of the Administrator

1. As a result of the independence of Zimbabwe on 18 April 1980, most of UNDP's assistance to the African national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity (OAU), was extended during 1980 to the South West Africa People's Organization (SWAPO), to the African National Congress (ANC) and to the Pan Africanist Congress of Azania (PAC). The present report provides information on resources available for assistance to these liberation movements, the status of co-operation with them, as well as the status of the implementation of the programme financed under the Indicative Planning Figure (IPF) for Namibia. The report also provides information on the Nairobi meeting held in 1980 between representatives of the Organization of African Unity (OAU) secretariat and secretariats of the organizations of the United Nations system.

I. Resources available for co-operation with African national
liberation movements recognized by OAU

2. The over-all resource picture for the period 1977-1981 is summarized in table I below:

Table I

	<u>1977-1981 IPF</u>	<u>Commitments on IPF as of 31 December 1980</u>
NLMs	\$20,500,000	\$15,966,000
Namibia	\$ 7,750,000	\$ 5,084,000

United Nations Trust Fund for Assistance to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Resources (contributions and interests)	\$4,458,101
Committed	\$3,525,666
Uncommitted	\$ 982,435

3. For 1981, the last year of the second programming cycle, the resources available for further commitments amount to a total of \$5,516,435. This amount is made up of \$4,534,000 under the IPF for NLMs and \$982,435 uncommitted funds from the United Nations Trust Fund. In addition, \$2,660,000 is available for further commitment under the Namibia IPF. The uncommitted funds should be considered in conjunction with the Governing Council decision which provides an illustrative IPF of \$15,000,000 for the period 1982-1986 for the liberation movements and an IPF of \$7,750,000 for Namibia for the same period. The UNDP secretariat, however, has monitored and will continue to monitor the annual expenditures under the programme of assistance very carefully in order to ensure that funds for unforeseen needs may be available during 1982-1986.

II. Co-operation with SWAPO, ANC and PAC

A. Co-operation with SWAPO

4. The following projects of assistance to SWAPO are being financed by UNDP under the combined resources of the IPF for NLMs, and of the United Nations Trust Fund for Assistance to Colonial Countries and Peoples:

(a) Project SWP/75/001 - Educational Assistance to SWAPO

Source of funds: United Nations Trust Fund: \$149,957

Objective: To increase the number of educated Namibians and improve the level of education of prospective Namibian trainees to serve in various posts in the Namibian Health and Education Centre (NHEC) and to prepare Namibians for future employment in independent Namibia.

(b) Project SWP/75/002 - Health Assistance to Namibians

Source of funds: United Nations Trust Fund: \$318,123

Objective: To provide training for Namibians living in temporary settlements in Zambia in order to heighten the standards of medical care and to introduce preventive health measures in order to cultivate an environment conducive to public health, which will sustain a healthy self-supporting population for a future independent nation. The substantive work on this project was completed in 1980.

- (c) Project SWP/77/001 - Postal and Telecommunications Training
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$1,004,485
Objective: To train Namibians in the fields of telecommunications and postal services and thus contribute to the development of skilled manpower for an independent Namibia.
- (d) Project SWP/77/002 - Assistance in Agriculture
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$58,208
Objective: To assist SWAPO in introducing the teaching of basic theory and practice in agriculture as part of the NHEC (Namibia Health and Education Centre) School curriculum. This project was completed in 1980, when SWAPO moved its headquarters from Zambia to Angola.
- (e) Project SWP/77/003 - Educational Assistance
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$18,227
Objective: To assist SWAPO in strengthening the capacity of its Department of Information and Publicity in Luanda. The substantive work on this project has been completed.
- (f) Project SWP/77/004 - Educational Assistance
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$375,610
Objective: To increase the number and improve the level of education of students at the Namibia Health and Education Centre in Angola. The project also provides school materials, training equipment and financial support for SWAPO teachers and ancillary personnel of the Centre. The substantive work on this project has been completed.
- (g) Project SWP/77/005 - Assistance in Agriculture
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$29,382
Objective: To assist SWAPO in introducing the knowledge of basic theory and practice in agriculture as part of the NHEC school curriculum and foster a spirit of self-help and self-reliance in food production. It is anticipated that this project will be completed in 1981.
- (h) Project SWP/77/006 - Airlifting of Food Supplies
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$111,672
Objective: To provide funds for transporting 480 tons of food by air from Zambia to Angola to sustain SWAPO dependants in order that they might effectively participate in UNDP-supported development activities. This project was completed in 1978.

