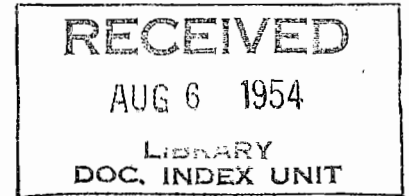


E/NS 1954/Summary 2
15 May 1954



UNITED NATIONS



NARCOTIC DRUGS

**SUMMARY
OF ILLICIT TRANSACTIONS
AND SEIZURES**

REPORTED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS
BETWEEN 1 MARCH AND 30 APRIL 1954

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KEY TO NUMERALS APPEARING IN EACH CASE

1. Kind and quantity of drugs
 - a. seized;
 - b. involved in the illicit transactions.
2. Data regarding the seizures:
 - Origin of drugs.
 - Name and address of manufacturer.
 - Labels, marks, packing etc.
 - Name of consignor, consignee and addressee, or other persons implicated.
 - Forwarding agents and other persons or firms whose names appear in connexion with the case.
3. Legal proceedings and penalties.

Note by the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has the honour to draw attention to the following form prepared by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its fourth session (16 May to 3 June 1949) and noted by the Economic and Social Council at its ninth session (5 July to 15 August 1949) in resolution 246(IX)A of 6 July 1949. This form was drawn up by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs for use by Governments in preparing and submitting their seizure reports.

1. FORM FOR REPORTS ON ILLICIT TRANSACTIONS AND SEIZURES

(Forwarded by the Secretary-General of the United Nations
to facilitate the preparation of reports under
Article 23 of the 1931 Convention)

SECTION I

1. Date of seizure: _____ 2. Place of seizure: _____
3. Kind and quantity of narcotics seized: _____

4. Details regarding ships, vehicles, and/or aircraft involved: (include name, owner, itinerary, nationality, etc.) _____

5. Details regarding persons and/or firms involved: (include name, nationality, place of residence, age, occupation, etc.) _____

6. Origin of narcotics seized: (include all available information and reasonable suspicions which might throw light on the origin, sale and purchase, particularly in connection with information furnished under (4) and (5) above) _____

Detach from along line for use of those preparing reports

SECTION II

- 7.* Judicial proceedings: (please refer to legal basis and indicate the sentence, including place and date of its pronouncement)

SECTION III

8. Narrative: (include especially information concerning any new or unusual methods employed by traffickers in concealing drugs or by officers in apprehending traffickers)

Detach from along line for use of those preparing reports

*This information may be sent subsequently after the proceedings have been concluded.

PART I

FURTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING CASES PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

(a) CYPRUS

Supplementary report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 1 March 1954.

No.693 (E/NS.1953/5) Seizure at Nicosia on 28 August 1953.

3. Minas Pieri appealed against his sentence* and on 28 November 1953, it was reduced to imprisonment for three months.

(b) FEDERATION OF MALAYA

Seizures during 1953. Supplementary reports communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 10 March 1953.

No.460H (E/NS.1953/4) Seizure at Klang on 11 April 1953.

3. Ch'ng Ah Joo appealed against his sentence and it was reduced from three years to one year.

No.773 (E/NS.1953/6) Seizure at Penang on 7 September 1953.

3. Khor Khing was fined Straits dollars 5,000 (\$1,650)** which was being paid off at the rate of Straits dollars 500 (\$165) per month.

No.774B (E/NS.1953/6) Seizure at Lumut on 20 September 1953.

2. The origin of the opium seized in this case was found to be Iran.

3. Ng Twe *alias* Ng Ah Hor was sent to an approved school for three years.

No.774C (E/NS.1953/6) Seizure at Kuala Kurau on 8 October 1953.

2. The opium seized in this case originated in Thailand.

3. See Kim Suan was fined Straits dollars 3,000 (\$990). The fine was paid.

No.774D (E/NS.1953/6) Seizure at Taiping on 11 October 1953.

3. Ong Hock Thye was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to a fine of Straits dollars 2,000 (\$660) or a further six months. Ong Chin Poh was discharged for lack of evidence.

No.774F (E/NS.1953/6) Seizure at Penang on 13 October 1953.

2. The opium had been imported by parcel post from India in hollow cricket stumps with other sports gear. Each cricket stump contained approximately 170 g of raw opium. The practice had been going on since 1950. Parcels were discovered after delivery in the house of Tan Kuan Ewe.

3. The accused pleaded guilty to importing opium and was fined Straits dollars 5,000 (\$1,650) or imprisonment for one year. The fine was being paid by instalments.

No.4C (E/NS.1954/1) Seizure at Sentul, Kuala Lumpur, on 4 November 1953.

3. Yap Ee Bung was sentenced to imprisonment for two years.

No.4D (E/NS.1954/1) Seizure at Bahau on 6 November 1953.

3. Soon Teng Kee was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 2,000 (\$660) or to imprisonment for twelve months; the fine was not paid. Ng Ah Piow was acquitted.

No.45H (E/NS.1954/1) Seizure at Tampin on 25 November 1953.

3. Lim Bee was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 100 (\$33) or to imprisonment for one month. The fine was not paid.

(c) MAURITIUS

Seizures during October 1953. Supplementary report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 31 March 1954.

No.32 (E/NS.1954/1) Seizure at Port Louis on 7 October 1953.

3. On 23 December 1953, Kan Kim was fined Rs.200 (\$42) with costs.

No.94A (E/NS.1954/1) Seizure at Flacq on 1 October 1953.

3. On 27 November 1953, Lochan Dookhit was fined as follows: Rs.150 (\$31.50) for cultivating "gandia" and Rs.100 (\$21) for possession of "gandia".

No.94D (E/NS.1954/1) Seizure at Chamarel on 19 October 1953.

3. On 8 December 1953, Stenio Balisson was fined Rs.125 (\$26.25) with costs.

* See E/NS.1953/Summary 6, Part I, Further information concerning cases previously reported.

** The amounts shown in parentheses throughout this document are in terms of United States currency.

(d) SINGAPORE

Supplementary report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 23 February 1954.

No.499 (E/NS.1953/4) Seizure at Singapore on 12 April 1953.

3. Ng Chwee Keng and Loh Cheng Hai were each sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two years; Tham Fatt was acquitted.

PART II - NEW CASES

A. DISCOVERY OF A CLANDESTINE LABORATORY

No.119 Discovery of a clandestine laboratory in Semirkent district on 27 October 1953. Report No.415 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 28 February 1954. (4168)

- 1(a). Morphine base: 4 kg
2. The equipment and chemical materials for the

manufacture of heroin, as well as the above-mentioned morphine base, were seized when the authorities raided a factory in the Semirkent district. The following persons were involved: Hüseyin Öner, Hilmi Ulusoy, Hüseyin Ulusoy and Hüseyin Baysal.*

B. SEIZURES OF INDIVIDUAL DRUGS

1. Raw Opium

(a) EGYPT

No.120 Seizure on the Cairo-Suez Road, El Saff Desert, on 21 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 14 March 1954. (4217)

- 1(a). Raw opium: 626 g
2. The frontier patrol on duty at Kilo 4/500 on the Cairo-Suez Road saw Ibrahim Abdel Rassoul Abed running in a suspicious manner and overtook and arrested him. On being searched, the above-mentioned opium, believed to be of Turkish origin, was discovered in the possession of the accused, who stated that he had found it.
3. The accused was tried by the High Criminal Frontiers Court and sentenced to life imprisonment and to a fine of £E.3,000 (\$8,616).

No.121 Seizure at Kantara on 8 November 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 14 March 1954. (4218)

- 1(a). Raw opium: 2.323 kg
2. While searching the passengers on the arrival of the Palestine train at Kantara, Customs officials arrested Mohd. Ebeid El Ratili on suspicion. When the accused was searched, he was found to have the above-mentioned opium, in four packets, tied around his legs by cloth binding under his stockings. The origin of the drug was suspected to be Turkey.
3. The case was tried by the High Criminal Court and the accused sentenced to life imprisonment and to a fine of £E.5,000 (\$14,360).

No.122 Seizure on the Western Bank of the Suez Canal on 22 April 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 1 April 1954. (4228)

- 1(a). Raw opium: 14.175 kg
2. The coastguardsman on duty at kilo 62 saw Farag Selim Salem swimming the Canal from east to west and arrested him when he emerged from the water. The accused had in his possession a water-skin containing eleven packets of opium, suspected to be of Turkish origin, which he stated he was carrying for an unnamed person for the sum of £E.10 (\$28.72) per oke (1.284 kg).
3. On 21 October 1953, Farag Selim Salem was sentenced to life imprisonment and to a fine of £E.3,000 (\$8,616).

(b) FEDERATION OF MALAYA

No.123 Seizures in February, November and December 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 10 March 1954. (4182)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of opium as follows:

- Raw opium: 238.631 kg
- A. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 31 December 1953.
 - 1(a). Raw opium: 4.914 kg
 2. A woman named Ang Hong Kiau was arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- B. Seizure at Kuala Kurau on 7 December 1953.
 - 1(a). Raw opium: 907 g
 3. Ong Hoi Pon was fined Straits dollars 600 (£198) in connexion with this seizure.

* See E/NS.1953/Summary-1, Case No.92

C. Seizure at Kuala Lumpur on 11 December 1953.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 2.381 kg
(Chandu: 45.360 kg)

2. For further details, see Case No.144B.

D. Seizure at Malacca on 17 December 1953.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 22.68 kg

2. Lim Wee Pin and Seow Boon Kai were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

E. Seizure at Penang on 8 February 1953.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 207.295 kg

2. The above-mentioned seizure was made at Bayan Lepas Airport. No arrests were made.

F. Seizure at Taiping on 14 December 1953.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 453.6 g
(Chandu dross: 302.4 g)
(Chandu: 59 g)

2. No information was available with regard to the above seizure.

No.124 Seizures in January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 5 April 1954. (4201)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of opium as follows:

Raw opium: 36 kg

A. Seizure at Banting on 5 January 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 453.6 g
(Chandu: 680.4 g)

2. For further details, see Case No.145B.

B. Seizure at Bukit Mertajam on 18 January 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 2.268 kg

2. Lim Ah Seng and Tan Loo Ean were arrested in connexion with the above seizure.

C. Seizure at Kuala Lumpur on 18 January 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 18.824 kg

3. Yap Yoon Ngean was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 5,000 (\$1,650) or to rigorous imprisonment for 12 months in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure. The fine was not paid.

D. Seizure at Malacca on 22 January 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 453.6 g

2. Tan Guan Huat was accused in connexion with this seizure but the case was later withdrawn.

E. Seizure at Sungei Bakap on 13 January 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 12.64 kg

2. Leong Chew Yuen, Leong Han Ming and Voon Chow Kee were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

F. Seizure on board the steamship *Lok Sang* on 6 January 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 1.361 kg

2. No information was available with regard to this seizure. The steamship *Lok Sang* had come from Calcutta.

No.125 Seizures during February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 26 April 1954. (4230)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of raw opium as follows:

Raw opium: 30,519 kg

A. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 24 February 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 12.701 kg

2. Teo Hoe Kong was arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure at the Customs Office.

B. Seizure at Kuantan on 18 February 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 108.9 g
(Chandu dross: 329.1 g)

2. For further details, see case No.146G.

C. Seizure at Malacca on 19 February 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 1.361 kg
(Chandu: 85.1 g)

2. A woman named Yeo Seck and Ho Thiam Tang were accused in connexion with this seizure.

D. Seizure at Malacca on 21 February 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 907.2 g

2. A woman named Low Say Noo and Koh Kay Lian were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

E. Seizure at Penang on 22 February 1954.

- 1(a). Raw opium: 15.441 kg
(Chandu: 669.1 g)

2. M. Samsak Ratanalai was arrested in connexion with this seizure.

(c) FRANCE

No.126 Seizure at Marseilles on 16 December 1953. Report No.75-53 communicated by the Government of France on 25 February 1954. (4176)

- 1(a). Raw opium: 2 kg

2. In the course of investigations by the Service of Frauds and Indirect Contributions in connexion with infractions of the alcohol laws, the above-mentioned opium, in two cakes, was discovered in a garage rented to Georges Louis Ayroulet.

