

## **Security Council**

Distr. GENERAL

5/24146 23 June 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

NOTE VERBALE DATED 19 JUNE 1992 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF SWEDEN TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

The Permanent Representative of Sweden to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to communicate the following report pursuant to Security Council resolution 757 (1992) with regard to certain measures against the Federal Republic of Yuqoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro).

## Provisions for trade embargo, payments, transportation, including air travel, etc.

On 1 June, the Swedish Government issued an Ordinance (1992:470) on Certain Sanctions against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro). The Ordinan sentered into force on 4 June.

Undar the Ordinance, commodities and products may not be imported to Sweden if they originate in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) (hereinafter called the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia) and may not be exported from Sweden if their destination is the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (sects. 2 and 3). Commodities and products may neither be exported to or imported from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, nor may they be supplied within that State in the course of operations of an economic or business nature or be supplied outside that State if they are intended for operations of an economic or business nature which are controlled or conducted from that State (sects. 4 and 5). Measures and activities which are intended to promote the acts mentioned in sections 2 to 5 m.y not be undertaken. Such measures include the manufacture, maintenance or repair of commodities and products, the loading or transportation of such commodities and products and also the issue of insurance (sect. 6).

Measures and activities specified in section 5 may not be undertaken as regards commodities or products exported from the rederal kepublic of Yugoslavia on or after the date of the sanctions (sect. 8). The prohibitions in sections 2 and 6 do not include supplies intended strictly for medical purposes or foodstuffs notified to the Sanctions Committee (sect. 7). Payment may not be made or credit granted to any recipient in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. Nor may payment be effected or credit granted to any person outside that State if the payment or credit is intended for any person or entity in that State or for any operations of economic or business nature carried on in or controlled or conducted from that State. Nor may such payments or credits be assigned or negotiated or arranged. The only exception to these prohibitions are payments for medical or humanitarian purposes or foodstuffs (sect. 9). An aircraft which is destined for or which has started from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia may not fly in Swedish airspace, unless the flight has been approved by the Sanctions Committee (sect. 10).

## Suspension of scientific and technical cooperation, cultural exchanges and participation in sporting events

In addition to the issuing of the Ordinance (1992:470) on Certain Sanctions against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, the Prime Minister announced in a statement on 1 June that the Swedish Government was urging Swedish authorities, companies and organizations to act in accordance with all the provisions of Security Council resolution 757 (1992).

The statement includes the prevention of the participation of persons or groups representing the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from sporting events and the suspension of scientific, technical cooperation and cultural exchanges involving persons or groups officially sponsored by or representing the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro).

## Reduction in the diplomatic representation of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in Sweden

With respect to the diplomatic mission of the Republic of Yugoslavia in Stockholm, the Swedish Government on 4 June informed the Embassy of Yugoslavia in Stockholm that the mission must be reduced before 20 June 1992, by three of the six members of the diplomatic staff. This reduction includes the highest ranking diplomatic representative after the Ambassador.