(i) Project SWP/78/001 - Training of Building Technicians

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$27,760

Objective: To train site managers in planning and organizing human settlements, relying on local resources. This project was terminated in 1978 due to a change in executing agencies. (See para. 4 (1) below.)

(j) Project SWP/78/002 - Educational Assistance

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$410,704

Objective: To provide assistance for teaching staff at primary and secondary levels for the training of electrical technicians, and in language training.

(k) Project SWP/78/004 - Participation of Women in Development

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$159,900

Objective: To strengthen the capacity of Namibian women to participate in and contribute to the development process.

(l) Project SWP/78/101 - Training of Building Technicians

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$110,330

Objective: To train site managers in planning and organizing human settlements relying on local resources. This project is the continuation of project SWP/78/001, which was cancelled because of the change of executing agency from DTCD to UNCHS.

5. The total commitment for the above-listed SWAPO projects financed by UNDP under the resources of the NLM IPF and the United Nations Trust Fund amounts to \$2,774,268.

6. As stated in part III below, SWAPO also participates in the implementation of projects financed by UNDP under the IPF for Namibia.

B. Co-operation with the African National Congress (ANC)

7. The following ANC projects are being financed by UNDP under the combined resources of the IPF for NLMs and of the United Nations Trust Fund:

(a) Project ANC/75/001 - Educational Assistance

Source of funds: United Nations Trust Fund: \$86,959

Objective: To provide fellowships to ANC personnel to assist in heightening their level of education and training in meeting manpower goals. The substantive work on this project was completed in 1980.

- (b) Project ANC/77/001 - Educational Assistance
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$452,400
Objective: To provide fellowships to ANC personnel to assist them in meeting manpower training goals.
- (c) Project ANC/77/002 - Educational Assistance
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$171,553
Objective: To provide teaching materials and other educational equipment to junior, middle and upper secondary schools and to set up small agricultural projects linked with ANC training programmes in animal husbandry, farm management and rural development.
- (d) Project ANC/77/003 - Educational Assistance
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$99,598
Objective: To provide fellowships and accommodations for South African students who are refugees in Lesotho at the campus of the University of Lesotho.
- (e) Project ANC/78/101 - Assistance to self-help community development projects
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$667,700
Objective: To assist South Africans residing in the United Republic of Tanzania to maintain their cultural heritage and to plan and operate settlements on a communal basis.
- (f) Project ANC/79/001 - Educational Assistance
Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$250,000
Objective: To provide educational assistance in the United Republic of Tanzania for secondary education for about 1,000 young refugees from South Africa.
8. The total commitment for the above-listed ANC projects financed by UNDP under the resources of the NLM IPF and the United Nations Trust Fund amounts to \$1,730,910.

C. Co-operation with the Pan-Africanist Congress of Anzania (PAC)

9. The following PAC projects are being financed by UNDP under the combined resources of the IPF for NLMs and of the United Nations Trust Fund for Assistance to Colonial Countries and Peoples:

(a) Project PAC/75/001 - Educational Assistance

Source of funds: United Nations Trust Fund: \$75,682

Objective: To provide fellowships to PAC personnel at the secondary and university levels. The substantive work on this project was completed in 1980.

(b) Project PAC/77/001 - Educational Assistance

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$405,930

Objective: To provide fellowships for indigenous South Africans to facilitate their ultimate integration into the social, economic and political structure of South Africa.

