

## INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD

The Council elected the thirteen members of the Board for terms beginning on 2 March 1977. Pursuant to the transitional provisions of article 20 of the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, six members are to serve for a term of three years and seven for a term of five years. The Council determined their terms by drawing lots.

Members	Term expires on 1 March
Nikolai K. Barkov (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)	1982
Daniel Bovet (Italy)	1982
Tadeusz L. Chrusciel (Poland)	1982
Ramon de la Fuente Muñiz (Mexico)	1980
Helmut E. Ehrhardt (Federal Republic of Germany)	1980
Diego Garcés Giraldo (Colombia)	1980
Betty C. Gough (United States of America)	1982
Sukru Kaymakçalan (Turkey)	1982
Mohsen Kchouk (Tunisia)	1980
Paul Reuter (France)	1982
Ahmed W. Sadek (Egypt)	1980
Jehan S. Saleh (Iran)	1982
Tsutomu Shimomura (Japan)	1980

4. At its 2001st plenary meeting, on 12 May 1976, the Council decided to postpone until a future session the election of:

(a) Five members to the Committee on Review and Appraisal:

- (i) One member from African States and two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1979;
- (ii) Two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1977;

(b) One member to the Board of Governors of the United Nations Special Fund from Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1977.<sup>55</sup>

<sup>55</sup> See Council decision 143 (ORG-76) above.

## Resolutions and decisions adopted on the reports of the Social Committee

### RESOLUTIONS

#### 1991 (LX). Report of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts on southern Africa

*The Economic and Social Council,*

Taking note of resolution 8 (XXXII) of the Commission on Human Rights<sup>56</sup> and of the interim report of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts on southern Africa,<sup>57</sup>

Recalling the provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,<sup>58</sup> of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,<sup>59</sup> as well as various international instruments relating to human rights,

Convinced of the urgent need for States to respect human rights and fundamental freedoms,

Aware of the fact that racial discrimination and the policy of *apartheid* constitute a threat to international peace and security,

1. Expresses its complete satisfaction to the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts for the interim report it has submitted and invites it to continue its work;

2. Expresses its deep concern to the General Assembly regarding the situation in southern Africa, which constitutes a serious threat to international peace and security;

3. Appeals to all States to co-operate with the international organizations in measures they are taking to combat racial discrimination and *apartheid*;

<sup>56</sup> See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Sixtieth Session, Supplement No. 3* (E/5768), chap. XX.

<sup>57</sup> E/CN.4/1187.

<sup>58</sup> General Assembly resolution 217 A (III) of 10 December 1948.

<sup>59</sup> General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI) of 16 December 1966.

4. Invites Member States to ratify the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of *Apartheid*.<sup>60</sup>

5. Requests the Secretary-General to communicate the report of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts to all competent bodies in the United Nations system.

2002nd plenary meeting  
12 May 1976

#### 1992 (LX). Methods of work of the Commission on Human Rights

*The Economic and Social Council,*

Considering the necessity to strengthen the role of the United Nations in the field of human rights and fundamental freedoms, and the tasks entrusted to the Commission on Human Rights for the effective recognition of all human rights and freedoms,

Having considered the request of the Commission to authorize the officers elected at its thirty-second session to meet for three days before the opening of its thirty-third session,<sup>61</sup>

Noting that the Commission is experiencing difficulties in considering all the items on its agenda, and is making efforts to improve its methods of work,

1. Urges the Commission on Human Rights to continue its efforts to promote and encourage respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all;

<sup>60</sup> General Assembly resolution 3068 (XXVIII) of 30 November 1973.

<sup>61</sup> See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Sixtieth Session, Supplement No. 3* (E/5768), chap. XX, resolution 7 (XXXII), para. 1.

