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Security Council

Distr. GENERAL

S/25751 11 May 1993

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

LETTER DATED 10 MAY 1993 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF AZERBAIJAN TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

I have the honour to transmit herewith the text of a letter dated 10 May 1993, to His Excellency Mr. Yuliy M. Vorontsov, President of the Security Council of the United Nations, addressed to him by His Excellency Mr. Tofik Gassymov, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Azerbaijan, as received by telex.

I would be grateful if you could have this letter circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(<u>Signed</u>) Hassan A. HASSANOV
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

Annex

[Original: Russian]

Letter dated 10 May 1993 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Azerbaijan addressed to the President of the Security Council

United Nations Security Council resolution 822 (1993), whose adoption was welcomed by the Azerbaijani Republic, should, in our opinion, make a substantial contribution to advancing the process of the peaceful settlement of the Armenian-Azerbaijani conflict.

As you are aware, this process has been seriously impeded and even sabotaged by the invasion by Armenian armed forces and the occupation of Azerbaijani territories. It is precisely for this reason that we attach extreme importance to the resolution, which demands the withdrawal of occupying forces from Azerbaijani territories.

The situation which has arisen after the adoption of the resolution, however, with the Armenian side refusing to comply with the requirements of the Security Council and attempting to set in motion protracted negotiations around a decision which has already been adopted, renders essential the urgent adoption of appropriate measures by the Council.

Highly appreciating the decision by the Council to remain actively seized of the question of the Armenian-Azerbaijani conflict, I have the honour to ask you to accelerate the process of dispatching a United Nations mission to assess the situation in the region and to observe the withdrawal of Armenian forces from the occupied Azerbaijani districts.

I believe that an evaluation by independent experts, with specialized professional experience, of the situation not only in the Kelbajar and Lachin districts of Azerbaijan, but also in other Azerbaijani districts on the Armenian border which have been attacked or occupied by Armenian armed forces, will ensure a more comprehensive treatment in the report of the Secretary-General to the Security Council of the real state of affairs in the region and the nature of relations between Armenia and Azerbaijan.

In this connection, I ask you to pay particular attention to the situation in the following districts and settlements of Azerbaijan.

I. Districts and settlements of the Azerbaijani Republic occupied as a result of the invasion of the territory of Azerbaijan, mounted from the territory of Armenia by armed forces of the Republic of Armenia

In the <u>Zangelan district</u> in the south-west of Azerbaijan (on the border with the Republic of Armenia) the following settlements have been occupied: Gazanchy, Seidlyar, Kundgyshlak, Agkend, Pirveils, Derely, Djanbar, Yukhary Kyoyaly.

In the <u>Kazakh district</u> in the south-west of Azerbaijan (on the border with the Republic of Armenia) the following settlements have been occupied: Barkhudarly, Ashagi Askipara, Sofulu, Kheirimly, Yukhary Askipara, Baganis Airym.

In the <u>Nakhichevan region</u> of Azerbaijan (surrounded by the territory of Armenia) the village of Kyarki has been occupied.

In all, 15 settlements have been occupied in the said districts, which border only on the Republic of Armenia.

II. <u>Districts and settlements of the Azerbaijani Republic subjected to bombardment and qunfire from the territory of the Republic of Armenia</u>

In the following settlements, extensive damage has been caused by shelling and the population has been partially or completly evacuated.

In the <u>Zangelan district</u>: Akbiz, Ashagi Emizly, Orta Emizly, Yukhary Emizly, Karababa, Kuyuderekheshteb, Otuzinji, Sheiflyu, Shaefly, Yusiflar, Karagel, Kechikly, Shotariz, Beshdaly, Malatneshin, Kollu Gyshlag, Sobu, Meshadi Ismailly, Razdere, Veshnaly and the town of Zangelan;

In the <u>Kazakh district</u>: Kemerly Farakhly, Kushchu Airym, Mazanly, Abbas Beily, Allout, Kyzylgajyly, Djafarly and Bala Djafarly;

In the Akstafa district: Tatly and Kegnakyshlak;

In the <u>Tauz district</u>: Gajally, Myulkyulyu, Alibeily, Agdam, Chokhanabi, Asrikjirdakhan, Agbulak, Kiran, Munjuglu and Kosha;

In the <u>Kedabek district</u>: Karalar, Novosaratovka, Karabeller, Gajilar, Eiridere, Geyaly, Kollu, Shinykh, Karabaglar, Zallanly, Djujanly, Mutedere and Novoivanovka;

In the <u>Nakhichevan region</u>: Bicheneg, Kyukyu, Yukhary Buzgov, Ashagi Buzgov, Avush, Yukhary Aiji, Djagazur, Danzik, Gyunnyut, Sadarak and Numunavi.

For its part, the Azerbaijani Government is prepared to give every assistance in ensuring access by the plenipotentiary representatives of the Secretary-General of the United Nations to the above-mentioned districts, taking into due consideration that they are currently occupied by Armenian armed forces or being shelled by Armenian armed formations.

(<u>Signed</u>) Tofik GASSYMOV Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Azerbaijani Republic