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PROGRESS AND OPERATIONS OF THE SPECIAL FUND, PROGRAMMES OF
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, OPPORTUNITIES FOR INTERNATIONAL
CO-OPERATION ON BEHALF OF FORMER TRUST TERRITORIES AND
OTHER NEWLY INDEPENDENT STATES, QUESTION OF ASSISTANCE TO
LIBYA

Report of the Second Committee

Rapporteur: Mr. Yusuf J. AHMAD (Pakistan)

1. The General Assembly, at its 881st plenary meeting on 1 October 1960, allocated the following items of its agenda to the Second Committee:

Item 28 Progress and operations of the Special Fund.

Item 30 Programmes of technical assistance:

- (a) Report of the Economic and Social Council;
- (b) United Nations assistance in public administration:
report by the Secretary-General;
- (c) Confirmation of the allocation of funds under the
Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance.

Item 31 Opportunities for international co-operation on behalf of former Trust Territories and other newly independent States: report by the Economic and Social Council and by the Secretary-General.

Item 32 Question of assistance to Libya: report by the Secretary-General.

2. As the draft resolutions on the second group of items had already been submitted, the Committee decided to concentrate on them on the understanding

that any representatives who wished to do so might make general statements either at the beginning of the debate on the second group of items or in their statements on particular resolutions.

3. The Committee considered these items during thirteen meetings (694th, 695th, 698th to 701st, and 707th to 715th meetings) held from 28 November to 10 December 1960. At the 694th meeting statements were made by the Managing Director of the Special Fund (A/C.2/L.519), the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board (A/C.2/L.520), the Commissioner for Technical Assistance (A/C.2/L.521) and the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Africa (A/C.2/L.522).

4. The Committee had before it the following documents:

(a) Under item 28

A/4491 - Progress and Operations of the Special Fund - Note by the Secretary-General

E/3398 - Report of the Governing Council of the Special Fund on its Third and Fourth Sessions

E/3401 and Corr.1 - Annual Report of the Managing Director of the Special Fund for 1959

SF/L.24 and Corr.1 - Administrative Budget Estimates for 1960

A/4415 - Report of the Economic and Social Council, paras. 303-316.

(b) Under item 30

A/4415 - Report of the Economic and Social Council, chapter II, section III B (except paras. 303-316)

A/4589 - United Nations Assistance in Public Administration: Provision of Operational, Executive and Administrative Personnel: Note by the Secretary-General

E/3370 and Corr.1 - United Nations Assistance in Public Administration: Provision of Operational Executive and Administrative Personnel: Report by the Secretary-General

A/C.2/208 and Corr.1 (English, Spanish and Russian only) - Confirmation of the allocation of funds under the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance

(c) Under item 31

A/4415 - Report of the Economic and Social Council, chapter II, section II A, paras. 189-198

A/4585 - Opportunities for international co-operation on behalf of former Trust Territories and other newly independent States: Report by the Secretary-General.

(d) Under item 32

A/4576 - Question of Assistance to Libya: Memorandum by the Government of Libya

A/4575 - Question of Assistance to Libya: Report by the Secretary-General.

5. Sections I to VII, below, deal with the various proposals which were submitted to the Committee under these agenda items. These proposals may be listed as follows:

- (a) Draft resolution by Chad, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Liberia, Libya, Nigeria, Somalia, Sudan, Thailand, Togo, United Arab Republic and Yugoslavia (A/C.2/L.509/Rev.1 and Add.1 and 2 and L.509/Rev.2) on "Assistance to former Trust Territories and other newly independent States".

Amendments to the draft resolution in its revised form submitted by Cyprus (A/C.2/L.524), United States of America (A/C.2/L.525), Argentina, Brazil and Chile (A/C.2/L.526), Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (A/C.2/L.527), France (A/C.2/L.528), Japan (A/C.2/L.533), Argentina (A/C.2/L.534).

Sub-amendment by France (A/C.2/L.530) to the amendment submitted by the Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (A/C.2/L.527).

- (b) Draft resolution submitted by Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Greece, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, Liberia, Morocco, Nigeria, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Republic and Yemen (A/C.2/L.531 and Add.1 and 2) on "Question of Assistance to Libya".

- (c) Draft resolution submitted by Afghanistan, Greece, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Netherlands, Nigeria, United Arab Republic and Yugoslavia (A/C.2/L.529 and Corr.1 and Corr.2 (French only)) on "Contributions to the United Nations Special Fund and to the United Nations Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance".

Amendments to the draft resolution submitted by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (A/C.2/L.539), Brazil (A/C.2/L.544), Argentina (A/C.2/L.545) and the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic (A/C.2/L.546).

- (d) Draft resolution submitted by Afghanistan, Burma, Canada, Chile, Denmark, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Greece, Haiti, India, Iran, Laos, Lebanon, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Peru, Sudan, Sweden, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Venezuela (A/C.2/L.460 and Add.1 and 2 and L.460/Rev.1) on "United Nations Assistance in Public Administration: Provision of Operational, Executive and Administrative Personnel".
- (e) Draft resolution submitted by Afghanistan, Burma, Canada, Chile, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, India, Lebanon, New Zealand, Peru and Sudan (A/C.2/L.532) on "United Nations Programme of Technical Assistance: arrangements to facilitate prompt supply of technical assistance personnel".

Amendments to the draft resolution submitted by Poland (A/C.2/L.538).

- (f) Draft resolution submitted by Brazil, Ghana, India and Yugoslavia (A/C.2/L.512 and Corr.1 (Spanish only) and Rev.1) on "Possibilities of increasing voluntary contributions to the operational fund of the International Atomic Energy Agency".
- (g) Draft resolution submitted by the Technical Assistance Committee (A/C.2/208 and Corr.1 (English, Spanish and Russian only)) on "Confirmation of the allocation of funds for the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance in 1961".

