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ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL QUESTIONS: FOLLOW-UP TO GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 50/106: BUSINESS AND DEVELOPMENT

Argentina, Bulgaria, Canada, Costa Rica, Mexico*, Nicaragua, Poland, Russian Federation, United States of America and Venezuela: revised draft resolution

Corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions

The Economic and Social Council,

<u>Recommends</u> to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"United Nations Declaration Against Corruption and Bribery in International Commercial Transactions

"The General Assembly,

"<u>Recalling</u> its resolution 3514 (XXX) of 15 December 1975, in which it, <u>inter alia</u>, condemned all corrupt practices, including bribery, in international commercial transactions, reaffirmed the right of any State to adopt legislation and to investigate and take appropriate legal action, in accordance with its national laws and regulations, against such corrupt practices, and called upon all Governments to cooperate to prevent corrupt practices, including bribery,

^{*} In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

"<u>Affirming</u> the role and competence of the Economic and Social Council in the exercise of its overall guidance and coordination functions to address this subject as called for in the present resolution,

"<u>Recalling</u> the work done in prior years by the Economic and Social Council on the issue of illicit payments and on promoting appropriate standards of ethics by transnational corporations, which helped call attention to and raise international awareness of the adverse consequences of bribery in international commercial transactions,

"<u>Recalling also</u> General Assembly resolution 50/106 of 20 December 1995 in which the Assembly recommended that the Economic and Social Council consider the draft international agreement on illicit payments at its substantive session of 1996 and report to the Assembly at its fifty-first session,

"<u>Welcoming</u> the recommendation by the Economic and Social Council that the General Assembly adopt the present resolution and the United Nations Declaration Against Corruption and Bribery in International Commercial Transactions contained in its annex, as the outcome of the Council's consideration of Assembly resolution 50/106,

"<u>Recognizing</u> the need to promote social responsibility and appropriate standards of ethics on the part of private and public corporations and individuals engaged in international commercial transactions, <u>inter alia</u>, through observance of the laws and regulations of the countries in which they conduct business, and taking into account the impact of their activities on economic and social development and environmental protection,

"<u>Recalling</u> General Assembly resolution _____ of _____ 1996 on action against corruption in which the Assembly adopted the International Code of Conduct for Public Officials, contained in the annex to that resolution,

"<u>Convinced</u> that a stable and transparent environment for international commercial transactions in all countries is essential for the mobilization of investment, finance, technology, skills and other important resources across national borders, in order, <u>inter alia</u>, to promote economic and social development and environmental protection,

"<u>Recognizing</u> that effective efforts at all levels to combat and avoid corruption and bribery in all countries are essential elements of an improved international business environment, that they enhance fairness and competitiveness in international commercial transactions and form a critical part of promoting transparent and accountable governance, economic and social development and environmental protection, and that such efforts are especially pressing in the increasingly competitive globalized international economy,

"<u>Welcoming</u> the steps taken at the national, the regional, and the international level to fight corruption and bribery, as well as recent developments in international forums that have further advanced

international understanding and cooperation regarding corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions,

"Noting the adoption in March 1996 by member States of the Organization of American States of the Inter-American Convention against Corruption, $\underline{1}$ / which includes an article on transnational bribery,

"Noting also significant continuing work relevant to and consistent with the objectives of the present resolution in other regional and international forums, such as the work of the Council of Europe and the European Union to combat international bribery, as well as the commitment by the member countries of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development to criminalize bribery in international commercial transactions in an effective and coordinated manner and to re-examine the tax deductibility of such bribes with the intention of denying such tax deductibility in the member countries that do not already do so,

"<u>Taking into account</u> efforts by the international community to address corrupt practices in order to enable people in all countries to lead their lives and conduct business in greater peace, safety and security,

"1. <u>Adopts</u> the United Nations Declaration Against Corruption and Bribery in International Commercial Transactions, the text of which is annexed to the present resolution;

"2. <u>Notes</u> the work being undertaken by the United Nations and in other international and regional forums to address the problem of corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions, and invites all States concerned to pursue the completion of such work;

"3. <u>Invites</u> Member States, in accordance with the Declaration, to take appropriate measures and cooperate at all levels to combat corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions;

"4. <u>Requests</u> the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary bodies, in particular the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice:

"(a) To examine ways, without in any way precluding, impeding or delaying international, regional or national actions, to further the implementation of the present resolution and the annexed Declaration, so as to promote the criminalization of corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions, including through development of a legally binding international instrument;

"(b) To keep the issue of corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions under regular review;

"(c) To promote the effective implementation of the present resolution;

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"5. <u>Invites</u> other bodies of the United Nations system whose competence extends to this matter to take action as appropriate within their mandates to promote the objectives of the present resolution and the Declaration;

"6. <u>Encourages</u> private and public corporations and individuals engaged in international commercial transactions to cooperate in the effective implementation of the Declaration;

"7. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to inform Member States, the relevant bodies and the specialized agencies of the United Nations system, and international, regional and non-governmental organizations, of the adoption of the present resolution, to encourage action towards making its provisions widely known and to promote its effective implementation;

"8. <u>Also requests</u> the Secretary-General to prepare a report, for consideration by the General Assembly at its fifty-second session, on the progress made towards implementation of the present resolution and the steps taken by Member States, international, regional and non-governmental organizations, and by relevant business institutions to combat corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions; on the results of the work in this regard undertaken by the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice and other bodies of the United Nations system; on how the incidence of corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions impacts on economic and social development and environmental protection; and on measures undertaken in accordance with the present resolution to promote social responsibility and the elimination of corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions;

"9. <u>Requests</u> Member States, and invites other international, regional and non-governmental organizations and private and public institutions, to cooperate with the Secretary-General, and to provide relevant information at his request, in connection with the preparation of the report called for in operative paragraph 8 above;

"10. <u>Decides</u> to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-second session, under the item "Business and development", a review of the report of the Secretary-General concerning the implementation of the present resolution, with a view to consideration of possible future actions by the United Nations in this area.

