- 1. Decides to extend the mandate of the United Nations Protection Force for an additional period terminating on 1 October 1993;
 - 2. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.

Adopted unanimously at the 3284th meeting.

Decision

At its 3285th meeting, on 1 October 1993, the Council discussed the item entitled "United Nations Protection Force (UNPROFOR): further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992) (S/26470 and Add.1)". 51

Resolution 870 (1993) of 1 October 1993

The Security Council,

Reaffirming its resolution 743 (1992) of 21 February 1992 and all subsequent resolutions relating to the United Nations Protection Force,

Reiterating its determination to ensure the security of the Force and its freedom of movement for all its missions, and to these ends, as regards the Force in the Republic of Croatia and in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

- 1. Decides to extend the mandate of the United Nations Protection Force for an additional period terminating on 5 October 1993;
 - 2. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.

Adopted unanimously at the 3285th meeting.

Decision

At its 3286th meeting, on 4 October 1993, the Council discussed the item entitled "United Nations Protection Force (UNPROFOR): further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992) (S/26470 and Add.1)". 51

Resolution 871 (1993) of 4 October 1993

The Security Council,

Reaffirming its resolution 743 (1992) of 21 February 1992 and all subsequent resolutions relating to the United Nations Protection Force,

Reaffirming also its resolution 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991 and all subsequent relevant resolutions,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 20 September 1993,95

Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for July, August and September 1993, documents \$/26470 and Add.1.

Having also considered the letter of the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Croatia dated 24 September 1993, 86

Deeply concerned that the United Nations peace-keeping plan for the Republic of Croatia⁶⁴, and all relevant Council resolutions, in particular resolution 769 (1992) of 7 August 1992, have not yet been fully implemented,

Reiterating its determination to ensure the security of the Force and its freedom of movement for all its missions, and to these ends, as regards the Force in the Republic of Croatia and in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations.

- 1. Welcomes the report of the Secretary-General of 20 September 1993, in particular paragraph 16 thereof;
- 2. Notes the intention of the Secretary-General to establish, as described in his report, three subordinate commands within the United Nations Protection Force UNPROFOR (Croatia), UNPROFOR (Bosnia and Herzegovina) and UNPROFOR (the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia) while retaining the existing dispositions in all other respects for the direction and conduct of the United Nations operation in the territory of the former Yugoslavia;
- 3. Condemns once again continuing military attacks within the territory of the Republic of Croatia and the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and reaffirms its commitment to ensure respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Croatia, of Bosnia and Herzegovina and of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, where the Force is deployed;
- 4. Reaffirms the crucial importance of the full and prompt implementation of the United Nations peace-keeping plan for the Republic of Croatia, including the provisions of the plan concerning the demilitarization of the United Nations Protected Areas, and calls upon the signatories of that plan and all others concerned, in particular the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), to cooperate in its full implementation;
- 5. Declares that continued non-cooperation in the implementation of the relevant resolutions of the Security Council or external interference, in respect of the full implementation of the United Nations peace-keeping plan for the Republic of Croatia, would have serious consequences, and in this connection affirms that full normalization of the international community's position towards those concerned will take into account their actions in implementing all relevant Council resolutions, including those relating to the peace-keeping plan for Croatia:
- 6. Calls for an immediate cease-fire agreement between the Government of Croatia and the local Serb authorities in the Protected Areas, mediated under the auspices of the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia, and urges them to cooperate fully and unconditionally in its implementation, as well as in the implementation of all the relevant Council resolutions;
- 7. Stresses the importance it attaches, as a first step towards the implementation of the United Nations peace-keeping plan for the Republic of Croatia, to the process of restoration of the authority of the Republic of Croatia in the pink zones, and in this context calls for the revival of the Joint Commission established under the chairmanship of the United Nations Protection Force;

[%] Ibid., document S/26491.