I

6. The draft resolution submitted by Czechoslovakia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Libya, Nigeria, Sudan, United Arab Republic and Yugoslavia (A/C.2/L.509), which in its revised form was co-sponsored by Chad, Cuba, Ethiopia, Indonesia, Iraq, Liberia, Somalia, Thailand and Togo (A/C.2/L.509/Rev.1/Add.1 and 2 and Rev.2), read as follows:

"Assistance to former Trust Territories and other newly independent States"

"The General Assembly,

"Recalling resolutions 1414 (XIV) and 1415 (XIV) of 5 December 1959,

"Considering that the great increase in the membership of the United Nations of countries belonging to the under-developed sector of the world economy underlines the urgency of substantially expanding the flow of technical and capital assistance to less developed countries,

"Bearing in mind the estimate made in document E/3387 of 3 June 1960 that the present level of technical assistance to the newly independent States is wholly inadequate on the basis of population and of needs, and that their share of such aid 'will need to be more than doubled and perhaps tripled if it is to be brought roughly into line with that of other Members of the United Nations at comparable stages of development', 1/

"Recognizing the urgent necessity to take measures to strengthen and consolidate the economic and political independence of the new States,

"Considering further that industrialization is crucially important for the economic advancement of these new countries,

"Noting with approval resolution 768 (XXX) of the Economic and Social Council,

"1. Decides, within the context of an all-round expansion of aid, to raise the level of technical assistance to newly independent countries and so ensure equitable distribution of United Nations aid,

"2. Urges the economically advanced countries to render increased and effective financial and technical assistance to these countries through multilateral and bilateral channels with no conditions attached prejudicial to their political and economic sovereignty,

"3. Invites the Economic and Social Council in co-operation with appropriate organs to initiate through the Economic Commission for Africa:

- (a) Surveys of mineral, hydroelectric and fuel resources of these countries;
- (b) Specific studies (where economic programmes exist or are being worked out) of the needs of installation equipment and machinery for economic development;

"4. Requests the Economic and Social Council to review at its thirty-second session the progress of the implementation of this resolution and to report to the sixteenth session of the General Assembly."

7. The sponsors submitted a revised version (A/C.2/L.509/Rev.1) of their draft resolution before the Committee began its consideration. In this revised draft resolution, which was introduced by the representative of Nigeria, two new preambular paragraphs had been added, as follows:

"Having considered the findings and estimates contained in document A/4585 of 22 November 1960, which includes the most up-to-date assessment of the present situation in the newly independent States in Africa and is based partly on a recent mission to a number of these countries," (fifth preambular paragraph)

"Noting resolutions 10 (II) and 11 (II) of the Economic Commission for Africa, contained in the Commission's Annual Report to the Economic and Social Council (document E/3320)," (seventh preambular paragraph).

The operative part had been revised to read:

"1. Decides, within the context of an all-round expansion of aid, to raise the level of technical assistance to newly independent countries commensurate with their pressing needs and so ensure equitable distribution of United Nations aid,

"2. Urges the economically advanced countries to render increased and effective financial and technical assistance to these countries through multilateral and bilateral channels with no conditions attached prejudicial to their political and economic sovereignty,

"3. Invites the Economic and Social Council, in co-operation with other appropriate international organs to initiate through the Economic Commission for Africa, or through the other regional economic commissions, in their respective regions, and at the request of governments concerned:

- (a) Surveys of mineral, hydroelectric and fuel resources of their countries;
- (b) Specific inquiries and reports, where economic development programmes exist or are being prepared, of the needs for equipment and machinery for specific industries and for other sectors of the economy;
- (c) The establishment, where economic development programmes do not yet exist, of advisory groups of experts to assist in the preparation of economic development programmes and the determination of investment requirements and priorities, and to render other advisory services as may be required;

- (d) Accelerated programmes for training in practical methods and techniques of economic development programming and related subjects, including fiscal policy and management, public finance and public administration through:
 - (i) The use of appropriate existing institutions in individual countries;
 - (ii) The creation of regional and sub-regional training institutes or courses serving several countries;
 - (iii) The organization of seminars on specific subjects of immediate and practical value to the countries concerned; and
 - (iv) The granting of increased fellowships and scholarships and urgent provision of facilities for in-service training;

"4. Requests the Economic and Social Council at its thirty-second session to review, in the light, inter alia, of the reports of the United Nations operational programmes and of the report of the Economic Commission for Africa, the progress made in the implementation of this resolution, and to report to the sixteenth session of the General Assembly."

8. The Committee considered this revised draft resolution at its 698th to 701st meetings.

9. Cyprus proposed the following amendments (A/C.2/L.524):

(a) The words "the new States" would be replaced by the words "these new States, which have become Members of the United Nations at this fifteenth session of the General Assembly,";

(b) The words "Having considered" in the fifth preambular paragraph would be replaced by the words "Bearing in mind"; the words "the most" by the word "an"; the words "the newly independent" by the words "those newly independent"; the words "States in Africa" by the words "States situated in the continent of Africa"; and the words "these countries" by the words "those countries";

(c) The fifth and sixth preambular paragraphs would be reversed in order, and the latter revised to read as follows:

"Believing that diversification and industrialization are crucially important for the economic advancement of these new countries;"

(d) The words ", or through the other regional economic commissions" in the introductory part of operative paragraph 3 would be replaced by the words "or the Economic Commission for Europe whichever may be directly concerned";

(e) The words "mineral, hydroelectric and fuel" in operative paragraph 3 (a) would be replaced by the word "natural";

(f) The words "Economic Commission for Africa" in operative paragraph 4 would be replaced by the words "regional economic commissions concerned,".

10. The United States of America proposed (A/C.2/L.525) that the following paragraph should be inserted between operative paragraphs 1 and 2:

"Recognizes that this decision implies, if the interests of other less developed countries are not to be harmed,

(a) a further increase in contributions to the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and to the Special Fund;

(b) an appropriate increase in the United Nations regular budget."

11. Argentina, Brazil and Chile proposed (A/C.2/L.526) that the following words should be inserted at the end of operative paragraph 1:

"in such a way that no under-developed country suffers any curtailment in the assistance it was receiving, nor be deprived of the normal increase of that assistance, as a consequence of increased contributions to the programmes of technical assistance".

12. France proposed (A/C.2/L.528) that a new paragraph reading as follows should be added at the end of the operative part of the draft resolution:

"5. Requests the Secretary-General to lend the Economic and Social Council his assistance in the execution of the tasks mentioned in paragraphs 3 and 4."

13. At the 699th meeting, the Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland submitted the following amendments (A/C.2/L.527):

(a) The words "newly independent countries" in operative paragraph 1 would be replaced by the words "newly independent and emerging countries";

(b) The following new paragraph would be inserted between operative paragraphs 1 and 2:

"Approves in principle the proposals of the Secretary-General, contained in A/4585 for increased assistance to these States from the regular budget of the United Nations";

(c) The introductory part of operative paragraph 4 (formerly paragraph 3) would be revised to read:

"Invites the Economic and Social Council to encourage and facilitate the provision through the appropriate international organs, including the United Nations Programmes of Technical Co-operation, the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund in co-operation with the Economic Commission for Africa and other regional economic commissions, of assistance requested by Governments for:".

14. France submitted a sub-amendment (A/C.2/L.530) to the second of the amendments of the Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom (A/C.2/L.527) whereby the words "Approves in principle" would be replaced by the words "Notes with satisfaction".

