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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF
WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE
REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/13033 of 9 January 1979.

During the week ending 13 January 1979, the Security Council took action on the following item:

Telegram dated 3 January 1979 from the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/13003)

In a telegram dated 3 January 1979 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/13003), the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea, referring to his telegram of 31 December 1978 to the Security Council (S/13001), stated that Viet Nam was further intensifying its war against Democratic Kampuchea, and requested, on behalf of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea, an urgent meeting of the Security Council to consider the matter. He also stated that a delegation from Democratic Kampuchea would arrive in New York the following week to inform the Security Council and to participate in its work on the question.

The Security Council met to consider the question at its 2108th meeting held on 11 January. Following statements by the representatives of the USSR, China and Czechoslovakia, the agenda was adopted. The Council continued its consideration of the item at its 2109th and 2110th meetings, held on 12 and 13 January.

At the 2108th meeting, the President called attention to document S/13019, containing the text of a letter dated 10 January 1979 from His Excellency, Mr. Thioum Prasith, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Democratic Kampuchea. He also called attention to document S/13020 containing the text of a letter dated 11 January 1979 from the Permanent Representative of Viet Nam to the United Nations and its enclosure.

The representative of the USSR proposed on a point of order the adjournment of the meeting until 3 p.m. on 15 January. The representative of Czechoslovakia spoke on a point of order.

The Security Council voted on the proposal of the representative of the USSR to adjourn the meeting, with the following result: The proposal received 2 votes in favour (Czechoslovakia, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) and 13 against, and was not adopted.

Following a discussion of the question of participation of the delegation of Democratic Kampuchea, the Security Council extended an invitation to the delegation of Democratic Kampuchea in accordance with the request contained in document S/13019.

Following a brief suspension of the meeting, the Security Council approved the report (S/13021) submitted by the Secretary-General in accordance with rule 15 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

At the same meeting, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Cuba and Viet Nam, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

In the course of the 2109th and 2110th meetings, in addition to the representatives invited previously, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Australia, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Mongolia, New Zealand, the Philippines, Poland, Singapore, the Sudan and Thailand, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

At the 2109th meeting, the President called attention to the draft resolution contained in document S/13022, sponsored by China. The draft resolution (S/13022), read as follows:

The Security Council,

Noting the telegram dated 31 December 1978 and the telegram dated 3 January 1979, from the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/13001 and S/13003),

Having heard the statement of Prince Sihanouk, High Ranking Representative of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea and head of the delegation of Democratic Kampuchea,

Bearing in mind that all members shall refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of any State or in any other manner inconsistent with the Purposes of the United Nations,

Gravely concerned about Viet Nam's military invasion of Democratic Kampuchea in violation of the Charter of the United Nations,

/...

Convinced that Viet Nam's aggression against Democratic Kampuchea constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

1. Stresses that the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Democratic Kampuchea must be strictly respected in accordance with the Purposes and Principles of the Charter of the United Nations;

2. Strongly condemns Viet Nam for its acts of armed invasion and aggression against Democratic Kampuchea, acts which constitute a flagrant violation of the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Democratic Kampuchea and cause serious damage to the lives and property of the Kampuchean people;

3. Commends the heroic struggle being waged by Democratic Kampuchea in resisting the Vietnamese aggressors;

4. Calls upon Viet Nam immediately to halt its armed aggression against Democratic Kampuchea and withdraw immediately all its aggressor forces and military installations from Kampuchean territory;

5. Asks the United Nations specialized agencies and other international organs related to the United Nations and urges all Governments to stop any aid to Viet Nam so as to prevent it from being used to finance Viet Nam's acts of aggression;

6. Declares that in the event of Viet Nam's continued armed aggression against Democratic Kampuchea and refusal to withdraw from Kampuchean territory all its aggressor forces, the Security Council will convene again to consider the adoption of effective measures in accordance with the relevant provisions of the United Nations Charter;

7. Requests the Secretary-General to submit as early as possible a report to the Security Council on the implementation of this resolution;

8. Decides to remain seized of this question.
