General informed the Council of his intention to appoint Lieutenant-General Cevik Bir (Turkey) as Force Commander of UNOSOM II.

In a letter dated 16 February 1993,<sup>4</sup> the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that your letter dated 10 February 1993 concerning your proposal to appoint Lieutenant-General Cevik Bir (Turkey) as Force Commander of the United Nations Operation in Somalia<sup>2</sup> has been brought to the attention of the members of the Council. They agree with the proposal contained in your letter."

At its 3188th meeting, on 26 March 1993, the Council decided to invite the representative of Somalia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled "The situation in Somalia: report of the Secretary-General (S/25354 and Add.1 and 2)".<sup>5</sup>

## Resolution 814 (1993) of 26 March 1993

The Security Council,

Reaffirming its resolutions 733 (1992) of 23 January 1992, 746 (1992) of 17 March 1992, 751 (1992) of 24 April 1992, 767 (1992) of 27 July 1992, 775 (1992) of 28 August 1992 and 794 (1992) of 3 December 1992,

Bearing in mind General Assembly resolution 47/167 of 18 December 1992,

Commending the efforts of Member States acting pursuant to resolution 794 (1992) to establish a secure environment for humanitarian relief operations in Somalia,

Acknowledging the need for a prompt, smooth and phased transition from the Unified Task Force to the expanded United Nations Operation in Somalia,

Regretting the continuing incidents of violence in Somalia and the threat they pose to the reconciliation process,

Deploring the acts of violence against persons engaging in humanitarian efforts on behalf of the United Nations, States, and non-governmental organizations,

Noting with deep regret and concern the continuing reports of widespread violations of international humanitarian law and the general absence of the rule of law in Somalia,

Recognizing that the people of Somalia bear the ultimate responsibility for national reconciliation and reconstruction of their own country,

Acknowledging the fundamental importance of a comprehensive and effective programme for disarming Somali parties, including movements and factions,

Noting the need for continued humanitarian relief assistance and for the rehabilitation of Somalia's political institutions and economy,

Concerned that the crippling famine and drought in Somalia, compounded by the civil strife, have caused massive destruction of the means of production and the natural and human resources of that country,

Expressing its appreciation to the Organization of African Unity, the League of Arab States, the Organization of the Islamic Conference and the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries for their cooperation with, and support of, the efforts of the United Nations in Somalia,

Also expressing its appreciation to all Member States which have made contributions to the fund established pursuant to paragraph 11 of resolution 794 (1992) and to all those who have provided humanitarian assistance to Somalia,

Commending the efforts, in difficult circumstances, of the initial United Nations Operation in Somalia established pursuant to resolution 751 (1992),

Further expressing its appreciation for the invaluable assistance the neighbouring countries have been providing to the international community in its efforts to restore peace and security in Somalia and to host large numbers of refugees displaced by the conflict, and noting the difficulties caused to them by the presence of refugees in their territories.

Convinced that the restoration of law and order throughout Somalia would contribute to humanitarian relief operations, reconciliation and political settlement, as well as to the rehabilitation of Somalia's political institutions and economy,

Convinced also of the need for broad-based consultations and deliberations to achieve reconciliation, agreement on the setting up of transitional government institutions and consensus on basic principles and steps leading to the establishment of representative democratic institutions.

Recognizing that the re-establishment of local and regional administrative institutions is essential to the restoration of domestic tranquillity,

Encouraging the Secretary-General and his Special Representative to continue and intensify their work at the national, regional and local levels, including and encouraging broad participation by all sectors of Somali society, to promote the process of political settlement and national reconciliation and to assist the people of Somalia in rehabilitating their political institutions and economy,

Expressing its readiness to assist the people of Somalia, as appropriate, on a local, regional or national level, to participate in free and fair elections, with a view towards achieving and implementing a political settlement,

Welcoming the progress made at the United Nations-sponsored informal preparatory meeting on Somali political reconciliation held at Addis Ababa from 4 to 15 January 1993, in particular the conclusion at that meeting of three agreements<sup>6</sup> by the Somali parties, including movements and factions, and welcoming also any progress made at the Conference on National Reconciliation which began in Addis Ababa on 15 March 1993,

*Emphasizing* the need for the Somali people, including movements and factions, to show the political will to achieve security, reconciliation and peace,

<sup>4</sup> S/25296.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1993.

Ibid., document S/25168, annexes II, III and IV.