15. Japan proposed (A/C.2/L.533) the insertion of the following as the final paragraph of the preamble:

"Welcoming the results of the recent Pledging Conference, which indicate a substantial increase in the resource of the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund for the year 1961, and the decision of the Technical Assistance Committee to increase substantially the assistance to the newly independent and emerging States,".

16. Argentina proposed (A/C.2/L.534) that the third, fourth and fifth preambular paragraphs be deleted, as well as the words "with approval" in the eighth preambular paragraph.

17. At the 700th meeting, the representative of Nigeria, on behalf of the sponsors, introduced a second revision (A/C.2/L.509/Rev.2) of their joint draft resolution which incorporated the following changes:

(a) In the fourth preambular paragraph, the words "and political" were deleted and the words "and emerging" were inserted after the words "of the new";

(b) In the fifth preambular paragraph, the words "the most" were replaced by the word "an";

(c) In the sixth preambular paragraph, the words "industrialization is" were replaced by the words "diversification and industrialization are";

(d) The words "and resolution 768 (XXX) of the Economic and Social Council" were added at the end of the seventh preambular paragraph;

(e) The eighth preambular paragraph was deleted;

(f) In operative paragraph 1, the word "countries" was replaced by the words "and emerging States"; and the following clause was added at the end of the paragraph "in such a way that no under-developed country suffers any curtailment in the assistance it was receiving, nor be altogether deprived of the eventual increase of that assistance, as a consequence of increased contributions to the programmes of technical assistance;".

(g) In operative paragraph 2, the words "increased and" were replaced by the words ", and increase";

(h) The introductory part of operative paragraph 3 was reworded to read as follows:

"Invites the Economic and Social Council to encourage and facilitate the provision through the Economic Commission for Africa and through the other regional economic commissions concerned in close co-operation with appropriate international organs, including the United Nations Programmes of Technical Co-operation, the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund of assistance requested by Governments for:"

(i) In operative paragraph 3(a), the words "and fuel" were replaced by the words ", fuel and other natural";

(j) In operative paragraph 4, the words "of the report of the Economic Commission for Africa" were replaced by the words "of the reports of the Economic Commission for Africa and of the other regional economic commissions concerned,";

(k) The following new paragraph was added as operative paragraph 5:

"Requests the Secretary-General to lend the Economic and Social Council his assistance in the execution of the tasks mentioned in paragraphs 3 and 4."

18. In the light of the changes which had been made by the sponsors, the following were withdrawn: the amendments by Cyprus (A/C.2/L.524); the amendment by Argentina, Brazil and Chile (A/C.2/L.526); the first amendment by the Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom (A/C.2/L.527, see paragraph 13, amendment (a), above); the amendment by France (A/C.2/L.528); and the amendment by Argentina to delete the fourth preambular paragraph and the words "with approval" in the eighth preambular paragraph (A/C.2/L.534, the proposal to delete the third and fifth preambular paragraphs was maintained).

19. France also withdrew its sub-amendment (A/C.2/L.530) to the amendments of the Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom (A/C.2/L.527), which had been accepted by the sponsors; the second of the three-Power amendments thus was modified to begin with the words "Notes with satisfaction" instead of "Approves in principle".

20. The representative of the Secretary-General informed the Committee that the financial implications of the joint draft resolution were contained in paragraph 23 of the Secretary-General's report on "Opportunities for international co-operation on behalf of former trust territories and other newly independent States" (A/4585).

21. At the 701st meeting, the sponsors stated that they had accepted the following additional changes in the text of the joint draft resolution (A/C.2/L.509/Rev.2):

(a) The following new preambular paragraph was added at the end of the preamble:

"Welcoming the results of the recent Pledging Conference, which indicate a substantial increase in the resources of the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund for the year 1961, and the decision of the Technical Assistance Committee to increase substantially the assistance to the newly independent and emerging States,".

(b) The introductory part of operative paragraph 3 was modified to read as follows:

"Invites the Economic and Social Council to encourage and facilitate the provision through the appropriate international organs, including the United Nations Programmes of Technical Co-operation, the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund in co-operation with and, wherever appropriate, through the Economic Commission for Africa and other regional economic commissions, of assistance requested by Governments for:"

(c) The words "and the regional economic commissions concerned" were inserted in operative paragraph 5 after the words "the Economic and Social Council".

22. In the light of these further changes, the following were withdrawn: the amendment by Japan (A/C.2/L.533) and the third amendment by the Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom (A/C.2/L.527).

23. The Committee then voted on the revised draft resolution, as modified by the sponsors, and on the amendments to it as follows:

(a) On the suggestion of the representative of Nigeria, to which the representative of the United States agreed, the Committee voted on the remaining three-Power amendment (A/C.2/L.527, amendment 2) as modified by the sponsors (see paragraph 19 above) before voting on the amendment by the United States (A/C.2/L.525).

(b) The second amendment of the Netherlands, New Zealand and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (A/C.2/L.527) as modified, was adopted by a roll-call vote of 18 to 9 with 49 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Gabon, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Against: Argentina, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Austria, Brazil, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Chad, Chile, China, Cuba, Cyprus, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Italy, Ivory Coast, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Mali, Mexico, Morocco, Nigeria, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Somalia, Spain, Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Union of South Africa, United Arab Republic, Upper Volta, Venezuela, Yugoslavia.

(c) The representative of the United States thereupon withdrew his amendment (A/C.2/L.525).

(d) The amendment by Argentina (A/C.2/L.534, the proposals to delete the third and fifth preambular paragraphs only) was rejected by 39 votes to 11, with 20 abstentions.

(e) The fifth preambular paragraph, on which a separate vote had been requested by Cyprus, was adopted by 47 votes to 12, with 12 abstentions.

(f) The words "and the decision of the Technical Assistance Committee to increase substantially the assistance to the newly independent and emerging States" in the newly added eighth preambular paragraph, on which a separate vote had been requested by the Philippines, were adopted by 73 votes to none, with 2 abstentions.

(g) The draft resolution as a whole, as revised and amended, was adopted by a roll-call vote of 67 votes to none, with 9 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Afghanistan, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Burma, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, Chile, China, Cuba, Cyprus, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Finland, France, Gabon, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Haiti, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Japan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Mali, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Somalia, Spain, Sudan, Sweden, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Union of South Africa, United Arab Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Upper Volta, Yugoslavia.

Against: None.

Abstaining: Argentina, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

24. The Second Committee, therefore, recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolution I, as set forth in the annex to the present report.