The whereabouts of the accused had not been discovered but he was being actively sought.

No.127 Seizure at Sete on 30 October 1953. Report No.55-53 communicated by the Government of France on 3 March 1954. (4177)

- 1(a). Raw opium: 155 kg
(Heroin: 14.8 kg)
(Morphine base: 49 kg)

2. On receipt of an anonymous letter, Customs agents searched the steamship *Sainte-Hélène* (Cie de Navigation Daher) and the above-mentioned drugs, in ten jute bags, were found in a cofferdam* below the propeller shaft near the engines. The letter named Pierre Manero, steward's mate, Charles Martin Mattei, boatswain's mate, and Antoine Manca,** seaman, as being involved and

* A cofferdam is an empty watertight compartment.

** See E/NS.1951/Summary 1, Case No.23.

also said that Fernand Jean Peron, seaman, and Pierre Vincent Bolla, first mate, had put up the money for the purchase of the drugs.

Manca and Mattei, who had gone home to Marseilles, were questioned there and their homes searched, but without result. Both men were brought back to Sete and interrogated further. Manca finally confessed that he had helped to take the drugs aboard at Beirut with the assistance of Manero and Mattei; he stated that the former had organized the whole affair and that he and Mattei were only accomplices.

After questioning, Manero confessed that he was responsible and described the circumstances as follows:

On the day the *Sainte-Hélène* left Marseilles for the Middle East a person whom he did not know came aboard to see him. He asked Manero to "convoy" a large consignment of "hot goods" (200 kg) for him; Manero was to take the goods on at Beirut and conceal them on the ship until it reached Marseilles. In view of the price offered (3,000 francs (US\$8.57) per kg), Manero agreed. Two or three days after the ship left port, realizing that he would not be able to handle the job alone, he decided to ask Mattei and Peron to help him, and offered them a share in the profits. Both men agreed; but before the ship called at Beirut, Peron fell ill. Peron had previously pointed out the cofferdam to Manero as an ideal hiding place. As Peron would be unable to help them at Beirut, Manero asked Manca to replace him and the latter agreed.

On Sunday, 20 September 1953, about a half-hour after the ship's arrival, a Lebanese came to see Manero in his storeroom and told him that the goods he was expecting would be delivered by motor boat during the night. Later Manero noticed that the Lebanese police were exercising special vigilance, and presumed that the job would not be carried out. He told his accomplices so.

At about 3 a.m. that night, however, he was awakened by a Lebanese who told him that the motor boat was ready to make the delivery. According to Manero, the Lebanese who woke him was not the one who had contacted him in the morning. He roused his accomplices and at 3.15 a.m. all three went up on deck; almost immediately the motor boat drew alongside. With the help of Mattei he took aboard the ten bags, using a rope and hook. The bags were temporarily taken to the storeroom; from the storeroom they were carried down through the escape hatch into the shaft tunnel near the engine-room. There they were received by Mattei, who handed them to Manca in the cofferdam.

Manero said that the Lebanese who came to see him in the morning told him some of the bags would bear distinctive marks as an aid in delivering

them in Marseilles; he also said that someone would contact Manero aboard at Marseilles to give him all the necessary instructions for delivery, which might be made in two parts. Mattei and Manca confirmed Manero's statement in all particulars.

In addition, Manca said it was he who opened the door of the cofferdam with a spanner which he obtained from the engine-room when Manero woke him at 3 a.m. They could give no information as to the destination of the drugs in Marseilles. Manero, Mattei and Manca all stated that Bolla was not involved in this particular affair. Nevertheless, in view of the charge against him in the anonymous letter, Bolla was questioned. He admitted that he was aware of the drug-trafficking activities regularly carried on by Manca and Peron and that he had been informed by the engineer of the secret loading operations carried out during the night of the ship's call at Beirut. After questioning he had been informed by Manca that a large quantity of drugs had been loaded at Beirut.

Because of his own former smuggling activities, Bolla could not take the necessary action against the persons involved. On the contrary, he reassured the engineer by telling him that his information was incorrect and that the investigation he had carried out had established that there was nothing wrong on board. Bolla said he told the captain, who had been struck by the unusual activity while the ship lay at Beirut, the same thing.

It was later found that Manca, Manero and Mattei had been surprised by the ship's electrician while they were loading the bags on deck. He immediately reported what he had seen to his officer. But at the time the entire crew was questioned neither the electrician nor the officer voluntarily came forward with the information in their possession. The electrician said that he felt he had done his duty by informing his chief; the engineer considered his task when he informed the first mate.

Bolla admitted that he had engaged in cigarette smuggling and had had dealings in that connexion with a junk-man. This man, who had still not been identified on account of the vague description supplied, allegedly asked Bolla at the beginning of 1952 to obtain some drugs for him, telling him that he was a "taker".

In January 1952 Bolla made contact at Beirut with an individual whom he said he met in a bar off the Place des Canons. This person agreed to supply the drugs desired and even gave him credit for the first delivery which was to be made on board the ship. The price agreed between them was 30,000 francs (\$85.71) per kg of opium.

On this occasion, according to Bolla, he received a first delivery of 14 kg of opium. He hid the 14 packages under some ropes and canvas in a locker

on the upper starboard bridge, where they remained until the ship reached Marseilles.

The junk-man came to see him after the customs inspection, and paid him 45,000 francs (\$128.57) per kg or a total of 630,000 francs (\$1,799.91). He came back an hour later to take delivery.

Bolla admitted importing opium into France a second time through the same intermediary, on his next voyage, in April 1953. This time the consignment was 4 kg, which he again resold to the same junk-man on the *Sainte-Hélène's* arrival at Marseilles. The goods were hidden aboard ship by Manca, who confessed to this in one of his statements.

The drugs were of Lebanese origin. Four of the bags were marked with a red cross and one with a red and a blue cross.

(d) HONG KONG

No.128 Seizure at Hong Kong on 13 November 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 1 March 1953. (4150)

1(a). Raw opium: 1.021 kg

2. Wong Sin Hing was arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.129 Seizure at Hong Kong on 13 November 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 7 April 1954. (4211)

1(a). Raw opium: 28.349 kg

2. Chan Kau Fong and Chan Sze Chu were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.130 Seizure at Hong Kong on 29 December 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 7 April 1954. (4214)

1(a). Raw opium: 831.2 g

2. The following persons were arrested in connexion with the above seizure: Chan Yuk Yan, Ng Yee, Chan Cheung Hing, Chan Kwong Chiu, Kwong Hon and Cheng Shui. No information was available regarding the origin of the drug.

(e) IRAQ

No.131 Seizure at Faisaliyah, Diwaniyah Liwa, on 12 January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Iraq on 3 April 1954. (4210)

1(a). Raw opium: 31.4 kg

2. Jassim Mohammed* was arrested in possession of 20.2 kg of opium which he stated he had purchased for 65 dinars (\$182) from an unidentified person for the purpose of sale.

On information received, police searched the house of Khadmiyah Hassan and found a bag containing 11.2 kg opium which Hassan said had been

given to her for safe-keeping. She stated that she was not aware of the contents of the bag until the odour betrayed it, whereupon she informed her husband, Athab Mohammed, and described the person who had deposited the bag with her, later identified as Hamid Mossa. Athab Mohammed confirmed his wife's story but it was categorically denied by Mossa.

It was established that the four accused were partners in the illicit traffic. The origin of the drug was unknown.

3. While awaiting the verdict of the court, the defendants were fined for breach of the Customs code as follows: Jassim Mohammed and Khadmiyah Hassan 2 dinars (\$5.60) each, and Athab Mohammed and Hamid Mossa 3 dinars (\$8.40) each.

(f) ISRAEL

No.132 Seizure at Haifa on 16 February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Israel on 21 March 1954. (4196)

1(a). Raw Opium: 4.89 kg

2. Yosef Akiva Zur-Magen, assisted by David Cohen, went to the Port Custom House to clear a box of foodstuff sent by Daoud Daoudi Mirza Mahmoud Rafi from Teheran on the steamship *Aksou* coming from Turkey. Inspection revealed the above-mentioned opium, in light brown sticks of pencil-thickness, wrapped in brown paper and hidden between the double walls of the box. Zur-Magen denied all knowledge of the drug, the origin of which was believed to be Iraq.

Action Zur-Magen was also implicated in the above seizure.

No.133 Seizure at Jaffa on 11 January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Israel on 3 March 1954. (4173)

1(a). Raw opium: 1.14 kg

2. Musslah Saleh Kaskiya, Eliahu Ezra Yaacob and Moshe Ezra Salameh were arrested when Kaskiya was found to be carrying the above-mentioned drug in his jacket pocket. The opium was believed to have come from Turkey; it had been smuggled into Israel from Jordan.

(g) JAPAN

No.134 Seizures during the third quarter of 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Japan on 11 March 1954. (4185)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of raw opium as follows:

Raw opium: 248.2 g

A. Seizure at Akita on 7 August 1953.

1(a). Raw opium: 240 g

2. A post card picked up in a train led, after investigation, to the arrest of Tokuyoshi Abo and

* See E/NS.1953/Summary 2, Case No. 172C.

Misa Meguro. The drug had been hidden by the latter in her parents' home; she stated that it had been in her possession for twenty years and that she was attempting to sell it in conspiracy with Abo.

B. Seizure at Tokyo on 18 August 1953.

1(a). Raw opium: 8.2 g

2. A search of the house of Tei Kyo Ko* *alias* Sadao Hayashi, a Korean narcotic addict, resulted in the above-mentioned seizure.

(h) TUNISIA

No.200a Seizure at Tunis on 21 January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of France on 10 March 1954. (4180)

1(a). Raw opium: 250 g

("Takrouri": 20 kg)

2. For further details, see Case No.200.

(i) TURKEY

No.135 Seizure at Agri Caddesi, Reyhanli district, on 30 August 1953. Report No.1 communicated by the Government of Turkey. (4166)

1(a). Raw opium: 1.97 kg

2. Arif Gelge and Salih Kiliç were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.206a Seizure at Pamukova on 7 August 1953. Report No.112 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 19 February 1954. (4135)

1(a). Raw opium: 93 g

(Cannabis: 4.44 kg)

2. For further details, see Case No.206.

(j) UNITED KINGDOM

No.136 Seizure at Avonmouth, Bristol, on 24 February 1954. Report No.309 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 8 April 1954. (4216)

1(a). Raw opium: 3.64 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium, the character of which suggested Iranian origin and which was believed to have been obtained in Kuwait, was found on the British steamship *Serbistan* coming from Basra, Kuwait, Bahrein, Muscat, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Tangier and Antwerp.

The drug, in eight packets wrapped in newspaper, on one of which was written the name "A.M.Khan", was found in a sack buried in the cargo of bulk grain which was being carried in the hold adjacent to the native crews' quarters. Every effort was made to trace the owner, but without success.

