

the right to appeal to a higher judicial authority or to petition for pardon or reprieve;

“(b) To provide that no death sentence shall be carried out until the procedures of appeal and pardon have been terminated and in any case not until six months after the passing of the sentence in the court of first instance and, where necessary, to amend their laws accordingly;

“(c) As from the day of adoption of this resolution, to notify the Secretary-General semi-annually of any death sentences subsequently passed and carried out in their countries and of the crimes for which these sentences have been imposed;

“(d) To inform the Secretary-General, not later than 10 December 1968, of actions taken in accordance with subparagraphs (a) and (b) above.”;

II

1. *Draws the renewed attention* of Governments of Member States to paragraph 2—in particular sub-paragraphs (a), (b) and (d)—of Economic and Social Council resolution 934 (XXXV) of 9 April 1963;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to ascertain from Governments of Member States their present attitude—with indication of the reasons therefor—to possible further restriction of the use of the death penalty or to its total abolition, and to invite those Governments to state whether they are contemplating such restriction or abolition and also to indicate whether changes in this respect have taken place since 1961;

3. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to submit a report on the matter to the Economic and Social Council at its forty-fourth session.

1244 (XLII). Measures for the speedy implementation of international instruments against racial discrimination

The Economic and Social Council,

Recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

“*The General Assembly,*

“*Recalling* its resolutions 1905 (XVIII) of 20 November 1963, 2017 (XX) of 1 November 1965 and 2142 (XXI) of 26 October 1966,

“*Expressing its profound concern* that many Governments continue to violate fundamental human rights and the principles of the Charter of the United Nations through policies of apartheid, segregation and other forms of racial discrimination,

“*Concerned also* that the principles of the United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination are being grossly violated in some parts of the world, particularly in the Republic of South Africa, in the rebellious colony of Southern Rhodesia and in the Territory of South West Africa under the direct responsibility of the United Nations and now illegally occupied by the Government of the Republic of South Africa,

“*Noting* that many States have not yet signed and ratified the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination,

“1. *Urges* all eligible Governments which have not yet done so to sign, ratify and implement without delay the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, as well as the other conventions directed against discrimina-

tion in employment and occupation and against discrimination in education;

“2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to make available to the Commission on Human Rights at its regular sessions the information submitted by Governments of Member States on measures taken for the speedy implementation of the United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination;

“3. *Requests* the Secretary-General, the specialized agencies and all organizations concerned to continue measures to propagate through their appropriate channels the principles and norms set forth in the United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and in the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination;

“4. *Requests* the International Conference on Human Rights to consider the question of giving effect to the provisions of the United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and the question concerning the implementation of the conventions directed against discrimination in employment and occupation and against discrimination in education in so far as they relate to racial discrimination, especially in the Republic of South Africa, in the rebellious colony of Southern Rhodesia and in the Territory of South West Africa under the direct responsibility of the United Nations and now illegally occupied by the Government of the Republic of South Africa;

“5. *Recommends* that the Commission on Human Rights continue to give consideration, as a matter of priority, to the measures for the speedy implementation of the United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and that it report, through the Economic and Social Council, to the General Assembly at its twenty-third session;

“6. *Condemns* the Government of the Republic of South Africa and the illegal régime in Southern Rhodesia for their open and nefarious practices of racial discrimination and intolerance against the African and other non-white peoples in the Republic of South Africa, in the Territory of South West Africa under the direct responsibility of the United Nations and now illegally occupied by the Government of the Republic of South Africa and in the rebellious colony of Southern Rhodesia;

“7. *Calls upon* the Government of the Republic of South Africa to desist from all such nefarious practices;

“8. *Decides* to consider at its twenty-third session the question of the elimination of all forms of racial discrimination.”

*1479th plenary meeting,
6 June 1967.*

1220 (XLII). Question of the punishment of war criminals and of persons who have committed crimes against humanity

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered resolution 4 (XXIII) of the Commission on Human Rights concerning the question