III

25. The draft resolution submitted by Ethiopia, Ghana, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, Liberia, Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Republic and Yemen (A/C.2/L.531), later joined as co-sponsors by Gabon, Greece, Nigeria and Pakistan (A/C.2/L.531/Add.1 and 2) was introduced by the representative of the United Arab Republic. The text read as follows:

"Question of Assistance to Libya"

"The General Assembly,

"Recalling the part played by the United Nations in the creation of the independent State of the United Kingdom of Libya, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 289 A (IV) of 21 November 1949, recommending that Libya should be constituted as an independent and sovereign State, and recalling that this independence was achieved on 24 December 1951, in accordance with that resolution,

"Recalling its resolution 515 (VI) of 1 February 1952, by which it requested the Economic and Social Council to study, in consultation with the Government of the United Kingdom of Libya, ways and means by which the United Nations, with the co-operation of all Governments and the competent specialized agencies, and upon the request of the Government of Libya, could furnish additional assistance to the United Kingdom of Libya with a view to financing its fundamental and urgent programmes of economic and social development, giving consideration to the possibility of opening a special account of voluntary contributions to that end, and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its seventh session,

"Recalling further its resolution 529 (VI) of 29 January 1952 on the problem of war damages in Libya,

"Recalling its resolution 398 (V) of 17 November 1950 which recognizes the special responsibility assumed by the United Nations for the future of Libya, and its resolutions 924 (X) of December 1955, and 1303 (XIII) of 10 December 1958,

"Having noted the communication dated 13 October 1960 from the Prime Minister of Libya (A/4576) addressed to the Secretary-General,

"Having noted the report of the Secretary-General (A/4575) on the question of assistance to Libya,

"Noting with satisfaction the technical assistance given to Libya under the United Nations technical assistance programmes, in accordance with General Assembly resolutions 726 (VIII) of 8 December 1953 and 924 (X) of 9 December 1955,

"Noting also with satisfaction the assistance being provided by the United Nations Special Fund,

"1. Invites anew all Governments willing and in a position to do so to provide financial assistance to the United Kingdom of Libya through the appropriate mechanisms available within the United Nations for receiving voluntary contributions, in order to assist Libya in the financing of its fundamental and urgent programmes of reconstruction and of economic and social development;

"2. Recommends that, if and when further means become available for assisting in the financing of the development of under-developed areas and for expanding technical assistance to them, the United Nations, its specialized agencies, and the International Atomic Energy Agency should give due consideration to the specific development needs of Libya;

"3. Requests the Secretary-General, the Technical Assistance Board, the specialized agencies concerned, and the International Atomic Energy Agency to continue to waive local costs and to give all possible favourable consideration to the requests of Libya for technical assistance, taking into account the special needs of Libya and the principles of the technical assistance programmes of the United Nations and of the specialized agencies enumerated in Economic and Social Council resolution 222 (IX) of 15 August 1949;

"4. Requests the Governing Council and the Managing Director of the United Nations Special Fund to continue to give sympathetic consideration to requests for Special Fund assistance to Libya;

"5. Requests the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of the Governments of Member States and to take the necessary measures to facilitate the implementation of paragraph 1 above;

"6. Requests the Secretary-General to make a special report on the question of United Nations assistance to Libya in time for the report to be placed on the provisional agenda of the seventeenth session of the General Assembly."

26. The Committee considered this draft resolution at its 713th meeting.
27. The sponsors replaced the words "on the question of United Nations assistance to Libya" in operative paragraph 6 by the words "on the implementation of this resolution".
28. After a short discussion, the draft resolution (A/C.2/L.531), as modified by the sponsors, was adopted by 56 votes to none, with 1 abstention.
29. The Committee, therefore, recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolution II, as set forth in the annex to the present report.

III

30. The draft resolution submitted by Afghanistan, Greece, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Netherlands, Nigeria, United Arab Republic and Yugoslavia (A/C.2/L.529 and Corr.1 and Corr.2 (French only)) was introduced by the representative of India at the 711th meeting. The text of the joint draft resolution read as follows:

"Contributions to the United Nations Special Fund and to the United Nations Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance

"The General Assembly,

"Having heard the statements of the Managing Director of the Special Fund, and the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board,

"Bearing in mind the increasing and urgent needs of the less developed countries, especially the newly independent countries,

"1. Takes note of the report of the Governing Council of the Special Fund on its third and fourth sessions (E/3398) and of resolutions 785 (XXX), 786 (XXX) and 787 (XXX) of the Economic and Social Council regarding the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance;

"2. Urges States Members of the United Nations or members of any of the specialized agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency, so to increase their contributions to the United Nations Special Fund and to the United Nations Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance, that the funds available to these two programmes attain, not later than for the 1962 programmes, the sums of \$100 million and \$50 million respectively."

31. The Committee considered this draft resolution at its 711th and 712th meetings.

32. At the 711th meeting, the Committee had before it an amendment by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (A/C.2/L.539), proposing that the words "not later than for the 1962 programmes, the sums of \$100 million and \$50 million respectively" in operative paragraph 2 be replaced by the words "as soon as possible the proclaimed target of \$100 million so as to enable a new and higher target of up to \$150 million realistically to be set in the future". The representative of the United Kingdom revised this amendment to read: "in 1961 the proclaimed target of \$100 million so as to enable a new and higher target of up to \$150 million to be established in 1962."

33. Brazil proposed (A/C.2/L.544) that the words "the sums of \$100 million and \$50 million respectively" in operative paragraph 2 be replaced by the words "the sum of \$150 million".

34. Argentina proposed (A/C.2/L.545) that the word "especially" in the second preambular paragraph should be replaced by the words "and the increase in the number of Members of the United Nations through the admission of".

35. The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic proposed (A/C.2/L.546) that the words "States Members of the United Nations or members of any of the specialized agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency" be replaced by the words "all States".

36. During the course of the discussion, the sponsors replaced the words "not later than for the 1962 programmes" in operative paragraph 2 by the words "in the immediate future".

37. At the 712th meeting, the sponsors accepted the amendment by Argentina (A/C.2/L.545), which was accordingly withdrawn.

38. The Committee then voted on the joint draft resolution (A/C.2/L.529), as modified by the sponsors, and the amendments to it as follows:

(a) The amendment by the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic (A/C.2/L.546) was rejected by a roll-call vote of 40 to 23, with 16 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Albania, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cambodia, Ceylon, Chad, Czechoslovakia, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Hungary, Indonesia, Iraq, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Niger, Poland, Romania, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Upper Volta, Yugoslavia.

Against: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Cyprus, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Federation of Malaya, Finland, France, Greece, Guatemala, Iceland, Iran, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Lebanon, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Spain, Thailand, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela.

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Burma, Cameroun, Central African Republic, Gabon, India, Israel, Liberia, Nepal, Nigeria, Portugal, Somalia, Sudan, Sweden, Togo, United Arab Republic.