No.137 Seizure at Ellesmere Port, Manchester, on 13 December 1953. Report No.301 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 9 March 1954. (4178)

* See E/NS.1951/Summary 1, Case No. 85P.

1(a). Raw opium: 4.337 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium, suspected to have been obtained in San Lorenzo, Venezuela, was found in a drum on the boat-deck of the Dutch motor vessel *Chama*, coming from Curaçao and San Lorenzo. Every effort was made to trace the owner of the drug, but without success.

No.138 Seizure at Ellesmere Fort, Manchester, on 3 February 1954. Report No.307 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 March 1954. (4191)

1(a). Raw opium: 2.8 kg

2. Law Ah Keng, Chinese fireman on the British motor vessel *Chama*, was seen coming from the berth in which the motor vessel *Sepia* was lying; he appeared to be carrying something beneath his raincoat and was stopped by a sergeant of police. When searched, the accused was found to be in possession of the above-mentioned opium which he stated he had bought in Liverpool for £30 (\$84). It was not possible to verify this statement and it was thought that the drug was obtained from the *Sepia* which had come from Curaçao, Santos, Mediterranean ports, Istanbul, Trinidad and Ardrossan.

3. Law Ah Keng, charged with being in unauthorised possession of opium, was found guilty and fined £25 (\$70) and £5.5.0. (\$14.70) costs. The fine was paid.

No.139 Seizure at London on 24 December 1953. Report No.302 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 5 March 1954. (4172)

1(a). Raw opium: 4.536 kg

2. Tam Yong Dun, Chinese ship's carpenter on the British steamship *Muristan*, was stopped for questioning by a police officer in Millwall Dock and, when searched, was found to be in possession of the above-mentioned opium in ten 1 lb. packets. On the way to the Customs impounding station for further questioning, Dun broke away and jumped, fully clad, into the dock but was rescued after a struggle.

The accused stated that he had bought the drug in Aden for Rs.20 (\$4.40) and had hoped to sell it on shore. Despite prolonged interrogation, no information was obtained about his smuggling technique or his associates in the drug traffic.

The itinerary of the *Muristan*, was Basra, Harta Point, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Barcelona and Gibraltar.

3. On 1 January 1954, Dun pleaded guilty to a charge of fraudulently attempting to evade the Customs duty on the opium and was fined £80 (\$224); the fine was paid. A charge of unauthorised possession of the drug was not separately dealt with.

(k) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No.140 Seizure at Boston, Massachusetts, on 15 January 1954. Report No.1331 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 2 March 1954. (4161)

1(a). Raw opium: 1.823 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium was found when Customs agents searched the British steamship *City of Khartoum*. The drug, ownership of which could not be established, was believed to be of Indian origin.

No.218a Seizure at El Paso, Texas, on 9 January 1954. Report No.1327 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4157)

1(a). Raw opium: 3.9 g
("Marihuana": 6,917 kg)
(Heroin: 10.7 g)

2. For further details, see Case No.218B.

No.141 Seizure at Laredo, Texas, on 20 January 1954. Report No.1334 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 21 April 1954. (4223)

1(a). Raw opium: 481.9 g

2. Customs agents arrested Jose Gutierrez Banuelos and seized the above-mentioned Mexican opium.

No.142 Seizure at New Orleans, Louisiana, on 20 November 1953. Report No.1322 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4152)

1(a). Raw opium: 850 g

2. The above-mentioned gum opium, believed to be of Indian origin, was seized from Mohammed Ebrahim,* donkeyman on the steamship *Manipur*.

No.143 Seizure at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on 11 March 1954. Report No.1337 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 21 April 1954. (4226)

1(a). Raw opium: 7.7 g

2. The above-mentioned opium was found during a routine search of the United States steamship *Santa Paula*. The drug was believed to be of Iranian origin.

2. Prepared Opium

(a) FEDERATION OF MALAYA

No.144 Seizures in November and December 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 10 March 1954. (4182)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of prepared opium as follows:

Chandu: 51.484 kg
Chandu dross: 495.2 g

A. Seizure at Kota Bharu on 1 December 1953.

1(a). Chandu: 1.361 kg

3. Wan Laila bin Wan Mamat was fined Straits dollars 3,000 (\$990) in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure. The fine was paid by instalments; Straits dollars 1,000 (\$330) down and the remainder in monthly instalments of Straits dollars 500 (\$165).

B. Seizure at Kuala Lumpur on 11 December 1953

1(a). Chandu: 45.360 kg
(Raw opium: 2,381 kg)

3. Long Loon was sentenced to imprisonment for three years in connexion with this seizure.

C. Seizure at Kuala Trengganu on 27 November 1953.

1(a). Chandu: 1.435 kg

3. Tay Bock Lian was sentenced to imprisonment for one year or to a fine of Straits dollars 5,000 (\$1,650) in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

D. Seizure at Sitiawan on 3 December 1953.

1(a). Chandu: 3.175 kg

2. Ling Ee Hiong and Wong Ee Moh were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

E. Seizure at Taiping on 2 December 1953.

1(a). Chandu: 93 g
Chandu dross: 115.3 g

2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

F. Seizure at Taiping on 2 December 1953.

1(a). Chandu: 1.5 g
Chandu dross: 77.5 g

2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

G. Seizure at Taiping on 14 December 1953.

1(a). Chandu: 59 g
Chandu dross: 302.4 g
(Raw opium: 453.6 g)

2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

No.145 Seizures during December 1953 and January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 5 April 1954. (4201)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of prepared opium as follows:

Chandu: 8.222 kg
Chandu dross: 151.2 g

* See E/NS. 1949/Summary 6, Case No. 773.

- A. Seizure at Bangi Village on 21 December 1953.
1(a). Chandu: 41.6 g
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.
- B. Seizure at Banting on 5 January 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 680.4 g
(Raw opium: 453.6 g)
3. In connexion with the above seizure Lim How Boon was fined a total of Straits dollars 2,500 (\$825); the fines were paid.
- C. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 21 January 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 20.4 g
3. On 30 January 1954, Yap Ah Whye was sentenced to fines totalling Straits dollars 800 (\$264) or to imprisonment for nine months, the fines to be paid within ten days of the date of the sentence.
- D. Seizure at Kuala Kedah on 22 January 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 1.031 kg
2. Tan Im Long was arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.
- E. Seizure at Matang on 9 January 1954.
1(a). Chandu dross: 151.2 g
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.
- F. Seizure at Penang on 3 January 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 2.911 kg
3. Ooi Yim was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 3,000 (\$990) or to imprisonment for 12 months in connexion with this seizure. The fine was not paid.
- G. Seizure at Rantau Panjang on 16 December 1953.
1(a). Chandu: 1.361 kg
3. In connexion with this seizure Soh Peng Kee was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 1,000 (\$330) or to imprisonment for six months.
- H. Seizure at Sitiawan on 9 January 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 1.905 kg
2. Ding Ee Moi, Ding Tieng Cheng and Ngo Ah Cheong were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.
- I. Seizure at Sungei Rengit on 4 January 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 272.2 g
3. In connexion with this seizure You Ang Kee was sentenced to fines totalling Straits dollars 700 (\$231) or to imprisonment for 8 months; the fines were not paid.
- No.146 Seizures in October 1953 and February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 26 April 1954. (4230)
This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of prepared opium as follows:
Chandu: 4.454 kg
Chandu dross: 621 g
- A. Seizure at Alor Gajah on 6 October 1953.
1(a). Chandu: 116.8 g
3. Eng Seng Hai was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 250 (\$82.50) in connexion with this seizure. The fine was paid.
- B. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 12 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 7.6 g
3. In connexion with this seizure, which was made at the Customs inward gate, Keng Tong Hin was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 200 (\$66) or, in default, to imprisonment for two months. The fine was not paid.
- C. Seizure at Johore Bahru on 22 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 28 g
2. A woman named Heng Ah Lak was arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- D. Seizure at Kampar on 10 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 128.5 g
Chandu dross: 26.5 g
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.
- E. Seizure at Kedah on 10 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 764.3 g
2. Lim Ah Teow was arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- F. Seizure at Kuala Lumpur on 20 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 2.268 kg
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.
- G. Seizure at Kuantan on 18 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu dross: 329.1 g
(Raw opium: 108.9 g)
3. Lim Peng Kim, a woman, was fined a total of Straits dollars 200 (\$66) in connexion with this seizure.
- H. Seizure at Kuantan on 18 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 31 g
Chandu dross: 226.8 g
3. Cheong Wye was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 200 (\$66) in connexion with this seizure.
- I. Seizure at Malacca on 18 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 198.5 g
Chandu dross: 0.8 g
2. A woman named Koh Siew Eng was arrested in connexion with this seizure.
- J. Seizure at Malacca on 19 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 85.1 g
(Raw opium: 1.361 kg)
2. For further details, see Case No.125C.
- K. Seizure at Penang on 22 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 669.1 g
(Raw opium: 15.441 kg)
2. For further details, see Case No.125E.
- L. Seizure at Port Weld on 25 February 1954.
1(a). Chandu: 138 g
2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.
- M. Seizure on 9 February 1954. (Place not specified)
1(a). Chandu: 18.9 g
Chandu dross: 37.8 g

2. No information was available with regard to this seizure.

(b) HONG KONG

No.147 Seizure at Hong Kong on 10 December 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 7 April 1954. (4212)

- 1(a). Prepared opium: 491.4 g
Opium residue: 793.8 g
(Opium water: 85 oz.)

2. Fung Wing was arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.148 Seizure at Hong Kong on 19 December 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 7 April 1954. (4213)

- 1(a). Prepared opium: 907.2 g
3. Chow Wai, Chinese, was fined HK\$50 (\$8.66)

in connexion with the above seizure.

(c) JAPAN

No.149 Seizure at Fukuoka on 20 July 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Japan on 11 March 1954. (4185)

- 1(a). Smoking opium: 2 g
Opium powder: 3 g

2. On information received, Kuei Chang Shih, Chinese crew member of the vessel *Chih Pei*, was arrested in his hotel when the above-mentioned drugs were found in his briefcase. The origin of the opium was unknown.

(d) MAURITIUS

No.150 Seizure at Port Louis on 8 January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 26 April 1954. (4232)

- 1(a). Prepared opium: 25 g
Opium dross: 5 g

2. When the police raided the house of Robert Ah Pin,* the above-mentioned opium was found in a trap in the attic.

(e) NORTH BORNEO

No.151 Seizure at Tawau on 25 October 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 5 April 1954. (4200)

- 1(a). Chandu: 75.6 g

3. Chak Mee Yen, stevedore, was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two years in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure. The origin of the drug was Thailand.

(f) UNITED KINGDOM

No.152 Seizure at Glasgow on 22 January 1954. Report No.306 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 22 March 1954. (4190)

- 1(a). Prepared opium: 161.4 g

Opium dross: 9.7 g

2. Customs officers carrying out a routine rummage aboard the British steamship *Patroclus* found the above-mentioned opium as well as a set of scales, a mixing bowl, pipe cleaners and an opium pipe; these were traced to the ownership of Cheong Wong and Tim Chow, two Chinese ship's firemen.

3. The accused were found guilty and sentenced as follows: Cheong Wong, fined £25 (\$70) or in default, imprisonment for three months; Tim Chow, fined £15 (\$42) or in default, imprisonment for 60 days. Both fines were paid.