(c) Project PAC/78/001 - Institute of Azania

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$10,000

Objective: Preparatory assistance to support the study of the possibility of setting up training facilities in Sudan for South African student refugees. The substantive work on this project was completed in 1980.

(d) Project PAC/78/002 - Construction Assistance

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$9,975

Objective: To provide teaching materials and other educational equipment to junior, middle and upper secondary schools and to set up small agricultural projects linked with ANC training programmes in animal husbandry, farm management and rural development. This was replaced at the end of 1978 by project PAC/78/102 due to a change in executing agencies.

(e) Project PAC/78/102

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$223,025

Objective: See PAC/78/002 reported under paragraph 9 (d) on page 8.

(f) Project PAC/79/001 - Self-reliance in food production

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$297,800

Objective: To assist South African transit settlers at Morogoro to become self-sufficient in food production to meet immediate needs.

10. The total commitment for the above listed PAC projects financed by UNDP under the resources of the NLM IPF and the United Nations Trust Fund amounts to \$1,012,412.

D. Projects benefiting all liberation movements
recognized by the OAU

11. The following is a list of assistance projects for all NLMs recognized by the OAU, financed from the United Nations Trust Fund for Assistance to Colonial Countries and Peoples and the IPF for NLMs:

(a) Project NLM/74/001 - Education Assistance

Source of funds: United Nations Trust Fund: \$259,455

Objective: To assist South Africans residing in the United Republic of Tanzania to maintain their cultural heritage and to plan and operate settlements on a communal basis.

(b) Project NLM/76/001 - Health Assistance

Source of funds: United Nations Trust Fund: \$650,000

NLM IPF: \$987,325 (including \$196,375
for 1982)

Total: \$1,637,325

Objective: To help develop trained manpower to staff health facilities so as to provide access to efficient health services for displaced persons of the southern Africa region and members of NLMs recognized by the OAU.

(c) Project NLM/76/002 - Educational Assistance

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$1,570,406

Objective: To provide fellowships and to support a project co-ordination office to supervise all UNESCO/UNDP-assisted NLM projects and fellowships.

(d) Project NLM/78/001 - Representation of NLMs at Governing Council

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$40,000

Objective: To meet the cost of the attendance of representatives of four National Liberation Movements (SWAPO, Patriots Front of Zimbabwe, ANC and PAC of South Africa) at sessions of the UNDP Governing Council in 1978 and 1979. See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Sixty-first Session, Supplement No. 2A (E/5846/Rev.1), p. 118.

(e) Project NLM/78/002 - Vocational Training

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$548,399

Objective: To train 60 participants to be selected by ANC and PAC for various trades training programmes at the National Vocational Training Institute in the United Republic of Tanzania.

(f) Project NLM/78/003 - Vocational Training

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$1,585,735

Objective: To provide training in basic trades in existing vocational training institutions in the front-line States and in Egypt, and to train instructors at the Turin International Centre of ILO.

(g) Project NLM/78/004 - Educational Assistance to South African Refugees in Swaziland

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$442,792

Objective: To provide qualified primary and secondary school teachers, equipment and other educational materials for the benefit of South African refugees in Swaziland.

(h) Project NLM/79/001 - Regional Seminar on Equality of Treatment for Women Workers in South Africa

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$36,000

Objective: To support studies upon which policy decisions for the integration of women in the development process of their countries may be based.

12. The total commitment for the above-listed NLM projects financed under the resources of the NLM IPF and United Nations Trust Fund amounts to \$5,914,305.

III. Programme financed by the IPF for Namibia

13. The IPF for Namibia is utilized for the financing of the Institute for Namibia as well as for a number of projects that are part of the Nationhood Programme for Namibia.