(b) The amendment of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (A/C.2/L.539), as modified orally (see paragraph 32 above) was rejected by 25 votes to 16, with 35 abstentions.

(c) The amendment by Brazil (A/C.2/L.544) was adopted by a roll-call vote of 34 to 14, with 31 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Federation of Malaya, Finland, France, Gabon, Guatemala, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Lebanon, Mexico, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, United Arab Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay.

Against: Afghanistan, Cameroun, Central African Republic, Chad, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Greece, India, Liberia, Mali, Niger, Tunisia, Upper Volta, Yugoslavia.

Abstaining: Albania, Austria, Bulgaria, Burma, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cambodia, Ceylon, Czechoslovakia, Cyprus, Hungary, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Poland, Romania, Somalia, Sudan, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Venezuela.

(d) Operative paragraph 2, on which a separate vote had been requested by the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, was adopted by 67 votes to none, with 10 abstentions.

(e) The draft resolution as a whole, as modified and amended, was adopted by 75 votes to none, with 2 abstentions.

39. The Committee, therefore, recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolution III, as set forth in the annex to the present report.

IV

40. The draft resolution submitted by Afghanistan, Canada, Denmark, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Peru, Sudan, Sweden and Venezuela (A/C.2/L.460), later joined as co-sponsors by Burma, Chile, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Greece, Haiti, India, Iran, Laos, Lebanon, Nigeria, Tunisia and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (A/C.2/L.460/Add.1 and 2) was introduced by the representatives of Afghanistan and Canada at the 707th meeting. The text of the draft resolution read as follows:

"United Nations Assistance in Public Administration: Provision of Operational, Executive and Administrative Personnel"

"The General Assembly,

"Recalling resolutions 1256 (XIII) of 14 November 1958 and 1385 (XIV) of 20 November 1959,

"Considering that the experimental programme for the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel has proved its usefulness,

"Considering further that the demand for such personnel is considerably increasing and their provision is urgently needed, particularly to meet the requests of newly independent countries,

"1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the provision of technical assistance of an operational, executive and administrative nature; 1/

"2. Approves the recommendation of the Economic and Social Council in resolution 790 (XXX);

(a) That the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel be placed on a continuing basis;

(b) That the Secretary-General continue to consult with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency whenever requests fall within their competence;

(c) That the financial resources for this activity be established at a level appropriate to the needs for this assistance."

41. The Committee considered this draft resolution at its 707th to 709th and 711th meetings.

42. Several oral suggestions were made to the sponsors during the course of the discussion at the 708th and 709th meetings.

43. At the 711th meeting, the representative of Afghanistan, on behalf of the sponsors, introduced a revision (A/C.2/L.460/Rev.1) of the joint draft resolution in which there were the following additions:

(a) A new paragraph was added at the end of the preamble, as follows:

"Recalling that several Member States have centres and institutes for training in public administration, some of which have been created or expanded with the technical assistance of the United Nations,";

(b) The operative part of the draft resolution was enlarged to include four new paragraphs as follows:

"3. Recommends

(a) that in determining the priorities according to which requests are to be met, the Secretary-General continue to take fully into account the urgency of the needs of the requesting countries;

(b) that in submitting candidates for selection by recipient Governments, the Secretary-General continue to make use to the fullest possible extent of all available sources of personnel, having regard to their qualifications and experience and to the desirability of using as much as possible persons who have been trained in the above-mentioned centres and institutes for public administration;

"4. Requests the Secretary-General to ensure that due attention is paid in the operation of the programme to the training of nationals to assume as early as possible the responsibilities temporarily assigned to internationally recruited personnel and that due regard be given to this aspect of the matter in the reporting thereon;

"5. Invites the Secretary-General to adopt the same procedures in reporting to the Economic and Social Council and its Technical Assistance Committee on the programme of provision of OPEX personnel as he follows in reporting on the other United Nations Regular Programmes of Technical Assistance;

"6. Urges the Governments of States Members of the United Nations, of the specialized agencies and of the IAEA which are in a position to supply qualified personnel to this programme, to co-operate with the Secretary-General in implementing it."

44. The Committee then voted on the revised draft resolution as follows:

(a) Operative paragraph 2 (a), on which a separate vote had been requested by the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, was adopted by 52 votes to 9, with 5 abstentions;

(b) The draft resolution as a whole was adopted by a roll-call vote of 56 votes to none, with 14 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Afghanistan, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Burma, Cambodia, Canada, China, Cuba, Cyprus, Denmark, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Finland, France, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Peru, Portugal, Somalia, Spain, Sudan, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Union of South Africa, United Arab Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Upper Volta, Venezuela, Yugoslavia.

Against: None.

Abstaining: Albania, Argentina, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Czechoslovakia, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Hungary, Mexico, Philippines, Poland, Romania, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

45. The Committee, therefore, recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolution IV, as set forth in the annex to the present report.

V.

6. The draft resolution submitted by Brazil, Ghana, India and Yugoslavia A/C.2/L.512 and Corr.1 (Spanish only) was introduced by the representative of Brazil at the 709th meeting. The joint draft resolution read as follows:

"Possibilities of increasing voluntary contributions
to the operational fund of the International Atomic
Energy Agency"

"The General Assembly,

"Taking into consideration the report presented by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) concerning its programme for 1960,

"Convinced that the programme of technical assistance has acquired increasing importance among the activities of IAEA,

"Considering that the programme of technical assistance is largely financed by voluntary contributions from the member States of the IAEA,

"Urges:

"1. The International Atomic Energy Agency to develop its programme of technical assistance to help the less developed countries in the utilization of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes;

"2. The economically developed Member States of the United Nations and of IAEA to increase substantially their voluntary contributions to the operational fund of the Agency."

The Committee considered this draft resolution at its 709th and 11th meetings.

. During the course of the discussion at the 709th meeting, several oral suggestions were made to the sponsors.

49. At the 711th meeting, the representative of Brazil introduced a revision (A/C.2/L.512/Rev.1) of the joint draft resolution, in which the following changes had been made:

(a) The following paragraph had been inserted between the first and second preambular paragraphs:

"Taking into account the role of the Economic and Social Council in co-ordinating assistance programmes of the United Nations, the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency,"

(b) The first word of the operative part was changed from "Urges" to "Invites";

(c) The word "substantially" in operative paragraph 2 was deleted.

50. The revised draft resolution (A/C.2/L.512/Rev.1) was then adopted by 60 votes to none, with 1 abstention.

51. The Committee, therefore, recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolution V, as set forth in the annex to the present report.