No.153 Seizure at Liverpool on 20 and 22 January 1954. Report No.303 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 4 March 1954. (4171)

- 1(a). Prepared opium: 9.072 kg

2. The above-mentioned opium was found in empty beer cases in the cargo refrigerating room of the British steamship *Armanistan*, coming from Port Said, Aden, Muscat, Bahrein, Damman, Menal-Ahmadi, Kuwait, Harta Point, Basra, Khorramsharh, Ras Tanura, Aden and Tangier.

The drug was in 1-lb. packets; efforts to trace the owner were unsuccessful.

(g) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No.154 Seizure at San Luis, Arizona, on 21 January 1954. Report No.1328 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 2 March 1954. (4158)

- 1(a). Smoking opium: 1.361 kg

2. When Jose David Castellano, a suspected narcotic violator, entered the United States by automobile from Mexico, he was followed and seen to pick up one Isidor C. Cruz. The Immigration patrol officers and customs agent who were following, attempted to apprehend the automobile; during the chase Castellano threw a paper sack from the car which was later found to contain six cans containing the above-mentioned opium. Shortly thereafter the car failed to make a turn and was wrecked.

3. Morphine

(a) FRANCE

No.127a Seizure at Sète on 30 October 1953. Report No.55-53 communicated by the Government of

France on 3 March 1954. (4177)

- 1(a). Morphine base: 49 kg
(Raw opium: 155 kg)
(Heroin: 14.8 kg)

2. For further details, see Case No.127.

* See E/NS. 1953/Summary 5, Case No. 660B.

(b) JAPAN

No.155 Seizures during the third quarter of 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Japan on 11 March 1954. (4185)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of morphine as follows:

Morphine hydrochloride: 728.5 g

Morphine hydrochloride solution: 1,594 cc

A. Seizure at Hokkaido on 12 September 1953.

1(a). Morphine hydrochloride: 3.4 g

2. On information received, the above-mentioned morphine was seized in the office of Mitsuo Yamagi, veterinarian, who was subsequently arrested.

B. Seizure at Osaka on 24 July 1953.

1(a). Morphine hydrochloride: 5.9 g

Morphine hydrochloride solution: 1,594 cc

2. On information received that Takeshi Sugiyama, M.D., was administering narcotic injections to addicts, a search of his premises was made which resulted in the seizure of 1,579 1-cc ampoules of morphine hydrochloride solution. The accused stated that he had obtained his supply from Seiji Nobata and a search of the latter's residence led to the discovery of 1.2 g of morphine hydrochloride.

Nobata said he had purchased 90 g of the drug from Tohru Monobe, M.D., for Yen 236,000 (\$655.61) and was making ampoules in his kitchen. Monobe had obtained the drug from Tomohide Nampo, M.D., who confessed to having requisitioned it while assigned as an army surgeon during the second world war.

C. Seizure at Tokyo on 31 July 1953.

1(a). Morphine hydrochloride: 719.2 g

2. On information received, an undercover narcotic agent arranged to buy drugs from Hiroshi Hashimoto and Kyoko Hashizawa. The two accused were arrested at the pre-arranged meeting place and the above-mentioned drugs found on them and in the home of Kyoko Hashizawa. The origin of the morphine was Teheran, Iran.

(c) TURKEY

No.156 Seizure at Uskudar on 8 September 1953. Report No.2409 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 19 February 1953. (4132)

1(a). Morphine base: 3.55 g

2. Halil Kuyucak and Suleyman Mete were arrested in connexion with the seizure of the above-mentioned morphine. The drug, of Turkish origin, was in two parcels wrapped in coarse cloth.

4. Heroin

(a) CANADA

No.157 Seizure at Calgary, Alberta, on 28 December 1953. Report No.4/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 17 March 1954. (4186)

1(a). Heroin: 189 capsules

2. The Royal Canadian Mounted Police were informed that Preston and Janet Harper were behaving in a peculiar manner at a local motel. Their cabin was entered and a search effected which resulted in the seizure of the above-mentioned capsules and addict paraphernalia.

3. Each of the accused was sentenced, on 11 January 1954, to two years in the penitentiary and to a fine of Can.\$1,000 (\$1,028).

No.158 Seizure at Calgary, Alberta, on 21 January and 9 February 1954. Report No.14/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4209)

1(a). Heroin: 12 capsules

2. According to information received, Terrance P. Morris had taken over the distribution of narcotics after the arrest of Harper;* when he was searched two capsules of heroin were found in his possession. Whilst on remand the accused voluntarily revealed the hiding place of a further 10 capsules.

* See Case No. 157.

3. On 10 February 1954, Morris was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to a fine of Can.\$500 (\$517.50).

No.159 Seizure at Montreal, Quebec, on 5 January 1954. Report No.5/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 17 March 1954. (4187)

1(a). Heroin: 12 capsules

2. On information received, Aline Collins, known addict and peddler, was arrested in a restaurant in possession of the above-mentioned heroin capsules.

3. The accused, who had three previous convictions for narcotic offences, was sentenced to imprisonment for three months and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$205.60) on 15 January 1954.

No.160 Seizure at Toronto, Ontario, on 19 May 1953. Report No.7/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4202)

1(a). Heroin: 222 capsules

2. Information was received that Edward Dobrosky, tailor, was engaged in the illicit traffic and that his sales might amount to as much as 100 capsules per day. The accused was kept under observation and seen to make several deliveries to his "street connexion". He was arrested when he was caught in a traffic jam with the police car

right behind him. Twenty-five capsules were found in a container in the car and the remainder of the seizure at his home.

3. On 22 February 1954, Dobrosky was sentenced to a fine of Can.\$500 (\$517.50) and to imprisonment for three years.

No.161 Seizure at Toronto, Ontario, on 5 July 1953. Report No.8/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4203)

1(a). Heroin: 404 capsules

2. On information received that two men had been seen digging in an alley off a city street, Royal Canadian Mounted Police went to the place described and found the above-mentioned heroin, of unknown origin, in a cache. Observation was kept on the place and later the same day Victor Chernick* and Jack Isenberg** drove up in a car and went directly to the cache. Both the accused were arrested.

3. On 8 March 1954, Chernick was sentenced to a fine of Can.\$500 (\$517.50) and to imprisonment for six years, and Isenberg to a fine of Can.\$500 and to imprisonment for four years.

No.162 Seizure at Toronto, Ontario, on 30 December 1953. Report No.12/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4207)

1(a). Heroin: 7 capsules

2. On information received that Frank Wm. Wade, barber, was a distributor of narcotics, he was stopped and searched and the above-mentioned heroin of unknown origin found in his possession.

3. On 12 January 1954, the accused was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$205.60).

No.163 Seizure at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 20 October 1953. Report No.13/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4208)

1(a). Heroin: 5 capsules

2. Nick Prokopchuk was present when police conducted a house search and it was noticed that he took a close interest in a pile of clothes lying on a chair; the above-mentioned heroin was later found in the clothes. The accused admitted ownership and exonerated the owners of the house.

3. On 2 March 1954, Prokopchuk was sentenced to imprisonment for five years and to a fine of Can.\$500 (\$517.50).

No.164 Seizure at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 7 December 1953. Report No.10/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4205)

1(a). Heroin: 10 capsules

2. Royal Canadian Mounted Police learned that Harry Priddle and Albert Martin were maintaining caches of narcotics at different points, and succeeded in locating two of them, each of which contained five capsules of heroin. Watch was kept at both places and when the two accused removed one of the caches they were followed and arrested. Both men had narcotic and criminal records.

3. On 10 March 1954, Priddle was sentenced to imprisonment for four years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$205.60), and Martin to imprisonment for three years and to a fine of Can.\$200.

No.165 Seizure at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 8 January 1954. Report No.6/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 17 March 1954. (4188)

1(a). Heroin: 21 capsules

2. James Lamond and Joseph Berg* were under observation as known addicts and peddlers of drugs. Lamond had put a "cache" in a vacant lot and two officers of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police kept watch on it. Some hours later the two accused approached and were arrested; they were taken to Lamond's car, where three female addicts were waiting to make purchases.

3. On 11 January 1954, the accused were sentenced as follows: Lamond to a penitentiary for five years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$205.60); Berg to a penitentiary for seven years and to a fine of Can.\$200.

No.166 Seizure at Vancouver, British Columbia, on 15 and 29 January 1954. Report No.9/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4204)

1(a). Heroin: 12 capsules

2. Ralph and Murray Speckley were living in the attic of their mother's home when it was investigated by Royal Canadian Mounted Police. The police were impressed by the mother's evasive answers and, on leaving her apartment, seized Ralph Speckley in the hall; a struggle ensued in which Murray Speckley joined. A search of the room occupied by the accused revealed the presence of two known female addicts and addict paraphernalia. The accused were arrested and released on bail.

Whilst on bail they took up residence at another address and began to distribute to other addicts;

* See E/NS.1948/Summary 2, Case No. 576 and E/NS. 1951/Summary 5, Case No. 791.

** See E/NS.1948/Summary 2, Case No. 576.

* See E/NS.1949/Summary 5, Case No. 670 and E/NS. 1952/Summary 2, Case No. 206.

for purposes of distribution a cache was maintained in an alleyway. The police treated the cache with florescent powder and when ready to make the arrests forced entry to the suite occupied by the brothers; narcotics from the cache were found there.

3. On 2 February 1954, each of the accused was sentenced to a fine of Can.\$100 (\$103.50) and to imprisonment for five years on each of two counts, the sentences to run concurrently.

(b) FRANCE

No.127b Seizure at Sète on 30 October 1953. Report No.55-53 communicated by the Government of France on 3 March 1954. (4177)

1(a). Heroin: 14.8 kg

(Raw opium: 155 kg)

(Morphine base: 49 kg)

2. For further details, see Case No.127.

(c) HONG KONG

No.167 Seizure at Aplichau on 19 November 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 1 March 1954. (4151)

1(a). Heroin pills: 552

2. Ping Liu was arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure and the following persons were implicated: Fuk Ng, Yick Yuen, Yau Fat Leung, Keung Lai, Sing Yui Leung, Chuen Yip and Chuen Ho.

3. Penalties were imposed as follows: keeping of a heroin divan, HK\$3,000 (\$519.30) or imprisonment for twelve months; possession of heroin pipes, HK\$1,000 (\$173.10) or imprisonment for two months; possession of heroin pills, HK\$1,000 or imprisonment for three months; smoking heroin, HK\$100 (\$17.31) or imprisonment for fourteen days.

(d) JAPAN

No.168 Seizures during the third quarter of 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Japan on 11 March 1954. (4185)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of heroin as follows:

Heroin: 8.468 kg

A. Seizure at Chiba on 17 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 0.6 g

2. A search of the residence of Tatsu Jun Cho *alias* Tatsujun Tamagawa, Korean, resulted in the seizure of the above-mentioned heroin which was hidden between the pages of a magazine. The accused stated that he had obtained the drug from an unidentified Korean national.

B. Seizure at Fukuoka on 12 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 10 g

2. The above-mentioned heroin was found when

the residence of a Korean named Gaku Ryu Rhee *alias* Gakuryu Aoki was searched. Rhee stated that he had bought the drug from a Chinese national in Osaka for Yen 25,000 (\$69.45) and intended to re-sell it.

C. Seizure at Fukuoka on 31 July 1953.

1(a) Heroin: 4 g

2. A search of the residence of Hideo Sakata resulted in the above-mentioned seizure. The accused was arrested.

D. Seizure at Hokkaido on 18 September 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 3.8 g

2. The above-mentioned drug was discovered in an empty cocoa tin in the living room of Ayako Kubo. The accused stated that she had bought it from an unidentified Korean national to sell to some addicts.

