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SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED
PURSUANT TO RESOLUTION 864 (1993)
CONCERNING THE SITUATION IN ANGOLA

LETTER DATED 19 FEBRUARY 1999 FROM THE CHARGÉ D'AFFAIRES A.I.
OF THE MISSION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE UNITED
NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE*

In response to the request in paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 1176 (1998) and paragraph 21 of Security Council resolution 1173 (1998), the United States of America informs the Committee created pursuant to resolution 864 (1993) of the following measures it has taken heretofore to implement the provisions of paragraphs 11 and 12 of resolution 1173 (1998) in accordance with the laws of the United States:

(a) On 18 August 1998, President William J. Clinton issued an executive order to implement the provisions of Security Council resolutions 1173 (1998) and 1176 (1998) in the United States. The text of this executive order is found in the Federal Register dated 20 August 1998. This executive order blocks all property and interests in property that are in the United States, that hereafter come within the United States, or that are or hereafter come within the possession or control of United States persons, of UNITA, or of those senior officials of UNITA, or adult members of their immediate families, who are designated pursuant to the order. In addition, the order prohibits the direct or indirect importation into the United States of all diamonds exported from Angola on or after the effective date of the order that are not controlled through the certificate of origin regime of the Government of Unity and National Reconciliation of Angola. The order also prohibits the sale or supply by United States person or from the United States or using United States-registered vessels or aircraft, of: (i) any equipment used in mining; (ii) motorized vehicles or watercraft and parts therefore; or (iii) mining services or ground or waterborne transportation services, all regardless of origin, to the territory of Angola other than through a specified point of entry. Finally, the order prohibits any transaction by any United States person or within the United

* Attachments mentioned in the present letter are available through the Committee secretariat.

States that evades or avoids, or has the purpose of evading or avoiding, or attempts to violate, any of the prohibitions set forth in this order. The executive order became effective on 19 August 1998;

(b) An earlier executive order, which became effective on 15 December 1997, had implemented the provisions of Security Council resolutions 1127 (1997) and 1130 (1997) in the United States;

(c) In a letter to the United States Congress dated 23 October 1998, President Clinton reported the details of these two executive orders. He also reported details of the sanctions-implementing activities of the United States Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control, including the imposition of UNITA sanctions regulations. That letter and the relevant regulations are attached for the information of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 864 (1993).

The United States intends to provide supplemental reports to the Committee as circumstances warrant.

(Signed) A. Peter BURLEIGH
Chargé d'affaires a.i.
