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Items 22 and 34 of the preliminary list*
THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA
QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

SECURITY COUNCIL
Thirty-sixth year

Letter dated 1 June 1981 from the Chargé d'Affaires a.i. of
the Permanent Mission of Viet Nam to the United Nations
addressed to the Secretary-General

At the request of H.E. Mr. Hun Sen, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of Kampuchea, I have the honour to transmit herewith a statement dated 20 May 1981 by the spokesman for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of Kampuchea, and I should be grateful if you would circulate the statement, along with this note, as an official document of the General Assembly, under items 22 and 34 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) CU DINH BA
Chargé d'Affaires a.i. of
the Permanent Mission of
the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam
to the United Nations

* A/36/50.

ANNEX

STATEMENT BY THE SPOKESMAN FOR THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KAMPUCHEA

According to foreign sources, the Chinese expansionists have just sent some armaments through Thailand to supply openly the reactionary band led by Son San. Quite recently, Sihanouk, another traitor to the nation, following his meeting in Peking with the Chinese Vice-President, Deng Xiao Ping, said that the latter had just promised him arms to form his own troops of Sihanouk mercenaries. All of this goes hand in hand with the attempts by Peking and Washington to unite reactionary Khmers of all types - Son San, Sihanouk and the Pol Pot-Ieng Sary-Khieu Samphan clique - in a so-called "United Front" against the Kampuchean people, while Peking simultaneously steps up its military provocations on the Sino-Laotian and Sino-Vietnamese borders.

As all the world knows, once liberated from the genocidal régime of Pol Pot, Ieng Sary and Khieu Samphan, lackeys of the Chinese expansionists, the Kampuchean people achieved great success in reconstructing the country. Their total support for the new régime in the People's Republic of Kampuchea has just been demonstrated dramatically by the overwhelming vote in favour of the candidates of the National United Front for the Salvation of Kampuchea in the legislative elections of 1 May 1981. Moreover, foreign observers from all continents have witnessed the democratic progress of these general elections, which once again confirm the will of the Kampuchean people definitively to reject the Pol Pots, Son Sans, Sihanouks and company, and to assume control of their own destiny. In obstinately remaining deaf and blind to these realities, the Chinese expansionists, in collusion with the American imperialists and other reactionaries, have again demonstrated their virulent hostility towards the Kampuchean people and the Vietnamese and Laotian peoples, thus seriously endangering the peace and stability of South-East Asia. The complicity of the Bangkok authorities, which allow Thai territory to be used openly for these manoeuvres, exposes the hypocrisy of their declarations of "neutrality" in the so-called Kampuchean problem. In turning its back on the proposals made in good faith by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the three Indochinese countries, Bangkok is thwarting the aspiration of the Thai people and, of course, the interests of Thailand and of the countries in that region.

The People's Revolutionary Council of Kampuchea vigorously condemns all of these perfidious manoeuvres of the Chinese expansionists in collusion with the American imperialists and those of the Thai authorities. Reaffirming its right of legitimate self-defence, it will take all measures necessary to deal with acts endangering the sovereignty, security, and territorial integrity of the People's Republic of Kampuchea and the peaceful life of the Kampuchean people.

Phnom Penh, 20 May 1981
