



General Assembly

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> HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS: HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS, INCLUDING ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES FOR IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE ENJOYMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Luxembourg, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution

Summary or arbitrary executions

The General Assembly,

<u>Recalling</u> the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1/ which guarantees the right to life, liberty and security of person,

<u>Having regard</u> to the provisions of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 2/ in which it is stated that every human being has the inherent right to life, that this right shall be protected by law and that no one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life,

Recalling its resolution 36/22 of 9 November 1981, in which it condemned the practice of summary and arbitrary executions, and its resolutions 37/182 of 17 December 1982, 38/96 of 16 December 1983, 39/110 of 14 December 1984,

2/ See resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

^{1/} Resolution 217 A (III).

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40/143 of 13 December 1985, 41/144 of 4 December 1986, 42/141 of 7 December 1987, 43/151 of 8 December 1988, 44/159 of 15 December 1989, and 45/162 of 18 December 1990,

<u>Deeply alarmed</u> at the continued occurrence on a large scale of summary or arbitrary executions, including extra-legal executions,

<u>Recalling</u> Economic and Social Council resolution 1984/50 of 25 May 1984 and the safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty annexed thereto, which resolution was endorsed by the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders in its resolution 15, $\underline{3}$ /

Welcoming the close cooperation established between the Centre for Human Rights and the Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Branch of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the Secretariat and the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control <u>4</u>/ with regard to questions relating to extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions,

<u>Convinced</u> of the need for appropriate action to combat and eventually eliminate the abhorrent practice of extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions, which represent a flagrant violation of the most fundamental right, the right to life,

1. <u>Once again strongly condemns</u> the large number of extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions which continue to take place throughout the world;

2. <u>Demands</u> that the practice of summary or arbitrary executions be brought to an end;

3. <u>Appeals urgently</u> to Governments, United Nations bodies, the specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations to take effective action to combat and eliminate summary or arbitrary executions, including extra-legal executions;

4. <u>Reaffirms</u> Economic and Social Council decision 1992/242 of 20 July 1992, in which the Council approved the decision of the Commission on

4/ The Committee on Crime Prevention and Control was replaced by the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice by the General Assembly, in its resolution 46/152 of 18 December 1991.

^{3/} See Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Milan, 26 August-6 September 1985: report prepared by the Secretariat (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.86.IV.1), chap. 1, sect. E.

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Human Rights 5/ to appoint a special rapporteur for three years to consider the questions related to summary or arbitrary executions and also approved the Commission's request to the Secretary-General to continue to provide all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur;

5. Urges all Governments, in particular those that have consistently not responded to communications transmitted to them by the Special Rapporteur, and all others concerned to cooperate with and assist the Special Rapporteur so that he may carry out his mandate effectively;

6. <u>Requests</u> the Special Rapporteur, in carrying out his mandate, to respond effectively to information that comes before him, in particular when a summary or arbitrary execution is imminent or threatened, or when such an execution has recently occurred, and, furthermore, to promote exchanges of views between Governments and those who provide reliable information to the Special Rapporteur, where the Special Rapporteur considers that such exchanges of information might be useful;

7. <u>Welcomes</u> the recommendations made by the Special Rapporteur in his reports $\underline{6}$ / to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh and forty-eighth sessions with a view to eliminating summary or arbitrary executions;

8. <u>Encourages</u> Governments, international organizations and non-governmental organizations to organize training programmes and support projects with a view to training or educating law enforcement officers in human rights issues connected with their work, and appeals to the international community to support endeavours to that end;

9. <u>Considers</u> that the Special Rapporteur, in carrying out his mandate, should continue to seek and receive information from Governments, United Nations bodies, specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, as well as medical and forensic experts;

 <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to continue to provide all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur so that he may effectively carry out his mandate;

11. <u>Again requests</u> the Secretary-General to continue to use his best endeavours in cases where the minimum standard of legal safeguards provided for in articles 6, 14 and 15 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights appear not to have been respected;

5/ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 2 (E/1992/22), chap. II, sect. A, resolution 1992/72.

6/ E/CN.4/1988/22 and Add.1 and 2, E/CN.4/1989/25, E/CN.4/1990/22 and Corr.1 and Add.1, E/CN.4/1991/36 and E/CN.4/1992/30 and Corr.1 and Add.1.

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12. <u>Requests</u> the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session, on the basis of the report of the Special Rapporteur, to make recommendations concerning appropriate action to combat and eventually eliminate the abhorrent practice of summary or arbitrary executions.
