34/125 of 14 December 1979, in which the Assembly, *inter alia*, recognized the special economic hardship confronting Botswana as a result of diverting funds from current and planned development projects to effective arrangements for security against attacks and threats by Southern Rhodesia, and endorsed the assessments and recommendations contained in the notes by the Secretary-General dated 28 March 1977²⁰⁶ and 26 October 1977²⁰⁷ and in his reports of 7 July 1978²⁰⁸ and 28 August 1979,²⁰⁹

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General of 19 June 1980,²¹⁰ to which was annexed the report of the mission which he sent to Botswana in response to General Assembly resolution 34/125,

Noting with satisfaction that the war in Zimbabwe has now stopped,

Noting the need of the Government of Botswana to rehabilitate and develop effective road, rail and air communications, both internally and with the rest of the world, in view of the uncertain political situation in the region, Botswana's vulnerability as a land-locked country and its dependence on the externally controlled railway systems for the transport of its principal exports and imports,

Noting also the urgent need to complete speedily the projects that have been identified in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Botswana.

Expressing deep concern at the critical food shortage currently being experienced as a result of a continuing drought and at the serious adverse effects of the accelerating outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease in Botswana.

- 1. Endorses fully the revised programme of assistance contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General and calls the attention of the international community to the outstanding needs for assistance identified therein;
- 2. Notes that, while the response from some Member States and international organizations to the appeals of the Secretary-General has been encouraging, there is urgent need to maintain the flow of contributions to carry out the remainder of the emergency programme, the implementation of parts of which remains a critical necessity;
- 3. Draws the attention of States and international and intergovernmental organizations particularly to the projects in the field of transport and communications, as well as to the priority requirements to rehabilitate the border areas most adversely affected by the war and to deal with the drought situation in accordance with the recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General;
- 4. Reiterates its appeal to all States and intergovernmental organizations to provide generous assistance to enable Botswana to carry out the remainder of its planned development projects, as well as those made necessary by the current political and economic situation;
- 5. Appeals to all Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental

bodies to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Botswana to enable it to carry out its planned development programme without interruption;

- 6. Appeals also to the international community to provide, on an urgent basis, additional food aid to Botswana to enable it to meet its current emergency food needs:
- 7. Urges Member States and organizations which are already implementing or are negotiating assistance programmes for Botswana to expand them, wherever possible;
- 8. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies, for their consideration, the assistance they are rendering to Botswana, for which the General Assembly has requested the Secretary-General to implement a special economic assistance and their decisions to the Secretary-General in time for consideration by the Assembly at its thirty-sixth session;
- 9. Appeals to the international community to contribute to the special account established by the Secretary-General for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Botswana;
- 10. Requests the appropriate specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Botswana;
 - 11. Requests the Secretary-General:
- (a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Botswana;
- (b) To keep the situation in Botswana under constant review, to maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1981, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Botswana;
- (c) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Botswana and the progress made in organizing and implementing the special economic assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session.

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35/99. Assistance to Mozambique²¹¹

The General Assembly,

Recalling the decision of the Government of Mozambique to implement mandatory sanctions against the illegal régime in Southern Rhodesia in accordance with Security Council resolution 253 (1968) of 29 May 1968,

²⁰⁶ Official Records of the Security Council, Thirty-second Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1977, document \$\S\12307\$.

207 Ibid., Supplement for October, November and December 1977, document \$\S\12421\$.

²⁰⁸ A/33/166 and Corr.1. ²⁰⁹ A/34/419-S/13506. ²¹⁰ A/35/162-S/13870.

See also sect. X.B.3, decision 35/423.

Recognizing the substantial economic sacrifices made by Mozambique in the implementation of its decision to enforce United Nations sanctions and to close its borders with Southern Rhodesia,

Recalling Security Council resolution 386 (1976) of 17 March 1976, in which the Council appealed to all States to provide, and requested the Secretary-General, in collaboration with the appropriate organizations of the United Nations system, to organize with immediate effect, financial, technical and material assistance to enable Mozambique to carry out its economic development programme normally and to enhance its capacity to implement fully the United Nations mandatory sanc-

Noting with deep concern the loss of life and the destruction of such essential infrastructure as roads, railways, bridges, petroleum facilities, electricity supply, schools and hospitals identified in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General of 16 August 1979,²¹²

Recalling further its resolutions 31/43 of 1 December 1976, 32/95 of 13 December 1977, 33/126 of 19 December 1978 and 34/129 of 14 December 1979, in which it urged the international community to respond effectively and generously with assistance to Mozambique,

Noting that the independence of Zimbabwe provides both an opportunity and a challenge for the international community, particularly for those neighbouring States whose economies have been so closely linked to that country,

Bearing in mind the fact that the drought which affected six out of the ten provinces of Mozambique has attained the dramatic proportions of a natural calamity,

Having examined the paper on the drought in Mozambique,213 which contains an assessment of the immediate requirements for urgent assistance from the international community,

Noting that a mission of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Food Programme and the World Meteorological Organization visited Mozambique in July 1980 in order to assess the emergency food situation in terms of the partial loss of cereals due to the drought which had devastated part of the country,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General of 30 June 1980²¹⁴ on assistance to Mozambique and noting with concern that the economic and financial position of that country remains grave and beset by budget and balance-of-payments deficits and that, in the absence of increased international assistance, the Government will have to reduce major imports that are essential for its development programmes and for restoring industrial production to pre-sanctions levels,

Taking into account the fact that the Committee for Development Planning at its fourteenth session recommended that the present list of the least developed countries should stand²¹⁵ and that the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade has not yet been launched,216

1. Strongly endorses the appeals made by the Security Council and the Secretary-General for international assistance to Mozambique;

- ²¹² A/34/377.
- ²¹³ A/C.2/35/5, annex. ²¹⁴ A/35/297-S/14007.
- 215 Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1978, Supplement No. 6 (E/1978/46 and Corr.1), para. 99.
 216 See resolution 35/56 above, para. 1.

