

activities, together with its conclusions and recommendations;

2. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to continue to study this question as a matter of priority and to take any step it may deem necessary to the pursuit of its work on the question of involuntary or enforced disappearances when it considers the report to be submitted to it by the working group at its thirty-seventh session;

3. *Appeals* to all Governments to co-operate with the working group and the Commission on Human Rights and to enable them to perform their task effectively and in a humanitarian spirit;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to draw the concerns expressed in the present resolution to the attention of all Governments, regional and interregional organizations and specialized agencies.

96th plenary meeting
15 December 1980

35/194. Report of the Economic and Social Council: services of the Secretariat concerned with human rights

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 34/47 of 23 November 1979,

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolution 22 (XXXVI) of 28 February 1980,¹²⁴

Recalling also Economic and Social Council decision 1980/132 of 2 May 1980,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General,¹²⁵

Noting that in his annual report on the work of the Organization, submitted to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session, the Secretary-General stated that he was prepared to consider all useful suggestions for strengthening the contribution of the Secretariat in a field which is of fundamental importance to the future development of our society,¹²⁶

Also noting that the Secretary-General states in his report¹²⁵ that while the Division of Human Rights meets the technical criteria for a Centre, as set forth in his report on organizational nomenclature in the Secretariat,¹²⁷ he believes that further consideration of the matter is required,

Requests the Secretary-General to keep this question under consideration with a view to redesignating the Division of Human Rights as a Centre for Human Rights when he deems it appropriate, taking into account the views expressed by Member States at the thirty-fifth session of the General Assembly.

96th plenary meeting
15 December 1980

35/195. International co-operation in drug abuse control

The General Assembly,

Recalling once more the resolutions on the problem of drug abuse control adopted in recent years by the

¹²⁵ A/35/607.

¹²⁶ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 1 (A/34/1)*, sect. VII.

¹²⁷ A/C.5/32/17.

General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, the World Health Organization and other relevant organizations,

Recalling, in particular, its resolution 34/177 of 17 December 1979, in which it pointed out the importance of international co-operation in drug abuse control,

Recognizing the growing threat caused by the spread of drug abuse, its serious impact on human health, its adverse effects on social development (social disintegration, increasing criminality), economic advancement and national security in a number of countries,

Aware that illicit traffic in drugs and the profits accruing therefrom to traffickers and criminal organizations pose a threat to the socio-economic well-being of many countries,

Referring to the relevant provisions of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961,¹²⁸ of that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961,¹²⁹ and of the Convention on Psychotropic Substances of 1971,¹³⁰ which form the basis of all international drug abuse control efforts,

Noting with satisfaction the positive results that have been attained in a number of countries in the fight against drug abuse and in the control of drug trafficking,

Concerned that none the less many of the objectives of drug abuse control set out in international conventions on narcotic drugs and in the resolutions and documents of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs and other international bodies concerned with this question have not yet been achieved,

Realizing the necessity of further concerted efforts by the international community, particularly by the United Nations, in addition to national measures, to resolve the problem of drug abuse, in particular by the reduction of the illicit supply, demand and traffic,

Conscious of the need for a five-year, continuously updated international programme of action in drug abuse control, as called for in General Assembly resolution 32/124 of 16 December 1977 and Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolutions 8 (XXVIII) of 23 February 1979¹³¹ and 5 (S-VI) of 20 February 1980,¹³² which should be supplemented by a long-term strategy or programme,

Noting the report of the Economic and Social Council on narcotic drugs,¹³³

1. *Takes note* of the resolutions and decisions adopted by the Economic and Social Council at its first regular session of 1980 on the subject of narcotic drugs, elaborated on the basis of the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its sixth special session, and urges all agencies and organizations concerned with the implementation of the resolutions referred to in the preamble, as well as all States and organizations whose assistance has been requested, to take the necessary measures so that the contemplated programme for practical and dynamic drug abuse control can be completed and implemented at the earliest possible date;

¹²⁸ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 520, No. 7515, p. 151.

¹²⁹ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.77.XI.3, p. 13.

¹³⁰ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.78.XI.3, p. 7.

¹³¹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1979, Supplement No. 5 (E/1979/35)*, chap. XIV, sect. A.

¹³² *Ibid.*, 1980, *Supplement No. 4 (E/1980/14)*, chap. XII, sect. A.

