

has been reached within the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination;⁴⁰

(b) The inclusion in the periodic reports of the United Nations, the specialized and related agencies of a special section describing, for a limited number of topics, the new advances in science and technology of benefit to the less developed areas, promising lines of uncompleted research, and important scientific and technical knowledge available, but not applied, in the developing countries; and the regular provision of publications to members of the Committee;⁴¹

(c) Improved clearing of scientific and technological information needed for development, in particular by the establishment or extension of regional and national information centres;⁴²

(d) The regular use of the method of affiliation between universities and research institutes in developed countries with their counterparts in developing countries, and the elaboration of a series of measures for systematically facilitating and encouraging the sojourn in developing countries of scientists, experts and technicians from industrialized countries;⁴³

(e) The Committee's recommendation that the views of organs of the United Nations family and of competent national and regional scientific organs be sought as to the choice of a limited number of especially important problems of research or application in which a "break-through" might be realized if a massive, worldwide attack on the problem were made;⁴⁴

4. *Agrees* with the views of the Advisory Committee:

(a) That the slow process of the preparation of a sufficient number of people at different levels of education and training is a matter for concern; that the study on a priority basis of new education and training methods for the developing countries should receive increased attention; and that the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization as well as other agencies should take action to plan for such development;⁴⁵

(b) That assistance from developed countries in the supply of modern equipment for training and research is absolutely essential to the development of training and research facilities in the developing countries;⁴⁶

(c) On the need to intensify the programmes of the Special Fund (in response to requests from Governments), the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and other interested agencies, to reinforce local efforts where required;⁴⁷

5. *Invites* the Secretary-General in consultation with the executive heads of the specialized agencies and the

International Atomic Energy Agency, the Managing Director of the Special Fund, and the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board, to keep the Council and the Advisory Committee informed of action taken in this connexion;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in collaboration with the Managing Director of the Special Fund, the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board and the executive heads of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency to pay special attention, in their reports evaluating the effects of technical assistance projects, to the progress achieved and the problems encountered in the application of science and technology to development;

7. *Further requests* the Secretary-General and the executive heads of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency to continue to provide the Advisory Committee with all the facilities necessary for the accomplishment of its mission;

8. *Requests* the Governments of States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies:

(a) To assist the Committee by every means in their power;

(b) To consider the possibility of increasing their contributions to the Special Fund and the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance in view of the need for more adequate resources for the application of science and technology to development;

(c) To give due attention to the needs of developing countries in their bilateral assistance programmes for the effective application of science and technology to their development;

9. *Considers* that the Advisory Committee should hold its second session before the end of this calendar year, to be financed from saving, and that in the interests of continuity and in view of its heavy work programme the Advisory Committee should meet twice in 1965 with such meetings of its sub-groups as may be required;⁴⁸

10. *Accepts* the advice of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination⁴⁹ that in view of changes in circumstances the formulation of the detailed observations contemplated in the Council's resolution 910 (XXXIV) of 2 August 1962 is no longer necessary;

11. *Agrees* with the Advisory Committee's recommendations on the need for a small secretariat to be established within the present resources of the United Nations Secretariat⁵⁰ and for focal points on science and technology within United Nations regional economic commissions by re-assigning existing staff or, if necessary, the creation of new posts.⁵¹

*1351st plenary meeting,
15 August 1964.*

⁴⁰ *Ibid.*, paras. 28 and 29.

⁴¹ *Ibid.*, para. 31.

⁴² *Ibid.*, chapter V.

⁴³ *Ibid.*, para. 44.

⁴⁴ *Ibid.*, chapter VIII.

⁴⁵ *Ibid.*, para. 68.

⁴⁶ *Ibid.*, para. 46.

⁴⁷ *Ibid.*, para. 63.

⁴⁸ *Ibid.*, paras. 15 and 83.

⁴⁹ *Ibid.*, item 6, document E/3886, paras. 83 and 84.

⁵⁰ *Ibid.*, *Supplement No. 14* (E/3866), para. 81.

⁵¹ *Ibid.*, para. 82.