United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, to perform the functions designated in that section:

4. Decides also that the necessary resources should be made available to the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to carry out the tasks embodied in the Set of Principles and Rules.

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Special measures for the social and economic 35/64. development of Africa in the 1980s

The General Assembly,

Gravely concerned at the critical condition of the economies of most African countries in the past two decades and the gloomy prospects for their economic development arising from the current crisis in the world economy,

Recalling its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

Recognizing the useful contribution that the effective execution of the Lagos Plan of Action for the Implementation of the Monrovia Strategy for the Economic Development of Africa, 70 adopted on 29 April 1980 by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at its second extraordinary session devoted to economic matters, held at Lagos on 28 and 29 April 1980, can make to the rapid over-all social and economic development of Africa,

Noting, in particular, that successive international development strategies and international economic negotiations have contributed only marginally to an improvement in the economic situation of the developing countries and, particularly, to the African continent, and that Africa remains highly vulnerable to the instability in the world economy,

Realizing that the African continent will benefit more if special economic measures are adopted for its development and are executed in a co-ordinated, consistent and sustained manner.

- Takes note with satisfaction of the Lagos Plan of Action for the Implementation of the Monrovia Strategy for the Economic Development of Africa;
- 2. Recognizes that special measures should be adopted by the international community for the social and economic development of African countries, taking into account, inter alia, the contributions that the comprehensive and co-ordinated programme of special measures called for in the Lagos Plan of Action can make;
- 3. Invites the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, in consultation with the Organization of African Unity and the Economic Commission for Africa, to indicate in a comprehensive manner in their next annual reports to the Economic and Social Council the contributions that they can make, within

their areas of competence and within the indicated timeframes, to the achievement of the aims and objectives set out in the Lagos Plan of Action;

- 4. Also invites the non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council to submit to the Secretary-General, for transmission to the Council at its second regular session of 1982, suggestions for contributions that they may be able to make to the implementation of the Lagos Plan of Action:
- 5. Urges Governments, in the context of a general increase in official development assistance, as envisaged in the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade, 71 to take into account the need for an adequate flow of resources for the effective implementation of the Lagos Plan of Action:
- 6. Invites the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and the United Nations Development Programme, as well as other development banks or funds, actively to consider assisting in providing adequate resources which could contribute to the implementation of the Lagos Plan of Action;
- 7. Requests the Secretary-General, in consultation with organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, to prepare a comprehensive interim report for submission to the General Assembly at its thirty-sixth session regarding the steps which have been taken to implement paragraph 3 above;
- 8. Requests the Secretary-General in this regard to submit to the General Assembly at its thirty-seventh session, through the Economic and Social Council, a report on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.

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Revision of the lists of States eligible for membership in the Industrial Development Board

The General Assembly,

Recalling section II, paragraph 4, of its resolution 2152 (XXI) of 17 November 1966 on the United Nations Industrial Development Organization,

Decides to include the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Zimbabwe in list A and Saint Vincent and the Grenadines in list C of the annex to resolution 2152 (XXI).72

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See resolution 35/56 above, annex.

⁷⁰ See A/S-11/14, annex I.

ber 1974, 3401 A (XXX) of 28 November 1975, 3401 B (XXX) of 9 December 1975, 31/160 of 21 December 1976, 32/108 of 15 December 1977, 33/79 of 15 December 1978 and 34/97 of 13 December 1979.

As a result of the above resolution, the lists of States eligible for membership in the Industrial Development Board will be as follows:

A. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4(a), OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 2152 (XXI)

Malawi Afghanistan Algeria Malaysia Angola Maldives Bahrain Mali Mauritania Bangladesh Benin Mauritius Mongolia Bhutan Botswana Morocco Mozambique Burma Burundi Nepal Cape Verde Niger Central African Republic Nigeria Oman Chad

Pakistan China Papua New Guinea Comoros

Congo Philippines Democratic Kampuchea Qatar

Republic of Korea Democratic People's Republic Rwanda

Sao Tome and Principe Democratic Yemen

Saudi Arabia Diibouti Senegal Egypt Equatorial Guinea Seychelles Ethiopia Sierra Leone Fiii Singapore Solomon Islands Gabon Gambia Somalia Ghana South Africa Sri Lanka Guinea Guinea-Bissau Sudan India Swaziland

Syrian Arab Republic Indonesia

Thailand Iran Iraq Togo Tunisia Israel Ivory Coast Uganda

United Arab Emirates Jordan United Republic of Cameroon Kenva United Republic of Tanzania

Lao People's Democratic Upper Volta Viet Nam Republic Yemen Lebanon Lesotho Yugoslavia Liberia Zaire Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Zambia Madagascar Zimbabwe

B. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4(b)

Luxembourg Australia Austria Malta Belgium Monaco Netherlands Canada New Zealand Cyprus Denmark Norway Portugal Finland Spain France Sweden Germany, Federal Republic of Switzerland Greece Iceland

Ireland United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland Italy United States of America

Japan Liechtenstein

C. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4(c)

Argentina Brazil Bahamas Chile Colombia Barbados **Bolivia** Costa Rica

Nicaragua Cuba Panama Dominica Dominican Republic Paraguay Peru Ecuador Saint Lucia El Salvador Saint Vincent and the Grenada Grenadines Guatemala Suriname Guyana Trinidad and Tobago Haiti Uruguay Honduras Venezuela Jamaica

D. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4(d)

Poland Albania Romania Bulgaria

Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Byelorussian Soviet Socialist

Republic Republic

Union of Soviet Socialist Czechoslovakia Republics

German Democratic Republic

Hungary

Mexico

35/66. Industrial development co-operation

THIRD GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Chafter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

Recalling also the Lima Declaration and Plan of Action on Industrial Development and Co-operation,7 adopted at the Second General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, which laid down the main measures and principles for industrial development and co-operation within the framework of the establishment of the new international economic order,

Taking note of the New Delhi Declaration and Plan of Action on Industrialization of Developing Countries and International Co-operation for their Industrial Development,74 adopted at the Third General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, held at New Delhi from 21 January to 9 February 1980, in which a strategy was spelled out for the further industrialization of developing countries for the 1980s and beyond, as well as a plan of action for the restructuring of world industry within the framework of the establishment of the new international economic

Emphasizing the role of the redeployment of industrial capacities in the context of international industrial cooperation, including resources and technology transfers aimed at establishing and strengthening the productive capacities of developing countries with a view to stimulating their economies, and taking into account their potential to develop their national resources in conformity with the over-all national objectives and priorities and the need to increase correspondingly their share in world industrial production,

⁷³ See A/10112, chap. IV

⁷⁴ ID/CONF.4/22 and Corr.1, chap. VI.