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"<u>Annex</u>

"UNITED NATIONS DECLARATION AGAINST CORRUPTION AND BRIBERY IN INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS

"The General Assembly,

"<u>Recalling</u> its resolution 3514 (XXX) of 15 December 1975, in which the Assembly, <u>inter alia</u>, condemned all corrupt practices, including bribery, in international commercial transactions, reaffirmed the right of any State to adopt legislation and to investigate and take appropriate legal action, in accordance with its national laws and regulations, against such corrupt practices, and called upon all Governments to cooperate to prevent corrupt practices, including bribery,

"<u>Recalling also</u> the further work by the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council on the issue of illicit payments, consideration of which helped call attention to and raise international awareness of the adverse consequences of bribery in international commercial transactions,

"<u>Convinced</u> that a stable and transparent environment for international commercial transactions in all countries is essential for the mobilization of investment, finance, technology, skills and other important resources across national borders, in order, <u>inter alia</u>, to promote economic and social development and environmental protection,

"<u>Recognizing</u> the need to promote social responsibility and appropriate standards of ethics on the part of private and public corporations and individuals engaged in international commercial transactions, <u>inter alia</u>, through observance of the laws and regulations of the countries in which they conduct business, and taking into account the impact of their activities on economic and social development and environmental protection,

"<u>Recognizing also</u> that effective efforts at all levels to combat and avoid corruption and bribery in all countries are essential elements of an improved international business environment, that they enhance fairness and competitiveness in international commercial transactions and form a critical part of promoting transparent and accountable governance, economic and social development and environmental protection in all countries, and that such efforts are especially pressing in the increasingly competitive globalized international economy,

"<u>Taking into account</u> efforts by the international community to address corrupt practices in order to enable people in all countries to lead their lives and conduct business in greater peace, safety and security,

"<u>Solemnly proclaims</u> the United Nations Declaration Against Corruption and Bribery in International Commercial Transactions as set out below.

"Member States, acting individually and through international and regional organizations, commit themselves:

"1. To taking effective and concrete action to combat all forms of corruption, bribery and related illicit practices in international commercial transactions, in particular to pursuing effective enforcement of existing laws prohibiting bribery in international commercial transactions, to encouraging the adoption of laws for these purposes where they do not exist, and to calling upon private and public corporations and individuals within their jurisdiction engaged in international commercial transactions to promote the objectives of this Declaration;

"2. To criminalizing in an effective manner acts of bribery of any public official or elected representative, by any private or public corporation or individual, taking action where appropriate through coordinated efforts but without in any way precluding, impeding or delaying international, regional or national actions to further the implementation of this Declaration, including:

"(a) The offer, promise or giving of any payment, gift or other advantage, directly or indirectly, by any private or public corporation or individual from a Member State to any public official or elected representative of another country as undue consideration for performing or refraining from the performance of that official's or representative's duties in connection with an international commercial transaction;

"(b) The soliciting, demanding, accepting or receiving, directly or indirectly, by any public official or elected representative of a Member State from any private or public corporation or individual from another country of any payment, gift or other advantage, as undue consideration for performing or refraining from the performance of that official's or representative's duties in connection with an international commercial transaction;

"3. To denying, in countries that do not already do so and in accordance with the fundamental principles of their legal systems, the tax deductibility of bribes paid by any private or public corporation or individual of a Member State to any public official or elected representative of another country;

"4. To developing or maintaining accounting standards and practices that ensure the openness of international commercial transactions, and that encourage private and public corporations and individuals engaged in international commercial transactions to avoid and combat corruption, bribery and related illicit practices;

"5. To encouraging the development of appropriate business codes, standards or best practices that prohibit corruption, bribery and related illicit practices in commercial transactions;

"6. To examining, subject to each State's own constitution and the fundamental principles of its legal system, the possibility of establishing illicit enrichment by public officials or elected representatives as an offence, and regarding such offence as an act of corruption for the purposes of this Declaration;

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"7. To cooperating and affording one another the greatest possible assistance in connection with criminal investigations and other legal proceedings brought in respect of corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions. Mutual assistance shall include, as far as permitted under national laws or as provided for in bilateral treaties or other applicable arrangements of the affected countries, and taking into account the need for confidentiality as appropriate:

"(a) Production of documents and other information, taking of evidence and service of documents relevant to criminal investigations and other legal proceedings;

"(b) Notice of the initiation and outcome of criminal proceedings concerning bribery in international commercial transactions to other States that may have jurisdiction over the same offence;

"(c) Extradition proceedings where and as appropriate;

"8. To taking appropriate action to enhance cooperation to facilitate money-laundering countermeasures and measures to facilitate access to documents and records about transactions and about identities of persons engaged in corruption and bribery in international commercial transactions.

"Actions taken in furtherance of this Declaration shall respect fully the national sovereignty and territorial jurisdiction of Member States, their constitutions and the fundamental principles of their legal systems, as well as the rights and obligations of Member States under existing treaties and international law, and shall be consistent with human rights and fundamental freedoms."
