mental organizations to co-operate fully with the resident co-ordinator, once appointed;

5. Further requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To dispatch a mission to the Government of Chad, as a matter of urgency, to assess the scope of the problem and the volume of humanitarian assistance required;

(b) To mobilize humanitarian assistance from the international community on behalf of those suffering from the war;

(c) To report to the General Assembly at its thirtysixth session on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.

> 84th plenary meeting 5 December 1980

35/93. Assistance to Sao Tome and Principe¹⁹⁰

The General Assembly.

Recalling its resolution 31/187 of 21 December 1976, in which, *inter alia*, it expressed deep concern at the serious economic and social situation in Sao Tome and Principe as a result of the total lack of infrastructure for development and appealed urgently to the international community to assist the Government of Sao Tome and Principe to enable it to establish the necessary social and economic infrastructure for development,

Recalling also its resolutions 32/96 of 13 December 1977, 33/125 of 19 December 1978 and 34/131 of 14 December 1979, in which it reiterated its appeal to the international community to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Sao Tome and Principe,

Recalling further that in its resolution 33/125 it noted the recommendation of the Committee for Development Planning at its fourteenth session, that Sao Tome and Principe should be assisted during the remainder of the current decade and that the special difficulties and upheavals experienced by that country required special measures,¹⁹⁴

Bearing in mind its resolution 31/156 of 21 December 1976 in which it urged all Governments, in particular those of the developed countries, to lend their support, in the context of their assistance programmes, for the implementation of the specific action envisaged in favour of developing island countries, and its resolution 32/185 of 19 December 1977 in which it urged all organizations in the United Nations system to implement, within their respective spheres of competence, appropriate specific action in favour of developing island countries,

Aware that the economic and social development of Sao Tome and Principe has been seriously hindered not only by inadequate health, educational and housing facilities but also by inadequate transport infrastructure, and that urgent improvement in these sectors is a prerequisite for the country's future progress,

Taking note of the current development priorities of the Government of Sao Tome and Principe, notably in agriculture and livestock, fisheries, manufacture, mining, transport and other infrastructure, and in education, training, health and housing,

Recalling its resolutions 32/160 of 19 December 1977 and 33/197 of 29 January 1979 on the Transport and Communications Decade in Africa, *Noting*, in this connexion, that substantial international assistance is needed to improve the infrastructure in sea, air and land transport in Sao Tome and Principe,

Noting section I of decision 80/16 of 26 June 1980 adopted by the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme¹⁹⁵ to assign a resident representative to Sao Tome and Principe on a fulltime basis,

Noting also paragraph 2 of decision 80/30 of 26 June 1980 adopted by the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme,¹⁹⁵

Noting further Economic and Social Council decision 1980/161 of 24 July 1980, in which the Council requested the Committee for Development Planning to review the economic situation in Sao Tome and Principe with a view to its inclusion in the list of the least developed countries,

Also noting that the Government of Sao Tome and Principe will convene a conference of donors early in 1981,

Noting with concern that a large number of the projects and programmes identified in the report of 21 August 1980 of the Secretary-General,¹⁹⁶ to which was annexed the report of the review mission to Sao Tome and Principe, have not yet been financed,

Also concerned by the conclusion of the report that, unless there is a significant increase in the volume of international assistance, the Government of Sao Tome and Principe will not be able to finance a development programme,

1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Secretary-General for the steps he has taken to mobilize assistance to Sao Tome and Principe;

2. Endorses fully the assessment and recommendations contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General;¹⁹⁶

3. *Expresses its appreciation* to Member States and international organizations for the assistance provided to Sao Tome and Principe, both in food aid and development assistance;

4. *Regrets*, however, that the assistance so far provided falls far short of the needs of Sao Tome and Principe;

5. *Renews* its appeal to Member States, regional and interregional organizations and other intergovernmental bodies to provide financial, material and technical assistance to Sao Tome and Principe to permit the implementation of the projects and programmes identified in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General and to enable the Government to launch an effective programme of economic and social development;

6. Urges potential donor countries and international financial organizations to participate in and respond positively at the forthcoming conference of donors;

7. *Requests* Member States and the organizations and programmes of the United Nations system to take special measures on behalf of Sao Tome and Principe, pending the examination of its situation by the Committee for Development Planning;

8. Urges the United Nations Development Programme, the appropriate specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system to respond favourably to requests from the Government of Sao

¹⁹⁵ *Ibid.*, *1980 Supplement No. 12* (E/1980/42/Rev. 1), chap. XI. ¹⁹⁶ A/35/333.