E. Seizure at Hyogo on 2 March 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 710 g

2. During a search of the British vessel *Hangyang* a customs agent noticed Hiroyuki Uenishi loitering suspiciously at the exit of the central deck. The agent searched Uenishi and confiscated the above-mentioned heroin which was hidden in his clothes. The accused stated that he had obtained the drug from an unidentified Chinese crew member.

F. Seizure at Hyogo on 8 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 0.6 g

2. The above-mentioned drug was concealed beneath a board of the staircase in the home of Chin Shan Tung, Chinese. The origin of the drug was unknown.

G. Seizure at Hyogo on 22 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 0.2 g

2. When the home of Chu Sung Li, Chinese, was searched, the above-mentioned heroin was discovered inside a calendar on the wall. The accused had been arrested previously and was on probation at the time of his arrest.

H. Seizure at Kanagawa on 2 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 1 g

2. A search of the residence of Terue Morishita resulted in the above-mentioned seizure.

I. Seizure at Kanagawa on 10 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 6.460 kg

2. Tang Shih Pao *alias* Noriko Ogawa and Hiroshi Takada were stopped by a customs agent when leaving a pier and the latter was asked to open the suitcase he was carrying. Neither person admitted having a key and, leaving the suitcase behind, they went off saying they would fetch it. They returned soon after and attempted to bribe the agent with Yen 100,000 (\$277.80); the bribe was refused. The suitcase was later taken to the baggage inspection section and found to contain the above-mentioned heroin in 14 white vinyl bags.

Later the same day both accused were arrested; they stated that at the request of Masayoshi

Watanabe they had obtained the heroin from a Chinese crew member of the British vessel *Pakhoi*. When questioned, Watanabe said he had been asked to get the drugs on shore by Chien Cheng Ou who, in turn, implicated an unidentified Chinese crew member of the *Pakhoi*, who had transported the drug from Hong Kong.

The four persons implicated were assistants of a narcotic smuggler working between Hong Kong and Japan; attempts to arrest the principal were unsuccessful. Each of the assistants carried a piece of cardboard on the original of which a curve was drawn diagonally, for identification among themselves.

J. Seizure at Kanagawa on 13 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 0.9 g

2. While under observation Jung Yuan Chang, a Chinese narcotic addict, was seen to hide something behind a wallboard of a cooperative kitchen; the object was retrieved and found to contain the above-mentioned heroin.

K. Seizure at Kanagawa on 3 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 548.7 g

2. On information received, a narcotic agent working undercover made an appointment to purchase drugs from Ken Chih Chiu. Chiu kept the appointment accompanied by a woman named Wei Wang, who was under investigation on a charge of selling narcotics. When an agent spoke to her, Wei Wang threw away a parcel she was carrying which was later found to contain the above-mentioned heroin. Both the accused were arrested.

L. Seizure at Kanagawa on 8 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 10.8 g

2. A search of the residence of Yen Sung Hung, Chinese, resulted in the seizure of the above-mentioned heroin in a bush in his back yard. The origin of the drug was unknown.

The accused had been arrested for illegal possession of heroin in 1952 and sentenced to hard labour for one year and to four years' probation.

M. Seizure at Osaka on 13 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 2.1 g

2. On information received, the home of Tien Ho Huang, Chinese, was searched and the above-mentioned heroin found in a window-frame.

N. Seizure at Osaka on 29 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 2.9 g

(Codeine phosphate: 6 g)

2. For further details, see Case No.225B.

O. Seizure at Osaka on 5 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 4.7 g

2. A narcotic agent followed Chun Lin Lai, a typical narcotic addict, and when searched he was found to be in possession of the above-mentioned heroin in a cigarette package.

P. Seizure at Osaka on 28 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 24.2 g

2. While observing a building reported to be frequented by narcotic sellers, narcotic agents saw Jirokichi Nakamura leave the building in a suspicious manner; he was followed and the above-mentioned heroin discovered in his coat pocket.

Q. Seizure at Saitama on 15 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 0.3 g

2. A police agent calling on Tei Kyoku Rhee *alias* Masako Tanaka, for an interview, saw her in the act of injecting a stimulant. She was arrested and searched and the above-mentioned heroin was discovered in her wallet. The origin of the drug was unknown.

R. Seizure at Shizuoka on 11 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 10.1 g

2. On information received that Sei Sai Kin and So Ko Rhee, Koreans, were illegally selling narcotics, their residence was searched and the above-mentioned drug found in two small cans.

S. Seizure at Shizuoka on 26 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 0.2 g

2. A police officer searched Hisa Matsushima and the above-mentioned heroin of unknown origin, was concealed in the bottom of her handbag.

T. Seizure at Tokyo on 7 May 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 450 g

2. Narcotics agents learned that Wu Chih Pan *alias* Keitaro Yamamoto, Chinese, was selling narcotics in the metropolitan area; investigation revealed that he was keeping his stock at the home of Fumiko Tanaka. When Pan was seen to leave the house with a parcel, he was arrested and the parcel was found to contain 207 g of heroin. Pan stated that he had obtained the drug from Yen Sheng Wu *alias* Tetsu Shu Rin, who was later arrested. When questioned Wu admitted that he had established an export-import trading company together with Shang Wen Hsu *alias* Oyama, and some others to smuggle narcotics from Hong Kong in exchange for bearings and band saws. A further 243 g of heroin was found in the residence of a friend of Wu.

U. Seizure at Tokyo on 30 June 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 6 g

2. When narcotics agents went to the home of Akira Matsuhisa, a known narcotics seller, to conduct a search, he was seen in the act of selling some heroin to a security forces serviceman. When he saw the agents, Matsuhisa put a packet of heroin in his mouth. He was immediately arrested. Shinji Kobayashi, who was in Matsuhisa's house at the time, attempted to conceal some heroin in the kitchen but was unsuccessful; he too was arrested. Further heroin was discovered between quilts in a closet.

V. Seizure at Yamagata on 1 July 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 1.6 g

2. On information received that Ichiko Iyama

alias Ketty, and Masa Takahashi *alias* Ohmasa, prostitutes, were illegally selling narcotics to security forces personnel, their apartment was searched and over 1 g of heroin seized. On interrogation, the accused stated that another prostitute living in the same house was also violating narcotic laws; her apartment was searched and 0.1 g of heroin seized from the pocket of a U.S. serviceman who was there at the time. The latter was turned over to the security forces provost marshal's office. The drug was said to have been purchased from unidentified Korean nationals.

W. There were 181 other seizures.

1(a). Heroin: 56 g

2. Included among those arrested in the above-mentioned cases were Chinese and Korean nationals. A number of the accused had been arrested in connexion with previous offences.

(e) MEXICO

No.198a Seizure at Ciudad Juárez on 7 February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 2 March 1954. (4174)

1(a). Heroin: 2.3 g

("Marihuana": 45 g)

2. For further details, see Case No.198.

(f) TUNISIA

No.169 Seizure at Tunis on 28 January 1954. Report No.4-54 communicated by the Government of France on 10 March 1954. (4183)

1(a). Heroin: 3 g

2. Tahar ben Hamouda el Ghaoui *alias* Tahar ben Hamouda el Karoui was arrested while selling packets of heroin near the Sidi-Abdesselem gate. In his trouser pocket were found seven packets made with the paper of a school exercise book. Tahar said he had been in the traffic for a month and that he sold the drugs for the account of a certain Amar, whom it had not been possible to identify.

The product seized was a mixture of heroin and a reducing sugar.

The accused had been sentenced in 1939 to imprisonment for 13 months and local banishment for five years in connexion with a previous conviction for the use and possession of narcotics.

No.170 Seizure at Tunis on 19 February 1954. Report No.6-54 communicated by the Government of France on 5 April 1954. (4219)

1(a). Heroin: 500 g

2. On information received, Jean Victor Vigne, ship's steward, was followed after the arrival of the steamship *Charles Plumier* from Marseilles and Bizerta. Arrested after passing the railings surrounding the port, he was found to be in posses-

sion of five cellophane-wrapped packets each containing 100 g heroin, measuring 16.5 cm x 11 cm and closed with staples. The accused admitted that the heroin, which had been given him at Marseilles by a certain Honore, was intended for a Tunisian purchaser whom it had not been possible to identify. He also admitted having made a delivery between 3 and 5 February 1954; this delivery was said to have been refused by the Tunisian purchaser as it was of poor quality.

Analysis revealed that the seized drug, the origin of which was Marseilles, was a mixture of heroin and a reducing sugar.

Enquiries were continuing at Marseilles with a view to identifying the suppliers.

No.171 Seizure at Tunis on 8 March 1954. Report No.5-54 communicated by the Government of France on 24 March 1954. (4197)

1(a). Heroin: 100 g

2. Alfred Ferra, Italian, was arrested in possession of the above-mentioned heroin. He stated that the drug had been given him by Armand Jean Talaia to deliver to a purchaser and that he had already made several deliveries for Talaia.

The seized heroin, the origin of which was unknown, was mixed with a reducing sugar.

(g) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No.172 Seizure at Hoboken, New Jersey, on 8 and 20 January 1954. Report No.1324 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4154)

1(a). Heroin: 598 g

2. On 8 January 1954, a narcotic agent purchased some heroin from Sam Liguori. Arrangements were made for a second purchase and, on 20 January, Mario Joseph Avola delivered the consignment to Liguori's residence for sale to the agent; both the accused were arrested on this occasion. Dominick Pilotti, involved in the first sale, was also arrested.

The heroin was believed to be of French origin.

No.173 Seizure at Jersey City, New Jersey, on 2 February 1954. Report No.1338 communicated by the Government of the United States on 21 April 1954. (4227)

1(a). Heroin: 585.8 g

2. Amondo S. Lumantes was arrested when leaving the pier in possession of the above-mentioned heroin; he stated that there was more of the drug on board the United States steamship *American President Arthur*. The origin of manufacture was Singapore.

No.174 Seizure at Laredo, Texas, on 6 February 1954. Report No.1334 communicated by the Govern-

ment of the United States of America on 21 April 1954. (4223)

1(a). Heroin: 30.2 g

2. Customs inspectors arrested Sylvester Beane and Willie Wormely and seized the above-mentioned heroin from Mexico.

No.175 Seizure at San Antonio and Eagle Pass, Texas, between October 1953 and January 1954. Report No.1326 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4156)

1(a). Heroin: 298.6 g

2. On 28 October 1953, at San Antonio, Texas, Francisco Medina Tovilas sold to a narcotic agent a sample of heroin which his associate, Matias Jimenez Benavides, had for sale. On 12 December 1953, at Eagle Pass, Texas, the agent made a purchase from Nasario Jimenez Benavides, who had been introduced by Matias Jimenez Benavides. A further purchase was made on 6 January 1954 and the three men were arrested.

The heroin was of Mexican origin.

No.176 Seizure at San Antonio, Texas, on 8 January 1954. Report No.1325 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4155)

1(a). Heroin: 59.1 g

2. Dolores Rodriguez was arrested after the seizure of the above-mentioned heroin of Mexican origin. It was learned that the accused was making delivery of the drug for Guadalupe Rocha Villarreal,* who was awaiting her return at Piedras Negras, Coahuila, Mexico.

No.177 Seizures in November and December 1953. Report No.1328 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 2 March 1954. (4158)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of heroin as follows:

Heroin: 27.1 g

A. Seizure at San Ysidro, California, on 23 November 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 26.9 g

2. When Mary Elizabeth Hernandez, a pedestrian from Mexico, was searched by a customs officer, the above-mentioned heroin was found in a container in her possession.