2. *Authorizes*, as an interim measure, the officers elected by the Commission at its thirty-second session to meet for three days before the opening of its thirty-third session to consider ways and means which might enable the Commission to carry out its functions as well as may be, having regard to the following aspects:

(a) The establishment of a proper and balanced long-term programme of work in the field of human rights, considering however on a priority basis specific situations of alleged gross violations of human rights at every session;

(b) The rationalization of the work by grouping of items and through advance planning of various sessions;

(c) Recourse to the use of sessional working groups and informal consultations.

2002nd plenary meeting  
12 May 1976

### 1993 (LX). Question of the human rights of all persons subjected to any form of detention or imprisonment

*The Economic and Social Council,*

*Mindful* of articles 3, 5 and 9 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights<sup>62</sup> as well as of articles 6, 7, 9 and 10 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,<sup>63</sup>

*Welcoming* the unanimous adoption of the Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Being Subjected to Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment by the General Assembly in its resolution 3452 (XXX) of 9 December 1975,

*Taking note* of resolution 10 (XXXII) of the Commission on Human Rights,<sup>64</sup> in which the Commission invited the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 3453 (XXX):

(a) To draw also upon the Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Being Subjected to Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment as a guideline for its work when considering the question of the human rights of persons subjected to any form of detention or imprisonment under the Sub-Commission's resolutions 7 (XXVII) and 4 (XXVIII),

(b) To draw up at its twenty-ninth session, on the basis of the *Study of the Right of Everyone to be Free from Arbitrary Arrest, Detention and Exile*,<sup>65</sup> the draft principles on freedom from arbitrary arrest and detention attached thereto and other relevant material, a body of principles for the protection of all persons under any form of detention or imprisonment,

*Recalling* that by its resolution 663 C (XXIV) of 31 July 1957, the Economic and Social Council approved the *Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners*<sup>66</sup> adopted by the First United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders,

<sup>62</sup> General Assembly resolution 217 A (III) of 10 December 1948.

<sup>63</sup> General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI) of 16 December 1966.

<sup>64</sup> See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Sixtieth Session, Supplement No. 3 (E/5768)*, chap. XX.

<sup>65</sup> United Nations publication, Sales No. 65.XIV.2.

<sup>66</sup> United Nations publication, Sales No. 1956.IV.4.

1. *Calls upon* all Governments fully to observe and implement the Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Being Subjected to Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, adopted by the General Assembly in its resolution 3452 (XXX);

2. *Invites* Governments, specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations to co-operate with the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities in the implementation of its resolutions 7 (XXVII) and 4 (XXVIII) on the human rights of persons subjected to any form of detention or imprisonment;

3. *Urges* the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to give adequate attention to the task entrusted to it in resolution 10 (XXXII) of the Commission on Human Rights and to formulate a body of principles for the protection of all persons under any form of detention or imprisonment;

4. *Reiterates* the recommendation of the General Assembly in its resolution 3144 B (XXVIII) of 14 December 1973 that Member States should make all possible efforts to implement the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners in the administration of penal and correctional institutions and take the Rules into account in the framing of national legislation;

5. *Determines* that no restrictions upon or derogations from any of the fundamental human rights recognized or existing in any country in virtue of law, conventions, regulations or custom shall be admitted on the pretext that the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners do not recognize such rights or that they recognize them to a lesser extent;

6. *Requests* the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control at its fourth session to study the range of application of the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners, to formulate a set of implementing procedures for these Rules, and to report to the Economic and Social Council at its sixty-second session;

7. *Invites* the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of the Governments of the States Members of the United Nations.

2002nd plenary meeting  
12 May 1976

### 1994 (LX). Protection of human rights in Chile

*The Economic and Social Council,*

*Aware* of its responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the promotion of human rights,

*Observing* that the Commission on Human Rights, as the Council organ responsible for those functions, has made repeated efforts to restore human rights and fundamental freedoms in Chile,

*Recalling* General Assembly resolution 3452 (XXX) of 9 December 1975, in which the Assembly unanimously adopted the Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Being Subjected to Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment,

*Recalling also* General Assembly resolution 3219 (XXIX) of 6 November 1974, in which the Assembly expressed its