- 2. Endorses fully the assessment and major recommendations contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General of 30 June 1980;
- 3. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for the measures he has taken to organize an international economic assistance programme for Mozambique;
- Expresses its appreciation also for the assistance provided thus far to Mozambique by various States and regional and international organizations;
- Regrets, however, that the total assistance provided to date falls far short of Mozambique's pressing needs:
- Draws the attention of the international community to the additional financial, economic and material assistance identified in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General as urgently required by Mozambique;
- Urges Member States and organizations which are already implementing or are negotiating assistance programmes for Mozambique to strengthen them, wherever possible;
- Appeals to the international community to provide the urgently needed external assistance in foodstuffs and medicines and technical co-operation for disaster preparedness and prevention;
- Calls upon Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Mozambique, wherever possible in the form of grants, and urges them to give special consideration to the early inclusion of Mozambique in their programmes of development assistance, if it is not already included;
- 10. Appeals to the international community to contribute to the special account established by the Secretary-General for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Mozambique;
- 11. Requests all States to grant to Mozambique, in view of its difficult economic situation, the same treatment as that enjoyed by the least developed among the developing countries;
- 12. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies, for their consideration, the special needs of Mozambique and to report the decisions of those bodies to the Secretary-General by 15 August 1981;
- 13. Requests the appropriate organizations and programmes of the United Nations system—in particular, the United Nations Development Programme, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization and the United Nations Children's Fund-to maintain and increase their current and future programmes of assistance to Mozambique and to co-operate closely with the Secretary-General in organizing an effective international programme of assistance, and to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Mozambique;

- 14. Requests the Secretary-General:
- (a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Mozambique;
- (b) To keep the situation in Mozambique under constant review, to maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions and other bodies concerned and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1981, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Mozambique;
- (c) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Mozambique and the progress made in organizing and implementing the special economic assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session.

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35/100. Assistance to Zimbabwe

The General Assembly,

Noting the statement made before the General Assembly at its eleventh special session, on 26 August 1980, by the Prime Minister of Zimbabwe, 217 in which he outlined his Government's economic development priorities and invited the international community to render assistance in dealing with serious economic and social problems in Zimbabwe, and having heard the statement made before the Assembly by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Zimbabwe, on 29 September 1980, 218 in which he described the serious economic and social problems facing his country,

Recalling Security Council resolution 460 (1979) of 21 December 1979, in which the Council called upon the international community to provide urgent assistance for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of Zimbabwe,

Having studied the report of the Secretary-General of 25 August 1980²¹⁹ on assistance to Zimbabwe,

Stressing the necessity for major programmes for reconstruction and rehabilitation of both rural and urban areas in Zimbabwe and the fact that the country inherited at independence an obsolete and worn-out infrastructure, showing obvious signs of lack of repair and maintenance,

Noting the heavy burden of resettling returning refugees and displaced people in Zimbabwe,

Also noting the significant role which an independent and economically strong Zimbabwe can play in the economic development of the southern African region,

Deeply concerned, however, that the assistance so far provided or pledged by the international community falls far short of the amount needed for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of Zimbabwe,

1. Endorses fully the assessments and recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General and draws the attention of the international community

219 Official Records of the General Assembly, Eleventh Special Session, Plenary Meetings, 4th meeting, paras. 2-90.
218 Ibid. Thirty-fifth Session, Plenary Meetings, 15th meeting.

paras. 158-192.

219 Official Records of the Security Council, Thirty-fifth Year, Supplement for July, August and September 1980, document \$/14121.

to the requirements for assistance to carry out the projects and programmes identified in that report;

- 2. Appeals to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide effective and continuous financial, material and technical assistance to Zimbabwe to help that country to overcome its financial and economic difficulties;
- 3. Appeals to the international community to contribute to the special account which was established by the Secretary-General for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Zimbabwe;
- 4. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies, for their consideration, the special needs of Zimbabwe and to report the decisions of those bodies to the Secretary-General by 15 August 1981;
- 5. Requests the specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Zimbabwe;
 - 6. Requests the Secretary-General:
- (a) To continue his efforts to mobilize resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Zimbabwe;
- (b) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the mobilization of international assistance for Zimbabwe;
- (c) To keep the situation in Zimbabwe under constant review, to maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1981, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Zimbabwe;
- (d) To arrange for a review of the progress made in organizing and implementing the assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session;
- 7. Expresses its appreciation to those States and organizations that have provided assistance to Zimbabwe in response to the appeals by the Security Council and the Secretary-General;
- 8. Expresses its appreciation to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees for co-ordinating a programme for the return to Zimbabwe and resettlement of refugees and displaced people.

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35/101. Assistance to Saint Lucia

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 32/186 of 19 December 1977, 33/152 of 20 December 1978 and 34/194 of 19 December 1979, in which it, *inter alia*, stressed the urgency of