VI

52. The draft resolution submitted by Afghanistan, Burma, Canada, Chile, Federation of Malaya, Ghana, India, Lebanon, New Zealand, Peru and Sudan (A/C.2/L.532) was introduced by the representative of Canada at the 710th meeting. The text of this draft resolution read as follows:

"United Nations Programmes of Technical Assistance: arrangements to facilitate prompt supply of technical assistance personnel"

"The General Assembly,

"Noting that the Economic and Social Council's Committee on Programme Appraisals has drawn attention in its report (E/3347/Rev.1, para. 372) to the growing need of international organizations for highly trained and qualified personnel and the difficulties of recruiting them,

"Noting also that the Secretary-General in his report on opportunities for international co-operation on behalf of Trust Territories and newly independent States (A/4585, para. 26) has pointed out that, with the expansion of activities which he envisages for the new Member States, the task of recruiting will become still more difficult,

"Recognizing that the value of the provision of technical assistance personnel is in general enhanced when it is possible to meet requests for such personnel promptly,

"Believing that there are certain measures which Governments can take to facilitate recruiting of qualified personnel by the United Nations and its related agencies,

"1. Urges Governments of States Members of the United Nations, of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) to support and assist the efforts being made by the Secretary-General and the executive heads of the specialized agencies and the IAEA to recruit adequate numbers of qualified personnel for the work of their organizations;

"2. Requests the Governments concerned to take appropriate measures to facilitate the prompt recruitment of suitably qualified personnel for long- or short-term assignments in response to requests received through the United Nations and its related agencies, especially when a requesting Government signifies that particular urgency attaches to its request;

"3. Recommends that for this purpose the Governments concerned consider the desirability and feasibility, within their own constitutional and administrative structures, of establishing and maintaining rosters of qualified personnel available for assignment by the United Nations and its related agencies to advisory or operational posts, or of evolving other effective means of responding rapidly to requests for technical assistance personnel including the use of National Committees;

"4. Invites the Governments concerned, subject to their own requirements, to bring the value of service with international organizations to the attention both of their own agencies and of other bodies which may be in a position to supply personnel, and, in order to overcome an important obstacle to rapid recruiting, to consider measures for the protection of the seniority, promotion prospects, reinstatement and pension rights of personnel made available for technical assistance assignments.

53. The Committee considered this draft resolution at its 710th and 713th meetings.

54. Poland proposed (A/C.2/L.538) the addition of the following paragraph at the end of the preamble:

"Emphasizing the necessity of recruiting technical assistance personnel on a wide geographical basis and without discriminating against any States,".

55. At the 713th meeting, Canada, on behalf of the sponsors, added the following additional paragraph at the end of the preamble:

"Bearing in mind the desirability of the recruitment of qualified and experienced technical assistance personnel on a wide geographical basis from all sources made available by all participating countries in order that requesting Governments may select the individuals best equipped to fulfil their particular requirements,".

56. The representative of Poland then withdrew his amendment (A/C.2/L.538).

57. Several oral suggestions having been made during the course of the discussion, the sponsors agreed to make the following changes in the text of the draft resolution:

(a) The words "Believing that there are" in the fourth preambular paragraph were replaced by the words "Desirous of drawing attention to";

(b) The words "and train" were inserted in operative paragraph 1 after the words "and the International Atomic Energy Agency to recruit".

58. The Committee then voted on the draft resolution, as modified by the sponsors, as follows:

(a) Operative paragraph 3, on which a separate vote had been requested by Argentina, was adopted by 60 votes to none, with 6 abstentions;

(b) The draft resolution as a whole, as modified, was adopted unanimously.

59. The Committee, therefore, recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolution VI, as set forth in the annex to the present report.

VII

60. General Assembly resolution 831 B (IX)^{1/} of 26 November 1954 requires confirmation by the General Assembly of the allocation of funds authorized by the Technical Assistance Committee to the organizations participating in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance.

61. The Committee had before it a memorandum by the Secretary-General (A/C.2/208 and Corr.1 (English, Spanish and Russian only)) containing the draft resolution which the Technical Assistance Committee at its 228th meeting on 28 November 1960, had requested should be transmitted to the General Assembly. This draft resolution read as follows:

^{1/} See paragraph (v) of annex III to the resolution.

"Confirmation of the Allocation of funds for the Expanded
Programme of Technical Assistance in 1961"

"The General Assembly,

"Noting that the Technical Assistance Committee has reviewed and approved the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance for the years 1961 and 1962,

"1. Confirms the allocation of funds authorized by the Technical Assistance Committee to each of the organizations participating in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance from contributions, general resources and local costs assessments, as follows:

<u>Participating Organization</u>	<u>Allocation (Equivalent of U.S. dollars)</u>
UN	8,806,838
ILO	4,274,019
FAO	10,569,053
UNESCO	6,593,104
ICAO	1,534,750
WHO	6,912,445
ITU	804,465
WMO	636,622
IAEA	<u>768,704</u>
TOTAL:	<u>40,900,000</u>

"2. Concurs in the Committee's authorization to the Technical Assistance Board to allocate to the participating organizations an undistributed amount of \$162,162 not included in the amount shown above and to make changes in these allocations as may be necessary to provide as far as possible for the full utilization of contributions to the Expanded Programme, provided that such changes shall not in the aggregate exceed 3 per cent of the total amount allocated to the organizations participating in the Expanded Programme;

"3. Concurs further in the Committee's authorization to the participating organizations to retain for operations in 1962 the balance of funds allocated to them in 1961 which have not been obligated by the end of that year."

62. This draft resolution was adopted unanimously at the 713th meeting.

63. The Committee, therefore, recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolution VII, as set forth in the annex to the present report.

ANNEX

DRAFT RESOLUTION I

Assistance to former Trust Territories and other
newly independent States

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 1414 (XIV) and 1415 (XIV) of 5 December 1959,

Considering that the great increase in the membership of the United Nations of countries belonging to the under-developed sector of the world economy underlines the urgency of substantially expanding the flow of technical and capital assistance to less developed countries,

Bearing in mind the estimate made in the report of 3 June 1960 entitled "Opportunities for international co-operation on behalf of newly independent countries" that the present level of technical assistance to the newly independent States is wholly inadequate on the basis of population and of needs, and that their share of such aid "will need to be more than doubled and perhaps tripled if it is to be brought roughly into line with that of other Members of the United Nations at comparable stages of development",^{1/}

Recognizing the urgent necessity to take measures to strengthen and consolidate the economic independence of the new and emerging States,

Noting the findings and estimates contained in the report of 22 November 1960,^{2/} which includes an up-to-date assessment of the present situation in the newly independent States in Africa and is based partly on a recent mission to a number of these countries,

Considering further that diversification and industrialization are crucially important for the economic advancement of these new countries,

^{1/} Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirtieth Session, Annexes, agenda items 2 and 4, document E/3387 and Add.1, para. 5.