B. Seizure at San Ysidro, California, on 24 December 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 0.2 g

2. The above-mentioned heroin was found in the possession of Joe Mendez when he arrived in the United States from Mexico.

No.178 Seizures in August 1953 and January 1954. Report No.1332 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 2 March 1954. (4162)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of heroin as follows:

Heroin: 277.3 g

A. Seizure at San Francisco, California, on 8 and 12 August 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 99.7 g

2. Benny San Felipe made two sales of heroin to a narcotic agent working undercover. After the latter sale he was arrested and his room searched and further heroin found. The origin of the drug was believed to be the mainland of China *via* Hong Kong.

B. Seizure at San Francisco, California, on 8 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 83 g

2. Junius Fox was arrested by Customs agents in possession of the above-mentioned heroin. The accused admitted having smuggled the drug into the United States aboard the steamship *President Wilson*. The origin of the heroin was believed to be the mainland of China *via* Hong Kong.

C. Seizure at San Francisco, California, on 30 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 94.6 g

2. Cyril McBurnie and Littleton H. Russell were arrested by Customs agents for having smuggled the above-mentioned heroin into the United States aboard the steamship *President Cleveland*. The origin of the drug was believed to be the mainland of China *via* Hong Kong.

No.179 Seizures in December 1953 and January 1954. Report No.1329 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 2 March 1954. (4159)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of heroin as follows:

Heroin: 162 g

A. Seizure at Calexico, California, on 13 December 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 141.8 g

2. Ernest Hernandez-Guerrero and Angelina Galindo-Miranda were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure. The drug was of Mexican origin.

B. Seizure at San Ysidro, California, on 9 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 20.2 g

("Marihuana" cigarettes: 2)

2. When Philip A. Hunt and Sarah Lou Hunt crossed the border from Mexico they appeared to be under the influence of narcotics. They were searched and the above-mentioned drugs, of Mexican origin, were found on Sarah Lou Hunt.

* See E/NS.1953/Summary 2, Case No. 291.

No.180 Seizures between 17 October 1953 and 5 April 1954. Report No.1333 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 21 April 1954. (4222)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of heroin as follows:

Heroin: 2,353 kg

A. Seizure at San Francisco, California, on 17 October and 17 December 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 868.4 g

2. The above-mentioned heroin, from the mainland of China *via* Hong Kong, was purchased from Pon Wei by narcotic agents on two different occasions. The accused was arrested on 5 April 1954.

B. Seizure at San Francisco, California, on 11 November 1953.

1(a). Heroin: 430.8 g

2. A narcotic agent purchased the above-mentioned heroin from Chan Chun. The drug had come from the mainland of China *via* Hong Kong. The accused was arrested on 5 April 1954.

C. Seizure at San Francisco, California, on 22 January and 5 April 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 680.4 g

2. On 22 January an undercover agent purchased 453.6 g of heroin from Chan Him; the remainder was found on the accused when he was arrested on 5 April 1954. The heroin was from the mainland of China *via* Hong Kong.

D. Seizure at San Francisco, California, on 29 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 373 g

2. The above-mentioned heroin, from the mainland of China *via* Hong Kong, was purchased by an undercover narcotic agent from Hoo Ah Sai. The accused was arrested on 5 April 1954.

No.181 Seizures in January 1954. Report No.1330 communicated by the Government of the United

States of America on 2 March 1954. (4160)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of heroin as follows:

Heroin: 67.9 g

A. Seizure at San Ysidro, California, on 15 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 54.8 g

2. George Lazaro Camarillo and Geneva Pineda were searched as suspected narcotic addicts when they crossed the border from Mexico. The above-mentioned heroin, of Mexican origin, was found in their possession.

B. Seizure at San Ysidro, California, on 19 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 13.1 g

2. When Robert Charles McGinty and Richard Dean Edwards crossed the border from Mexico they were searched and the above-mentioned heroin was found in their possession.

No.182 Seizures in January 1954. Report No.1327 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4157)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of heroin as follows:

Heroin: 259.7 g

A. Seizure at El Paso, Texas, on 9 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 10.7 g

("Marihuana": 6.917 kg)

(Raw opium: 3.9 g)

2. For further details, see Case No.218B.

B. Seizure at Houston, Texas, on 12 January 1954.

1(a). Heroin: 149 g

2. Alma Mouton, Terrell Caradine and Henrietta McCarty were arrested in possession of the above-mentioned heroin, which they had smuggled from Mexico.

5. Cocaine

(a) FRANCE

No.183 Seizure at Marseilles on 11 December 1953. Report No.77-53 communicated by the Government of France on 17 March 1954. (4192)

1(a). Cocaine: 1.5 g

2. Joë Hoan Thung, a Dutchman who said he had come from Hamburg, was found in possession of

the above-mentioned pure cocaine of unknown origin. The accused, who was without visible means of support at the time of questioning, said the drug had been given to him by a doctor from the Netherlands Indies who had advised him to take it either orally or by sniffing, as a treatment for insomnia.

6. Cannabis

(a) ALGERIA

No.184 Seizure at Constantine on 10 February 1954. Report No.8-54 communicated by the Government of France on 28 April 1954. (4233)

1(a). "Indian hemp": 7.100 kg

2. Abdelmadjid ben Ali Siaf and Jules Spiga *alias* Amor, were arrested in connexion with the

seizure of the above-mentioned locally-grown drug.

3. On 12 February 1954, the accused were sentenced as follows: Siaf to imprisonment for six months and to a fine of 50,000 francs (\$142.85); Spiga to imprisonment for four months and to a fine of 50,000 francs.

No.185 Seizure at Vialar on 11 December 1953. Report No.76-53 communicated by the Government of France on 10 March 1954. (4179)

1(a). "Kif": 44 kg

2. When Abdallah ben Mohamed ben Moussa was arrested in possession of the major part of the above-mentioned drug, he stated that he had purchased it for 400 francs (\$1.14) per kg from Zekraoui Abderrahman ben Mohamed and was to sell it at Blida. It was also disclosed that Abdallah had recently sold 17 kg at Oran which he had purchased from Hammadouche Mohamed ben Ahmed *alias* Abderrahman. The remainder of the drug was seized in the home of the latter.

(b) CYPRUS

No.186 Seizure at Limassol on 1 October 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 31 March 1954. (4199)

1(a). "Hashish": 11.1 g

Raw "Indian hemp": 1.5 g

2. When Haritos Ioannou Kattides and Halide Mentesh, mason and housewife, were searched in connexion with a theft of money, the above-mentioned drugs, of unknown origin, were found in a suitcase belonging to them.

3. On 27 January 1954, Kattides was fined £3 (\$8.40) and bound over for two years in the sum of £15 (\$42) to keep the peace and be of good behaviour. On 1 December 1953, Mentesh was bound over for two years in the sum of £10 (\$28) to come up for judgment if and when called upon.

(c) EGYPT

No.187 Seizure at Suez Coastguards Outpost No.21 on 18 August 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Egypt on 31 March 1954. (4229)

1(a). "Hashish": 2.475 kg

2. Abdel Aziz Mohd. Ali, crew member of the fishing boat No.232, was arrested in possession of the above-mentioned "hashish", in eight turbas, which were concealed under his clothing. The origin of the drug was suspected to be Syria or Lebanon.

3. On 15 March 1953, the accused was sentenced to life imprisonment and to a fine of £E3,000 (\$8,616).

(d) FEDERATION OF MALAYA

No.188 Seizures during February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 26 April 1954. (4230)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Indian hemp": 5.817 kg

A. Seizure at Penang on 12 February 1954.

1(a). "Indian hemp": 2.717 kg

2. Hamid b Abtadi and P. Tingginehe were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure which was made on board the motor vessel *Nuburi* coming from Sigli, Sumatra.

3. Hamid b Abtadi was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 1,000 (\$330), or in default, to imprisonment for six months; P. Tingginehe was sentenced to a fine of Straits dollars 500 (\$165) or, in default, to imprisonment for three months. The fines were not paid.

B. Seizure at Penang Harbour on 12 February 1954.

1(a). "Indian hemp": 1.512 kg

2. The above-mentioned drug was thrown from the motor vessel *Nuburi*.

C. Seizure at Penang on 21 February 1954.

1(a). "Indian hemp": 1.588 kg

2. P. Abdullah and a woman named I. Neila were arrested in connexion with this seizure.

(e) FRANCE

No.189 Seizure at Saarbrucken (Saar) and Forbach on 22 January 1954. Report No.3-54 communicated by the Government of France on 10 March 1954. (4181)

1(a). "Indian hemp": 500 g

2. Mafoud Zenmouri was arrested in Saarbrucken when he was disposing of some "Indian hemp". The Judicial police, on information received from the International Criminal Police Commission, identified and arrested his supplier, Arezki Meghenem, at Forbach. The latter said he got the drug from Essaïd Laifaoui, who grew it in his garden.

(f) GERMANY

No.190 Seizure at Mannheim on 22 January 1954. Report No.1/54 communicated by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany on 29 March 1954. (4194)

1(a). "Marihuana": 530 g

2. Laid Guettouche, French seaman, was arrested in possession of 500 g of "marihuana". He stated that he had taken the drug for his colleague and friend Mohamed Benghedab when he saw the latter under arrest. A further 30 g was found in the possession of Benghedab. Both men were found to have been trafficking in large quantities of the drug, the origin of which had not been established.

No.191 Seizure at Stuttgart on 14 December 1953. Report No.2/54 communicated by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany on 29 March 1954. (4193)

1(a). "Marihuana": 100 g

2. Mohamed ben Lahcehne, a Moroccan mechanic, was arrested after he had sold some "marihuana" to an American soldier; he still had 100 g in his possession. The accused stated that he had

purchased the drug from a Greek in the streets of Nancy, France, and smuggled it into Germany by car.

Momo Soumah, a French artist, also sold the drug to a member of the Occupation Forces; he had purchased some marihuana cigarettes from Lahcehne.

3. On 26 January 1954, Lahcehne was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and four months. The proceedings against Soumah had not yet been completed.

(g) ISRAEL

No.192 Seizure at Kfar Ara on 25 January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Israel on 21 March 1954. (4195)

1(a). "Hashish": 8.515 kg

2. On information received, Rasheed Tewfik Badra, Dawas Hassan E-dayef and Hamad Ahmed E-dayef were arrested whilst selling the above-mentioned drug, which was believed to have been smuggled into Israel from Jordan.

The "hashish" consisted of 30 slabs in white linen sacks and was marked with two lions facing each other.

(h) JAPAN

No.193 Seizures during the third quarter of 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Japan on 11 March 1954. (4185)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

Dried "marihuana": 40 g

"Marihuana" cigarettes: 12

A. Seizure at Hokkaido on 28 September 1953.

1(a). Dried "marihuana": 40 g

"Marihuana" cigarettes: 10

2. On information received, narcotic agents searched the home of Ran Sho Sen, Korean, and found the above-mentioned drugs under his bed and in a cupboard. The accused stated that the drug grew wild and that he had collected it himself.

B. Seizure at Hokkaido on 28 September 1953.

1(a). "Marihuana" cigarettes: 2

2. The above-mentioned cigarettes were found in the residence of Kimiko Ikeno, waitress. Efforts to determine the origin of the drug were unsuccessful.