(a) Project NAM/76/003 - The Institute for Namibia

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$3,385,698

Objectives:

- a. To enable Namibians, under the aegis of the United Nations Council for Namibia, to develop and acquire the necessary skills required for staffing the public service of an independent Namibia;
- b. To undertake research into the various political and socio-economic aspects of Namibia which shall contribute to the independence of Namibia and to assist in the formulation of policies and programmes of an independent Namibia;
- c. To serve as an information and documentation centre on Namibia;
- d. To offer such substantive support in its areas of competence as may be essential to the struggle for freedom of the Namibian people and the establishment of an independent State of Namibia.

14. UNDP's annual contribution to the Institute is at the level of \$886,947. /...

(b) The Nationhood Programme for Namibia

15. UNDP finances the following projects of the Nationhood Programme for Namibia from the Namibia IPF and the NLM IPF. The total amount so far committed against the Namibia IPF is \$5,084,763, while the amount committed against the NLM IPF to support projects to advance the Nationhood Programme for Namibia is \$326,900.

(a) Project NAM/78/001 - Workshops on socio-economic policies

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$38,900

Objective: To meet the cost of organizing workshops on socio-economic policies so as to assist the Namibian people in formulating options for the socio-economic policies of the territory after independence and to assist in designing the appropriate organizational structure for the planning and management of development.

(b) Project NAM/78/007 - Labour policies legislation

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$71,927

Objective: To support studies upon which policy decision in labour-management relations in the period immediately preceding and following independence may be based.

(c) Project NAM/78/008 - Vocational Training Centre

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$730,068

Objective: To provide craft training for student refugees in automechanics, machine shop and fitting, electrical installation, plumbing, carpentry, building and construction.

(d) Project NAM/78/005 - Fisheries policy options

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$219,600

Objective: To assist in the preparation of a detailed analysis of policy options for the development of fisheries in an independent Namibia, and to prepare plans for the continuation of fishing off Namibian shores after independence.

(e) Project NAM/78/003 - Fisheries fellowships

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$28,000

Objective: To provide training in fisheries for Namibian personnel.

(f) Project NAM/78/004 - Potential Land Suitability

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$240,670

Objective: To assist in the collection of available data on land suitability for agriculture, including animal husbandry.

(g) Project SWP/78/004 - Participation of Women in Development*

Source of funds: NLM IPF: \$159,900

Objective: To assist in upgrading the developmental skills of Namibian women and to strengthen the institutional capabilities of the SWAPO Women's Council.

(h) Project NAM/78/006 - External Economic Policies

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$253,000

Objective: To support studies to assist in the preparation of policy options relating to external economic issues.

(i) Project NAM/78/002 - Negotiations with Transnational Corporations

Source of funds: Namibia IPF: \$116,900

Objective. To support training of Namibians in order to prepare them to be able to effectively negotiate with transnational corporations.

16. In addition, UNDP manages, on behalf of the Council of Namibia, the following projects that are being funded by the Namibia Trust Fund. Projects are categorized by executing agencies.

* See also projects under SWAPO.

<u>Project number</u>	<u>Project title</u>	<u>Total cost</u> \$
<u>UNDTCD</u>		
NAM/78/009	Mineral Survey	4,000
NAM/79/001	Minerals Fellowships	178,180
NAM/79/011	Energy Survey	47,880
NAM/79/012	Electricity Fellowships	45,600
NAM/79/013	Water Resources Survey	42,500
NAM/79/015	Water Fellowships	24,850
NAM/79/032	Survey of Rehabilitation Needs	2,500
NAM/79/025	Training in Development Planning	173,390
NAM/79/026	Statistical Unit	114,230
NAM/79/027	Public Administration System Plans	111,260
NAM/79/028	Public Administration Fellowships	41,040
NAM/79/034	Public Enterprises Management Course	214,660
NAM/79/029	Reform of Criminal Justice System	104,310
NAM/79/030	Control of Economic Crime	87,890
		<u>1,192,290</u>
<u>ILO</u>		
NAM/79/017	Training of Labour Administrators	147,860
<u>FAO</u>		
NAM/79/003	Agricultural Education	21,300
NAM/79/004	Agrarian Reform	119,500
NAM/79/014	Water Development for Agriculture	163,500
NAM/79/021	Food and Nutrition Fellowships	194,600
NAM/79/022	Protection of Food Supplies	128,600
NAM/79/033	Food Distribution Training	90,000
		<u>717,500</u>
<u>UNESCO</u>		
NAM/79/018	Educational System Plans	135,700
NAM/79/019	Teacher Trainer Fellowships	62,300
NAM/79/020	Communications Training and Equipment	396,000
		<u>594,000</u>

