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Fifty-first session Item 110 (a)

HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS: IMPLEMENTATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS INSTRUMENTS

<u>Status of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel,</u> <u>Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment</u>

Report of the Secretary-General

1. The General Assembly, by its resolution 39/46 of 10 December 1984, adopted and opened for signature, ratification and accession the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, contained in the annex to that resolution, and called upon all Governments to consider signing and ratifying the Convention as a matter of priority.

2. The Convention was opened for signature in New York on 4 February 1985. In accordance with article 27 thereof, the Convention entered into force on 26 June 1987, on the thirtieth day after the date of the deposit with the Secretary-General of the twentieth instrument of ratification or accession.

In its resolution 49/177 of 23 December 1994, the General Assembly 3. commended the Committee against Torture for its excellent report 1/ in its modified presentation and for the improvement in its working methods; emphasized the importance of the strictest compliance by States parties with their obligations under the Convention; and urged all States parties to the Convention to notify the Secretary-General of their acceptance of the amendments to articles 17 and 18 of the Convention as soon as possible. 2/ Further, the Assembly welcomed the attention that the Committee had given to the development of an effective system of reporting on the implementation of the Convention by States parties, and especially its revision of its general guidelines for the submission of reports by States parties, as well as its practice of formulating concluding observations after the consideration of such reports. The Assembly welcomed also the continuing close contacts and exchange of information, reports and documents between the Committee against Torture and the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights on questions relating to torture; requested

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the Secretary-General to ensure the provision of appropriate staff and facilities for the effective performance of the functions of the Committee; urged all States that had not yet done so to become parties to the Convention as a matter of priority; invited all States ratifying or acceding to the Convention and those States parties which had not yet done so to make the declarations provided for in articles 21 and 22 of the Convention and to consider the possibility of withdrawing their reservations to article 20; and requested the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session a report on the status of the Convention.

The Commission on Human rights, at its fifty-second session, adopted 4. resolution 1996/33 A of 19 April 1996, in which it welcomed the Committee's practice of carrying out inquiries into cases where there were indications of the systematic practice of torture in States parties; reminded all States that paragraph 60 of the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action read: "States should abrogate legislation leading to impunity for those responsible for grave violations of human rights such as torture and prosecute such violations, thereby providing a firm basis for the rule of law"; emphasized the obligation of States parties under article 10 of the Convention to ensure education and training for personnel who might be involved in the custody, interrogation or treatment of any individual subjected to any form of arrest, detention or imprisonment, and called upon the High Commissioner for Human Rights, in conformity with his mandate established in General Assembly resolution 48/141 of 20 December 1993, to provide, at the request of Governments, advisory services in that regard, as well as technical assistance in the development, production and distribution of appropriate teaching material for the purpose.

5. As at 3 September 1996, the Convention had been ratified or acceded to by 99 States. In addition, 13 States has signed the Convention. The list of States that have signed, ratified or acceded to the Convention, as well as the dates of their signature, ratification or accession, is contained in the annex to the present report.

б. As at the same date, 37 of the States parties to the Convention, namely Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malta, Monaco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Uruguay, Venezuela and Yugoslavia, had made the declarations provided for in articles 21 and 22 of the Convention. In addition, two States parties, namely the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, had made the declaration provided for in article 21 only, thus bringing the total number of declarations under that article to 39. Under article 21, a State party to the Convention may declare at any time that it recognizes the competence of the Committee against Torture to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State party claims that another State party is not fulfilling its obligations under the Convention. Under article 22, a State party to the Convention may declare at any time that it recognizes the competence of the Committee to receive and consider communications from or on behalf of individuals subject to its jurisdiction who claim to be victims of a violation by a State party of the provisions of the Convention.

7. The provisions of articles 21 and 22 entered into force on 26 June 1987 in accordance with paragraph 2 of article 21 and paragraph 8 of article 22.

