





## **General Assembly**

U LIMAR

[4] [1] [1] [1]

Distr. LIMITED

A/42/L.26 13 November 1987

and a call of the

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-second session Agenda item 33

## POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Ethiopia, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guinea, Kenya, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Sudan, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe: draft resolution

## International solidarity with the liberation struggle in South Africa

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 41/35 of 10 November 1986,

<u>Having considered</u> the report of the Special Committee against <u>Apartheid</u> particularly paragraphs 132 to 134 and 143, 1/

<u>Gravely concerned</u> at the escalating repression of and State terror against opponents of <u>apartheid</u> and the increasing intransigence of the racist régime of South Africa, demonstrated by the extension of the state of emergency, the vast numbers of arbitrary detentions, trials, torture and killing, including those of women and children, the increased use of vigilante groups and the muzzling of the press,

<u>Outraged</u> by the racist régime's escalation of acts of aggression and destabilization against neighbouring independent African States, including assassinations and abductions of South Africans in those States, and the continuing illegal occupation of Namibia,

<u>1</u>/ A/42/23.

87-29125 6770Z (T)

A/42/L.26 English Page 2

1. <u>Reaffirms</u> its full support to the people of South Africa in their struggle, under the leadership of their national liberation movements, to eradicate apartheid totally, so that they can exercise their right to self-determination in a free, democratic, unfragmented and non-racial South Africa;

2. <u>Reaffirms further</u> the legitimacy of the struggle of the people of South Africa and their right to choose the necessary means, including armed resistance, to attain the eradication of <u>apartheid</u>;

3. <u>Condemns</u> the policy and practices of <u>apartheid</u> and, in particular, the execution of patriots and captured freedom fighters in South Africa and demands that the racist régime:

(a) Stay the execution of those now on death row;

(b) Abide by the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 2/ and Additional Protocol I of 1977; 3/

4. Demands again that the racist régime end repression against the oppressed people of South Africa; lift the state of emergency; release unconditionally Nelson Mandela, Zephania Mothopeng, all other political prisoners, trade union leaders, detainees and restrictees and, in particular, detained children; lift the ban on the African National Congress of South Africa, the Pan Africanist Congress of Azania and other political parties and organizations; allow free political association and activity of the South African people, the return of all political exiles and put an end to the policy of bantustanization and forced population removals; eliminate <u>apartheid</u> laws and end military and paramilitary activities aimed at the neighbouring countries;

5. <u>Considers</u> that the implementation of the above demands would create the appropriate conditions for free consultations among all the people of South Africa with a view to negotiating a just and lasting solution to the conflict in that country;

6. <u>Appeals</u> to all States, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, mass media, and city and other local authorities as well as individuals to increase urgently political, economic, educational, legal, humanitarian and all other forms of necessary assistance to the people of South Africa and their national liberation movements;

7. <u>Also appeals</u> to all States and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to step up material, financial and other forms of support to the front-line and other member States of the Southern African Development

3/ A/32/144, annex I.

<sup>2/</sup> United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 75, Nos. 970-973.

Digitized by Dag Hammarskjöld Library

Co-ordination Conference and thus assist them in resisting the aggression, terrorism, destabilization, political subversion and economic blackmail perpetrated by the racist régime;

8. <u>Urges all countries to contribute generously to the Action for Resisting</u> Invasion, Colonialism and <u>Apartheid</u> Fund set up by the Eighth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries with the aim of increasing support to the liberation movements fighting the <u>apartheid</u> régime and to the front-line States;

9. <u>Decides</u> to continue the authorization of adequate financial provision in the regular budget of the United Nations to enable the South African liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity - namely, the African National Congress of South Africa and the Pan Africanist Congress of Azania - to maintain offices in New York in order to participate effectively in the deliberations of the Special Committee against <u>Apartheid</u> and other appropriate bodies;

\_\_\_\_

10. <u>Requests</u> Governments and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to exert their influence towards the implementation of this resolution.