

## **General Assembly**

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Fiftieth session Item 114 of the preliminary list\*

## HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTONS

## Letter dated 28 March 1995 from the Permanent Representative of Peru to the United Nations addresed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you a summary of actions violating human rights perpetrated by the Sendero Luminoso and Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist groups during the period from 1 January to 28 February 1995.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly under item 114 of the preliminary list of items.

> (<u>Signed</u>) Fernando GUILLEN SALAS Permanent Representative

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<sup>\*</sup> A/50/50.

#### Annex

# Summary of actions violating human rights perpetrated by subversive organizations

#### A. From 1 to 31 January 1995

1. <u>Selective terrorism</u>

Nothing to report.

#### 2. <u>Systematic terrorism</u>

#### 20 January 1995

#### Department: Huancavelica; Province: Huancavelica; District: Huancavelica

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals killed an unidentified male in the place known as Huacallacacurco Julcani by shooting him in the right temple. The attackers left a placard on the body with the inscription: "I warned you, dog", "Here lies an informer", "Long live the Peruvian Communist Party -Sendero Luminoso".

#### 22 January 1995

#### Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Puente Piedra

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals killed Ever Manuel Cajavilca Huete (26) in the "Copacabana" cooperative. The body bore six bullet wounds in the torso and the upper limbs were tied with a cord. A placard was placed against the body bearing the following inscription in red lettering: "This is how informers for the peace agreement die; Long live the peoples' war". The dead man was apparently a reformed terrorist.

#### 3. <u>Attacks on security forces</u>

#### <u>17 January 1995</u>

#### Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Barranco

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked the Peruvian Army (EP) (TSM) sergeant (second-class) Fredy Canchari Romero of the 35th Motorized Infantry Battalion (BIN) (Special Forces Division (DIFFEE)) as he stood guard in guard-house (PV) No. 4 of area "B", seizing his FAL No. 1878 gun and two (2) loaded cartridge pouches. The victim suffered a 5 cm wound on the front of his head and was evacuated to the General Military Hospital (HMC).

#### 20 January 1995

#### Department: Junin; Province: Satipo

Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals ambushed the anti-terrorist "Condor" unit of the Peruvian Army (PAT-EP) at a crossing of the Somabeni river in the Ene-Satipo valley. The ambush resulted in the loss by the soldier (SMO) Fermin Cardenas Lapa of his army issue weapon, which was washed away by the river current.

#### 20 January 1995

#### Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: San Borja

Two alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, armed with guns, fired upon PNP specialist (first-class) Donato Santiago Quispe while he was in the C-3 of Jirón Alberto Jochamowitz-Torres de Limatambo, a residence owned by, PNP General César Ramirez Vinatea, for whom he is the driver. The specialist repelled his assailant and the rebels fled.

#### 23 January 1995

#### Department: Junin; Province: Satipo; District: Tambo

Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals fired (rifles) on the Peruvian Army installations at Chichireni counter-insurgency base (BCS 324) situated in the district of Rio Tambo. Corporal (SM) Carlos Zevallos Rimari suffered gunshot wounds in his left arm and was evacuated to the base hospital at Satipo.

#### 24 January 1995

#### Department: Junin; Province: Satipo; District: Satipo

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals on the other bank of the river Ene attacked a 610 helicopter of the Peruvian Army (EP) which was transporting war <u>matériel</u> to the Chichireni counter-insurgency base (BCS 324-Satipo). The helicopter was hit by four AKM rounds and it was not possible to pursue the terrorist criminals because the river was at flood tide. The helicopter suffered damage to some of its parts and returned to Satipo.

#### 20 January 1995

#### Department: Junin; Province: Chanchamayo; District: San Luis de Shuaro

Members of the anti-terrorist unit (SECOTE-PNP) Oxapampa returning to their headquarters and transporting a terrorist criminal and a reformed terrorist were ambushed by 20 alleged terrorist criminals of the Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru (MRTA) in the vicinity of the Perane Bridge (District of San Luis de Shuaro). Jose Vera Herrera of the National Police (PNP) SOT-3, was wounded in the attack and was evacuated to the support hospital of La Merced. A/50/130 English Page 4

#### 28 January 1995

#### Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: La Molina

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked the Peruvian Army (EP) soldier (SMO) Miguel Alberto Orihuela, who was on guard duty in PV No. 4 of the Peruvian Army (EP) riding school at La Molina, shot him in the chest and seized his firearm FAL No. 74772. The direction in which the rebels fled is unknown.

#### B. From 1 to 28 February 1995

#### 1. <u>Selective terrorism</u>

#### 13 February 1995

## Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Miraflores

Three alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, armed with guns attacked PNP Major Luis Camarena Moreno, a member of SIN, in the vicinity of Avenida Benavides Miraflores. The victim later died. The attackers also made off with the silver Nissan car of the SIN, licence plate number CO-7307.

#### 2. Systematic terrorism

#### 15 February 1995

#### Department: San Martin; Province: Tocache; District: Tocache

Some 30 Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals led by (c) "Verit" and armed with FAL and AKM killed two unidentified civilians and wounded a third person identified as Miguel Angel Chavez García (29). The victims had been abducted from the La Chorrera and Nueva Esperanza housing developments and taken to the Technological Institute of Ucapucayacu in Tocache, where they painted subversive graffiti.

## 3. <u>Attacks on security forces</u>

2 February 1995

#### Department: Ayacucho; Province: La Mar; District: Tambo

Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals opened fire on the temporary counterinsurgency base at Vietnamito, wounding the soldier Santiago Huamanchao Quispe in the arm.

#### 4. <u>Sabotage</u>

Nothing to report.

## 5. <u>Raids</u>

## 2 February 1995

## Department: San Martin; Province: Tocache; District: Tocache

Eight Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, armed with FAL guns, attacked the Pacuyacu housing development, killing four persons (three of them unidentified and the fourth named Raúl Ramirez Hinostroza (38)). The attackers left three placards incribed with the words: "This is how members of the police patrol and contemptible attackers die; Long live President Gonzalo", "Long live Maoism", "Long live the thoughts of President Gonzalo", "This is how the puppet Fujimori will die".

#### 6. <u>Kidnapping</u>

Nothing to report.

#### 7. <u>Summary</u>

|    | Selective terrorism        |   |
|----|----------------------------|---|
| 2. | Systematic terrorism       | 1 |
| 3. | Attacks on security forces | 1 |
| 4. | Sabotage                   | 0 |
| 5. | Incursions                 | 1 |
| б. | Kidnapping                 | 0 |
|    |                            |   |
|    | TOTAL                      | 4 |

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