

notice to the enforcing court, through the appropriate authorities designated in article 13, of any variation or setting aside of such order.

2. An original or enforcing court receiving any notice in accordance with the preceding paragraph shall take whatever action may be appropriate, in conformity with the law of that court.

#### ARTICLE 10

##### *Law governing procedure*

The procedure and methods of enforcement shall, unless it is otherwise provided in this Convention, be governed by the law of the enforcing court.

#### ARTICLE 11

##### *Exemptions and facilities*

1. Judgment creditors residing or present in the territory of one of the Contracting Parties shall be given equal treatment, and shall be granted the same exemptions in the payment of the costs and charges incurred in any proceeding under this Convention, as residents in the territory of the other Contracting Party where enforcement is sought.

2. If the law of the court requires any bond or other security of persons residing or present abroad, judgment creditors residing or present in the territory of one of the Contracting Parties shall be exempt therefrom in any proceeding under this Convention.

3. No fees shall be chargeable for certification and legalization of documents in any proceeding under this Convention.

#### ARTICLE 12

##### *Transfer of funds*

1. In order to ensure and expedite the free transfer from one Contracting Party to the other of funds payable on account of maintenance obligations judicially established in the courts of a Contracting Party in the cases contemplated in this Convention, the Contracting Parties undertake, in case of exchange restrictions, to accord to such transfers the highest priority provided for capital services.

2. The Contracting Parties reserve the right:

(a) To take the necessary measures to prevent transfers of funds pursuant to paragraph 1 for purposes other than the *bona fide* payment of existing maintenance obligations;

(b) To limit the amounts transferable pursuant to paragraph 1 to amounts necessary for subsistence.

#### ARTICLE 13

##### *Designation of appropriate authorities*

At the time of ratifying this Convention the Contracting Parties shall designate the appropriate authorities in their respective territories which shall be entrusted with the functions indicated in article 4, paragraph 3, and article 9 of this Convention. The Contracting Parties shall keep each other informed of any subsequent change in such designations.

#### ARTICLE 14

##### *Enforcement of other instruments subject to execution*

The Contracting Parties undertake to extend the benefits of this Convention to instruments (such as orders of administrative authorities or arbitral awards) other than maintenance orders, requiring a judgment debtor to make payments towards the maintenance of a judgment creditor, provided that such instruments are subject to execution under the laws of both Contracting Parties and that they comply with the conditions laid down in articles 2 and 3.

#### ARTICLE 15

##### *Applications outside the Convention*

Nothing in this Convention shall preclude a judgment creditor from invoking any other provision applicable to the enforcement of maintenance orders, in accordance with the domestic law of the country of the enforcing court or any other Convention in force between the Contracting States.

#### ARTICLE 16

##### *Ratification and entry into force*

1. This Convention shall be ratified, and the instruments of ratification shall be deposited with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of . . .

2. This Convention shall come into force on the thirtieth day following the day of deposit of the second instrument of ratification.

#### ARTICLE 17

##### *Denunciation*

Each Contracting Party may denounce this Convention by written notification to the other. A denunciation shall take effect one year after the date of receipt of the notification.

#### ARTICLE 18

##### *Settlement of disputes*

Any dispute which may arise between the Contracting Parties concerning the interpretation or application of this Convention which is not settled by negotiation, shall at the request of either Contracting Party be referred to the International Court of Justice or, in case the latter should not have jurisdiction, to an arbitrator appointed by the President of the International Court of Justice, for decision, unless the Contracting Parties agree to another mode of settlement.

#### ARTICLE 19

##### *Languages and registration*

1. The . . . texts of this Convention shall be equally authentic.

2. This Convention shall be registered with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

### **528 (XVII). Form of reports of specialized agencies**

#### *The Economic and Social Council,*

Recalling its resolution 497 D (XVI) concerning arrangements for reporting by the specialized agencies to the United Nations,

Noting the observations made on this question by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination in its fifteenth report<sup>47</sup> in response to the Council's request,

1. *Requests* the specialized agencies to continue, until further notice, to give particular attention in their annual reports to the matters listed in resolution 497 D (XVI), paragraph 1;

2. *Invites* the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to submit to the Council at its eighteenth session any suggestions for reducing the number and length of special reports which United Nations organs ask of the specialized agencies or for publishing such reports at less frequent intervals.

*758th plenary meeting,  
1 April 1954.*

<sup>47</sup> See document E/2512.