^{2/} A/4585.

Noting resolutions 10 (II) and 11 (II) of the Economic Commission for Africa, contained in the Commission's annual report to the Economic and Social Council^{1/} and Economic and Social Council resolution 768 (XXX) of 21 July 1960,

Welcoming the results of the recent Fledging Conference, which indicate a substantial increase in the resources of the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund for the year 1961, and the decision of the Technical Assistance Committee to increase substantially the assistance to the newly independent and emerging States,

1. Decides, within the context of an all-round expansion of aid, to raise the level of technical assistance to newly independent and emerging States commensurate with their pressing needs and so ensure equitable distribution of United Nations aid, in such a way that no under-developed country suffers any curtailment in the assistance it was receiving, nor be altogether deprived of the eventual increase of that assistance, as a consequence of increased contributions to the programmes of technical assistance;

2. Notes with satisfaction the proposals of the Secretary-General, contained in the report of 22 November 1960, for increased assistance to these States from the regular budget of the United Nations;

3. Urges the economically advanced countries to continue to render, and increase, effective financial and technical assistance to these countries through multilateral and bilateral channels with no conditions attached prejudicial to their political and economic sovereignty;

4. Invites the Economic and Social Council to encourage and facilitate the provision through the appropriate international organs, including the United Nations Programmes of Technical Co-operation, the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund, in co-operation with and, wherever appropriate, through the Economic Commission for Africa and other regional economic commissions, of assistance requested by Governments for:

(a) Surveys of mineral, hydroelectric, fuel and other natural resources of their countries;

^{1/} Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirtieth Session, Suppl.No. 10, document E/3320.

(b) Specific inquiries and reports, where economic development programmes exist or are being prepared, of the needs for equipment and machinery for specific industries and for other sectors of the economy;

(c) The establishment, where economic development programmes do not yet exist, of advisory groups of experts to assist in the preparation of economic development programmes and the determination of investment requirements and priorities, and to render other advisory services as may be required;

(d) Accelerated programmes for training in practical methods and techniques of economic development programming and related subjects, including fiscal policy and management, public finance and public administration through:

- (i) The use of appropriate existing institutions in individual countries;
- (ii) The creation of regional and sub-regional training institutes or courses serving several countries;
- (iii) The organization of seminars on specific subjects of immediate and practical value to the countries concerned;
- (iv) The granting of increased fellowships and scholarships and urgent provision of facilities for in-service training;

5. Requests the Economic and Social Council at its thirty-second session to review, in the light, inter alia, of the reports of the United Nations operational programmes and of the reports of the Economic Commission for Africa and of the other regional economic commissions concerned, the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution, and to report to the General Assembly at its sixteenth session;

6. Requests the Secretary-General to lend the Economic and Social Council and the regional economic commissions concerned his assistance in the execution of the tasks mentioned in paragraphs 4 and 5 above.

DRAFT RESOLUTION II

Question of assistance to Libya

The General Assembly,

Recalling the part played by the United Nations in the creation of the independent State of the United Kingdom of Libya, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 289 A (IV) of 21 November 1949 recommending that Libya should be constituted as an independent and sovereign State, and recalling that this independence was achieved on 24 December 1951, in accordance with that resolution,

Recalling its resolution 515 (VI) of 1 February 1952, by which it requested the Economic and Social Council to study, in consultation with the Government of the United Kingdom of Libya, ways and means by which the United Nations, with the co-operation of all Governments and the competent specialized agencies, and upon the request of the Government of Libya, could furnish additional assistance to the United Kingdom of Libya with a view to financing its fundamental and urgent programmes of economic and social development, giving consideration to the possibility of opening a special account of voluntary contributions to that end, and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its seventh session,

Recalling further its resolution 529 (VI) of 29 January 1952 on the problem of war damages in Libya,

Recalling its resolution 398 (V) of 17 November 1950 which recognizes the special responsibility assumed by the United Nations for the future of Libya, and its resolutions 924 (X) of 9 December 1955 and 1303 (XIII) of 10 December 1958,

Having noted the communication dated 13 October 1960 from the Prime Minister of Libya^{1/} addressed to the Secretary-General,

Having noted the report of the Secretary-General^{2/} on the question of assistance to Libya,

Noting with satisfaction the technical assistance given to Libya under the United Nations technical assistance programmes, in accordance with General Assembly resolutions 726 (VIII) of 8 December 1953 and 924 (X) of 9 December 1955,

1/ A/4576.

2/ A/4575.

Noting also with satisfaction the assistance being provided by the United Nations Special Fund,

1. Invites anew all Governments willing, and in a position to do so, to provide financial assistance to the United Kingdom of Libya through the appropriate mechanisms available within the United Nations for receiving voluntary contributions, in order to assist Libya in the financing of its fundamental and urgent programmes of reconstruction and of economic and social development;

2. Recommends that, if and when further means become available for assisting in the financing of the development of under-developed areas and for expanding technical assistance to them, the United Nations, the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency should give due consideration to the specific development needs of Libya;

3. Requests the Secretary-General, the Technical Assistance Board, the specialized agencies concerned and the International Atomic Energy Agency to continue to waive local costs and to give all possible favourable consideration to the requests of Libya for technical assistance, taking into account the special needs of Libya and the principles of the technical assistance programmes of the United Nations and of the specialized agencies enumerated in Economic and Social Council resolution 222 (IX) of 15 August 1949;

4. Requests the Governing Council and the Managing Director of the United Nations Special Fund to continue to give sympathetic consideration to requests for Special Fund assistance by Libya;

5. Requests the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of the Governments of Member States and to take the necessary measures to facilitate the implementation of paragraph 1 above;

6. Requests the Secretary-General to make a special report on the implementation of this resolution in time for the report to be placed on the provisional agenda of the seventeenth session of the General Assembly.

DRAFT RESOLUTION III

Contributions to the United Nations Special Fund and to the United Nations Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance

The General Assembly,

Having heard the statements of the Managing Director of the Special Fund^{1/} and the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board,^{2/}

Bearing in mind the increasing and urgent needs of the less developed countries, and the increase in the number of Members of the United Nations through the admission of the newly independent countries,

1. Takes note of the report of the Governing Council of the Special Fund on its third and fourth sessions^{3/} and of Economic and Social Council resolutions 785 (XXX), 786 (XXX) and 787 (XXX) of 3 August 1960 regarding the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance;

2. Urges States Members of the United Nations or members of any of the specialized agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency so to increase their contributions to the United Nations Special Fund and to the United Nations Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance, that the funds available to these two programmes attain, in the immediate future, the sum of \$150 million.

