

tions, the question should be considered in the light of the Purposes and Principles of the Charter and the circumstances of each case;

2. *Recommends* that, when any such question arises, it should be considered by the General Assembly, or by the Interim Committee if the General Assembly is not in session;

3. *Recommends* that the attitude adopted by the General Assembly or its Interim Committee concerning any such question should be taken into account in other organs of the United Nations and in the specialized agencies;

4. *Declares* that the attitude adopted by the General Assembly or its Interim Committee concerning any such question shall not of itself affect the direct relations of individual Member States with the State concerned;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit the present resolution to the other organs of the United Nations and to the specialized agencies for such action as may be appropriate.

*325th plenary meeting,
14 December 1950.*

397 (V). Report of the Security Council

The General Assembly

Takes note of the report¹⁵ of the Security Council covering the period from 16 July 1949 to 15 July 1950.

*325th plenary meeting,
14 December 1950.*

¹⁵ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifth Session, Supplement No. 2.*

IX

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED ON THE REPORTS OF THE SECOND COMMITTEE

398 (V). Technical assistance for Libya after achievement of independence

The General Assembly,

Mindful of its resolution 289 A (IV) of 21 November 1949,

Having considered Economic and Social Council resolution 322 B (XI) of 15 August 1950, and the proposal of the Secretary-General¹ as to the procedure which would enable Libya to continue to receive technical assistance after its independence has been achieved and before it has become a Member of the United Nations or of a specialized agency participating in the expanded programme of technical assistance,

Considering the special responsibility of the United Nations for the future of Libya,

Recognizing the need for continuing technical assistance to Libya without interruption, even after the attainment of its independence, for the development of its economy, for its social progress and for the improvement of its public administration,

Recognizing further the need for immediate study of a complete plan for the economic, social and cultural development of Libya,

1. Requests the Economic and Social Council and the specialized agencies concerned to consider Libya, as soon as it shall be constituted an independent State in accordance with General Assembly resolution 289 A (IV), as eligible to continue to receive technical assistance, in such form as the Government of Libya may request, from the expanded programme of the United Nations and in accordance with the fundamental principles and other provisions of Economic and Social Council resolution 222 A (IX);

2. Instructs the Technical Assistance Board, when giving technical assistance to Libya, to be mindful of the economic unity and independence of Libya in accordance with the aforesaid fundamental principles laid down in resolution 222 A (IX) of the Economic and Social Council and in resolution 304 (IV) of the General Assembly;

3. Recommends that the need for preparing a complete plan for the economic, social and cultural development of Libya shall be borne in mind by the appropriate authorities when requesting technical assistance for

Libya or when considering requests for technical assistance for Libya.

*308th plenary meeting,
17 November 1950.*

399 (V). Technical assistance activities under General Assembly resolution 200 (III)

The General Assembly,

Having decided at its fourth session (resolution 305 (IV)) that the regular budget of the United Nations should continue to provide for the activities authorized by General Assembly resolution 200 (III),

1. Notes with approval that the Secretary-General has included in the budget of the United Nations for the year 1951 the same amount as was appropriated by the General Assembly in 1950;²

2. Recommends that the requests for technical assistance for economic development received by the Secretary-General in accordance with resolution 200 (III) which cannot be financed with funds provided on the regular budget of the United Nations, should be eligible for financing from the special account for technical assistance for economic development established in accordance with General Assembly resolution 304 (IV) and with the actions of the Technical Assistance Conference convened by the Secretary-General under the terms of Economic and Social Council resolution 222 A (IX).

*312th plenary meeting,
20 November 1950.*

400 (V). Financing of economic development of under-developed countries

The General Assembly

Taking note of the report³ of the fourth session of the Sub-Commission on Economic Development, the experts' report⁴ entitled "National and International Measures for Full Employment", the report⁵ of the fourth session of the Economic and Employment Commission to the Economic and Social Council, and the report⁶ of the Economic and Social Council to the fifth session of the General Assembly,

Taking note further of the studies prepared by the Secretary-General in pursuance of Economic and Social Council resolutions 179 (VIII)⁷ and 222 D (IX),⁸

¹ See document A/1404.

² See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifth Session, Supplement No. 5*, section 28.

³ See documents E/CN.1/80 and E/CN.1/80/Add.1.

⁴ See document E/1584.

⁵ See document E/1356, part VIII.

⁶ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifth Session, Supplement No. 3*.

⁷ See *Methods of financing economic development in under-developed countries*, United Nations Publications, Sales No. 1949. II. B. 4.

⁸ See documents E/1562 and E/1614/Rev.1.