(i) MAURITIUS

No.194 Seizures in December 1953. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 31 March 1954. (4198)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Gandia" leaves: 26.5 g

A. Seizure at Port Louis on 8 December 1953.

1(a). "Gandia" leaves: 1.5 g

2. Issa Lolltah *alias* Sadoo was arrested in possession of the above-mentioned locally-grown drug.

B. Seizure at Port Louis on 17 December 1953.

1(a). "Gandia" leaves: 25 g

2. Abdool Hakim *alias* Jackie, was arrested when his house was searched and the above-mentioned locally-grown "gandia" leaves were found under a table.

No.195 Seizures in January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 26 April 1954. (4232)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Gandia": 0.5 g

Dry "gandia" leaves: 250 g

A. Seizure at Fanfaron on 26 January 1954.

1(a). "Gandia": 0.5 g

2. The above-mentioned locally-grown "gandia" was found on Ramdath Ramtohl when he was arrested.

B. Seizure at Rose Hill on 27 January 1954.

1(a). Dry "gandia" leaves: 250 g

2. When the police searched the house of Mood Mamode the above-mentioned drug of local origin was found in the kitchen and in the cellar. Latifia Peerbaccusm and Amode Mamode were also implicated.

(j) MEXICO

No.196 Seizure at Barranca del Opispo, Jiménez del Teúl on 17 February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 9 March 1954. (4184)

1(a). "Marihuana": 46.88 g

2. J. Santos Contreras Ramos, farmer, was arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.197 Seizure at Ciudad Juárez on 2 February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 2 March 1954. (4175)

1(a). "Marihuana": 3 kg

2. Helidoro Joya Guzman was arrested for possession of the above-mentioned drug. The accused was liable, under article 194 of the Federal Penal Code, to a term of imprisonment of from one to 10 years and to a fine of from 100 to 10,000 pesos (\$11.56 to \$1,156).

No.198 Seizure at Ciudad Juárez on 7 February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 2 March 1954. (4174)

1(a). "Marihuana": 45 g

(Heroin: 2.3 g)

2. The following persons were arrested in con-

nexion with the above-mentioned seizure: Vicente Molina Robledo, Jesus Cota Noriega, Manuel Sanchez Peti, Ignacio Martell Gonzalez and Fernando Chavez Marrufo.

No.199 Seizure at Ciudad Juárez on 17 February 1954. Report communicated by the Government of Mexico on 16 March 1954. (4189)

1(a). "Marihuana": 12.2 kg

2. The above-mentioned drug was found in the engine of a disused automobile belonging to Adrian Cavazos Rodriguez. The accused was arrested.

(k) TUNISIA

No.200 Seizure at Tunis on 21 January 1954. Report communicated by the Government of France on 10 March 1954. (4180)

1(a). "Takrouri": 20 kg
(Raw opium: 250 g)

2. Hamda ben Hadj Ali ben Adad was in Tunis to dispose of five opium cakes and 16 kg of "takrouri" leaves which he was keeping in his hotel room. The drugs had been delivered to him by Mohamed ben Hamouda ben Ahmed Zeouga and a search of the latter's home disclosed a further 4 kg of "takrouri" leaves. Both the accused were arrested.

(l) TURKEY

No.201 Seizure at Adana on 19 August 1953. Report No.2165/3335 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 19 February 1954. (4136)

1(a). Cannabis: 1.1 kg

2. Irfan Esentürk, Ummuhan Esentürk and Mehmet Sanli Meral were arrested in connexion with the seizure of the above-mentioned drug which was found in a cloth bag and in a matchbox.

No.202 Seizure at Arap Camisi, Galata, on 5 August 1953. Report No.348 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 19 February 1954. (4134)

1(a). Cannabis: 1.33 kg

2. Faika Karateke and Mustafa Çakırlar were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.203 Seizure at Basmane, Merkez district, on 14 December 1953. Report No.9073 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 28 February 1954. (4167)

1(a). Cannabis: 3.025 kg

2. Recep Özkirimli and Ibrahim Kinar were arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.204 Seizure at Basmane, Merkez district, on 6 January 1954. Report No.1 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 28 February 1954. (4165)

1(a). Cannabis: 1.023 kg

2. Ali Kurultay, a previously convicted trafficker in narcotics, was arrested in connexion with the above-mentioned seizure.

No.205 Seizure at Gaziantep on 12 January 1954. Report No.37 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 28 February 1954. (4163)

1(a). Cannabis: 2 kg

2. The above-mentioned drug, of unknown origin, was found when Hayri Zorkol was searched on the train going from Antep to Iskenderun. The drug was in powdered form and wrapped in a cloth sack.

No.206 Seizure at Pamukova on 7 August 1953. Report No.112 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 19 February 1954. (4135)

1(a). Cannabis: 4.44 kg
(Raw opium: 93 g)

2. Ali Bünsür was arrested for the sale of the above-mentioned drugs.

No.207 Seizure at Papatya village, Yenisehir, on 23 November 1953. Report No.11445 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 28 February 1954. (4164)

1(a). Cannabis: 9.075 g

2. Mustafa Mestan, labourer, confessed that the above-mentioned drug was in his house when he was arrested for another smuggling offence.

No.208 Seizure at Salihli on 15 September 1953. Report No.4386 communicated by the Government of Turkey on 19 February 1954. (4137)

1(a). Cannabis: 5.2 kg

2. On information received, Huseyin Ergul was arrested in possession of the above-mentioned drug which was wrapped in paper and concealed in rubber shoes.

(m) UNITED KINGDOM

No.209 Seizure at Avonmouth, Bristol, on 19 February 1954. Report No.308 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 8 April 1954. (4215)

1(a). "Indian hemp": 567 g

2. The above-mentioned drug was hidden behind the stove in the seamen's gallery of the steamship *Salween* coming from Rangoon, Port Said, Port Sudan, Aden, Colombo, Rangoon, Akyab and Suez. Every effort was made to trace the owner but without success; the origin of the drug was unknown.

No.210 Seizure at Alexandra Dock, Liverpool, on 28 February 1954. Report No.312 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 29 April 1954. (4235)

1(a). "Indian hemp": 1.361 kg

2. The above-mentioned "Indian hemp", of unknown origin, was found under the bottom drawer in the berth of the 7th engineer on the British steamship *Yoma*, coming from Rangoon, Aden and Port Sudan.

No.211 Seizure at Huskisson Dock, Liverpool, on 26 February 1954. Report No.311 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 29 April 1954. (4234)

1(a). "Indian hemp": 999.3 g

2. When Customs officers searched the British steamship *Salween*, coming from Rangoon, Port Said, Aden and Avonmouth, "Indian hemp", of unknown origin, was concealed in the following places: in the ventilator on the after deck, under the port side winch on after deck, under the port side fairlead aft and under timber on the poop deck.

Every effort was made to trace the owners but without success; there was no evidence that the drug was intended for sale in the country.

No.212 Seizure at Liverpool on 3 February 1954. Report No.304 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 4 March 1954. (4170)

1(a). "Indian hemp": 1.361 kg

2. The above-mentioned drug was found on the steamship *Robert L. Holt* coming from Matadi, Port Harcourt, Lagos, Takoradi, Dakar, Port Guntill, Pointe Noire, Luanda and Lobito. The drug was in three paper packets in the firemen's quarters on steam pipes over the tunnel escape; in a pair of dungarees outside the engineer's office; and in the firemen's change room. It was thought that the drug may have been purchased in Luanda, Portuguese Angola.

No.213 Seizure at Plymouth on 21 February 1954. Report No.310 communicated by the Government of the United Kingdom on 26 April 1954. (4231)

1(a). "Indian hemp": 18.5 g

2. An officer of the Plymouth City police was informed that a coloured seaman was attempting to sell "marihuana" cigarettes to Pakistani civilians in Plymouth, and as a result Thomas Williams, West African fireman on the British steamship *Nordic Queen*, was interviewed. He was found to be in possession of 24 cigarettes and among his property on the ship was a tin containing a herbal mixture. The accused told the police that the cigarettes contained tobacco and herbs which he had obtained from a chemist for the treatment of asthma; analysis showed, however, that the cigarettes contained 10 g of "Indian hemp" and the tin 8.5 g of the same drug, the origin of which was unknown.

The *Nordic Queen* is engaged solely on English coastal services.

3. On 11 March 1954 the accused was charged with unlawful possession contrary to Regulation 3 of the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1953; he pleaded guilty and was sentenced to imprisonment for six months.

(n) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No.214 Seizure at El Paso, Texas, on 29 January 1954. Report No.1330 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 2 March 1954. (4160)

1(a). "Marihuana": 18.597 kg

2. Roberto Garcia Ramirez and Martin Miguel Hernandez were arrested after making delivery of the above-mentioned drug to an undercover Customs agent. The accused admitted having smuggled the drug into the United States from Mexico.

No.215 Seizure at Miami, Florida, on 2 December 1953. Report No.1323 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4153)

1(a). "Marihuana": 723 g

2. When arrested in possession of the above-mentioned drug, Cesar Moses Vanderhorst admitted having obtained it in Santa Marta, Colombia, and having smuggled it into the United States aboard the Panamanian motor vessel *Las Vegas*.

No.216 Seizures in December 1953. Report No.1325 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4155)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Marihuana": 67.245 kg

A. Seizure at Riveros Crossing near Laredo, Texas, on 17 December 1953.

1(a). "Marihuana": 63.503 kg

2. Customs agents saw several men wading the Rio Grande from Mexico. When ordered to halt, the men dropped three metal foot-lockers containing the above-mentioned drug and escaped to Mexico.

B. Seizure at Brownsville, Texas, on 22 December 1953.

1(a). "Marihuana": 3.742 kg

2. George Hoffman, John Edward Sanford, Madeline Durden and Joann Owens were arrested in possession of the above-mentioned drug of Mexican origin.

No.217 Seizures in December 1953 and January 1954. Report No.1329 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 2 March 1954. (4159)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Marihuana": 26.803 kg

"Marihuana" cigarettes: 2

A. Seizure at Calexico, California, on 20 December 1953.

1(a). "Marihuana": 26.803 kg

2. The above-mentioned drug was concealed in the automobile in which Ruben Amaya-Adriana entered the United States from Mexico.

B. Seizure at San Ysidro, California, on 9 January 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana" cigarettes: 2

(Heroin: 20.2 g)

2. For further details, see Case No.179B.

No.218 Seizures in January 1954. Report No.1327 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 1 March 1954. (4157)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Marihuana": 32.772 kg

A. Seizure at Del Rio, Texas, on 4 January 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 25.855 kg

2. Immigration patrol inspectors saw two men crossing the Rio Grande from Mexico a mile and a half south of the International Bridge at Del Rio. When challenged, the men dropped the three parcels they were carrying and escaped to Mexico; the parcels contained the above-mentioned drug, prepared for smoking.

B. Seizure at El Paso, Texas, on 9 January 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 6.917 kg

(Heroin: 10.7 g)

(Raw opium: 3.9 g)

2. Raul Perez Gonzalez and Bardomiano Hernandez Hernandez were arrested when they made delivery of the above-mentioned drugs to an undercover customs agent. The men admitted smuggling the drugs from Mexico.

No.219 Seizures during January and February 1954. Report No.1334 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 21 April 1954. (4223)

This report gives, among others, the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Marihuana": 39.370 kg

A. Seizure at Hope, Arkansas, on 1 February 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 8.750 kg

2. Customs agents arrested James Eldridge and Louise Ellison and seized the above-mentioned drug, which had come from Mexico.

B. Seizure at Hebbronville, Texas, on 12 January 1954.

1(a). Prepared "marihuana": 24.040 kg

2. Immigration inspectors, while checking traffic, arrested Rodolfo Rodriguez and Ruben Rodriguez* in possession of the above-mentioned Mexican "marihuana".