8. The fifth meeting of the States parties to the Convention was convened by the Secretary-General at the United Nations Office at Geneva on 29 November 1995 to elect five members of the Committee against Torture to replace those whose terms of office were due to expire on 31 December 1995. In accordance with article 17 of the Convention, five members of the Committee against Torture were elected for a term of four years beginning 1 January 1996. Accordingly, the membership of the Committee for 1996-1997 is as follows:

Mr. Peter Thomas Burns (Canada)

Mr. Guibril Camara (Senegal)

Mr. Alexis Dipanda Mouelle (Cameroon)

Mr. Alejandro González Poblete (Chile)

Ms. Julia Iliopoulos-Strangas (Greece)

Mr. Georghios M. Pikis (Cyprus)

Mr. Mukunda Regmi (Nepal)

Mr. Bent Sorensen (Denmark)

Mr. Alexander M. Yakovlev (Russian Federation)

Mr. Bostjan M. Zupancic (Slovenia)

9. The Committee against Torture held its thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth and sixteenth sessions at the United Nations Office at Geneva from 7 to 18 November 1994, from 24 April to 5 May 1995, from 13 to 24 November 1995 and from 30 April to 10 May 1996, respectively. In accordance with article 24 of the Convention, the Committee submitted its annual reports, $\underline{3}$ / covering its activities at the sessions referred to above, to the States parties and to the General Assembly at its fiftieth and fifty-first sessions.

Notes

$\underline{1}/$ _Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 44 (A/49/44).

 $\underline{2}$ / Adopted by the Conference of States Parties to the Convention on 9 September 1992 in accordance with article 29, paragraph 1, of the Convention (CAT/SP/SR.4) and endorsed by the General Assembly in its resolution 47/111 of 16 December 1992.

3/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Fiftieth Session, Supplement No. 44 (A/50/44); ibid., Fifty-first Session, Supplement No. 44 (A/51/44).

ANNEX

List of States which have signed, ratified or acceded to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment as at 3 September 1996

<u>State</u>	Date of signature	Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification, accession or succession
Afghanistan Albania	4 February 1985	1 April 1987 11 May 1994 b/
Algeria <u>a</u> / Antigua and Barbuda	26 November 1985	12 September 1989 19 July 1993 <u>b</u> /
Argentina <u>a</u> /	4 February 1985	24 September 1986
Armenia Australia <u>a</u> / Austria <u>a</u> / Azerbaijan Belarus	10 December 1985 14 March 1985 19 December 1985	13 September 1993 <u>b</u> / 8 August 1989 29 July 1987 16 August 1996 <u>b</u> / 13 March 1987
Belgium Belize Benin	4 February 1985	17 March 1986 <u>b</u> / 12 March 1992 <u>b</u> /
Bolivia Bosnia and Herzegovina	4 February 1985	6 March 1992 <u>c</u> /
Brazil Bulgaria <u>a</u> / Burundi Cambodia Cameroon	23 September 1985 10 June 1986	28 September 1989 16 December 1986 18 February 1993 <u>b</u> / 15 October 1992 <u>b</u> / 19 December 1986 <u>b</u> /
Canada <u>a</u> / Cape Verde Chad	23 August 1985	24 June 1987 4 June 1992 <u>b</u> / 9 June 1995 <u>b</u> /
Chile China	23 September 1987 12 December 1986	30 September 1988 4 October 1988
Colombia Costa Rica Côte d'Ivoire Croatia <u>a</u> / Cuba	10 April 1985 4 February 1985 27 January 1986	8 December 1987 11 November 1993 18 December 1995 <u>b</u> / 8 October 1991 <u>c</u> / 17 May 1995
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Date of signature State 9 October 1985 Cyprus <u>a</u>/ Czech Republic <u>a</u>/ Denmark a/ 4 February 1985 Dominican Republic 4 February 1985 4 February 1985 Ecuador <u>a</u>/ Egypt El Salvador Estonia Ethiopia 4 February 1985 Finland a/ France a/ 4 February 1985 Gabon 21 January 1986 Gambia 23 October 1985 Georgia 13 October 1986 Germany Greece <u>a</u>/ 4 February 1985 Guatemala 30 May 1986 Guinea Guyana 25 January 1988 28 November 1986 Hungary <u>a</u>/ Iceland 4 February 1985 23 October 1985 Indonesia Ireland 28 September 1992 22 October 1986 Israel Italy a/ 4 February 1985 Jordan Kuwait Latvia Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Liechtenstein <u>a</u>/ 27 June 1985 Lithuania Luxembourg a/ 22 February 1985 Malawi Malta a/ Mauritius

Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification, accession or succession 18 July 1991 1 January 1993 <u>c</u>/ 27 May 1987 30 March 1988 25 June 1986 b/ 17 June 1996 b/ 21 October 1991 <u>b</u>/ 14 March 1994 b/ 30 August 1989 18 February 1986 26 October 1994 <u>b</u>/ 1 October 1990 6 October 1988 5 January 1990 b/ 10 October 1989 19 May 1988 15 April 1987 3 October 1991 12 January 1989 13 November 1991 b/ 8 March 1996 <u>b</u>/ 14 April 1992 b/ 16 May 1989 <u>b</u>/ 2 November 1990 1 February 1996 b/ 29 September 1987 11 June 1996 <u>b</u>/ 13 September 1990 b/ 9 December 1992 b/

State	Date of signature
Mexico Monaco <u>a</u> /	18 March 1985
Morocco Namibia Nepal	8 January 1986
Netherlands <u>a</u> /	4 February 1985
New Zealand <u>a</u> / Nicaraqua	14 January 1986 15 April 1985
Nigeria	28 July 1988
Norway <u>a</u> /	4 February 1985
Panama	22 February 1985
Paraguay Peru	23 October 1989 29 May 1985
Philippines	19 may 1905
Poland <u>a</u> /	13 January 1986
Portugal <u>a</u> /	4 February 1985
Republic of Korea Republic of Moldova	
Romania	
Russian Federation $\underline{a}/$	10 December 1985
Senegal Seychelles	4 February 1985
Sierra Leone	18 March 1985
Slovakia	
Slovenia <u>a</u> /	
Somalia	20 Tamuanu 1002
South Africa Spain <u>a</u> /	29 January 1993 4 February 1985
Sri Lanka	r rebraary 1900
Sudan	4 June 1986
Sweden <u>a</u> /	4 February 1985
Switzerland <u>a</u> / Tajikistan	4 February 1985
The former Yugoslav	
Republic of Macedonia	
Togo <u>a</u> /	25 March 1987

Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification, accession or succession 23 January 1986 6 December 1991 <u>b</u>/ 21 June 1993 28 November 1994 b/ 14 May 1991 <u>b</u>/ 21 December 1988 10 December 1989 9 July 1986 24 August 1987 12 March 1990 7 July 1988 18 June 1986 <u>b</u>/ 26 July 1989 9 February 1989 9 January 1995 <u>b</u>/ 28 November 1995 <u>b</u>/ 18 December 1990 b/ 3 March 1987 21 August 1986 5 May 1992 <u>b</u>/ 29 May 1993 <u>b</u>/ 16 July 1993 b/ 24 January 1990 <u>b</u>/ 21 October 1987 3 January 1994 <u>b</u>/ 8 January 1986 2 December 1986 11 January 1995 <u>b</u>/ 12 December 1994 <u>c</u>/ 18 November 1987

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<u>State</u>	Date of signature	Date of receipt of the instrument of ratification, accession or succession
Tunisia <u>a</u> /	26 August 1987	23 September 1988
Turkey <u>a</u> / Uganda	25 January 1988	2 August 1988 3 November 1986 <u>b</u> /
Ukraine	27 February 1986	24 February 1987
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern		
Ireland <u>d</u> /	15 March 1985	8 December 1988
United States of		
America <u>d</u> /	18 April 1988	21 October 1994
Uruguay <u>a</u> /	4 February 1985	24 October 1986
Uzbekistan		28 September 1995 <u>b</u> /
Venezuela <u>a</u> /	15 February 1985	29 July 1991
Yemen		5 November 1991 <u>b</u> /
Yugoslavia <u>a</u> / Zaire	18 April 1989	10 September 1991 18 March 1996 <u>b</u> /

Notes

 \underline{a} / Made the declaration under articles 21 and 22 of the Convention.

 \underline{b} / Accession.

<u>c</u>/ Succession.

 \underline{d} / Made the declaration under article 21 of the Convention.