¹⁹⁴ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1978, Supplement No. 6 (E/1978/46 and Corr.1), para. 99.

Tome and Principe for technical assistance to help in formulating development projects and to assist in the implementation of its development programme;

9. Invites the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Food Programme, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Bank and the International Fund for Agricultural Development to bring to the attention of their governing bodies, for their consideration, the special needs of Sao Tome and Principe, and to report the decisions of those bodies to the Secretary-General by 15 August 1981;

10. *Requests* the appropriate specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system to report periodically to the Secretary-General on the steps they have taken and the resources they have made available to assist Sao Tome and Principe;

11. *Appeals* to the international community to contribute to the special account which was established by the Secretary-General, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 32/96, for the purpose of facilitating the channelling of contributions to Sao Tome and Principe;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue his efforts to mobilize the necessary resources for an effective programme of financial, technical and material assistance to Sao Tome and Principe;

(b) To ensure that adequate financial and budgetary arrangements are made to continue the organization of the international programme of assistance to Sao Tome and Principe and the mobilization of assistance;

(c) To keep the situation in Sao Tome and Principe under constant review, to maintain close contact with Member States, regional and other intergovernmental organizations, the specialized agencies and international financial institutions concerned and to apprise the Economic and Social Council, at its second regular session of 1981, of the current status of the special economic assistance programme for Sao Tome and Principe;

(d) To arrange for a review of the economic situation of Sao Tome and Principe and the progress made in organizing and implementing the special economic assistance programme for that country in time for the matter to be considered by the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session.

> 84th plenary meeting 5 December 1980

35/94. Assistance to Zambia¹⁹⁷

The General Assembly,

Recalling previous United Nations resolutions concerning the question of assistance to Zambia, in particular Security Council resolution 329 (1973) of 10 March 1973 and Economic and Social Council resolutions 2012 (LXI) of 3 August 1976 and 2093 (LXIII) of 26 July 1977, which commended the decision of the Government of Zambia in 1968 to implement progressively United Nations mandatory sanctions against Southern Rhodesia in accordance with Security Council resolution 253 (1968) of 29 May 1968, *Recalling also* Economic and Social Council resolution 1978/46 of 2 August 1978, in which the Council endorsed the assessment and recommendations contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General of 5 July 1978,¹⁹⁸

Recalling further Security Council resolution 455 (1979) of 23 November 1979 and General Assembly resolution 33/131 of 19 December 1978, in which the Assembly strongly endorsed the appeals made by the Council and the Secretary-General for international assistance to Zambia,

Recognizing that the Government of Zambia incurred both direct costs and the costs of contingency measures as a result of its decision to apply sanctions against the illegal régime in Southern Rhodesia as well as losses due to the diversion of limited financial and human resources from the country's normal development,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General of 19 June 1980,¹⁹⁹ to which was annexed the report of the review mission which he sent to Zambia,

Noting that the present critical economic situation in Zambia has been brought about by the effects of applying mandatory sanctions and of continuous attacks and incursions by Southern Rhodesian forces,

Noting also that the disruption and reorientation of transport and trade have placed severe strains on and created complications for Zambia's development programme,

Gravely concerned about the serious damage caused by the war to the Zambian economy and the danger presented by the presence of land-mines and other remnants of war in border areas,

Regretting that the international community has not thus far provided assistance to Zambia on a scale commensurate with the costs as called for in Security Council resolutions 253 (1968) of 29 May 1968, 277 (1970) of 18 March 1970 and 329 (1973) of 10 March 1973.

Taking note of the broad guidelines of the Government of Zambia for its future development strategy, which includes programmes for agriculture, manufacturing and mining and the long-term development projects and programmes identified by the Government as requiring international assistance,

Taking note of Zambia's need for resources to overcome its present economic problems and to implement successfully a stabilization programme directed towards the country's long-term development objectives,

Expressing concern at the critical food shortage currently being experienced in Zambia as a result of the continuing drought,

Recognizing that international assistance is urgently required to allow Zambia to develop an adequate transport capacity on its external routes for imports and exports,

1. *Endorses* the assessment and recommendations contained in the annex to the report of the Secretary-General;¹⁹⁹

2. Expresses its appreciation for the assistance provided thus far to Zambia by various States and regional and international organizations;

3. Expresses its deep concern that the assistance provided to date falls far short of Zambia's needs;

4. Draws the attention of the international community to the additional financial, economic and

¹⁹⁷ See also sect. X.B.3, decision 35/423.

¹⁹⁸ E/1978/114.

¹⁹⁹ A/35/208-S/13924.