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AD HOC COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE OF THE  
GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR THE MID-TERM  
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE  
UNITED NATIONS NEW AGENDA FOR THE  
DEVELOPMENT OF AFRICA IN THE 1990S

Organizational session  
New York, 20 and 21 June 1996

INFORMATION NOTE ON PARTICIPATION OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL  
ORGANIZATIONS IN THE MID-TERM REVIEW OF THE UNITED  
NATIONS NEW AGENDA FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF AFRICA IN  
THE 1990s

### Background

1. According to paragraphs 21 and 41 of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s and paragraph 6 of General Assembly resolution 50/160 of 22 December 1995, non-governmental organizations are partners in the implementation of the New Agenda.
2. Though a large number of non-African non-governmental organizations interested in African development have been accredited by the Economic and Social Council in accordance with the provisions of Council resolution 1296 (XLIV) of 23 May 1968, many local African non-governmental organizations involved in activities related to the priorities of the New Agenda have no consultative status.
3. Paragraph 100 of the report of the Secretary-General on the general review of arrangements for consultations with non-governmental organizations of 26 May 1994 (E/AC.70/1994/5) states that participation of non-governmental organizations in international conferences convened by the United Nations are determined on a case-by-case basis by the organ convening a given conference, directly or on the recommendation of the preparatory body for the conference. These rules generally cover the criteria for both accreditation and participation, and although the rights of non-governmental organizations to attend and participate have varied from one conference to another, the recent

trend has been towards greater flexibility in granting non-governmental organizations access to international conferences.

4. Furthermore, according to the above-mentioned report, relevant non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council may be given an opportunity to address briefly the Preparatory Committee in plenary meeting and its subsidiary bodies. Other relevant non-governmental organizations may also ask to speak briefly at such meetings. If the number of requests is too large, the Preparatory Committee will request that the non-governmental organizations form themselves into constituencies, with each constituency speaking through one spokesperson. Any oral intervention by a non-governmental organization should, in accordance with normal United Nations practice, be made at the discretion of the Chairman and with the consent of the Preparatory Committee (*ibid.*, annex I, para. 3 (i)).

5. Finally, the report mentions that relevant non-governmental organizations may, at their own expense, make written presentations in the official languages of the United Nations during the preparatory process, as they deem appropriate. Those written presentations will not be issued as official documents unless they are in accordance with the United Nations rules of procedure (*ibid.*, annex I, para. 3 (j)).

#### Facts

6. Since the International Conference on Popular Participation in the Recovery and Development Process in Africa, held in Arusha, Tanzania, in 1990, the emerging role of non-governmental organizations in Africa's development process has been acknowledged. The Secretary-General officially reaffirmed this role during the second meeting of the Panel of High-level Personalities on African Development, held at Rome in April 1993. The Tokyo Declaration on African Development adopted at the Tokyo International Conference on African Development in October 1993 also stressed the need to enhance cooperation efforts with local non-governmental organizations and other institutions of civil society which play constructive roles for African development.

7. On this basis, the relationship and cooperation between the Office of the Special Coordinator for Africa and the Least Developed Countries and non-governmental organizations have evolved through constant consultation on priority issues of the New Agenda and through the preparatory mechanisms for important intergovernmental processes, including the Brainstorming Workshop on non-governmental organizations and African development, held in New York on 16 and 17 January 1995; the parallel event to the high-level segment of the Economic and Social Council on "Priority Africa, a policy dialogue among development actors", held at Geneva on 3 July 1995; the United Nations International Workshop on the Informal Sector and Development, held in June 1995; and subsequent meetings.

#### Participation of non-governmental organizations

8. Several non-governmental organizations have been part of this ongoing consultation and are planning to participate in the mid-term review in September in an organized and coordinated way. First, they will publish a report that

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will serve as background information to delegates to the Ad Hoc Committee. They are also planning to hold a two-day meeting prior to the meeting of the Ad Hoc Committee to finalize a statement as a contribution to the work of the Ad Hoc Committee. A list of non-governmental organizations presently involved in the preparation of the mid-term review of the New Agenda is available upon request.

Decision of the organizational session

9. The organizational session may, therefore, wish to consider appropriate modalities for the participation of non-governmental organizations in the mid-term review of the New Agenda and in the work of the Ad Hoc Committee.

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