C. Seizure at Laredo, Texas, on 4 February 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 6.580 kg

2. Jesus Victorino Garcia was arrested by a customs agent and the above-mentioned "marihuana" seized. The origin of the drug was Mexico.

No.220 Seizures during February 1954. Report No.1335 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 21 April 1954. (4224)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Marihuana": 70.423 kg

A. Seizure at Sunnyside, Long Island, New York, on 12 February 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 37.648 kg

2. Customs agents arrested Stanley Halprin and seized the above-mentioned "marihuana" which had come from Mexico.

B. Seizure at Brownsville, Texas, on 8 February 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 2.268 kg

2. Customs agents arrested Julio Sanchez Alvarez at Ft. Brown and seized the above-mentioned Mexican "marihuana".

C. Seizure at Brownsville, Texas, on 24 February 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 4.196 kg

2. Victor Martinez and Alfredo Valdez Lopez were arrested and the above-mentioned drug, of Mexican origin, was seized.

D. Seizure near Hidalgo, Texas, on 11 February 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 20.868 kg

2. The above-mentioned Mexican "marihuana" was seized when Roberto Garza-Salazar and Martin Amaro Hernandez were arrested.

E. Seizure at Progreso, Texas, on 27 February 1954.

1(a). "Marihuana": 5.443 kg

2. Customs agents arrested Luis Quirarte-Huerta and seized the above-mentioned "marihuana". The drug had been brought from Mexico.

No.221 Seizures in March 1954. Report No.1336 communicated by the Government of the United States of America on 21 April 1954. (4225)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of cannabis as follows:

"Marihuana": 13.522 kg

A. Seizure at Birmingham, Alabama, on 8 March 1954.

* See E/NS.1953/Summary 2, Case No.209C.

- 1(a). "Marihuana": 7.172 kg
 2. The above-mentioned "marihuana", of Mexican origin, was seized when James Walker and Onesto Ramirez were arrested.
 B. Seizure at Del Rio, Texas, on 7 March 1954.

- 1(a). Crude "marihuana": 6.350 kg
 2. Immigration patrol inspectors arrested Pete John Salazar and John Montero Olvera and seized the above-mentioned "marihuana", which had been brought from Mexico.

7. Synthetic Drugs

8. Miscellaneous

(a) CANADA

No.222 Seizure at Toronto, Ontario, on 6 January 1954. Report No.11/54 communicated by the Government of Canada on 30 March 1954. (4206)

- 1(a). Addict paraphernalia
 2. A druggist advised the police that two men had purchased an eye dropper and a hypodermic needle and that he had seen them enter a nearby hotel. The police entered the hotel and Frank Sauer,* salesman, was arrested in possession of addict paraphernalia which, on analysis, showed traces of heroin.

3. On 17 January 1954, Sauer was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to a fine of Can.\$200 (\$205.60).

(b) COLOMBIA

No.223 Seizure at Bogotá (date not indicated). Report communicated by the Government of Colombia on 16 February 1954. (4169)

- 1(a). Extract of coca: 250 cc
 2. A bottled product without labels, which appeared to be elixir of paragoric, and the above-mentioned liquid extract of coca, were seized at the Droguería Alianza when it was learned that there were certain irregularities in the trade in narcotic drugs. The owner of the drug-store was Evelio Botero Gaviria.

No.224 Seizure at Bogotá (date not indicated). Report communicated by the Government of Colombia on 16 February 1954. (4169)

- 1(a). Dover's powder: 21 g
 Codeine syrup: 195 cc

Tincture of cannabis: 105 cc

Liquid extract of cannabis: 110 cc

2. The above-mentioned drugs were seized at the Droguería Continental when it was learned that there were certain irregularities in the trade in narcotic drugs. The owner of the drug-store was Octavio Adaime.

(c) JAPAN

No.225 Seizures during the third quarter of 1953. Report communicated by the Government of Japan on 11 March 1954. (4185)

This report gives the following seizures involving a total quantity of miscellaneous drugs as follows:

Codeine phosphate: 6 g

Papaver somniferum: 729 berries

A. Seizure at Gumma on 12 June 1953.

- 1(a). Papaver somniferum: 729 berries
 2. Police officers and narcotic agents seized poppies densely planted on approximately 16 square metres of land owned by Ki Sen Rhee *alias* Shizue Miyamoto. The above-mentioned ripe berries were confiscated, but an attempt to discover raw opium was unsuccessful. More than two hundred of the berries had cuts made by a sharp instrument, indicating an attempt to collect raw opium.

B. Seizure at Osaka on 29 July 1953.

- 1(a). Codeine phosphate: 6 g
 (Heroin: 2.9 g)

2. When the police raided a hotel in which stimulants were allegedly being sold, the above-mentioned drugs were found in the possession of To Kan Hai *alias* Yasumasa Takemoto.

* See E/NS.1950/Summary 6, Case No. 639.

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				10 December 1953	9
				19 December 1953	9
				29 December 1953	5
FEDERATION OF MALAYA					
Alor Gajah	6 October 1953	8	IRAQ		
Batang	5 January 1954	8	Faisaliyah	12 January 1954	5
Bengi village	21 December 1953	8			
Bukit Mertajam	18 January 1954	3	ISRAEL		
Johore Bahru	31 December 1953	2	Haifa	16 February 1954	5
	21 January 1954	8	Jaffa	11 January 1954	5
	12 February 1954	8	Kfar Ara	25 January 1954	18
	22 February 1954	8			
	24 February 1954	3	JAPAN		
Kampar	10 February 1954	8	Akita	7 August 1953	5
Kedah	10 February 1954	8	Chiba	17 August 1953	12
Kota Bharu	1 December 1953	7	Gumma	12 June 1953	22
Kuala Kedah	22 January 1954	8	Fukuoka	12 July 1953	12
Kuala Kurau	7 December 1953	2		20 July 1953	9
Kuala Lumpur	11 December 1953	7		31 July 1953	12
	18 January 1954	3	Hokkaido	12 September 1953	10
	20 February 1954	8		18 September 1953	12
Kuala Trengganu	27 November 1953	7		28 September 1953	18
Kuantan	18 February 1954	8	Hyogo	2 March 1953	12
Malacca	17 December 1953	3		8 July 1953	12
	22 January 1954	3		22 July 1953	12
	18 February 1954	8	Kanagawa	2 July 1953	12
	19 February 1954	3		10 July 1953	12
	21 February 1954	3		13 July 1953	13
Matang	9 January 1954	8			

Locality	Date	Page	Locality	Date	Page
JAPAN			Ellesmere Port,		
Kanagawa (continued)	3 August 1953	13	Manchester	13 December 1953 . . .	6
	8 August 1953	13	Glasgow	3 February 1954	6
Osaka	13 July 1953	13	Liverpool	22 January 1954	9
	24 July 1953	10		20 January 1954	9
	29 July 1953	22		22 January 1954	9
	5 August 1953	13		3 February 1954	20
	28 August 1953	13		26 February 1954	20
Saitama	15 July 1953	13	London	28 February 1954	19
Shizuoka	11 August 1953	13	Plymouth	24 December 1953 . . .	6
	26 August 1953	13		21 February 1954	20
Tokyo	7 May 1953	13	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		
	30 June 1953	13	Alabama - Birmingham	8 March 1954	21
	31 July 1953	10	Arizona - San Luis	21 January 1954	9
	18 August 1953	6	Arkansas - Hope	1 February 1954	21
Yamagata	1 July 1953	13	California - Calexico	13 December 1953 . . .	15
MAURITIUS				20 December 1953 . . .	20
Fanfaron	26 January 1954	18	San Francisco	8/12 August 1953	15
Port Louis	8 December 1953	18		17 October 1953	16
	17 December 1953	18		11 November 1953	16
	8 January 1954	9		17 December 1953	16
Rose Hill	27 January 1954	18		8 January 1954	15
MEXICO				22 January 1954	16
Barranca del Opispo,				29 January 1954	16
Jiménez del Teúl	17 February 1954	18		30 January 1954	15
Ciudad Juárez	2 February 1954	18		5 April 1954	16
	7 February 1954	18		23 November 1953	15
	17 February 1954	19	San Ysidro	24 December 1953	15
NORTH BORNEO				9 January 1954	15
Tawau	25 October 1953	9		15 January 1954	16
TUNISIA				19 January 1954	16
Tunis	21 January 1954	19	Florida - Miami	2 December 1953	20
	28 January 1954	14	Louisiana - New Orleans	20 November 1953	7
	19 February 1954	14	Massachusetts - Boston	15 January 1954	7
	8 March 1954	14	New Jersey - Hoboken	8 and 20 January 1954 . .	14
TURKEY			Jersey City	2 February 1954	14
Adana	19 August 1953	19	New York - Sunnyside, L.I.	12 February 1954	21
Agri Caddesi	30 August 1953	6	Pennsylvania - Philadelphia	11 March 1954	7
Arap Camisi, Galata	5 August 1953	19	Texas - Brownsville	22 December 1953	20
Basmane	14 December 1953	19		8 February 1954	21
	6 January 1954	19		24 February 1954	21
Gaziantep	12 January 1954	19	Del Rio	4 January 1954	20
Pamukova	7 August 1953	19		7 March 1954	22
Papatya	23 November 1953	19	Eagle Pass	12 December 1953	15
Salihli	15 September 1953	19		6 January 1954	15
Semirkent district	27 October 1953	2	El Paso	9 January 1954	21
Uskudar	8 September 1953	10		29 January 1954	20
UNITED KINGDOM			Hebbronville	12 January 1954	21
Avonmouth, Bristol	19 February 1954	19	Hidalgo	11 February 1954	21
	24 February 1954	6	Houston	12 January 1954	16
			Laredo	17 December 1953	20
				20 January 1954	7
				4 February 1954	21
				6 February 1954	14
			Progreso	27 February 1954	21
			San Antonio	28 October 1953	15
				8 January 1954	15

III - LIST OF SHIPS IMPLICATED

<i>Name</i>	<i>Nationality</i>	<i>Owner or Charterer</i>	<i>Times previously reported</i>	<i>Page</i>
American President Arthur	United States	Not stated	-	14
Armanistan	British	Strick Line Ltd.	-	9
Chama	Dutch	The Shell Tankers Ltd.	2	6
Charles Plumier	Not Stated	Not Stated	1	14
City of Khartoum	British	Not Stated	-	7
Hangyang	British	Not Stated	-	12
Lok Sang	British	Jardine, Henderson Ltd.	13	3
Las Vegas	Panamanian	Not stated	-	20
Manipur	Not stated	Not stated	-	7
Muristan	British	F.C. Strick & Co. Ltd.	-	6
Nordic Queen	British	The Queenship Navigation Co. Ltd.	-	20
Nuburi	Not stated	Not stated	-	17
Patroclus	British	Blue Funnel Line	-	9
President Cleveland	United States	Not stated	16	15
President Wilson	United States	Not stated	17	15
Robert L. Holt	British	John Holt and Co. (Liverpool) Ltd.	-	20
Sainte-Hélène	French	Cie. de Navigation Daher	1	3
Salween	British	P. Henderson and Co.	13	19,20
Santa Paula	United States	Not stated	13	7
Sepia	British	The Shell Tankers Ltd.	-	6
Serbistan	British	F.C. Strick and Co. Ltd.	1	6
Yoma	British	P. Henderson and Co.	9	20





10/10/10