Taking note of the reports of States concerned of 17 December 1992<sup>7</sup> and 19 January 1993<sup>8</sup> and of the reports of the Secretary-General of 19 December 1992<sup>9</sup> and 26 January 1993<sup>10</sup> on the implementation of resolution 794 (1992),

Having examined the further report of the Secretary-General of 3, 11 and 22 March 1993, 11

Welcoming the intention of the Secretary-General to seek maximum economy and efficiency and to keep the size of the United Nations presence, both military and civilian, to the minimum necessary to fulfil its mandate.

Determining that the situation in Somalia continues to threaten peace and security in the region,

## Α

- 1. Approves the further report of the Secretary-General of 3, 11 and 22 March 1993;<sup>11</sup>
- 2. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for convening the Conference on National Reconciliation for Somalia in accordance with the agreements reached during the informal preparatory meeting on Somali political reconciliation in Addis Ababa in January 1993 and for the progress achieved towards political reconciliation in Somalia, and also for his efforts to ensure that, as appropriate, all Somalis, including movements, factions, community leaders, women, professionals, intellectuals, elders and other representative groups are suitably represented at such conferences;
- 3. Welcomes the holding of the Third United Nations Coordination Meeting for Humanitarian Assistance for Somalia at Addis Ababa from 11 to 13 March 1993 and the willingness expressed by Governments through this process to contribute to relief and rehabilitation efforts in Somalia, where and when possible;
- 4. Requests the Secretary-General, through his Special Representative and with assistance, as appropriate, from all relevant United Nations entities, offices and specialized agencies, to provide humanitarian and other assistance to the people of Somalia in rehabilitating their political institutions and economy and promoting political settlement and national reconciliation, in accordance with the recommendations contained in his report of 3 March 1993, 12 including in particular:
- (a) Assistance in the provision of relief and in the economic rehabilitation of Somalia, based on an assessment of clear, prioritized needs and taking into account, as appropriate, the 1993 Relief and Rehabilitation Programme for Somalia prepared by the Department of Humanitarian Affairs of the Secretariat;
- <sup>7</sup> Ibid., Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1992, document \$/24976.
- <sup>8</sup> Ibid., Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1993, document S/25126.
- <sup>9</sup> Ibid., Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1992, document \$/24992.
- 10 Ibid., Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1993, document S/25168.
  - 11 Ibid., documents S/25354 and Add. 1 and 2.
  - 12 Ibid., document S/25354.

- (b) Assistance in the repatriation of refugees and displaced persons within Somalia;
- (c) Assistance to help the people of Somalia to promote and advance political reconciliation, through broad participation by all sectors of Somali society, and the re-establishment of national and regional institutions and civil administration in the entire country;
- (d) Assistance in the re-establishment of Somali police, as appropriate at the local, regional or national level, to assist in the restoration and maintenance of peace, stability and law and order, including in the investigation and facilitating the prosecution of serious violations of international humanitarian law;
- (e) Assistance to the people of Somalia in the development of a coherent and integrated programme for the removal of mines throughout Somalia;
- (f) Development of appropriate public information activities in support of the United Nations activities in Somalia;
- (g) Creation of conditions under which Somali civil society may have a role, at every level, in the process of political reconciliation and in the formulation and realization of rehabilitation and reconstruction programmes;

В

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

- 5. Decides to expand the size of the force of the United Nations Operation in Somalia and its mandate in accordance with the recommendations contained in paragraphs 56 to 88 of the report of the Secretary-General of 3 March 1993<sup>12</sup> and the provisions of the present resolution;
- 6. Authorizes the mandate for the expanded Operation for an initial period through 31 October 1993, unless previously renewed by the Security Council:
- 7. Emphasizes the crucial importance of disarmament and the urgent need to build on the efforts of the Unified Task Force in accordance with paragraphs 56 to 69 of the report of the Secretary-General of 3 March 1993;
- 8. Demands that all Somali parties, including movements and factions, comply fully with the commitments they have undertaken in the agreements they concluded at the informal preparatory meeting on Somali political reconciliation at Addis Ababa, and in particular with their agreement on implementing the cease-fire and on modalities of disarmament;<sup>13</sup>
- 9. Also demands that all Somali parties, including movements and factions, take all measures to ensure the safety of the personnel of the United Nations and its agencies as well as the staff of the International Committee of the Red Cross, intergovernmental organizations and nongovernmental organizations engaged in providing humanitarian and other assistance to the people of Somalia in rehabilitating their political institutions and economy and promoting political settlement and national reconciliation.
- 10. Requests the Secretary-General to support from within Somalia the implementation of the arms embargo established by resolution 733 (1992), utilizing as available and appropriate the forces of the expanded Operation authorized by the present resolution, and to

