

General Assembly

Distr. LIMITED

A/C.3/46/L.63 25 November 1991

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-sixth session THIRD COMMITTEE Agenda item 98 (b)

HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS: HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS, INCLUDING ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES FOR IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE ENJOYMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Czechoslovakia, Fiji, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Samoa, Senegal, Sweden, Ukraine, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay and Venezuela; draft resolution

Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance

The General Assembly,

Conscious of the need to promote universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Reaffirming its resolution 36/55 of 25 November 1981, by which it proclaimed the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Relief,

Recalling its resolution 45/136 of 14 December 1990, in which it requested the Commission on Human Rights to continue its consideration of measures to implement the Declaration,

Encouraged by the efforts being made by the Commission on Human Rights and by the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to study relevant developments affecting the implementation of the Declaration.

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Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolution 1990/27 of 2 March 1990 1/ and Economic and Social Council decision 1990/229 of 25 May 1990, by which the mandate of the Special Rapporteur appointed to examine incidents and governmental actions in all parts of the world that are incompatible with the provisions of the Declaration and to recommend remedial measures as appropriate was extended for two years,

Recognizing that it is desirable to enhance the promotional and public information activities of the United Nations in matters relating to freedom of religion or belief and that both Governments and non-governmental organizations have an important role to play in this domain,

Emphasizing that non-governmental organizations and religious bodies and groups at every level have an important role to play in the promotion of tolerance and the protection of freedom of religion or belief by, <u>inter alia</u>, engaging in the examination of the most effective means to promote the implementation of the Declaration,

<u>Conscious</u> of the importance of education in ensuring tolerance of religion and belief,

<u>Seriously concerned</u> that intolerance and discrimination on the grounds of religion or belief continue to occur in many parts of the world and that in some respects the incidence thereof has increased,

Believing that further efforts are therefore required to promote and protect the right to freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief and to eliminate all forms of intolerance and discrimination based on religion or belief,

Recalling that 1991 marks the tenth anniversary of the proclamation by the General Assembly of the Declaration and that this provides an opportunity to reinforce efforts aimed at the effective implementation of the Declaration,

Noting that the Commission on Human Rights welcomed with appreciation the working paper prepared by Mr. Theo van Boven, 2/ member of the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, which contained a compilation of provisions relevant to the elimination of intolerance and discrimination based on religion or belief, as well as the issues and factors to be considered before any drafting of a further binding international instrument, and emphasizing, in this connection, the relevance of General Issembly resolution 41/120 of 4 December 1986 entitled "Setting internationals andards in the field of human rights",

^{1/} Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1990, Supplement No. 2 and corrigendum (E/1990/22 and Corr.1), chap. II, sect. A.

^{2/} E/CN.4/Sub.2/1989/32.

- 1. Reaffirms that freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief is a right quaranteed to all without discrimination;
- 2. <u>Urges</u> States, therefore, in accordance with their respective constitutional systems and with such internationally accepted instruments as the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 3/ the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 4/ and the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief, to provide, where they have not already done so, adequate constitutional and legal guarantees of freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief, including ine provision of effective remedies where there is intolerance or discrimination based on religion or belief;
- 3. Urges all States to take all appropriate measures to combat intolerance and to encourage understanding, tolerance and respect in matters relating to freedom of religion or belief and, in this context, to examine where necessary the supervision and training of members of law enforcement bodies, civil servants, educators and other public officials to ensure that, in the course of their official duties, they respect different religions and beliefs and do not discriminate against persons professing other religions or beliefs:
- 4. <u>Calls upon</u> all States to recognize, as provided in the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief, the right of all persons to worship or assemble in connection with a religion or belief, and to establish and maintain places for these purposes;
- 5. Also calls upon all States in accordance with their national legislation to exert utmost efforts to ensure that religious places and shrines are fully respected and protected;
- 6. <u>Urges</u> all States to consider, in the context of the tenth anniversary in 1991 of the proclamation by the General Assembly of the Declaration, what further measures might be taken at the national and regional levels to promote the effective implementation of the Declaration;
- 7. <u>Invites</u> the United Nations University and other academic and research institutions to undertake programmes and studies on the encouragement of understanding, tolerance and respect in matters relating to freedom of religion or belief;
- 8. <u>Considers</u> it desirable to enhance the promotional and public information activities of the United Nations in matters relating to freedom of

^{3/} Resolution 217 A (III).

^{4/} Resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

religion or belief and to ensure, especially in the context of the tenth anniversary of the proclamation of the Declaration, that appropriate measures are taken to this end in the World Public Information Campaign for Human Rights;

- 9. <u>Invites</u> the Secretary-General to continue to give high priority to the dissemination of the text of the Declaration, in all the official languages of the United Nations, and to take all appropriate measures to make the text available for use by United Nations information centres, as well as by other interested bodies;
- 10. Encourages the continued efforts on the part of the Special Rapporteur appointed to examine incidents and governmental actions in all parts of the world that are incompatible with the provisions of the Declaration and to recommend remedial measures as appropriate;
- 11. Recommends that the promotion and protection of the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion be given appropriate priority in the work of the United Nations programme of advisory services in the field of human rights, including with regard to the drafting of basic legal texts in conformity with international instruments on human rights and taking into account the provisions of the Declaration;
- 12. <u>Welcomes</u> the announced intention of the Human Rights Committee to prepare a general comment on article 18 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, dealing with freedom of thought, conscience and religion;
- 13. <u>Welcomes</u> the efforts of non-governmental organizations to promote the implementation of the Declaration;
- 14. Requests the Secretary-General to invite interested non-governmental organizations to consider what further role they could envisage playing in the implementation of the Declaration and in its dissemination in national and local languages;
- 15. <u>Urges</u> all States to consider disseminating the text of the Declaration in their respective national languages and to facilitate its dissemination in national and local languages;
- 16. Requests the Commission on Human Rights to continue its consideration of measures to implement the Declaration;
- 17. <u>Decides</u> to consider the question of the elimination of all forms of religious intolerance at its forty-seventh session under the item entitled "Human rights questions".