DRAFT RESOLUTION IV

United Nations Assistance in Public Administration: Provision of Operational, Executive and Administrative Personnel

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 1256 (XIII) of 14 November 1958 and 1385 (XIV) of 20 November 1959,

Considering that the experimental programme for the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel has proved its usefulness,

^{1/} A/C.2/L.519.

^{2/} A/C.2/L.520.

^{3/} E/3398.

Considering further that the demand for such personnel is considerably increasing and their provision is urgently needed, particularly to meet the requests of newly independent countries,

Recalling that several Member States have centres and institutes for training in public administration, some of which have been created or expanded with the technical assistance of the United Nations,

1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the provision of technical assistance of an operational, executive and administrative nature;^{1/}

2. Approves the recommendation contained in Economic and Social Council resolution 790 (XXX) of 3 August 1960;

(a) That the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel be placed on a continuing basis;

(b) That the Secretary-General continue to consult with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency whenever requests fall within their competence;

(c) That the financial resources for this activity be established at a level appropriate to the needs for this assistance;

3. Recommends:

(a) That in determining the priorities according to which requests are to be met, the Secretary-General continue to take fully into account the urgency of the needs of the requesting countries;

(b) That in submitting candidates for selection by recipient Governments, the Secretary-General continue to make use to the fullest possible extent of all available sources of personnel, having regard to their qualifications and experience and to the desirability of using as much as possible persons who have been trained in the above-mentioned centres and institutes for public administration;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to ensure that due attention is paid in the operation of the programme to the training of nationals to assume as early as possible the responsibilities temporarily assigned to internationally recruited

^{1/} Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirtieth Session, Annexes, agenda item 6, document E/3370; and document A/4589.

personnel and that due regard be given to this aspect of the matter in the reporting thereon;

5. Invites the Secretary-General to adopt the same procedures in reporting to the Economic and Social Council and its Technical Assistance Committee on the programme of provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel as he follows in reporting on the other United Nations regular programmes of technical assistance;

6. Urges the Governments of States Members of the United Nations, of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency which are in a position to supply qualified personnel to this programme, to co-operate with the Secretary-General in implementing it.

DRAFT RESOLUTION V

Possibilities of increasing voluntary contributions to the operational fund of the International Atomic Energy Agency

The General Assembly,

Taking into consideration the report presented by the International Atomic Energy Agency concerning its programme for 1960,^{1/}

Taking into account the role of the Economic and Social Council in co-ordinating assistance programmes of the United Nations, the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency,

Convinced that the programme of technical assistance has acquired increasing importance among the activities of the International Atomic Energy Agency,

Considering that the programme of technical assistance is largely financed by voluntary contributions from the member States of the International Atomic Energy Agency,

Invites:

1. The International Atomic Energy Agency to develop its programme of technical assistance to help the less developed countries in the utilization of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes;

^{1/} A/4531 and Corr.1 and Add.1.

2. The economically developed States Members of the United Nations and of the International Atomic Energy Agency to increase their voluntary contributions to the operational fund of the Agency.

DRAFT RESOLUTION VI

United Nations Programmes of Technical Assistance:
arrangements to facilitate prompt supply of technical
assistance personnel

The General Assembly,

Noting that the Economic and Social Council's Committee on Programme Appraisals has drawn attention in its report to the growing need of international organizations for highly trained and qualified personnel and the difficulties of recruiting them,^{1/}

Noting also that the Secretary-General in his report on opportunities for international co-operation on behalf of Trust Territories and newly independent States, has pointed out that, with the expansion of activities which he envisages for the new Member States, the task of recruiting will become still more difficult,^{2/}

Recognizing that the value of the provision of technical assistance personnel is in general enhanced when it is possible to meet requests for such personnel promptly,

Desirous of drawing attention to certain measures which Governments can take to facilitate recruiting of qualified personnel by the United Nations and its related agencies,

Bearing in mind the desirability of the recruitment of qualified and experienced technical assistance personnel on a wide geographical basis from all sources made available by all participating countries in order that requesting Governments may select the individuals best equipped to fulfil their particular requirements,

^{1/} E/3347 and Rev.1, para. 372.

^{2/} A/4585, para. 26.

1. Urges Governments of States Members of the United Nations, of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) to support and assist the efforts being made by the Secretary-General and the executive heads of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency to recruit and train adequate numbers of qualified personnel for the work of their organizations;

2. Requests the Governments concerned to take appropriate measures to facilitate the prompt recruitment of suitably qualified personnel for long- or short-term assignments in response to requests received through the United Nations and its related agencies, especially when a requesting Government signifies that particular urgency attaches to its request;

3. Recommends that for this purpose the Governments concerned consider the desirability and feasibility, within their own constitutional and administrative structures, of establishing and maintaining rosters of qualified personnel available for assignment by the United Nations and its related agencies to advisory or operational posts, or of evolving other effective means of responding rapidly to requests for technical assistance personnel including the use of national committees;

4. Invites the Governments concerned, subject to their own requirements, to bring the value of service with international organizations to the attention both of their own agencies and of other bodies which may be in a position to supply personnel, and, in order to overcome an important obstacle to rapid recruiting, to consider measures for the protection of the seniority, promotion prospects, reinstatement and pension rights of personnel made available for technical assistance assignments.

DRAFT RESOLUTION VII

Confirmation of the allocation of funds for the Expanded
Programme of Technical Assistance in 1961

The General Assembly,

Noting that the Technical Assistance Committee has reviewed and approved the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance for the years 1961 and 1962,

1. Confirms the allocation of funds authorized by the Technical Assistance Committee to each of the organizations participating in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance from contributions, general resources and local costs assessments, as follows:

<u>Participating Organization</u>	<u>Allocation (Equivalent of U.S. dollars)</u>
United Nations	8,806,838
International Labour Organisation	4,274,019
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	10,569,053
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization	6,593,104
International Civil Aviation Organization	1,534,750
World Health Organization	6,912,445
International Telecommunication Union	804,465
World Meteorological Organization	636,622
International Atomic Energy Agency	768,704
TOTAL:	<u>40,900,000</u>

2. Concurs in the Committee's authorization to the Technical Assistance Board to allocate to the participating organizations an undistributed amount of \$162,162 not included in the amount shown above, and to make changes in these allocations as may be necessary to provide as far as possible for the full utilization of contributions to the Expanded Programme, provided that such changes

shall not in the aggregate exceed 3 per cent of the total amount allocated to the organizations participating in the Expanded Programme;

3. Concurs further in the Committee's authorization to the participating organizations to retain for operations in 1962 the balance of funds allocated to them in 1961 which have not been obligated by the end of the year.