<u>Project number</u>	<u>Project title</u>	<u>Total cost</u> \$
<u>WHO</u>		
NAM/78/010	Country Health Programme	45,600
<u>ICAO</u>		
NAM/79/008	Civil Aviation Adviser	62,700
NAM/79/009	Civil Aviation Fellowships	275,770
		<u>338,470</u>
<u>WMO</u>		
NAM/79/016	Meteorology Fellowships	101,800
<u>IMCO</u>		
NAM/79/007	Maritime Training	171,500
<u>ITU</u>		
NAM/79/010	Telecommunications Plans	51,870
<u>UNIDO</u>		
NAM/79/002	Industrial Training	101,500
<u>ECA</u>		
NAM/79/005	Transport Survey	161,310
NAM/79/006	Transport Fellowships	217,580
		<u>378,890</u>
<u>HABITAT</u>		
NAM/79/023	Land Use and Human Settlements	163,880
NAM/79/024	Construction and Building Materials	29,410
		<u>193,290</u>
<u>UNCTC</u>		
<u>Office of the Commissioner</u>		
NAM/79/031	Clerical and Transport Support	443,300
	GRAND TOTAL:	<u>4,477,870</u>

IV. The Nairobi meeting between the Organization of African Unity and the organizations of the United Nations system

17. In paragraph 15 of its resolution 34/21 concerning co-operation between the United Nations and Organization of African Unity, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Secretary-General of OAU, to arrange for a meeting to be held in Africa, before the thirty-fifth session of the Assembly, between representatives of OAU and the organizations within the United Nations system to study the means of effective implementation of programmes of mutual concern, including assistance to liberation movements. The meeting was held in Nairobi from 5 to 7 June 1980. UNDP was represented at the meeting which was also attended by representatives of 23 other organizations, organs and specialized agencies within the United Nations system.

18. The meeting discussed a wide range of issues. The following points were of particular relevance to the subject of the present report:

(a) OAU called on all agencies to increase their assistance to the South West Africa People's Organization (SWAPO), the African National Congress of South Africa (ANC) and the Pan Africanist Congress of Azania (PAC), to accelerate the liquidation of colonialism and apartheid in Africa.

(b) OAU called attention to the urgent need to muster additional resources through the promotion of inter-Africa activities for national liberation movements and to involve national liberation movements increasingly in subregional and regional activities to facilitate their early participation and integration into African programmes.

(c) The meeting agreed that, despite current financial constraints, UNDP should continue with its efforts to mobilize additional funds to facilitate the implementation and possible expansion of ongoing programmes of assistance to national liberation movements.

19. The meeting agreed in principle to hold periodic consultations between the OAU secretariat and the secretariats of the United Nations system to discuss matters of mutual concern and to follow up decisions of the Nairobi meeting. The next meeting will take place in Geneva from 13 to 16 April.

V. Conclusion

20. The Administrator has personally reviewed each of the projects financed by UNDP in favor of colonial countries and peoples through their liberation movements recognized by OAU. The Administrator is satisfied that the resources made available for these projects through UNDP are being used exclusively for development and humanitarian purposes.

21. It is the intention of the UNDP secretariat to organize, in co-operation with OAU discussions with the three liberation movements benefiting from UNDP assistance, before the end of this year. The objective of the discussion will be to determine how best to use the available resources for assisting the development effort of these movements and for helping to meet their urgent humanitarian needs during the 1982-1986 programming cycle.