<sup>13</sup> Ibid., document S/25168, annex III.

report on this subject, with any recommendations regarding more effective measures if necessary, to the Security Council;

- 11. Calls upon all States, in particular neighbouring States, to cooperate in the implementation of the arms embargo established by resolution 733 (1992);
- 12. Also requests the Secretary-General to provide security, as appropriate, to assist in the repatriation of refugees and the assisted resettlement of displaced persons, utilizing Operation forces, paying particular attention to those areas where major instability continues to threaten peace and security in the region;
- 13. Reiterates its demand that all Somali parties, including movements and factions, immediately cease and desist from all breaches of international humanitarian law, and reaffirms that those responsible for such acts be held individually accountable;
- 14. Further requests the Secretary-General, through his Special Representative, to direct the Force Commander of the Operation to assume responsibility for the consolidation, expansion and maintenance of a secure environment throughout Somalia, taking account of the particular circumstances in each locality, on an expedited basis in accordance with the recommendations contained in his report of 3 March 1993, and in this regard to organize a prompt, smooth and phased transition from the Unified Task Force to the expanded Operation;

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

- 15. Requests the Secretary-General to maintain the fund established pursuant to resolution 794 (1992) for the additional purpose of receiving contributions for maintenance of forces of the expanded Operation following the departure of forces of the Unified Task Force and for the establishment of Somali police, and calls on Member States to make contributions to this fund, in addition to their assessed contributions:
- 16. Expresses appreciation to the United Nations agencies, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations and the International Committee of the Red Cross for their contributions and assistance and requests the Secretary-General to ask them to continue to extend financial, material and technical support to the Somali people in all regions of the country;
- 17. Also requests the Secretary-General to seek, as appropriate, pledges and contributions from States and others to assist in financing the rehabilitation of the political institutions and economy of Somalia;
- 18. Further requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council fully informed on action taken to implement the present resolution, in particular to submit to the Council as soon as possible a report containing recommendations for establishment of Somali police forces and thereafter to report no later than every ninety days on the progress achieved in accomplishing the objectives set out in the present resolution;
- 19. Decides to conduct a formal review of the progress towards accomplishing the purposes of the present resolution no later than 31 October 1993;
  - 20. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.

Adopted unanimously at the 3188th meeting.

## Decisions

In a letter dated 2 April 1993,<sup>14</sup> addressed to the President of the Security Council for the attention of the members of the Council, the Secretary-General referred to part B, paragraphs 5 and 6, of Council resolution 814 (1993) of 26 March 1993 and stated that in order to give effect to the provisions of that resolution, he had undertaken consultations with a number of Governments which had signified to him their readiness to participate in the force of the expanded United Nations Operation in Somalia (UNOSOM II). On the basis of these consultations, the Secretary-General recommended to the Council that it approve the following list of troop-contributing Governments for UNOSOM II: Argentina, Australia, Bangladesh, Belgium, Botswana, Egypt, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Jordan, Malaysia, Morocco, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, Romania, Saudi Arabia, Sweden, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United States of America and Zimbabwe.

In a letter dated 5 April 1993,<sup>15</sup> the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that your letter dated 2 April 1993 concerning the composition of the United Nations Operation in Somalia<sup>14</sup> has been brought to the attention of the members of the Council. They agree with the proposal contained in your letter."

In a letter dated 23 April 1993, <sup>16</sup> addressed to the President of the Security Council for the attention of the members of the Council, the Secretary-General informed the Council that in addition to the countries approved by the Security Council on 5 April 1993, the following countries had likewise signified their readiness to contribute contingents for service with UNOSOM II: Namibia, Uganda and Zambia.

In a letter dated 27 April 1993,<sup>17</sup> the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that your letter dated 23 April 1993 concerning the composition of the military component of the expanded United Nations Operation in Somalia<sup>16</sup> has been brought to the attention of the members of the Council. They agree with the proposal contained in your letter."

At its 3229th meeting, on 6 June 1993, the Council discussed the item entitled:

"The situation in Somalia:

"Letter dated 5 June 1993 from the Permanent Representative of Pakistan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/25888);<sup>18</sup>

- <sup>14</sup> S/25532.
- 15 S/25533.
- <sup>16</sup> S/25673.
- <sup>7</sup> S/25674.
- 18 See Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for April, May and June 1993.