- 8. Urges all the parties and others concerned to cooperate with the Force in reaching and implementing an agreement on confidence-building measures including the restoration of electricity, water and communications in all regions of Croatia, and stresses in this context the importance it attaches to the opening of the railroad between Zagreb and Split, the highway between Zagreb and Zupanja, and the Adriatic oil pipeline, securing the uninterrupted traffic across the Maslenica strait, and restoring the supply of electricity and water to all regions of Croatia including the Protected Areas;
- 9. Authorizes the Force, in carrying out its mandate in Croatia, acting in self-defence, to take the necessary measures, including the use of force, to ensure its security and its freedom of movement;
- 10. Decides to continue to review urgently the extension of close air support to the Force in the territory of Croatia as recommended by the Secretary-General in his report of 20 September 1993;95
- 11. Decides in this context to extend the mandate of the Force for an additional period terminating on 31 March 1994;
- 12. Requests the Secretary-General to report two months after the adoption of the present resolution on progress towards implementation of the United Nations peace-keeping plan for the Republic of Croatia and all relevant Security Council resolutions, taking into account the position of the Croatian Government, as well as on the outcome of the negotiations within the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia, and decides to reconsider the mandate of the Force in the light of that report;
- 13. Also requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed on developments in regard to the implementation of the Force's mandate;
 - 14. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.

Adopted unanimously at the 3286th meeting.

Decisions

In a letter dated 18 October 1993, ⁹⁷ addressed to the President of the Security Council, the Secretary-General referred to Council resolution 847 (1993) of 30 June 1993, in which the Council approved the request for additional resources for the United Nations Protection Force (UNPROFOR) contained in the Secretary-General's report of 15 May 1993. The Secretary-General reported that he had been informed by the Government of Indonesia that it was willing to make available 25 military observers (UNMOs) in the context of the above-mentioned resolution. Indonesia, at this point, was not among the countries contributing troops or UNMOs to UNPROFOR. The Secretary-General stated that subject to the concurrence of the Council, he would inform the Government of Indonesia that its offer had been accepted.

In a letter dated 22 October 1993, 8 the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that your letter dated 18 October 1993 concerning additional resources for the United Nations Protection Force?" has been brought to the attention of the Council members. They agree with the proposal contained in your letter."

In a letter dated 1 December 1993.99 addressed to the President of the Security Council, the Secretary-General referred to the senior-level staffing of the United Nations peacemaking and peace-keeping efforts related to the former Yugoslavia. He recalled that in May 1993 Mr. Thorvald Stoltenberg had been appointed as both Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Co-Chairman of the Steering Committee of the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia.¹⁰⁰ At that time it had been hoped that the Vance-Owen plan for Bosnia and Herzegovina would shortly be agreed and that thereafter the main focus of United Nations activities in the former Yugoslavia would be implementation of that plan on the ground. together with continuing efforts to implement the Vance plan related to the United Nations Protected Areas in Croatia. However, as the members of the Council were aware, the Vance-Owen plan had not been accepted and Mr. Stoltenberg remained heavily engaged in continuing negotiations. That had left him insufficient time to carry out in full the functions of Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Chief of Mission of the United Nations Protection Force (UNPROFOR). Accordingly, and after consulting Mr. Stoltenberg and contacting the heads of Government and other parties directly concerned in the former Yugoslavia, the Secretary-General had come to the conclusion that the resumption of negotiations in Geneva, following the meeting there between the Foreign Ministers of the European Union, the Co-Chairmen of the Steering Committee of the Conference and the parties on 29 November 1993, made it necessary to separate the functions of Co-Chairman of the Steering Committee and Special Representative. Therefore, it was the Secretary-General's intention that Mr. Stoltenberg should continue to serve as Co-Chairman and that Mr. Yasushi Akashi, until recently the Secretary-General's Special Representative for Cambodia, should be appointed to the post of Special Representative for the former Yugoslavia and Chief of Mission of UNPROFOR. The Secretary-General stated further that he had so informed the heads of Government and other parties directly concerned in the former Yugoslavia.

In a letter dated 2 December 1993,¹⁰¹ the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that your letter dated 1 December 1993 concerning the staffing of the United Nations peace-keeping and peacemaking efforts in the former Yugoslavia⁵⁹ has been brought to the attention of the members of the Council. They take note of the information contained in your letter and agree with the proposal mentioned therein."

In a letter dated 17 December 1993, ¹⁰² the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"The members of the Security Council have taken note of your report of 1 December 1993¹⁰³ submitted pursuant to Security Council resolution 871 (1993), in the light of which they have completed the review provided for in paragraph 12 of that resolution.

"They share the observations contained in paragraph 16 of this report regarding the mandate of the United Nations Protection Force."

⁹⁷ S/26619.

⁹⁸ S/26620.

⁹⁹ S/26838

¹⁰⁰ See S/25806 and S/25807.

¹⁰¹ S/26839.

¹⁰² S/26890.

Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1993, document \$126828.