¹³³ *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-fifth Session, Supplement No. 3 (A/35/3/Rev.1)*, chap. XXIII.

2. *Repeats* its appeal to all States which have not yet become parties to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961, the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961 and the Convention on Psychotropic Substances of 1971 to take the necessary steps to accede to these conventions and thus ensure their universal application;

3. *Invites* all Governments to collaborate closely with the International Narcotics Control Board, the Division of Narcotic Drugs and the other relevant bodies in the United Nations system, particularly by supplying them with the necessary information so that they may fulfil their tasks both pursuant to the provisions of the narcotics conventions and in accordance with their purposes;

4. *Urges* all States to take suitable steps to implement Economic and Social Council resolutions 1979/8 of 9 May 1979 and 1980/20 of 30 April 1980 with a view to achieving and maintaining a lasting balance between demand and supply of opiates and avoiding the possibility of diversion of licit production to illicit channels;

5. *Invites* States concerned to take appropriate measures to discourage the powerful economic interests which are propagating a false and deceitful image of drug use with the aim of increasing the number of drug abusers and legalizing the abuse;

6. *Underlines* its appeal to all Governments to increase their financial support for the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control, so that it may forward the enhancement of measures for the reduction of the illicit supply, traffic and demand for narcotic drugs, and calls particularly upon States which require assistance in crop-substitution or law enforcement programmes to present suitable projects to the Fund and other international funding bodies or projects for bilateral development assistance;

7. *Underscores* the need of producing countries to receive greater assistance from interested Governments and relevant international organizations to facilitate drug abuse control, including crop-substitution policies or law enforcement programmes;

8. *Calls upon* all States to co-operate in a suitable fashion to prevent the uncontrolled or illicit cultivation, production, export, import, transit and consumption of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances, and to take suitable measures to prevent the misuse of chemical substances for the production of drugs;

9. *Calls upon* the Commission on Narcotic Drugs to present, at its thirtieth regular session, the completed international programme for drug abuse control so that such a comprehensive, co-ordinated global strategy may be translated at the earliest possible date into actions seeking to interdict narcotics trafficking, eradicate the illicit production and demand, educate citizens throughout the world regarding the dangers of drugs and treat and rehabilitate those individuals who have become dependent upon or addicted to drugs;

10. *Invites* the Economic and Social Council to give once more particular attention to these questions at its first regular session of 1981;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit the present resolution to all Governments.

96th plenary meeting
15 December 1980

35/196. Mass exoduses

The General Assembly.

Mindful of its mandate under the Charter of the United Nations to promote and encourage respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all,

Disturbed by the scale and magnitude of the exoduses and displacements of populations involving hundreds of thousands of men, women and children in many regions of the world,

Noting the immense burden imposed on the first host countries and territories which receive the victims of these sudden and massive movements of population,

Bearing in mind the resolutions of the Economic and Social Council concerning international efforts to meet humanitarian needs in emergency situations,

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolution 30 (XXXVI) of 11 March 1980¹³⁴ concerning human rights and massive exoduses,

1. *Expresses deep concern* at the continued incidence of large-scale exoduses and displacements of populations and the resulting hardships and problems for the persons and States concerned;

2. *Expresses its determination* to facilitate solutions to the problems caused by these large-scale movements of population;

3. *Endorses* the requests of the Commission on Human Rights in its resolution 30 (XXXVI);

4. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to examine the report of the Secretary-General to be submitted to it at its thirty-seventh session and, on the basis of that report, to make recommendations for further action;

5. *Decides*, in light of the consideration given this question by the Commission on Human Rights, to consider the question at its thirty-sixth session under the item entitled "Report of the Economic and Social Council".

96th plenary meeting
15 December 1980

35/197. Regional, national and local arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights

The General Assembly.

Recalling its resolution 34/171 of 17 December 1979, in which it reiterated its appeal to States in areas where regional arrangements in the field of human rights do not yet exist to consider agreements with a view to the establishment within their respective regions of suitable regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights,

Recalling also its resolution 34/49 of 23 November 1979 on national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights,

1. *Notes with satisfaction* the efforts currently under way within the Organization of African Unity to elaborate an African charter of human rights and to establish an African commission on human rights, and requests the Secretary-General to maintain close co-operation with the Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity on this matter and to keep the

¹³⁴ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1980, Supplement No. 3 (E/1980/13 and Corr.1), chap. XXVI, sect. A.*