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> IMPORTANCE OF THE UNIVERSAL REALIZATION OF THE RIGHT OF PROPLES TO SELF-DETERMINATION AND OF THE SPEEDY GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES FOR THE EFFECTIVE GUARANTEE AND OBSERVANCE OF HUMAN RIGHTS

> > United States of America and the Netherlands: revised draft resolution

Genuine and periodic elections and freedom of association

The General Assembly,

Conscious of its obligation under the Charter of the United Nations to promote and encourage respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all,

Affirming that by virtue of the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples enshrined in the Charter, all peoples have the right freely to determine, without external interference, their political status and to pursue economic, social and cultural development, and every State has the duty to respect this right in accordance with the provisions of the Charter,

Reaffirming the principle enshrined in the preamble of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1/ that it is essential, if man is not to be compelled to have recourse, as a last resort, to rebellion against tyranny and oppression, that human rights should be protected by the rule of law,

Recognizing in accordance with article 21 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights that everyone has the right to take part in the government of his

^{1/} Resolution 217 A (III).

A/C.3/42/L.15/Rev.1 English Page 2

country, directly or through freely chosen representatives, that everyone has the right of equal access to public service in his country and that the will of the people, as expressed in genuine and periodic elections - which shall be by universal and equal surfrage and shall be held by secret vote or by equivalent free voting procedures - shall be the basis of the authority of government,

Mindful that the right to take part in the government of one's country has been reinforced in several international instruments, among them the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 2/ the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination 3/ and the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, 4/ and in regional instruments adopted by the Organization of African Unity, the Organization of American States and the Council of Europe,

Noting the progress in recent years in many regions towards the achievement of free and democratic political institutions, concretely expressed through the holding of genuine and periodic elections.

Noting that, in recent years, States in various regions have invited intergovernmental organizations, parliamentary observers and non-governmental organizations to observe elections in those States,

Recalling resolution 1 (XIV) of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities concerning the Draft General Principles on Freedom and Non-Discrimination in the Matter of Political Rights, 5/

Further recalling resolution 6 (XXIX) of the Commission on Human Rights and resolution 1786 (LIV) of the Economic and Social Council,

- 1. Recalls Article 55 of the Charter of the United Nations, which states that the United Nations shall promote, inter alia, universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion with a view to the creation of conditions of stability and well-being which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples;
- 2. Reaffirms that by virtue of the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples enshrined in the Charter, all peoples have the right to determine, without external interference, their political status and freely to

^{2/} Resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

^{3/} Resolution 2106 A (XX), annex.

^{4/} Resolution 34/180, annex.

^{5/} E/CN.4/Sub.2/213/Rev.1 (United Nations publication, Sales No. 63.XIV.2).

pursue their economic, social and cultural development and every State has the duty to respect this right in accordance with the provisions of the Charter;

- 3. Notes the duty of every State to promote, through joint and separate action, the realization of the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples, in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, in order, inter alia, to bring a speedy end to colonialism in accordance with the freely expressed will of the peoples concerned and bearing in mind that the subjection of peoples to alien subjugation, domination and exploitation constitutes a violation of that principle and is contrary to the Charter;
- 4. Reaffirms the necessity of expeditious and effective exercise of the right of self-determination by all peoples under colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation in accordance with internationally established principles such as those formulated in, inter alia, General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 1541 (XV) of 15 December 1960;
- 5. Recognizes, in the context of the right of peoples freely to determine their political status and in accordance with the principles stated in such internationally accepted instruments as the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, that everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives, and that the will of the people, as expressed in genuine and periodic elections, shall be the basis of the authority of government;
- 6. Recalls that, in accordance with the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, 6/ no action should be authorized or encouraged that would dismember or impair, totally or in part, the territorial integrity or political unity of sovereign and independent States conducting themselves in compliance with the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples as described in that Declaration and thus possessed of a government representing the whole people belonging to the territory without distinction as to race, creed or colour;
- 7. Appeals to Member States to provide, where they have not already done so, the necessary constitutional and legal protections that will guarantee and secure full respect for the free expression of the will of the people in genuine and periodic elections;
- 8. Appeals further to Member States to provide similar protections that will quarantee and secure full respect for the right to freedom of peaceful assembly and association, including for the purpose of the peaceful expression of differing political views and for the effective and meaningful organization and free functioning of the political process, subject only to such limitations as are

^{6/} Resolution 2625 (XXV).

A/C.3/42/L.15/Rev.1 English Page 4

determined by law solely for the purpose of securing due recognition and respect for the rights and freedoms of others and of meeting the just requirements of morelity, public order and the general welfare in a democratic society;

- 9. Recognizes that although political institutions and mechanisms are continuously evolving world wide, the Draft General Principles on Freedom and Non-Discrimination in the Matter of Political Rights continue to provide a sound basis for determining the genuine nature of elections;
- 10. Urges regional intergovernmental organizations, non-governmental organizations and other groups, in responding to requests from Governments for expert assistance and observation to help ensure the genuine nature of their countries' elections, to draw upon the Draft General Principles when carrying out the aforementioned functions;
- 11. Invites the Commission on Human Rights, at its forty-fourth session, to consider during its debate on self-determination the issue of genuine and periodic elections, using as an element to guide its deliberations thereon the Draft General Principles and to consider requesting the Secretary-General to transmit the report of its deliberations on this subject through the Economic and Social Council to the General Assembly at its forty-third session.
