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GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT

Japan: draft resolution

Nuclear disarmament with a view to the ultimate elimination of nuclear weapons

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 49/75 H of 15 December 1994,

 $\underline{\text{Recognizing}}$ that the end of the cold war has increased the possibility of freeing the world from the fear of nuclear war,

Appreciating the entry into force of the Treaty on the Reduction and Limitation of Strategic Offensive Arms (START I), to which Belarus, Kazakstan and the United States of America are party, and looking forward to the early entry into force of START II,

<u>Welcoming</u> the reductions in the nuclear arsenals of other nuclear-weapon States,

<u>Welcoming also</u> the decision of the 1995 Review and Extension Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons $\underline{1}$ / to extend indefinitely the Treaty, 2/ taken without a vote, as well as the

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^{1/} United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 729, No. 10485.

^{2/} NPT/CONF.1995/32 (Part I), annex, decision 3.

decisions on strengthening the review process for the Treaty $\underline{3}/$ and on the principles and objectives for nuclear non-proliferation and disarmament, $\underline{4}/$

Noting the reference in the decision on the principles and objectives for nuclear non-proliferation and disarmament to the importance of the following measures for the full realization and effective implementation of article VI of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, including the programme of action as reflected below:

- (a) The completion by the Conference on Disarmament of the negotiations on a universal and internationally and effectively verifiable comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty no later than 1996, and utmost restraint that should be exercised by the nuclear-weapon States pending the entry into force of the said treaty,
- (b) The immediate commencement and early conclusion of negotiations on a non-discriminatory and universally applicable convention banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices in accordance with the statement of the Special Coordinator of the Conference on Disarmament and the mandate contained therein,
- (c) The determined pursuit by the nuclear-weapon States of systematic and progressive efforts to reduce nuclear weapons globally, with the ultimate goals of eliminating those weapons, and by all States of general and complete disarmament under strict and effective international control,

<u>Welcoming</u> positive developments as well as the efforts being made by the States members of the Conference on Disarmament in the negotiations on a comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty at the Conference on Disarmament in Geneva,

<u>Recalling</u> that nuclear non-proliferation and the promotion of nuclear disarmament are key elements in the maintenance of international peace and security, which is one of the most important purposes of the United Nations,

- 1. <u>Urges</u> States not parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons to accede to it at the earliest possible date, recognizing the importance of universal adherence to the Treaty;
- 2. <u>Calls upon</u> the nuclear-weapon States to pursue their efforts for nuclear disarmament with the ultimate objective of the elimination of nuclear weapons in the framework of general and complete disarmament, and invites them to keep other States Members of the United Nations duly informed of progress on nuclear disarmament;
- 3. <u>Calls upon</u> all States to implement fully their commitments in the field of disarmament and non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction.

^{3/} Ibid., decision 1.

^{4/} Ibid., decision 2.